Precalculus Review \#1 Chapter 2 page 1
In each of the following problems you are given the coordinates of point $P$ and point Q. Find PQ. Express your answer rounded to the nearest hundredth.

1. $\mathbf{P}(4,-1) \quad \mathrm{Q}(6,1) \mathrm{PQ}:$ $\qquad$ 2. $\mathbf{P}(7,3) \quad \mathbf{Q}(-2,3) \quad \mathrm{PQ}:$ $\qquad$

In each of the following problems you are given the coordinates of point $P$ and point $Q$. Find the coordinates of point $M$, the midpoint of segment $P Q$.
3. $P(-1,-6) \quad Q(5,-8)$

M: ( $\qquad$ , $\qquad$ )
4. $\mathbf{P}(\mathbf{3}, 7) \quad \mathbf{Q}(3,-6)$

M: ( $\qquad$ , $\qquad$ )

Sketch a graph of each of the following equations.
5. $3 x-4 y=8$

6. $x^{2}+y^{2}=25$


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Solve the following problems.
7. Find the value( $s$ ) of $x$ so that the distance between $(x, 6)$ and $(3,-6)$ is 13 .
8. Write the general form equation of the circle with a radius of 3 and center at $(0,3)$.

Given functions $f$ and $g$ defined by the equations $f(x)=-2 x^{2}$ and $g(x)=1-2 x$. Evaluate each of the following. Express your answers in simplest form.
9. $f(2)=$ $\qquad$ 10. $g(2)=$ $\qquad$
11. $f(-3)=$ $\qquad$ 12. $\mathbf{g}(-3)=$ $\qquad$
13. $f(2 x)=$ $\qquad$ 14. $g(2 x)=$ $\qquad$
15. $f(2 k-3)=$ $\qquad$ 16. $g(2 k-3)=$ $\qquad$

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Find the equation of each line described below. If the line is oblique, then write the slope-intercept equation.
17. the line through $(0,-5)$ and $(2,3)$
18. the line through $(2,3)$ and $(2,0)$
19. the line through $(3,-3)$ and $(-3,-1)$
20. the line through $(2,3)$ and $(-1,3)$
21. the line through $(1,2)$ and $(3,-1)$
22. the line through $(6,2)$ that is parallel to $3 x-2 y=0$
23. the line through $(6,2)$ that is perpendicular to $3 x-2 y=0$

In problems \#24-25, you are given a function. Sketch a graph of each, and then give the domain (implied) and range.
24. $f(x)=\sqrt{x+7}$

domain of $f$ (above) $\qquad$
range of $f$ (above) $\qquad$
25. $g(x)=|x|-5$

domain of $g$ (above) $\qquad$
range of $\mathbf{g}$ (above) $\qquad$

Write the indicated function.
26. A rectangle's length is $\mathbf{3}$ inches less than twice its width. Let x represents the width of the rectangle, and express the perimeter of the rectangle, $P$, as a function of $x$.
27. Express the area, A, of a square as a function of its perimeter, P.

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Write the indicated function.
28. A right triangle is situated in the $x-y$ plane such its vertices are $(0,0),(x, 0)$ and $(0, y)$, where $x>0$ and $y>0$. If its hypotenuse passes through the point $(3,1)$, then express its area as a function of $x$.
29. Consider the rectangle shown below. Express its area as a function of $x$.


