

General Algebra II Worksheet #2 Unit 6 page 1

Determine whether or not the relation given in each problem is a function. (Write yes or no.)

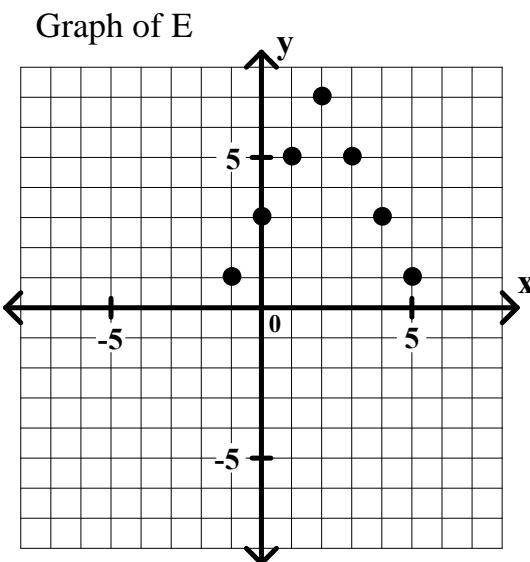
____ 1. $A = \{(0, 0), (1, 2), (-1, 2), (2, 4), (-2, 4), (3, 6), (-3, 6)\}$

____ 2. $B = \{(-3, 4), (-2, 3), (-1, 2), (0, 1), (1, 0), (2, -1), (3, -2)\}$

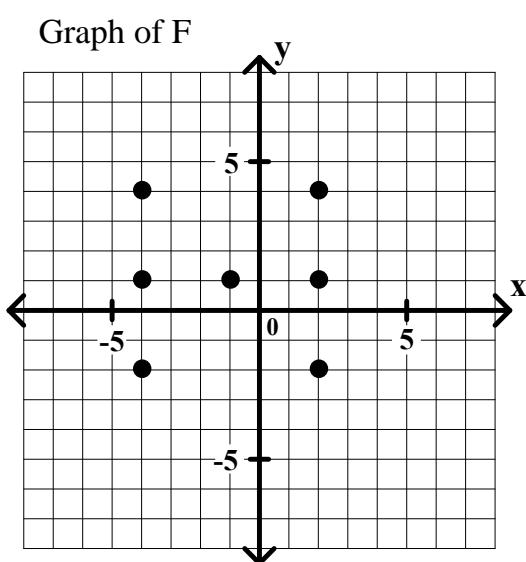
____ 3. $C = \{(9, 3), (9, -3), (4, 2), (4, -2), (1, 1), (1, -1), (0, 0)\}$

____ 4. $D = \{(0, 1), (1, 3), (2, 3), (3, 3), (-1, -1), (-2, -1), (-3, -1)\}$

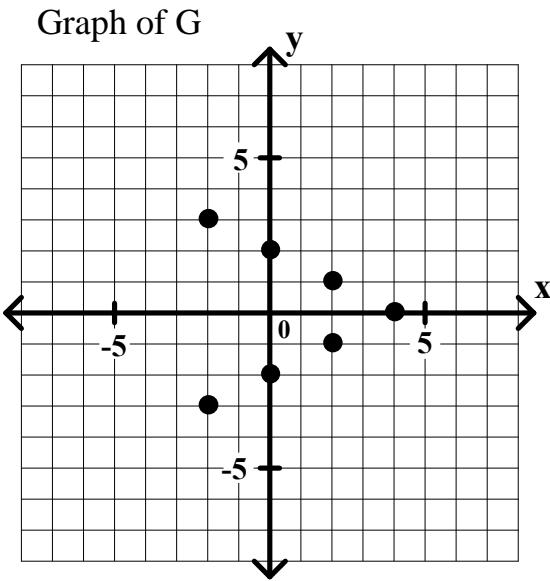
____ 5. relation E



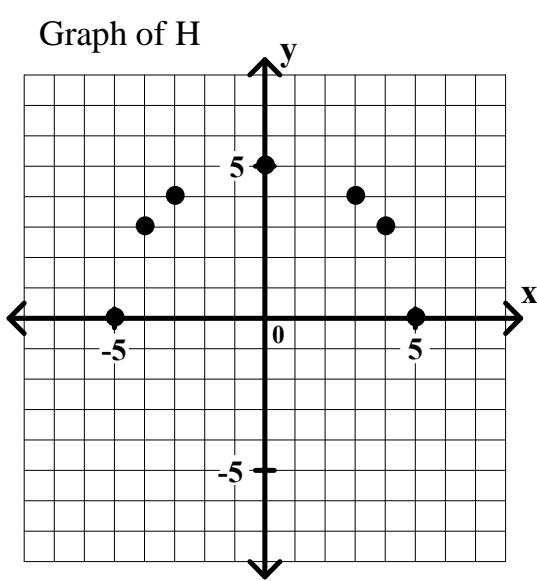
____ 6. relation F



____ 7. relation G



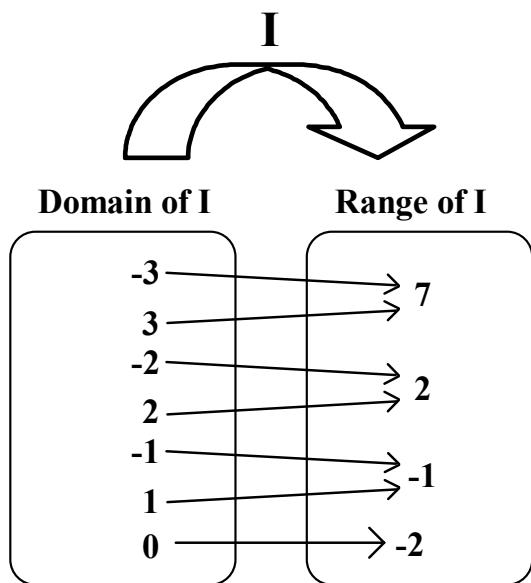
____ 8. relation H



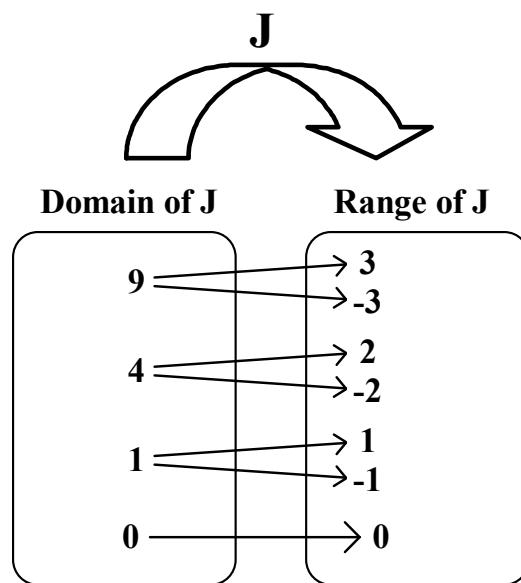
General Algebra II Worksheet #2 Unit 6 page 2

Determine whether or not the relation given in each problem is a function. (Write yes or no.)

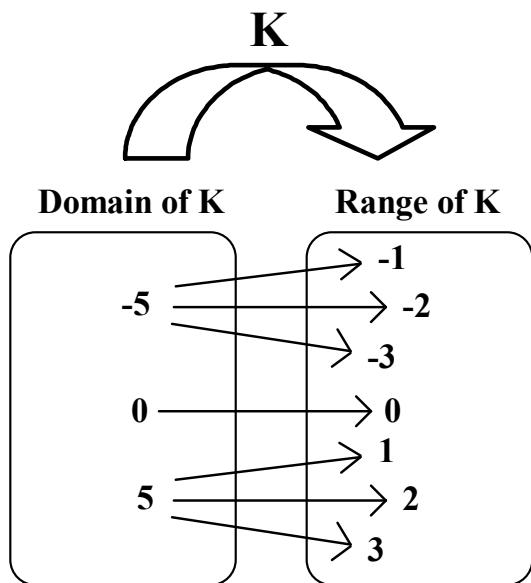
_____ 9. relation I



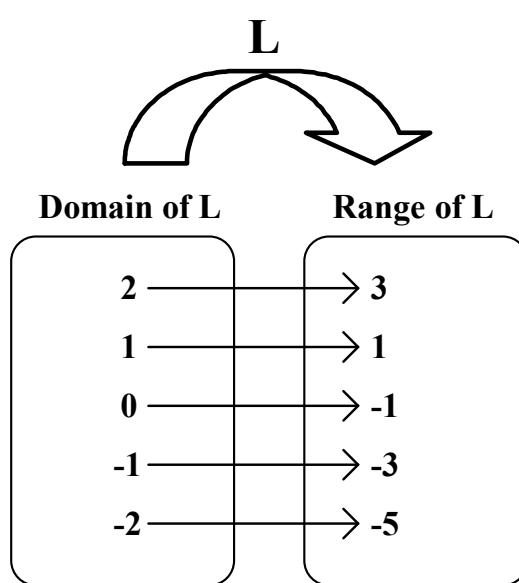
_____ 10. relation J



_____ 11. relation K



_____ 12. relation L



Given: Functions $f = \{ (x,y) : y = 3x + 5 \}$ and $g = \{ (x,y) : y = x^2 \}$. Evaluate each of the following.

13. $f(-3) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

14. $f(0) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

15. $f(4) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

16. $g(-3) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

17. $g(0) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

18. $g(4) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

General Algebra II Worksheet #2 Unit 6 page 3

Given: Functions $F = \{ (x,y) : y = x^3 + 1 \}$ and $G = \{ (x,y) : y = 2x - 1 \}$. Evaluate each of the following.

19. $F(-2) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

20. $F(0) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

21. $F(5) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

22. $G(-2) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

23. $G(0) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

24. $G(5) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

Given: Functions H and L defined by the equation $H(x) = 4x$ and $L(x) = x + 4$. Evaluate each of the following.

25. $H(-2) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

26. $H(0) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

27. $H(5) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

28. $L(-2) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

29. $L(0) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

30. $L(5) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

Given: Functions K and J defined by the equation $K(x) = -3x - 2$ and $J(x) = 2x^3 + 1$. Evaluate each of the following.

31. $K(-3) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

32. $K(0) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

33. $K(4) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

34. $J(-3) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

35. $J(0) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

36. $J(4) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

Given the function P defined by this graph.

37. What is the domain of P ? $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

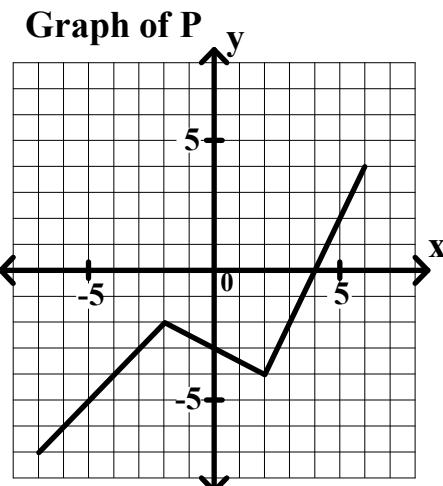
38. What is the range of P ? $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

Evaluate each of the following.

39. $P(-3) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

40. $P(0) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

41. $P(4) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$



General Algebra II Worksheet #2 Unit 6 page 4

Given the function m defined by this graph.

42. What is the domain of m ? _____

43. What is the range of m ? _____

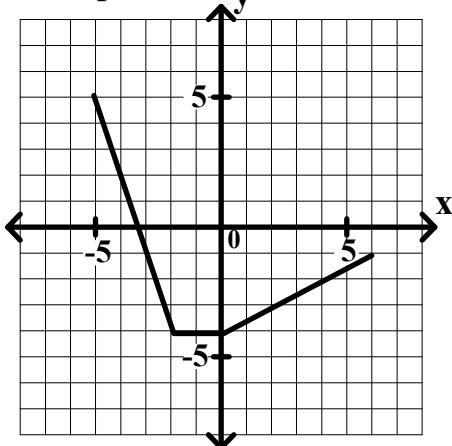
Evaluate each of the following.

44. $m(-3) =$ _____

45. $m(0) =$ _____

46. $m(4) =$ _____

Graph of m



Given the function P defined by this graph.

47. What is the domain of P ? _____

48. What is the range of P ? _____

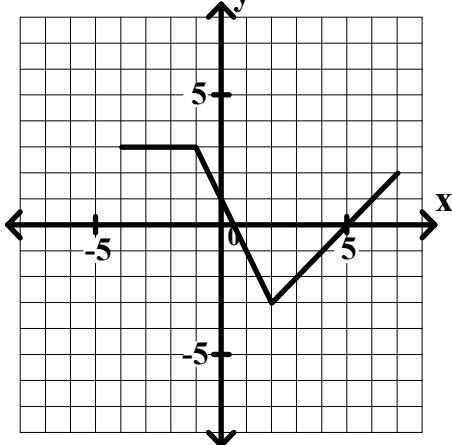
Evaluate each of the following.

49. $P(-2) =$ _____

50. $P(0) =$ _____

51. $P(5) =$ _____

Graph of P



Given the function k defined by this graph.

52. What is the domain of k ? _____

53. What is the range of k ? _____

Evaluate each of the following.

54. $k(-2) =$ _____

55. $k(0) =$ _____

56. $k(5) =$ _____

Graph of k

