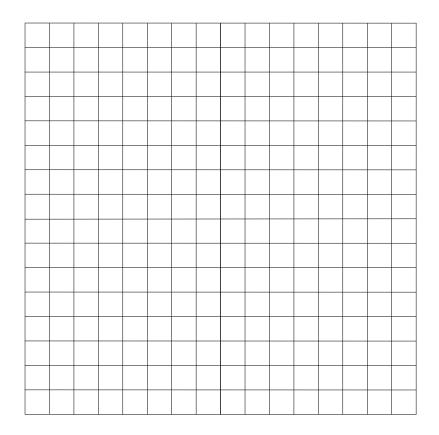
General Algebra II Lesson #4 Unit 6 Class Worksheet #4 For Worksheet #5

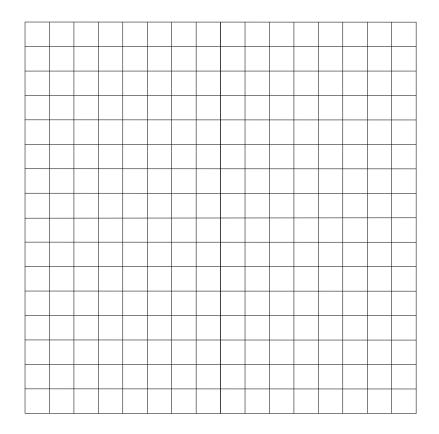
Tom has a part-time job. He can work up to 20 hours a week. He gets paid \$8.00 per hour. Let t represent the number of hours he works. Let P(t) represent his total pay.

1. Make a table giving t and P(t) every 4 hours from t = 0 to t = 20.



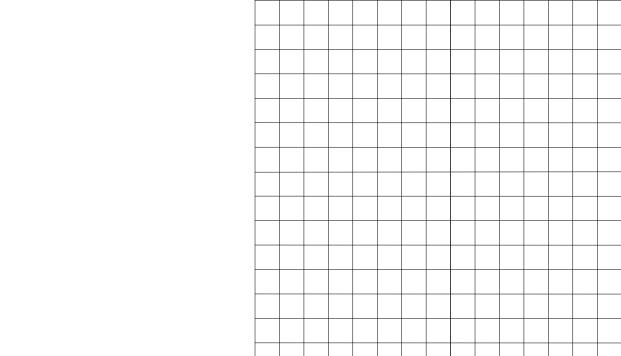
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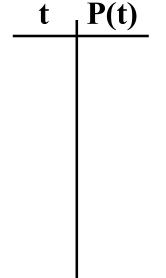
1. Make a table giving t and P(t) every 4 hours from t = 0 to t = 20.



Tom has a part-time job. He can work up to 20 hours a week. He gets paid \$8.00 per hour. Let t represent the number of hours he works. Let P(t) represent his total pay.

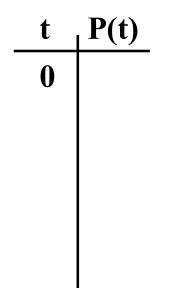
1. Make a table giving t and P(t) every 4 hours from t = 0 to t = 20.

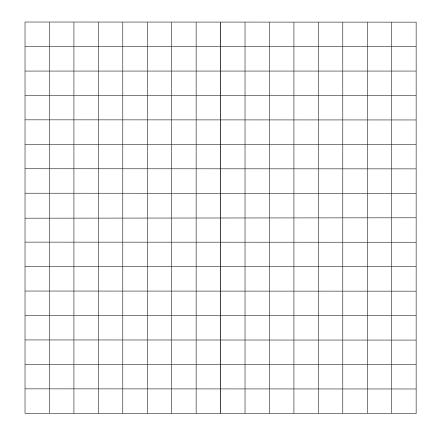




Tom has a part-time job. He can work up to 20 hours a week. He gets paid \$8.00 per hour. Let t represent the number of hours he works. Let P(t) represent his total pay.

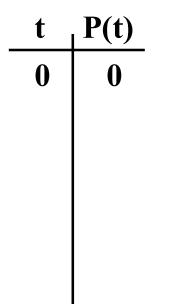
1. Make a table giving t and P(t) every 4 hours from t = 0 to t = 20.

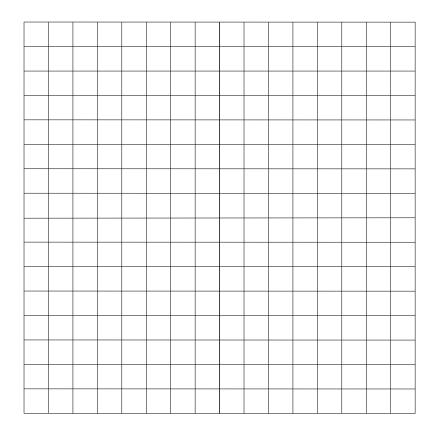




Tom has a part-time job. He can work up to 20 hours a week. He gets paid \$8.00 per hour. Let t represent the number of hours he works. Let P(t) represent his total pay.

1. Make a table giving t and P(t) every 4 hours from t = 0 to t = 20.

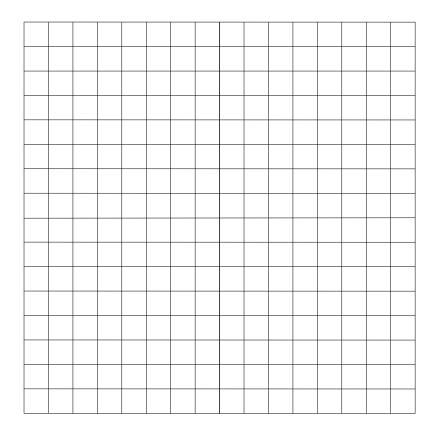




Tom has a part-time job. He can work up to 20 hours a week. He gets paid \$8.00 per hour. Let t represent the number of hours he works. Let P(t) represent his total pay.

1. Make a table giving t and P(t) every 4 hours from t = 0 to t = 20.

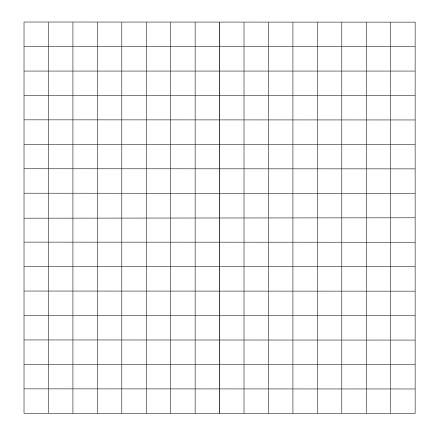
t	P(t)
0	0
4	



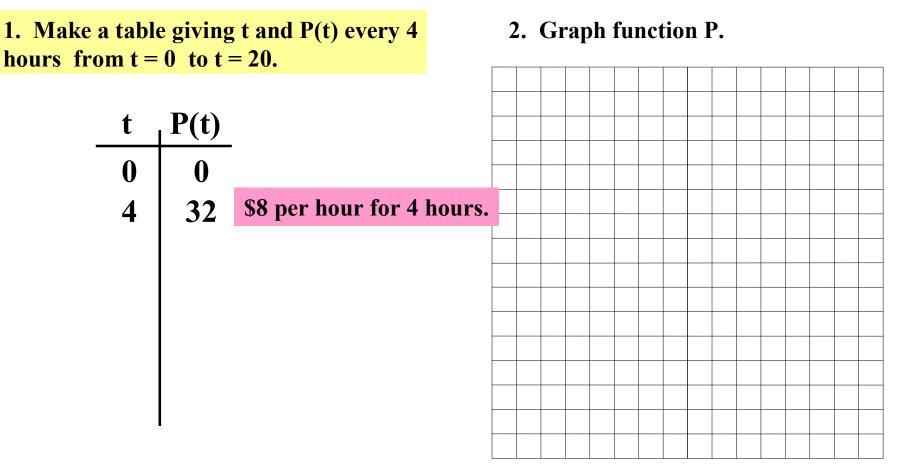
Tom has a part-time job. He can work up to 20 hours a week. He gets paid \$8.00 per hour. Let t represent the number of hours he works. Let P(t) represent his total pay.

1. Make a table giving t and P(t) every 4 hours from t = 0 to t = 20.

t	P(t)
0	0
4	32



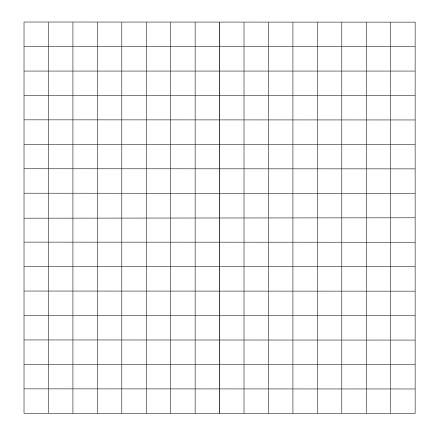
Tom has a part-time job. He can work up to 20 hours a week. He gets paid \$8.00 per hour. Let t represent the number of hours he works. Let P(t) represent his total pay.



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1. Make a table giving t and P(t) every 4 hours from t = 0 to t = 20.

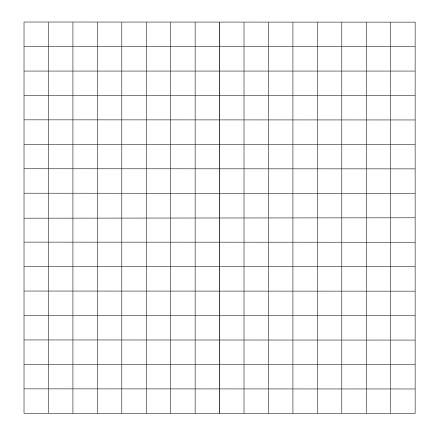
t	P(t)
0	0
4	32



Tom has a part-time job. He can work up to 20 hours a week. He gets paid \$8.00 per hour. Let t represent the number of hours he works. Let P(t) represent his total pay.

1. Make a table giving t and P(t) every 4 hours from t = 0 to t = 20.

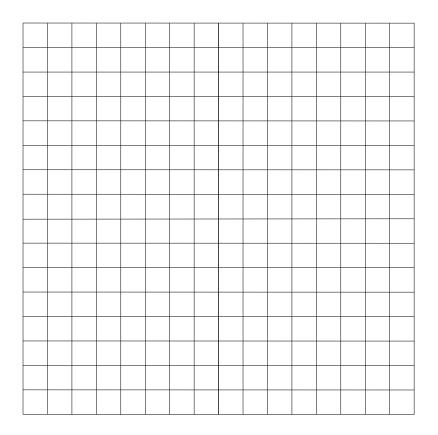
t	P(t)
0	0
4	32
8	



Tom has a part-time job. He can work up to 20 hours a week. He gets paid \$8.00 per hour. Let t represent the number of hours he works. Let P(t) represent his total pay.

1. Make a table giving t and P(t) every 4 hours from t = 0 to t = 20.

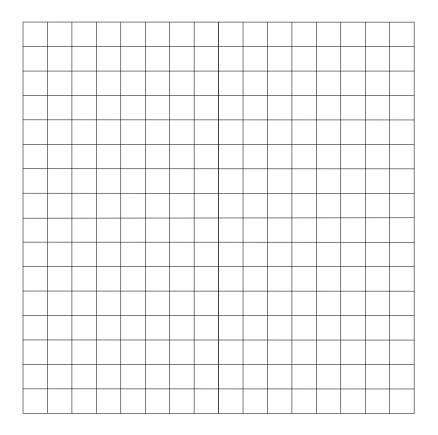
t	P(t)
0	0
4	32
8	64



Tom has a part-time job. He can work up to 20 hours a week. He gets paid \$8.00 per hour. Let t represent the number of hours he works. Let P(t) represent his total pay.

1. Make a table giving t and P(t) every 4 hours from t = 0 to t = 20.

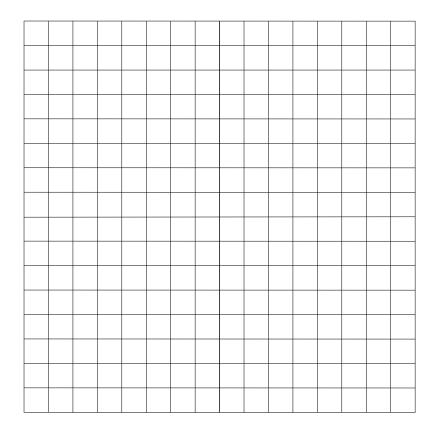
t	P(t)
0	0
4	32
8	64
12	



Tom has a part-time job. He can work up to 20 hours a week. He gets paid \$8.00 per hour. Let t represent the number of hours he works. Let P(t) represent his total pay.

1. Make a table giving t and P(t) every 4 hours from t = 0 to t = 20.

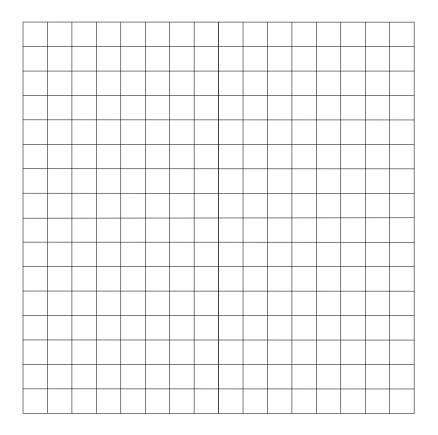
t	P(t)
0	0
4	32
8	64
12	96



Tom has a part-time job. He can work up to 20 hours a week. He gets paid \$8.00 per hour. Let t represent the number of hours he works. Let P(t) represent his total pay.

1. Make a table giving t and P(t) every 4 hours from t = 0 to t = 20.

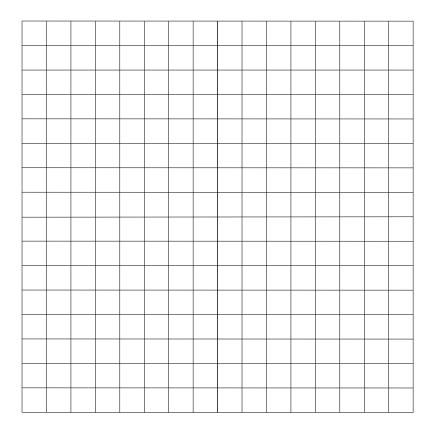
P(t)
0
32
64
96



Tom has a part-time job. He can work up to 20 hours a week. He gets paid \$8.00 per hour. Let t represent the number of hours he works. Let P(t) represent his total pay.

1. Make a table giving t and P(t) every 4 hours from t = 0 to t = 20.

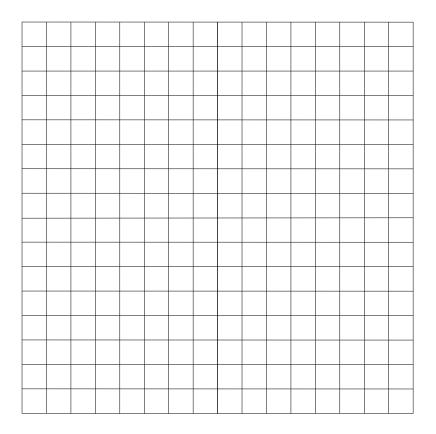
t	P(t)
0	0
4	32
8	64
12	96
16	128



Tom has a part-time job. He can work up to 20 hours a week. He gets paid \$8.00 per hour. Let t represent the number of hours he works. Let P(t) represent his total pay.

1. Make a table giving t and P(t) every 4 hours from t = 0 to t = 20.

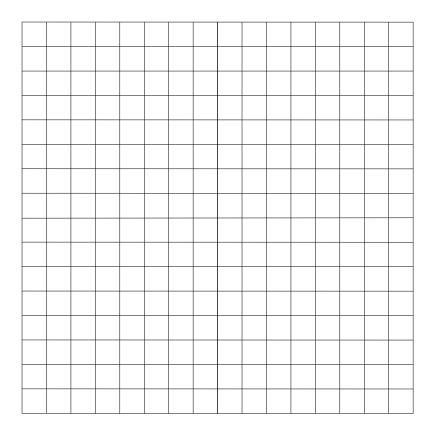
t	P(t)
0	0
4	32
8	64
12	96
16	128
20	



Tom has a part-time job. He can work up to 20 hours a week. He gets paid \$8.00 per hour. Let t represent the number of hours he works. Let P(t) represent his total pay.

1. Make a table giving t and P(t) every 4 hours from t = 0 to t = 20.

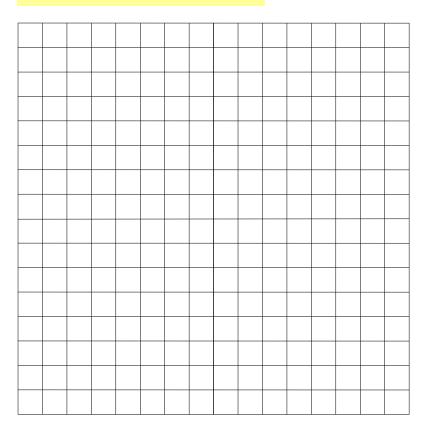
t	P(t)
0	0
4	32
8	64
12	96
16	128
20	160



Tom has a part-time job. He can work up to 20 hours a week. He gets paid \$8.00 per hour. Let t represent the number of hours he works. Let P(t) represent his total pay.

1. Make a table giving t and P(t) every 4 hours from t = 0 to t = 20.

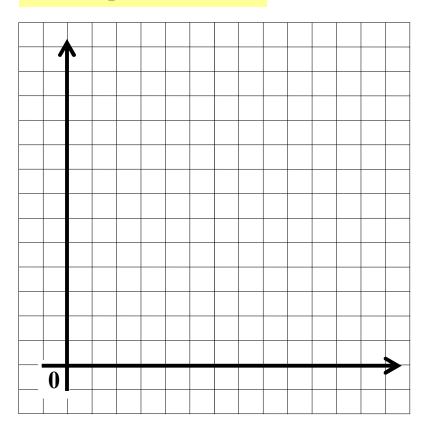
t	P(t)
0	0
4	32
8	64
12	96
16	128
20	160



Tom has a part-time job. He can work up to 20 hours a week. He gets paid \$8.00 per hour. Let t represent the number of hours he works. Let P(t) represent his total pay.

1. Make a table giving t and P(t) every 4 hours from t = 0 to t = 20.

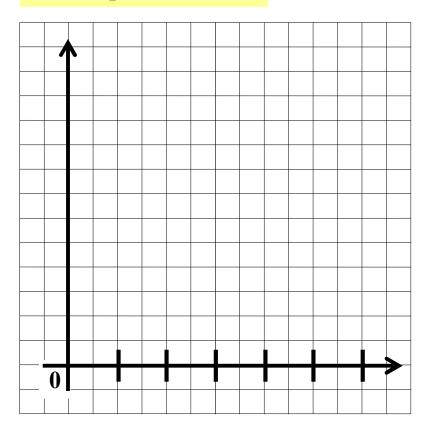
t	P(t)
0	0
4	32
8	64
12	96
16	128
20	160



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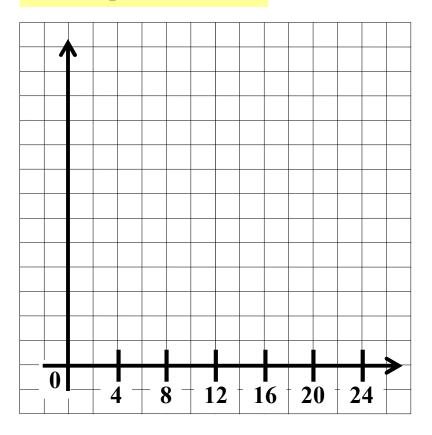
t	P(t)
0	0
4	32
8	64
12	96
16	128
20	160



Tom has a part-time job. He can work up to 20 hours a week. He gets paid \$8.00 per hour. Let t represent the number of hours he works. Let P(t) represent his total pay.

1. Make a table giving t and P(t) every 4 hours from t = 0 to t = 20.

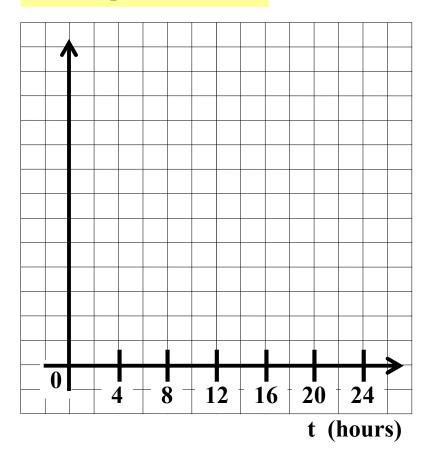
t	P(t)
0	0
4	32
8	64
12	96
16	128
20	160



Tom has a part-time job. He can work up to 20 hours a week. He gets paid \$8.00 per hour. Let t represent the number of hours he works. Let P(t) represent his total pay.

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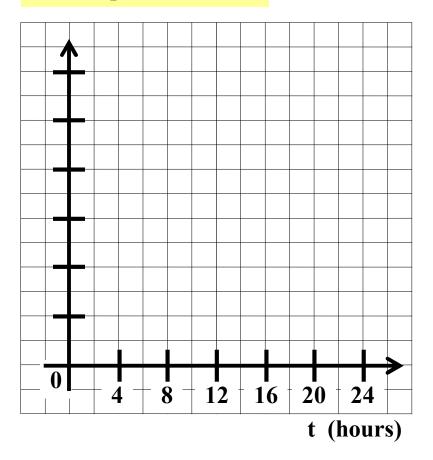
t	P(t)
0	0
4	32
8	64
12	96
16	128
20	160



Tom has a part-time job. He can work up to 20 hours a week. He gets paid \$8.00 per hour. Let t represent the number of hours he works. Let P(t) represent his total pay.

1. Make a table giving t and P(t) every 4 hours from t = 0 to t = 20.

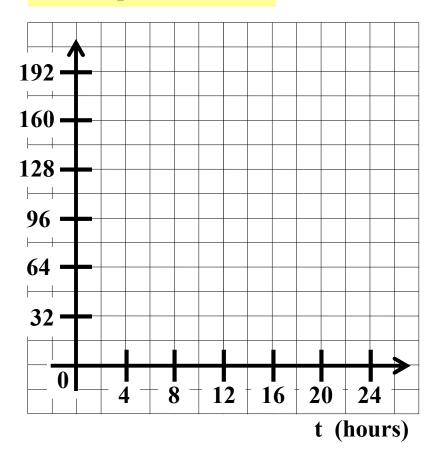
t	P(t)
0	0
4	32
8	64
12	96
16	128
20	160



Tom has a part-time job. He can work up to 20 hours a week. He gets paid \$8.00 per hour. Let t represent the number of hours he works. Let P(t) represent his total pay.

1. Make a table giving t and P(t) every 4 hours from t = 0 to t = 20.

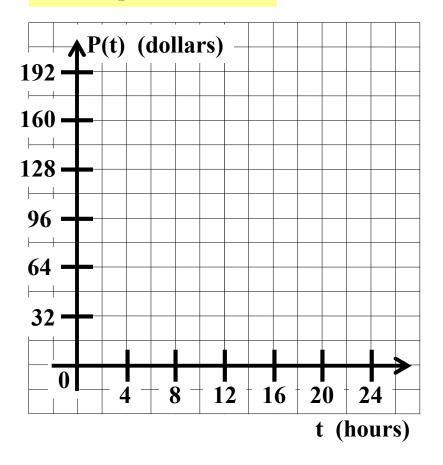
t	P(t)
0	0
4	32
8	64
12	96
16	128
20	160



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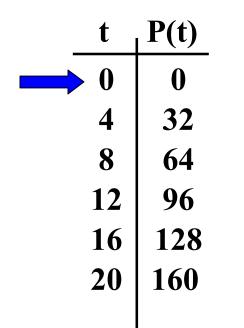
1. Make a table giving t and P(t) every 4 hours from t = 0 to t = 20.

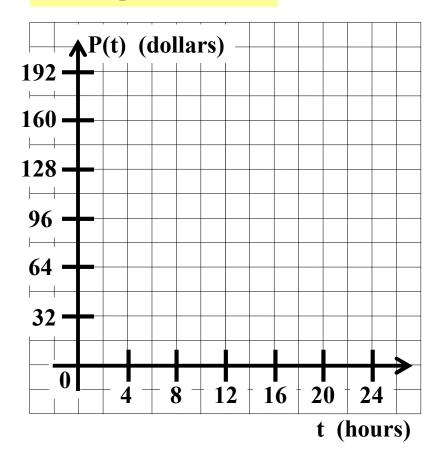
t	P(t)
0	0
4	32
8	64
12	96
16	128
20	160



Tom has a part-time job. He can work up to 20 hours a week. He gets paid \$8.00 per hour. Let t represent the number of hours he works. Let P(t) represent his total pay.

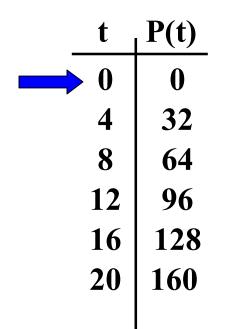
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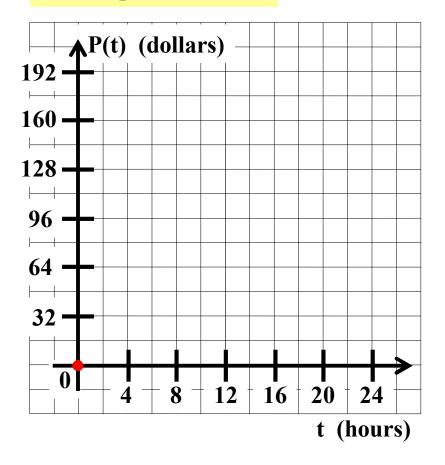




Tom has a part-time job. He can work up to 20 hours a week. He gets paid \$8.00 per hour. Let t represent the number of hours he works. Let P(t) represent his total pay.

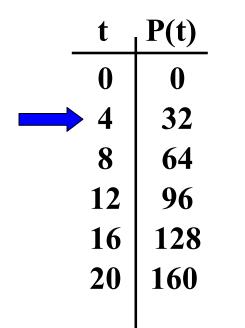
1. Make a table giving t and P(t) every 4 hours from t = 0 to t = 20.

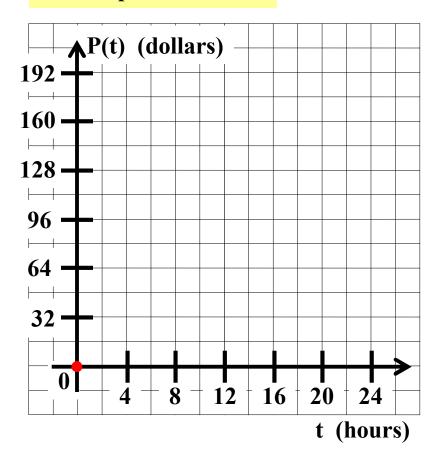




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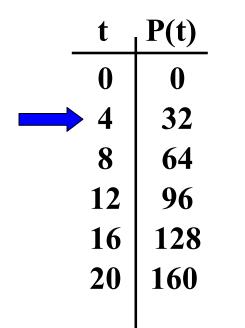
1. Make a table giving t and P(t) every 4 hours from t = 0 to t = 20.

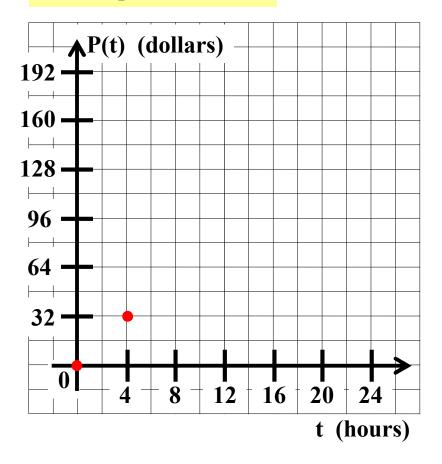




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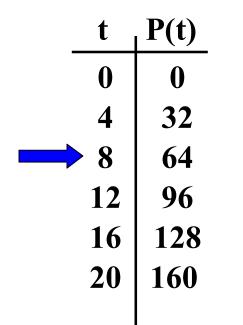
1. Make a table giving t and P(t) every 4 hours from t = 0 to t = 20.

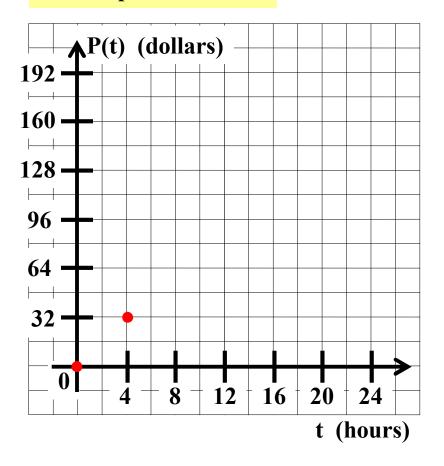




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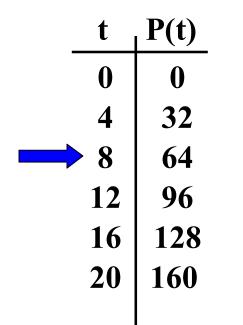
1. Make a table giving t and P(t) every 4 hours from t = 0 to t = 20.

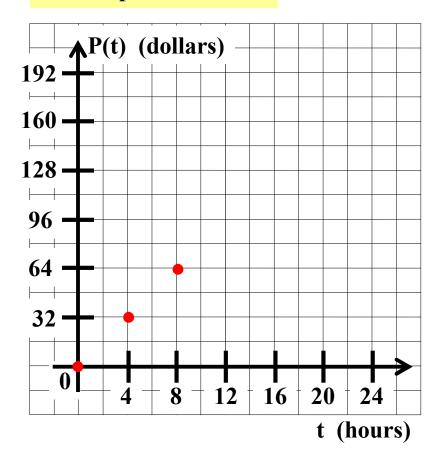




Tom has a part-time job. He can work up to 20 hours a week. He gets paid \$8.00 per hour. Let t represent the number of hours he works. Let P(t) represent his total pay.

1. Make a table giving t and P(t) every 4 hours from t = 0 to t = 20.

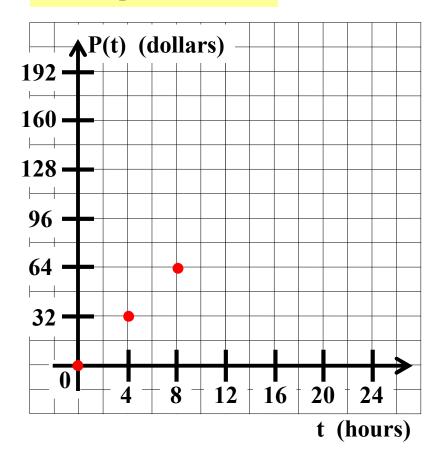




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1. Make a table giving t and P(t) every 4 hours from t = 0 to t = 20.

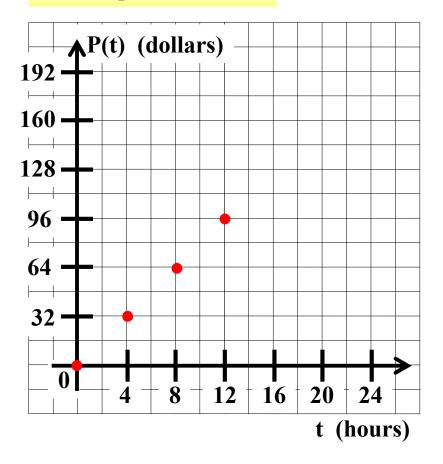
	t	P(t)
	0	0
	4	32
	8	64
	12	96
]	16	128
	20	160



Tom has a part-time job. He can work up to 20 hours a week. He gets paid \$8.00 per hour. Let t represent the number of hours he works. Let P(t) represent his total pay.

1. Make a table giving t and P(t) every 4 hours from t = 0 to t = 20.

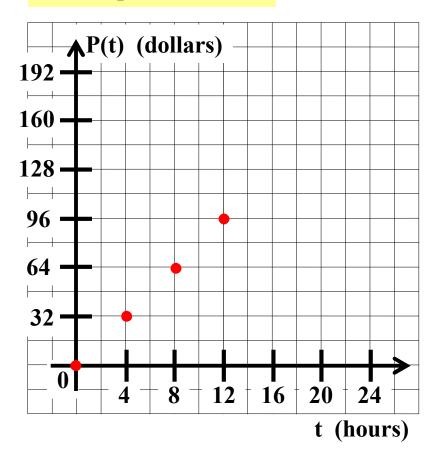
t	P(t)
0	0
4	32
8	64
→ 12	96
16	128
20	160



Tom has a part-time job. He can work up to 20 hours a week. He gets paid \$8.00 per hour. Let t represent the number of hours he works. Let P(t) represent his total pay.

1. Make a table giving t and P(t) every 4 hours from t = 0 to t = 20.

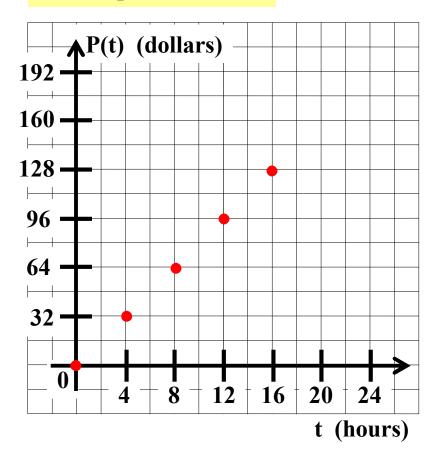
t	P(t)
0	0
4	32
8	64
12	96
>16	128
20	160



Tom has a part-time job. He can work up to 20 hours a week. He gets paid \$8.00 per hour. Let t represent the number of hours he works. Let P(t) represent his total pay.

1. Make a table giving t and P(t) every 4 hours from t = 0 to t = 20.

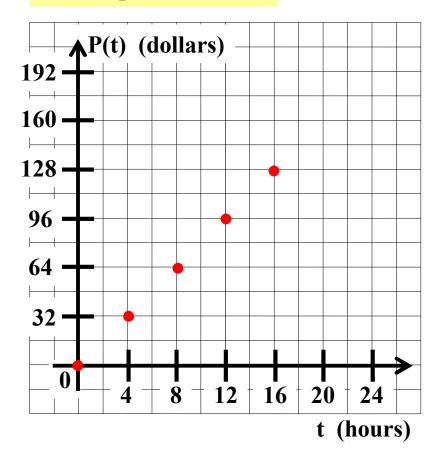
t	P(t)
0	0
4	32
8	64
12	96
>16	128
20	160



Tom has a part-time job. He can work up to 20 hours a week. He gets paid \$8.00 per hour. Let t represent the number of hours he works. Let P(t) represent his total pay.

1. Make a table giving t and P(t) every 4 hours from t = 0 to t = 20.

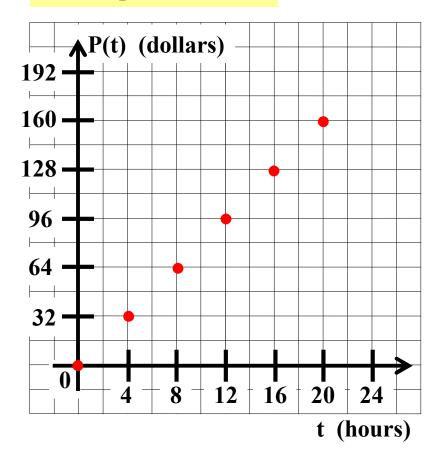
t	P(t)
0	0
4	32
8	64
12	96
16	128
>20	160



Tom has a part-time job. He can work up to 20 hours a week. He gets paid \$8.00 per hour. Let t represent the number of hours he works. Let P(t) represent his total pay.

1. Make a table giving t and P(t) every 4 hours from t = 0 to t = 20.

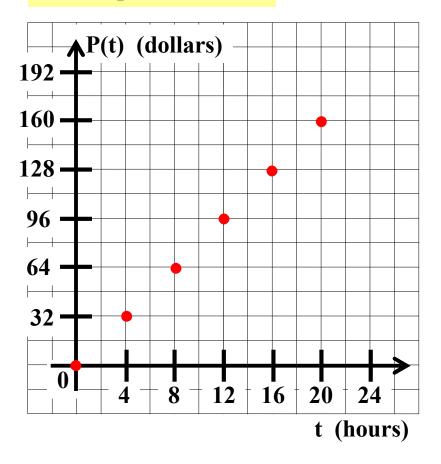
	t	P(t)
-	0	0
	4	32
	8	64
	12	96
	16	128
	>20	160



Tom has a part-time job. He can work up to 20 hours a week. He gets paid \$8.00 per hour. Let t represent the number of hours he works. Let P(t) represent his total pay.

1. Make a table giving t and P(t) every 4 hours from t = 0 to t = 20.

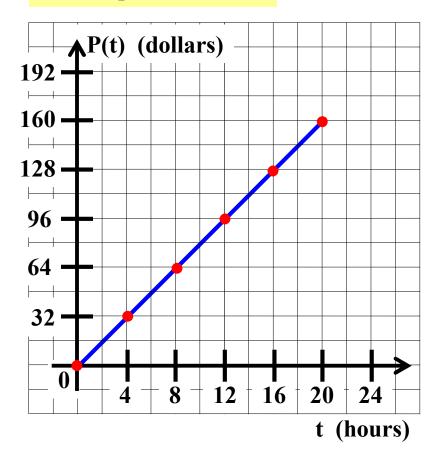
t	P(t)
0	0
4	32
8	64
12	96
16	128
20	160



Tom has a part-time job. He can work up to 20 hours a week. He gets paid \$8.00 per hour. Let t represent the number of hours he works. Let P(t) represent his total pay.

1. Make a table giving t and P(t) every 4 hours from t = 0 to t = 20.

t	P(t)
0	0
4	32
8	64
12	96
16	128
20	160

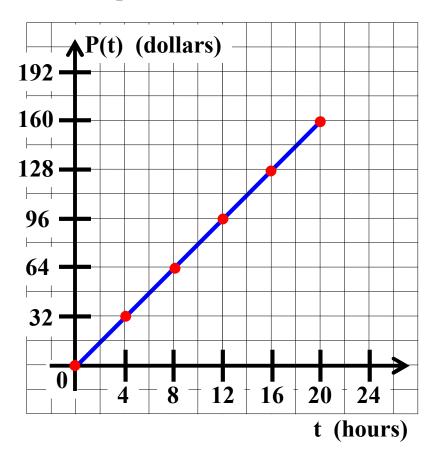


Tom has a part-time job. He can work up to 20 hours a week. He gets paid \$8.00 per hour. Let t represent the number of hours he works. Let P(t) represent his total pay.

1. Make a table giving t and P(t) every 4 hours from t = 0 to t = 20.

t	P(t)	
0	0	
4	32	
8	64	
12	96	
16	128	
20	160	

2. Graph function P.

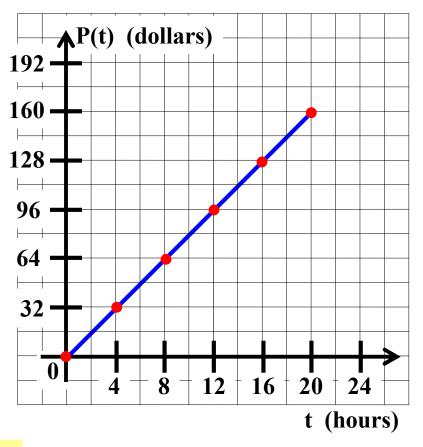


Tom has a part-time job. He can work up to 20 hours a week. He gets paid \$8.00 per hour. Let t represent the number of hours he works. Let P(t) represent his total pay.

1. Make a table giving t and P(t) every 4 hours from t = 0 to t = 20.

t	P(t)
0	0
4	32
8	64
12	96
16	128
20	160

2. Graph function P.



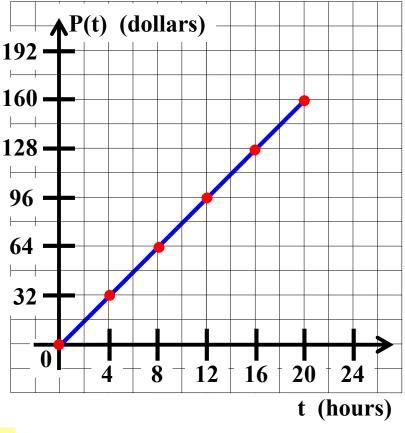
3. Write an equation giving P(t) in terms of t.

Tom has a part-time job. He can work up to 20 hours a week. He gets paid \$8.00 per hour. Let t represent the number of hours he works. Let P(t) represent his total pay.

1. Make a table giving t and P(t) every 4 hours from t = 0 to t = 20.

t	P(t)	
0	0	
4	32	
8	64	
12	96	
16	128	
20	160	

2. Graph function P.



3. Write an equation giving P(t) in terms of t.

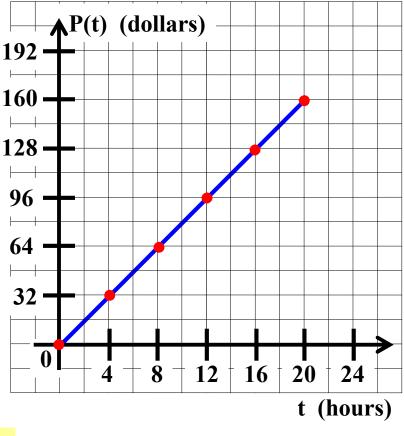
P(t)

Tom has a part-time job. He can work up to 20 hours a week. He gets paid \$8.00 per hour. Let t represent the number of hours he works. Let P(t) represent his total pay.

1. Make a table giving t and P(t) every 4 hours from t = 0 to t = 20.

t	P(t)	
0	0	
4	32	
8	64	
12	96	
16	128	
20	160	

2. Graph function P.



3. Write an equation giving P(t) in terms of t.

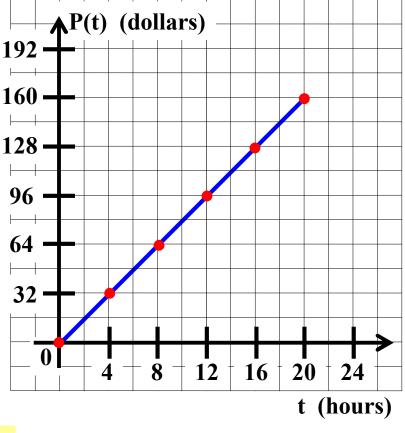
P(t) =

Tom has a part-time job. He can work up to 20 hours a week. He gets paid \$8.00 per hour. Let t represent the number of hours he works. Let P(t) represent his total pay.

1. Make a table giving t and P(t) every 4 hours from t = 0 to t = 20.

t	P(t)	
0	0	
4	32	
8	64	
12	96	
16	128	
20	160	





3. Write an equation giving P(t) in terms of t.

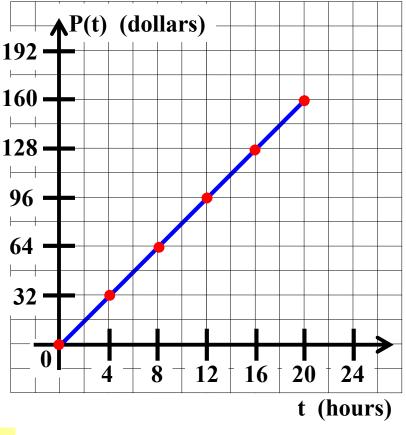
P(t) = 8t

Tom has a part-time job. He can work up to 20 hours a week. He gets paid \$8.00 per hour. Let t represent the number of hours he works. Let P(t) represent his total pay.

1. Make a table giving t and P(t) every 4 hours from t = 0 to t = 20.

t	P(t)	
0	0	
4	32	
8	64	
12	96	
16	128	
20	160	

2. Graph function P.



3. Write an equation giving P(t) in terms of t. P(t) = 8t

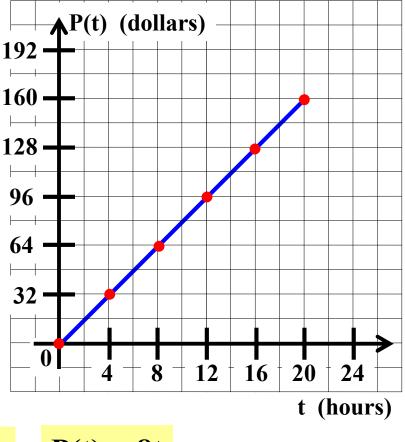
\$8 per hour for t hours.

Tom has a part-time job. He can work up to 20 hours a week. He gets paid \$8.00 per hour. Let t represent the number of hours he works. Let P(t) represent his total pay.

1. Make a table giving t and P(t) every 4 hours from t = 0 to t = 20.

t	P(t)
0	0
4	32
8	64
12	96
16	128
20	160

2. Graph function P.



3. Write an equation giving P(t) in terms of t.

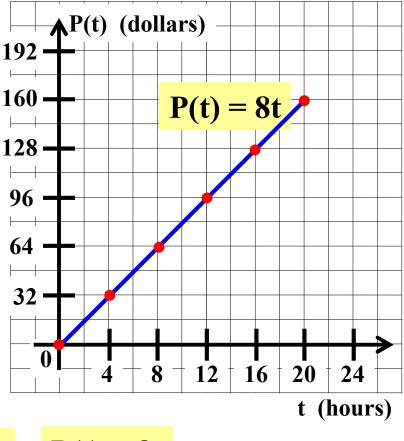
$$\mathbf{P}(\mathbf{t}) = \mathbf{8t}$$

Tom has a part-time job. He can work up to 20 hours a week. He gets paid \$8.00 per hour. Let t represent the number of hours he works. Let P(t) represent his total pay.

1. Make a table giving t and P(t) every 4 hours from t = 0 to t = 20.

t	P(t)	
0	0	
4	32	
8	64	
12	96	
16	128	
20	160	

2. Graph function P.



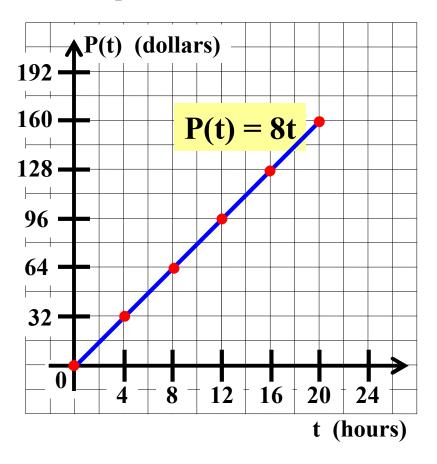
3. Write an equation giving P(t) in terms of t.

$$\mathbf{P}(\mathbf{t}) = \mathbf{8t}$$

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1. Make a table giving t and P(t) every 4 hours from t = 0 to t = 20.

t	P(t)
0	0
4	32
8	64
12	96
16	128
20	160

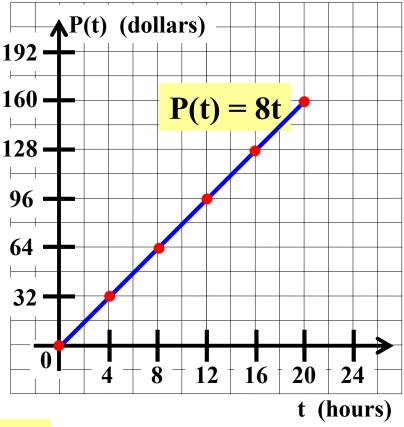


Tom has a part-time job. He can work up to 20 hours a week. He gets paid \$8.00 per hour. Let t represent the number of hours he works. Let P(t) represent his total pay.

1. Make a table giving t and P(t) every 4 hours from t = 0 to t = 20.

t	P(t)	
0	0	
4	32	
8	64	
12	96	
16	128	
20	160	

2. Graph function P.

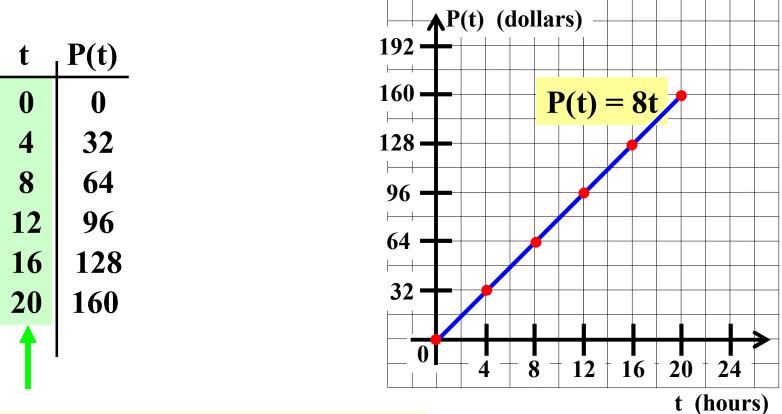


4. What is the domain of function P?

Tom has a part-time job. He can work up to 20 hours a week. He gets paid \$8.00 per hour. Let t represent the number of hours he works. Let P(t) represent his total pay.

1. Make a table giving t and P(t) every 4 hours from t = 0 to t = 20.

2. Graph function P.

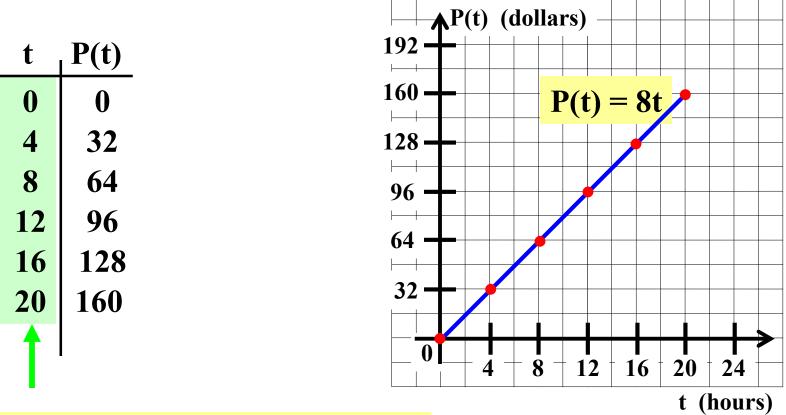


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1. Make a table giving t and P(t) every 4 hours from t = 0 to t = 20.

2. Graph function P.

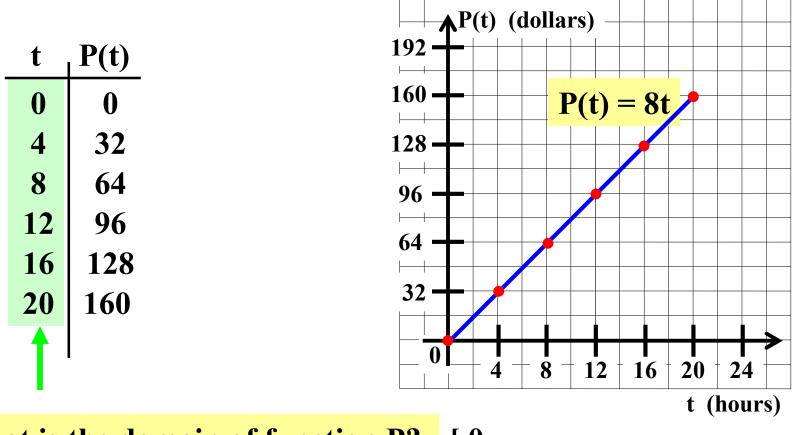


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Tom has a part-time job. He can work up to 20 hours a week. He gets paid \$8.00 per hour. Let t represent the number of hours he works. Let P(t) represent his total pay.

1. Make a table giving t and P(t) every 4 hours from t = 0 to t = 20.

2. Graph function P.

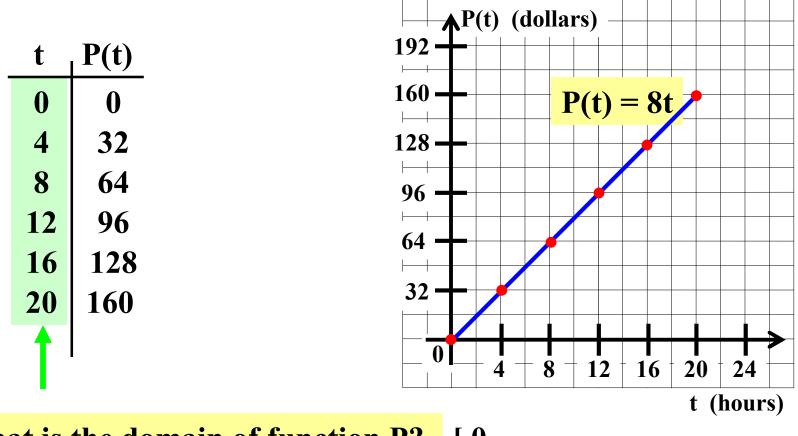


4. What is the domain of function P? [0

Tom has a part-time job. He can work up to 20 hours a week. He gets paid \$8.00 per hour. Let t represent the number of hours he works. Let P(t) represent his total pay.

1. Make a table giving t and P(t) every 4 hours from t = 0 to t = 20.

2. Graph function P.

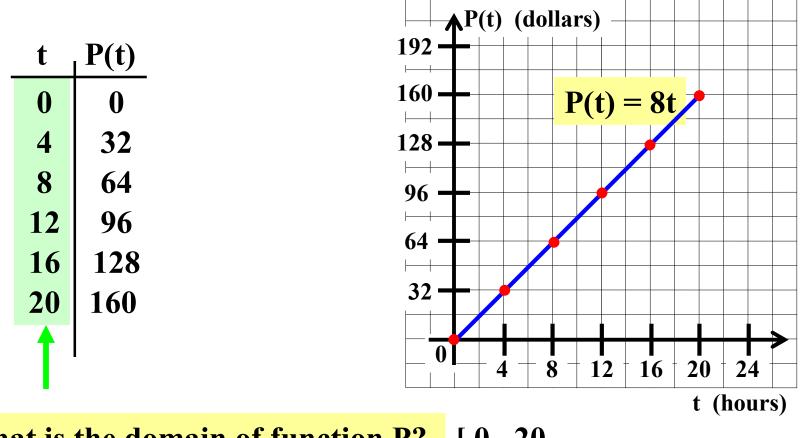


4. What is the domain of function P? [0,

Tom has a part-time job. He can work up to 20 hours a week. He gets paid \$8.00 per hour. Let t represent the number of hours he works. Let P(t) represent his total pay.

1. Make a table giving t and P(t) every 4 hours from t = 0 to t = 20.

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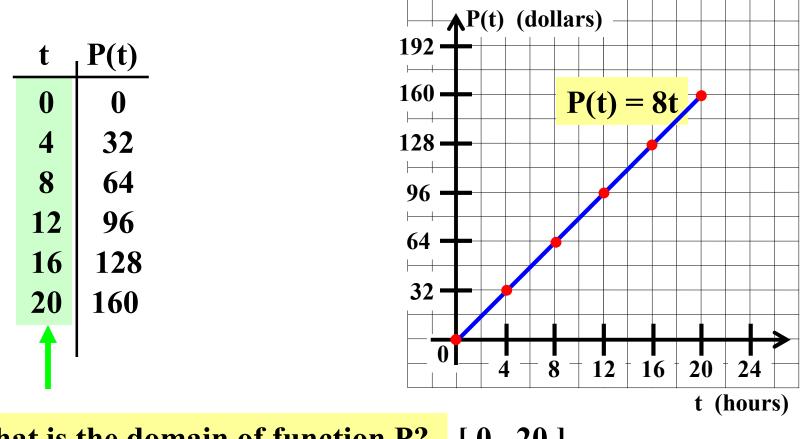


4. What is the domain of function P? [0, 20]

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1. Make a table giving t and P(t) every 4 hours from t = 0 to t = 20.

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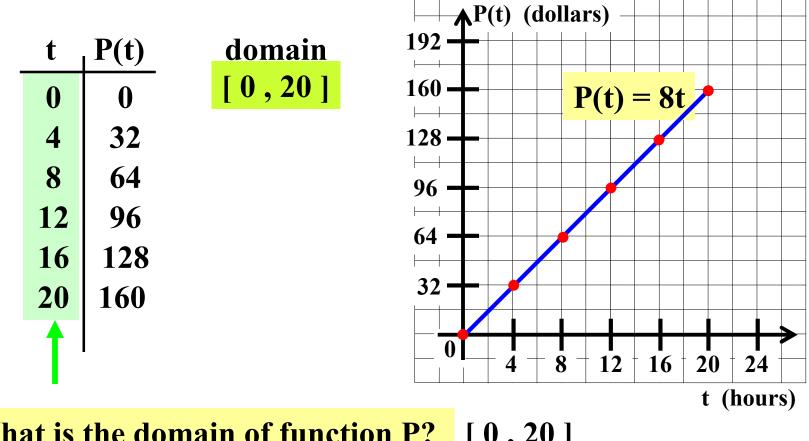


4. What is the domain of function P? [0, 20]

Tom has a part-time job. He can work up to 20 hours a week. He gets paid \$8.00 per hour. Let t represent the number of hours he works. Let P(t) represent his total pay.

1. Make a table giving t and P(t) every 4 hours from t = 0 to t = 20.

2. Graph function P.

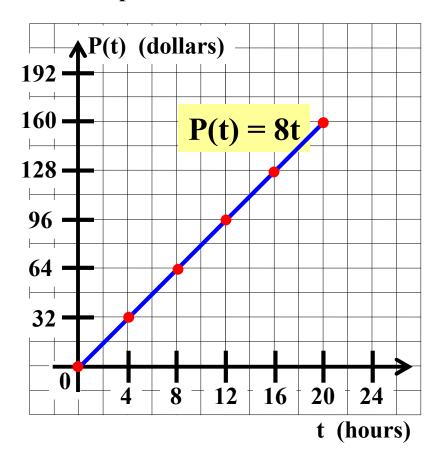


4. What is the domain of function P? [0, 20]

Tom has a part-time job. He can work up to 20 hours a week. He gets paid \$8.00 per hour. Let t represent the number of hours he works. Let P(t) represent his total pay.

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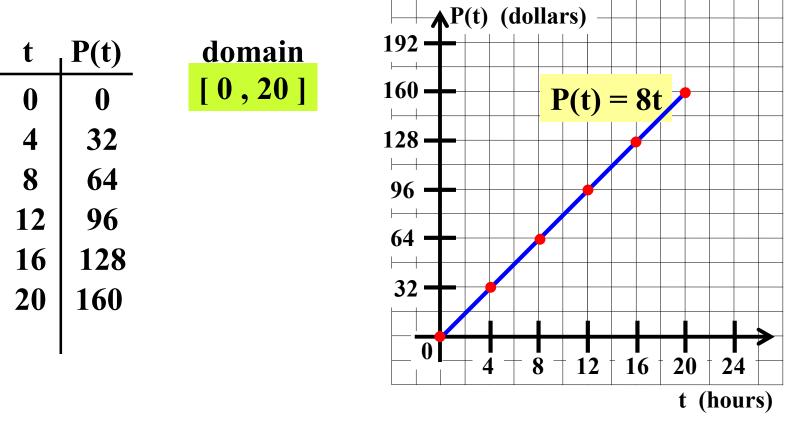
t	P(t)	domain
0	0	[0,20]
4	32	
8	64	
12	96	
16	128	
20	160	



Tom has a part-time job. He can work up to 20 hours a week. He gets paid \$8.00 per hour. Let t represent the number of hours he works. Let P(t) represent his total pay.

1. Make a table giving t and P(t) every 4 hours from t = 0 to t = 20.

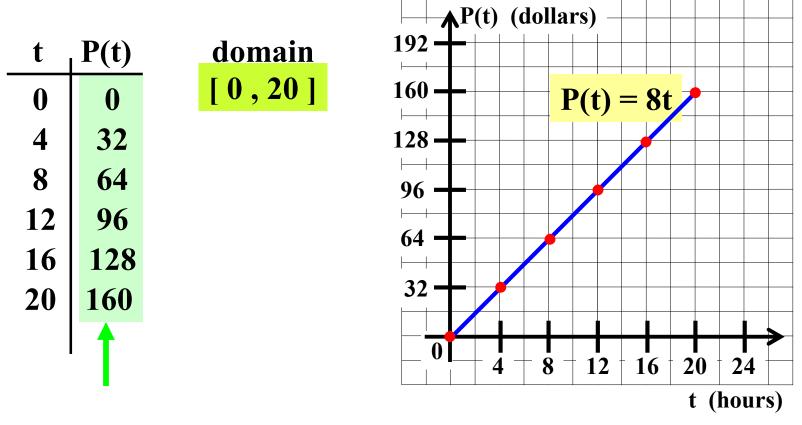
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Tom has a part-time job. He can work up to 20 hours a week. He gets paid \$8.00 per hour. Let t represent the number of hours he works. Let P(t) represent his total pay.

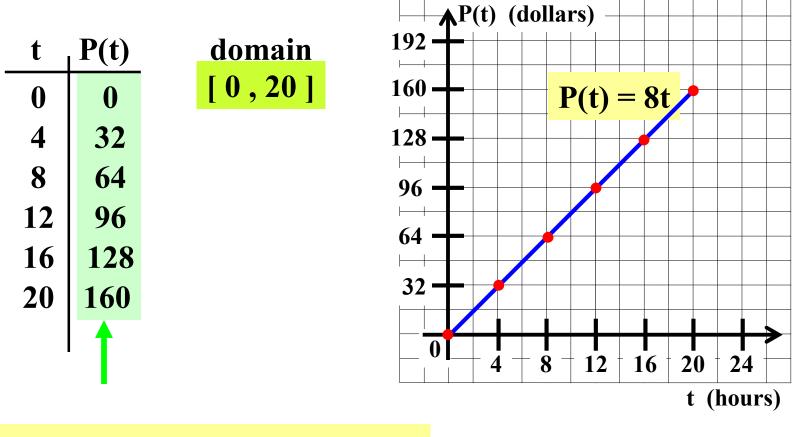
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Tom has a part-time job. He can work up to 20 hours a week. He gets paid \$8.00 per hour. Let t represent the number of hours he works. Let P(t) represent his total pay.

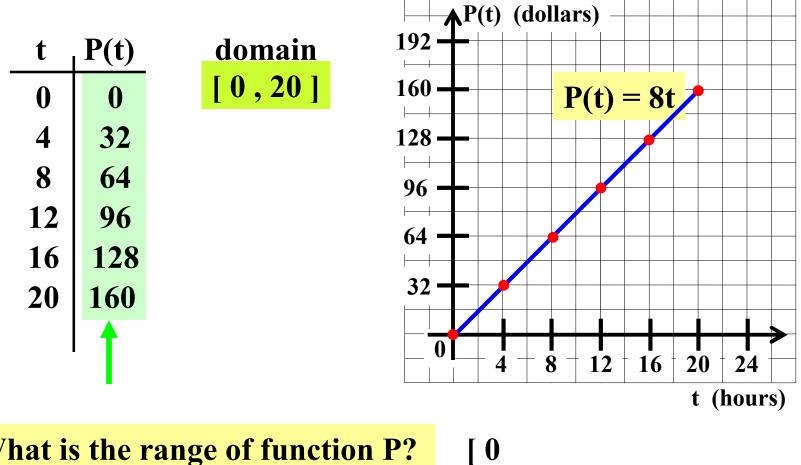
1. Make a table giving t and P(t) every 4 hours from t = 0 to t = 20. 2. Graph function P.



Tom has a part-time job. He can work up to 20 hours a week. He gets paid \$8.00 per hour. Let t represent the number of hours he works. Let P(t) represent his total pay.

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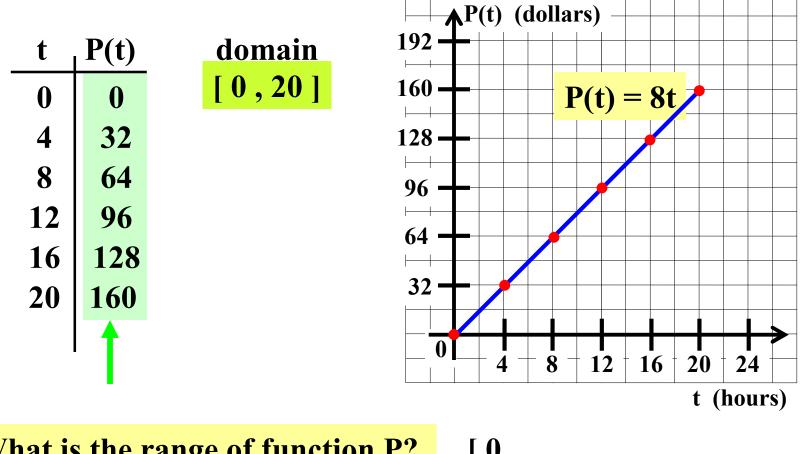
2. Graph function P.



Tom has a part-time job. He can work up to 20 hours a week. He gets paid \$8.00 per hour. Let t represent the number of hours he works. Let P(t) represent his total pay.

1. Make a table giving t and P(t) every 4 hours from t = 0 to t = 20.

2. Graph function P.



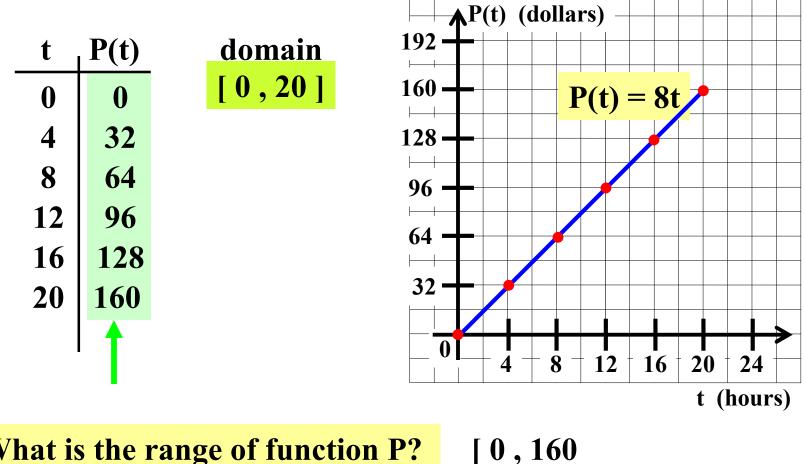
5. What is the range of function P?

[0,

Tom has a part-time job. He can work up to 20 hours a week. He gets paid \$8.00 per hour. Let t represent the number of hours he works. Let P(t) represent his total pay.

1. Make a table giving t and P(t) every 4 hours from t = 0 to t = 20.

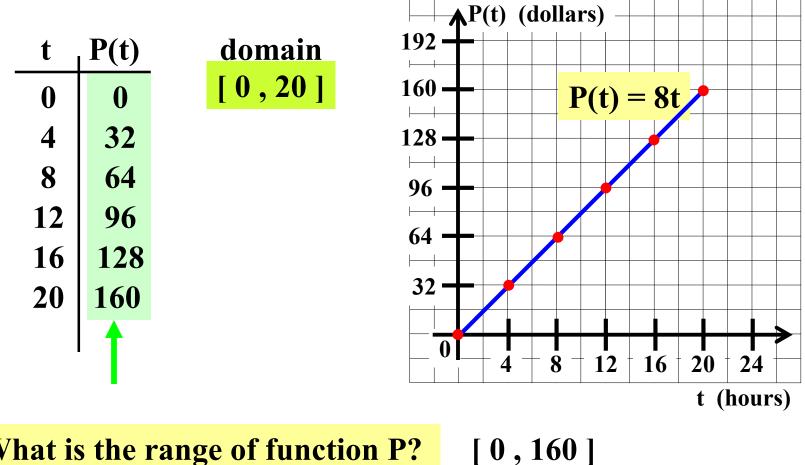
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Tom has a part-time job. He can work up to 20 hours a week. He gets paid \$8.00 per hour. Let t represent the number of hours he works. Let P(t) represent his total pay.

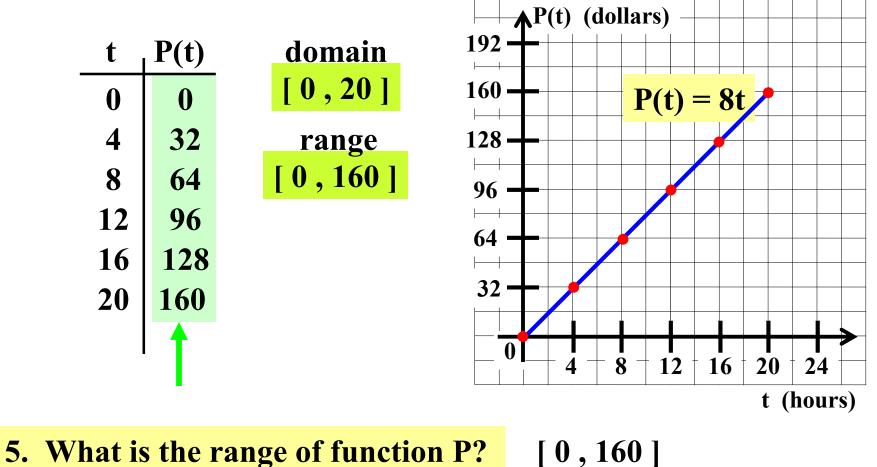
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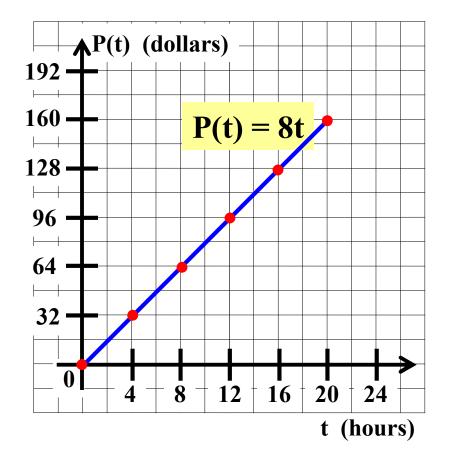
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Tom has a part-time job. He can work up to 20 hours a week. He gets paid \$8.00 per hour. Let t represent the number of hours he works. Let P(t) represent his total pay.

1. Make a table giving t and P(t) every 4 hours from t = 0 to t = 20.

t	P(t)	domain
0	0	[0,20]
4	32	range
8	64	[0,160]
12	96	
16	128	
20	160	

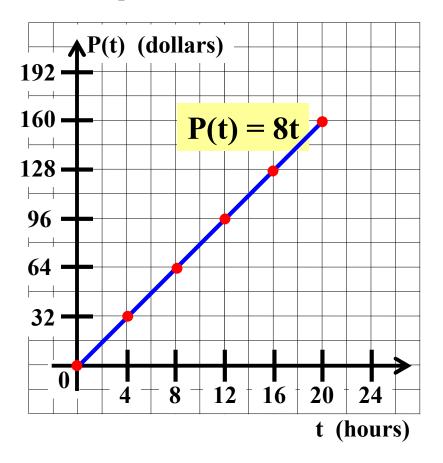


Tom has a part-time job. He can work up to 20 hours a week. He gets paid \$8.00 per hour. Let t represent the number of hours he works. Let P(t) represent his total pay.

1. Make a table giving t and P(t) every 4 hours from t = 0 to t = 20.

6. Evaluate P(8).

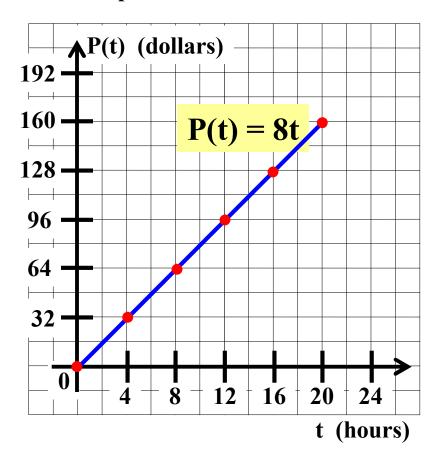
t	P(t)	domain
0	0	[0,20]
4	32	range
8	64	[0,160]
12	96	
16	128	
20	160	



Tom has a part-time job. He can work up to 20 hours a week. He gets paid \$8.00 per hour. Let t represent the number of hours he works. Let P(t) represent his total pay.

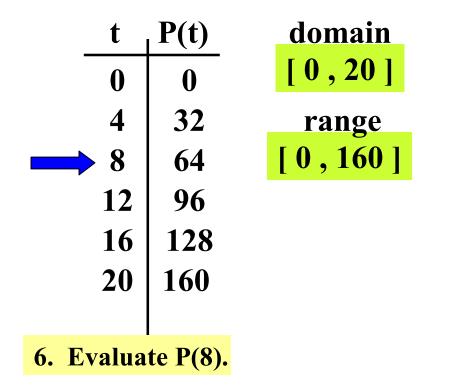
1. Make a table giving t and P(t) every 4 hours from t = 0 to t = 20.

t	P(t)	domain
0	0	[0,20]
4	32	range
> 8	64	[0,160]
12	96	
16	128	
20	160	
6. Evalua	te P(8).	

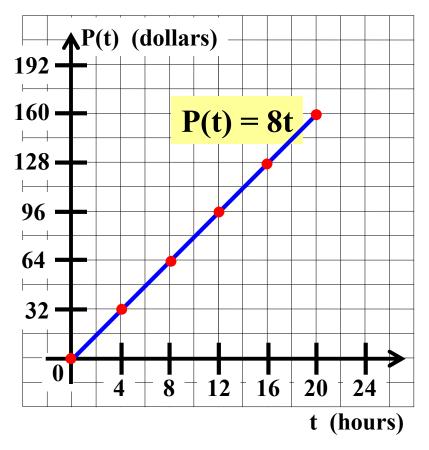


Tom has a part-time job. He can work up to 20 hours a week. He gets paid \$8.00 per hour. Let t represent the number of hours he works. Let P(t) represent his total pay.

1. Make a table giving t and P(t) every 4 hours from t = 0 to t = 20.



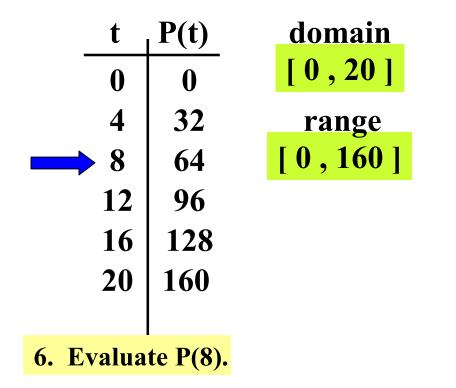
2. Graph function P.



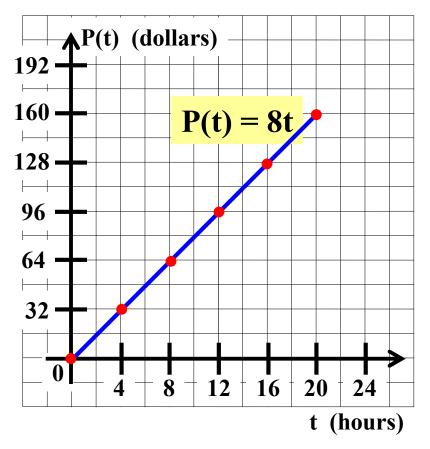
P(8)

Tom has a part-time job. He can work up to 20 hours a week. He gets paid \$8.00 per hour. Let t represent the number of hours he works. Let P(t) represent his total pay.

1. Make a table giving t and P(t) every 4 hours from t = 0 to t = 20.



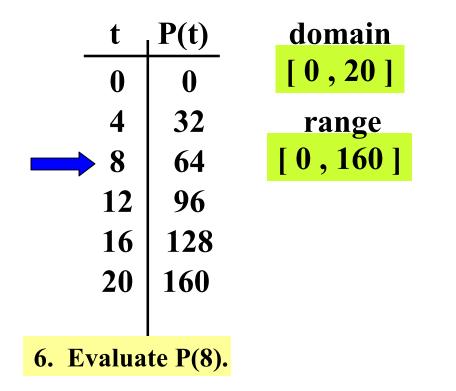
2. Graph function P.



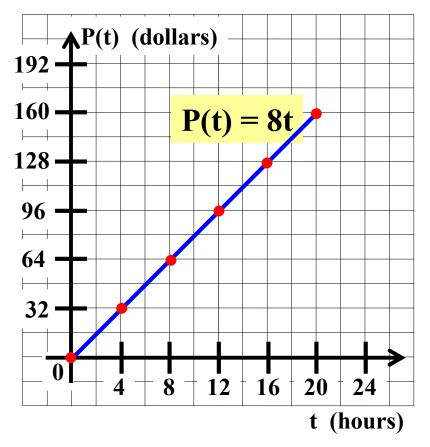
P(8) =

Tom has a part-time job. He can work up to 20 hours a week. He gets paid \$8.00 per hour. Let t represent the number of hours he works. Let P(t) represent his total pay.

1. Make a table giving t and P(t) every 4 hours from t = 0 to t = 20.



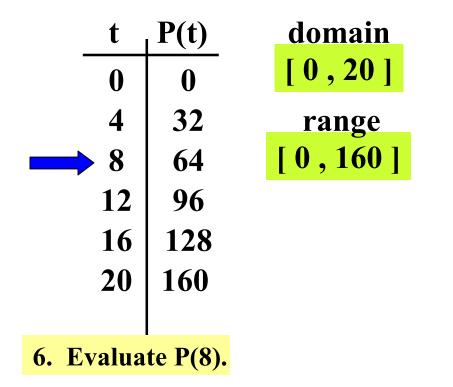
2. Graph function P.



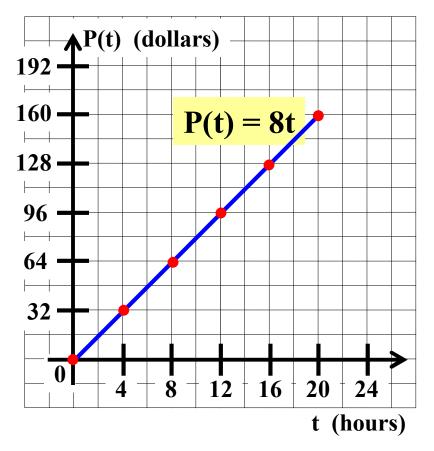
P(8) = 64

Tom has a part-time job. He can work up to 20 hours a week. He gets paid \$8.00 per hour. Let t represent the number of hours he works. Let P(t) represent his total pay.

1. Make a table giving t and P(t) every 4 hours from t = 0 to t = 20.



2. Graph function P.



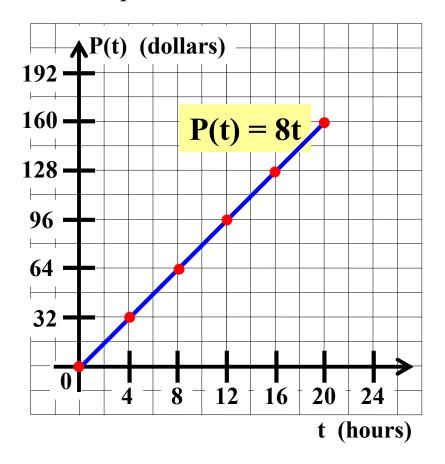
P(8) = 64 dollars

Tom has a part-time job. He can work up to 20 hours a week. He gets paid \$8.00 per hour. Let t represent the number of hours he works. Let P(t) represent his total pay.

1. Make a table giving t and P(t) every 4 hours from t = 0 to t = 20.

	t	P(t)		domain
	0	0		[0,20]
	4	32		range
	8	64		[0,160]
	12	96		
	16	128		
	20	160		
6. Evaluate P(8).				

2. Graph function P.



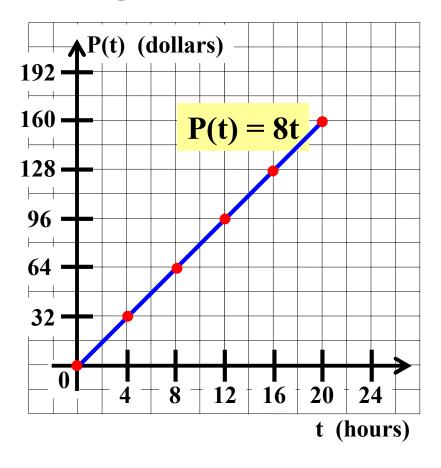
P(8) = 64 dollars

Tom has a part-time job. He can work up to 20 hours a week. He gets paid \$8.00 per hour. Let t represent the number of hours he works. Let P(t) represent his total pay.

1. Make a table giving t and P(t) every 4 hours from t = 0 to t = 20.

t	P(t)	domain
0	0	[0,20]
4	32	range
8	64	[0,160]
12	96	
16	128	
20	160	

2. Graph function P.



P(8) = 64 dollars

6. Evaluate P(8). What does P(8)

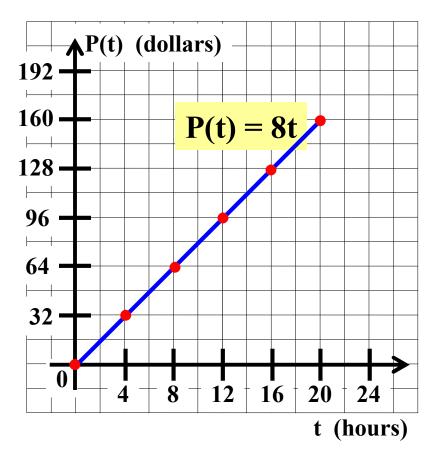
represent in terms of the problem?

Tom has a part-time job. He can work up to 20 hours a week. He gets paid \$8.00 per hour. Let t represent the number of hours he works. Let P(t) represent his total pay.

1. Make a table giving t and P(t) every 4 hours from t = 0 to t = 20.

t	P(t)	domain
0	0	[0,20]
4	32	range
8	64	[0,160]
12	96	
16	128	
20	160	

2. Graph function P.



6. Evaluate P(8). What does P(8) represent in terms of the problem?

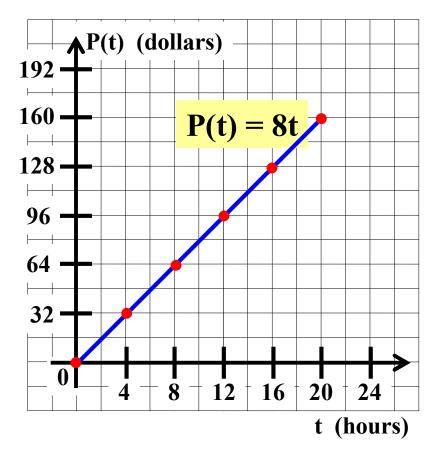
P(8) = 64 dollars

Tom has a part-time job. He can work up to 20 hours a week. He gets paid \$8.00 per hour. Let t represent the number of hours he works. Let P(t) represent his total pay.

1. Make a table giving t and P(t) every 4 hours from t = 0 to t = 20.

t	P(t)	domain
0	0	[0,20]
4	32	range
8	64	[0,160]
12	96	
16	128	
20	160	

2. Graph function P.



6. Evaluate P(8). What does P(8) represent in terms of the problem?

P(8) = 64 dollars

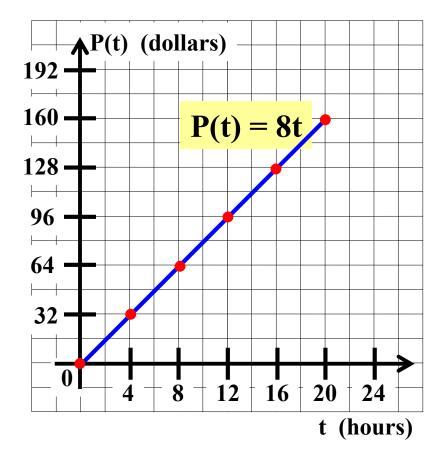
P(8) represents Tom's total pay

Tom has a part-time job. He can work up to 20 hours a week. He gets paid \$8.00 per hour. Let t represent the number of hours he works. Let P(t) represent his total pay.

1. Make a table giving t and P(t) every 4 hours from t = 0 to t = 20.

t	P(t)	domain
0	0	[0,20]
4	32	range
8	64	[0,160]
12	96	
16	128	
20	160	

2. Graph function P.



6. Evaluate P(8). What does P(8) represent in terms of the problem?

P(8) = 64 dollars

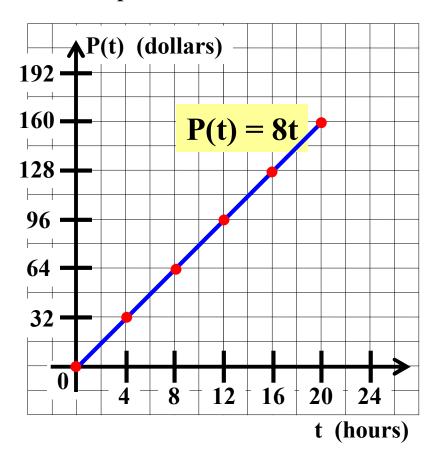
P(8) represents Tom's total pay for working 8 hours.

Tom has a part-time job. He can work up to 20 hours a week. He gets paid \$8.00 per hour. Let t represent the number of hours he works. Let P(t) represent his total pay.

1. Make a table giving t and P(t) every 4 hours from t = 0 to t = 20.

t	P(t)	domain
0	0	[0,20]
4	32	range
8	64	[0,160]
12	96	
16	128	
20	160	

2. Graph function P.



6. Evaluate P(8). What does P(8) represent in terms of the problem?

P(8) = 64 dollars

P(8) represents Tom's total pay for working 8 hours.

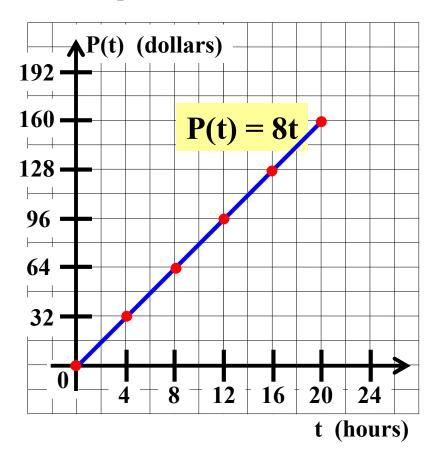
Tom has a part-time job. He can work up to 20 hours a week. He gets paid \$8.00 per hour. Let t represent the number of hours he works. Let P(t) represent his total pay.

1. Make a table giving t and P(t) every 4 hours from t = 0 to t = 20.

t	P(t)	domain
0	0	[0,20]
4	32	range
8	64	[0,160]
12	96	
16	128	
20	160	

7. If P(t) = 28, then find the value of t.

2. Graph function P.



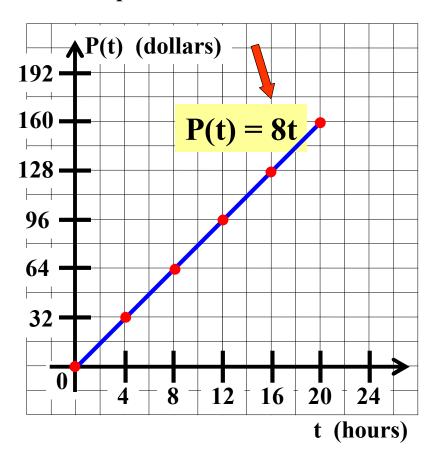
Tom has a part-time job. He can work up to 20 hours a week. He gets paid \$8.00 per hour. Let t represent the number of hours he works. Let P(t) represent his total pay.

1. Make a table giving t and P(t) every 4 hours from t = 0 to t = 20.

t	P(t)	domain
0	0	[0,20]
4	32	range
8	64	[0,160]
12	96	
16	128	
20	160	

7. If P(t) = 28, then find the value of t.

2. Graph function P.



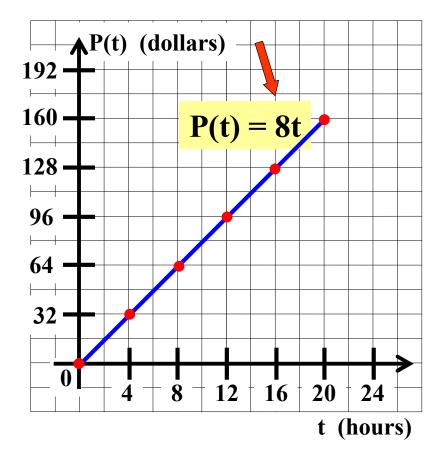
Tom has a part-time job. He can work up to 20 hours a week. He gets paid \$8.00 per hour. Let t represent the number of hours he works. Let P(t) represent his total pay.

1. Make a table giving t and P(t) every 4 hours from t = 0 to t = 20.

t	P(t)	domain
0	0	[0,20]
4	32	range
8	64	[0,160]
12	96	
16	128	
20	160	

7. If P(t) = 28, then find the value of t.

2. Graph function P.



8t =

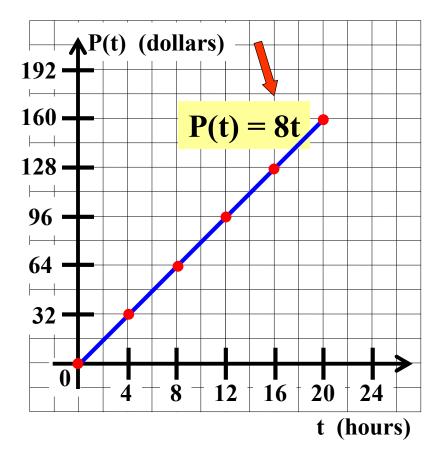
Tom has a part-time job. He can work up to 20 hours a week. He gets paid \$8.00 per hour. Let t represent the number of hours he works. Let P(t) represent his total pay.

1. Make a table giving t and P(t) every 4 hours from t = 0 to t = 20.

t	P(t)	domain
0	0	[0,20]
4	32	range
8	64	[0,160]
12	96	
16	128	
20	160	

7. If P(t) = 28, then find the value of t.

2. Graph function P.



8t = 28

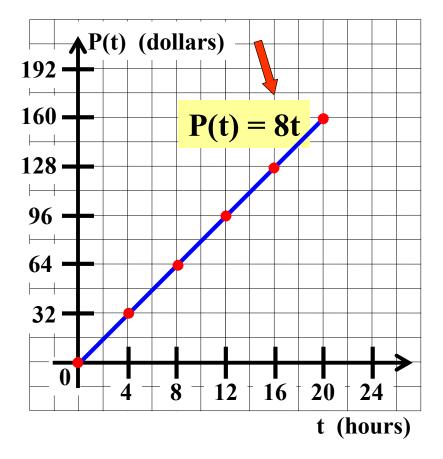
Tom has a part-time job. He can work up to 20 hours a week. He gets paid \$8.00 per hour. Let t represent the number of hours he works. Let P(t) represent his total pay.

1. Make a table giving t and P(t) every 4 hours from t = 0 to t = 20.

t	P(t)	domain
0	0	[0,20]
4	32	range
8	64	[0,160]
12	96	
16	128	
20	160	

7. If P(t) = 28, then find the value of t.

2. Graph function P.



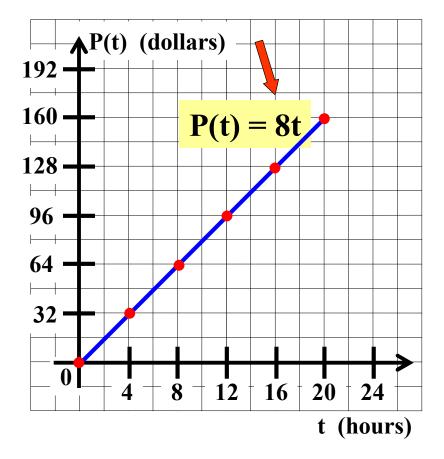
8t = 28 ---->

Tom has a part-time job. He can work up to 20 hours a week. He gets paid \$8.00 per hour. Let t represent the number of hours he works. Let P(t) represent his total pay.

1. Make a table giving t and P(t) every 4 hours from t = 0 to t = 20.

t	P(t)	domain
0	0	[0,20]
4	32	range
8	64	[0,160]
12	96	
16	128	
20	160	

2. Graph function P.



8t = 28 ----> t =

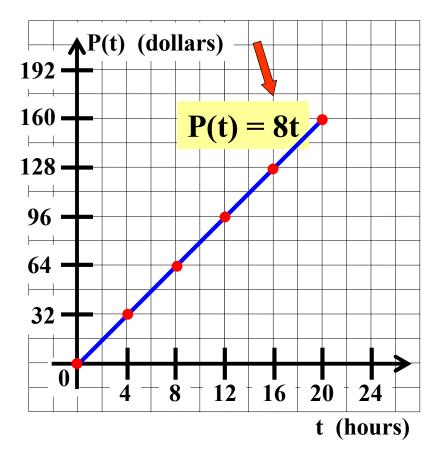
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1. Make a table giving t and P(t) every 4 hours from t = 0 to t = 20.

t	P(t)	domain
0	0	[0,20]
4	32	range
8	64	[0,160]
12	96	
16	128	
20	160	

2. Graph function P.



 $8t = 28 \implies t = 3.5$

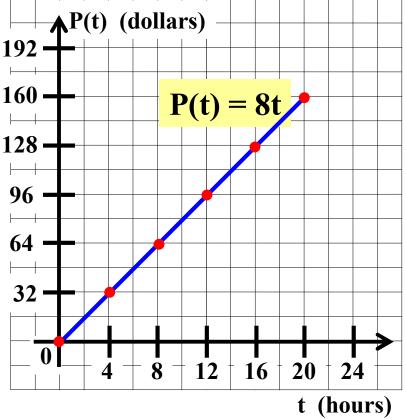
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1. Make a table giving t and P(t) every 4 hours from t = 0 to t = 20.

t	P(t)	domain
0	0	[0,20]
4	32	range
8	64	[0,160]
12	96	
16	128	
20	160	

2. Graph function P.



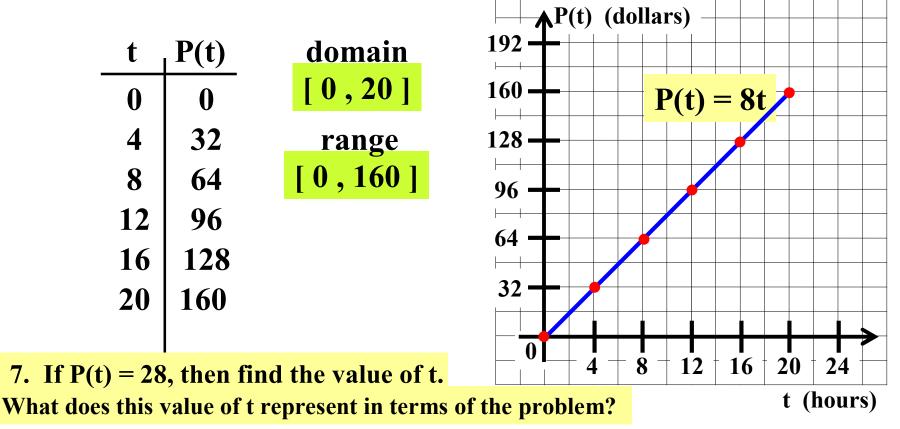
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 $8t = 28 \implies t = 3.5$ hours

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2. Graph function P.

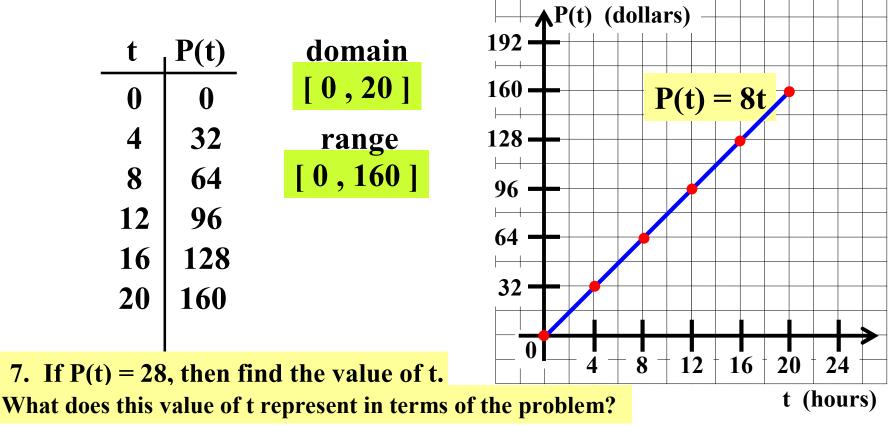


8t = 28 ----> t = 3.5 hours

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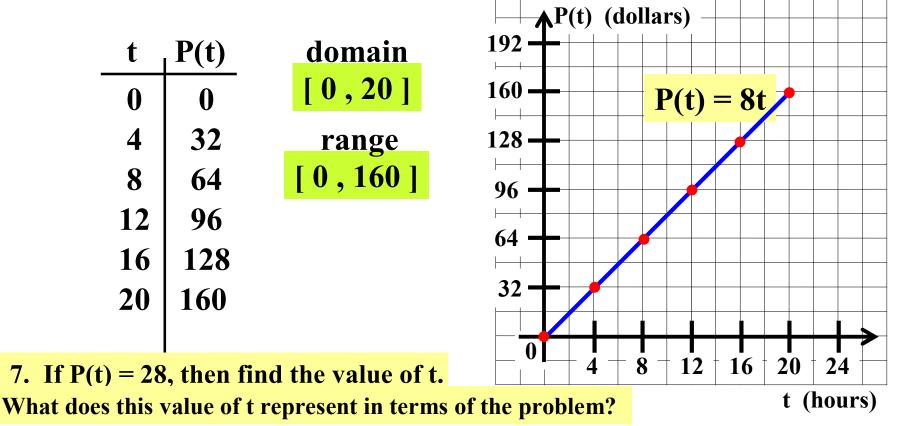
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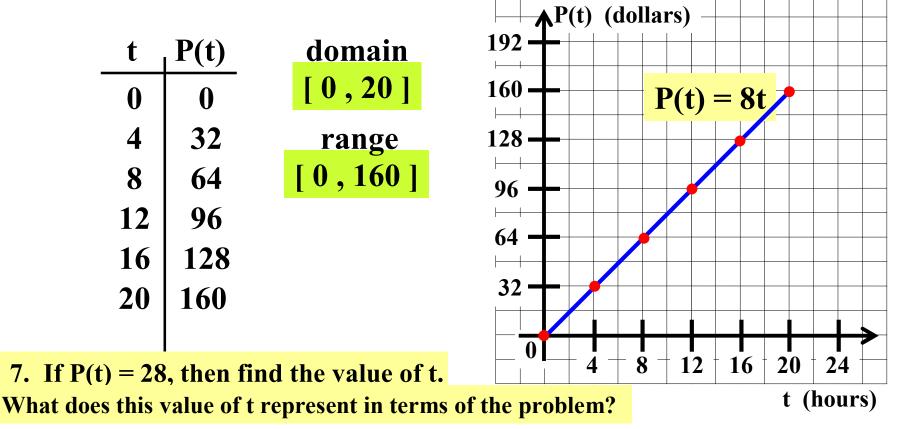
8t = 28 ----> t = 3.5 hours

This represents the number of hours Tom works.

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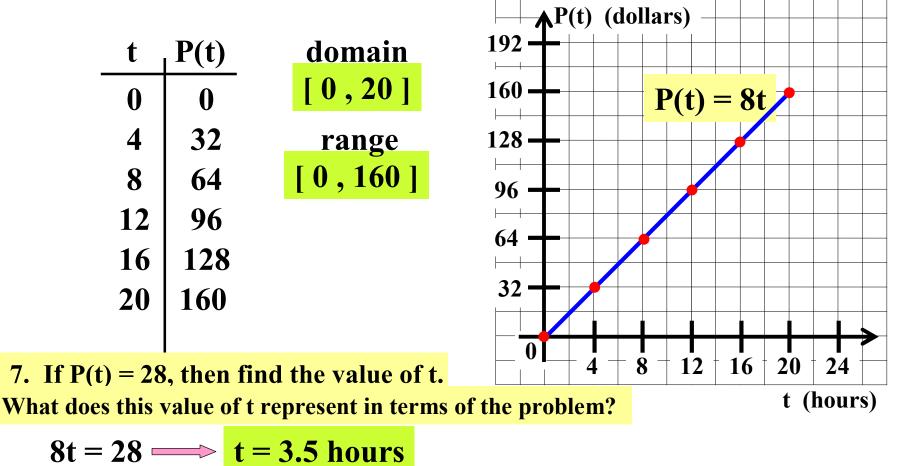


8t = 28 ----> t = 3.5 hours

This represents the number of hours Tom works to earn 28 dollars.

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Bird Island is 30 miles due south of Blue Fin Bay. A Ferry sails from Blue Fin Bay to Bird Island at a constant speed of 12 miles per hour. Let t represent the time in hours that the Ferry has been sailing. Let D(t) represent the distance in miles that the Ferry is from Bird Island.

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Blue Fin Bay

30 miles

Bird Island

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Blue Fin Bay

30 miles

Bird Island

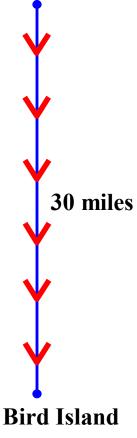
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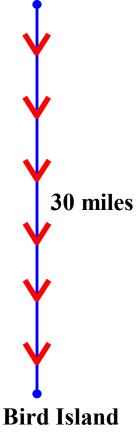
30 miles

Bird Island

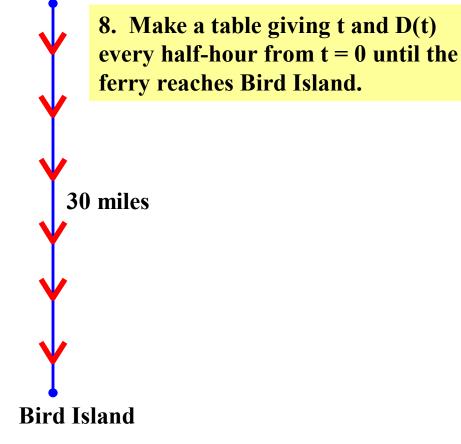
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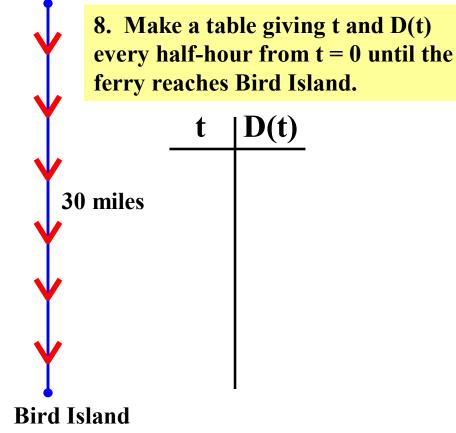
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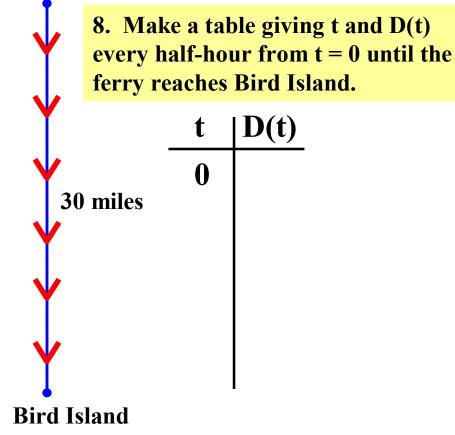
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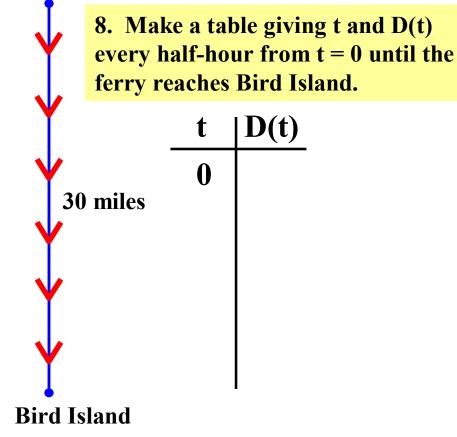
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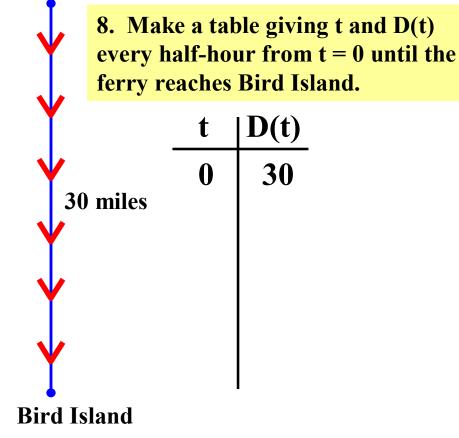
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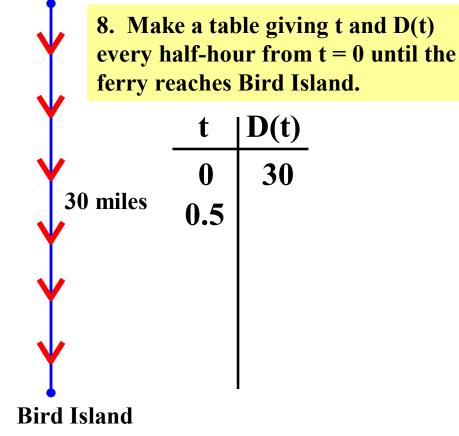
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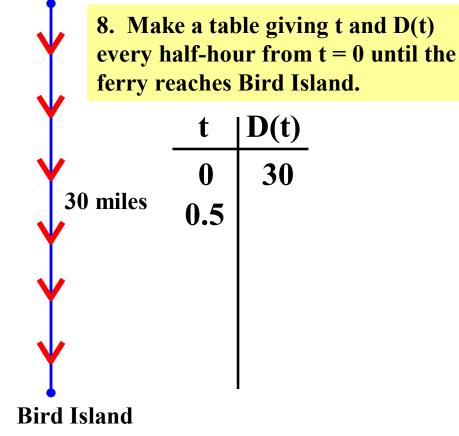
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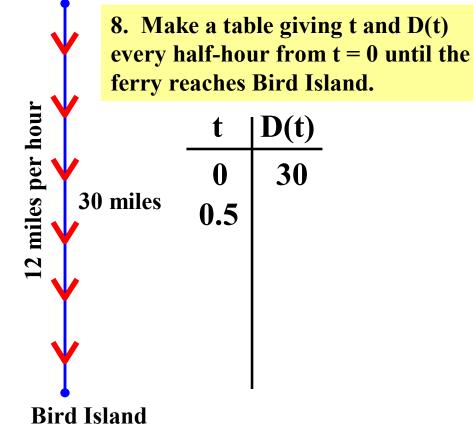
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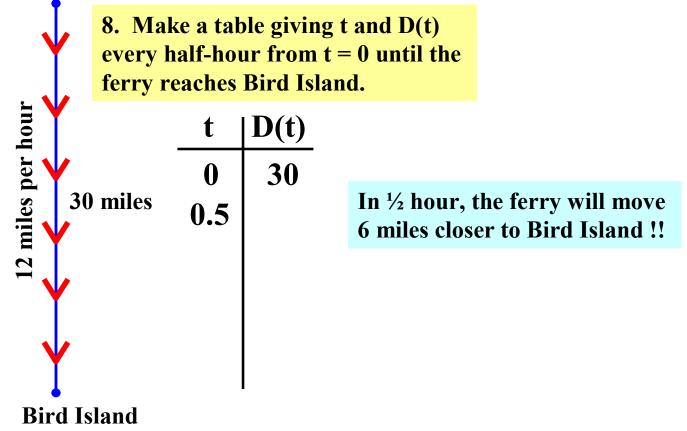
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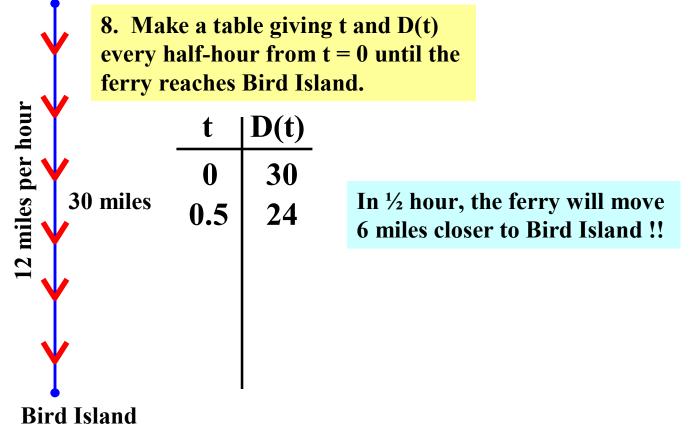
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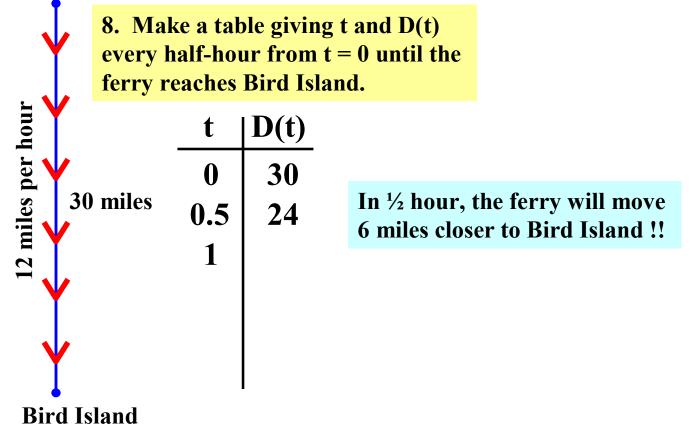
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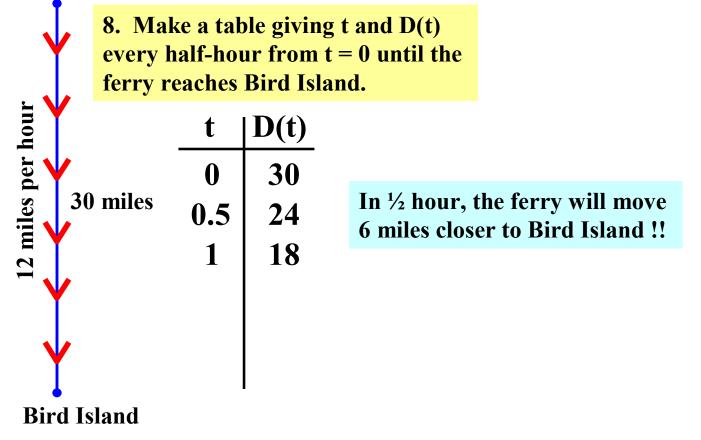
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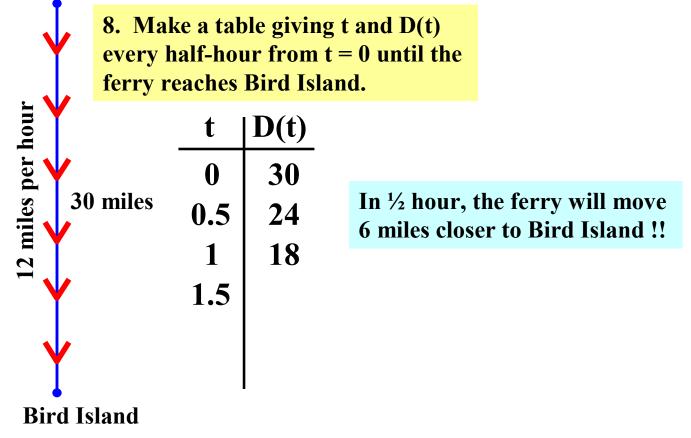
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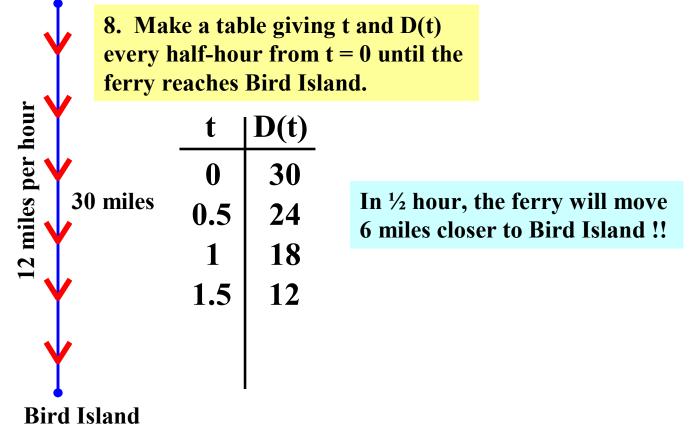
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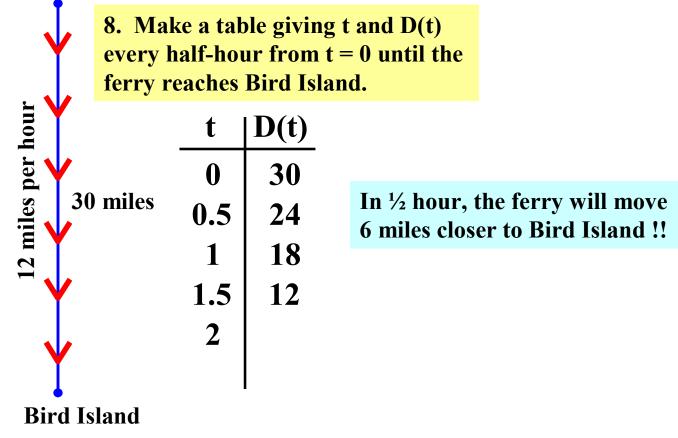
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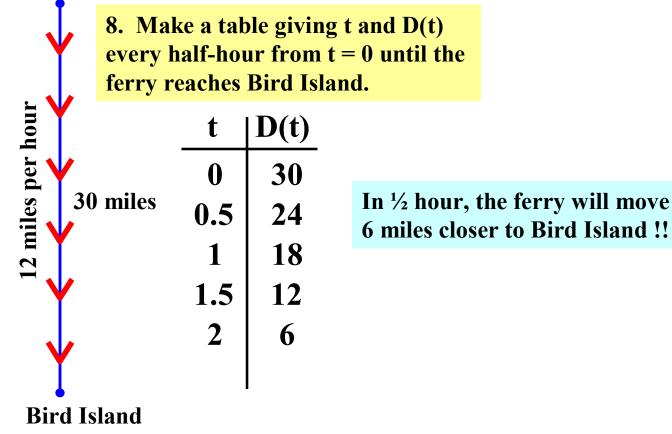
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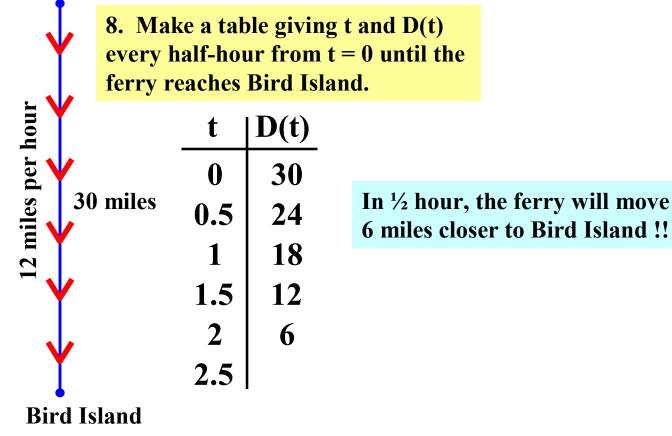
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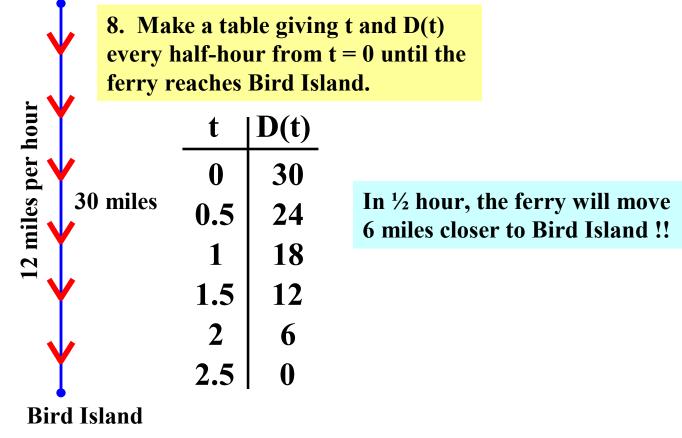
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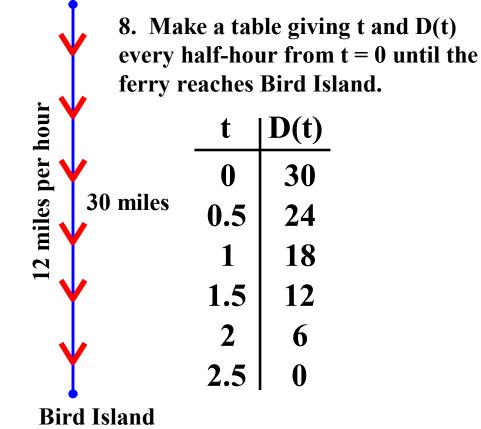
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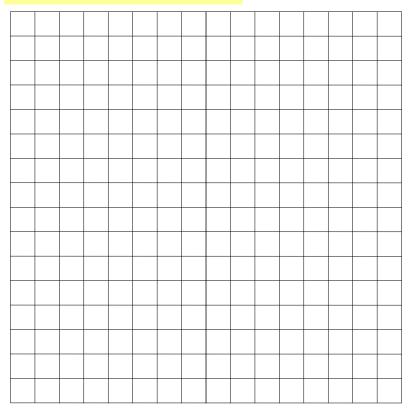
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every l ferry r	nalf-hou	0	g t and D(t) t = 0 until th and.
hour	t	D(t)	
12 miles per hour 30 miles	0	30	
	0.5	24	
	1	18	
Ý	1.5	12	
	2	6	
I	2.5	0	
Bird Island			

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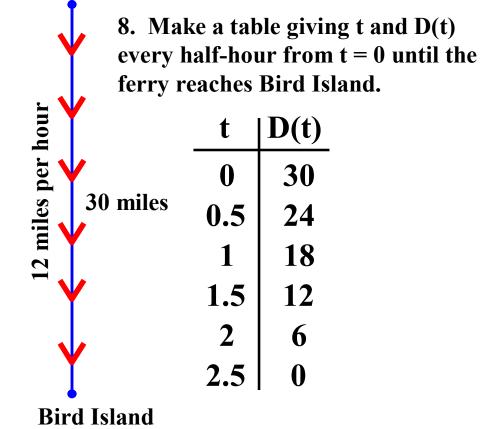
Blue Fin Bay

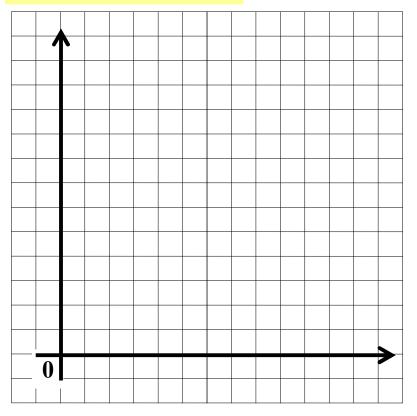




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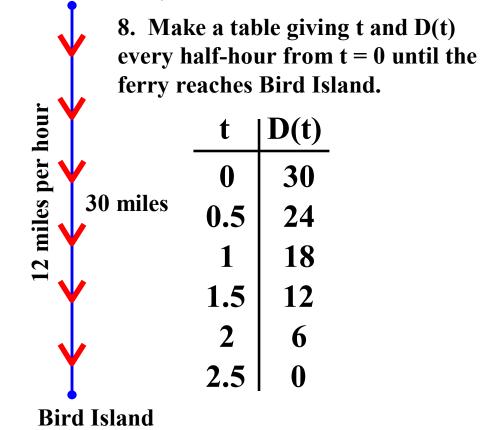
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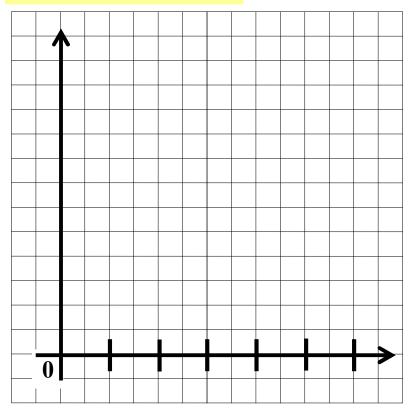




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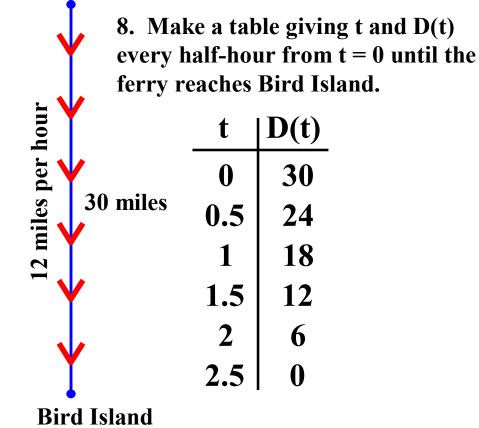
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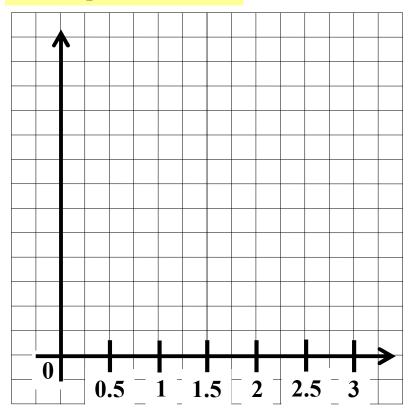




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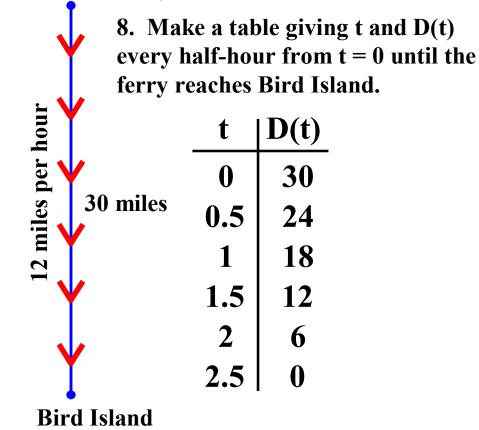
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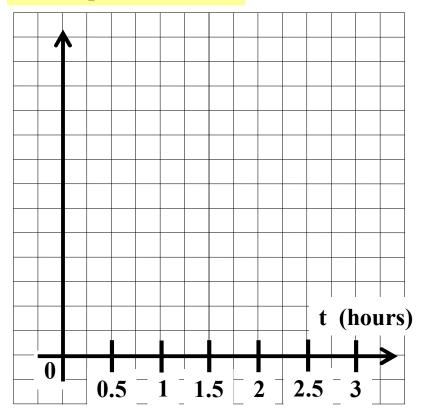




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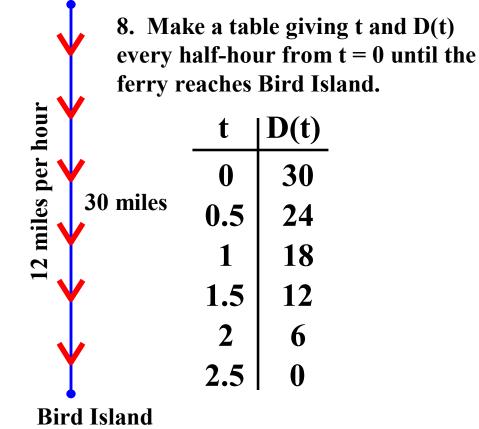
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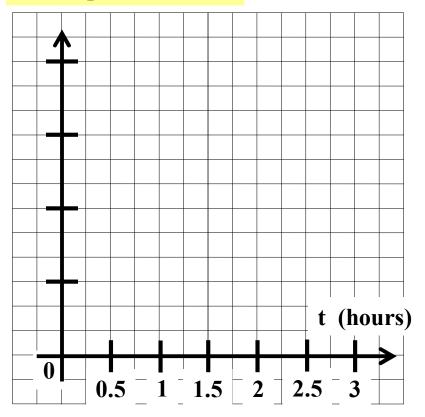




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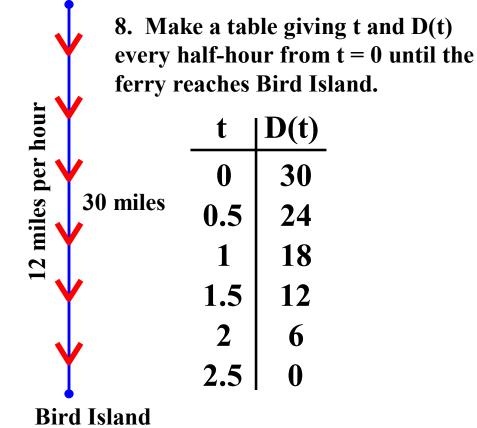
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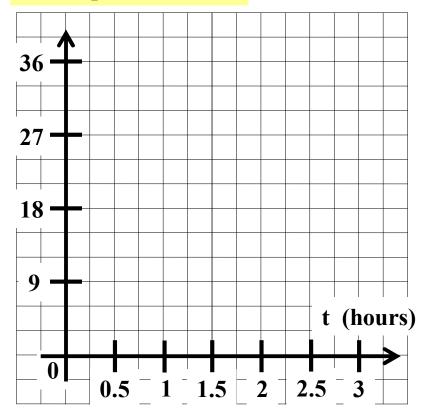




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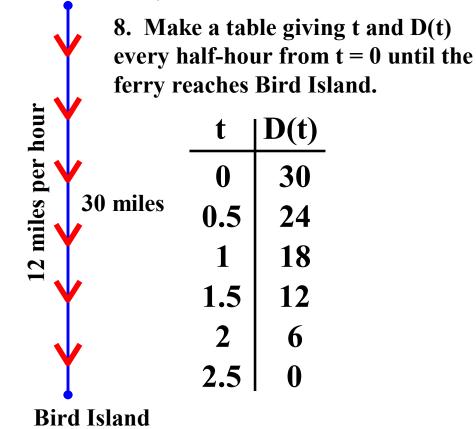
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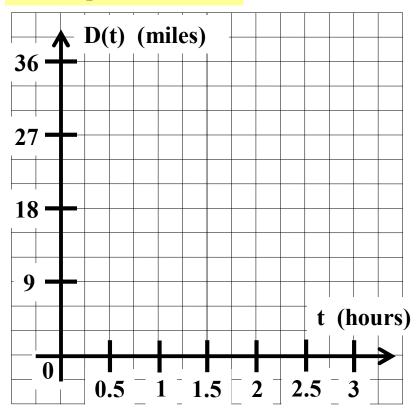




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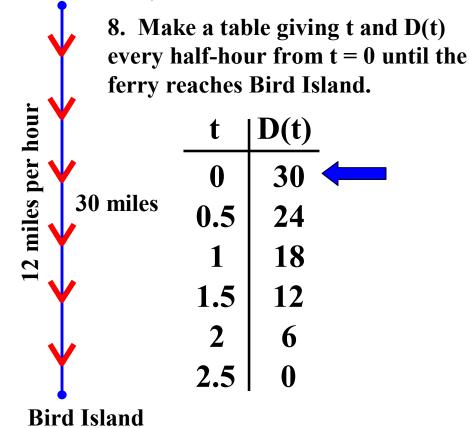
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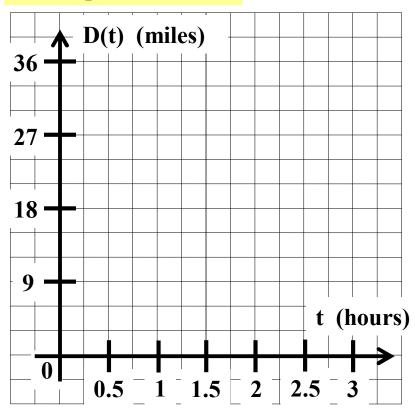




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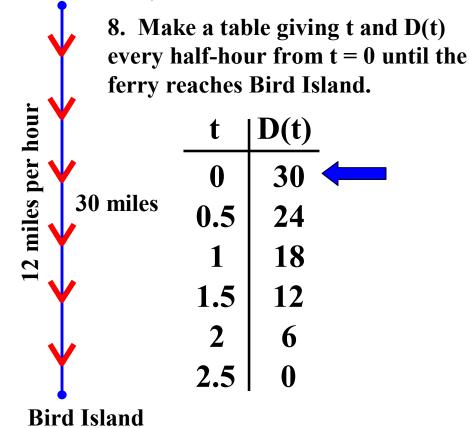
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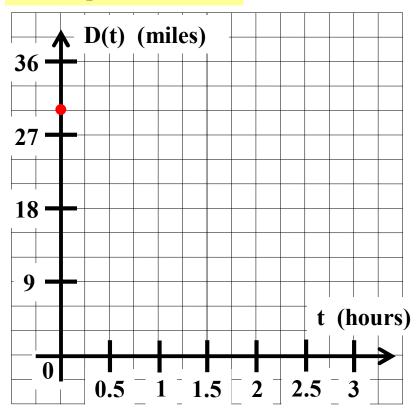




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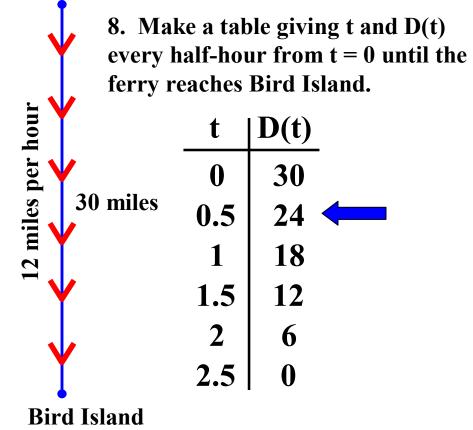
Blue Fin Bay

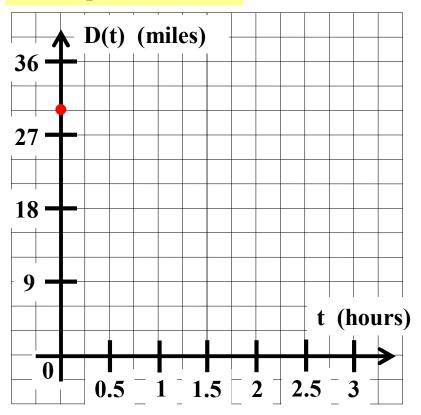




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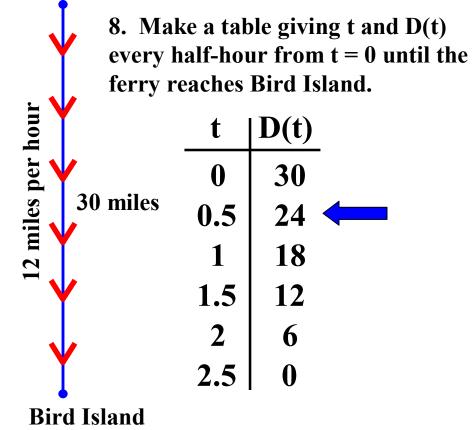
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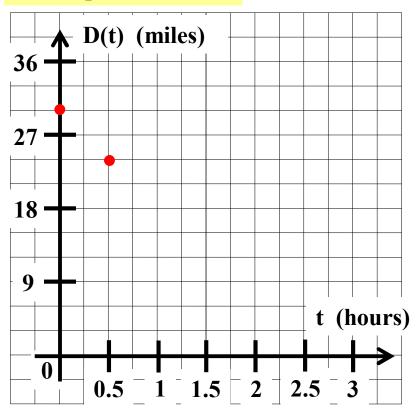




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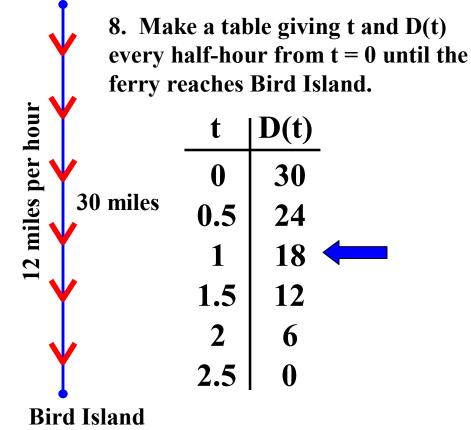
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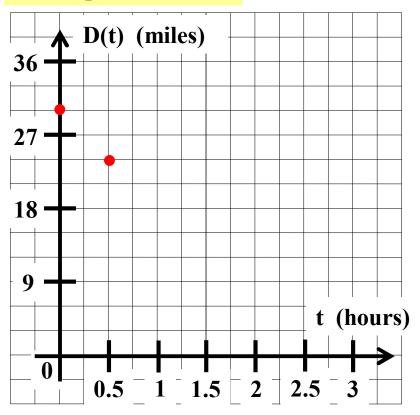




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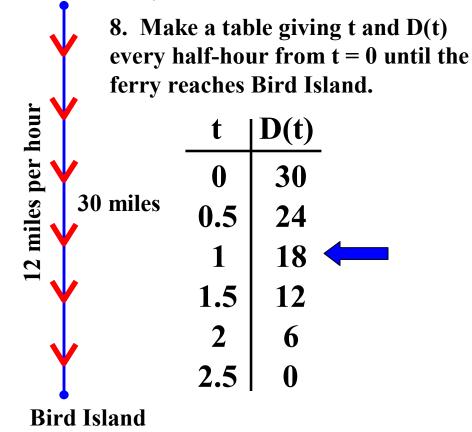
Blue Fin Bay

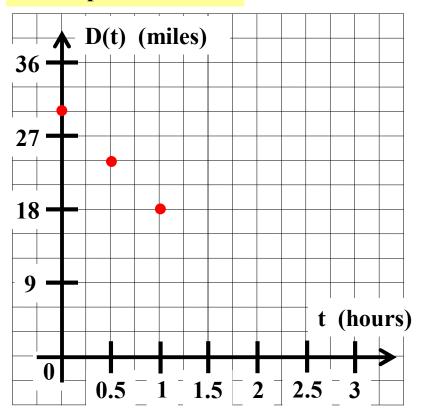




Bird Island is 30 miles due south of Blue Fin Bay. A Ferry sails from Blue Fin Bay to Bird Island at a constant speed of 12 miles per hour. Let t represent the time in hours that the Ferry has been sailing. Let D(t) represent the distance in miles that the Ferry is from Bird Island.

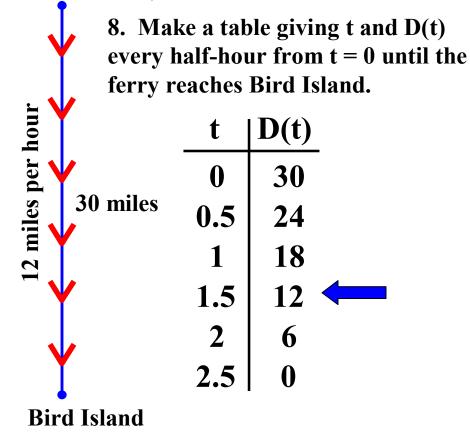
Blue Fin Bay

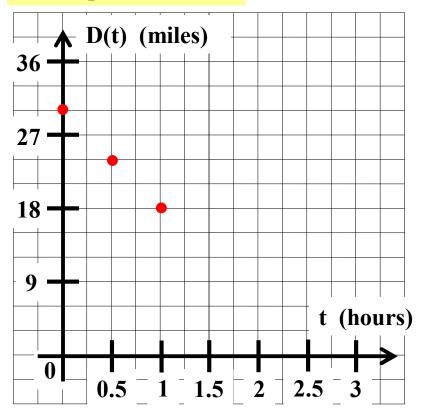




Bird Island is 30 miles due south of Blue Fin Bay. A Ferry sails from Blue Fin Bay to Bird Island at a constant speed of 12 miles per hour. Let t represent the time in hours that the Ferry has been sailing. Let D(t) represent the distance in miles that the Ferry is from Bird Island.

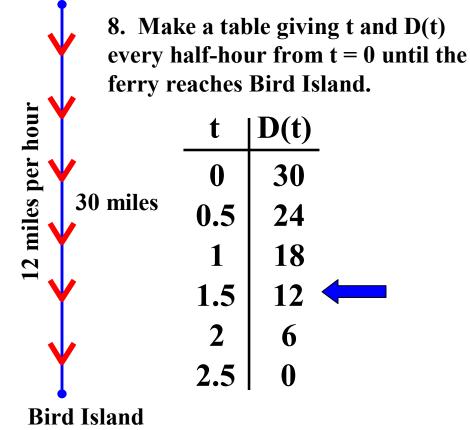
Blue Fin Bay

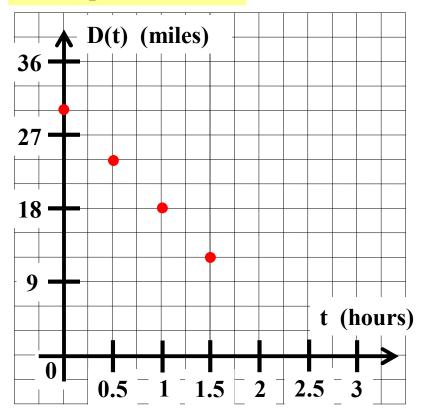




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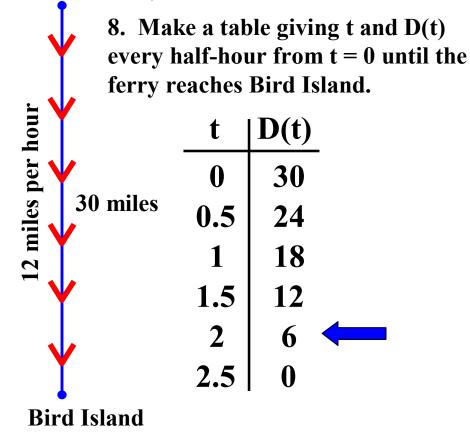
Blue Fin Bay

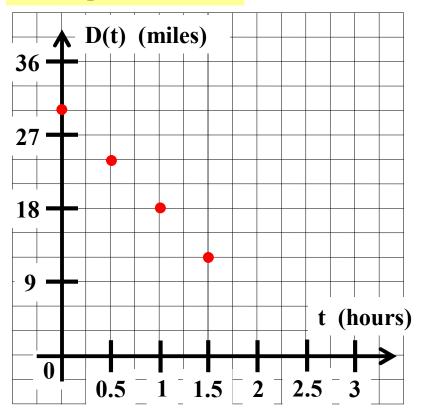




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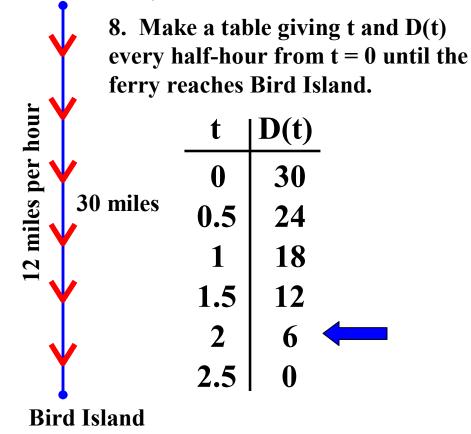
Blue Fin Bay

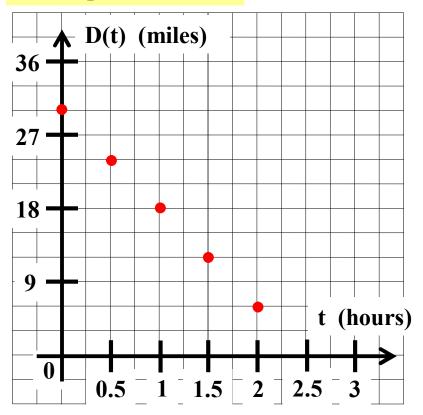




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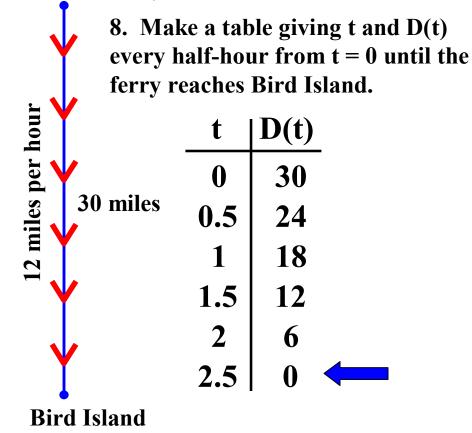
Blue Fin Bay

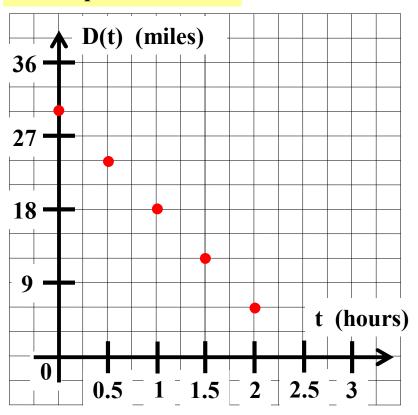




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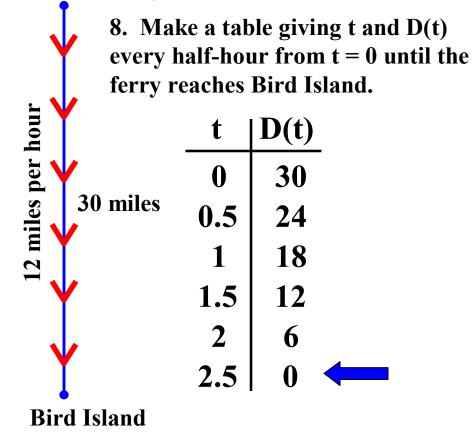
Blue Fin Bay

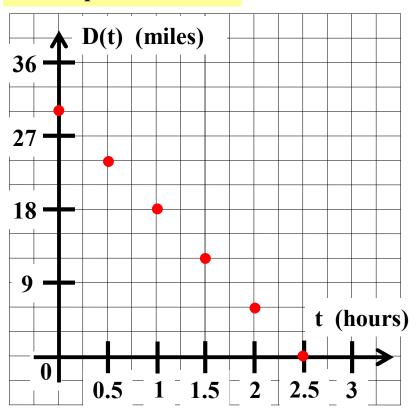




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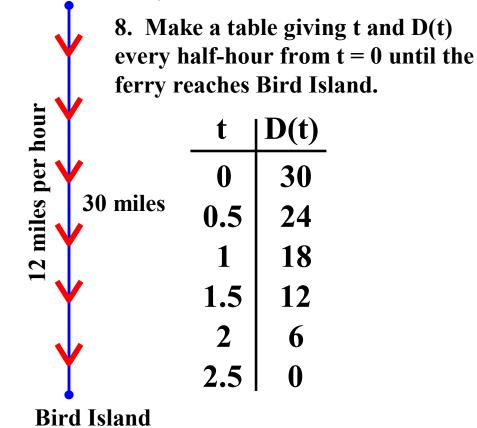
Blue Fin Bay

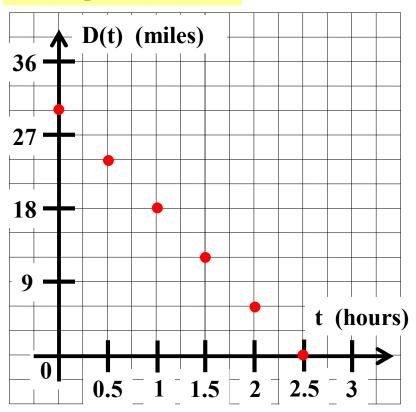




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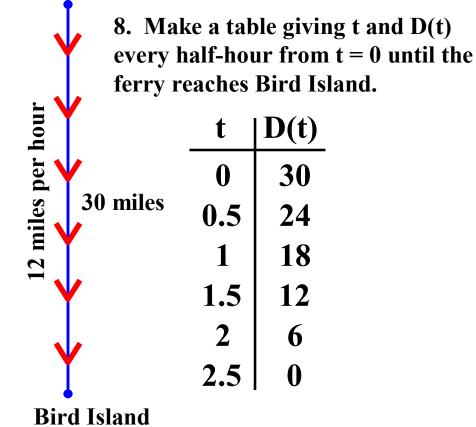
Blue Fin Bay

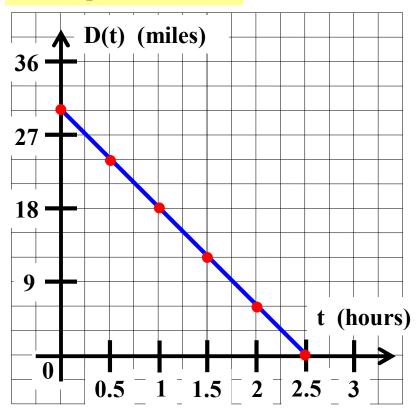




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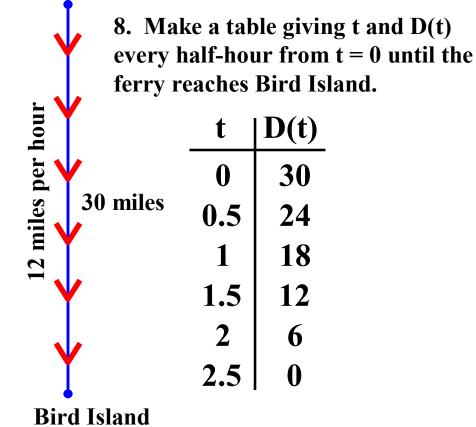
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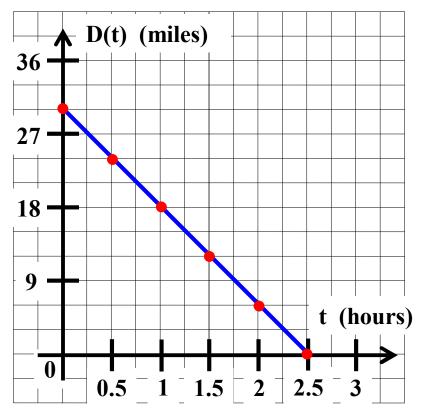




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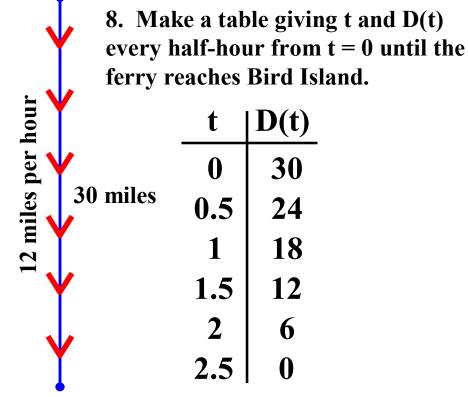
Blue Fin Bay



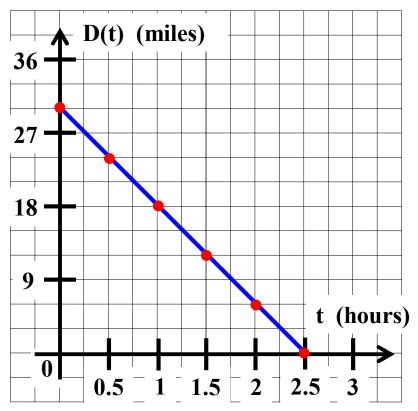


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Blue Fin Bay



9. Graph function D.

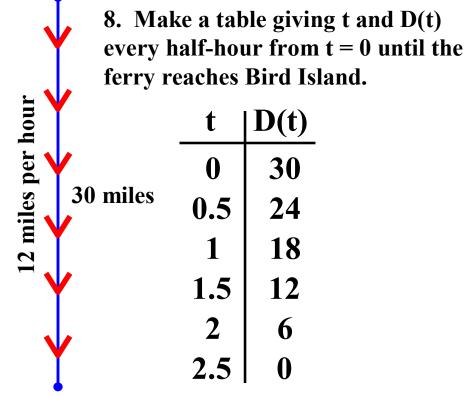


Bird Island

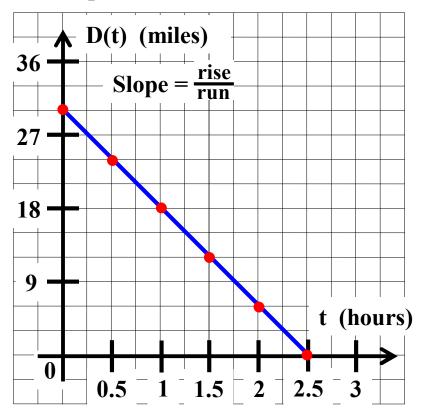
10. Write an equation giving D(t) in terms of t.

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Blue Fin Bay



9. Graph function D.

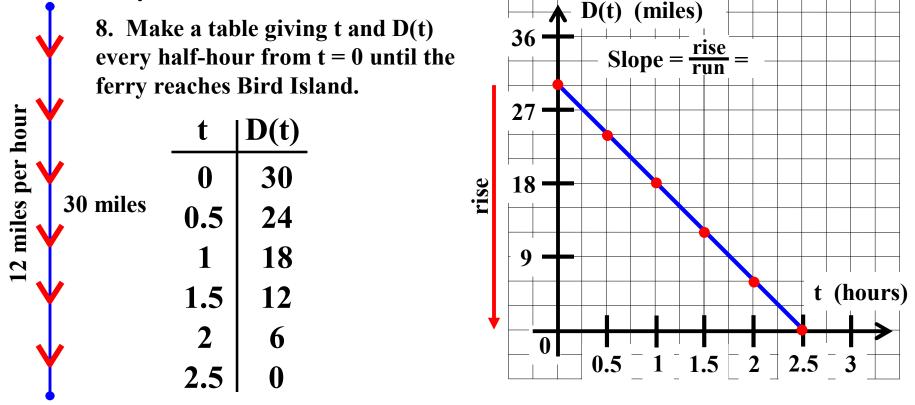


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Blue Fin Bay

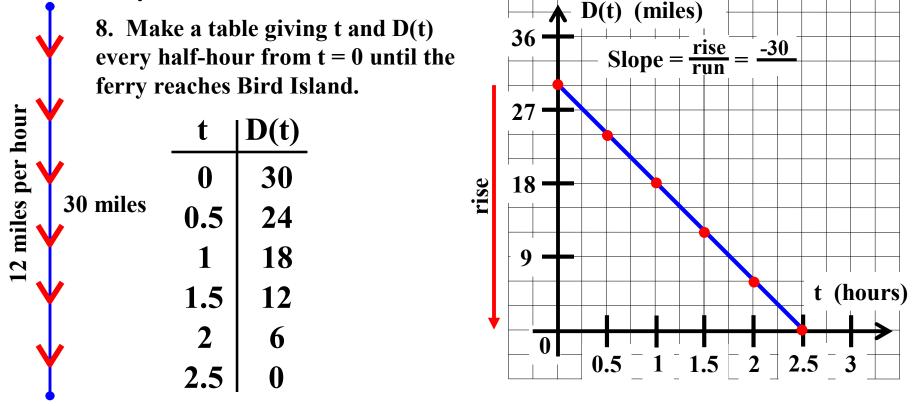


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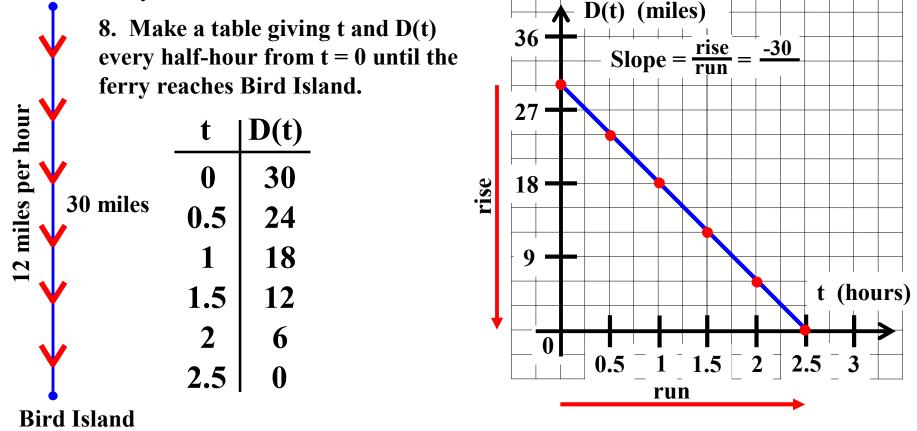
Blue Fin Bay



Bird Island

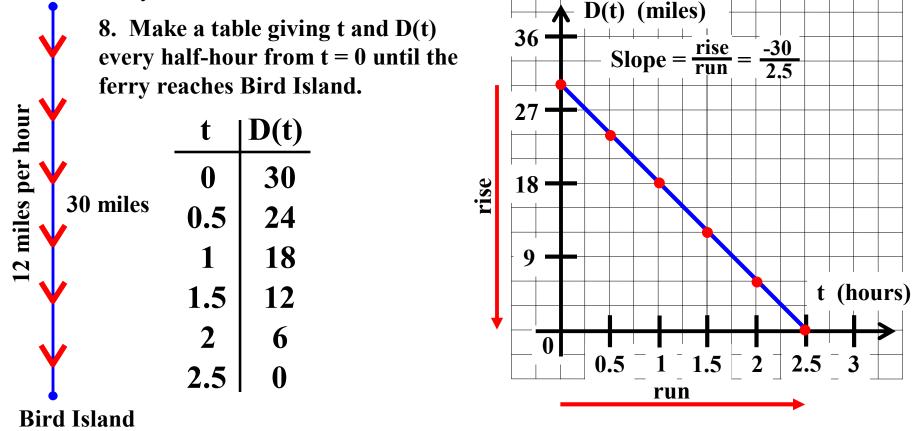
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Blue Fin Bay



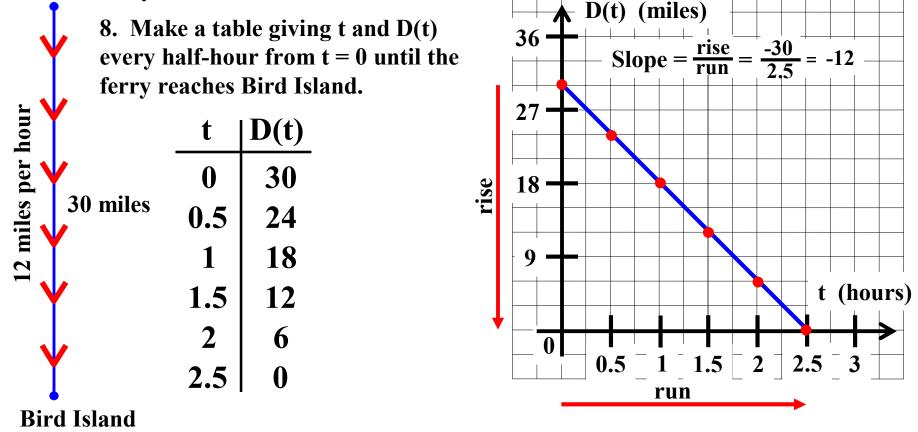
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Blue Fin Bay



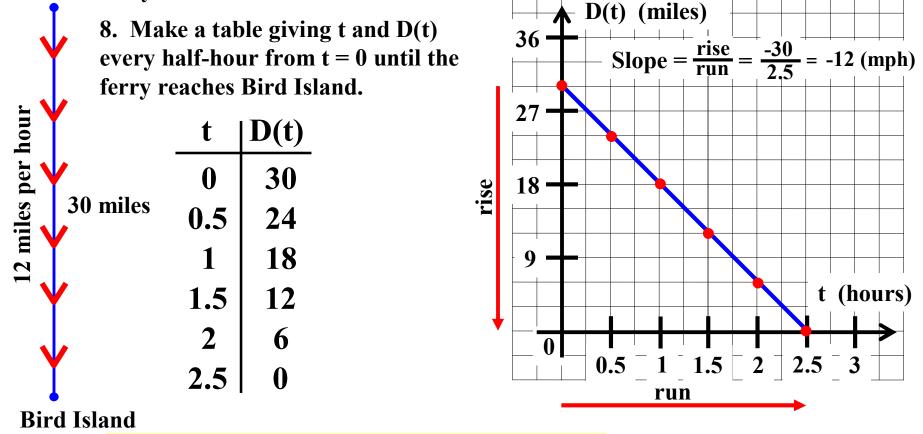
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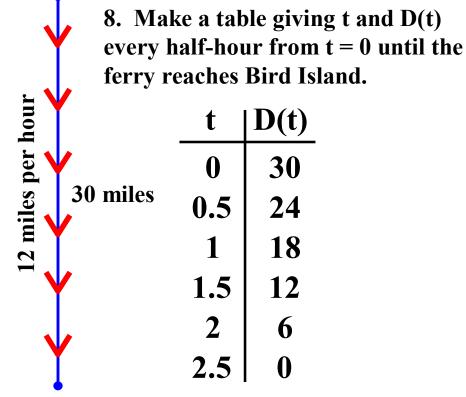
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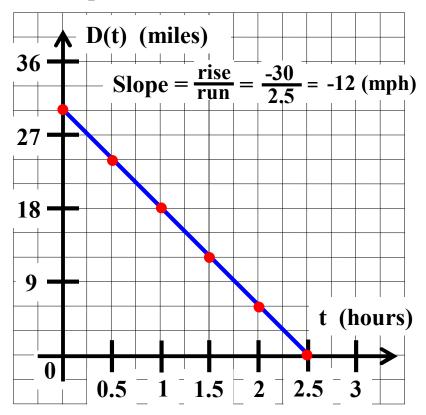


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Blue Fin Bay



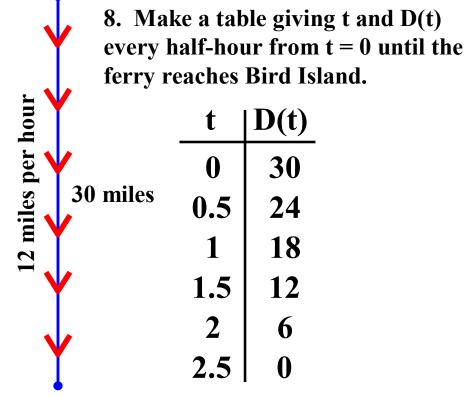
9. Graph function D.



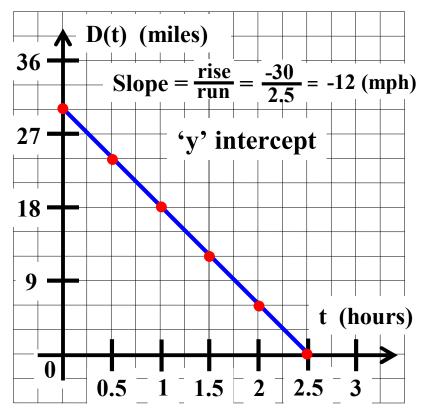
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Blue Fin Bay



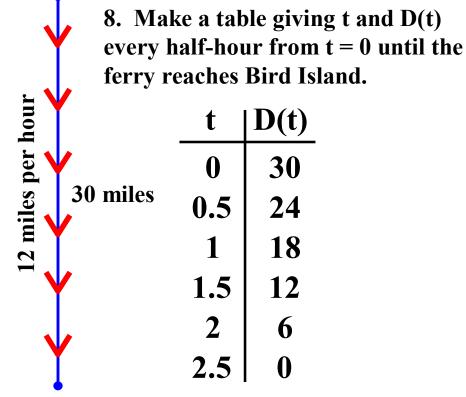
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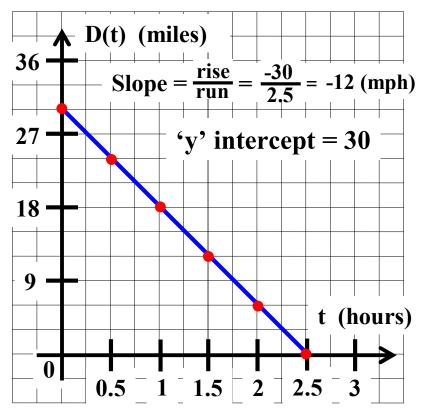
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Blue Fin Bay



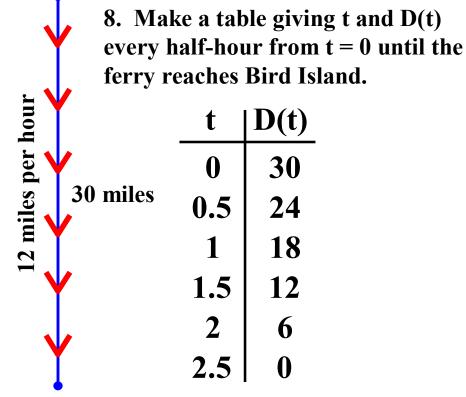
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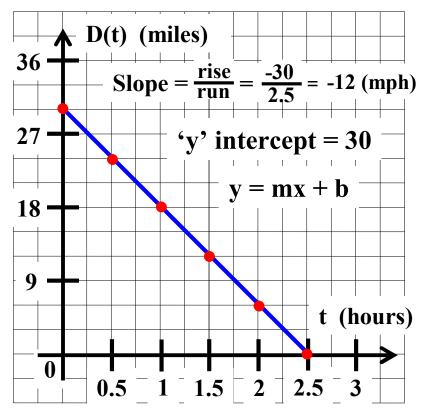
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Blue Fin Bay



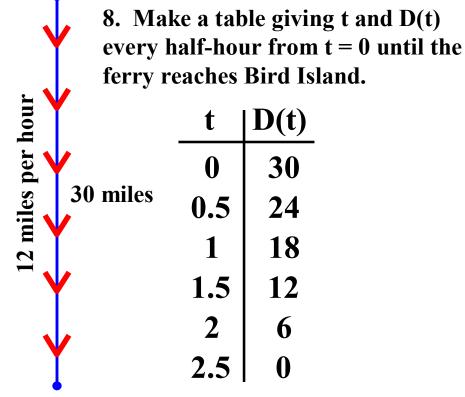
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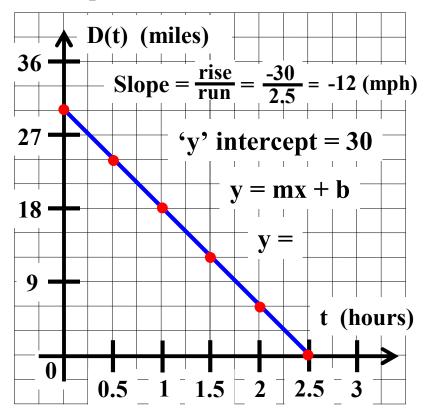
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Blue Fin Bay



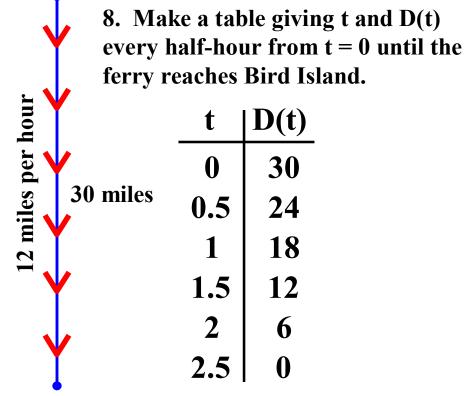
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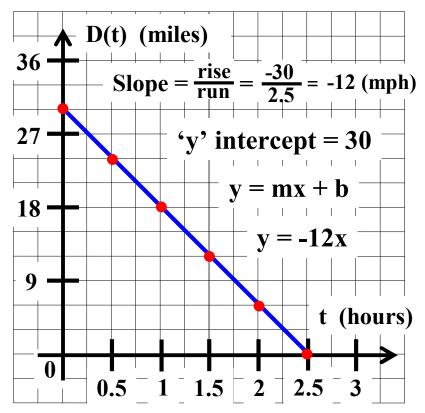
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Blue Fin Bay



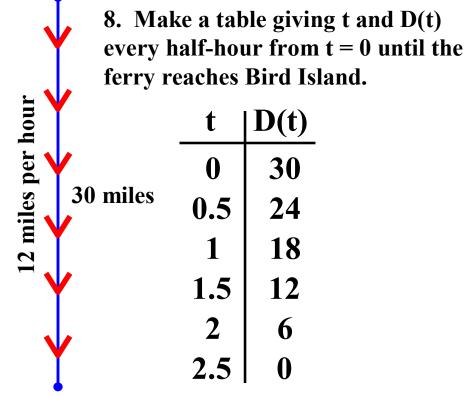
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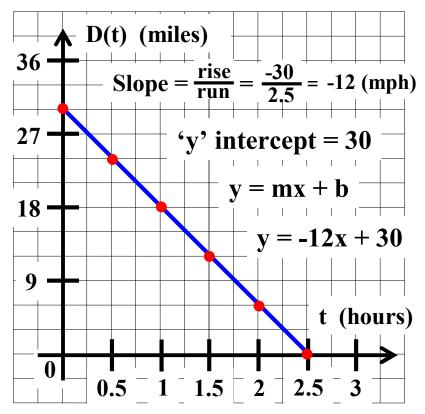
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Blue Fin Bay



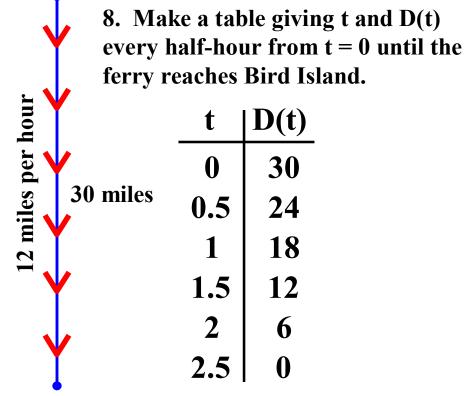
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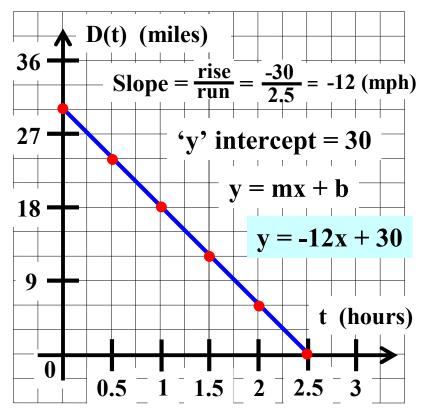
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Blue Fin Bay



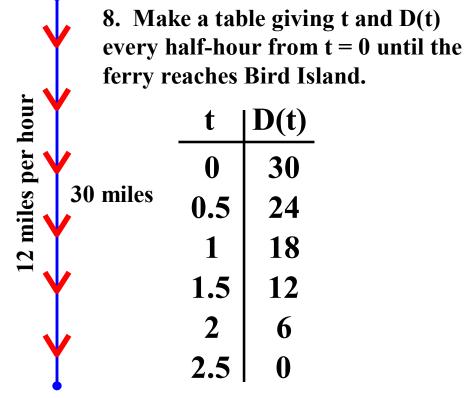
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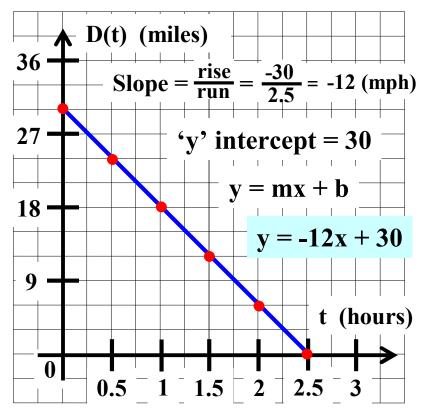
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Blue Fin Bay



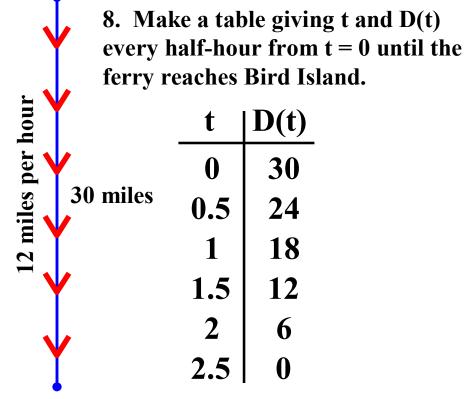
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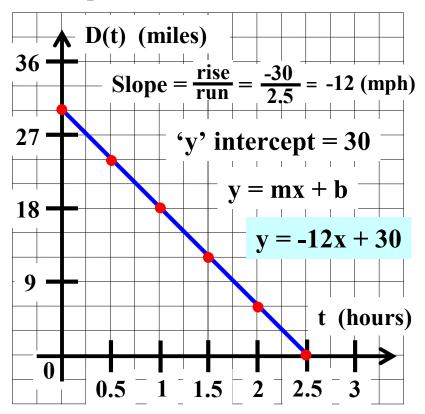
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Blue Fin Bay



9. Graph function D.

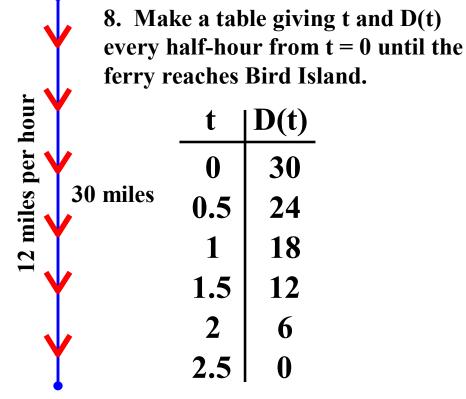


Bird Island

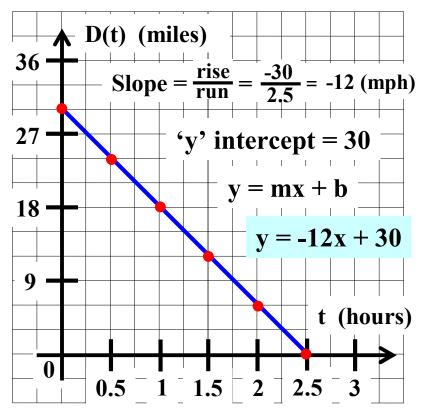
 $\mathbf{D}(\mathbf{t}) =$ **10.** Write an equation giving D(t) in terms of t.

Bird Island is 30 miles due south of Blue Fin Bay. A Ferry sails from Blue Fin Bay to Bird Island at a constant speed of 12 miles per hour. Let t represent the time in hours that the Ferry has been sailing. Let D(t) represent the distance in miles that the Ferry is from Bird Island.

Blue Fin Bay



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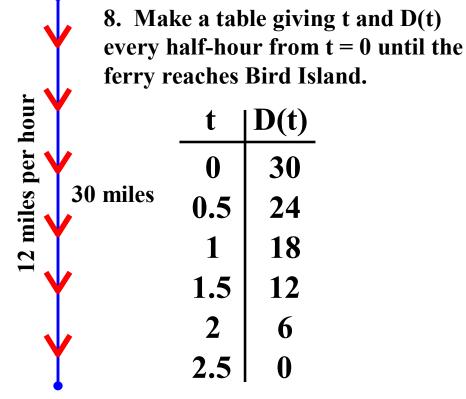


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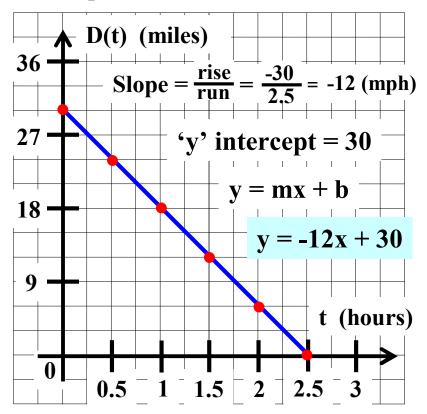
D(t) = -12t**10.** Write an equation giving D(t) in terms of t.

Bird Island is 30 miles due south of Blue Fin Bay. A Ferry sails from Blue Fin Bay to Bird Island at a constant speed of 12 miles per hour. Let t represent the time in hours that the Ferry has been sailing. Let D(t) represent the distance in miles that the Ferry is from Bird Island.

Blue Fin Bay



9. Graph function D.

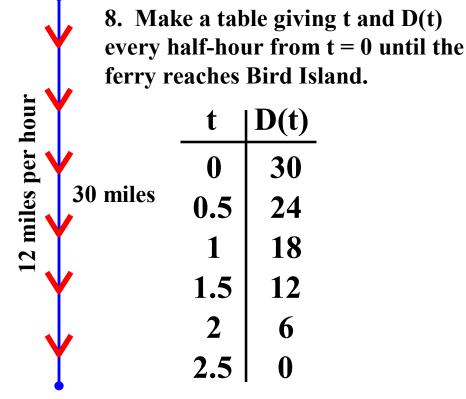


Bird Island

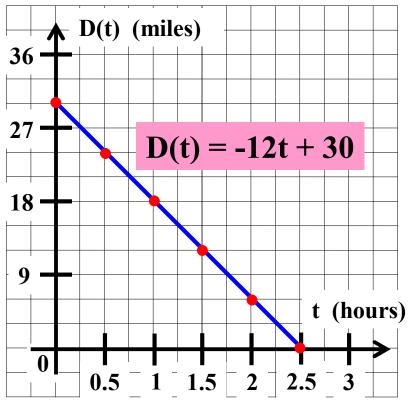
D(t) = -12t + 30**10.** Write an equation giving D(t) in terms of t.

Bird Island is 30 miles due south of Blue Fin Bay. A Ferry sails from Blue Fin Bay to Bird Island at a constant speed of 12 miles per hour. Let t represent the time in hours that the Ferry has been sailing. Let D(t) represent the distance in miles that the Ferry is from Bird Island.

Blue Fin Bay



9. Graph function D.

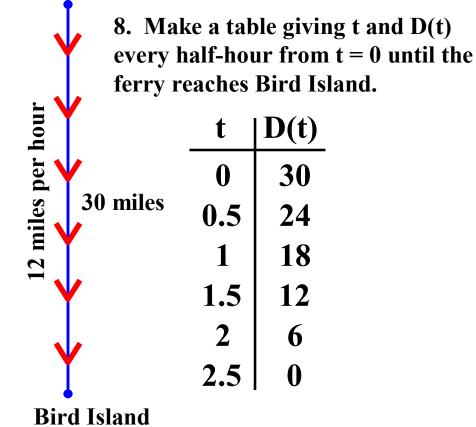


Bird Island

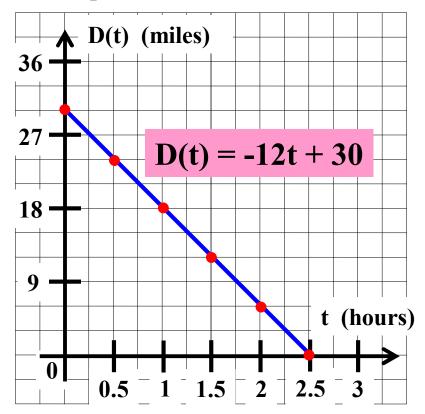
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Blue Fin Bay

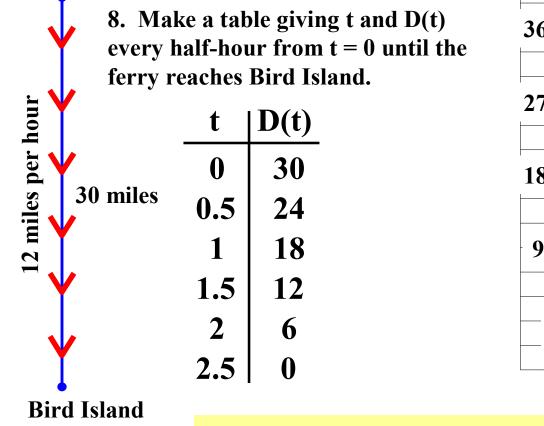


9. Graph function D.

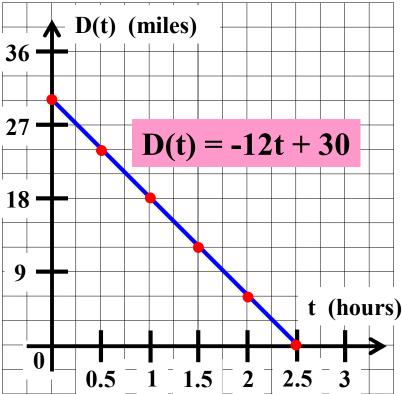


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Blue Fin Bay



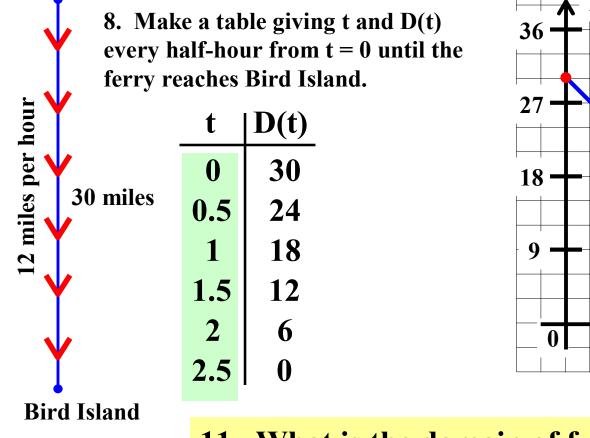
9. Graph function D.



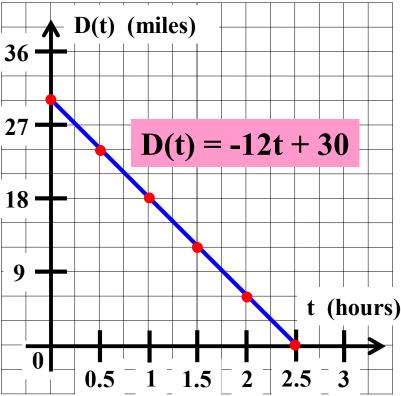
11. What is the domain of function D?

Bird Island is 30 miles due south of Blue Fin Bay. A Ferry sails from Blue Fin Bay to Bird Island at a constant speed of 12 miles per hour. Let t represent the time in hours that the Ferry has been sailing. Let D(t) represent the distance in miles that the Ferry is from Bird Island.

Blue Fin Bay



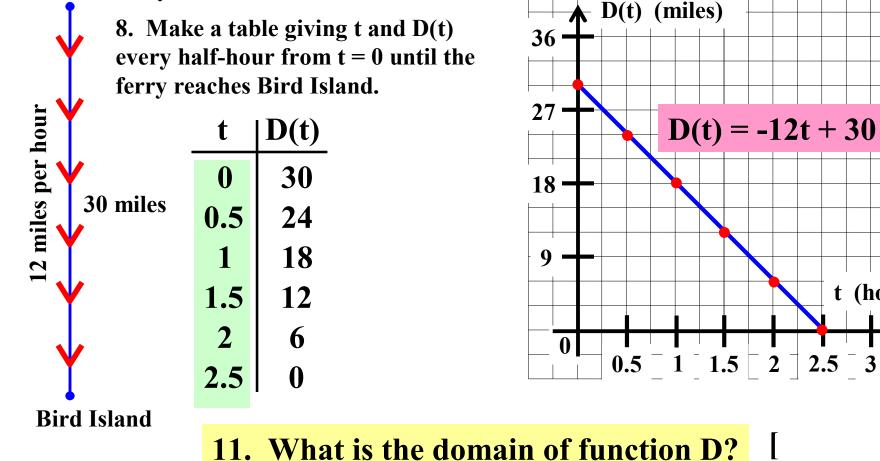
9. Graph function D.



11. What is the domain of function D?

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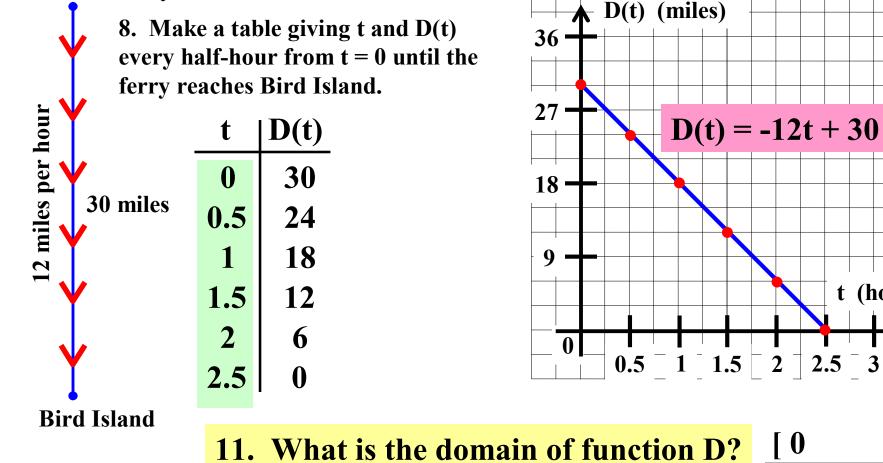
Blue Fin Bay



9. Graph function D.

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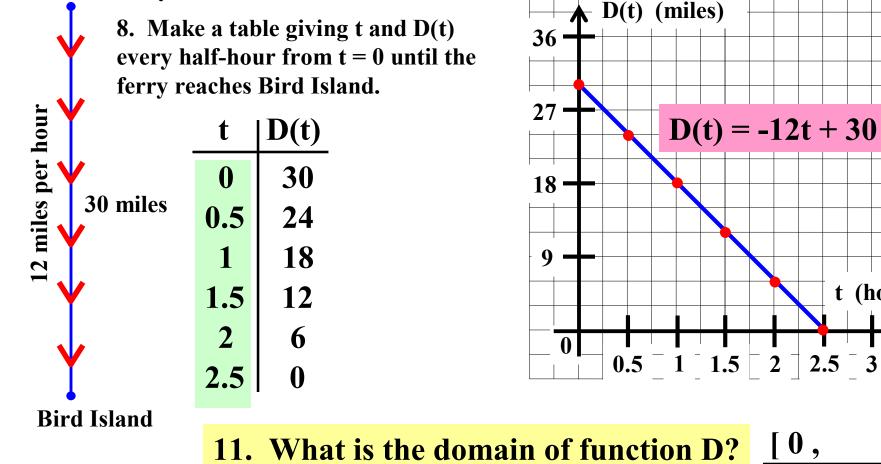
Blue Fin Bay



9. Graph function D.

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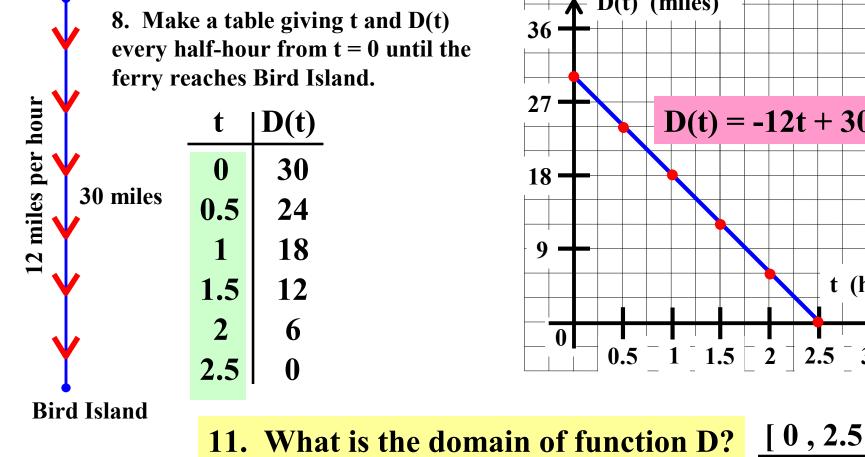
Blue Fin Bay



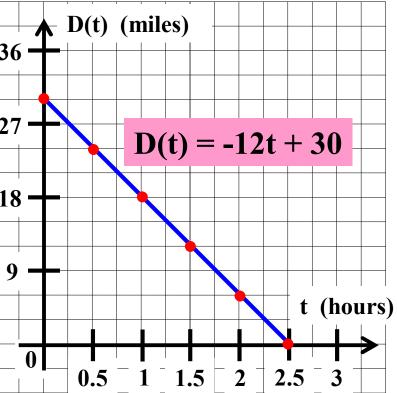
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Blue Fin Bay

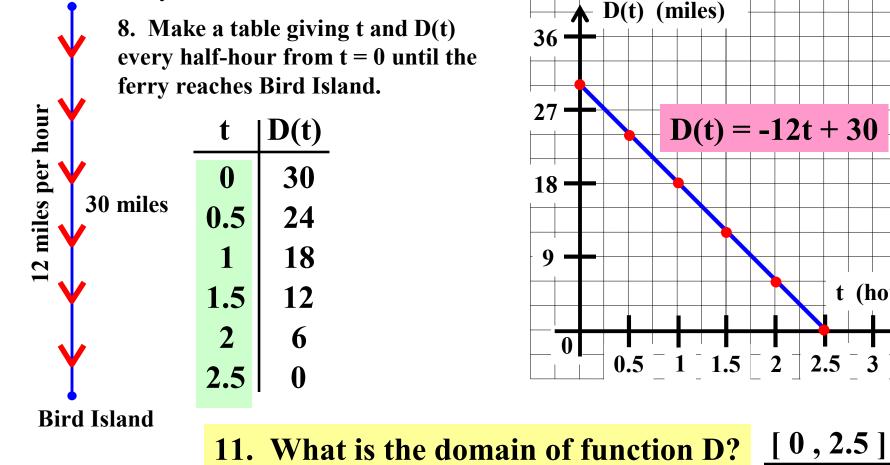


9. Graph function D.



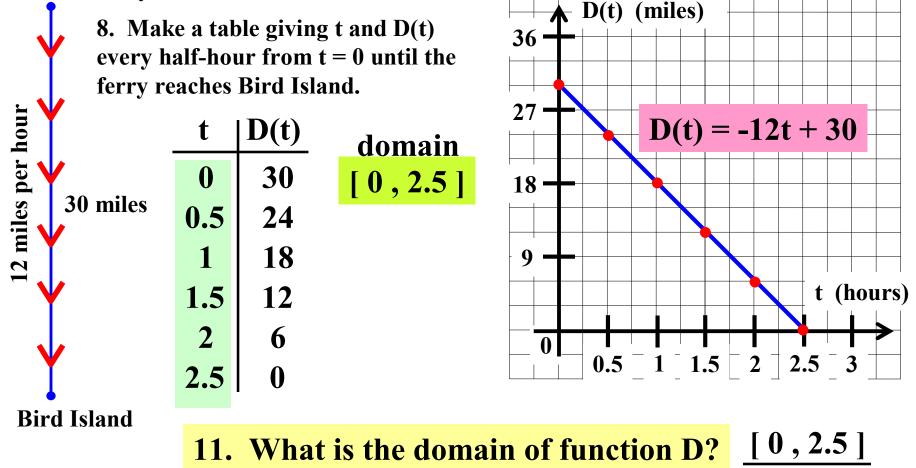
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Blue Fin Bay



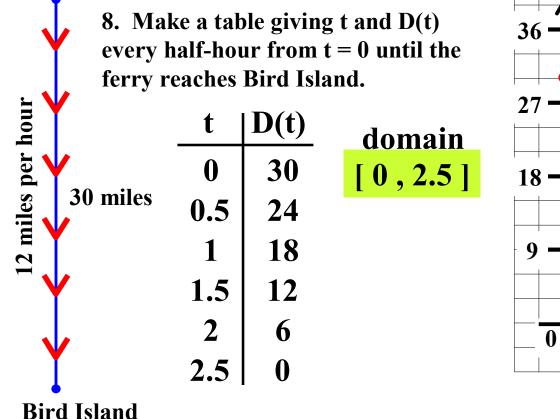
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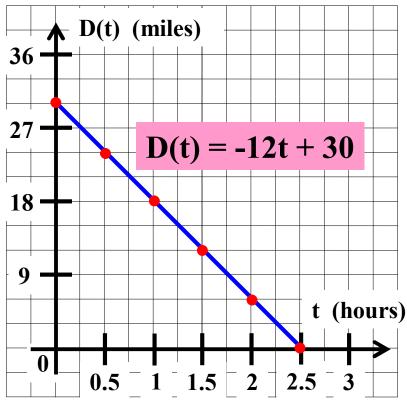


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Blue Fin Bay

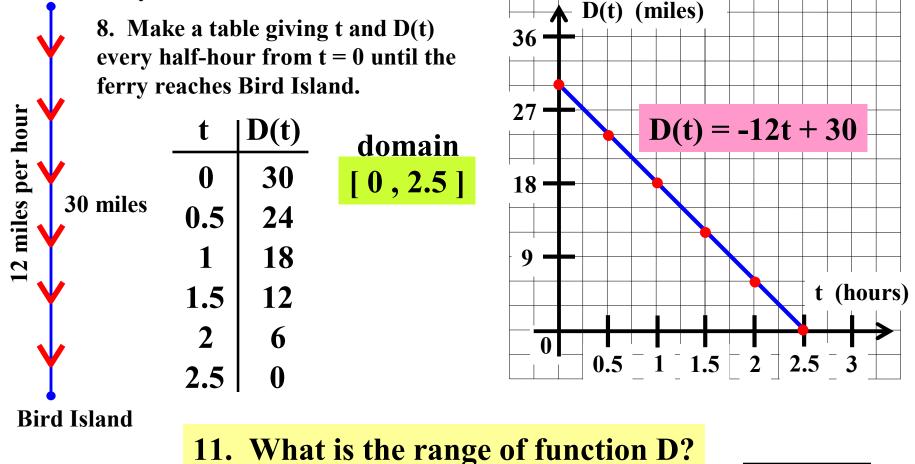


9. Graph function D.



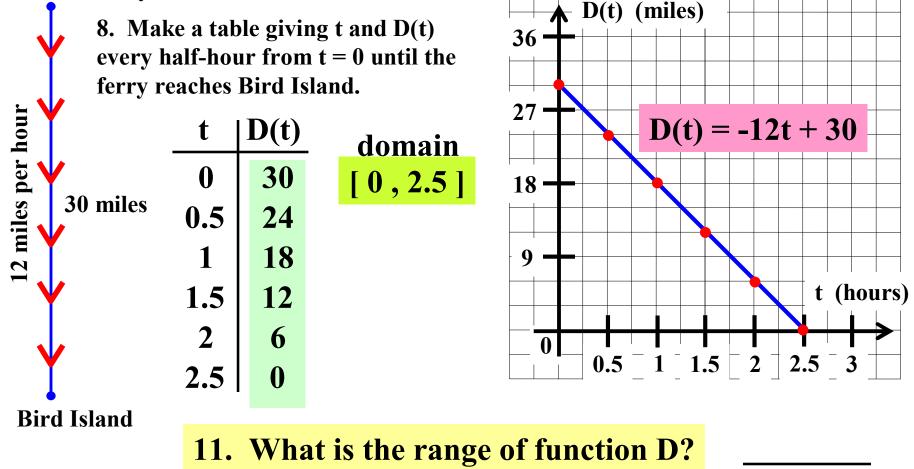
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Blue Fin Bay

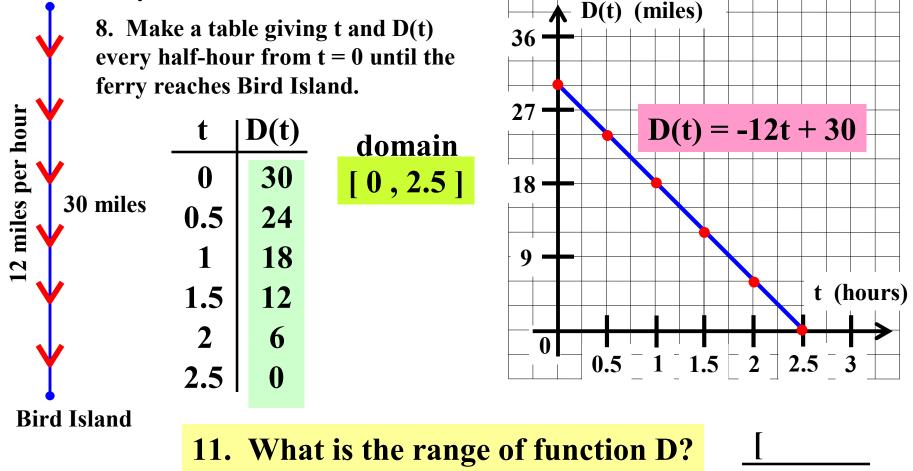


9. Graph function D.

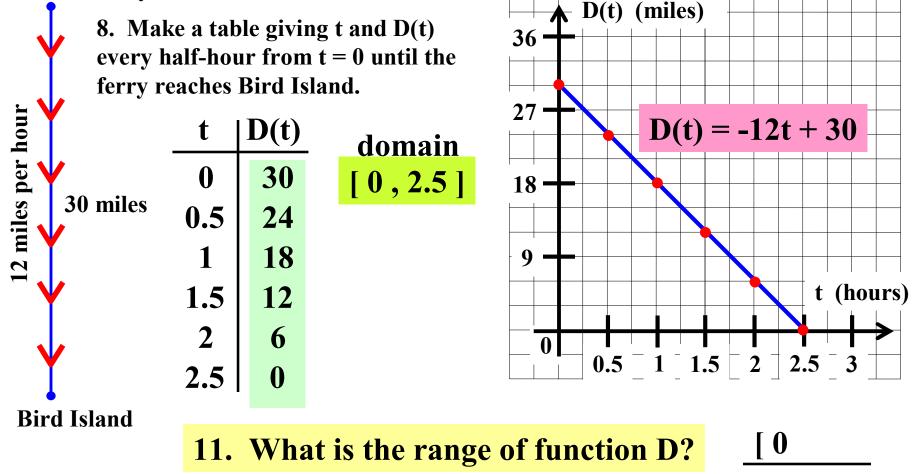
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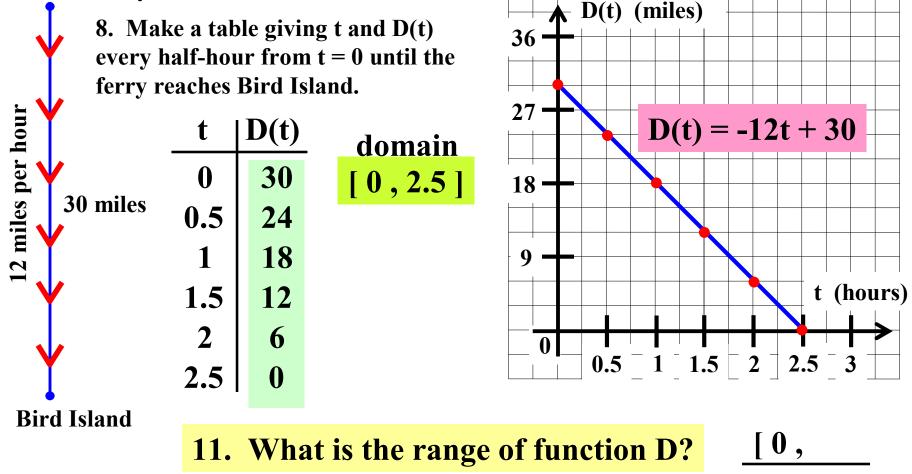
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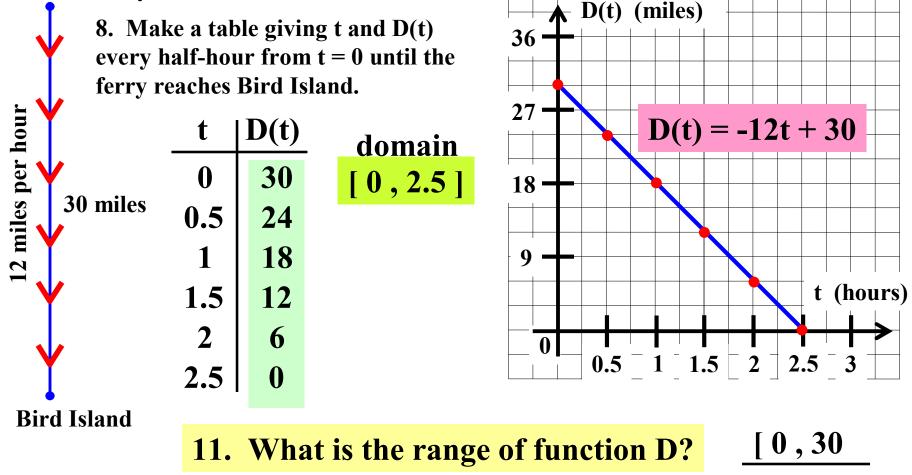
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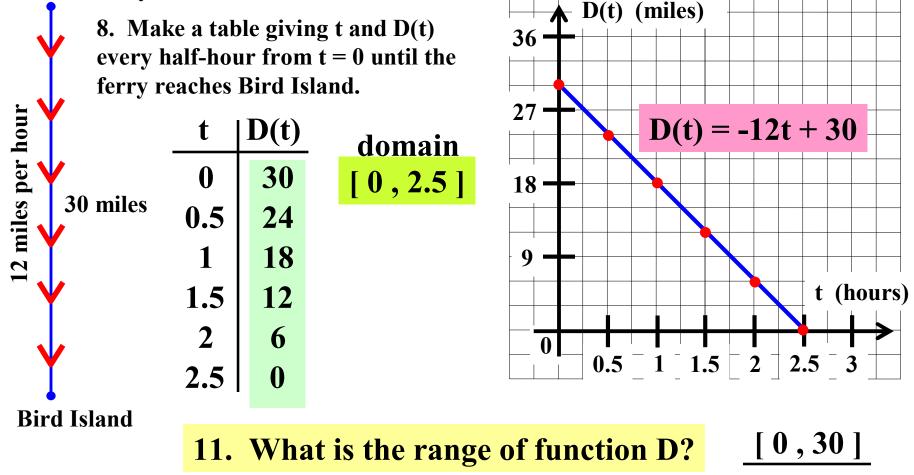
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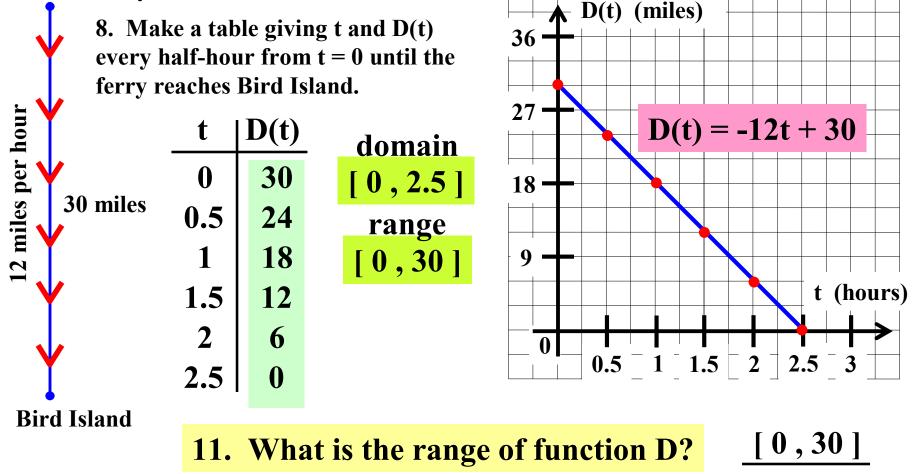
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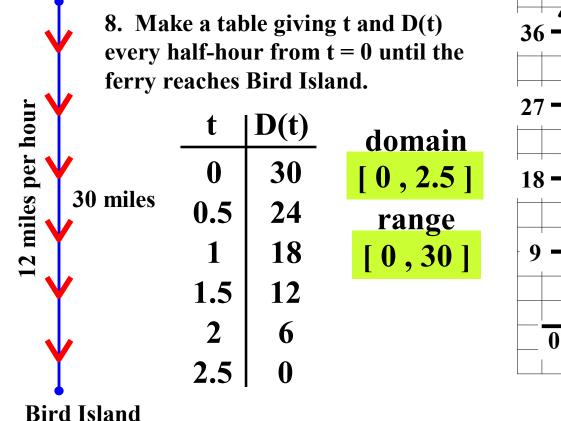


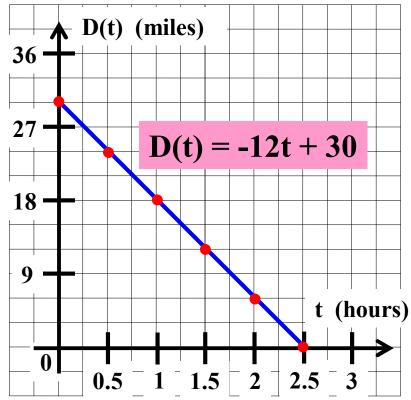
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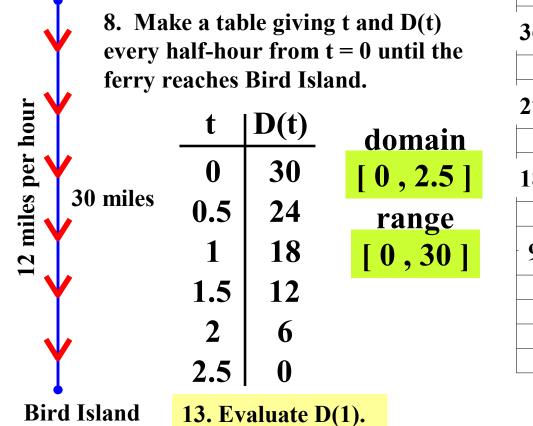
Blue Fin Bay

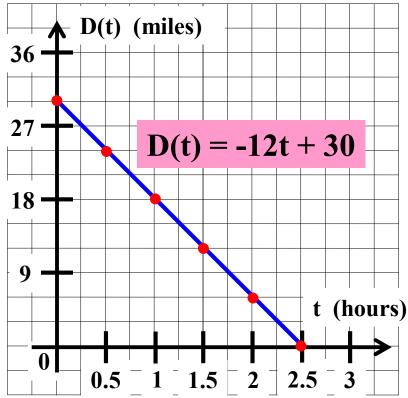




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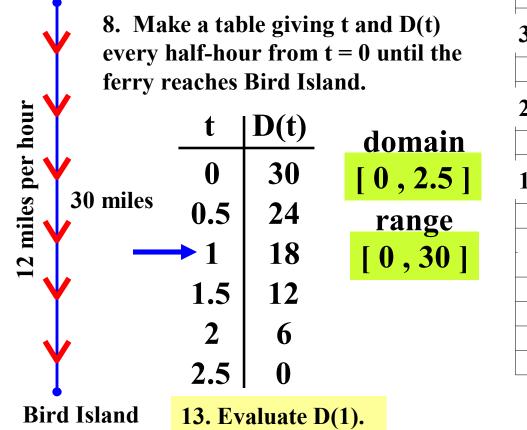
Blue Fin Bay

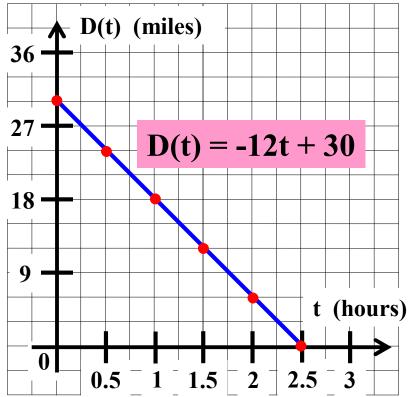




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Blue Fin Bay

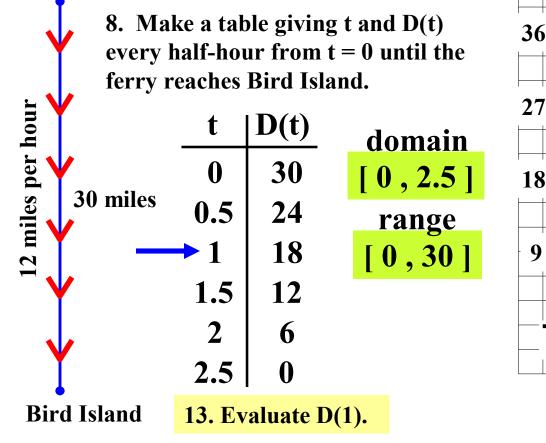


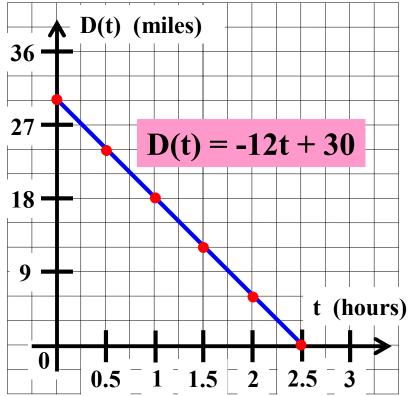


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Blue Fin Bay

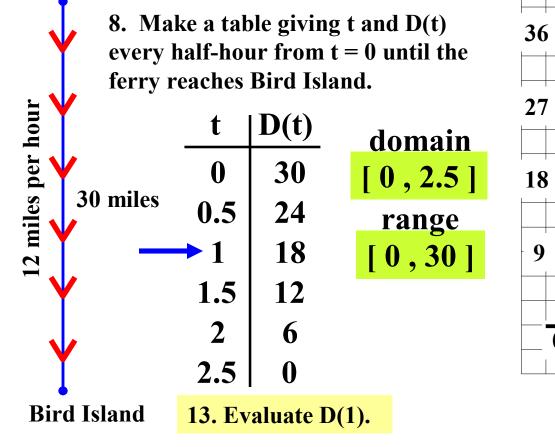
D(1) =



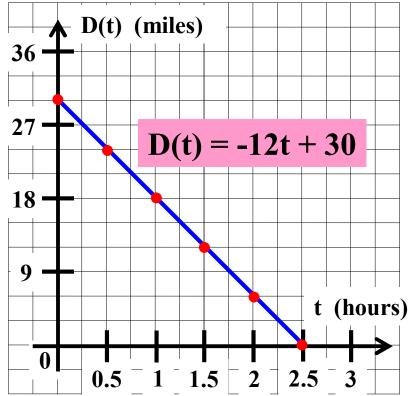


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Blue Fin Bay



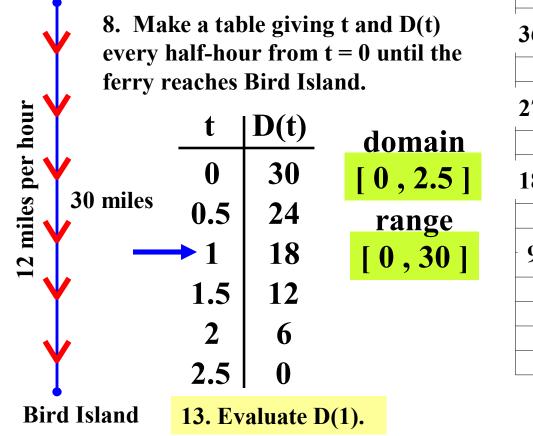
9. Graph function D.

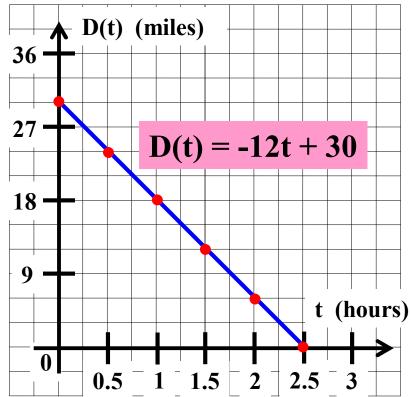


D(1) = 18

Bird Island is 30 miles due south of Blue Fin Bay. A Ferry sails from Blue Fin Bay to Bird Island at a constant speed of 12 miles per hour. Let t represent the time in hours that the Ferry has been sailing. Let D(t) represent the distance in miles that the Ferry is from Bird Island.

Blue Fin Bay

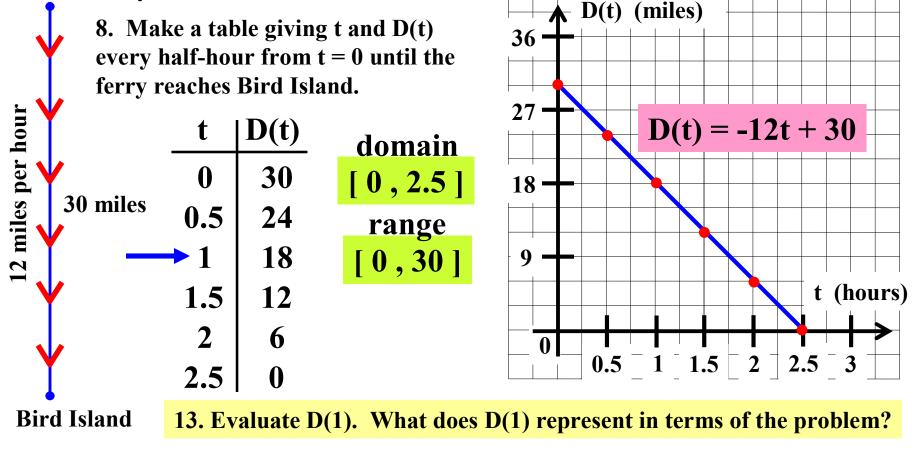




D(1) = 18 miles.

Bird Island is 30 miles due south of Blue Fin Bay. A Ferry sails from Blue Fin Bayto Bird Island at a constant speed of 12 miles per hour. Let t represent the time inhours that the Ferry has been sailing. Let D(t) represent the distance in miles thatthe Ferry is from Bird Island.9. Graph function D.

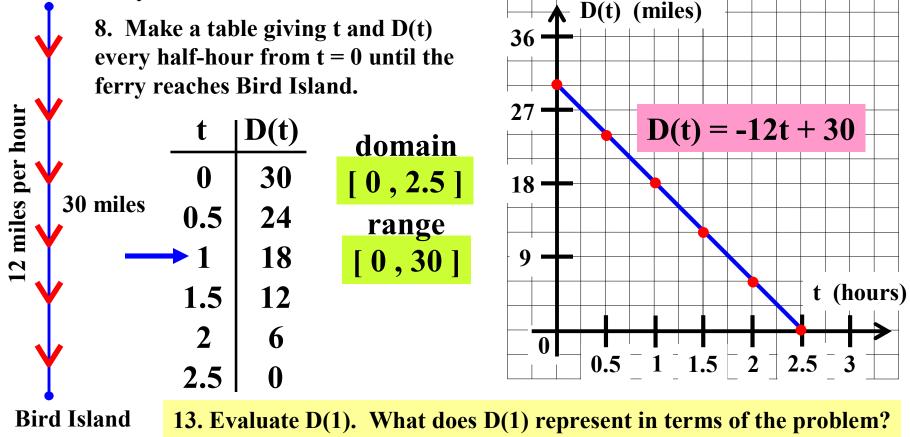
Blue Fin Bay



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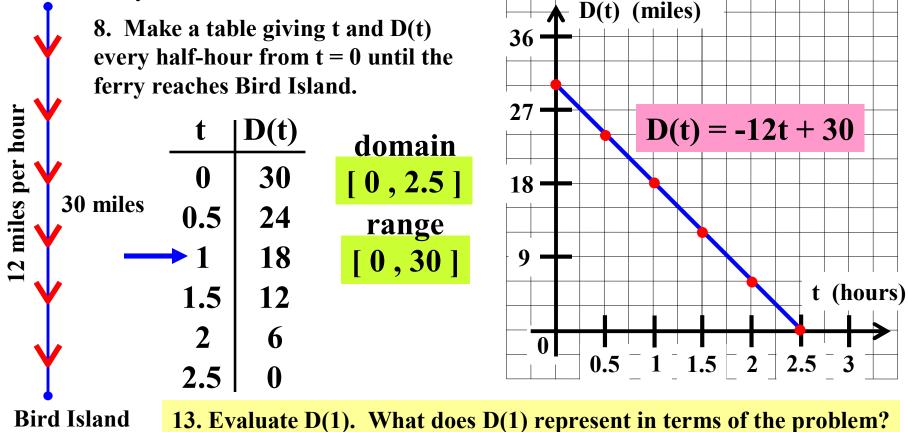
Blue Fin Bay



D(1) = 18 miles.

Bird Island is 30 miles due south of Blue Fin Bay. A Ferry sails from Blue Fin Bay to Bird Island at a constant speed of 12 miles per hour. Let t represent the time in hours that the Ferry has been sailing. Let D(t) represent the distance in miles that the Ferry is from Bird Island. 9. Graph function D.

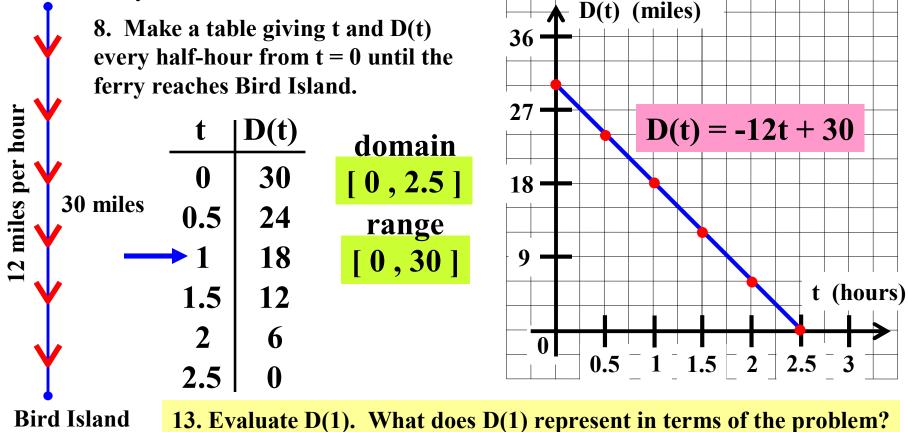
Blue Fin Bay



D(1) = 18 miles. D(1) represents the distance the ferry is from Bird Island

Bird Island is 30 miles due south of Blue Fin Bay. A Ferry sails from Blue Fin Bay to Bird Island at a constant speed of 12 miles per hour. Let t represent the time in hours that the Ferry has been sailing. Let D(t) represent the distance in miles that the Ferry is from Bird Island. 9. Graph function D.

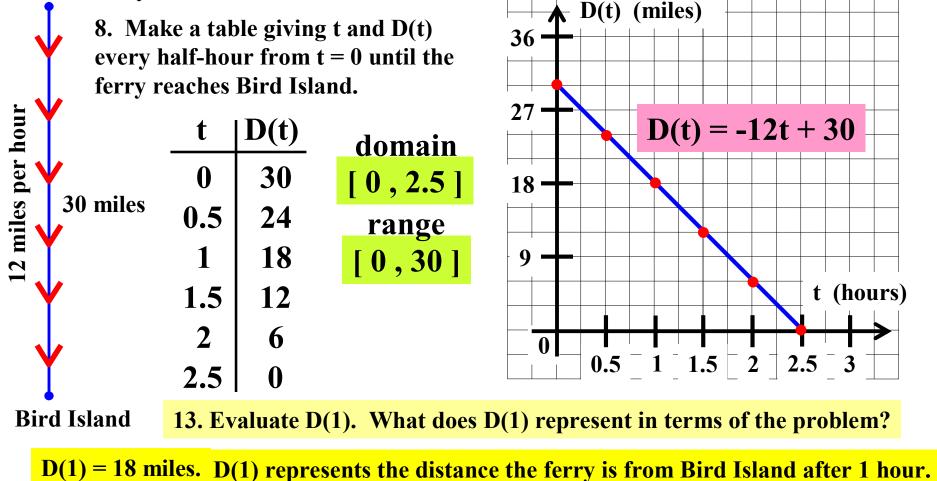
Blue Fin Bay



D(1) = 18 miles. D(1) represents the distance the ferry is from Bird Island after 1 hour.

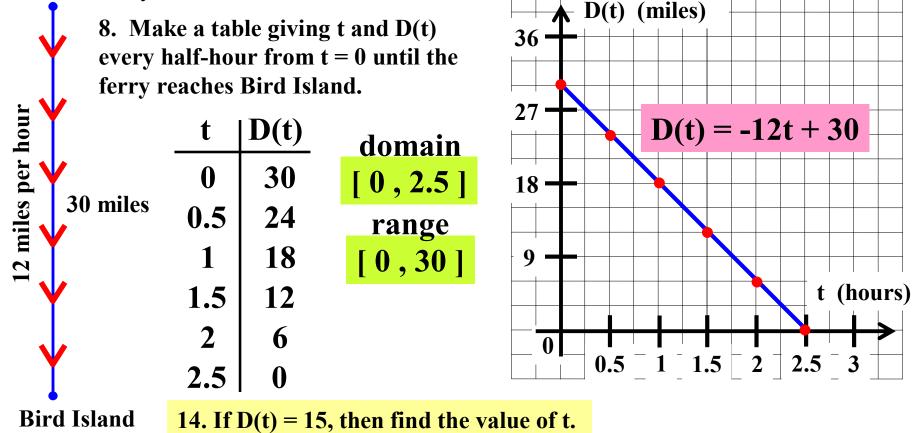
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Blue Fin Bay



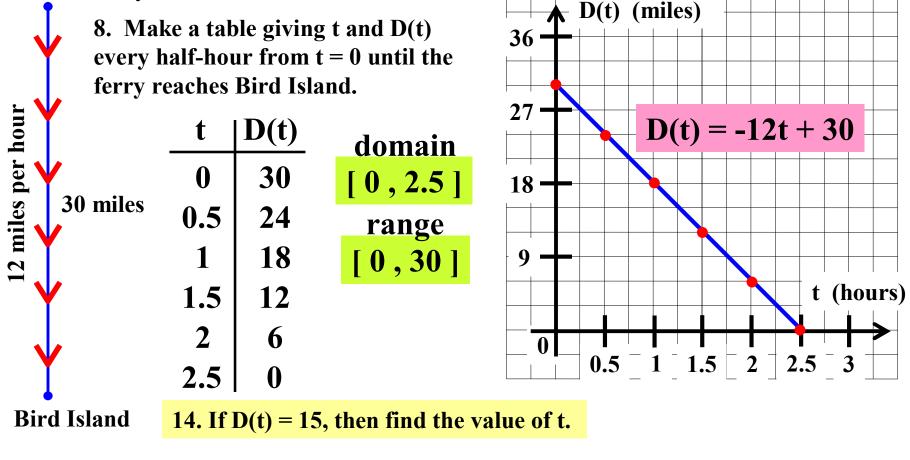
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Blue Fin Bay



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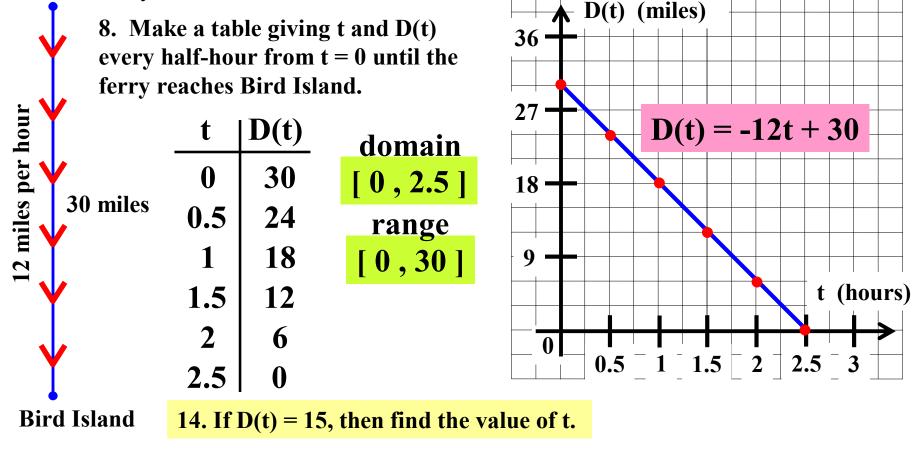
Blue Fin Bay



-12t + 30

Bird Island is 30 miles due south of Blue Fin Bay. A Ferry sails from Blue Fin Bayto Bird Island at a constant speed of 12 miles per hour. Let t represent the time inhours that the Ferry has been sailing. Let D(t) represent the distance in miles thatthe Ferry is from Bird Island.9. Graph function D.

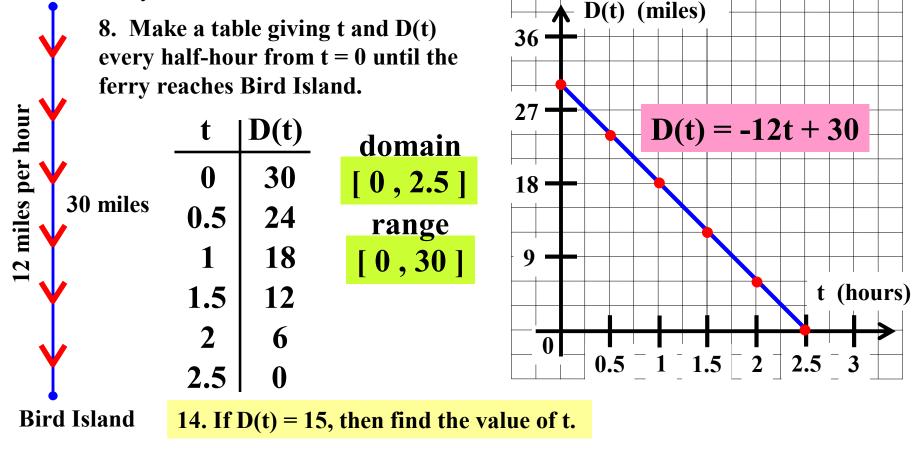
Blue Fin Bay



-12t + 30 = 15

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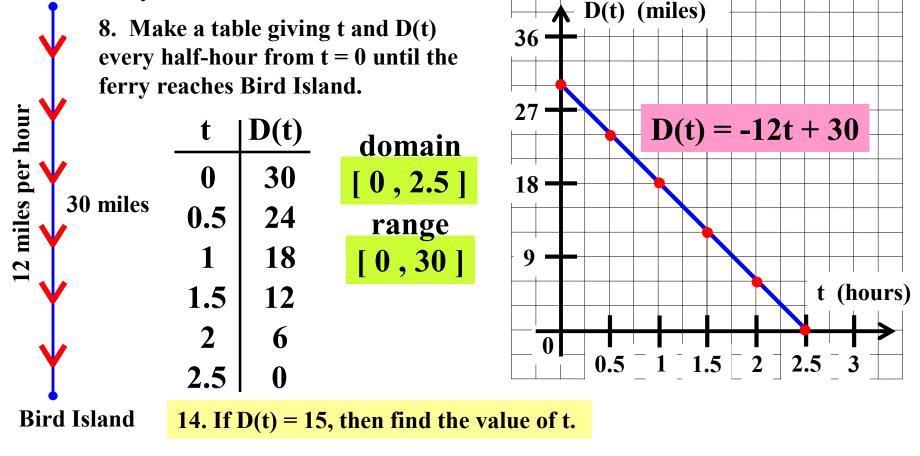
Blue Fin Bay



 $-12t + 30 = 15 \rightarrow -12t =$

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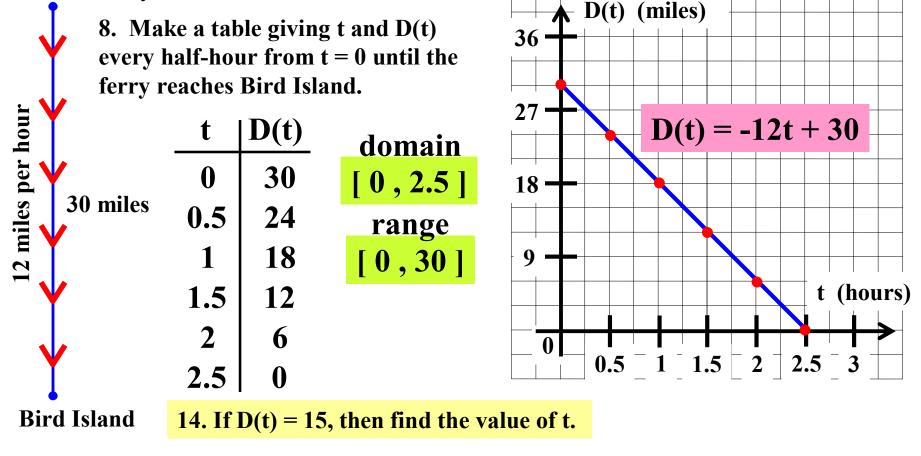
Blue Fin Bay



 $-12t + 30 = 15 \implies -12t = -15$

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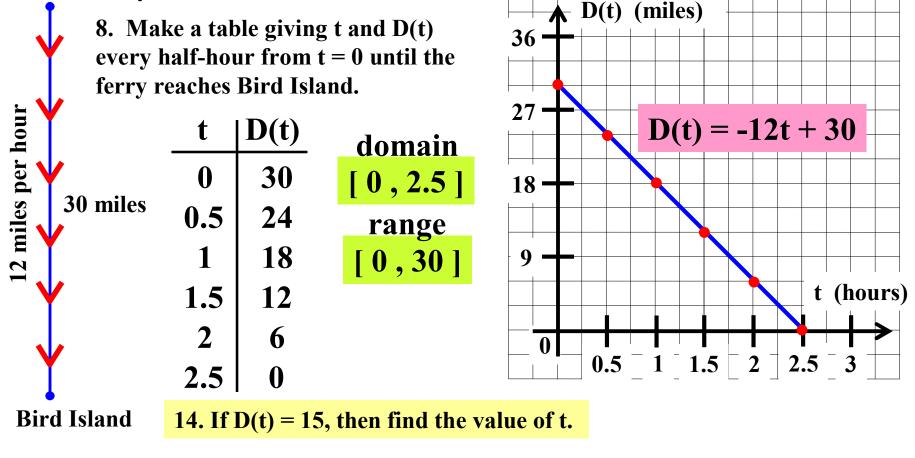
Blue Fin Bay



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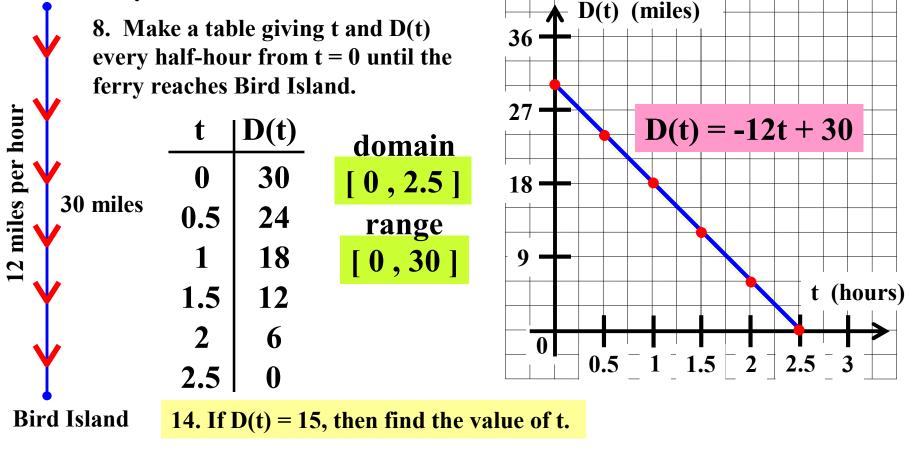
Blue Fin Bay



 $-12t + 30 = 15 \implies -12t = -15 \implies t =$

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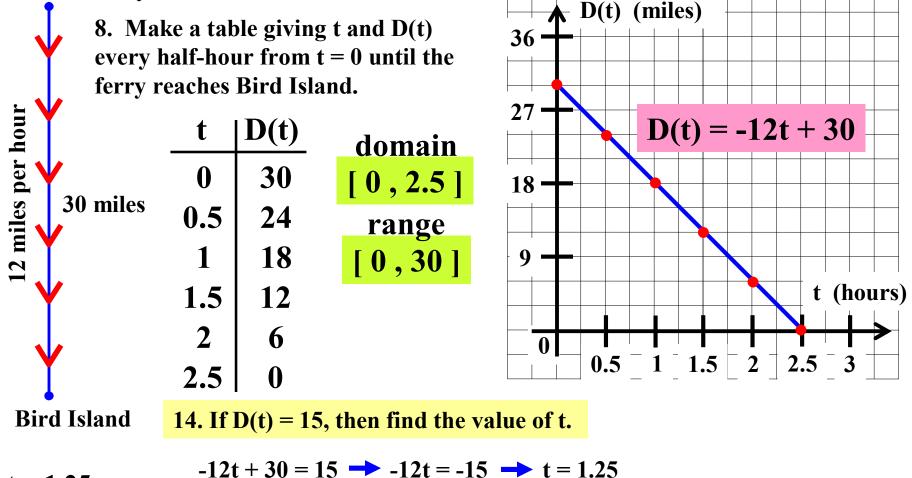
Blue Fin Bay



 $-12t + 30 = 15 \implies -12t = -15 \implies t = 1.25$

Bird Island is 30 miles due south of Blue Fin Bay. A Ferry sails from Blue Fin Bayto Bird Island at a constant speed of 12 miles per hour. Let t represent the time inhours that the Ferry has been sailing. Let D(t) represent the distance in miles thatthe Ferry is from Bird Island.9. Graph function D.

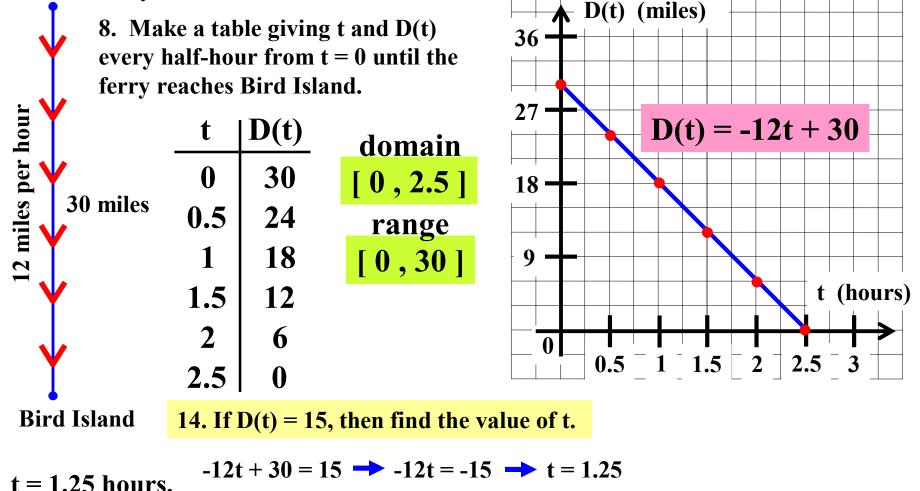
Blue Fin Bay



t = 1.25

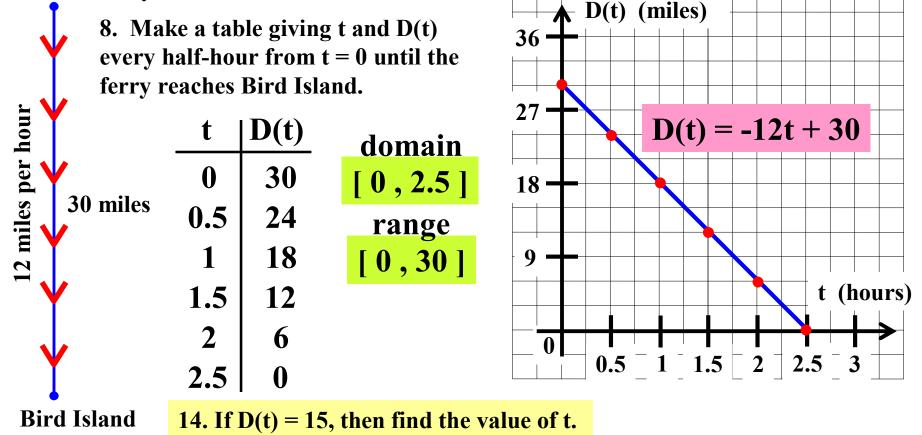
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Blue Fin Bay



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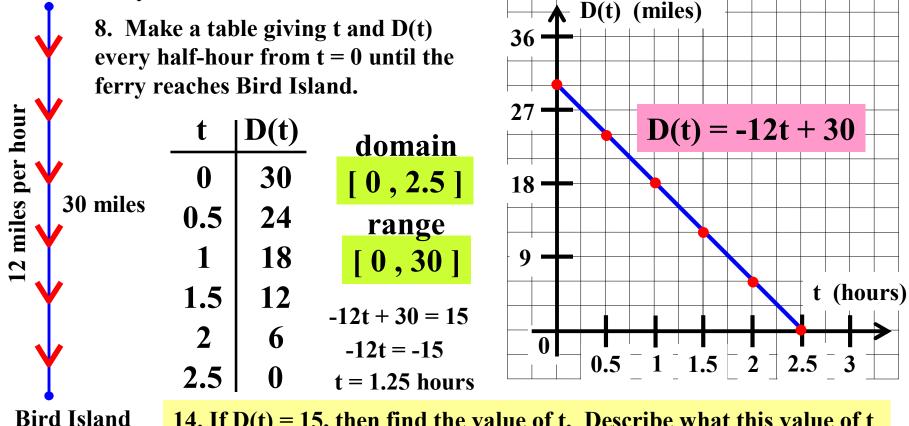
Blue Fin Bay



t = 1.25 hours.

Bird Island is 30 miles due south of Blue Fin Bay. A Ferry sails from Blue Fin Bayto Bird Island at a constant speed of 12 miles per hour. Let t represent the time inhours that the Ferry has been sailing. Let D(t) represent the distance in miles thatthe Ferry is from Bird Island.9. Graph function D.

Blue Fin Bay

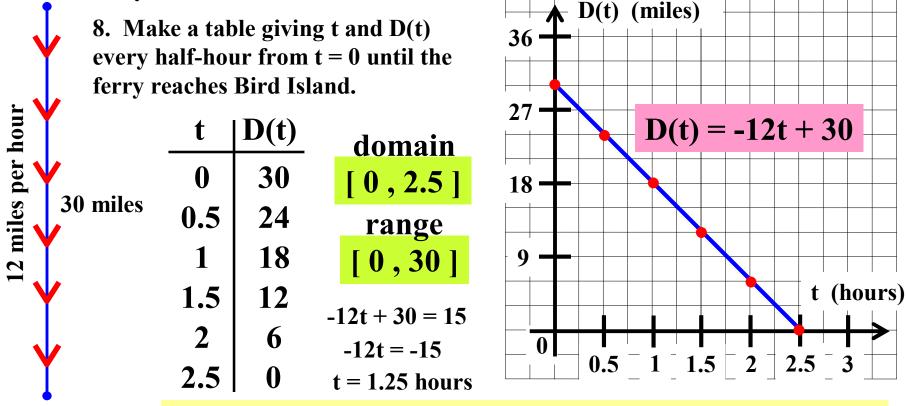


14. If D(t) = 15, then find the value of t. Describe what this value of t represents in terms of the problem.

t = 1.25 hours.

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Blue Fin Bay



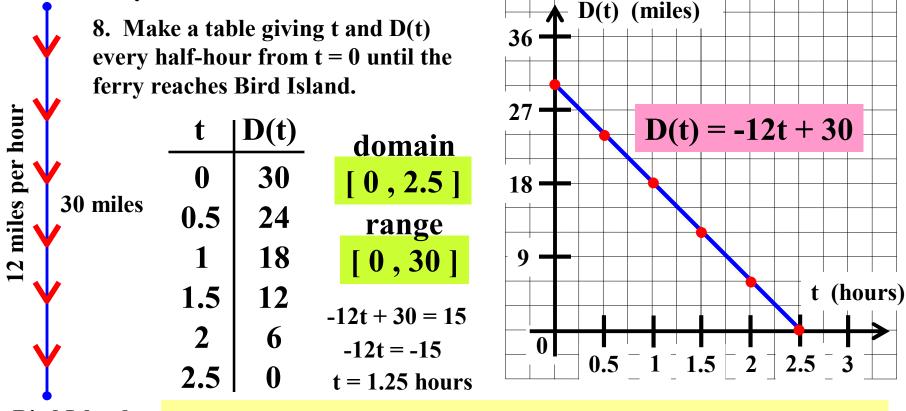
Bird Island

14. If D(t) = 15, then find the value of t. Describe what this value of t represents in terms of the problem.

t = 1.25 hours. This represents the time it takes the ferry

Bird Island is 30 miles due south of Blue Fin Bay. A Ferry sails from Blue Fin Bayto Bird Island at a constant speed of 12 miles per hour. Let t represent the time inhours that the Ferry has been sailing. Let D(t) represent the distance in miles thatthe Ferry is from Bird Island.9. Graph function D.

Blue Fin Bay

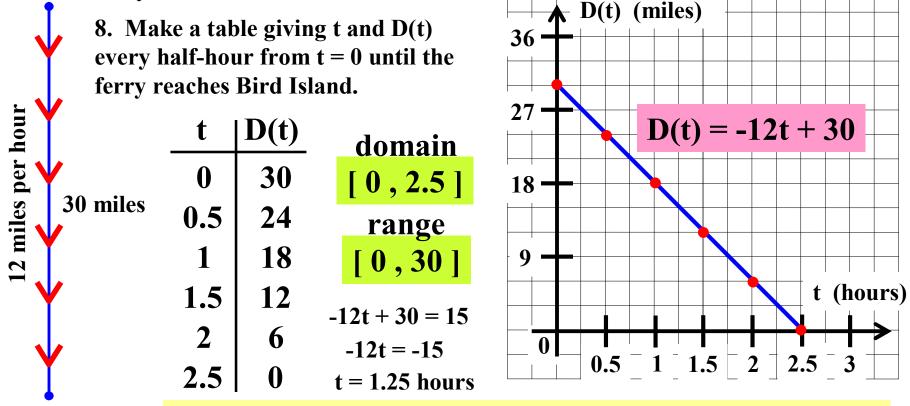


Bird Island 14. If D(t) = 15, then find the value of t. Describe what this value of t represents in terms of the problem.

t = 1.25 hours. This represents the time it takes the ferry to be 15 miles from Bird Island.

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Blue Fin Bay



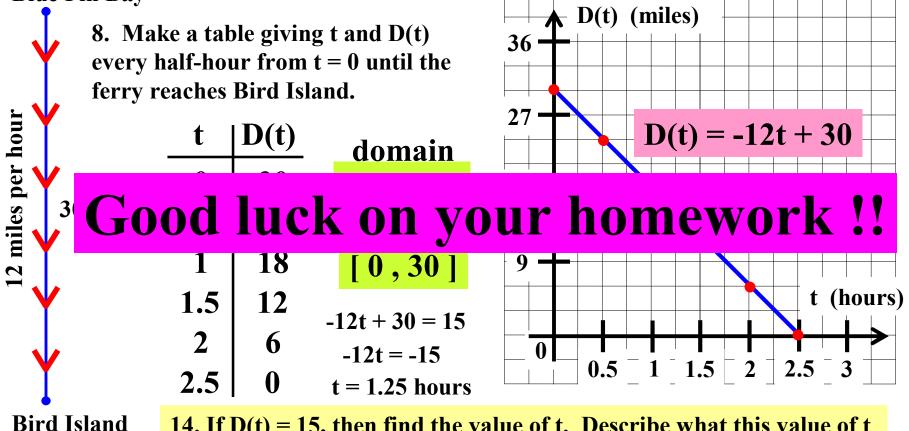
Bird Island

14. If D(t) = 15, then find the value of t. Describe what this value of t represents in terms of the problem.

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Blue Fin Bay



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t = 1.25 hours. This represents the time it takes the ferry to be 15 miles from Bird Island.