## General Algebra II Worksheet #1 Unit 2 page 1

Objective: Given the equation of an oblique line in standard form (Ax + By = C), the students will be able to: a) determine the x and y intercepts, b) solve for y and c) graph the equation. Label each graph with its equation. Show all of your work neatly organized.

- 1. 5x + 2y = 10
- (a) x-intercept: \_\_\_\_ y-intercept: \_\_\_\_
- 4. 4x 5y = -20
- (a) x-intercept: \_\_\_\_ y-intercept: \_\_\_\_

(b)\_\_\_\_\_

(b) \_\_\_\_\_

2. 2x - 3y = 12

- 3.
- 5. x + 3y = 3
- (a) x-intercept: \_\_\_\_ y-intercept: \_\_\_\_
- (a) x-intercept: \_\_\_\_ y-intercept: \_\_\_\_

(b) \_\_\_\_\_

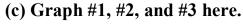
(b) \_\_\_\_\_

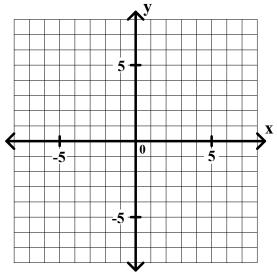
3. 5x + 3y = -6

- 6. x 4y = 20
- (a) x-intercept: \_\_\_\_ y-intercept: \_\_\_\_
- (a) x-intercept: \_\_\_\_ y-intercept: \_\_\_\_

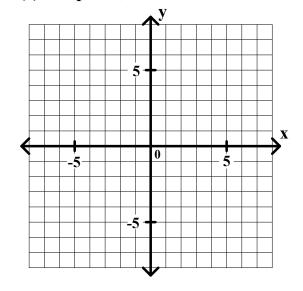
(b) \_\_\_\_\_

(b) \_\_\_\_\_





(c) Graph #4, #5, and #6 here.



## General Algebra II Worksheet #1 Unit 2 page 2

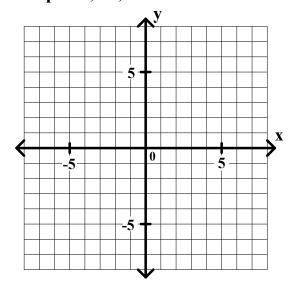
Objective: Given the equation of a horizontal or a vertical line, the student will be able to graph the equation. Label each graph with its equation.

7. 
$$y = 4$$

8. 
$$x = 5$$

9. 
$$y = -3$$

Graph #7, #8, and #9 here.

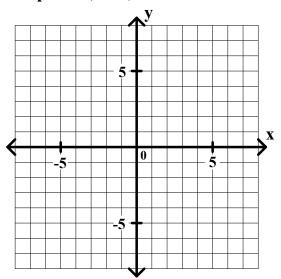


10. 
$$x = 1$$

11. 
$$y = 2$$

12. 
$$x = -3$$

Graph #10, #11, and #12 here.



## General Algebra II Worksheet #1 Unit 2 page 3

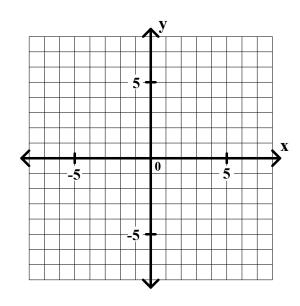
Graph each of the following. Label each graph with its equation.

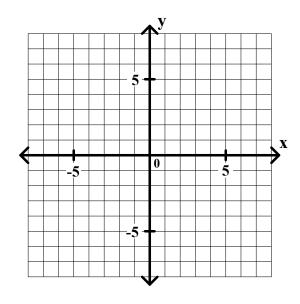
13. 
$$2x - 3y = 9$$

15. 
$$x - 5y = 20$$

14. 
$$5x + 3y = 3$$

16. 
$$x + 4y = 12$$





17. 
$$4x - y = 2$$

19. 
$$y = 5$$

18. 
$$2x - y = 5$$

20. 
$$x = -4$$

