

General Algebra II

Lesson #2 Unit 2

Notes #2

Class Worksheet #2

For Worksheets #3 & #4

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

1. The horizontal line through (-3, 4) _____

2. The vertical line through (-3, 4) _____

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

1. The horizontal line through (-3, 4) _____

2. The vertical line through (-3, 4) _____

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

1. The horizontal line through $(-3, 4)$ _____

2. The vertical line through $(-3, 4)$ _____

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

1. The horizontal line through $(-3, 4)$ _____
 $y = k$

2. The vertical line through $(-3, 4)$ _____

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.


1. The horizontal line through $(-3, 4)$ _____
 $y = k$ 

2. The vertical line through $(-3, 4)$ _____

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

1. The horizontal line through $(-3, 4)$ $y = 4$
 $y = k$ 

2. The vertical line through $(-3, 4)$ _____

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

1. The horizontal line through $(-3, 4)$ $y = 4$

$$y = k$$

2. The vertical line through $(-3, 4)$ _____

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

1. The horizontal line through $(-3, 4)$ $y = 4$
 $y = k$

2. The vertical line through $(-3, 4)$ _____

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

1. The horizontal line through $(-3, 4)$ $y = 4$
 $y = k$

2. The vertical line through $(-3, 4)$ _____

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

1. The horizontal line through $(-3, 4)$ $y = 4$

$$y = k$$

2. The vertical line through $(-3, 4)$ _____

$$x = k$$

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

1. The horizontal line through $(-3, 4)$ $y = 4$

$$y = k$$

2. The vertical line through $(-3, 4)$ _____

$$x = k$$



General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

1. The horizontal line through $(-3, 4)$ $y = 4$

$$y = k$$

2. The vertical line through $(-3, 4)$ $x = -3$

$$x = k$$

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

1. The horizontal line through (-3, 4) $y = 4$

$$y = k$$

2. The vertical line through (-3, 4) $x = -3$

$$x = k$$

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

3. The line with slope 0 through (5, -4) _____

4. The line with "no slope" through (5, -4) _____

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

3. The line with slope 0 through (5, -4) _____

4. The line with "no slope" through (5, -4) _____

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

3. The line with slope 0 through (5, -4) _____

4. The line with "no slope" through (5, -4) _____

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

3. The line with slope 0 through (5, -4) _____
horizontal line

4. The line with "no slope" through (5, -4) _____

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.


3. The line with slope 0 through (5, -4) _____
horizontal line $\longrightarrow y = k$

4. The line with "no slope" through (5, -4) _____

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

3. The line with **slope 0** through (5, -4) _____
horizontal line $\longrightarrow y = k$ 

4. The line with "no slope" through (5, -4) _____

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

3. The line with slope 0 through (5, -4)

y = -4

horizontal line → y = k

4. The line with "no slope" through (5, -4) _____

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

- 3. The line with slope 0 through (5, -4) y = -4**

horizontal line $\rightarrow y = k$

- 4. The line with "no slope" through (5, -4) _____**

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

3. The line with slope 0 through (5, -4) $y = -4$

horizontal line $\rightarrow y = k$

4. The line with "no slope" through (5, -4) _____

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

3. The line with slope 0 through (5, -4) $y = -4$

horizontal line $\rightarrow y = k$

4. The line with "no slope" through (5, -4) _____

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

3. The line with slope 0 through (5, -4) $y = -4$

horizontal line $\rightarrow y = k$

4. The line with "no slope" through (5, -4) _____

vertical line

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

3. The line with slope 0 through (5, -4) $y = -4$

horizontal line $\rightarrow y = k$

4. The line with "no slope" through (5, -4) _____

vertical line $\longrightarrow x = k$

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

3. The line with slope 0 through (5, -4) y = -4

horizontal line $\longrightarrow y = k$

4. The line with "no slope" through (5, -4) _____

vertical line $\longrightarrow x = k$

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

3. The line with slope 0 through (5, -4) $y = -4$
horizontal line $\longrightarrow y = k$

4. The line with "no slope" through (5, -4) $x = 5$
vertical line $\longrightarrow x = k$

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

3. The line with slope 0 through (5, -4) $y = -4$

horizontal line  $\longrightarrow y = k$

4. The line with "no slope" through (5, -4) $x = 5$

vertical line  $\longrightarrow x = k$

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

5. The line with slope -4 and y-intercept 5 _____

6. The line with slope $\frac{3}{4}$ through (0 , -1) _____

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

5. The line with slope -4 and y -intercept 5 _____

6. The line with slope $\frac{3}{4}$ through $(0, -1)$ _____

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

5. The line with slope -4 and y-intercept 5 _____

6. The line with slope $3/4$ through $(0, -1)$ _____

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

5. The line with slope -4 and y-intercept 5 _____

oblique line

6. The line with slope $\frac{3}{4}$ through $(0, -1)$ _____

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

5. The line with slope -4 and y-intercept 5 _____

oblique line $\rightarrow y = mx + b$

6. The line with slope $\frac{3}{4}$ through $(0, -1)$ _____

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

5. The line with slope -4 and y-intercept 5 _____

oblique line $\longrightarrow y = mx + b$

$$m = -4$$

6. The line with slope $\frac{3}{4}$ through $(0, -1)$ _____

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

5. The line with slope -4 and y-intercept 5 _____

oblique line $\rightarrow y = mx + b$

$$m = -4$$

6. The line with slope $\frac{3}{4}$ through $(0, -1)$ _____

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

5. The line with slope -4 and y-intercept 5 _____

oblique line $\longrightarrow y = mx + b$

$$m = -4$$

$$b = 5$$

6. The line with slope $\frac{3}{4}$ through $(0, -1)$ _____

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

5. The line with slope -4 and y-intercept 5 y =

oblique line $\rightarrow y = mx + b$

$$m = -4$$

$$b = 5$$

6. The line with slope $\frac{3}{4}$ through $(0, -1)$ _____

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

5. The line with slope -4 and y-intercept 5

$$\underline{y = -4x}$$

oblique line $\longrightarrow y = mx + b$

$$m = -4$$

$$b = 5$$

6. The line with slope $3/4$ through $(0, -1)$

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

5. The line with slope -4 and y-intercept 5 $y = -4x + 5$

oblique line $\rightarrow y = mx + b$

$$m = -4$$

$$b = 5$$


6. The line with slope $3/4$ through $(0, -1)$ _____

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

5. The line with slope -4 and y-intercept 5 $y = -4x + 5$

oblique line  $\longrightarrow y = mx + b$

$$m = -4 \quad b = 5$$

6. The line with slope $3/4$ through $(0, -1)$ _____

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

5. The line with slope -4 and y-intercept 5 $y = -4x + 5$

oblique line $\rightarrow y = mx + b$

$$m = -4 \quad b = 5$$

6. The line with slope $3/4$ through $(0, -1)$ _____

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

5. The line with slope -4 and y-intercept 5 $y = -4x + 5$

oblique line $\rightarrow y = mx + b$

$$m = -4 \quad b = 5$$

6. The line with slope $\frac{3}{4}$ through $(0, -1)$ _____

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

5. The line with slope -4 and y-intercept 5 $y = -4x + 5$

oblique line $\rightarrow y = mx + b$

$$m = -4 \quad b = 5$$

6. The line with slope $\frac{3}{4}$ through $(0, -1)$ _____

oblique line

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

5. The line with slope -4 and y-intercept 5 $y = -4x + 5$

oblique line $\rightarrow y = mx + b$

$$m = -4 \quad b = 5$$

6. The line with slope $\frac{3}{4}$ through $(0, -1)$ _____

oblique line $\rightarrow y = mx + b$

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

5. The line with slope -4 and y-intercept 5 $y = -4x + 5$

oblique line $\rightarrow y = mx + b$

$$m = -4 \quad b = 5$$

6. The line with slope $\frac{3}{4}$ through $(0, -1)$ _____

oblique line $\rightarrow y = mx + b$

$$m = \frac{3}{4}$$

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

5. The line with slope -4 and y-intercept 5 $y = -4x + 5$

oblique line $\rightarrow y = mx + b$

$$m = -4 \quad b = 5$$

6. The line with slope $\frac{3}{4}$ through $(0, -1)$ _____

oblique line $\rightarrow y = mx + b$

$$m = \frac{3}{4}$$

The y-intercept is the value of y when $x = 0$.

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

5. The line with slope -4 and y-intercept 5 $y = -4x + 5$

oblique line $\rightarrow y = mx + b$

$$m = -4 \quad b = 5$$

6. The line with slope $3/4$ through $(0, -1)$ _____

oblique line $\rightarrow y = mx + b$

$$m = 3/4$$

The y-intercept is the value of y when $x = 0$.

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

5. The line with slope -4 and y-intercept 5 $y = -4x + 5$

oblique line $\rightarrow y = mx + b$

$$m = -4 \quad b = 5$$

6. The line with slope $3/4$ through $(0, -1)$ _____

oblique line $\rightarrow y = mx + b$

$$m = 3/4 \quad b = -1$$

The y-intercept is the value of y when $x = 0$.

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

5. The line with slope -4 and y-intercept 5 $y = -4x + 5$

oblique line $\rightarrow y = mx + b$

$$m = -4 \quad b = 5$$

6. The line with slope $3/4$ through $(0, -1)$ $y =$

oblique line $\rightarrow y = mx + b$

$$m = 3/4 \quad b = -1$$

The y-intercept is the value of y when $x = 0$.

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

5. The line with slope -4 and y-intercept 5 $y = -4x + 5$

oblique line $\rightarrow y = mx + b$
 $m = -4 \quad b = 5$

6. The line with slope $\frac{3}{4}$ through $(0, -1)$ $y = \frac{3}{4}x$

oblique line $\rightarrow y = mx + b$
 $m = \frac{3}{4} \quad b = -1$

The y-intercept is the value of y when $x = 0$.

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

5. The line with slope -4 and y-intercept 5 $y = -4x + 5$

oblique line $\rightarrow y = mx + b$
 $m = -4 \quad b = 5$

6. The line with slope $\frac{3}{4}$ through $(0, -1)$ $y = \frac{3}{4}x - 1$

oblique line $\rightarrow y = mx + b$
 $m = \frac{3}{4} \quad b = -1$

The y-intercept is the value of y when $x = 0$.

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

5. The line with slope -4 and y-intercept 5 $y = -4x + 5$

oblique line $\rightarrow y = mx + b$
 $m = -4 \quad b = 5$

6. The line with slope $\frac{3}{4}$ through $(0, -1)$ $y = \frac{3}{4}x - 1$

oblique line $\rightarrow y = mx + b$
 $m = \frac{3}{4} \quad b = -1$

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

7. The line through (-5, 4) and (0, 2) _____

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.


7. The line through (-5, 4) and (0, 2) _____

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

7. The line through (-5, 4) and (0, 2) _____



General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

7. The line through $(-5, 4)$ and $(0, 2)$ _____


The line is not vertical.

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

7. The line through (-5, 4) and (0, 2) _____

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

7. The line through $(-5, 4)$ and $(0, 2)$ _____

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

7. The line through $(-5, 4)$ and $(0, 2)$ _____



The line is not horizontal.

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

7. The line through (-5, 4) and (0, 2) _____

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

7. The line through (-5, 4) and (0, 2) _____

oblique line

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

7. The line through (-5, 4) and (0, 2) _____

oblique line $\longrightarrow y = mx + b$

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

7. The line through (-5, 4) and (0, 2) _____

oblique line $\longrightarrow y = mx + b$

$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$$

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

7. The line through $(-5, 4)$ and $(0, 2)$ _____

x_1 y_1 x_2 y_2

oblique line $\longrightarrow y = mx + b$

$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$$

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

7. The line through $(-5, 4)$ and $(0, 2)$ _____

x_1 y_1 x_2 y_2

oblique line $\longrightarrow y = mx + b$

$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{2}{-5}$$

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

7. The line through $(-5, 4)$ and $(0, 2)$ _____

x_1 y_1 x_2 y_2

oblique line $\longrightarrow y = mx + b$

$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{2 - 4}{0 - (-5)}$$

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

7. The line through $(-5, 4)$ and $(0, 2)$ _____

$\begin{matrix} & \nearrow & \nwarrow & \nearrow & \nwarrow \\ & x_1 & y_1 & x_2 & y_2 \end{matrix}$

oblique line $\longrightarrow y = mx + b$

$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{2 - 4}{0 - (-5)}$$

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

7. The line through $(-5, 4)$ and $(0, 2)$ _____

$\begin{matrix} & \nearrow & & \nwarrow & \\ x_1 & & y_1 & & x_2 & & y_2 \end{matrix}$

oblique line $\longrightarrow y = mx + b$

$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{2 - 4}{0 - -5}$$

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

7. The line through (-5, 4) and (0, 2) _____

oblique line $\longrightarrow y = mx + b$

$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{2 - 4}{0 - -5}$$

$$m = -2/5$$

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

7. The line through (-5, 4) and (0, 2) _____

oblique line $\longrightarrow y = mx + b$

$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{2 - 4}{0 - -5}$$

$$m = -2/5$$

The y-intercept is the value of y when x = 0.

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

7. The line through (-5, 4) and (0, 2) _____



oblique line $\longrightarrow y = mx + b$

$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{2 - 4}{0 - (-5)}$$

$$m = -2/5$$

The y-intercept is the value of y when x = 0.

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

7. The line through (-5, 4) and (0, 2) _____



oblique line $\longrightarrow y = mx + b$

$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{2 - 4}{0 - (-5)}$$

$$m = -2/5$$

$$b = 2$$

The y-intercept is the value of y when x = 0.

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

7. The line through (-5, 4) and (0, 2) $y =$ _____



oblique line $\longrightarrow y = mx + b$

$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{2 - 4}{0 - (-5)}$$

$$m = -2/5$$

$$b = 2$$

The y-intercept is the value of y when x = 0.

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

7. The line through (-5, 4) and (0, 2) $y = \frac{-2}{5}x$



oblique line $\longrightarrow y = mx + b$

$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{2 - 4}{0 - (-5)}$$

$$m = -2/5$$

$$b = 2$$

The y-intercept is the value of y when x = 0.

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

7. The line through (-5, 4) and (0, 2) $y = -\frac{2}{5}x + 2$



oblique line $\longrightarrow y = mx + b$

$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{2 - 4}{0 - -5}$$

$$m = -2/5$$

$$b = 2$$

The y-intercept is the value of y when x = 0.

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

7. The line through (-5, 4) and (0, 2) $y = -\frac{2}{5}x + 2$

oblique line $\longrightarrow y = mx + b$

$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{2 - 4}{0 - -5}$$

$$m = -2/5 \quad b = 2$$

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

8. The line with slope $-3/4$ through $(-8, 1)$ _____

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

8. The line with slope $-\frac{3}{4}$ through $(-8, 1)$ _____

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

8. The line with slope $-3/4$ through $(-8, 1)$ _____

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

8. The line with slope $-3/4$ through $(-8, 1)$ _____
oblique line

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

8. The line with slope $-3/4$ through $(-8, 1)$ _____
oblique line $\longrightarrow y = mx + b$

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

8. The line with slope $-3/4$ through $(-8, 1)$ _____

oblique line $\longrightarrow y = mx + b$ $m = -3/4$

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

8. The line with slope $-3/4$ through $(-8, 1)$ _____

oblique line $\longrightarrow y = mx + b$

$m = -3/4$

$b = ?$

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

8. The line with slope $-3/4$ through $(-8, 1)$ _____

oblique line $\rightarrow y = mx + b$ $m = -3/4$ $b = ?$

We are not given the y-intercept.

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

8. The line with slope $-3/4$ through $(-8, 1)$ _____

oblique line $\rightarrow y = mx + b$ $m = -3/4$ $b = ?$

We are not given the y-intercept.

We will use the point-slope equation.

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

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We are not given the y-intercept.

We will use the point-slope equation.

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$$

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

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General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

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General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

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oblique line $\longrightarrow y = mx + b$ $m = -3/4$ $b = ?$

We are not given the y-intercept.

We will use the point-slope equation.

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$$

$$y - 1$$

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

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oblique line $\longrightarrow y = mx + b$ $m = -3/4$ $b = ?$

We are not given the y-intercept.

We will use the point-slope equation.

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$$

$$y - 1 =$$

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

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We will use the point-slope equation.

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$$

$$y - 1 = \frac{-3}{4} ($$

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

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If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

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oblique line $\longrightarrow y = mx + b$ $m = -3/4$ $b = ?$

We are not given the y-intercept.

We will use the point-slope equation.

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$$

$$y - 1 = \frac{-3}{4}(x -$$

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

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oblique line $\longrightarrow y = mx + b$ $m = -3/4$ $b = ?$

We are not given the y-intercept.

We will use the point-slope equation.

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$$

$$y - 1 = \frac{-3}{4}(x - -8)$$

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

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oblique line $\rightarrow y = mx + b$ $m = -3/4$ $b = ?$

We are not given the y-intercept.

We will use the point-slope equation.

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$$

$$y - 1 = \frac{-3}{4}(x - -8)$$

$$y - 1 = \frac{-3}{4}(x + 8)$$

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

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oblique line $\rightarrow y = mx + b$ $m = -3/4$ $b = ?$

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$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$$

$$y - 1 = \frac{-3}{4}(x - -8)$$

$$y - 1 = \frac{-3}{4}(x + 8)$$

$$y - 1 =$$

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

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oblique line $\rightarrow y = mx + b$ $m = -3/4$ $b = ?$

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We will use the point-slope equation.

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$$y - 1 = \frac{-3}{4}(x - -8)$$

$$y - 1 = \frac{-3}{4}(x + 8)$$

$$y - 1 = \frac{-3}{4}x$$

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

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oblique line $\rightarrow y = mx + b$ $m = -3/4$ $b = ?$

We are not given the y-intercept.

We will use the point-slope equation.

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$$

$$y - 1 = \frac{-3}{4}(x - -8)$$

$$y - 1 = \frac{-3}{4}(x + 8)$$

$$y - 1 = \frac{-3}{4}x - 6$$

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

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oblique line $\longrightarrow y = mx + b$ $m = -3/4$ $b = ?$

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$$y - 1 = \frac{-3}{4}(x + 8)$$

$$y - 1 = \frac{-3}{4}x - 6$$

$$y =$$

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

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oblique line $\rightarrow y = mx + b$ $m = -3/4$ $b = ?$

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$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$$

$$y - 1 = \frac{-3}{4}(x - -8)$$

$$y - 1 = \frac{-3}{4}(x + 8)$$

$$y - 1 = \frac{-3}{4}x - 6$$

$$y = \frac{-3}{4}x$$

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

8. The line with slope $-3/4$ through $(-8, 1)$ _____
oblique line $\rightarrow y = mx + b$ $m = -3/4$ $b = ?$

We are not given the y-intercept.

We will use the point-slope equation.

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$$

$$y - 1 = \frac{-3}{4}(x - -8)$$

$$y - 1 = \frac{-3}{4}(x + 8)$$

$$y - 1 = \frac{-3}{4}x - 6$$

$$y = \frac{-3}{4}x - 5$$

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

8. The line with slope $-3/4$ through $(-8, 1)$ $y = \frac{-3}{4}x - 5$
oblique line $\longrightarrow y = mx + b$ $m = -3/4$ $b = ?$

We are not given the y-intercept.

We will use the point-slope equation.

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$$

$$y - 1 = \frac{-3}{4}(x - -8)$$

$$y - 1 = \frac{-3}{4}(x + 8)$$

$$y - 1 = \frac{-3}{4}x - 6$$

$$y = \frac{-3}{4}x - 5$$

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

8. The line with slope $-3/4$ through $(-8, 1)$ $y = \frac{-3}{4}x - 5$
oblique line $\longrightarrow y = mx + b$ $m = -3/4$ $b = ?$

We are not given the y-intercept.

We will use the point-slope equation.

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$$

$$y - 1 = \frac{-3}{4}(x - -8)$$

$$y - 1 = \frac{-3}{4}(x + 8)$$

$$y - 1 = \frac{-3}{4}x - 6$$

$$y = \frac{-3}{4}x - 5$$

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

9. The line with slope $\frac{2}{3}$ through (4, -3) _____

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

9. The line with slope $\frac{2}{3}$ through (4, -3) _____

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

9. The line with slope $\frac{2}{3}$ through $(4, -3)$ _____

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

9. The line with slope $\frac{2}{3}$ through $(4, -3)$ _____

oblique line

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

9. The line with slope $\frac{2}{3}$ through $(4, -3)$ _____
oblique line $\longrightarrow y = mx + b$

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

9. The line with slope $\frac{2}{3}$ through $(4, -3)$ _____

oblique line $\longrightarrow y = mx + b$ $m = \frac{2}{3}$

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

9. The line with slope $\frac{2}{3}$ through $(4, -3)$ _____

oblique line $\rightarrow y = mx + b$ $m = \frac{2}{3}$ $b = ?$

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

9. The line with slope $\frac{2}{3}$ through $(4, -3)$ _____

oblique line $\rightarrow y = mx + b$ $m = \frac{2}{3}$ $b = ?$

Use the point-slope equation.

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

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oblique line $\longrightarrow y = mx + b$ $m = \frac{2}{3}$ $b = ?$

Use the point-slope equation.

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$$

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

9. The line with slope $\frac{2}{3}$ through $(4, -3)$ _____
oblique line $\longrightarrow y = mx + b$ $m = \frac{2}{3}$ $b = ?$

Use the point-slope equation.

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$$

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

9. The line with slope $\frac{2}{3}$ through $(4, -3)$ _____
oblique line $\longrightarrow y = mx + b$ $m = \frac{2}{3}$ $b = ?$

Use the point-slope equation.

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$$

$$y - -3 =$$

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

9. The line with slope $\frac{2}{3}$ through $(x_1, y_1) = (4, -3)$ _____
oblique line $\longrightarrow y = mx + b$ $m = \frac{2}{3}$ $b = ?$

Use the point-slope equation.

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$$

$$y - -3 = \frac{2}{3}$$

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

9. The line with slope $\frac{2}{3}$ through $(4, -3)$ _____
oblique line $\longrightarrow y = mx + b$ $m = \frac{2}{3}$ $b = ?$

Use the point-slope equation.

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$$

$$y - -3 = \frac{2}{3}(x - 4)$$

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

9. The line with slope $\frac{2}{3}$ through $(4, -3)$ _____
oblique line $\rightarrow y = mx + b$ $m = \frac{2}{3}$ $b = ?$

Use the point-slope equation.

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$$

$$y - -3 = \frac{2}{3}(x - 4)$$

$$y + 3 =$$

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

9. The line with slope $\frac{2}{3}$ through $(4, -3)$ _____
oblique line $\rightarrow y = mx + b$ $m = \frac{2}{3}$ $b = ?$

Use the point-slope equation.

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$$

$$y - -3 = \frac{2}{3}(x - 4)$$

$$y + 3 = \frac{2}{3}x$$

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

9. The line with slope $\frac{2}{3}$ through $(4, -3)$ _____
oblique line $\longrightarrow y = mx + b$ $m = \frac{2}{3}$ $b = ?$

Use the point-slope equation.

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$$

$$y - -3 = \frac{2}{3}(x - 4)$$

$$y + 3 = \frac{2}{3}x - \frac{8}{3}$$

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

9. The line with slope $\frac{2}{3}$ through $(4, -3)$ _____
oblique line $\longrightarrow y = mx + b$ $m = \frac{2}{3}$ $b = ?$

Use the point-slope equation.

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$$

$$y - -3 = \frac{2}{3}(x - 4)$$

$$y + 3 = \frac{2}{3}x - \frac{8}{3}$$

$$y =$$

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

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oblique line $\longrightarrow y = mx + b$ $m = \frac{2}{3}$ $b = ?$

Use the point-slope equation.

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$$y - -3 = \frac{2}{3}(x - 4)$$

$$y + 3 = \frac{2}{3}x - \frac{8}{3}$$

$$y = \frac{2}{3}x$$

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

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If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

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oblique line $\rightarrow y = mx + b$ $m = \frac{2}{3}$ $b = ?$

Use the point-slope equation.

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$$

$$y - -3 = \frac{2}{3}(x - 4)$$

$$y + 3 = \frac{2}{3}x - \frac{8}{3}$$

$$y = \frac{2}{3}x - \frac{17}{3}$$

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

9. The line with slope $\frac{2}{3}$ through $(4, -3)$ $y = \frac{2}{3}x - \frac{17}{3}$

oblique line $\longrightarrow y = mx + b$ $m = \frac{2}{3}$ $b = ?$

Use the point-slope equation.

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$$

$$y - -3 = \frac{2}{3}(x - 4)$$

$$y + 3 = \frac{2}{3}x - \frac{8}{3}$$

$$y = \frac{2}{3}x - \frac{17}{3}$$

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

9. The line with slope $\frac{2}{3}$ through $(4, -3)$ $y = \frac{2}{3}x - \frac{17}{3}$
oblique line $\longrightarrow y = mx + b$ $m = \frac{2}{3}$ $b = ?$

Use the point-slope equation.

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$$

$$y - -3 = \frac{2}{3}(x - 4)$$

$$y + 3 = \frac{2}{3}x - \frac{8}{3}$$

$$y = \frac{2}{3}x - \frac{17}{3}$$

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

10. The line through (2, -3) and (2, 0) _____

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.


10. The line through (2, -3) and (2, 0) _____

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

10. The line through (2, -3) and (2, 0) _____



General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

10. The line through (2, -3) and (2, 0) _____

vertical line

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.


10. The line through (2, -3) and (2, 0) _____

vertical line $\longrightarrow x = k$

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

10. The line through (2, -3) and (2, 0) $x = 2$
- 
vertical line $\longrightarrow x = k$

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

10. The line through (2, -3) and (2, 0) $x = 2$

vertical line $\longrightarrow x = k$

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

11. The line through (2, 0) and (-4, -3) _____

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.


11. The line through (2, 0) and (-4, -3) _____

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

11. The line through (2, 0) and (-4, -3) _____



General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

11. The line through $(2, 0)$ and $(-4, -3)$ _____


The line is not vertical.

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

11. The line through (2, 0) and (-4, -3) _____

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

11. The line through (2, 0) and (-4, -3) _____

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

11. The line through $(2, 0)$ and $(-4, -3)$ _____



The line is not horizontal.

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

11. The line through (2, 0) and (-4, -3) _____

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

11. The line through (2, 0) and (-4, -3) _____

oblique line

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

11. The line through (2, 0) and (-4, -3) _____

oblique line $\rightarrow y = mx + b$

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

11. The line through (2, 0) and (-4, -3) _____

oblique line $\rightarrow y = mx + b$

$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$$

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

11. The line through $(2, 0)$ and $(-4, -3)$ _____

x_1 y_1 x_2 y_2

oblique line $\rightarrow y = mx + b$

$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} =$$

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

11. The line through $(2, 0)$ and $(-4, -3)$ _____

x_1 y_1 x_2 y_2

oblique line $\rightarrow y = mx + b$

$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{-3}{-6} = \frac{1}{2}$$

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

11. The line through $(2, 0)$ and $(-4, -3)$ _____

x_1 y_1 x_2 y_2

oblique line $\rightarrow y = mx + b$

$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{-3 - 0}{-4 - 2}$$

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

11. The line through $(2, 0)$ and $(-4, -3)$ _____

x_1 y_1 x_2 y_2

oblique line $\rightarrow y = mx + b$

$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{-3 - 0}{-4}$$

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

11. The line through $(2, 0)$ and $(-4, -3)$ _____

x_1 y_1 x_2 y_2

oblique line $\rightarrow y = mx + b$

$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{-3 - 0}{-4 - 2}$$

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

11. The line through (2, 0) and (-4, -3) _____

oblique line $\rightarrow y = mx + b$

$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{-3 - 0}{-4 - 2}$$

$$m = 1/2$$

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

11. The line through (2, 0) and (-4, -3) _____

oblique line $\rightarrow y = mx + b$

$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{-3 - 0}{-4 - 2}$$

$$m = 1/2$$

$$b = ?$$

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

11. The line through (2, 0) and (-4, -3) _____

oblique line $\rightarrow y = mx + b$

$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{-3 - 0}{-4 - 2}$$

$$m = 1/2$$

$$b = ?$$

Use the point-slope equation.

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

11. The line through (2, 0) and (-4, -3) _____

oblique line $\rightarrow y = mx + b$

$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{-3 - 0}{-4 - 2}$$

$$m = 1/2$$

$$b = ?$$

Use the point-slope equation.

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$$

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

11. The line through $(2, 0)$ and $(-4, -3)$ _____

oblique line $\longrightarrow y = mx + b$

$$\mathbf{m} = \frac{\mathbf{y}_2 - \mathbf{y}_1}{\mathbf{x}_2 - \mathbf{x}_1} = \frac{-3 - 0}{-4 - 2}$$

$$\mathbf{m} = 1/2$$

b = ?

Use the point-slope equation.

$$\mathbf{y} - \mathbf{y}_1 = \mathbf{m}(\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{x}_1)$$

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

11. The line through $(2, 0)$ and $(-4, -3)$ _____

oblique line $\longrightarrow y = mx + b$

$$\mathbf{m} = \frac{\mathbf{y}_2 - \mathbf{y}_1}{\mathbf{x}_2 - \mathbf{x}_1} = \frac{-3 - 0}{-4 - 2}$$

$$\mathbf{m} = 1/2$$

b = ?

Use the point-slope equation.

$$\mathbf{y} - \mathbf{y}_1 = \mathbf{m}(\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{x}_1)$$

$$\mathbf{y} - \mathbf{0} =$$

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

11. The line through $(2, 0)$ and $(-4, -3)$ _____

oblique line $\longrightarrow y = mx + b$

$$\mathbf{m} = \frac{\mathbf{y}_2 - \mathbf{y}_1}{\mathbf{x}_2 - \mathbf{x}_1} = \frac{-3 - 0}{-4 - 2}$$

$$\mathbf{m} = 1/2$$

b = ?

Use the point-slope equation.

$$\mathbf{y} - \mathbf{y}_1 = \mathbf{m}(\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{x}_1)$$

$$\mathbf{y} - \mathbf{0} = \frac{1}{2} ($$

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

11. The line through $(2, 0)$ and $(-4, -3)$ _____

oblique line $\longrightarrow y = mx + b$

$$\mathbf{m} = \frac{\mathbf{y}_2 - \mathbf{y}_1}{\mathbf{x}_2 - \mathbf{x}_1} = \frac{-3 - 0}{-4 - 2}$$

$$\mathbf{m} = 1/2$$

b = ?

Use the point-slope equation.

$$\mathbf{y} - \mathbf{y}_1 = \mathbf{m}(\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{x}_1)$$

$$\mathbf{y} - \mathbf{0} = \frac{1}{2}(\mathbf{x} - 2)$$

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

11. The line through $(2, 0)$ and $(-4, -3)$ _____

oblique line $\longrightarrow y = mx + b$

$$\mathbf{m} = \frac{\mathbf{y}_2 - \mathbf{y}_1}{\mathbf{x}_2 - \mathbf{x}_1} = \frac{-3 - 0}{-4 - 2}$$

$$\mathbf{m} = 1/2$$

b = ?

Use the point-slope equation.

$$\mathbf{y} - \mathbf{y}_1 = \mathbf{m}(\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{x}_1)$$

$$\mathbf{y} - \mathbf{0} = \frac{1}{2}(\mathbf{x} - 2)$$

$$\mathbf{y} =$$

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

11. The line through $(2, 0)$ and $(-4, -3)$ _____

oblique line $\longrightarrow y = mx + b$

$$\mathbf{m} = \frac{\mathbf{y}_2 - \mathbf{y}_1}{\mathbf{x}_2 - \mathbf{x}_1} = \frac{-3 - 0}{-4 - 2}$$

$$\mathbf{m} = 1/2$$

b = ?

Use the point-slope equation.

$$\mathbf{y} - \mathbf{y}_1 = \mathbf{m}(\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{x}_1)$$

$$\mathbf{y} - \mathbf{0} = \frac{1}{2}(\mathbf{x} - 2)$$

$$\mathbf{y} = \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{x}$$

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

11. The line through $(2, 0)$ and $(-4, -3)$ _____

oblique line $\longrightarrow y = mx + b$

$$\mathbf{m} = \frac{\mathbf{y}_2 - \mathbf{y}_1}{\mathbf{x}_2 - \mathbf{x}_1} = \frac{-3 - 0}{-4 - 2}$$

$$\mathbf{m} = 1/2$$

b = ?

Use the point-slope equation.

$$\mathbf{y} - \mathbf{y}_1 = \mathbf{m}(\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{x}_1)$$

$$\mathbf{y} - \mathbf{0} = \frac{1}{2}(\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{2})$$

$$\mathbf{y} = \frac{1}{2}\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{1}$$

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

11. The line through (2, 0) and (-4, -3) $y = \frac{1}{2}x - 1$

oblique line

$$y = mx + b$$

$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{-3 - 0}{-4 - 2}$$

$$m = 1/2$$

$$b = ?$$

Use the point-slope equation.

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$$

$$y - 0 = \frac{1}{2}(x - 2)$$

$$y = \frac{1}{2}x - 1$$

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

11. The line through (2, 0) and (-4, -3) $y = \frac{1}{2}x - 1$

oblique line $\rightarrow y = mx + b$

$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{-3 - 0}{-4 - 2} \quad m = 1/2 \quad b = ?$$

Use the point-slope equation.

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$$

$$y - 0 = \frac{1}{2}(x - 2)$$

$$y = \frac{1}{2}x - 1$$

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

12. The line through (-2, 1) and (3, -1) _____

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.


12. The line through $(-2, 1)$ and $(3, -1)$ _____

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

12. The line through (-2, 1) and (3, -1) _____



General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

12. The line through $(-2, 1)$ and $(3, -1)$ _____


The line is not vertical.

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.


12. The line through $(-2, 1)$ and $(3, -1)$ _____

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

12. The line through $(-2, 1)$ and $(3, -1)$ _____



General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

12. The line through $(-2, 1)$ and $(3, -1)$ _____



The line is not horizontal.

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

12. The line through $(-2, 1)$ and $(3, -1)$ _____

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

12. The line through $(-2, 1)$ and $(3, -1)$ _____

oblique line

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

12. The line through (-2, 1) and (3, -1) _____

oblique line $\rightarrow y = mx + b$

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

12. The line through (-2, 1) and (3, -1) _____

oblique line $\rightarrow y = mx + b$

$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$$

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

12. The line through (-2, 1) and (3, -1) _____

x_1 y_1 x_2 y_2

oblique line $\rightarrow y = mx + b$

$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} =$$

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

12. The line through $(-2, 1)$ and $(3, -1)$ _____

x_1 y_1 x_2 y_2

oblique line $\rightarrow y = mx + b$

$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{-1}{5}$$

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

12. The line through $(-2, 1)$ and $(3, -1)$ _____

x_1 y_1 x_2 y_2

oblique line $\rightarrow y = mx + b$

$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{-1 - 1}{3 - (-2)}$$

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

12. The line through $(-2, 1)$ and $(3, -1)$ _____

x_1 y_1 x_2 y_2

oblique line $\rightarrow y = mx + b$

$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{-1 - 1}{3}$$

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

12. The line through $(-2, 1)$ and $(3, -1)$ _____

x_1 y_1 x_2 y_2

oblique line $\rightarrow y = mx + b$

$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{-1 - 1}{3 - (-2)}$$

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

12. The line through (-2, 1) and (3, -1) _____

oblique line $\rightarrow y = mx + b$

$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{-1 - 1}{3 - -2}$$

$$m = -2/5$$

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

12. The line through (-2, 1) and (3, -1) _____

oblique line $\rightarrow y = mx + b$

$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{-1 - 1}{3 - -2}$$

$$m = -2/5$$

$$b = ?$$

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

12. The line through (-2, 1) and (3, -1) _____

oblique line $\rightarrow y = mx + b$

$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{-1 - 1}{3 - -2}$$

$$m = -2/5$$

$$b = ?$$

Use the point-slope equation.

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

12. The line through (-2, 1) and (3, -1) _____

oblique line $\rightarrow y = mx + b$

$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{-1 - 1}{3 - -2}$$

$$m = -2/5$$

$$b = ?$$

Use the point-slope equation.

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$$

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

12. The line through $(-2, 1)$ and $(3, -1)$ _____

A diagram illustrating a step in the proof. It shows a horizontal line segment with endpoints labeled x_1 and y_1 . Above this segment, there is a point. Two arrows originate from x_1 and y_1 respectively, pointing towards this common point above the segment.

oblique line $\longrightarrow y = mx + b$

$$\mathbf{m} = \frac{\mathbf{y}_2 - \mathbf{y}_1}{\mathbf{x}_2 - \mathbf{x}_1} = \frac{-1 - 1}{3 - -2}$$

$$m = -2/5$$

b = ?

Use the point-slope equation.

$$\mathbf{y} - \mathbf{y}_1 = \mathbf{m}(\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{x}_1)$$

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

12. The line through $(-2, 1)$ and $(3, -1)$ _____

oblique line $\longrightarrow y = mx + b$

$$\mathbf{m} = \frac{\mathbf{y}_2 - \mathbf{y}_1}{\mathbf{x}_2 - \mathbf{x}_1} = \frac{-1 - 1}{3 - -2}$$

$$m = -2/5$$

b = ?

Use the point-slope equation.

$$\mathbf{y} - \mathbf{y}_1 = \mathbf{m}(\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{x}_1)$$

$$\mathbf{y} - \mathbf{1} =$$

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

12. The line through $(-2, 1)$ and $(3, -1)$ _____

x_1 y_1

oblique line $\rightarrow y = mx + b$

$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{-1 - 1}{3 - -2}$$

$$m = -2/5$$

$$b = ?$$

Use the point-slope equation.

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$$

$$y - 1 = \frac{-2}{5} ($$

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

12. The line through $(-2, 1)$ and $(3, -1)$ _____

A diagram showing two vectors, x_1 and y_1 , originating from different points and pointing towards a common point. The vector x_1 is on the left, and the vector y_1 is on the right. They are both pointing upwards and inwards towards a central point.

oblique line $\rightarrow y = mx + b$

$$\mathbf{m} = \frac{\mathbf{y}_2 - \mathbf{y}_1}{\mathbf{x}_2 - \mathbf{x}_1} = \frac{-1 - 1}{3 - -2}$$

$$m = -2/5$$

b = ?

Use the point-slope equation.

$$\mathbf{y} - \mathbf{y}_1 = \mathbf{m}(\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{x}_1)$$

$$y - 1 = \frac{-2}{5} (x - -2)$$

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

12. The line through $(-2, 1)$ and $(3, -1)$ _____

A diagram showing two vectors, \mathbf{x}_1 and \mathbf{y}_1 , originating from different points and pointing towards a common point. \mathbf{x}_1 is on the left and \mathbf{y}_1 is on the right.

oblique line $\longrightarrow y = mx + b$

$$\mathbf{m} = \frac{\mathbf{y}_2 - \mathbf{y}_1}{\mathbf{x}_2 - \mathbf{x}_1} = \frac{-1 - 1}{3 - -2}$$

$$m = -2/5$$

b = ?

Use the point-slope equation.

$$\mathbf{y} - \mathbf{y}_1 = \mathbf{m}(\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{x}_1)$$

$$y - 1 = \frac{-2}{5} (x + 2)$$

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

12. The line through $(-2, 1)$ and $(3, -1)$ _____

x_1 y_1

oblique line $\rightarrow y = mx + b$

$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{-1 - 1}{3 - -2}$$

$$m = -2/5$$

$$b = ?$$

Use the point-slope equation.

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$$

$$y - 1 = \frac{-2}{5}(x + 2)$$

$$y - 1 =$$

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

12. The line through $(-2, 1)$ and $(3, -1)$ _____

x_1 y_1

oblique line $\rightarrow y = mx + b$

$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{-1 - 1}{3 - -2}$$

$$m = -2/5$$

$$b = ?$$

Use the point-slope equation.

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$$

$$y - 1 = \frac{-2}{5}(x + 2)$$

$$y - 1 = \frac{-2}{5}x$$

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

12. The line through $(-2, 1)$ and $(3, -1)$ _____

x_1 y_1

oblique line $\rightarrow y = mx + b$

$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{-1 - 1}{3 - -2}$$

$$m = -2/5$$

$$b = ?$$

Use the point-slope equation.

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$$

$$y - 1 = \frac{-2}{5}(x + 2)$$

$$y - 1 = \frac{-2}{5}x - \frac{4}{5}$$

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

12. The line through $(-2, 1)$ and $(3, -1)$ _____

$\swarrow \quad \nwarrow$
 $x_1 \quad y_1$

oblique line $\longrightarrow y = mx + b$

$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{-1 - 1}{3 - -2}$$

$$m = -2/5$$

$$b = ?$$

Use the point-slope equation.

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$$

$$y - 1 = \frac{-2}{5}(x + 2)$$

$$y - 1 = \frac{-2}{5}x - \frac{4}{5}$$

$$y =$$

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

12. The line through $(-2, 1)$ and $(3, -1)$ _____

oblique line $\longrightarrow y = mx + b$

$$\mathbf{m} = \frac{\mathbf{y}_2 - \mathbf{y}_1}{\mathbf{x}_2 - \mathbf{x}_1} = \frac{-1 - 1}{3 - -2}$$

$$m = -2/5$$

b = ?

Use the point-slope equation.

$$\mathbf{y} - \mathbf{y}_1 = \mathbf{m}(\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{x}_1)$$

$$y - 1 = \frac{-2}{5} (x + 2)$$

$$\mathbf{y} - \mathbf{1} = \frac{-2}{5}\mathbf{x} - \frac{4}{5}$$

$$\mathbf{y} = \frac{-2}{5} \mathbf{x}$$

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

12. The line through $(-2, 1)$ and $(3, -1)$ _____

A diagram showing two vectors, \mathbf{x}_1 and \mathbf{y}_1 , originating from different points and pointing towards a common point. \mathbf{x}_1 is on the left, and \mathbf{y}_1 is on the right. Both vectors are black and have arrowheads pointing towards the center.

oblique line $\rightarrow y = mx + b$

$$\mathbf{m} = \frac{\mathbf{y}_2 - \mathbf{y}_1}{\mathbf{x}_2 - \mathbf{x}_1} = \frac{-1 - 1}{3 - -2}$$

$$m = -2/5$$

b = ?

Use the point-slope equation.

$$\mathbf{y} - \mathbf{y}_1 = \mathbf{m}(\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{x}_1)$$

$$y - 1 = \frac{-2}{5} (x + 2)$$

$$\mathbf{y} - \mathbf{1} = \frac{-2}{5}\mathbf{x} - \frac{4}{5}$$

$$\mathbf{y} = \frac{-2}{5} \mathbf{x} + \frac{1}{5}$$

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

12. The line through (-2, 1) and (3, -1) $y = \frac{-2}{5}x + \frac{1}{5}$

oblique line $\rightarrow y = mx + b$

$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{-1 - 1}{3 - -2}$$

$$m = -2/5$$

$$b = ?$$

Use the point-slope equation.

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$$

$$y - 1 = \frac{-2}{5}(x + 2)$$

$$y - 1 = \frac{-2}{5}x - \frac{4}{5}$$

$$y = \frac{-2}{5}x + \frac{1}{5}$$

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

12. The line through (-2, 1) and (3, -1) $y = \frac{-2}{5}x + \frac{1}{5}$

oblique line $\rightarrow y = mx + b$

$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{-1 - 1}{3 - -2} \quad m = -2/5 \quad b = ?$$

Use the point-slope equation.

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$$

$$y - 1 = \frac{-2}{5}(x + 2)$$

$$y - 1 = \frac{-2}{5}x - \frac{4}{5}$$

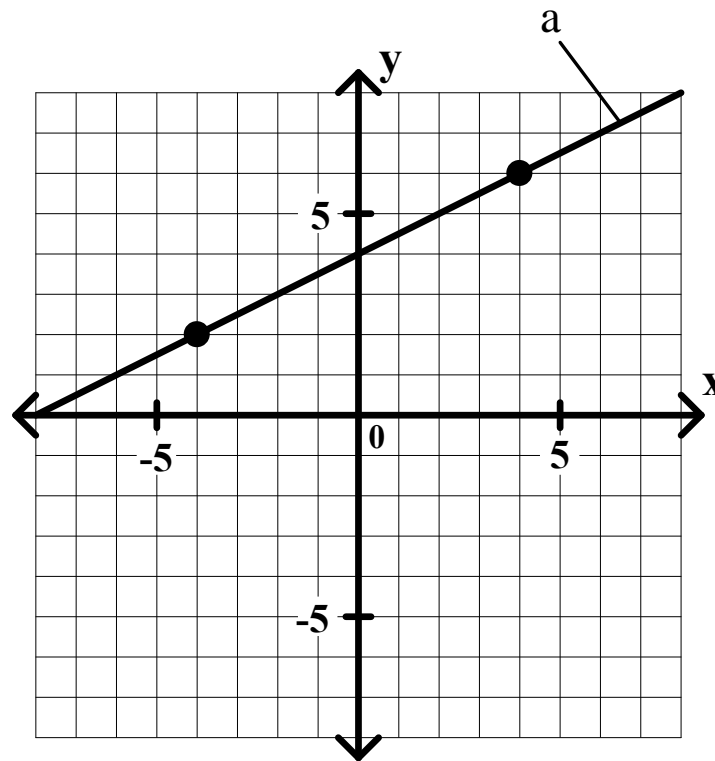
$$y = \frac{-2}{5}x + \frac{1}{5}$$

General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

13. Line a: _____

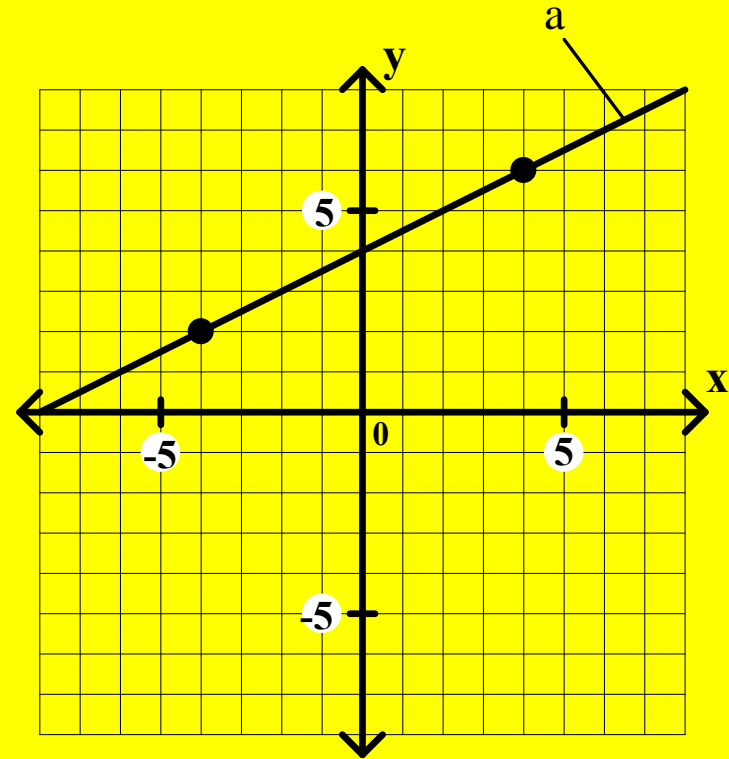


General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

13. Line a: _____



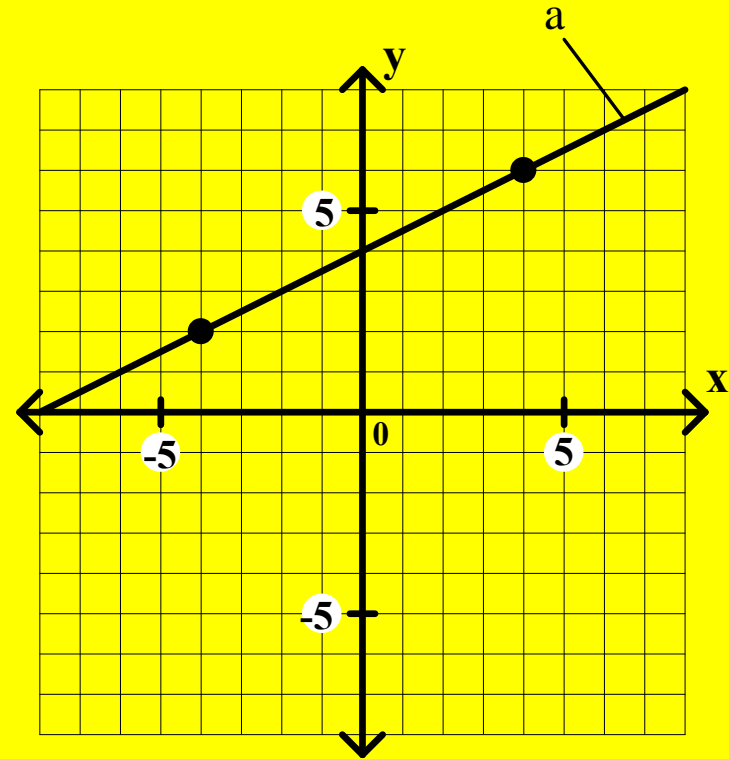
General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

13. Line a: _____

oblique line



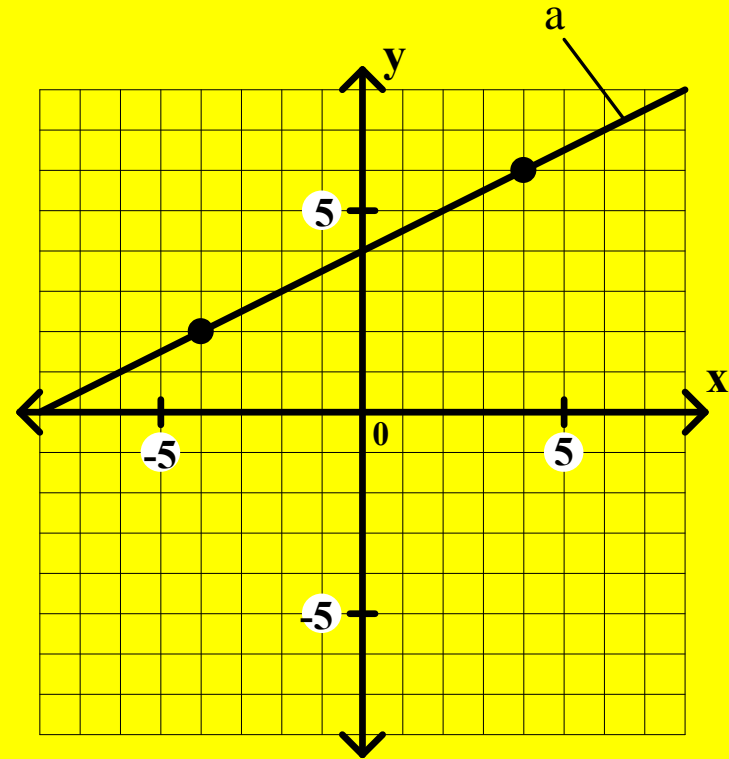
General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

13. Line a: _____

oblique line $\rightarrow y = mx + b$



General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

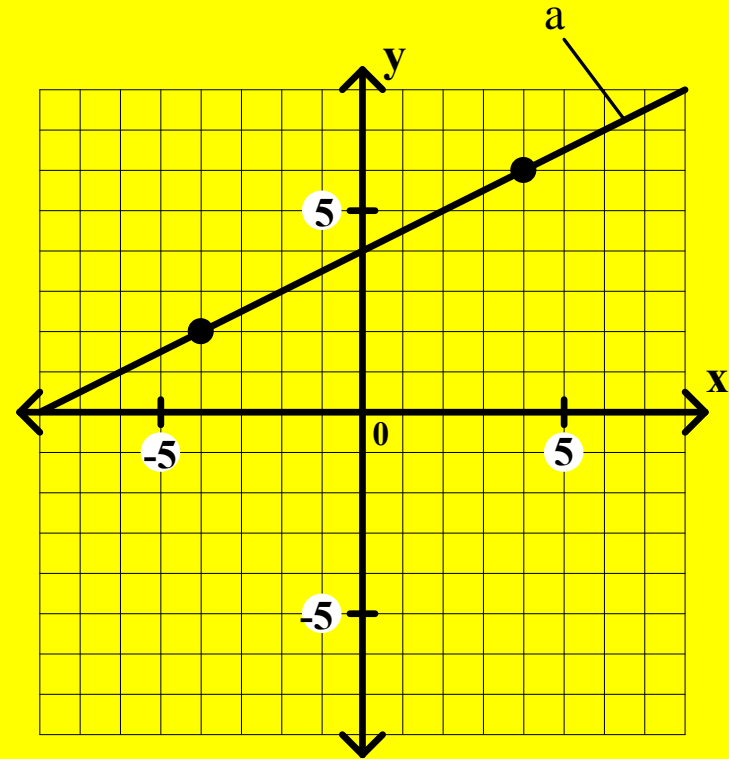
Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

13. Line a: _____

oblique line $\rightarrow y = mx + b$

through $(-4, 2)$ and $(4, 6)$



General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

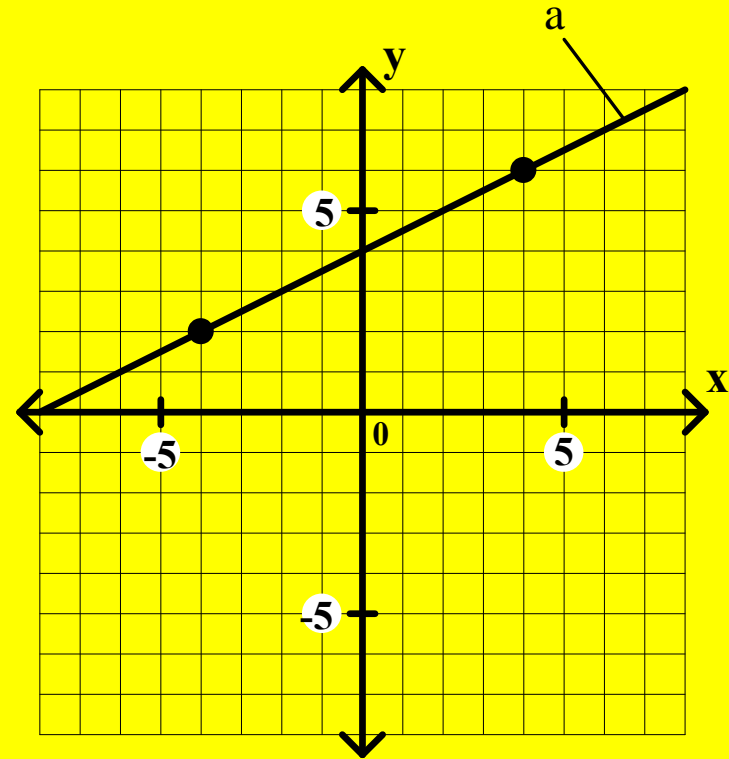
If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

13. Line a: _____

oblique line $\rightarrow y = mx + b$

through $(-4, 2)$ and $(4, 6)$

$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$$



General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

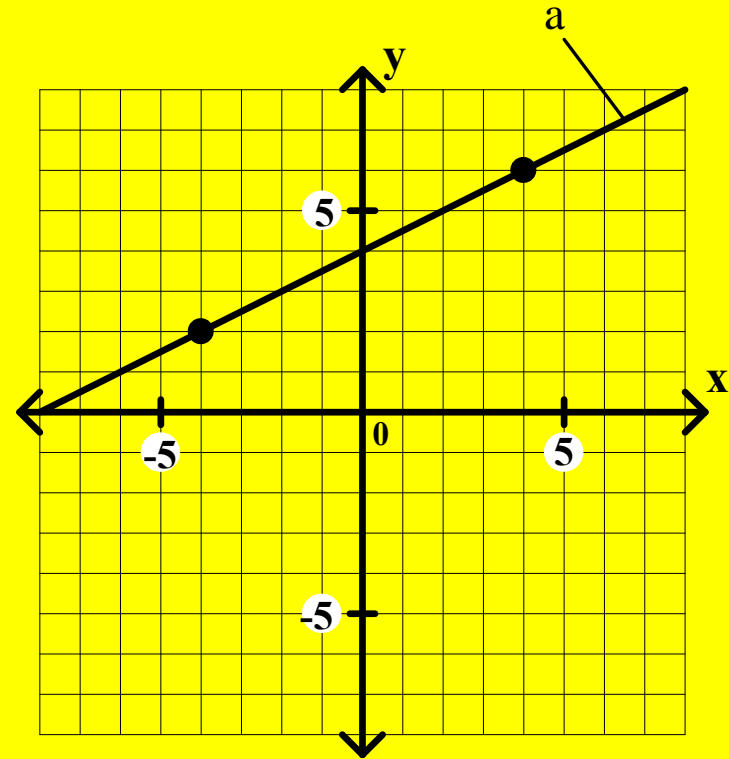
If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

13. Line a: _____

oblique line $\rightarrow y = mx + b$

through $(-4, 2)$ and $(4, 6)$

$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{6}{8} = \frac{3}{4}$$



General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

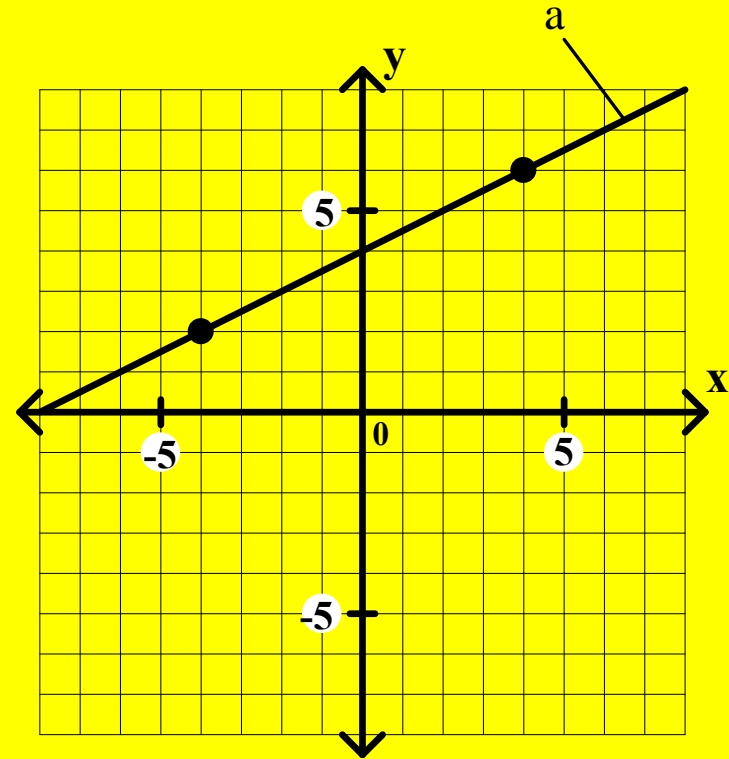
If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

13. Line a: _____

oblique line $\rightarrow y = mx + b$

through $(-4, 2)$ and $(4, 6)$

$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{6 - 2}{4 - (-4)}$$



General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

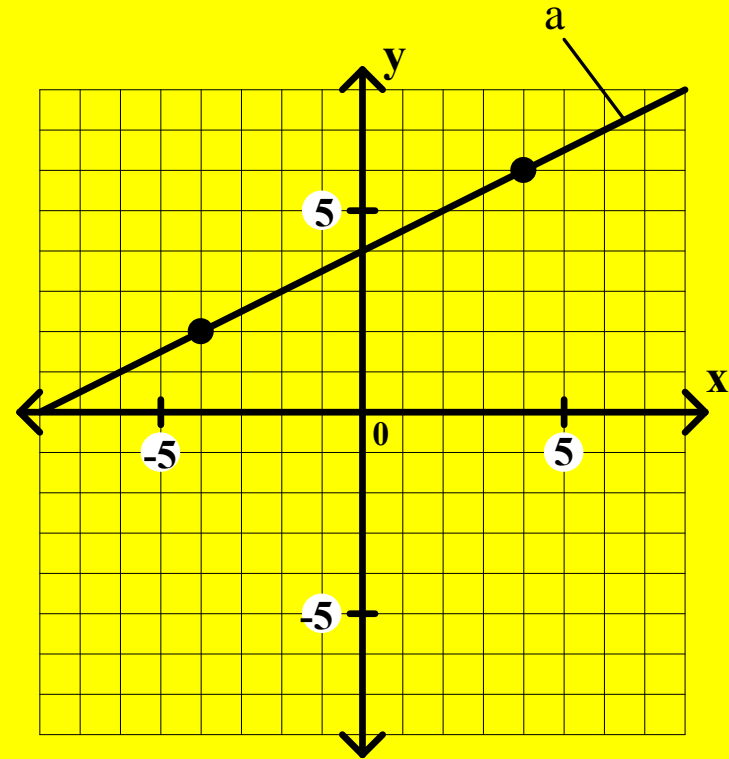
If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

13. Line a: _____

oblique line $\rightarrow y = mx + b$

through $(-4, 2)$ and $(4, 6)$

$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{6 - 2}{4}$$



General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

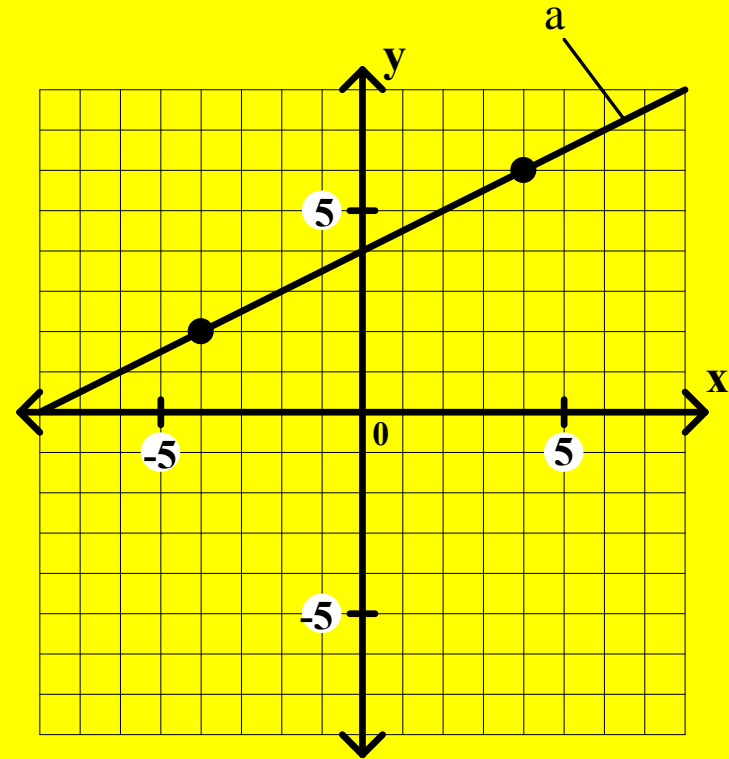
If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

13. Line a: _____

oblique line $\rightarrow y = mx + b$

through $(-4, 2)$ and $(4, 6)$

$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{6 - 2}{4 - (-4)}$$



General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

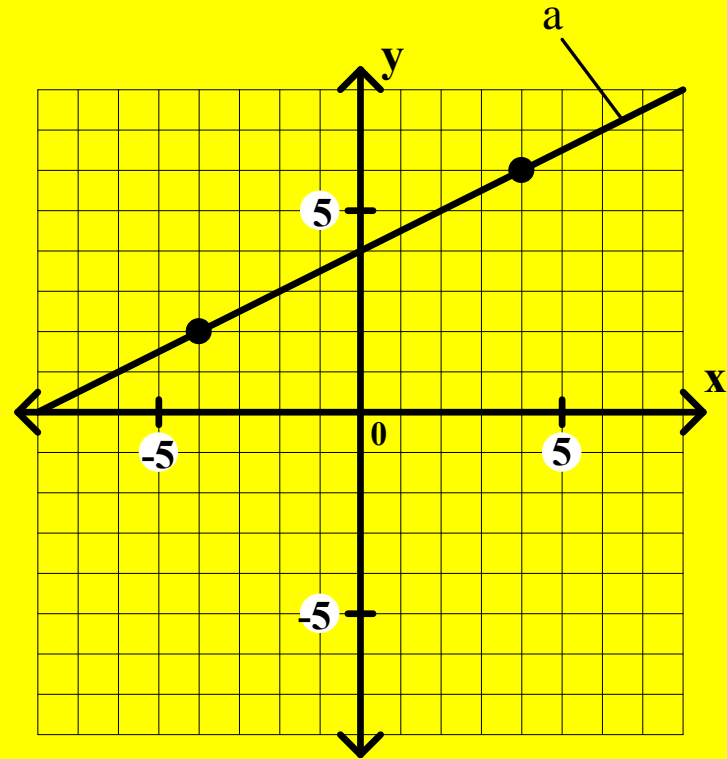
13. Line a: _____

oblique line $\rightarrow y = mx + b$

through $(-4, 2)$ and $(4, 6)$

$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{6 - 2}{4 - (-4)}$$

$$m = 1/2$$



General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

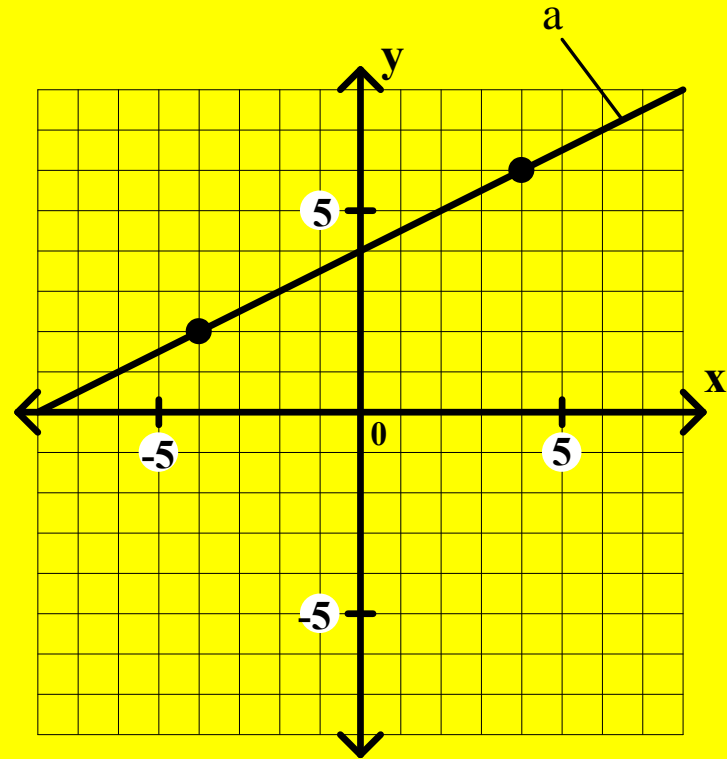
13. Line a: _____

oblique line $\rightarrow y = mx + b$

through $(-4, 2)$ and $(4, 6)$

$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{6 - 2}{4 - (-4)} \quad m = 1/2$$

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$$



General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

13. Line a: _____

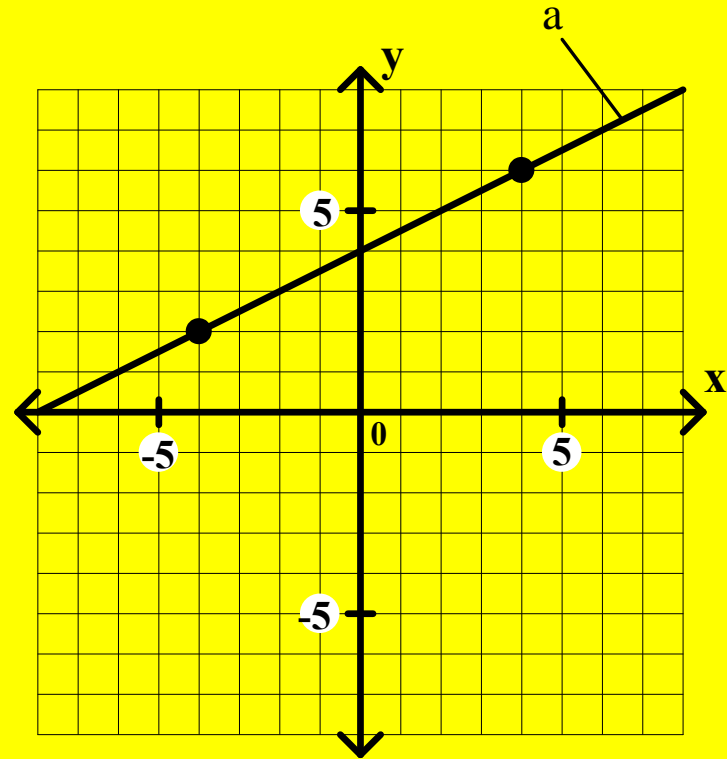
oblique line $\rightarrow y = mx + b$

through $(-4, 2)$ and $(4, 6)$

$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{6 - 2}{4 - (-4)} \quad m = 1/2$$

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$$

$$y - 2 =$$



General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

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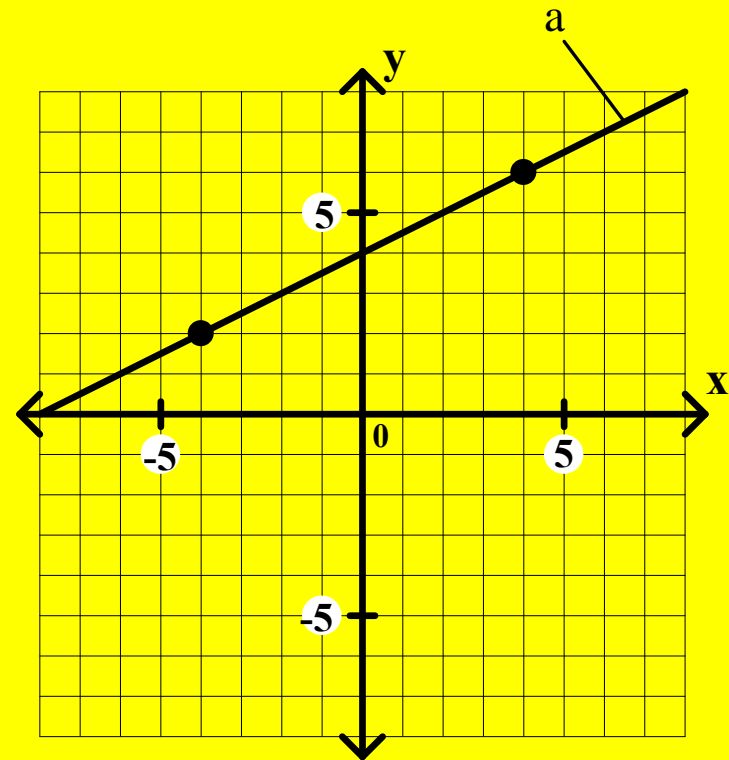
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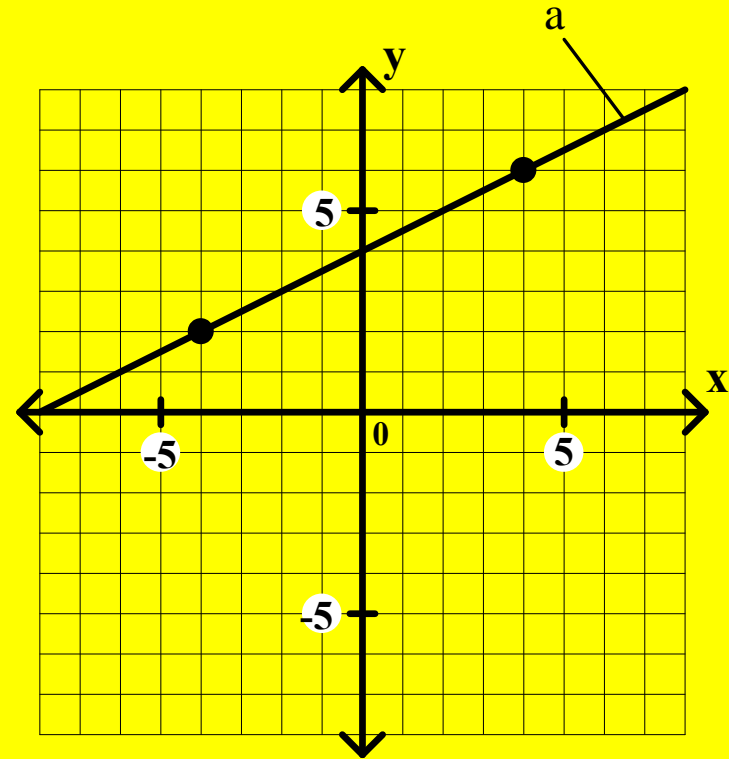
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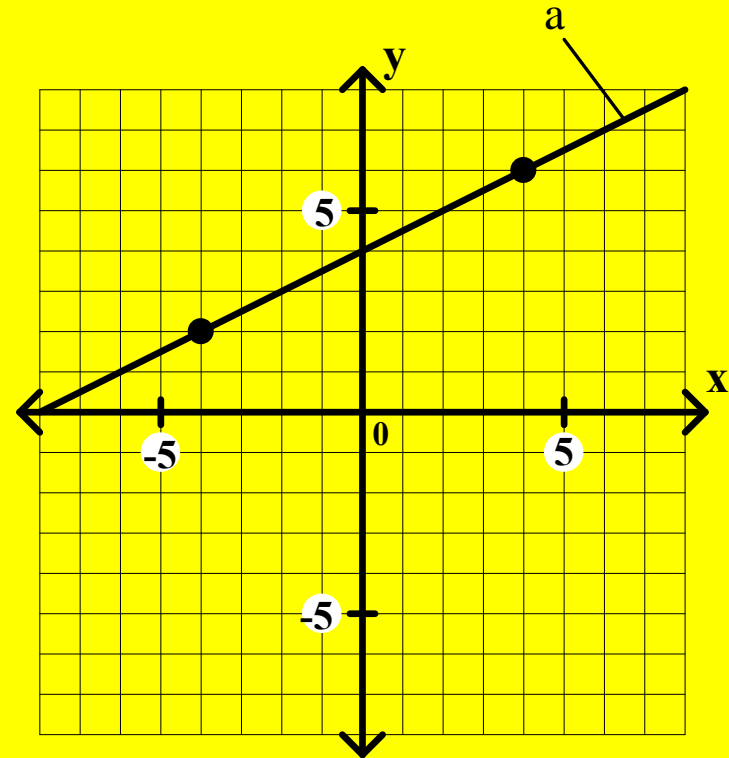
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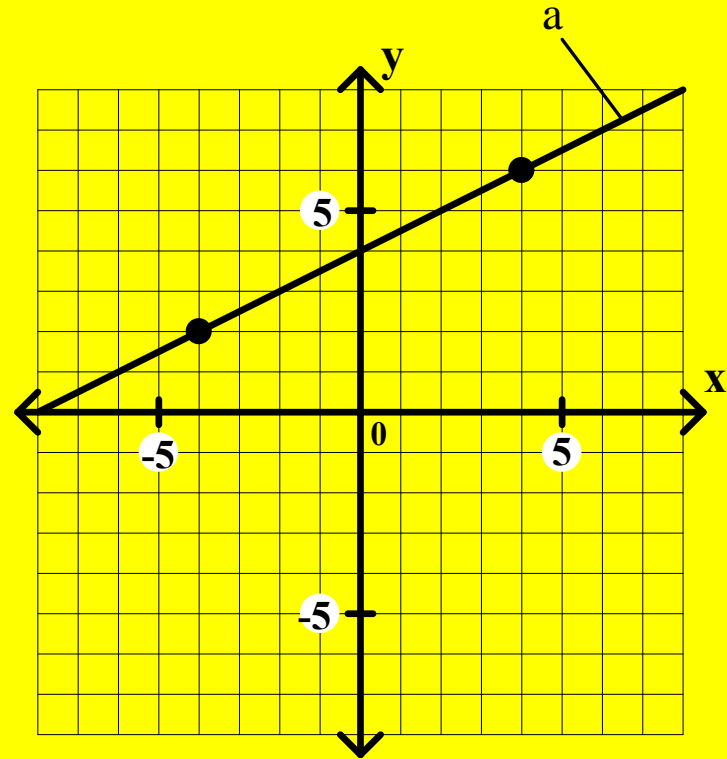
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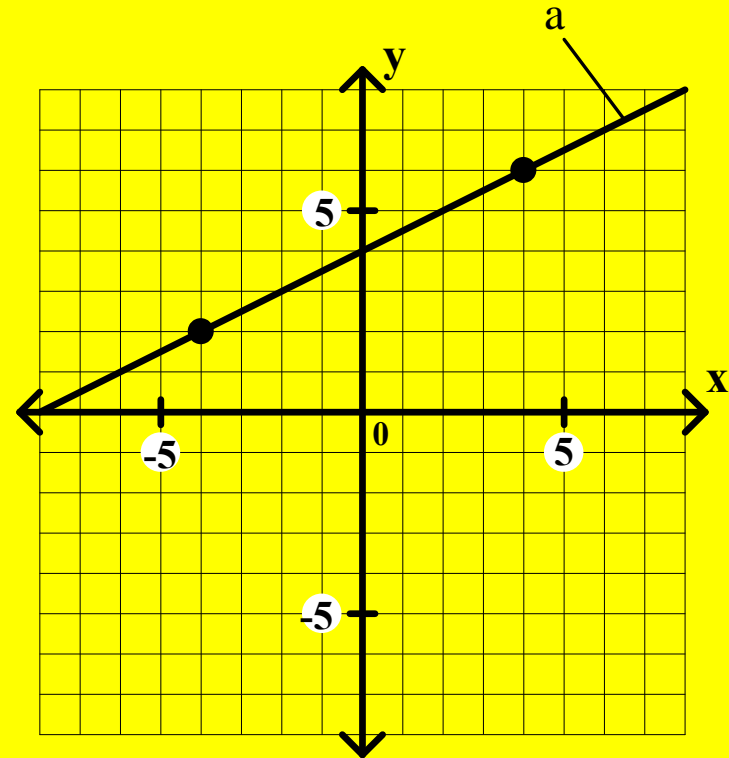
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$$y - 2 = \frac{1}{2}x$$



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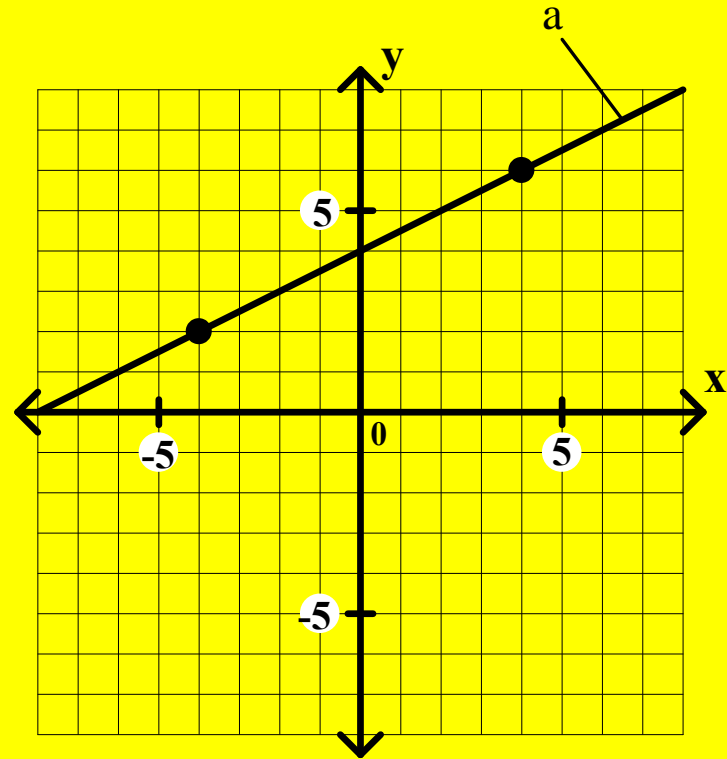
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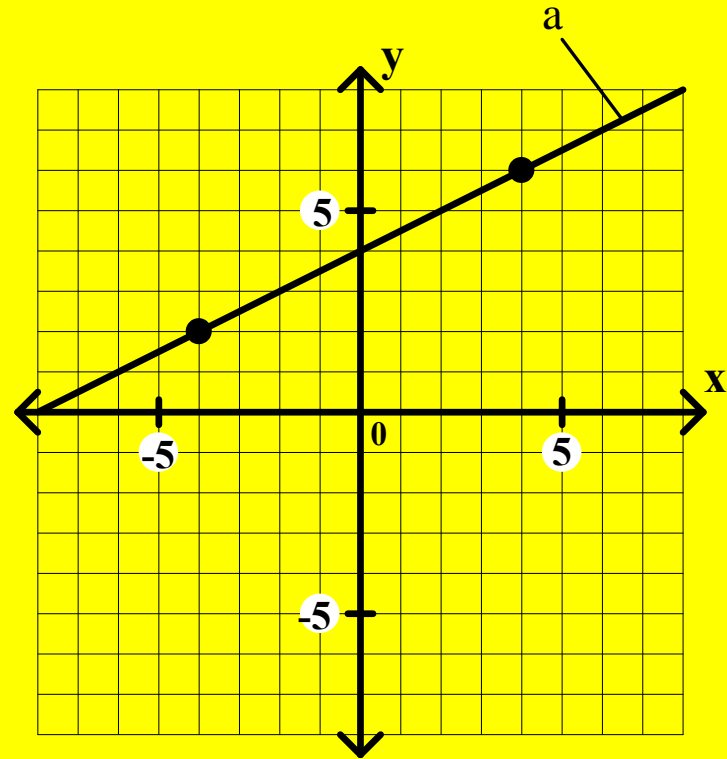
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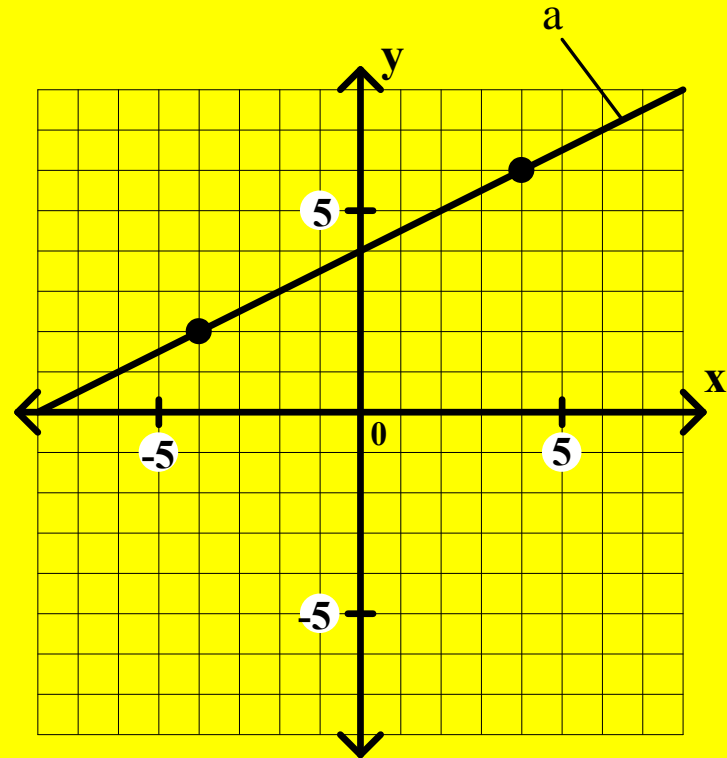
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General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

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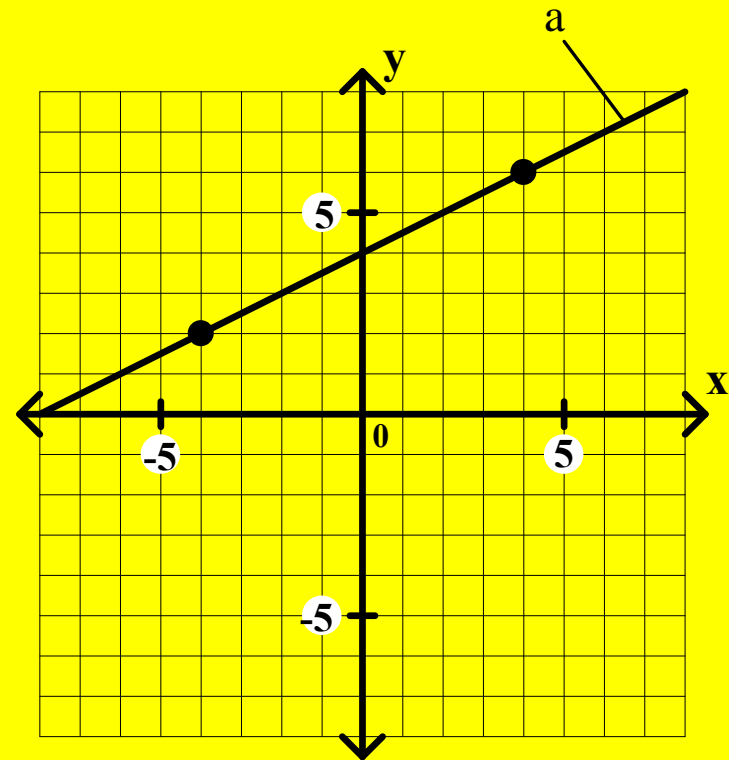
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General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

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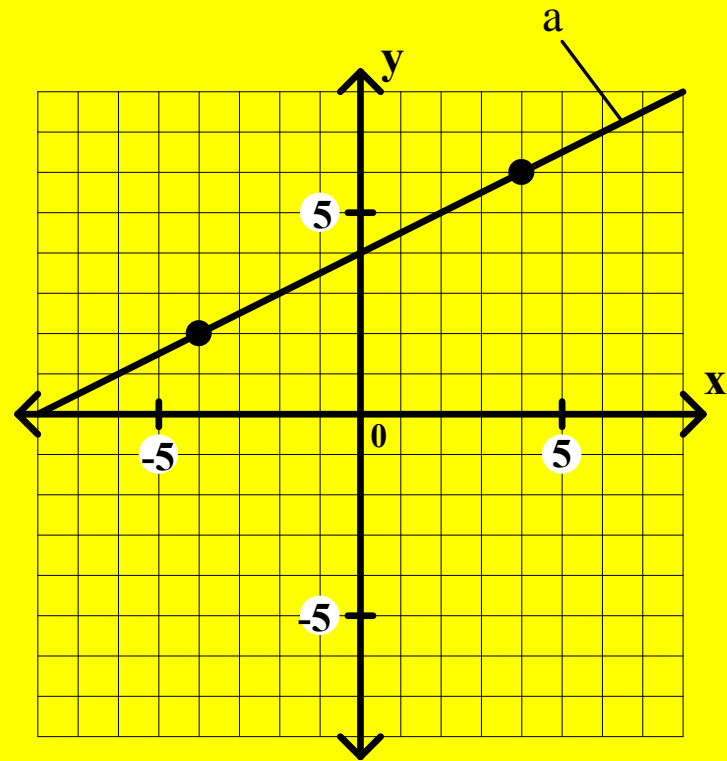
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General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

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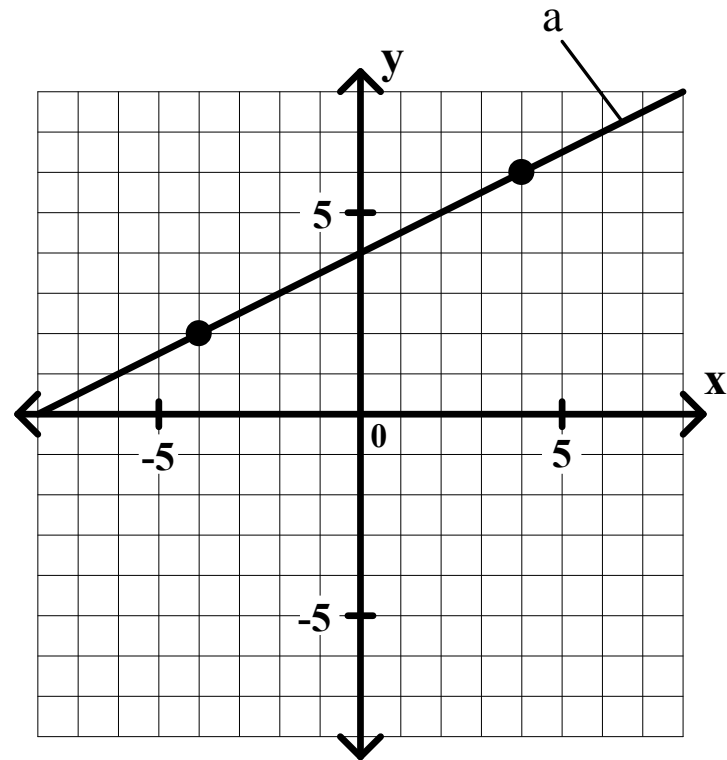
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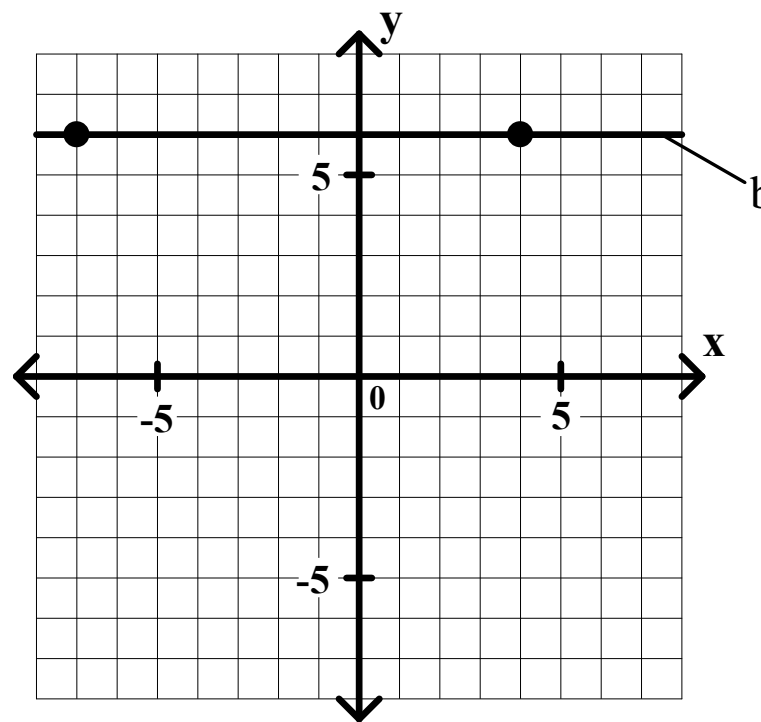


General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

14. Line b: _____

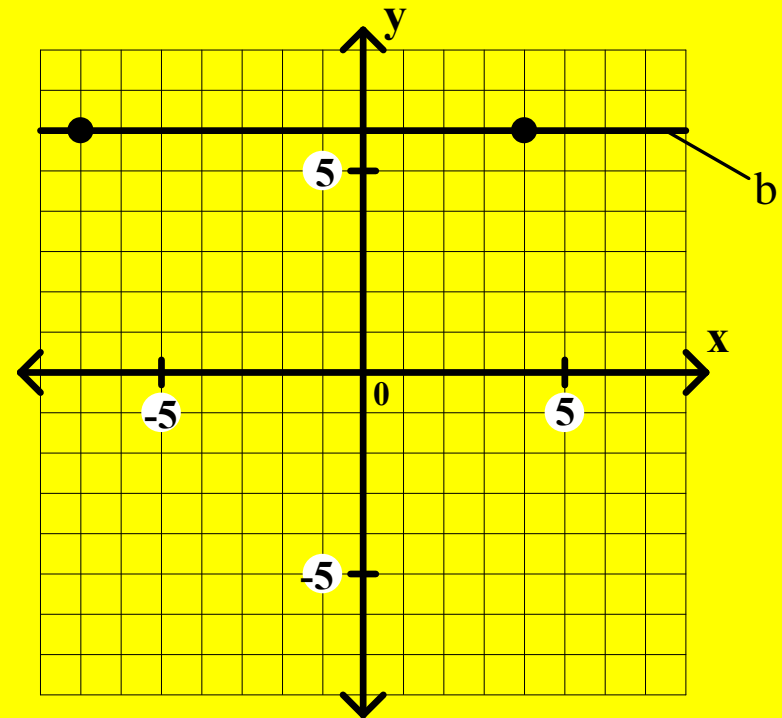


General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

14. Line b: _____



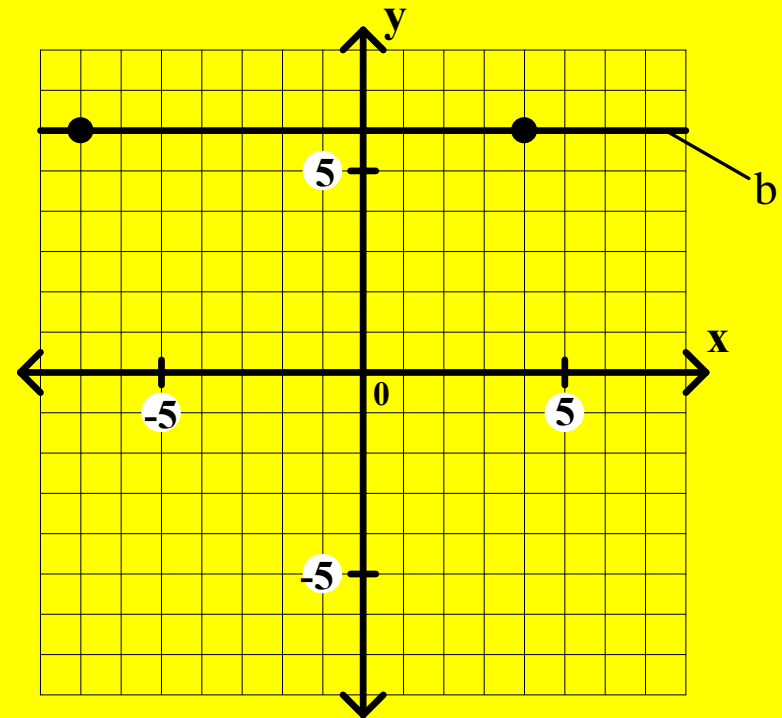
General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

14. Line b: _____

horizontal line



General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

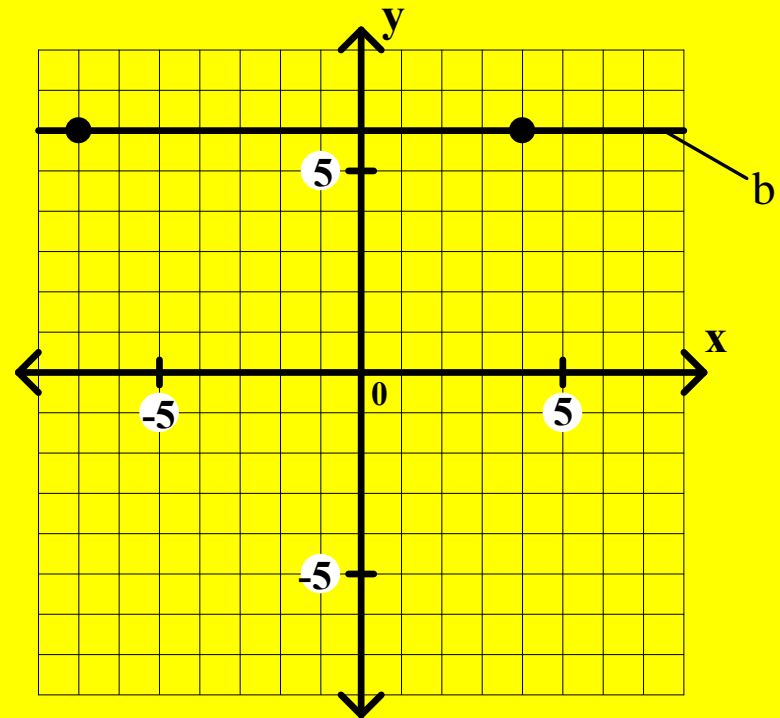
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If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

14. Line b: _____

horizontal line

through $(-7, 6)$ and $(4, 6)$



General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

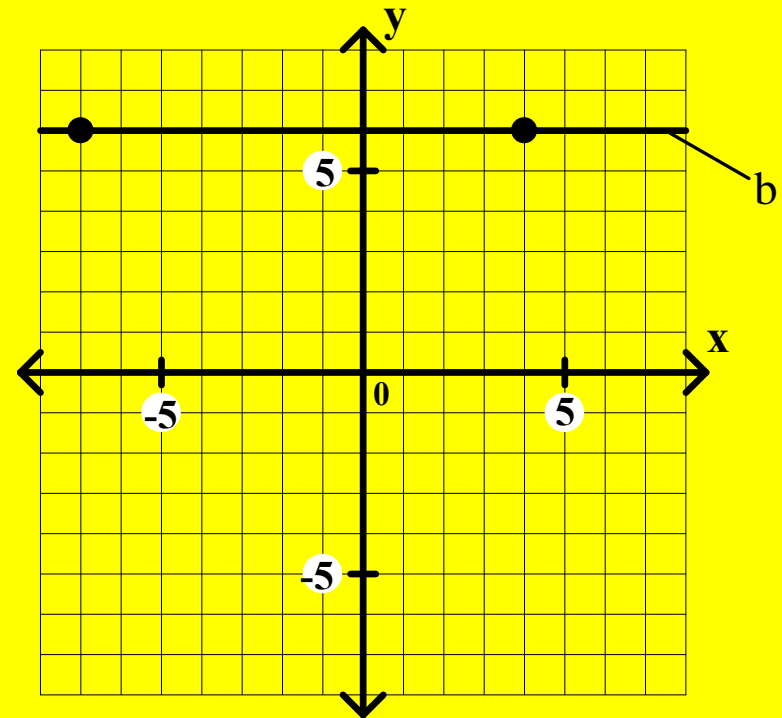
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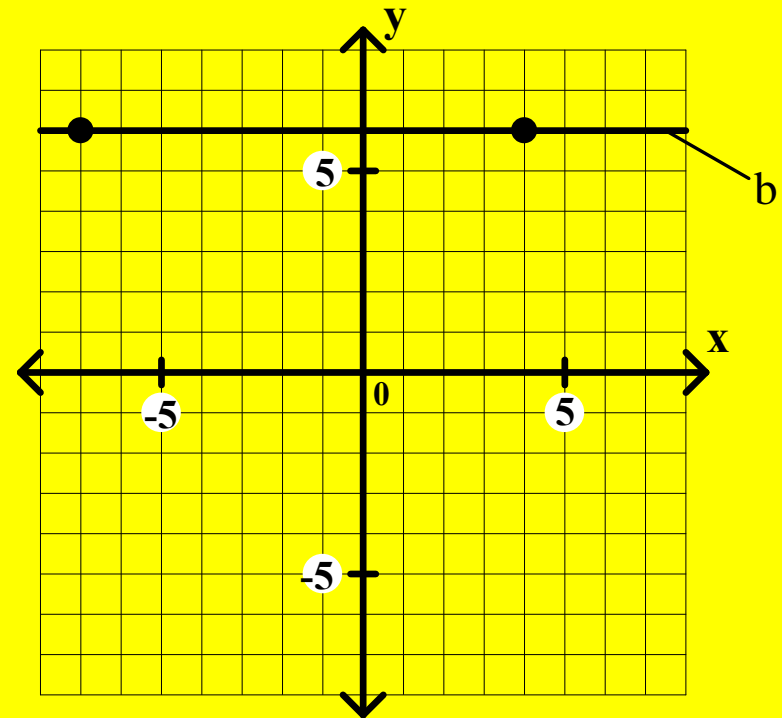
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$$y = k$$



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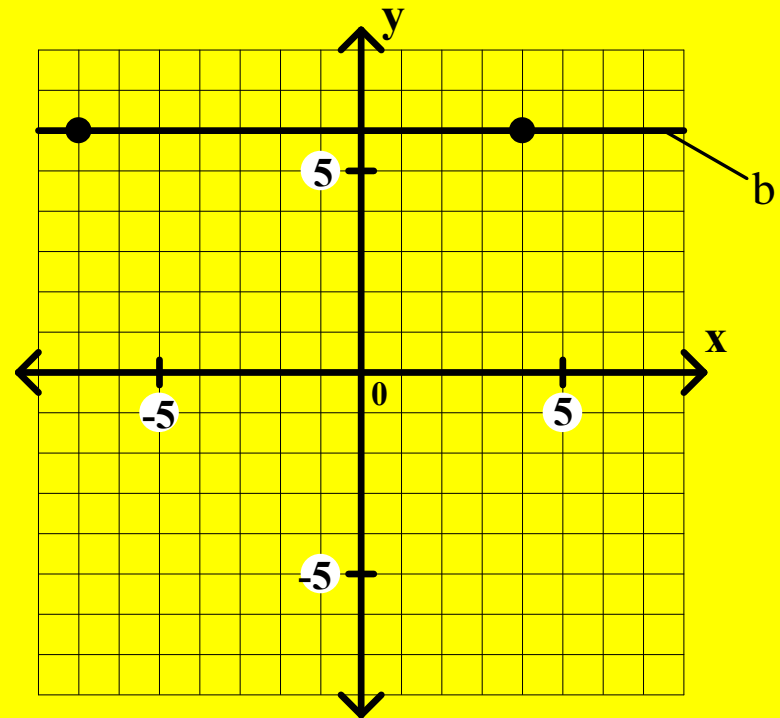
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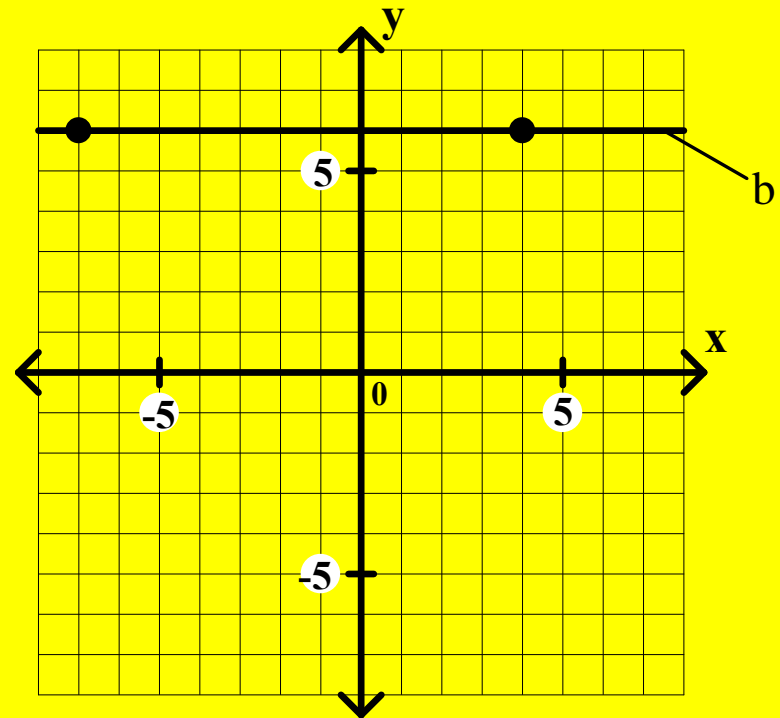
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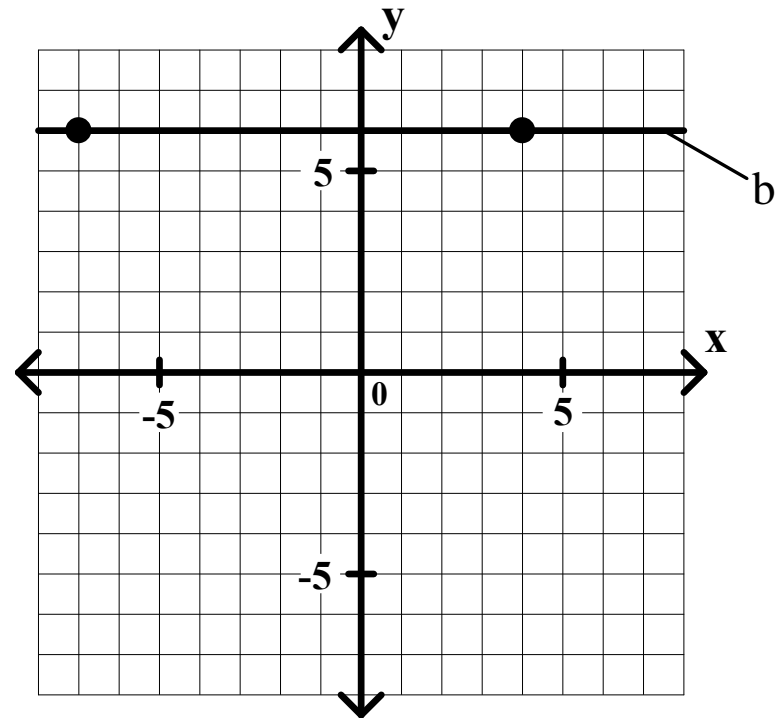
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through $(-7, 6)$ and $(4, 6)$

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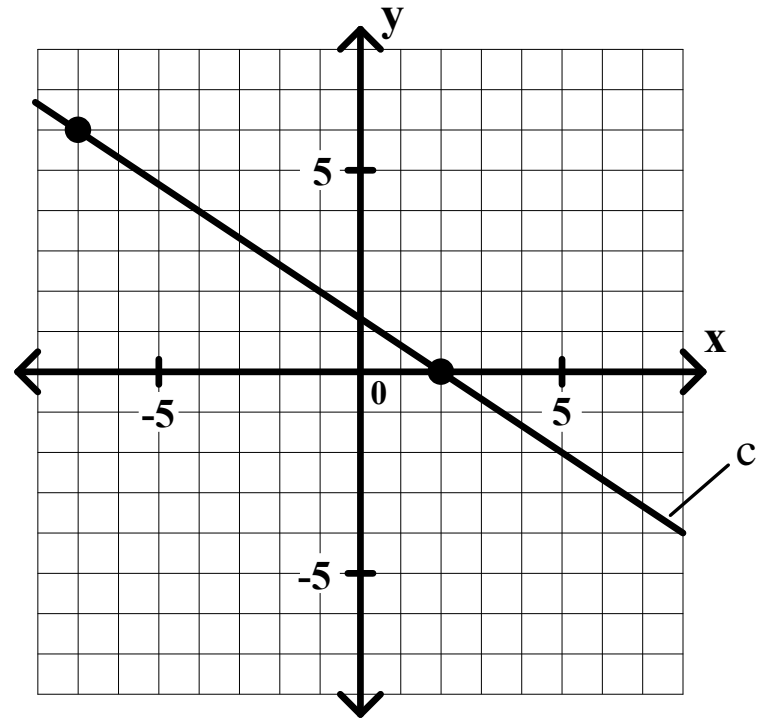


General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

15. Line c: _____

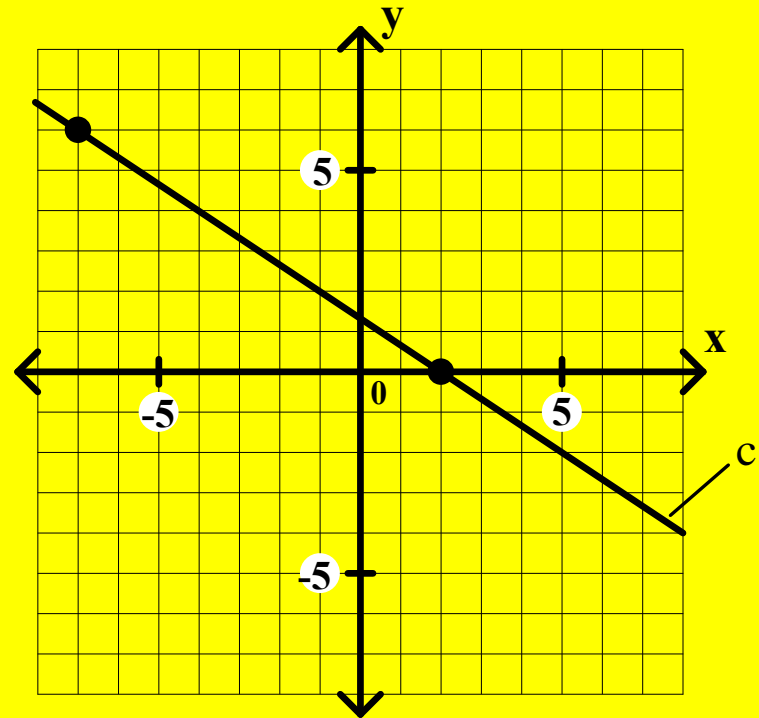


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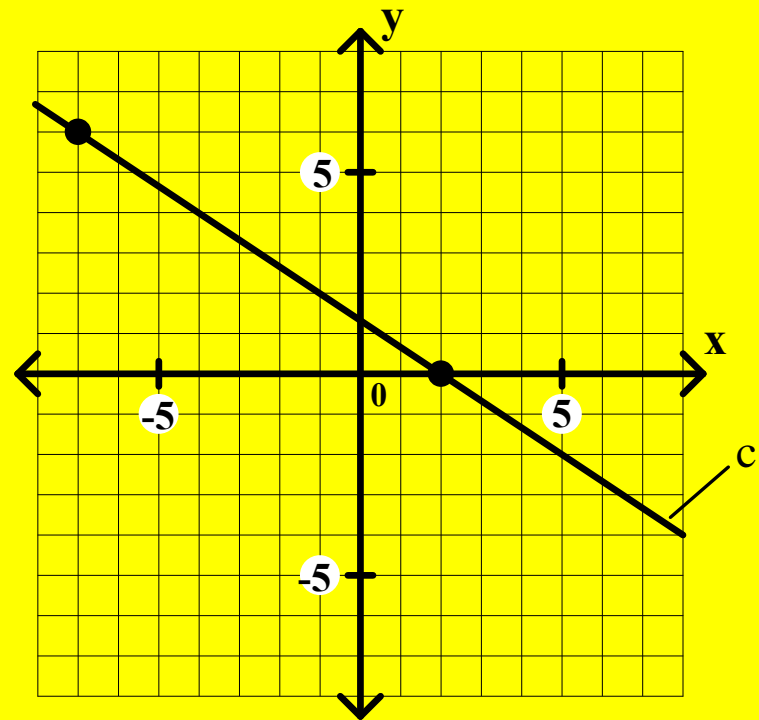
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oblique line



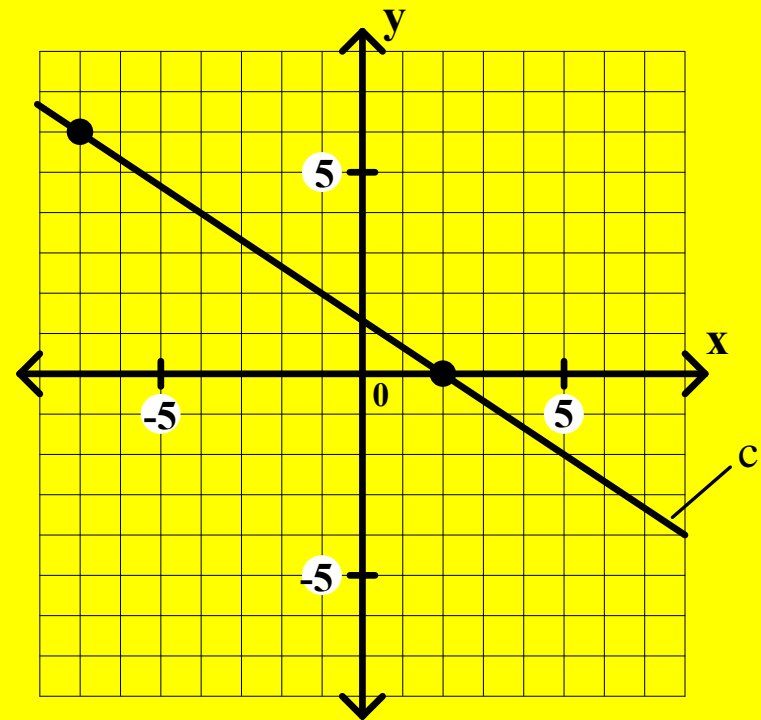
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oblique line $\rightarrow y = mx + b$



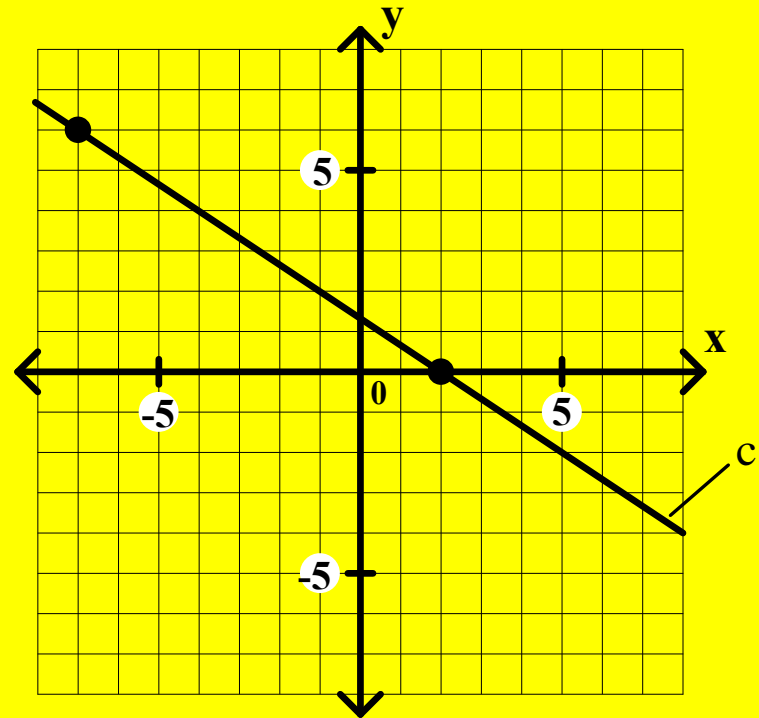
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oblique line $\rightarrow y = mx + b$
through $(2, 0)$ and $(-7, 6)$



General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

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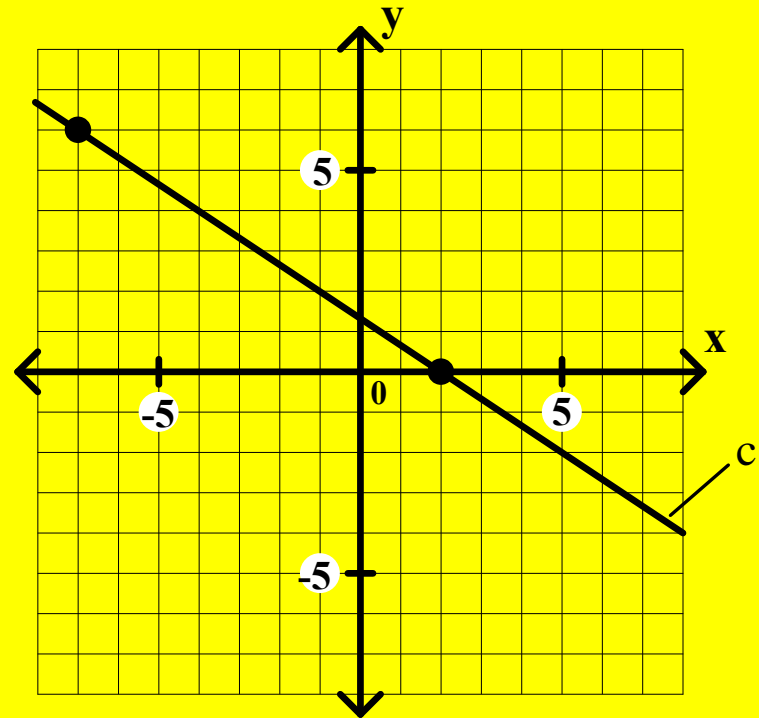
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$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$$



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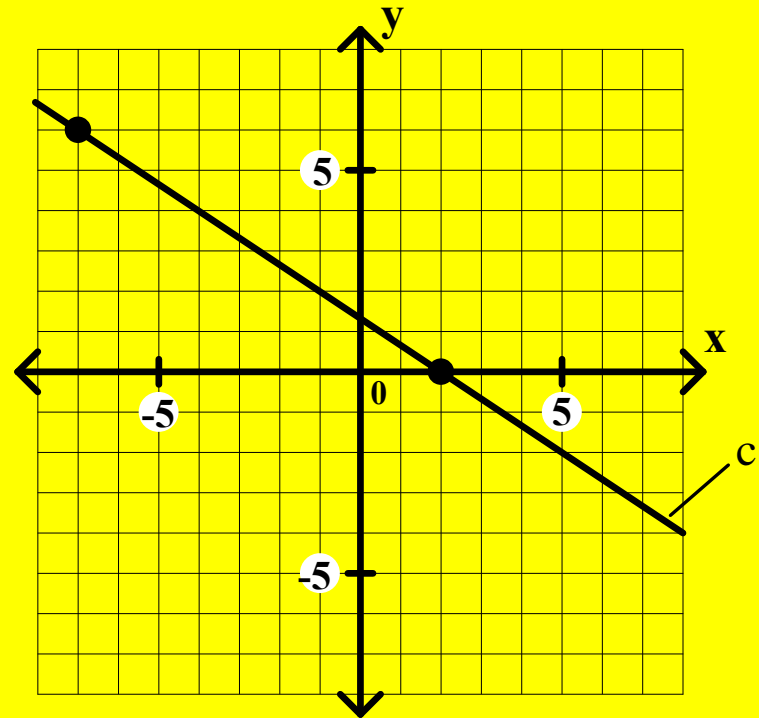
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$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{6}{-9} = -\frac{2}{3}$$



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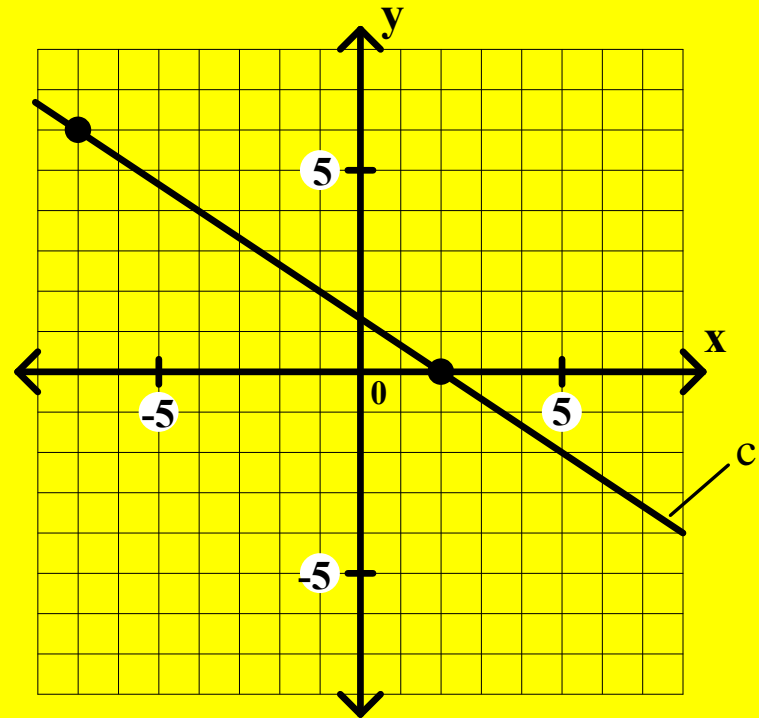
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General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

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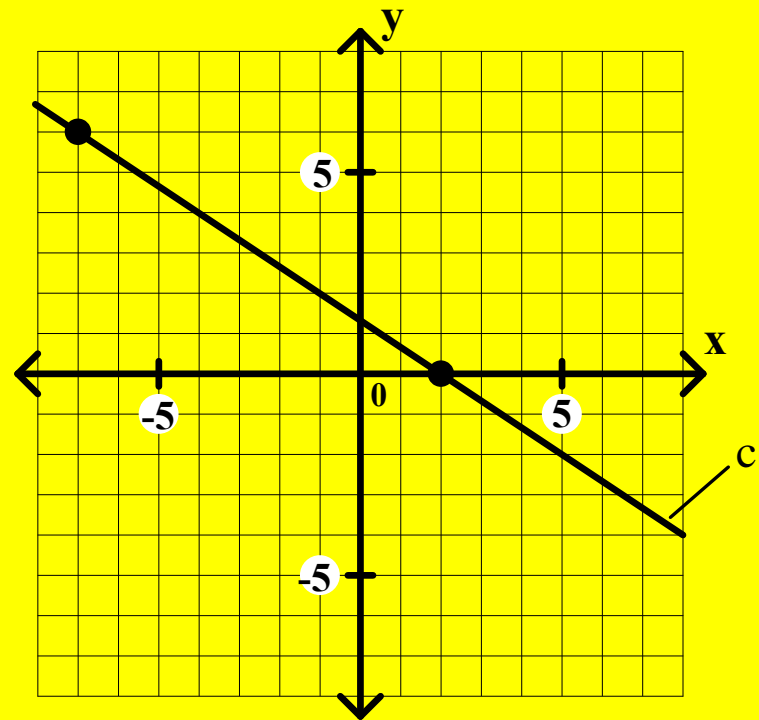
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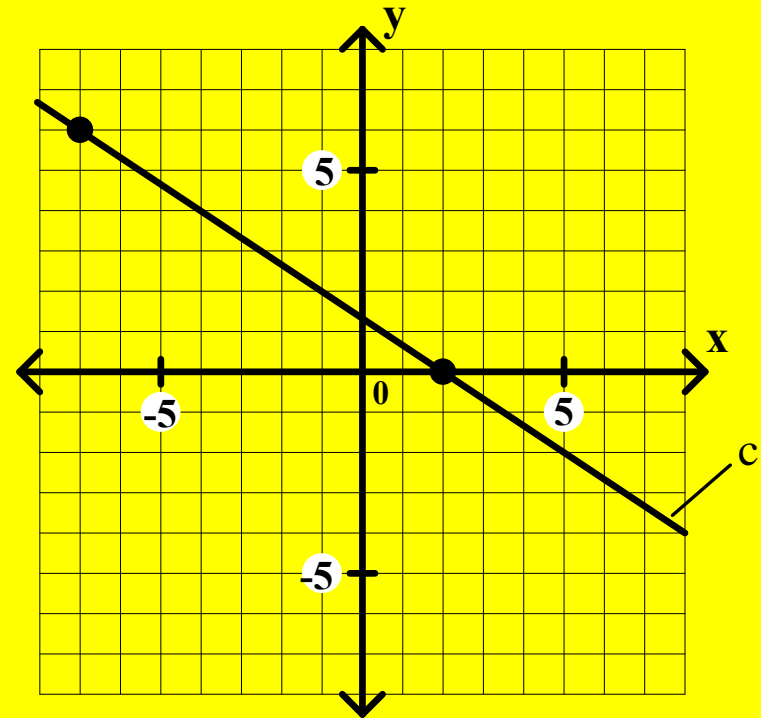
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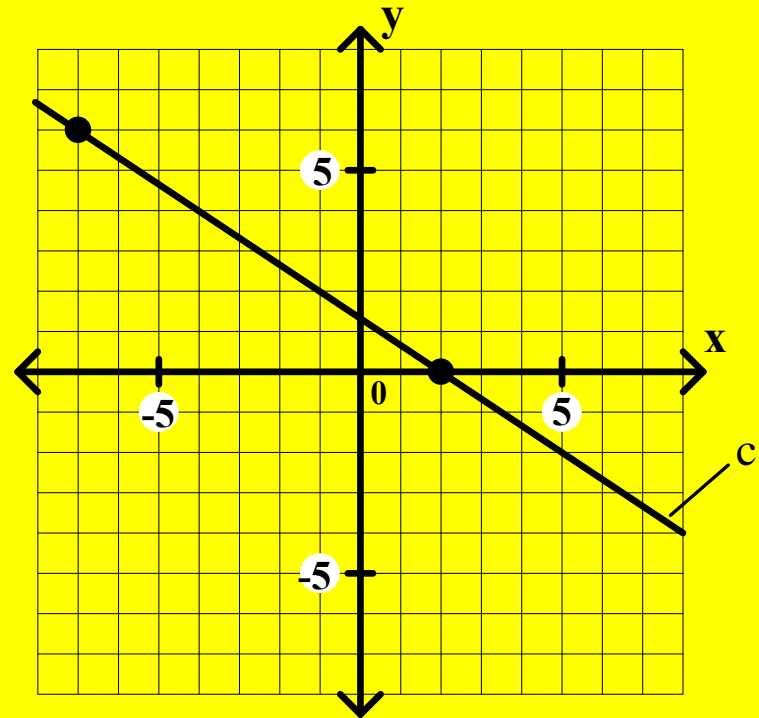
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$$m = -2/3$$



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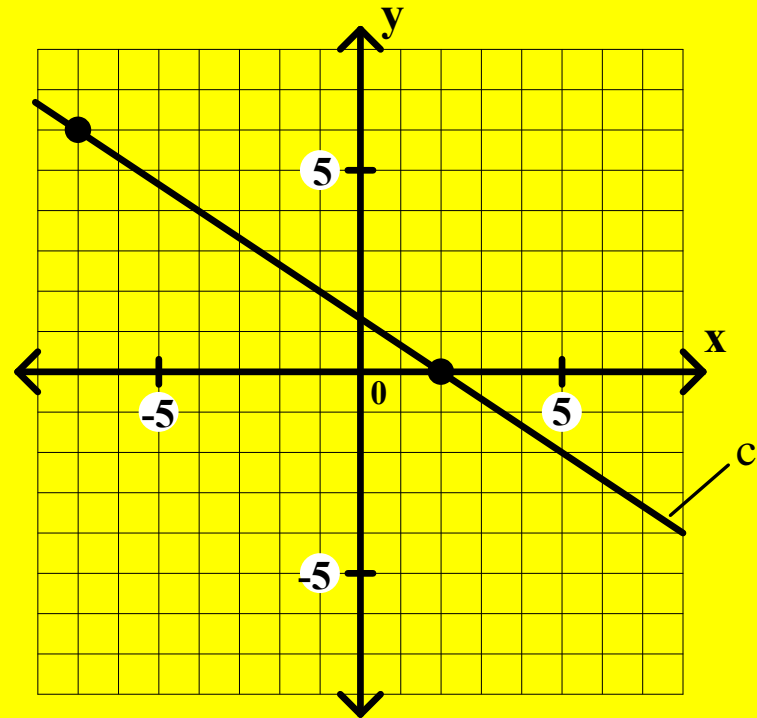
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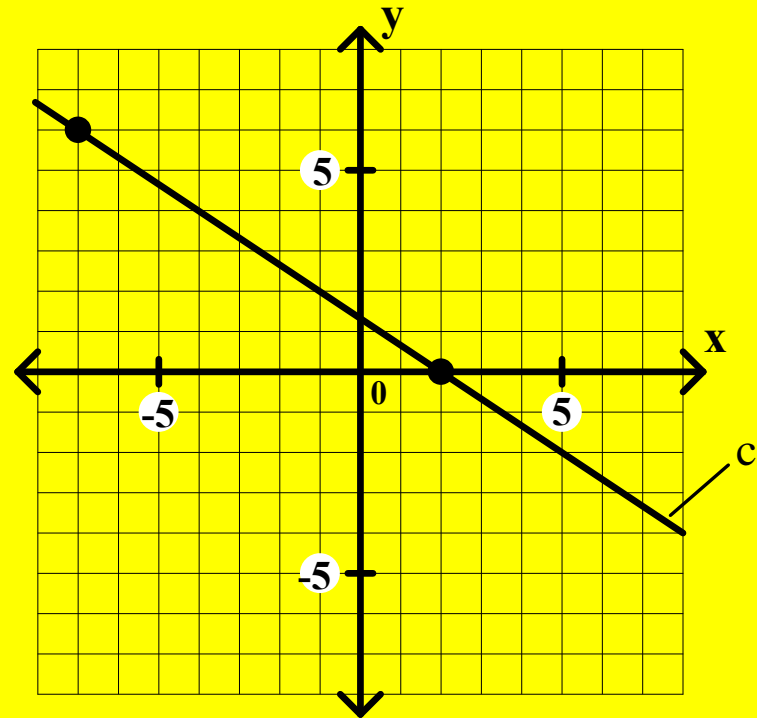
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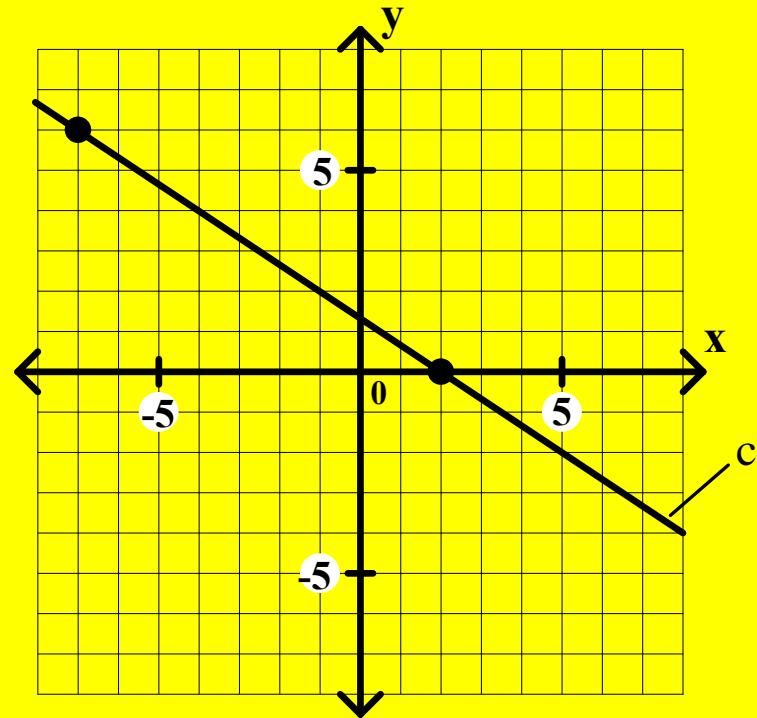
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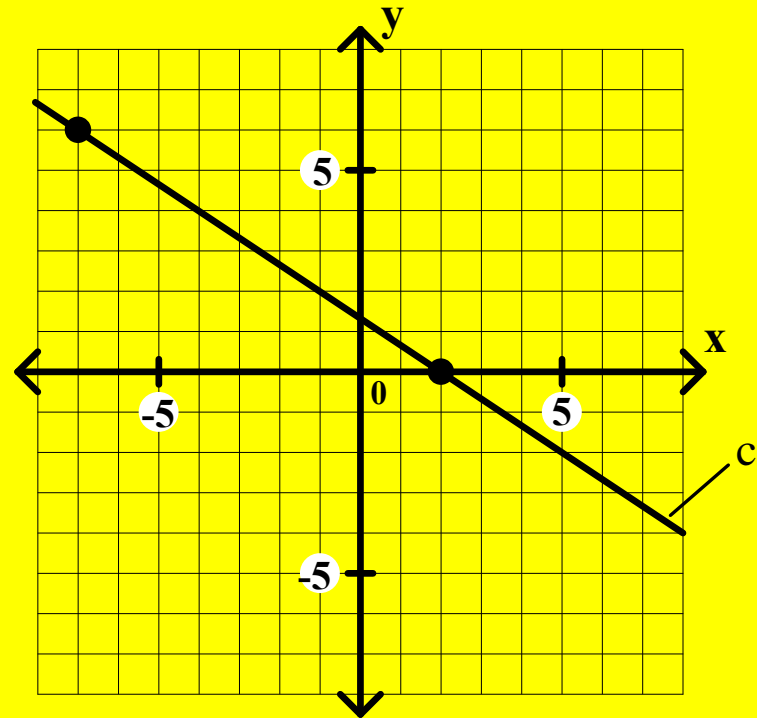
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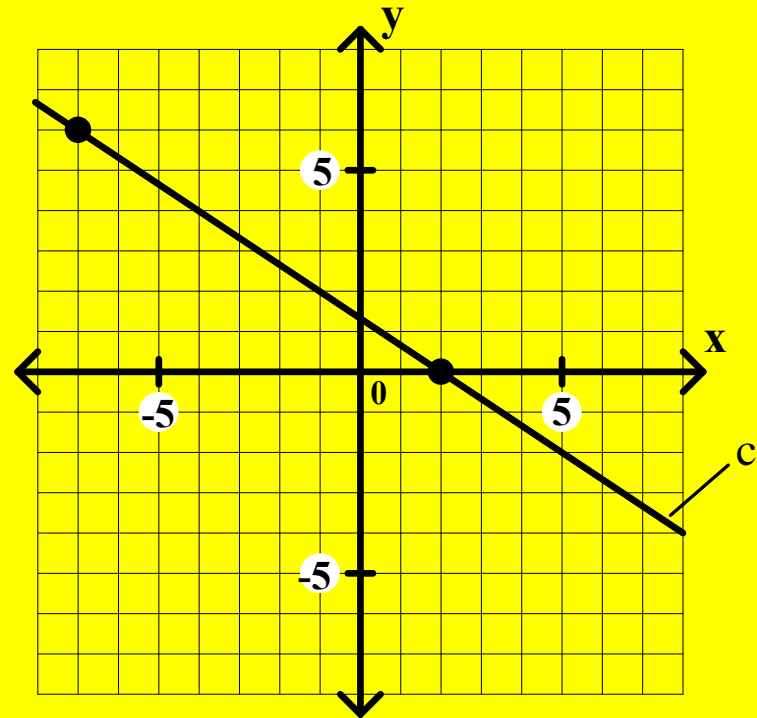
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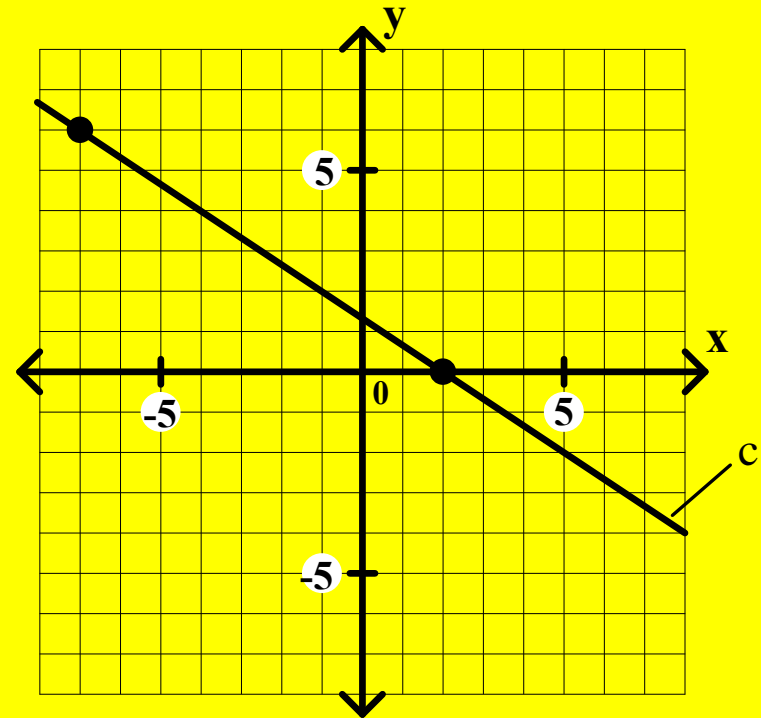
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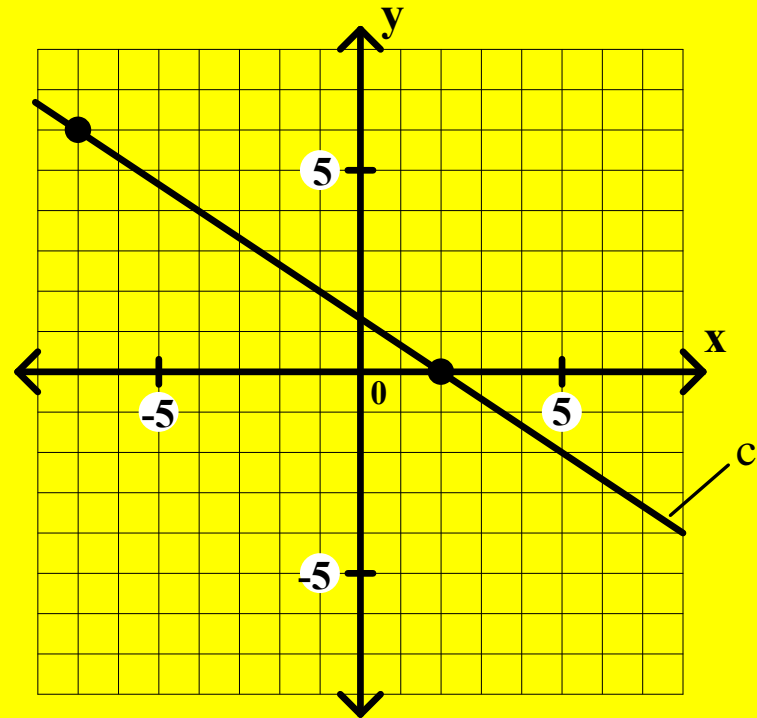
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$$y - 0 = -\frac{2}{3}(x - 2)$$

$$y = -\frac{2}{3}x + \frac{4}{3}$$



General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

Write the equation of each line described.

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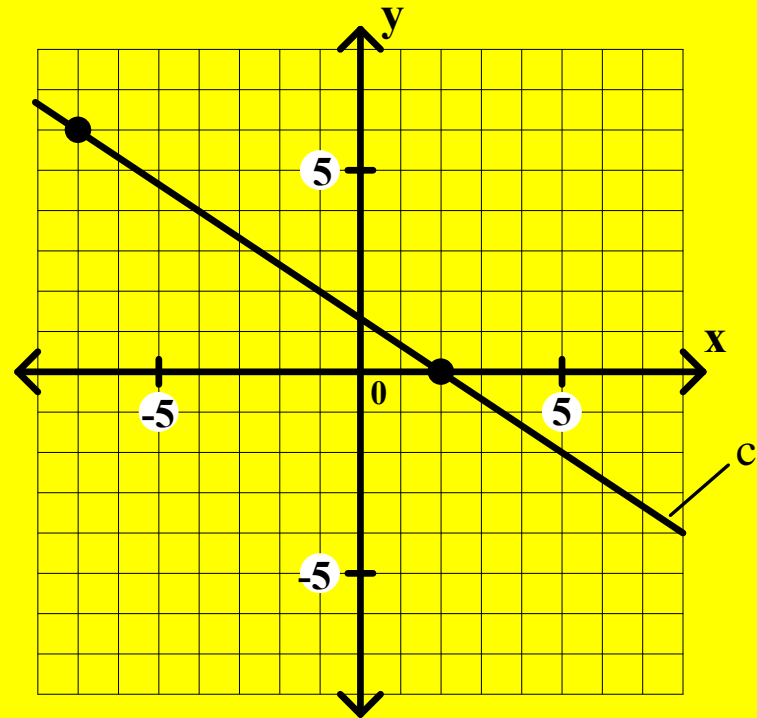
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15. Line c: $y = -\frac{2}{3}x + \frac{4}{3}$

oblique line $\rightarrow y = mx + b$

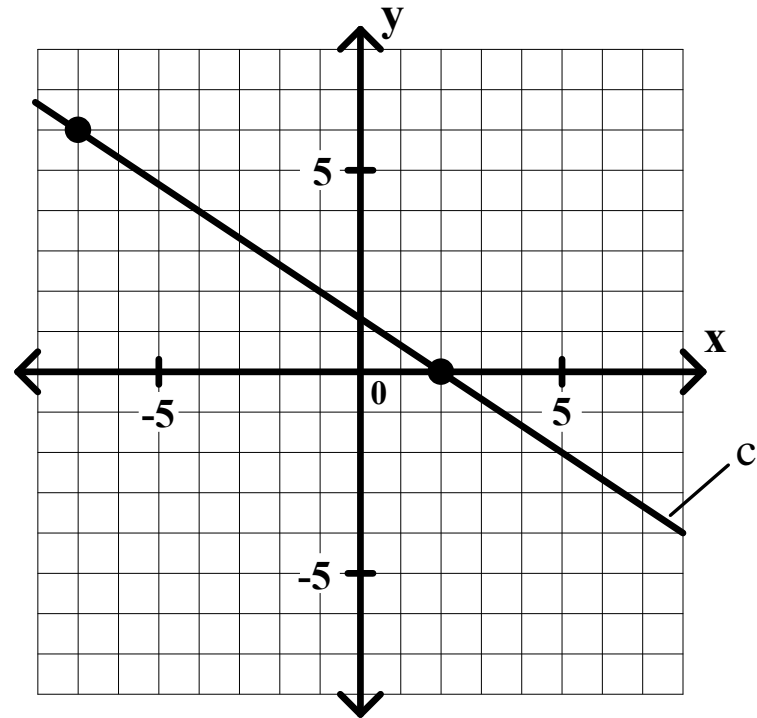
through $(2, 0)$ and $(-7, 6)$

$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{6 - 0}{-7 - 2} \quad m = -2/3$$

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$$

$$y - 0 = -\frac{2}{3}(x - 2)$$

$$y = -\frac{2}{3}x + \frac{4}{3}$$



General Algebra II CWS #2 Unit 2

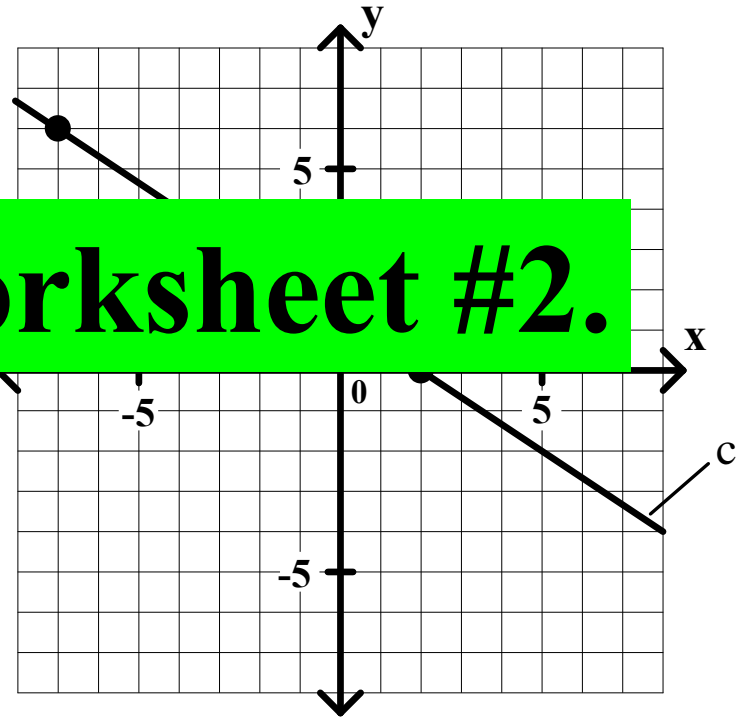
Write the equation of each line described.

If the line is oblique, use slope-intercept form.

15. Line c: $y = -\frac{2}{3}x + \frac{4}{3}$

oblique line $\rightarrow y = mx + b$

Good luck on worksheet #2.



$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{-4 - 0}{-2 - 2} = \frac{-4}{-4} = 1$$

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$$

$$y - 0 = -\frac{2}{3}(x - 2)$$

$$y = -\frac{2}{3}x + \frac{4}{3}$$

