Write the equation of any line that contains the given point and is tangent to the given function. Give the point of tangency with each equation.

3. (1, -2); $f(x) = x^2 - 2x + 3$ Let T(x, y) represent any point of tangency.

At point T,
$$y = f(x) = x^2 - 2x + 3$$

Also, $\frac{y - y_1}{x - x_1} = f'(x)$
 $f'(x) = 2x - 2$
 $\frac{y + 2}{x - 1} = 2x - 2$
 $y + 2 = (x - 1)(2x - 2)$
 $y + 2 = 2x^2 - 4x + 2$
 $y = 2x^2 - 4x$
Therefore, $2x^2 - 4x = x^2 - 2x + 3$
 $(x - 3)(x + 1) = 0$
 $x = 3 \text{ or } x = -1$
 $y = f(3) = 6$
 $y = f(3) = 6$
 $y = f(3) = 4$
 $y - 6 = 4(x - 3)$
 $y - 6 = 4(x - 3)$
 $y - 6 = -4(x + 1)$
 $y - 6 = 4x - 12$
 $y = -4x + 2 \text{ at } (-1, 6)$

5. (2, -5); $f(x) = x^3 - 6x^2 + 4x + 1$ Let T(x, y) represent any point of tangency.

At point T, $y = f(x) = x^3 - 6x^2 + 4x + 1$

Also,
$$\frac{y-y_1}{x-x_1} = f'(x)$$

 $f'(x) = 3x^2 - 12x + 4$
 $\frac{y+5}{x-2} = 3x^2 - 12x + 4$
 $y+5 = (x-2)(3x^2 - 12x + 4)$
 $y = 3x^3 - 18x^2 + 28x - 8$
 $y = 3x^3 - 18x^2 + 28x - 13$
Therefore,
 $3x^3 - 18x^2 + 28x - 14 = 0$
 $x^3 - 6x^2 + 12x - 7 = 0$
 $(x-1)(x^2 - 5x + 7) = 0$
 $x = 1 \text{ or } x = \frac{5 \pm \sqrt{25 - 28}}{2}$
 $y = f(1) = 0$
 $point (1, 0) m_t = f'(1) = -5$
 $y - 0 = -5(x - 1)$
 $y = -5x + 5 \text{ at } (1, 0)$