

## Calculus Worksheet #1 Unit 1 Selected Solutions

Use the 4-step method to find  $f'(x)$  for each of the following functions. Show your work neatly organized on your work paper.

1.  $f(x) = 6x + 2$

$$f(x + \Delta x) = 6(x + \Delta x) + 2$$

$$\begin{array}{r} f(x + \Delta x) = 6x + 6\Delta x + 2 \\ f(x) = 6x \quad \quad + 2 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$f(x + \Delta x) - f(x) = 6\Delta x$$

$$\frac{f(x + \Delta x) - f(x)}{\Delta x} = \frac{6\Delta x}{\Delta x} = 6$$

$$f'(x) = \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} (6)$$

$f'(x) = 6$

6.  $f(x) = x^2 - 3x + 6$

$$f(x + \Delta x) = (x + \Delta x)^2 - 3(x + \Delta x) + 6$$

$$\begin{array}{r} f(x + \Delta x) = x^2 + 2x\Delta x + \Delta x^2 - 3x - 3\Delta x + 6 \\ f(x) = x^2 \quad \quad \quad - 3x \quad \quad + 6 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$f(x + \Delta x) - f(x) = 2x\Delta x + \Delta x^2 - 3\Delta x$$

$$\frac{f(x + \Delta x) - f(x)}{\Delta x} = \frac{2x\Delta x + \Delta x^2 - 3\Delta x}{\Delta x}$$

$$\frac{f(x + \Delta x) - f(x)}{\Delta x} = 2x + \Delta x - 3$$

$$f'(x) = \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} (2x + \Delta x - 3)$$

$f'(x) = 2x - 3$

8.  $f(x) = x^3$

$$f(x + \Delta x) = (x + \Delta x)^3$$

$$f(x + \Delta x) = x^3 + 3x^2\Delta x + 3x\Delta x^2 + \Delta x^3$$

$$\begin{array}{r} f(x + \Delta x) = x^3 + 3x^2\Delta x + 3x\Delta x^2 + \Delta x^3 \\ f(x) = x^3 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$f(x + \Delta x) - f(x) = 3x^2\Delta x + 3x\Delta x^2 + \Delta x^3$$

$$\frac{f(x + \Delta x) - f(x)}{\Delta x} = \frac{3x^2\Delta x + 3x\Delta x^2 + \Delta x^3}{\Delta x}$$

$$\frac{f(x + \Delta x) - f(x)}{\Delta x} = 3x^2 + 3x\Delta x + \Delta x^2$$

$$f'(x) = \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} (3x^2 + 3x\Delta x + \Delta x^2)$$

$f'(x) = 3x^2$