# Calculus Unit 1 Lesson \#5a <br> The Velocity Function Class Worksheet 5a 

A steel ball is propelled upward in such a way that its height, h , in meters, above the ground after $t$ seconds is given by the function $h=f(t)=-5 t^{2}+\mathbf{3 0 t}+\mathbf{3 5}$.


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Note that if $\Delta t<0$, then point $Q$ would be to the left of point $P$ on the graph.


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\text { Slope of } d=\operatorname{Lim}_{\Delta t \rightarrow 0}\left[\frac{f(t+\Delta t)-f(t)}{\Delta t}\right]
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Let $\mathbf{Q}(t+\Delta t, f(t+\Delta t))$ represent any other point on the graph of $h=f(t)$.

We will represent the slope of line $P Q$.

$$
\mathbf{V}_{\mathrm{avg}}=\frac{\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{t}+\Delta \mathbf{t})-\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{t})}{\Delta \mathbf{t}}
$$

Line $d$ is the line that is tangent to the graph at point $P$. The slope of line $d$ is the velocity of the ball at time $t$.
The slope of line $d$ is the limiting value of the slope of line $P Q$ as $\Delta t$ approaches $0 \downarrow$


$$
\text { Slope of } d=\operatorname{Lim}_{\Delta t \rightarrow 0}\left[\frac{f(t+\Delta t)-f(t)}{\Delta t}\right]
$$

A steel ball is propelled upward in such a way that its height, h , in meters, above the ground after $t$ seconds is given by the function $h=f(t)=-5 t^{2}+30 t+35$.
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$$
V=\operatorname{Lim}_{\Delta t \rightarrow 0}\left[\frac{f(t+\Delta t)-f(t)}{\Delta t}\right]
$$



A steel ball is propelled upward in such a way that its height, $h$, in meters, above the ground after $t$ seconds is given by the function $h=f(t)=-5 t^{2}+30 t+35$.
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Let $P(t, f(t))$ represent any point on the graph of $h=f(t)$.
Let $\mathbf{Q}(t+\Delta t, f(t+\Delta t))$ represent any other point on the graph of $h=f(t)$.

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$$
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$$
V=\operatorname{Lim}_{\Delta t \rightarrow 0}\left[\frac{f(t+\Delta t)-f(t)}{\Delta t}\right]
$$



This, of course, is the derivative of function $f$ !!!

## Calculus Class Worksheet \#5a Unit 1

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A steel ball is propelled upward in such a way that its height, $h$, in meters, above the ground after $t$ seconds is given by the function $h=f(t)=-5 t^{2}+30 t+35$.

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A steel ball is propelled upward in such a way that its height, h , in meters, above the ground after $t$ seconds is given by the function $h=f(t)=-5 t^{2}+30 t+35$.

1. Express the velocity of the ball as a function of $t$.

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1. Express the velocity of the ball as a function of $t$.

$$
\mathbf{V}=
$$

## Calculus Class Worksheet \#5a Unit 1

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1. Express the velocity of the ball as a function of $t$.

$$
\mathbf{V}=\mathbf{f}^{\prime}(\mathbf{t})=
$$

## Calculus Class Worksheet \#5a Unit 1

A steel ball is propelled upward in such a way that its height, h , in meters, above the ground after $t$ seconds is given by the function $h=f(t)=-5 t^{2}+\mathbf{3 0 t}+\mathbf{3 5}$.

1. Express the velocity of the ball as a function of $t$.

$$
V=f^{\prime}(t)=-10 t
$$

## Calculus Class Worksheet \#5a Unit 1

A steel ball is propelled upward in such a way that its height, h , in meters, above the ground after $t$ seconds is given by the function $h=f(t)=-5 t^{2}+\mathbf{3 0 t}+\mathbf{3 5}$.

1. Express the velocity of the ball as a function of $t$.

$$
V=f^{\prime}(t)=-10 t+
$$

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1. Express the velocity of the ball as a function of $t$.

$$
V=f^{\prime}(t)=-10 t+\mathbf{3 0}
$$

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1. Express the velocity of the ball as a function of $t$.

$$
V=f^{\prime}(t)=\underline{-10 t+30}
$$

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$$
V=f^{\prime}(t)=\underline{-10 t+30}
$$

2. Fill out the table below.

| $\mathbf{t}$ <br> seconds | $\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters | $\mathbf{f}^{\prime}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters per second |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 |  |  |
| 1 |  |  |
| 2 |  |  |
| 3 |  |  |
| 4 |  |  |
| 5 |  |  |
| 6 |  |  |
| 7 |  |  |

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$$

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| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\rightarrow \mathbf{0}$ |  |  |
| 1 |  |  |
| 2 |  |  |
| 3 |  |  |
| 4 |  |  |
| 5 |  |  |
| 6 |  |  |
| 7 |  |  |

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| $\mathbf{t}$ <br> seconds | $\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters | $\mathbf{f}^{\prime}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters per second |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\rightarrow \mathbf{0}$ | 35 |  |
| $\mathbf{1}$ |  |  |
| 2 |  |  |
| 3 |  |  |
| 4 |  |  |
| 5 |  |  |
| 6 |  |  |
| 7 |  |  |

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| $\mathbf{t}$ <br> seconds | $\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters | $\mathbf{f}^{\prime}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters per second |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{0}$ | 35 |  |
| $\mathbf{\rightarrow 1}$ |  |  |
| 2 |  |  |
| 3 |  |  |
| 4 |  |  |
| 5 |  |  |
| 6 |  |  |
| 7 |  |  |

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| $\mathbf{t}$ <br> seconds | $\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters | $\mathbf{f}^{\prime}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters per second |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{0}$ | 35 |  |
| $\mathbf{\rightarrow 1}$ | 60 |  |
| 2 |  |  |
| 3 |  |  |
| 4 |  |  |
| 5 |  |  |
| 6 |  |  |
| 7 |  |  |

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| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{0}$ | 35 |  |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | 60 |  |
| $\mathbf{\rightarrow 2}$ |  |  |
| 3 |  |  |
| 4 |  |  |
| 5 |  |  |
| 6 |  |  |
| 7 |  |  |

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| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{0}$ | 35 |  |
| 1 | 60 |  |
| $\mathbf{\rightarrow 2}$ | 75 |  |
| 3 |  |  |
| 4 |  |  |
| 5 |  |  |
| 6 |  |  |
| 7 |  |  |

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| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{0}$ | 35 |  |
| 1 | 60 |  |
| 2 | 75 |  |
| 3 |  |  |
| 4 |  |  |
| 5 |  |  |
| 6 |  |  |
| 7 |  |  |

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| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 35 |  |
| 1 | 60 |  |
| 2 | 75 |  |
| 3 | 80 |  |
| 4 |  |  |
| 5 |  |  |
| 6 |  |  |
| 7 |  |  |

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| 1 | 60 |  |
| 2 | 75 |  |
| 3 | 80 |  |
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| 5 |  |  |
| 6 |  |  |
| 7 |  |  |

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| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 0 | 35 |  |
| 1 | 60 |  |
| 2 | 75 |  |
| 3 | 80 |  |
| 4 | 75 |  |
| 5 |  |  |
| 6 |  |  |
| 7 |  |  |

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| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 35 |  |
| 1 | 60 |  |
| 2 | 75 |  |
| 3 | 80 |  |
| 4 | 75 |  |
| 75 |  |  |
| 6 |  |  |
| 7 |  |  |

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| $\mathbf{t}$ <br> seconds | $\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters | $\mathbf{f}^{\prime}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters per second |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 35 |  |
| 1 | 60 |  |
| 2 | 75 |  |
| 3 | 80 |  |
| 4 | 75 |  |
| 75 | 60 |  |
| 6 |  |  |
| 7 |  |  |

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| $\mathbf{t}$ <br> seconds | $\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters | $\mathbf{f}^{\prime}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters per second |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 0 | 35 |  |
| 1 | 60 |  |
| 2 | 75 |  |
| 3 | 80 |  |
| 4 | 75 |  |
| 5 | 60 |  |
| 6 |  |  |
| 7 |  |  |

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$$
V=f^{\prime}(t)=\underline{-10 t+30}
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| $\mathbf{t}$ <br> seconds | $\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters | $\mathbf{f}^{\prime}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters per second |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 0 | 35 |  |
| 1 | 60 |  |
| 2 | 75 |  |
| 3 | 80 |  |
| 4 | 75 |  |
| 5 | 60 |  |
| 6 | 35 |  |
| 7 |  |  |

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$$
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$$

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| $\mathbf{t}$ <br> seconds | $\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters | $\mathbf{f}^{\prime}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters per second |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 0 | 35 |  |
| 1 | 60 |  |
| 2 | 75 |  |
| 3 | 80 |  |
| 4 | 75 |  |
| 5 | 60 |  |
| 6 | 35 |  |
| 7 |  |  |

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1. Express the velocity of the ball as a function of $t$.

$$
V=f^{\prime}(t)=\underline{-10 t+30}
$$

2. Fill out the table below.

| $\mathbf{t}$ <br> seconds | $\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters | $\mathbf{f}^{\prime}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters per second |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 0 | 35 |  |
| 1 | 60 |  |
| 2 | 75 |  |
| 3 | 80 |  |
| 4 | 75 |  |
| 5 | 60 |  |
| 6 | 35 |  |
| 7 | 0 |  |

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$$
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$$

2. Fill out the table below.

| $\mathbf{t}$ <br> seconds | $\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters | $\mathbf{f}^{\prime}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters per second |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 0 | 35 |  |
| 1 | 60 |  |
| 2 | 75 |  |
| 3 | 80 |  |
| 4 | 75 |  |
| 5 | 60 |  |
| 6 | 35 |  |
| 7 | 0 |  |

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| $\mathbf{t}$ <br> seconds | $\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters | $\mathbf{f}^{\prime}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters per second |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 35 |  |
| 1 | 60 |  |
| 2 | 75 |  |
| 3 | 80 |  |
| 4 | 75 |  |
| 5 | 60 |  |
| 6 | 35 |  |
| 7 | 0 |  |

3. Graph function $f$ below.


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| $\mathbf{t}$ <br> seconds | $\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters | $\mathbf{f}^{\prime}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters per second |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 35 |  |
| 1 | 60 |  |
| 2 | 75 |  |
| 3 | 80 |  |
| 4 | 75 |  |
| 5 | 60 |  |
| 6 | 35 |  |
| 7 | 0 |  |

3. Graph function f below.


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1. Express the velocity of the ball as a function of $t$.

$$
V=f^{\prime}(t)=-10 t+30
$$

2. Fill out the table below.

| $\mathbf{t}$ <br> seconds | $\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters | $\mathbf{f}^{\prime}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters per second |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 0 | 35 |  |
| 1 | 60 |  |
| 2 | 75 |  |
| 3 | 80 |  |
| 4 | 75 |  |
| 5 | 60 |  |
| 6 | 35 |  |
| 7 | 0 |  |

## 3. Graph function $f$ below.



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| $\mathbf{t}$ <br> seconds | $\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters | $\mathbf{f}^{\prime}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters per second |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 0 | 35 |  |
| 1 | 60 |  |
| 2 | 75 |  |
| 3 | 80 |  |
| 4 | 75 |  |
| 5 | 60 |  |
| 6 | 35 |  |
| 7 | 0 |  |

## 3. Graph function $f$ below.



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| $\mathbf{t}$ <br> seconds | $\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters | $\mathbf{f}^{\prime}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters per second |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 0 | 35 |  |
| 1 | 60 |  |
| 2 | 75 |  |
| 3 | 80 |  |
| 4 | 75 |  |
| 5 | 60 |  |
| 6 | 35 |  |
| 7 | 0 |  |

## 3. Graph function $f$ below.



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V=f^{\prime}(t)=-10 t+30
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| $\mathbf{t}$ <br> seconds | $\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters | $\mathbf{f}^{\prime}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters per second |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 0 | 35 |  |
| 1 | 60 |  |
| 2 | 75 |  |
| 3 | 80 |  |
| 4 | 75 |  |
| 5 | 60 |  |
| 6 | 35 |  |
| 7 | 0 |  |

## 3. Graph function $f$ below.



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| $\mathbf{t}$ <br> seconds | $\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters | $\mathbf{f}^{\prime}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters per second |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 0 | 35 |  |
| 1 | 60 |  |
| 2 | 75 |  |
| 3 | 80 |  |
| 4 | 75 |  |
| 5 | 60 |  |
| 6 | 35 |  |
| 7 | 0 |  |

## 3. Graph function $f$ below.



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$$
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| $\mathbf{t}$ <br> seconds | $\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters | $\mathbf{f}^{\prime}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters per second |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 0 | 35 |  |
| 1 | 60 |  |
| 2 | 75 |  |
| 3 | 80 |  |
| 4 | 75 |  |
| 5 | 60 |  |
| 6 | 35 |  |
| 7 | 0 |  |

## 3. Graph function $f$ below.



## Calculus Class Worksheet \#5a Unit 1

A steel ball is propelled upward in such a way that its height, h , in meters, above the ground after $t$ seconds is given by the function $h=f(t)=-5 t^{2}+30 t+35$.

1. Express the velocity of the ball as a function of $t$.

$$
V=f^{\prime}(t)=-10 t+30
$$

2. Fill out the table below.

| $\mathbf{t}$ <br> seconds | $\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters | $\mathbf{f}^{\prime}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters per second |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 0 | 35 |  |
| 1 | 60 |  |
| 2 | 75 |  |
| 3 | 80 |  |
| 4 | 75 |  |
| 5 | 60 |  |
| 6 | 35 |  |
| 7 | 0 |  |

## 3. Graph function $f$ below.



## Calculus Class Worksheet \#5a Unit 1

A steel ball is propelled upward in such a way that its height, h , in meters, above the ground after $t$ seconds is given by the function $h=f(t)=-5 t^{2}+30 t+35$.

1. Express the velocity of the ball as a function of $t$.

$$
V=f^{\prime}(t)=-10 t+30
$$

2. Fill out the table below.

| $\mathbf{t}$ <br> seconds | $\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters | $\mathbf{f}^{\prime}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters per second |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 0 | 35 |  |
| 1 | 60 |  |
| 2 | 75 |  |
| 3 | 80 |  |
| 4 | 75 |  |
| 5 | 60 |  |
| 6 | 35 |  |
| 7 | 0 |  |

## 3. Graph function $f$ below.



## Calculus Class Worksheet \#5a Unit 1

A steel ball is propelled upward in such a way that its height, h , in meters, above the ground after $t$ seconds is given by the function $h=f(t)=-5 t^{2}+30 t+35$.

1. Express the velocity of the ball as a function of $t$.

$$
V=f^{\prime}(t)=-10 t+30
$$

2. Fill out the table below.

| $\mathbf{t}$ <br> seconds | $\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters | $\mathbf{f}^{\prime}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters per second |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 0 | 35 |  |
| 1 | 60 |  |
| 2 | 75 |  |
| 3 | 80 |  |
| 4 | 75 |  |
| 5 | 60 |  |
| 6 | 35 |  |
| 7 | 0 |  |

## 3. Graph function $f$ below.



## Calculus Class Worksheet \#5a Unit 1

A steel ball is propelled upward in such a way that its height, h , in meters, above the ground after $t$ seconds is given by the function $h=f(t)=-5 t^{2}+30 t+35$.

1. Express the velocity of the ball as a function of $t$.

$$
V=f^{\prime}(t)=-10 t+30
$$

2. Fill out the table below.

| $\mathbf{t}$ <br> seconds | $\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters | $\mathbf{f}^{\prime}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters per second |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 0 | 35 |  |
| 1 | 60 |  |
| 2 | 75 |  |
| 3 | 80 |  |
| 4 | 75 |  |
| 5 | 60 |  |
| 6 | 35 |  |
| 7 | 0 |  |

## 3. Graph function $f$ below.



## Calculus Class Worksheet \#5a Unit 1

A steel ball is propelled upward in such a way that its height, h , in meters, above the ground after $t$ seconds is given by the function $h=f(t)=-5 t^{2}+30 t+35$.

1. Express the velocity of the ball as a function of $t$.

$$
V=f^{\prime}(t)=-10 t+30
$$

2. Fill out the table below.

| $\mathbf{t}$ <br> seconds | $\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters | $\mathbf{f}^{\prime}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters per second |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 0 | 35 |  |
| 1 | 60 |  |
| 2 | 75 |  |
| 3 | 80 |  |
| 4 | 75 |  |
| 5 | 60 |  |
| 6 | 35 |  |
| 7 | 0 |  |

## 3. Graph function $f$ below.



## Calculus Class Worksheet \#5a Unit 1

A steel ball is propelled upward in such a way that its height, h , in meters, above the ground after $t$ seconds is given by the function $h=f(t)=-5 t^{2}+30 t+35$.

1. Express the velocity of the ball as a function of $t$.

$$
V=f^{\prime}(t)=-10 t+30
$$

2. Fill out the table below.

| $\mathbf{t}$ <br> seconds | $\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters | $\mathbf{f}^{\prime}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters per second |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 0 | 35 |  |
| 1 | 60 |  |
| 2 | 75 |  |
| 3 | 80 |  |
| 4 | 75 |  |
| 5 | 60 |  |
| 6 | 35 |  |
| 7 | 0 |  |

## 3. Graph function $f$ below.



## Calculus Class Worksheet \#5a Unit 1

A steel ball is propelled upward in such a way that its height, h , in meters, above the ground after $t$ seconds is given by the function $h=f(t)=-5 t^{2}+30 t+35$.

1. Express the velocity of the ball as a function of $t$.

$$
V=f^{\prime}(t)=-10 t+30
$$

2. Fill out the table below.

| $\mathbf{t}$ <br> seconds | $\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters | $\mathbf{f}^{\prime}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters per second |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 0 | 35 |  |
| 1 | 60 |  |
| 2 | 75 |  |
| 3 | 80 |  |
| 4 | 75 |  |
| 5 | 60 |  |
| 6 | 35 |  |
| 7 | 0 |  |

## 3. Graph function $f$ below.



## Calculus Class Worksheet \#5a Unit 1

A steel ball is propelled upward in such a way that its height, h , in meters, above the ground after $t$ seconds is given by the function $h=f(t)=-5 t^{2}+30 t+35$.

1. Express the velocity of the ball as a function of $t$.

$$
V=f^{\prime}(t)=-10 t+30
$$

2. Fill out the table below.

| $\mathbf{t}$ <br> seconds | $\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters | $\mathbf{f}^{\prime}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters per second |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 0 | 35 |  |
| 1 | 60 |  |
| 2 | 75 |  |
| 3 | 80 |  |
| 4 | 75 |  |
| 5 | 60 |  |
| 6 | 35 |  |
| 7 | 0 |  |

## 3. Graph function $f$ below.



## Calculus Class Worksheet \#5a Unit 1

A steel ball is propelled upward in such a way that its height, h , in meters, above the ground after $t$ seconds is given by the function $h=f(t)=-5 t^{2}+30 t+35$.

1. Express the velocity of the ball as a function of $t$.

$$
V=f^{\prime}(t)=-10 t+30
$$

2. Fill out the table below.

| $\mathbf{t}$ <br> seconds | $\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters | $\mathbf{f}^{\prime}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters per second |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 0 | 35 |  |
| 1 | 60 |  |
| 2 | 75 |  |
| 3 | 80 |  |
| 4 | 75 |  |
| 5 | 60 |  |
| 6 | 35 |  |
| 7 | 0 |  |

## 3. Graph function $f$ below.



## Calculus Class Worksheet \#5a Unit 1

A steel ball is propelled upward in such a way that its height, h , in meters, above the ground after $t$ seconds is given by the function $h=f(t)=-5 t^{2}+30 t+35$.

1. Express the velocity of the ball as a function of $t$.

$$
V=f^{\prime}(t)=-10 t+30
$$

2. Fill out the table below.

| $\mathbf{t}$ <br> seconds | $\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters | $\mathbf{f}^{\prime}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters per second |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 0 | 35 |  |
| 1 | 60 |  |
| 2 | 75 |  |
| 3 | 80 |  |
| 4 | 75 |  |
| 5 | 60 |  |
| 6 | 35 |  |
| 7 | 0 |  |

## 3. Graph function $f$ below.



## Calculus Class Worksheet \#5a Unit 1

A steel ball is propelled upward in such a way that its height, h , in meters, above the ground after $t$ seconds is given by the function $h=f(t)=-5 t^{2}+30 t+35$.

1. Express the velocity of the ball as a function of $t$.

$$
V=f^{\prime}(t)=-10 t+30
$$

2. Fill out the table below.

| $\mathbf{t}$ <br> seconds | $\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters | $\mathbf{f}^{\prime}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters per second |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 0 | 35 |  |
| 1 | 60 |  |
| 2 | 75 |  |
| 3 | 80 |  |
| 4 | 75 |  |
| 5 | 60 |  |
| 6 | 35 |  |
| 7 | 0 |  |

## 3. Graph function $f$ below.



## Calculus Class Worksheet \#5a Unit 1

A steel ball is propelled upward in such a way that its height, h , in meters, above the ground after $t$ seconds is given by the function $h=f(t)=-5 t^{2}+30 t+35$.

1. Express the velocity of the ball as a function of $t$.

$$
V=f^{\prime}(t)=\underline{-10 t+30}
$$

2. Fill out the table below.

| $\mathbf{t}$ <br> seconds | $\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters | $\mathbf{f}^{\prime}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters per second |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 0 | 35 |  |
| 1 | 60 |  |
| 2 | 75 |  |
| 3 | 80 |  |
| 4 | 75 |  |
| 5 | 60 |  |
| 6 | 35 |  |
| 7 | 0 |  |

## 3. Graph function $f$ below.



## Calculus Class Worksheet \#5a Unit 1

A steel ball is propelled upward in such a way that its height, h , in meters, above the ground after $t$ seconds is given by the function $h=f(t)=-5 t^{2}+30 t+35$.

1. Express the velocity of the ball as a function of $t$.

$$
V=f^{\prime}(t)=-\mathbf{1 0 t + 3 0}
$$

2. Fill out the table below.

| $\mathbf{t}$ <br> seconds | $\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters | $\mathbf{f}^{\prime}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters per second |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 0 | 35 |  |
| 1 | 60 |  |
| 2 | 75 |  |
| 3 | 80 |  |
| 4 | 75 |  |
| 5 | 60 |  |
| 6 | 35 |  |
| 7 | 0 |  |

3. Graph function $f$ below.


## Calculus Class Worksheet \#5a Unit 1

A steel ball is propelled upward in such a way that its height, h , in meters, above the ground after $t$ seconds is given by the function $h=f(t)=-5 t^{2}+30 t+35$.

1. Express the velocity of the ball as a function of $t$.

$$
V=f^{\prime}(t)=-\mathbf{1 0 t}+\mathbf{3 0}
$$

2. Fill out the table below.

| $\mathbf{t}$ <br> seconds | $\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters | $\mathbf{f}^{\prime}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters per second |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{0}$ | 35 |  |
| 1 | 60 |  |
| 2 | 75 |  |
| 3 | 80 |  |
| 4 | 75 |  |
| 5 | 60 |  |
| 6 | 35 |  |
| 7 | 0 |  |

3. Graph function $f$ below.


## Calculus Class Worksheet \#5a Unit 1

A steel ball is propelled upward in such a way that its height, h , in meters, above the ground after $t$ seconds is given by the function $h=f(t)=-5 t^{2}+30 t+35$.

1. Express the velocity of the ball as a function of $t$.

$$
V=f^{\prime}(t)=-\mathbf{1 0 t}+\mathbf{3 0}
$$

2. Fill out the table below.

| $\mathbf{t}$ <br> seconds | $\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters | $\mathbf{f}^{\prime}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters per second |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{\rightarrow 0}$ | 35 | 30 |
| 1 | 60 |  |
| 2 | 75 |  |
| 3 | 80 |  |
| 4 | 75 |  |
| 5 | 60 |  |
| 6 | 35 |  |
| 7 | 0 |  |

3. Graph function $f$ below.


## Calculus Class Worksheet \#5a Unit 1

A steel ball is propelled upward in such a way that its height, h , in meters, above the ground after $t$ seconds is given by the function $h=f(t)=-5 t^{2}+30 t+35$.

1. Express the velocity of the ball as a function of $t$.

$$
V=f^{\prime}(t)=\underline{-10 t+30}
$$

2. Fill out the table below.

| $\mathbf{t}$ <br> seconds | $\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters | $\mathbf{f}^{\prime}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters per second |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 35 | 30 |
| 1 | 60 |  |
| 2 | 75 |  |
| 3 | 80 |  |
| 4 | 75 |  |
| 5 | 60 |  |
| 6 | 35 |  |
| 7 | 0 |  |

3. Graph function $f$ below.


## Calculus Class Worksheet \#5a Unit 1

A steel ball is propelled upward in such a way that its height, h , in meters, above the ground after $t$ seconds is given by the function $h=f(t)=-5 t^{2}+30 t+35$.

1. Express the velocity of the ball as a function of $t$.

$$
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| $\mathbf{t}$ <br> seconds | $\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters | $\mathbf{f}^{\prime}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters per second |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 35 | 30 |
| 1 | 60 |  |
| 2 | 75 |  |
| 3 | 80 |  |
| 4 | 75 |  |
| 5 | 60 |  |
| 6 | 35 |  |
| 7 | 0 |  |

3. Graph function $f$ below.


## Calculus Class Worksheet \#5a Unit 1

A steel ball is propelled upward in such a way that its height, h , in meters, above the ground after $t$ seconds is given by the function $h=f(t)=-5 t^{2}+30 t+35$.

1. Express the velocity of the ball as a function of $t$.

$$
V=f^{\prime}(t)=\underline{-10 t+30}
$$

2. Fill out the table below.

| $\mathbf{t}$ <br> seconds | $\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters | $\mathbf{f}^{\prime}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters per second |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 35 | 30 |
| 1 | 60 |  |
| 2 | 75 |  |
| 3 | 80 |  |
| 4 | 75 |  |
| 5 | 60 |  |
| 6 | 35 |  |
| 7 | 0 |  |

3. Graph function $f$ below.


## Calculus Class Worksheet \#5a Unit 1

A steel ball is propelled upward in such a way that its height, h , in meters, above the ground after $t$ seconds is given by the function $h=f(t)=-5 t^{2}+30 t+35$.

1. Express the velocity of the ball as a function of $t$.

$$
V=f^{\prime}(t)=-\mathbf{1 0 t}+\mathbf{3 0}
$$

2. Fill out the table below.

| $\mathbf{t}$ <br> seconds | $\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters | $\mathbf{f}^{\prime}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters per second |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{0}$ | 35 | 30 |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | 60 |  |
| 2 | 75 |  |
| 3 | 80 |  |
| 4 | 75 |  |
| 5 | 60 |  |
| 6 | 35 |  |
| 7 | 0 |  |

3. Graph function $f$ below.


## Calculus Class Worksheet \#5a Unit 1

A steel ball is propelled upward in such a way that its height, h , in meters, above the ground after $t$ seconds is given by the function $h=f(t)=-5 t^{2}+30 t+35$.

1. Express the velocity of the ball as a function of $t$.

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V=f^{\prime}(t)=-\mathbf{1 0 t}+\mathbf{3 0}
$$

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| $\mathbf{t}$ <br> seconds | $\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters | $\mathbf{f}^{\prime}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters per second |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{0}$ | 35 | 30 |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | 60 | 20 |
| 2 | 75 |  |
| 3 | 80 |  |
| 4 | 75 |  |
| 5 | 60 |  |
| 6 | 35 |  |
| 7 | 0 |  |

3. Graph function $f$ below.


## Calculus Class Worksheet \#5a Unit 1

A steel ball is propelled upward in such a way that its height, h , in meters, above the ground after $t$ seconds is given by the function $h=f(t)=-5 t^{2}+30 t+35$.

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$$

2. Fill out the table below.

| $\mathbf{t}$ <br> seconds | $\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters | $\mathbf{f}^{\prime}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters per second |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 35 | 30 |
| 1 | 60 | 20 |
| 2 | 75 |  |
| 3 | 80 |  |
| 4 | 75 |  |
| 5 | 60 |  |
| 6 | 35 |  |
| 7 | 0 |  |

3. Graph function $f$ below.


## Calculus Class Worksheet \#5a Unit 1

A steel ball is propelled upward in such a way that its height, h , in meters, above the ground after $t$ seconds is given by the function $h=f(t)=-5 t^{2}+30 t+35$.

1. Express the velocity of the ball as a function of $t$.

$$
V=f^{\prime}(t)=\underline{-10 t+30}
$$

2. Fill out the table below.

| $\mathbf{t}$ <br> seconds | $\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters | $\mathbf{f}^{\prime}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters per second |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{0}$ | 35 | 30 |
| 1 | 60 | 20 |
| 2 | 75 |  |
| 3 | 80 |  |
| 4 | 75 |  |
| 5 | 60 |  |
| 6 | 35 |  |
| 7 | 0 |  |

3. Graph function $f$ below.


## Calculus Class Worksheet \#5a Unit 1

A steel ball is propelled upward in such a way that its height, h , in meters, above the ground after $t$ seconds is given by the function $h=f(t)=-5 t^{2}+30 t+35$.

1. Express the velocity of the ball as a function of $t$.

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V=f^{\prime}(t)=-\mathbf{1 0 t}+\mathbf{3 0}
$$

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| $\mathbf{t}$ <br> seconds | $\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters | $\mathbf{f}^{\prime}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters per second |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 35 | 30 |
| 1 | 60 | 20 |
| 2 | 75 |  |
| 3 | 80 |  |
| 4 | 75 |  |
| 5 | 60 |  |
| 6 | 35 |  |
| 7 | 0 |  |

3. Graph function $f$ below.


## Calculus Class Worksheet \#5a Unit 1

A steel ball is propelled upward in such a way that its height, h , in meters, above the ground after $t$ seconds is given by the function $h=f(t)=-5 t^{2}+30 t+35$.

1. Express the velocity of the ball as a function of $t$.

$$
V=f^{\prime}(t)=-\mathbf{1 0 t}+\mathbf{3 0}
$$

2. Fill out the table below.

| $\mathbf{t}$ <br> seconds | $\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters | $\mathbf{f}^{\prime}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters per second |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 35 | 30 |
| 1 | 60 | 20 |
| 2 | 75 | 10 |
| 3 | 80 |  |
| 4 | 75 |  |
| 5 | 60 |  |
| 6 | 35 |  |
| 7 | 0 |  |

3. Graph function $f$ below.


## Calculus Class Worksheet \#5a Unit 1

A steel ball is propelled upward in such a way that its height, h , in meters, above the ground after $t$ seconds is given by the function $h=f(t)=-5 t^{2}+30 t+35$.

1. Express the velocity of the ball as a function of $t$.

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$$

2. Fill out the table below.

| $\mathbf{t}$ <br> seconds | $\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters | $\mathbf{f}^{\prime}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters per second |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 35 | 30 |
| 1 | 60 | 20 |
| 2 | 75 | 10 |
| 3 | 80 |  |
| 4 | 75 |  |
| 5 | 60 |  |
| 6 | 35 |  |
| 7 | 0 |  |

3. Graph function $f$ below.


## Calculus Class Worksheet \#5a Unit 1

A steel ball is propelled upward in such a way that its height, h , in meters, above the ground after $t$ seconds is given by the function $h=f(t)=-5 t^{2}+30 t+35$.

1. Express the velocity of the ball as a function of $t$.

$$
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$$

2. Fill out the table below.

| $\mathbf{t}$ <br> seconds | $\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters | $\mathbf{f}^{\prime}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters per second |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 35 | 30 |
| 1 | 60 | 20 |
| 2 | 75 | 10 |
| 3 | 80 |  |
| 4 | 75 |  |
| 5 | 60 |  |
| 6 | 35 |  |
| 7 | 0 |  |

3. Graph function $f$ below.


## Calculus Class Worksheet \#5a Unit 1

A steel ball is propelled upward in such a way that its height, h , in meters, above the ground after $t$ seconds is given by the function $h=f(t)=-5 t^{2}+30 t+35$.

1. Express the velocity of the ball as a function of $t$.

$$
V=f^{\prime}(t)=-\mathbf{1 0 t}+\mathbf{3 0}
$$

2. Fill out the table below.

| $\mathbf{t}$ <br> seconds | $\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters | $\mathbf{f}^{\prime}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters per second |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 35 | 30 |
| 1 | 60 | 20 |
| 2 | 75 | 10 |
| 3 | 80 |  |
| 4 | 75 |  |
| 5 | 60 |  |
| 6 | 35 |  |
| 7 | 0 |  |

3. Graph function $f$ below.


## Calculus Class Worksheet \#5a Unit 1

A steel ball is propelled upward in such a way that its height, h , in meters, above the ground after $t$ seconds is given by the function $h=f(t)=-5 t^{2}+30 t+35$.

1. Express the velocity of the ball as a function of $t$.

$$
V=f^{\prime}(t)=-\mathbf{1 0 t}+\mathbf{3 0}
$$

2. Fill out the table below.

| $\mathbf{t}$ <br> seconds | $\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters | $\mathbf{f}^{\prime}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters per second |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 35 | 30 |
| 1 | 60 | 20 |
| 2 | 75 | 10 |
| 3 | 80 | 0 |
| 4 | 75 |  |
| 5 | 60 |  |
| 6 | 35 |  |
| 7 | 0 |  |

3. Graph function $f$ below.


## Calculus Class Worksheet \#5a Unit 1

A steel ball is propelled upward in such a way that its height, h , in meters, above the ground after $t$ seconds is given by the function $h=f(t)=-5 t^{2}+30 t+35$.

1. Express the velocity of the ball as a function of $t$.

$$
V=f^{\prime}(t)=\underline{-10 t+30}
$$

2. Fill out the table below.

| $\mathbf{t}$ <br> seconds | $\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters | $\mathbf{f}^{\prime}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters per second |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 35 | 30 |
| 1 | 60 | 20 |
| 2 | 75 | 10 |
| 3 | 80 | 0 |
| 4 | 75 |  |
| 5 | 60 |  |
| 6 | 35 |  |
| 7 | 0 |  |

3. Graph function $f$ below.


## Calculus Class Worksheet \#5a Unit 1

A steel ball is propelled upward in such a way that its height, h , in meters, above the ground after $t$ seconds is given by the function $h=f(t)=-5 t^{2}+30 t+35$.

1. Express the velocity of the ball as a function of $t$.

$$
V=f^{\prime}(t)=\underline{-10 t+30}
$$

2. Fill out the table below.

| $\mathbf{t}$ <br> seconds | $\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters | $\mathbf{f}^{\prime}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters per second |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 35 | 30 |
| 1 | 60 | 20 |
| 2 | 75 | 10 |
| 3 | 80 | 0 |
| 4 | 75 |  |
| 5 | 60 |  |
| 6 | 35 |  |
| 7 | 0 |  |

3. Graph function $f$ below.


## Calculus Class Worksheet \#5a Unit 1

A steel ball is propelled upward in such a way that its height, h , in meters, above the ground after $t$ seconds is given by the function $h=f(t)=-5 t^{2}+30 t+35$.

1. Express the velocity of the ball as a function of $t$.

$$
V=f^{\prime}(t)=\underline{-10 t+30}
$$

2. Fill out the table below.

| $\mathbf{t}$ <br> seconds | $\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters | $\mathbf{f}^{\prime}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters per second |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 35 | 30 |
| 1 | 60 | 20 |
| 2 | 75 | 10 |
| 3 | 80 | 0 |
| 4 | 75 |  |
| 5 | 60 |  |
| 6 | 35 |  |
| 7 | 0 |  |

3. Graph function $f$ below.


## Calculus Class Worksheet \#5a Unit 1

A steel ball is propelled upward in such a way that its height, h , in meters, above the ground after $t$ seconds is given by the function $h=f(t)=-5 t^{2}+30 t+35$.

1. Express the velocity of the ball as a function of $t$.

$$
V=f^{\prime}(t)=-\mathbf{1 0 t}+\mathbf{3 0}
$$

2. Fill out the table below.

| $\mathbf{t}$ <br> seconds | $\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters | $\mathbf{f}^{\prime}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters per second |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 35 | 30 |
| 1 | 60 | 20 |
| 2 | 75 | 10 |
| 3 | 80 | 0 |
| 4 | 75 |  |
| 5 | 60 |  |
| 6 | 35 |  |
| 7 | 0 |  |

3. Graph function $f$ below.


## Calculus Class Worksheet \#5a Unit 1

A steel ball is propelled upward in such a way that its height, h , in meters, above the ground after $t$ seconds is given by the function $h=f(t)=-5 t^{2}+30 t+35$.

1. Express the velocity of the ball as a function of $t$.

$$
V=f^{\prime}(t)=-\mathbf{1 0 t}+\mathbf{3 0}
$$

2. Fill out the table below.

| $\mathbf{t}$ <br> seconds | $\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters | $\mathbf{f}^{\prime}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters per second |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 35 | 30 |
| 1 | 60 | 20 |
| 2 | 75 | 10 |
| 3 | 80 | 0 |
| 4 | 75 | -10 |
| 5 | 60 |  |
| 6 | 35 |  |
| 7 | 0 |  |

3. Graph function $f$ below.


## Calculus Class Worksheet \#5a Unit 1

A steel ball is propelled upward in such a way that its height, h , in meters, above the ground after $t$ seconds is given by the function $h=f(t)=-5 t^{2}+30 t+35$.

1. Express the velocity of the ball as a function of $t$.

$$
V=f^{\prime}(t)=\underline{-10 t+30}
$$

2. Fill out the table below.

| $\mathbf{t}$ <br> seconds | $\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters | $\mathbf{f}^{\prime}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters per second |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 35 | 30 |
| 1 | 60 | 20 |
| 2 | 75 | 10 |
| 3 | 80 | 0 |
| 4 | 75 | -10 |
| 5 | 60 |  |
| 6 | 35 |  |
| 7 | 0 |  |

3. Graph function $f$ below.


## Calculus Class Worksheet \#5a Unit 1

A steel ball is propelled upward in such a way that its height, h , in meters, above the ground after $t$ seconds is given by the function $h=f(t)=-5 t^{2}+30 t+35$.

1. Express the velocity of the ball as a function of $t$.

$$
V=f^{\prime}(t)=\underline{-10 t+30}
$$

2. Fill out the table below.

| $\mathbf{t}$ <br> seconds | $\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters | $\mathbf{f}^{\prime}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters per second |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 35 | 30 |
| 1 | 60 | 20 |
| 2 | 75 | 10 |
| 3 | 80 | 0 |
| 4 | 75 | -10 |
| 5 | 60 |  |
| 6 | 35 |  |
| 7 | 0 |  |

3. Graph function $f$ below.


## Calculus Class Worksheet \#5a Unit 1

A steel ball is propelled upward in such a way that its height, h , in meters, above the ground after $t$ seconds is given by the function $h=f(t)=-5 t^{2}+30 t+35$.

1. Express the velocity of the ball as a function of $t$.

$$
V=f^{\prime}(t)=-\mathbf{1 0 t}+\mathbf{3 0}
$$

2. Fill out the table below.

| $\mathbf{t}$ <br> seconds | $\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters | $\mathbf{f}^{\prime}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters per second |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 35 | 30 |
| 1 | 60 | 20 |
| 2 | 75 | 10 |
| 3 | 80 | 0 |
| 4 | 75 | -10 |
| 5 | 60 |  |
| 6 | 35 |  |
| 7 | 0 |  |

3. Graph function $f$ below.


## Calculus Class Worksheet \#5a Unit 1

A steel ball is propelled upward in such a way that its height, h , in meters, above the ground after $t$ seconds is given by the function $h=f(t)=-5 t^{2}+30 t+35$.

1. Express the velocity of the ball as a function of $t$.

$$
V=f^{\prime}(t)=-\mathbf{1 0 t}+\mathbf{3 0}
$$

2. Fill out the table below.

| $\mathbf{t}$ <br> seconds | $\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters | $\mathbf{f}^{\prime}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters per second |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 35 | 30 |
| 1 | 60 | 20 |
| 2 | 75 | 10 |
| 3 | 80 | 0 |
| 4 | 75 | -10 |
| 5 | 60 | -20 |
| 6 | 35 |  |
| 7 | 0 |  |

3. Graph function $f$ below.


## Calculus Class Worksheet \#5a Unit 1

A steel ball is propelled upward in such a way that its height, h , in meters, above the ground after $t$ seconds is given by the function $h=f(t)=-5 t^{2}+30 t+35$.

1. Express the velocity of the ball as a function of $t$.

$$
V=f^{\prime}(t)=\underline{-10 t+30}
$$

2. Fill out the table below.

| $\mathbf{t}$ <br> seconds | $\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters | $\mathbf{f}^{\prime}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters per second |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 35 | 30 |
| 1 | 60 | 20 |
| 2 | 75 | 10 |
| 3 | 80 | 0 |
| 4 | 75 | -10 |
| 5 | 60 | -20 |
| 6 | 35 |  |
| 7 | 0 |  |

3. Graph function $f$ below.


## Calculus Class Worksheet \#5a Unit 1

A steel ball is propelled upward in such a way that its height, h , in meters, above the ground after $t$ seconds is given by the function $h=f(t)=-5 t^{2}+30 t+35$.

1. Express the velocity of the ball as a function of $t$.

$$
V=f^{\prime}(t)=\underline{-10 t+30}
$$

2. Fill out the table below.

| $\mathbf{t}$ <br> seconds | $\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters | $\mathbf{f}^{\prime}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters per second |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 35 | 30 |
| 1 | 60 | 20 |
| 2 | 75 | 10 |
| 3 | 80 | 0 |
| 4 | 75 | -10 |
| 5 | 60 | -20 |
| 6 | 35 |  |
| 7 | 0 |  |

3. Graph function $f$ below.


## Calculus Class Worksheet \#5a Unit 1

A steel ball is propelled upward in such a way that its height, h , in meters, above the ground after $t$ seconds is given by the function $h=f(t)=-5 t^{2}+30 t+35$.

1. Express the velocity of the ball as a function of $t$.

$$
V=f^{\prime}(t)=-\mathbf{1 0 t}+\mathbf{3 0}
$$

2. Fill out the table below.

| $\mathbf{t}$ <br> seconds | $\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters | $\mathbf{f}^{\prime}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters per second |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 35 | 30 |
| 1 | 60 | 20 |
| 2 | 75 | 10 |
| 3 | 80 | 0 |
| 4 | 75 | -10 |
| 5 | 60 | -20 |
| 6 | 35 |  |
| 7 | 0 |  |

3. Graph function $f$ below.


## Calculus Class Worksheet \#5a Unit 1

A steel ball is propelled upward in such a way that its height, h , in meters, above the ground after $t$ seconds is given by the function $h=f(t)=-5 t^{2}+30 t+35$.

1. Express the velocity of the ball as a function of $t$.

$$
V=f^{\prime}(t)=-\mathbf{1 0 t}+\mathbf{3 0}
$$

2. Fill out the table below.

| $\mathbf{t}$ <br> seconds | $\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters | $\mathbf{f}^{\prime}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters per second |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 35 | 30 |
| 1 | 60 | 20 |
| 2 | 75 | 10 |
| 3 | 80 | 0 |
| 4 | 75 | -10 |
| 5 | 60 | -20 |
| 6 | 35 | -30 |
| 7 | 0 |  |

3. Graph function $f$ below.


## Calculus Class Worksheet \#5a Unit 1

A steel ball is propelled upward in such a way that its height, h , in meters, above the ground after $t$ seconds is given by the function $h=f(t)=-5 t^{2}+30 t+35$.

1. Express the velocity of the ball as a function of $t$.

$$
V=f^{\prime}(t)=\underline{-10 t+30}
$$

2. Fill out the table below.

| $\mathbf{t}$ <br> seconds | $\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters | $\mathbf{f}^{\prime}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters per second |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 35 | 30 |
| 1 | 60 | 20 |
| 2 | 75 | 10 |
| 3 | 80 | 0 |
| 4 | 75 | -10 |
| 5 | 60 | -20 |
| 6 | 35 | -30 |
| 7 | 0 |  |

3. Graph function $f$ below.


## Calculus Class Worksheet \#5a Unit 1

A steel ball is propelled upward in such a way that its height, h , in meters, above the ground after $t$ seconds is given by the function $h=f(t)=-5 t^{2}+30 t+35$.

1. Express the velocity of the ball as a function of $t$.

$$
V=f^{\prime}(t)=\underline{-10 t+30}
$$

2. Fill out the table below.

| $\mathbf{t}$ <br> seconds | $\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters | $\mathbf{f}^{\prime}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters per second |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 35 | 30 |
| 1 | 60 | 20 |
| 2 | 75 | 10 |
| 3 | 80 | 0 |
| 4 | 75 | -10 |
| 5 | 60 | -20 |
| 6 | 35 | -30 |
| 7 | 0 |  |

3. Graph function $f$ below.


## Calculus Class Worksheet \#5a Unit 1

A steel ball is propelled upward in such a way that its height, h , in meters, above the ground after $t$ seconds is given by the function $h=f(t)=-5 t^{2}+30 t+35$.

1. Express the velocity of the ball as a function of $t$.

$$
V=f^{\prime}(t)=-\mathbf{1 0 t}+\mathbf{3 0}
$$

2. Fill out the table below.

| $\mathbf{t}$ <br> seconds | $\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters | $\mathbf{f}^{\prime}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters per second |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 35 | 30 |
| 1 | 60 | 20 |
| 2 | 75 | 10 |
| 3 | 80 | 0 |
| 4 | 75 | -10 |
| 5 | 60 | -20 |
| 6 | 35 | -30 |
| 7 | 0 |  |

3. Graph function $f$ below.


## Calculus Class Worksheet \#5a Unit 1

A steel ball is propelled upward in such a way that its height, h , in meters, above the ground after $t$ seconds is given by the function $h=f(t)=-5 t^{2}+30 t+35$.

1. Express the velocity of the ball as a function of $t$.

$$
V=f^{\prime}(t)=-\mathbf{1 0 t}+\mathbf{3 0}
$$

2. Fill out the table below.

| $\mathbf{t}$ <br> seconds | $\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters | $\mathbf{f}^{\prime}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters per second |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 35 | 30 |
| 1 | 60 | 20 |
| 2 | 75 | 10 |
| 3 | 80 | 0 |
| 4 | 75 | -10 |
| 5 | 60 | -20 |
| 6 | 35 | -30 |
| 7 | 0 | -40 |

3. Graph function $f$ below.


## Calculus Class Worksheet \#5a Unit 1

A steel ball is propelled upward in such a way that its height, h , in meters, above the ground after $t$ seconds is given by the function $h=f(t)=-5 t^{2}+30 t+35$.

1. Express the velocity of the ball as a function of $t$.

$$
V=f^{\prime}(t)=-10 t+30
$$

2. Fill out the table below.

| $\mathbf{t}$ <br> seconds | $\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters | $\mathbf{f}^{\prime}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters per second |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 35 | 30 |
| 1 | 60 | 20 |
| 2 | 75 | 10 |
| 3 | 80 | 0 |
| 4 | 75 | -10 |
| 5 | 60 | -20 |
| 6 | 35 | -30 |
| 7 | 0 | -40 |

3. Graph function $f$ below.


## Calculus Class Worksheet \#5a Unit 1

A steel ball is propelled upward in such a way that its height, h , in meters, above the ground after $t$ seconds is given by the function $h=f(t)=-5 t^{2}+30 t+35$.

1. Express the velocity of the ball as a function of $t$.

$$
V=f^{\prime}(t)=\underline{-10 t+30}
$$

2. Fill out the table below.

| $\mathbf{t}$ <br> seconds | $\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters | $\mathbf{f}^{\prime}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters per second |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 35 | 30 |
| 1 | 60 | 20 |
| 2 | 75 | 10 |
| 3 | 80 | 0 |
| 4 | 75 | -10 |
| 5 | 60 | -20 |
| 6 | 35 | -30 |
| 7 | 0 | -40 |

3. Graph function $f$ below.


## Calculus Class Worksheet \#5a Unit 1

A steel ball is propelled upward in such a way that its height, h , in meters, above the ground after $t$ seconds is given by the function $h=f(t)=-5 t^{2}+30 t+35$.

1. Express the velocity of the ball as a function of $t$.

$$
V=f^{\prime}(t)=\underline{-10 t+30}
$$

2. Fill out the table below.

| $\mathbf{t}$ <br> seconds | $\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters | $\mathbf{f}^{\prime}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters per second |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 35 | 30 |
| 1 | 60 | 20 |
| 2 | 75 | 10 |
| 3 | 80 | 0 |
| 4 | 75 | -10 |
| 5 | 60 | -20 |
| 6 | 35 | -30 |
| 7 | 0 | -40 |

3. Graph function $f$ below.


## Calculus Class Worksheet \#5a Unit 1

$$
h=f(t)=-5 t^{2}+30 t+35 . \quad V=f^{\prime}(t)=-10 t+30
$$

2. Fill out the table below.

| $\mathbf{t}$ <br> seconds | $\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters | $\mathbf{f}^{\prime}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters per second |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 35 | 30 |
| 1 | 60 | 20 |
| 2 | 75 | 10 |
| 3 | 80 | 0 |
| 4 | 75 | -10 |
| 5 | 60 | -20 |
| 6 | 35 | -30 |
| 7 | 0 | -40 |

3. Graph function $f$ below.


## Calculus Class Worksheet \#5a Unit 1

$$
h=f(t)=-5 t^{2}+30 t+35 . \quad V=f^{\prime}(t)=-10 t+30
$$

2. Fill out the table below.

| $\mathbf{t}$ <br> seconds | $\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters | $\mathbf{f}^{\prime}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters per second |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 35 | 30 |
| 1 | 60 | 20 |
| 2 | 75 | 10 |
| 3 | 80 | 0 |
| 4 | 75 | -10 |
| 5 | 60 | -20 |
| 6 | 35 | -30 |
| 7 | 0 | -40 |

3. Graph function $f$ below.

4. How high above the ground is the ball after 2 seconds?
5. What is the velocity of the ball after 2 seconds?

## Calculus Class Worksheet \#5a Unit 1

$$
h=f(t)=-5 t^{2}+30 t+35 . \quad V=f^{\prime}(t)=-10 t+30
$$

2. Fill out the table below.

| $\mathbf{t}$ <br> seconds | $\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters | $\mathbf{f}^{\prime}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters per second |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 35 | 30 |
| 1 | 60 | 20 |
| 2 | 75 | 10 |
| 3 | 80 | 0 |
| 4 | 75 | -10 |
| 5 | 60 | -20 |
| 6 | 35 | -30 |
| 7 | 0 | -40 |

3. Graph function $f$ below.

4. How high above the ground is the ball after 2 seconds?
5. What is the velocity of the ball after 2 seconds?

## Calculus Class Worksheet \#5a Unit 1

$$
h=f(t)=-5 t^{2}+30 t+35 . \quad V=f^{\prime}(t)=-10 t+30
$$

2. Fill out the table below.

| $\mathbf{t}$ <br> seconds | $\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters | $\mathbf{f}^{\prime}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters per second |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 35 | 30 |
| 1 | 60 | 20 |
| 2 | 75 | 10 |
| 3 | 80 | 0 |
| 4 | 75 | -10 |
| 5 | 60 | -20 |
| 6 | 35 | -30 |
| 7 | 0 | -40 |

3. Graph function $f$ below.

4. How high above the ground is the ball after 2 seconds?
5. What is the velocity of the ball after 2 seconds?

## Calculus Class Worksheet \#5a Unit 1

$$
h=f(t)=-5 t^{2}+30 t+35 . \quad V=f^{\prime}(t)=-10 t+30
$$

2. Fill out the table below.

| $\mathbf{t}$ <br> seconds | $\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters | $\mathbf{f}^{\prime}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters per second |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 35 | 30 |
| 1 | 60 | 20 |
| 2 | 75 | 10 |
| 3 | 80 | 0 |
| 4 | 75 | -10 |
| 5 | 60 | -20 |
| 6 | 35 | -30 |
| 7 | 0 | -40 |

3. Graph function $f$ below.

4. How high above the ground is the ball after $\mathbf{2}$ seconds? $\mathbf{7 5}$ meters
5. What is the velocity of the ball after 2 seconds?

## Calculus Class Worksheet \#5a Unit 1

$$
h=f(t)=-5 t^{2}+30 t+35 . \quad V=f^{\prime}(t)=-10 t+30
$$

2. Fill out the table below.

| $\mathbf{t}$ <br> seconds | $\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters | $\mathbf{f}^{\prime}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters per second |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 35 | 30 |
| 1 | 60 | 20 |
| 2 | 75 | 10 |
| 3 | 80 | 0 |
| 4 | 75 | -10 |
| 5 | 60 | -20 |
| 6 | 35 | -30 |
| 7 | 0 | -40 |

3. Graph function $f$ below.

4. How high above the ground is the ball after 2 seconds? $\mathbf{7 5}$ meters
5. What is the velocity of the ball after 2 seconds?

## Calculus Class Worksheet \#5a Unit 1

$$
h=f(t)=-5 t^{2}+30 t+35 . \quad V=f^{\prime}(t)=-10 t+30
$$

2. Fill out the table below.

| $\mathbf{t}$ <br> seconds | $\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters | $\mathbf{f}^{\prime}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters per second |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 35 | 30 |
| 1 | 60 | 20 |
| 2 | 75 | 10 |
| 3 | 80 | 0 |
| 4 | 75 | -10 |
| 5 | 60 | -20 |
| 6 | 35 | -30 |
| 7 | 0 | -40 |

3. Graph function $f$ below.

4. How high above the ground is the ball after $\mathbf{2}$ seconds? $\mathbf{7 5}$ meters
5. What is the velocity of the ball after 2 seconds?

## Calculus Class Worksheet \#5a Unit 1

$$
h=f(t)=-5 t^{2}+30 t+35 . \quad V=f^{\prime}(t)=-10 t+30
$$

2. Fill out the table below.

| $\mathbf{t}$ <br> seconds | $\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters | $\mathbf{f}^{\prime}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters per second |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 35 | 30 |
| 1 | 60 | 20 |
| 2 | 75 | 10 |
| 3 | 80 | 0 |
| 4 | 75 | -10 |
| 5 | 60 | -20 |
| 6 | 35 | -30 |
| 7 | 0 | -40 |

3. Graph function $f$ below.

4. How high above the ground is the ball after $\mathbf{2}$ seconds? $\mathbf{7 5}$ meters
5. What is the velocity of the ball after 2 seconds? moving up at 10 mps .

## Calculus Class Worksheet \#5a Unit 1

$$
h=f(t)=-5 t^{2}+30 t+35 . \quad V=f^{\prime}(t)=-10 t+30
$$

2. Fill out the table below.

| $\mathbf{t}$ <br> seconds | $\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters | $\mathbf{f}^{\prime}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters per second |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 35 | 30 |
| 1 | 60 | 20 |
| 2 | 75 | 10 |
| 3 | 80 | 0 |
| 4 | 75 | -10 |
| 5 | 60 | -20 |
| 6 | 35 | -30 |
| 7 | 0 | -40 |

3. Graph function $f$ below.

4. How high above the ground is the ball after 2 seconds? $\mathbf{7 5}$ meters
5. What is the velocity of the ball after 2 seconds? moving up at 10 mps .

## Calculus Class Worksheet \#5a Unit 1

$$
h=f(t)=-5 t^{2}+30 t+35 . \quad V=f^{\prime}(t)=-10 t+30
$$

2. Fill out the table below.

| $\mathbf{t}$ <br> seconds | $\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters | $\mathbf{f}^{\prime}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters per second |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 35 | 30 |
| 1 | 60 | 20 |
| 2 | 75 | 10 |
| 3 | 80 | 0 |
| 4 | 75 | -10 |
| 5 | 60 | -20 |
| 6 | 35 | -30 |
| 7 | 0 | -40 |

3. Graph function $f$ below.

4. How high above the ground is the ball after 5 seconds?
5. What is the velocity of the ball after 5 seconds?

## Calculus Class Worksheet \#5a Unit 1

$$
h=f(t)=-5 t^{2}+30 t+35 . \quad V=f^{\prime}(t)=-10 t+30
$$

2. Fill out the table below.

| $t$ <br> seconds | $\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters | $\mathbf{f}^{\prime}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters per second |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 35 | 30 |
| 1 | 60 | 20 |
| 2 | 75 | 10 |
| 3 | 80 | 0 |
| 4 | 75 | -10 |
| 5 | 60 | -20 |
| 6 | 35 | -30 |
| 7 | 0 | -40 |

3. Graph function $f$ below.

4. How high above the ground is the ball after 5 seconds?
5. What is the velocity of the ball after 5 seconds?

## Calculus Class Worksheet \#5a Unit 1

$$
h=f(t)=-5 t^{2}+30 t+35 . \quad V=f^{\prime}(t)=-10 t+30
$$

2. Fill out the table below.

| $\mathbf{t}$ <br> seconds | $\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters | $\mathbf{f}^{\prime}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters per second |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 35 | 30 |
| 1 | 60 | 20 |
| 2 | 75 | 10 |
| 3 | 80 | 0 |
| 4 | 75 | -10 |
| 5 | 60 | -20 |
| 6 | 35 | -30 |
| 7 | 0 | -40 |

3. Graph function $f$ below.

4. How high above the ground is the ball after 5 seconds?
5. What is the velocity of the ball after 5 seconds?

## Calculus Class Worksheet \#5a Unit 1

$$
h=f(t)=-5 t^{2}+30 t+35 . \quad V=f^{\prime}(t)=-10 t+30
$$

2. Fill out the table below.

| $\mathbf{t}$ <br> seconds | $\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters | $\mathbf{f}^{\prime}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters per second |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 35 | 30 |
| 1 | 60 | 20 |
| 2 | 75 | 10 |
| 3 | 80 | 0 |
| 4 | 75 | -10 |
| 5 | 60 | -20 |
| 6 | 35 | -30 |
| 7 | 0 | -40 |

3. Graph function $f$ below.

4. How high above the ground is the ball after 5 seconds?

60 meters
7. What is the velocity of the ball after 5 seconds?

## Calculus Class Worksheet \#5a Unit 1

$$
h=f(t)=-5 t^{2}+30 t+35 . \quad V=f^{\prime}(t)=-10 t+30
$$

2. Fill out the table below.

| $\mathbf{t}$ <br> seconds | $\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters | $\mathbf{f}^{\prime}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters per second |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 35 | 30 |
| 1 | 60 | 20 |
| 2 | 75 | 10 |
| 3 | 80 | 0 |
| 4 | 75 | -10 |
| 5 | 60 | -20 |
| 6 | 35 | -30 |
| 7 | 0 | -40 |

3. Graph function $f$ below.

4. How high above the ground is the ball after 5 seconds?

60 meters
7. What is the velocity of the ball after 5 seconds?

## Calculus Class Worksheet \#5a Unit 1

$$
h=f(t)=-5 t^{2}+30 t+35 . \quad V=f^{\prime}(t)=-10 t+30
$$

2. Fill out the table below.

| $\mathbf{t}$ <br> seconds | $\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters | $\mathbf{f}^{\prime}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters per second |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 35 | 30 |
| 1 | 60 | 20 |
| 2 | 75 | 10 |
| 3 | 80 | 0 |
| 4 | 75 | -10 |
| 5 | 60 | -20 |
| 6 | 35 | -30 |
| 7 | 0 | -40 |

3. Graph function $f$ below.

4. How high above the ground is the ball after 5 seconds?

60 meters
7. What is the velocity of the ball after 5 seconds?

## Calculus Class Worksheet \#5a Unit 1

$$
h=f(t)=-5 t^{2}+30 t+35 . \quad V=f^{\prime}(t)=-10 t+30
$$

2. Fill out the table below.

| $\mathbf{t}$ <br> seconds | $\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters | $\mathbf{f}^{\prime}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters per second |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 35 | 30 |
| 1 | 60 | 20 |
| 2 | 75 | 10 |
| 3 | 80 | 0 |
| 4 | 75 | -10 |
| 5 | 60 | -20 |
| 6 | 35 | -30 |
| 7 | 0 | -40 |

3. Graph function $f$ below.

4. How high above the ground is the ball after 5 seconds? 60 meters
5. What is the velocity of the ball after 5 seconds? moving down at 20 mps .

## Calculus Class Worksheet \#5a Unit 1

$$
h=f(t)=-5 t^{2}+30 t+35 . \quad V=f^{\prime}(t)=-10 t+30
$$

2. Fill out the table below.

| $\mathbf{t}$ <br> seconds | $\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters | $\mathbf{f}^{\prime}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters per second |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 35 | 30 |
| 1 | 60 | 20 |
| 2 | 75 | 10 |
| 3 | 80 | 0 |
| 4 | 75 | -10 |
| 5 | 60 | -20 |
| 6 | 35 | -30 |
| 7 | 0 | -40 |

3. Graph function $f$ below.

4. How high above the ground is the ball after 5 seconds? 60 meters
5. What is the velocity of the ball after 5 seconds? moving down at 20 mps .

## Calculus Class Worksheet \#5a Unit 1

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| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 35 | 30 |
| 1 | 60 | 20 |
| 2 | 75 | 10 |
| 3 | 80 | 0 |
| 4 | 75 | -10 |
| 5 | 60 | -20 |
| 6 | 35 | -30 |
| 7 | 0 | -40 |

3. Graph function $f$ below.

4. What is the maximum height of the ball in its flight?

## Calculus Class Worksheet \#5a Unit 1

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h=f(t)=-5 t^{2}+30 t+35 . \quad V=f^{\prime}(t)=-10 t+30
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2. Fill out the table below.

| $\mathbf{t}$ <br> seconds | $\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters | $\mathbf{f}^{\prime}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters per second |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
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| 2 | 75 | 10 |
| 3 | 80 | 0 |
| 4 | 75 | -10 |
| 5 | 60 | -20 |
| 6 | 35 | -30 |
| 7 | 0 | -40 |

3. Graph function $f$ below.

4. What is the maximum height of the ball in its flight?

## Calculus Class Worksheet \#5a Unit 1

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| 2 | 75 | 10 |
| 3 | 80 | 0 |
| 4 | 75 | -10 |
| 5 | 60 | -20 |
| 6 | 35 | -30 |
| 7 | 0 | -40 |

3. Graph function $f$ below.

4. What is the maximum height of the ball in its flight?
$\underline{80 \text { meters }}$

## Calculus Class Worksheet \#5a Unit 1

$$
h=f(t)=-5 t^{2}+30 t+35 . \quad V=f^{\prime}(t)=-10 t+30
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2. Fill out the table below.

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| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 35 | 30 |
| 1 | 60 | 20 |
| 2 | 75 | 10 |
| 3 | 80 | 0 |
| 4 | 75 | -10 |
| 5 | 60 | -20 |
| 6 | 35 | -30 |
| 7 | 0 | -40 |

3. Graph function $f$ below.

4. What is the maximum height of the ball in its flight?

80 meters
The maximum value of $h=f(t)$ occurs when $v=f^{\prime}(t)=0$ !!

## Calculus Class Worksheet \#5a Unit 1

$$
h=f(t)=-5 t^{2}+30 t+35 . \quad V=f^{\prime}(t)=-10 t+30
$$

2. Fill out the table below.

| $\mathbf{t}$ <br> seconds | $\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters | $\mathbf{f}^{\prime}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters per second |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 35 | 30 |
| 1 | 60 | 20 |
| 2 | 75 | 10 |
| 3 | 80 | 0 |
| 4 | 75 | -10 |
| 5 | 60 | -20 |
| 6 | 35 | -30 |
| 7 | 0 | -40 |

3. Graph function $f$ below.

4. How fast is the ball moving as it hits the ground?

## Calculus Class Worksheet \#5a Unit 1

$$
h=f(t)=-5 t^{2}+30 t+35 . \quad V=f^{\prime}(t)=-10 t+30
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2. Fill out the table below.

| $\mathbf{t}$ <br> seconds | $\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters | $\mathbf{f}^{\prime}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters per second |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
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| 4 | 75 | -10 |
| 5 | 60 | -20 |
| 6 | 35 | -30 |
| 7 | 0 | -40 |

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4. How fast is the ball moving as it hits the ground?

## Calculus Class Worksheet \#5a Unit 1

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| 2 | 75 | 10 |
| 3 | 80 | 0 |
| 4 | 75 | -10 |
| 5 | 60 | -20 |
| 6 | 35 | -30 |
| 7 | 0 | -40 |

3. Graph function $f$ below.

4. How fast is the ball moving as it hits the ground?

## Calculus Class Worksheet \#5a Unit 1

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| 4 | 75 | -10 |
| 5 | 60 | -20 |
| 6 | 35 | -30 |
| 7 | 0 | -40 |

3. Graph function $f$ below.

4. How fast is the ball moving as it hits the ground? 40 meters per second

## Calculus Class Worksheet \#5a Unit 1

$$
h=f(t)=-5 t^{2}+30 t+35 . \quad V=f^{\prime}(t)=-10 t+30
$$

2. Fill out the table below.

| $\mathbf{t}$ <br> seconds | $\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters | $\mathbf{f}^{\prime}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters per second |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 35 | 30 |
| 1 | 60 | 20 |
| 2 | 75 | 10 |
| 3 | 80 | 0 |
| 4 | 75 | -10 |
| 5 | 60 | -20 |
| 6 | 35 | -30 |
| 7 | 0 | -40 |

3. Graph function $f$ below.

4. How fast is the ball moving as it hits the ground? 40 meters per second

This is called the impact speed.

## Calculus Class Worksheet \#5a Unit 1

$$
h=f(t)=-5 t^{2}+30 t+35 . \quad V=f^{\prime}(t)=-10 t+30
$$

2. Fill out the table below.

| $\mathbf{t}$ <br> seconds | $\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters | $\mathbf{f}^{\prime}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters per second |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 35 | 30 |
| 1 | 60 | 20 |
| 2 | 75 | 10 |
| 3 | 80 | 0 |
| 4 | 75 | -10 |
| 5 | 60 | -20 |
| 6 | 35 | -30 |
| 7 | 0 | -40 |

3. Graph function $f$ below.

4. How fast is the ball moving as it hits the ground? 40 meters per second

This is called the impact speed. (Speed is never negative.)

## Calculus Class Worksheet \#5a Unit 1

$$
h=f(t)=-5 t^{2}+30 t+35 . \quad V=f^{\prime}(t)=-10 t+30
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2. Fill out the table below.

| $\mathbf{t}$ <br> seconds | $\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters | $\mathbf{f}^{\prime}(\mathbf{t})$ <br> meters per second |
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| 2 | 75 | 10 |
| 3 | 80 | 0 |
| 4 | 75 | -10 |
| 5 | 60 | -20 |
| 6 | 35 | -30 |
| 7 | 0 | -40 |

3. Graph function $f$ below.

