## Algebra II Worksheet \#8 Unit 7 Selected Solutions

Identify each of the following equations as that of a circle, an ellipse, a hyperbola, or a parabola. Then write the equation in standard form and sketch its graph.
2. $y^{2}+4 x-6 y+13=0$ parabola

$$
\begin{aligned}
y^{2}-6 y+9 & =-4 x-13+9 \\
(y-3)^{2} & =-4 x-4 \\
(y-3)^{2} & =-4(x+1)
\end{aligned}
$$

standard form
$x+1=\frac{-1}{4}(y-3)^{2}$
$\mathrm{x}-\mathrm{h}=\mathrm{a}(\mathrm{y}-\mathrm{k})^{\mathbf{2}} \quad$ Type 2
$\begin{array}{lc}h=-1 \quad k=3 & a=\frac{1}{4 p}=\frac{-1}{4} \\ V(-1,3) & p=-1 \quad \text { opens 'left' }\end{array}$

5. $4 x^{2}-y^{2}-8 x-2 y+19=0$ hyperbola

$$
\begin{gathered}
4\left(x^{2}-2 x+1\right)-1\left(y^{2}+2 y+1\right)=-19+4-1 \\
4(x-1)^{2}-1(y+1)^{2}=-16
\end{gathered}
$$

standard form

$$
\frac{(y+1)^{2}}{16}-\frac{(x-1)^{2}}{4}=1
$$

Type 2

$$
\frac{(y-k)^{2}}{a^{2}}-\frac{(x-h)^{2}}{b^{2}}=1
$$

$$
h=1 \quad k=-1 \quad a=4 \quad b=2
$$

center (1, -1) $\quad c^{2}=20$

$$
\mathbf{c}=\sqrt{\mathbf{2 0}} \approx 4.5
$$



