Find PQ for each of the following. When appropriate, round your answer to the nearest tenth.

1.
$$P(3,2); Q(-1,5); PQ =$$
 2. $P(-3,4); Q(3,4); PQ =$

2.
$$P(-3,4)$$
; $Q(3,4)$; $PQ =$

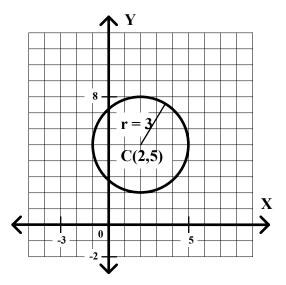
3.
$$P(4,1)$$
; $Q(-3,3)$; $PQ = _____$

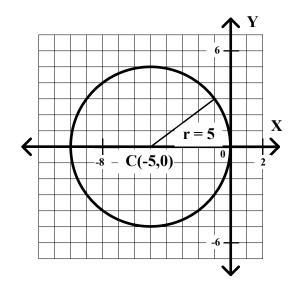
For each of the following circles, write its equation in (a) standard form and (b) general form.

4. (a) _____

5. (a) _____

(b) _____





Algebra II Class Worksheet #1 Unit 7 page 2

The Equations of a Circle

General Form: $x^2 + y^2 + Dx + Ey + F = 0$

Standard Form: $(x - h)^2 + (y - k)^2 = r^2$ where r is the radius measure and (h,k) is the center.

6. Given: A circle has general form equation $x^2 + y^2 - 6x + 4y - 3 = 0$.

Find the standard form equation and graph the circle.

