## Algebra II Class Worksheet \#1 Unit 7 page 1

Find PQ for each of the following. When appropriate, round your answer to the nearest tenth. 1. $\mathrm{P}(3,2) ; \mathrm{Q}(-1,5) ; \mathrm{PQ}=$ $\qquad$ 2. $P(-3,4) ; Q(3,4) ; P Q=$ $\qquad$
3. $P(4,1) ; Q(-3,3) ; P Q=$ $\qquad$

For each of the following circles, write its equation in (a) standard form and (b) general form.
4. (a)
(b) $\qquad$



## Algebra II Class Worksheet \#1 Unit 7 page 2

## The Equations of a Circle

General Form: $\mathbf{x}^{2}+\mathbf{y}^{2}+\mathbf{D x}+\mathbf{E y}+\mathbf{F}=\mathbf{0}$
Standard Form: $(\mathbf{x}-\mathbf{h})^{2}+(\mathbf{y}-\mathbf{k})^{2}=\mathbf{r}^{2}$ where r is the radius measure and $(\mathrm{h}, \mathrm{k})$ is the center.
6. Given: A circle has general form equation $x^{2}+y^{2}-6 x+4 y-3=0$.

Find the standard form equation and graph the circle.


