

Algebra II Lesson #1 Unit 3
Class Worksheet #1
For Worksheet #1

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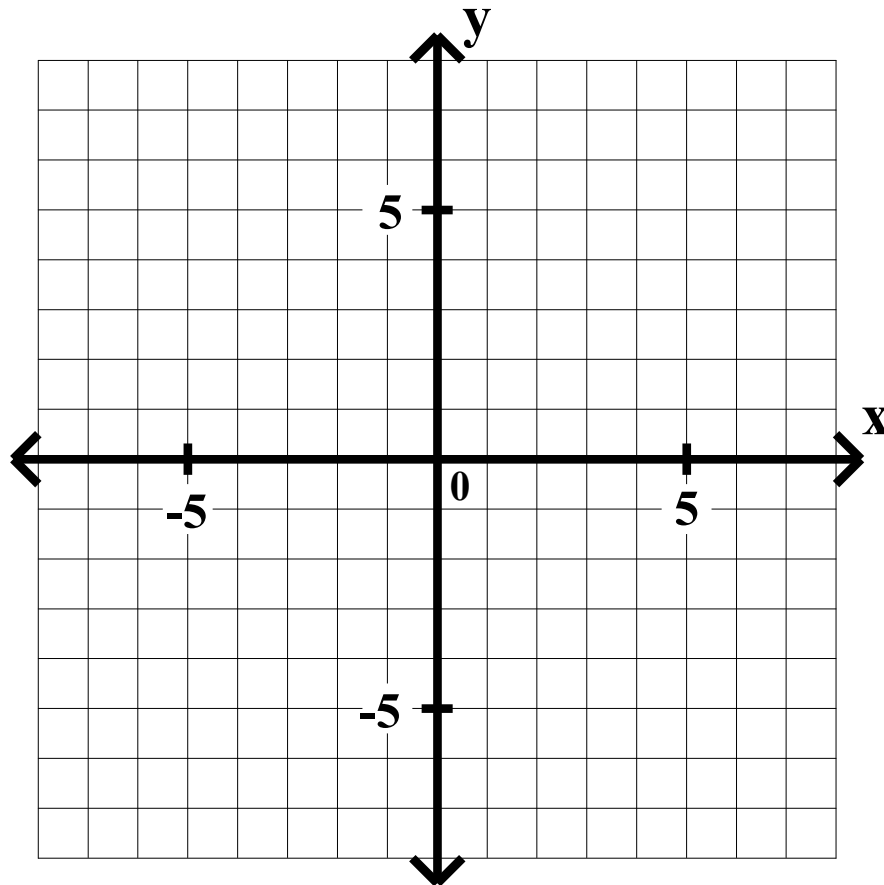
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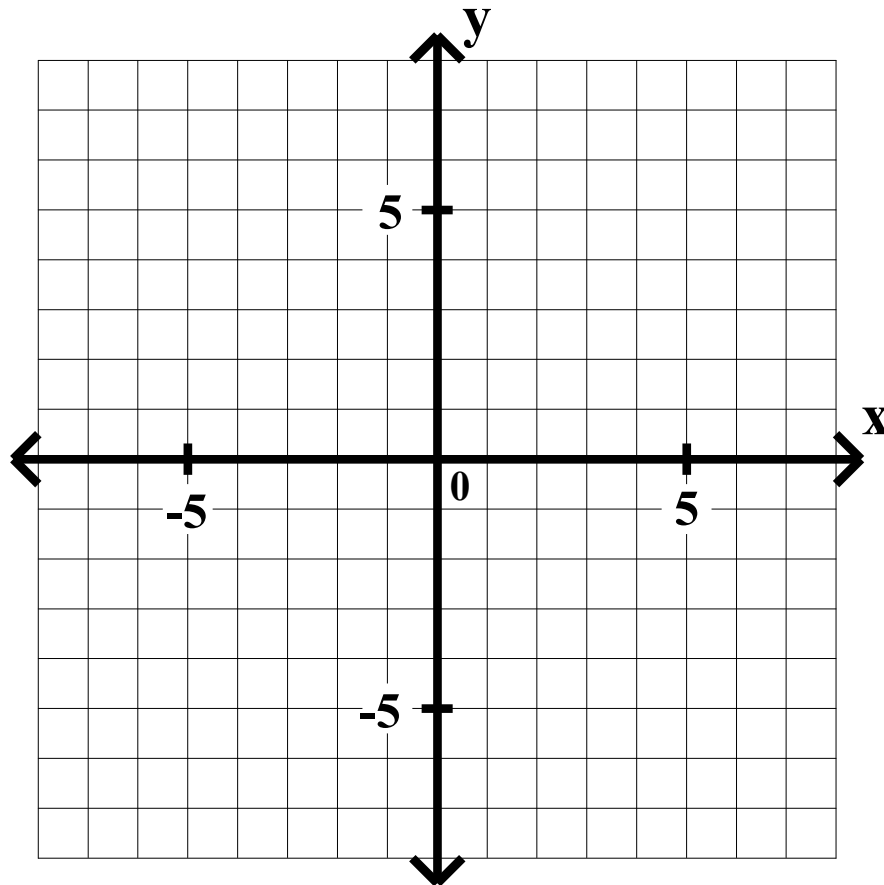
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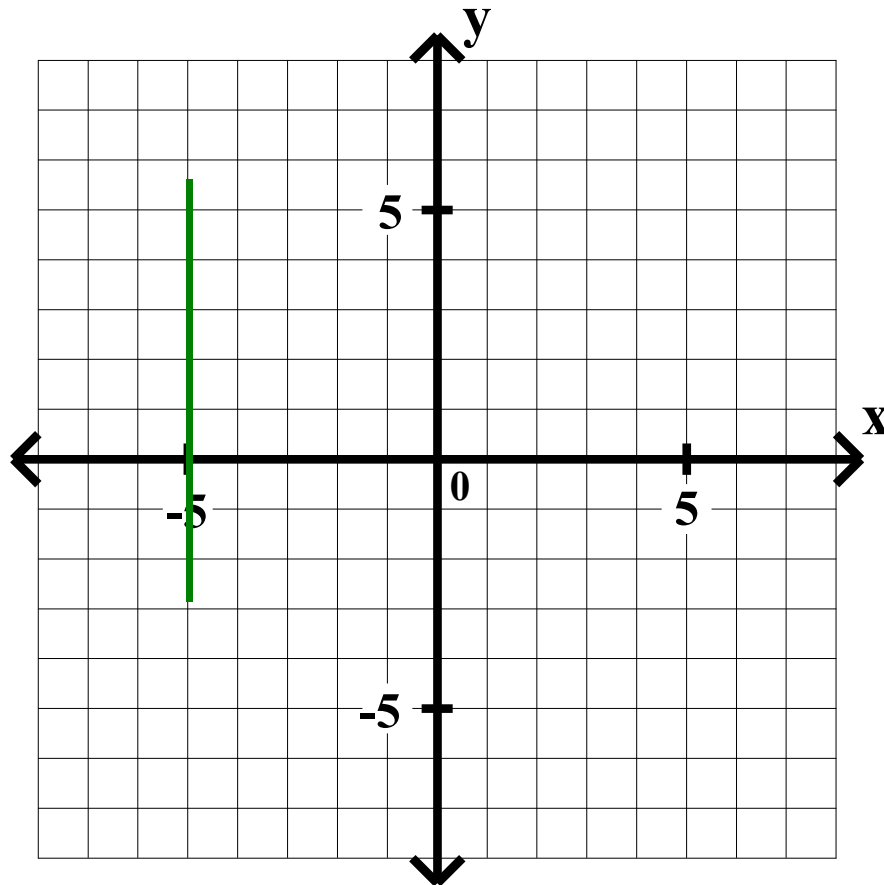
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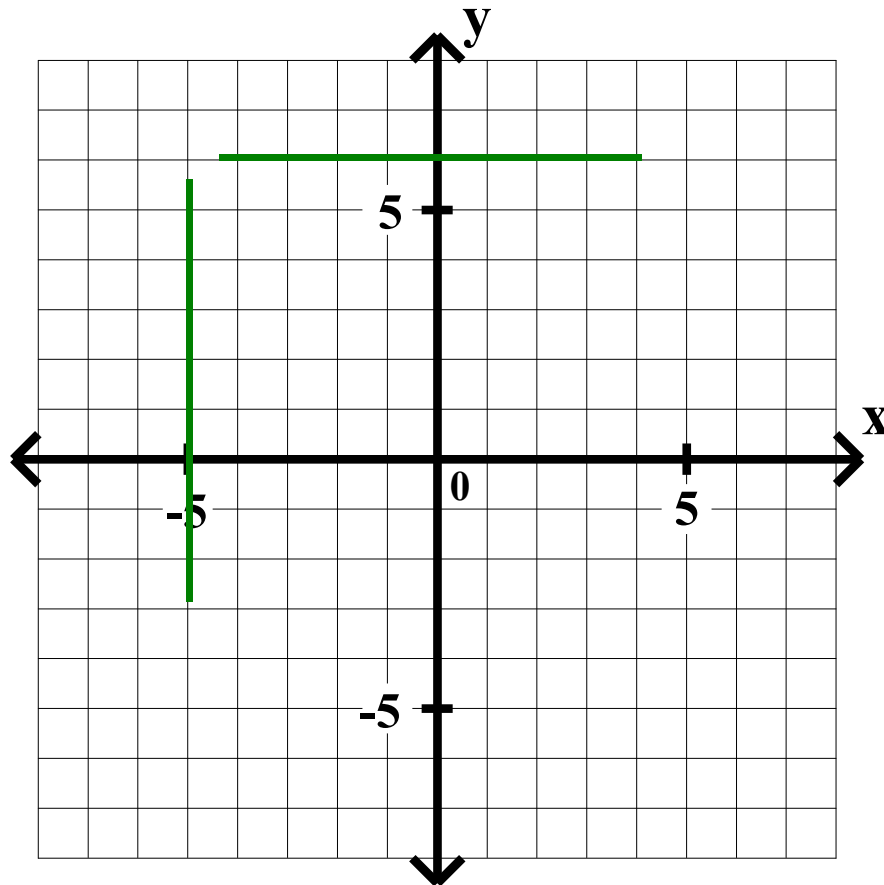
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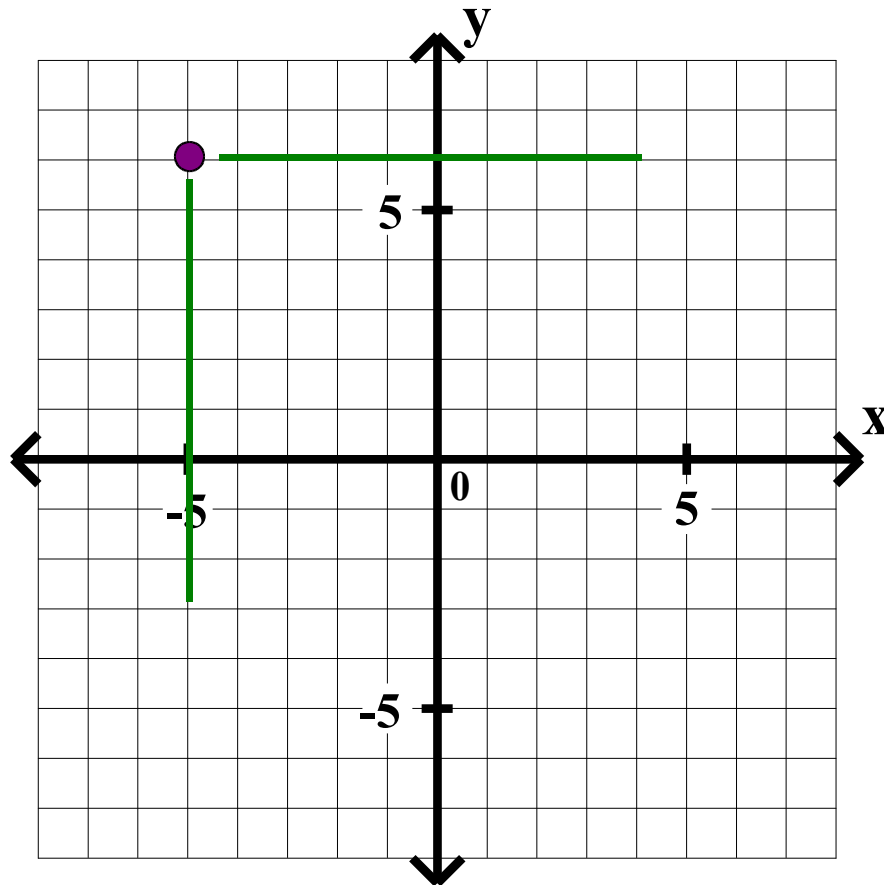
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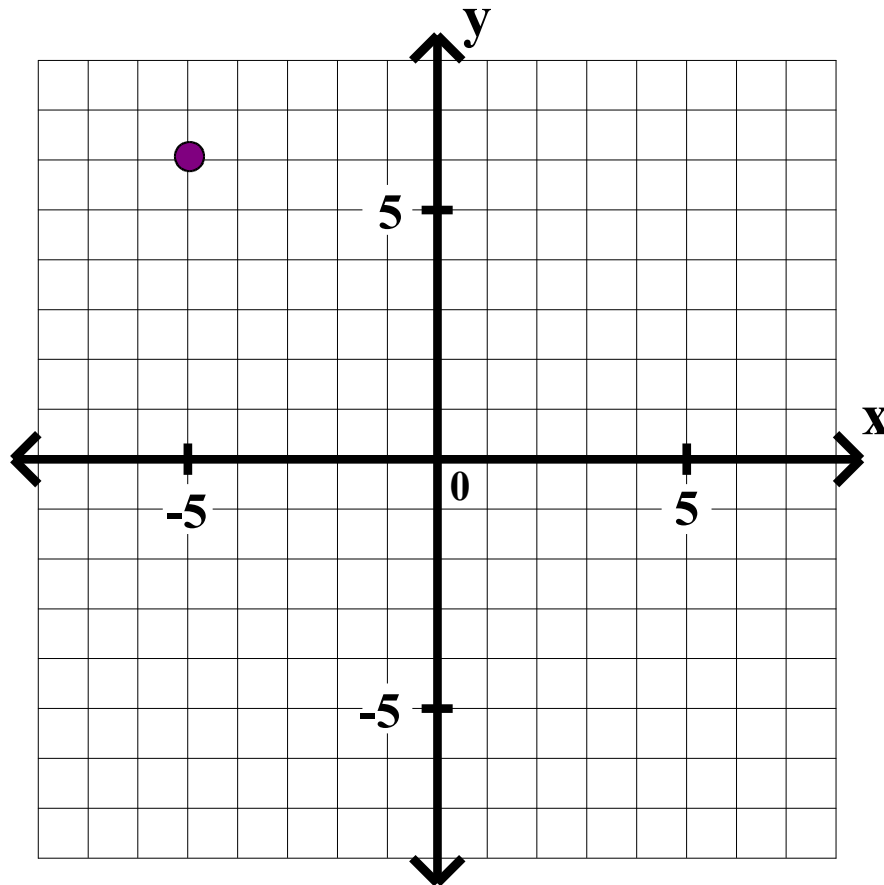
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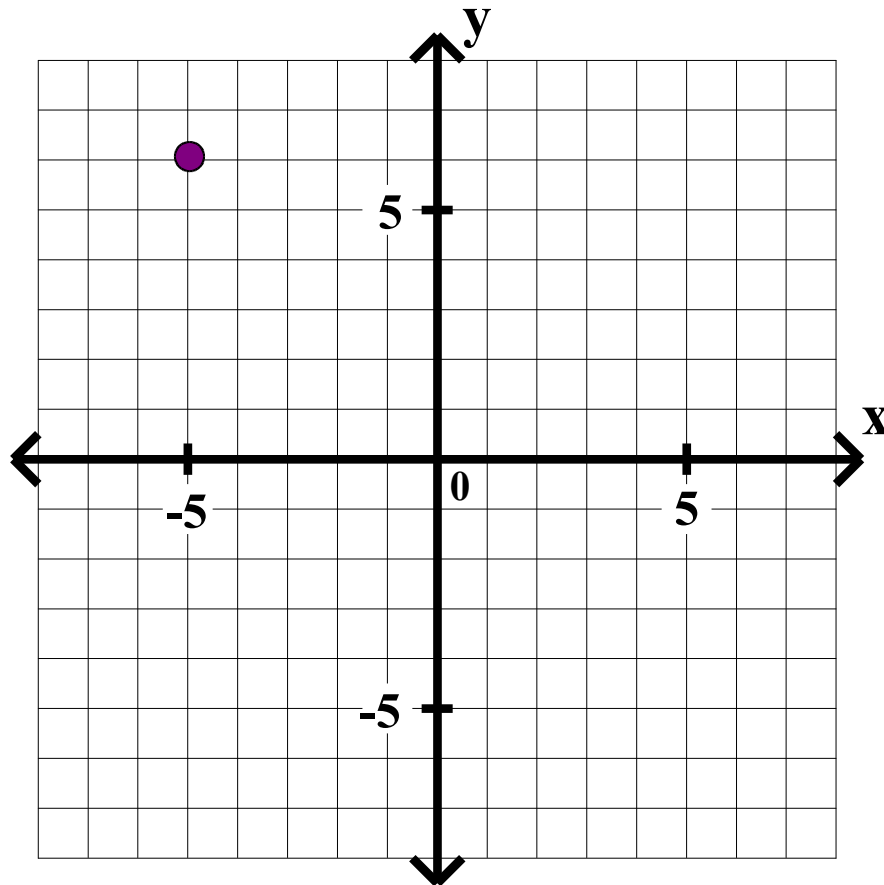
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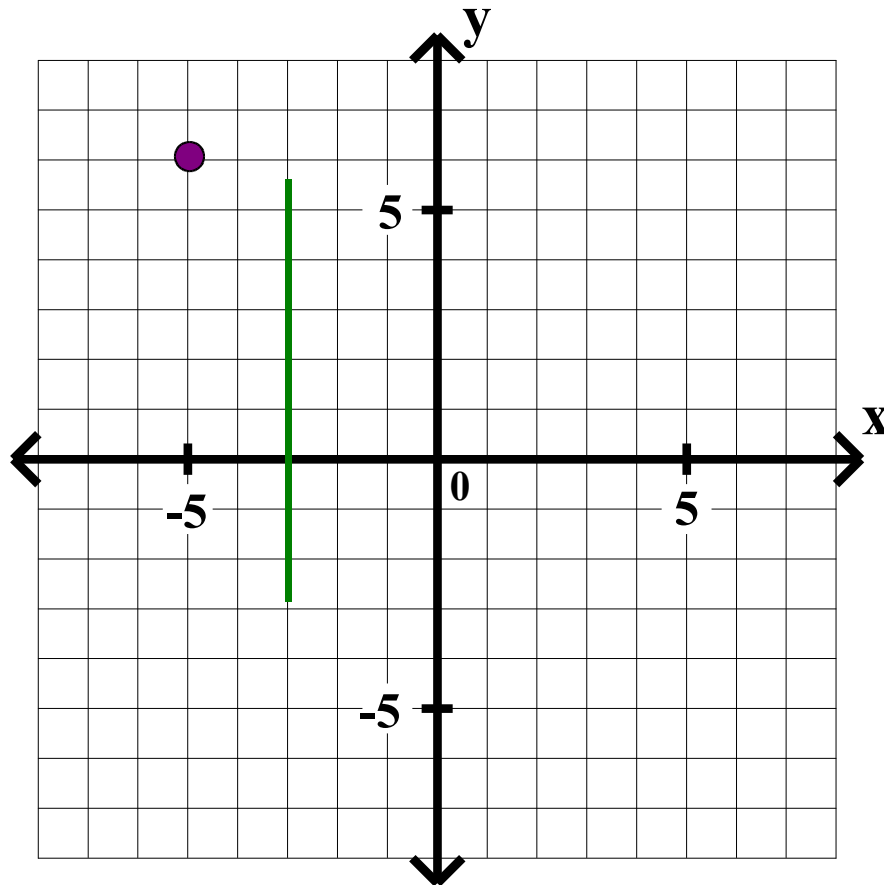
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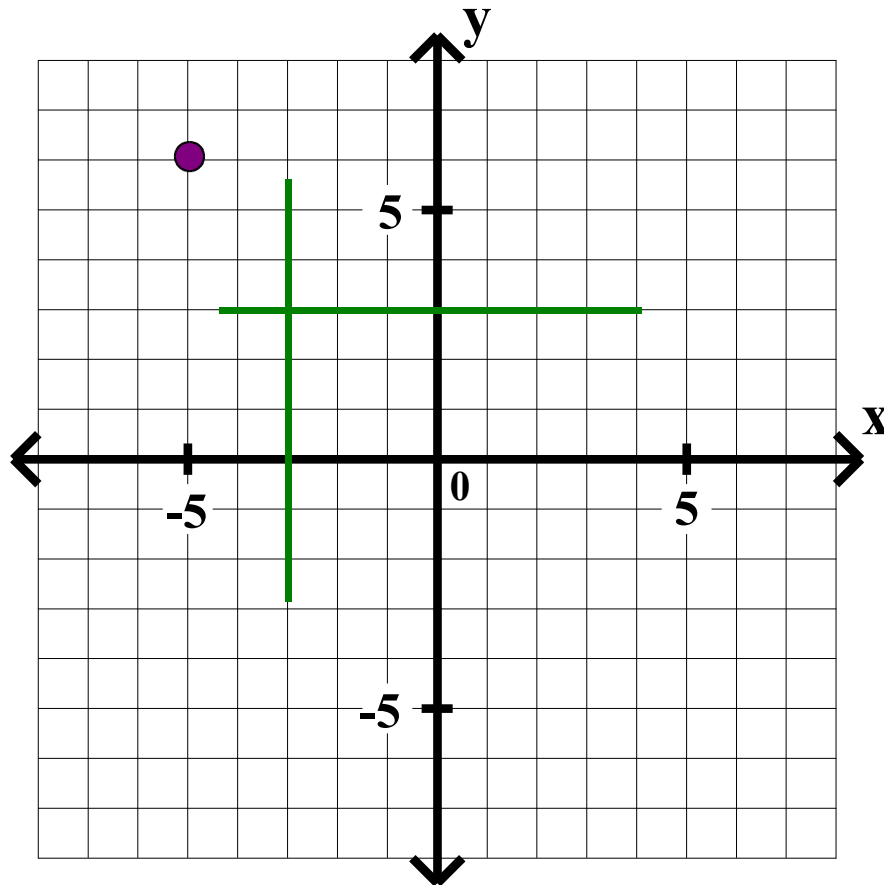
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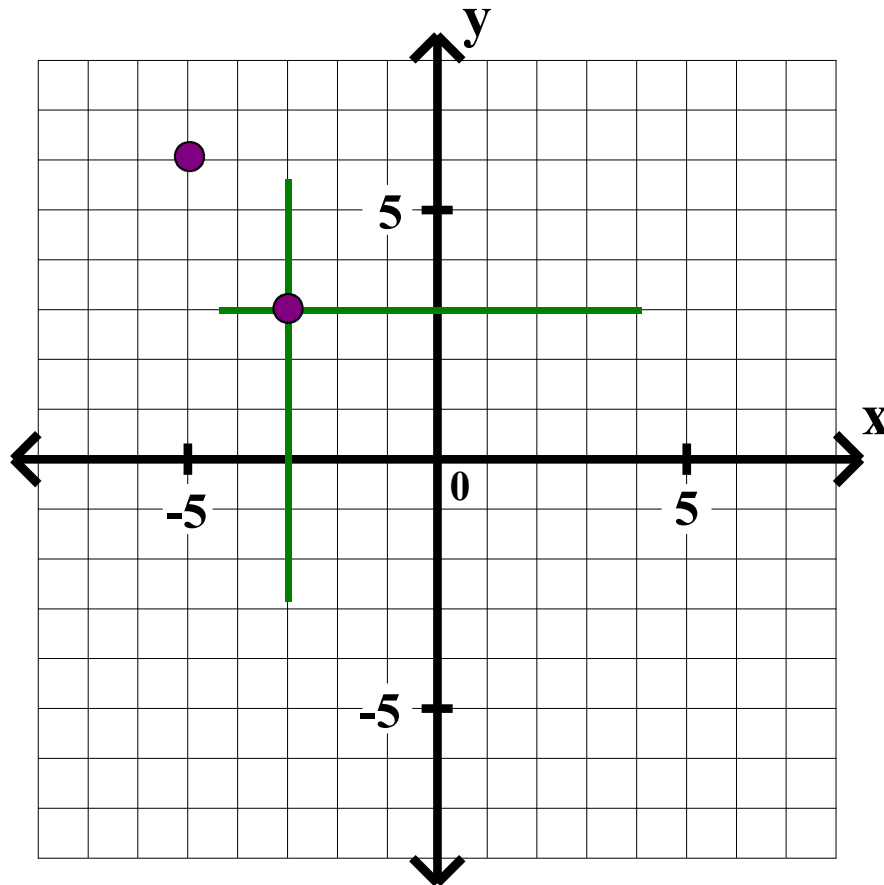
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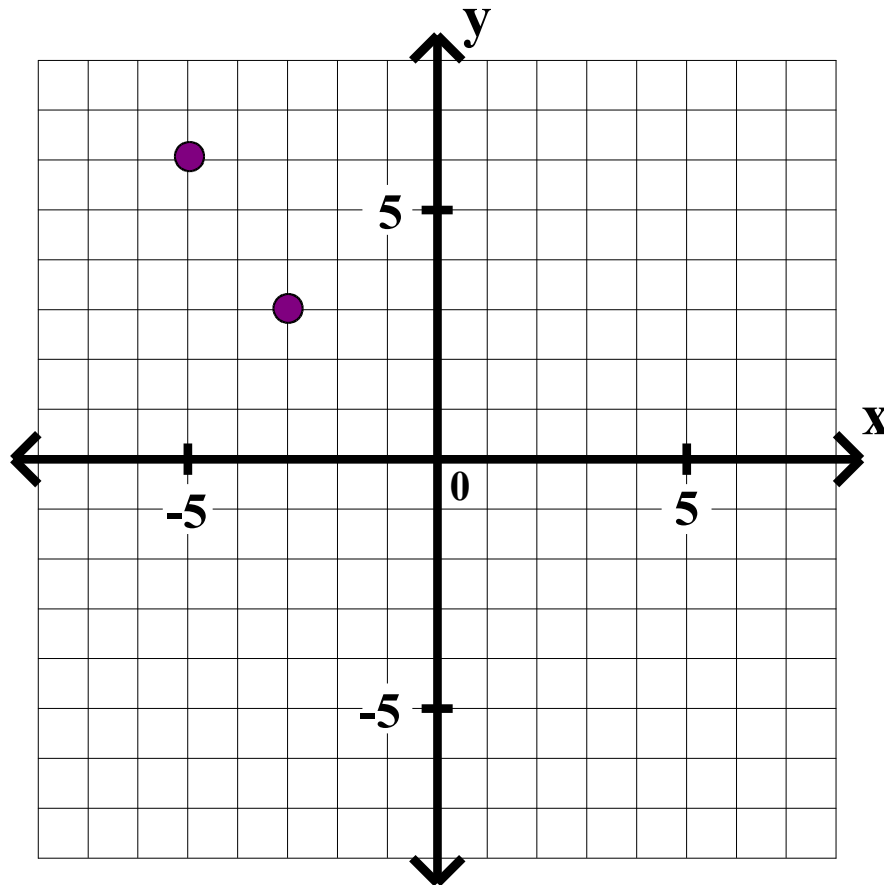
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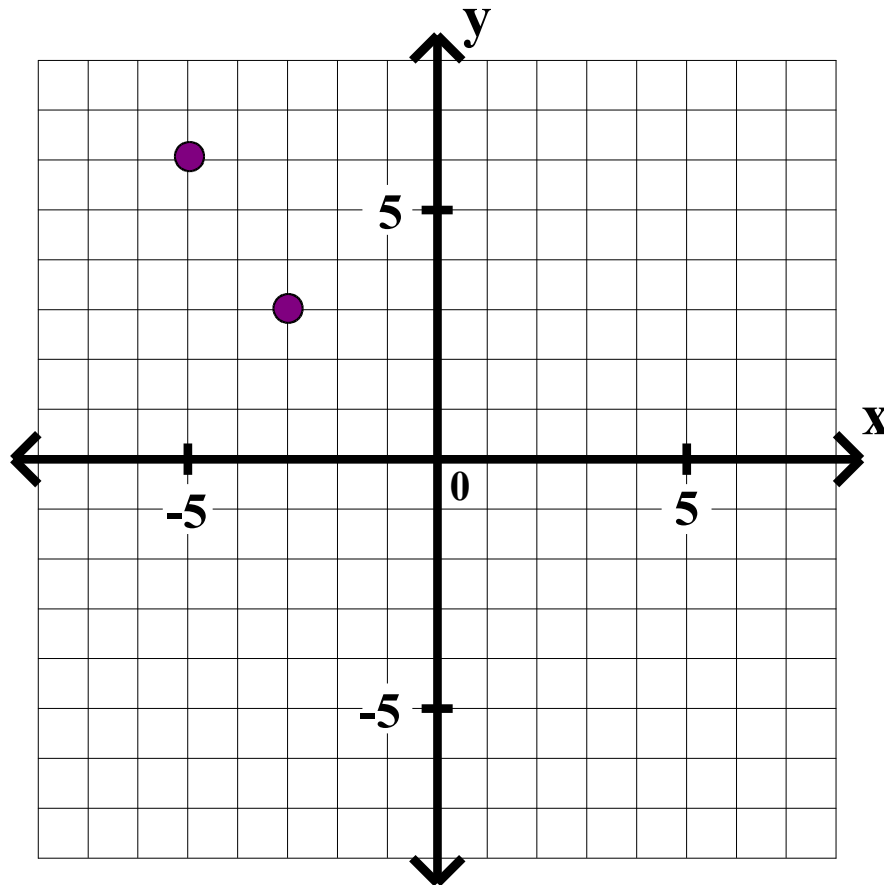
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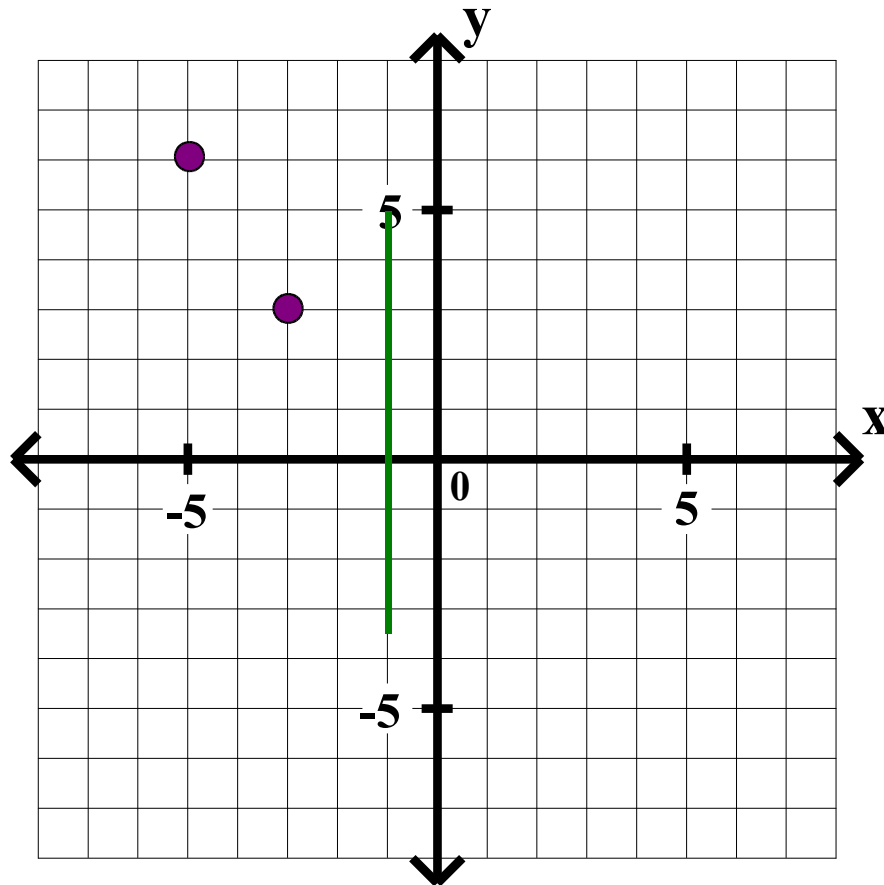
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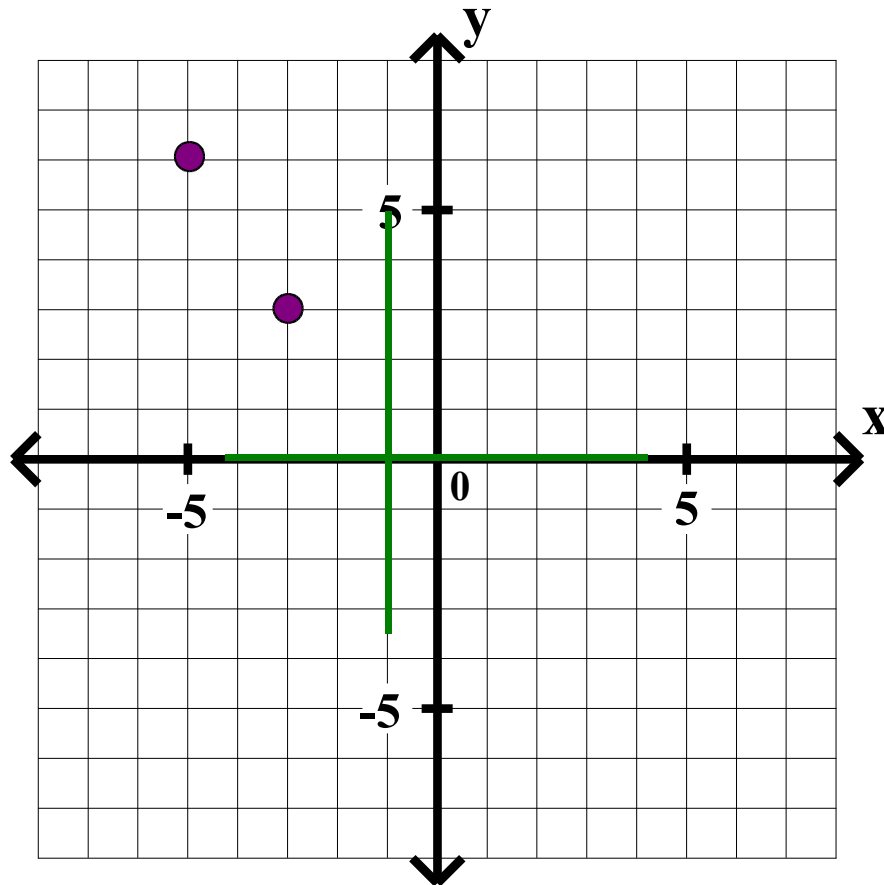
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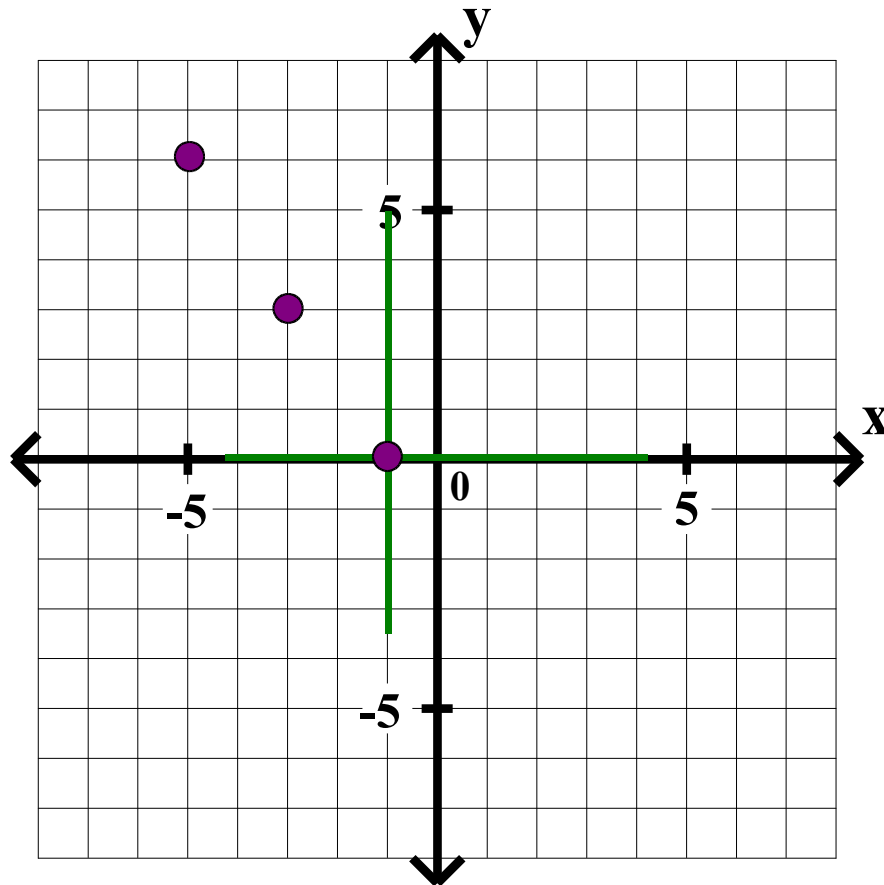
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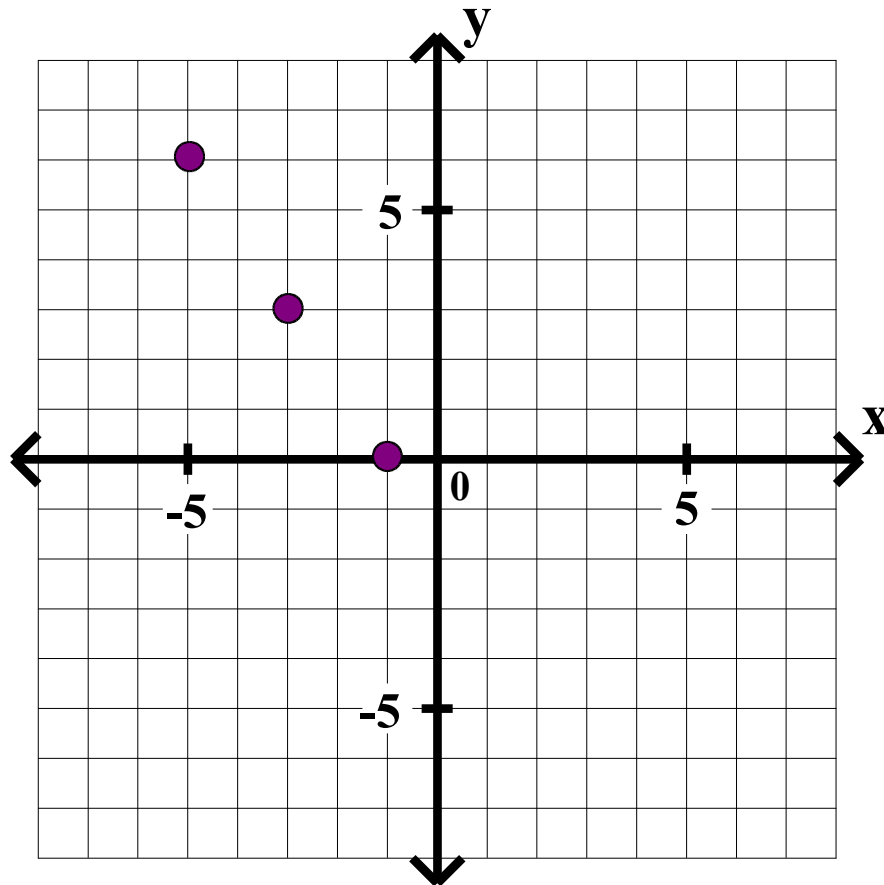
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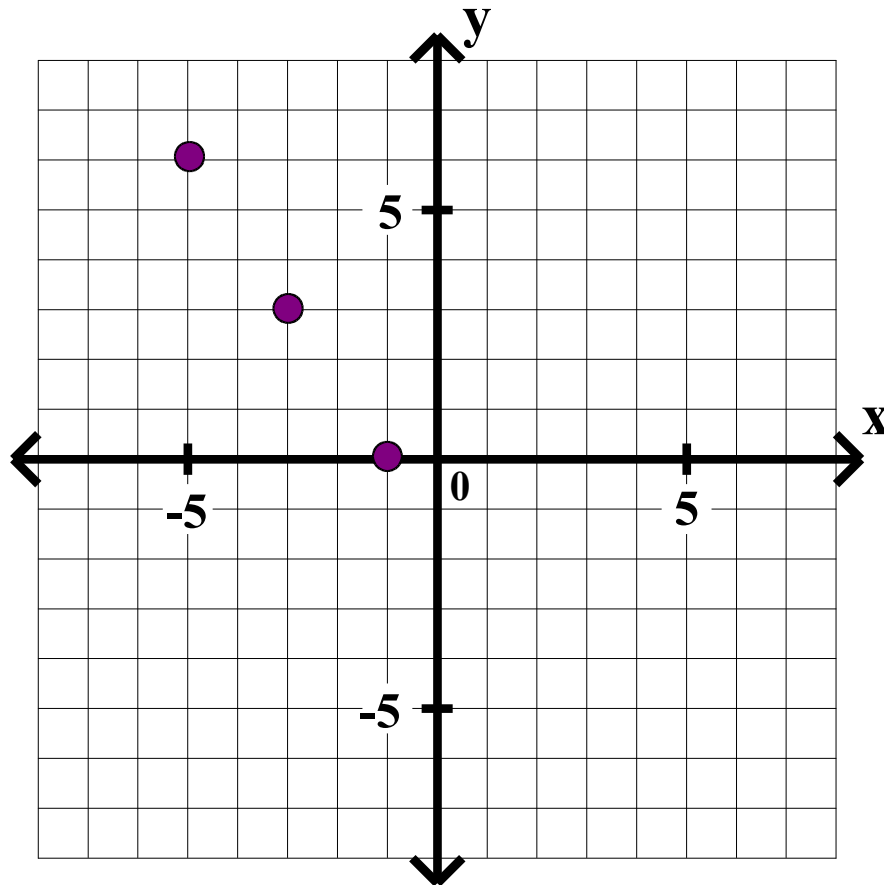
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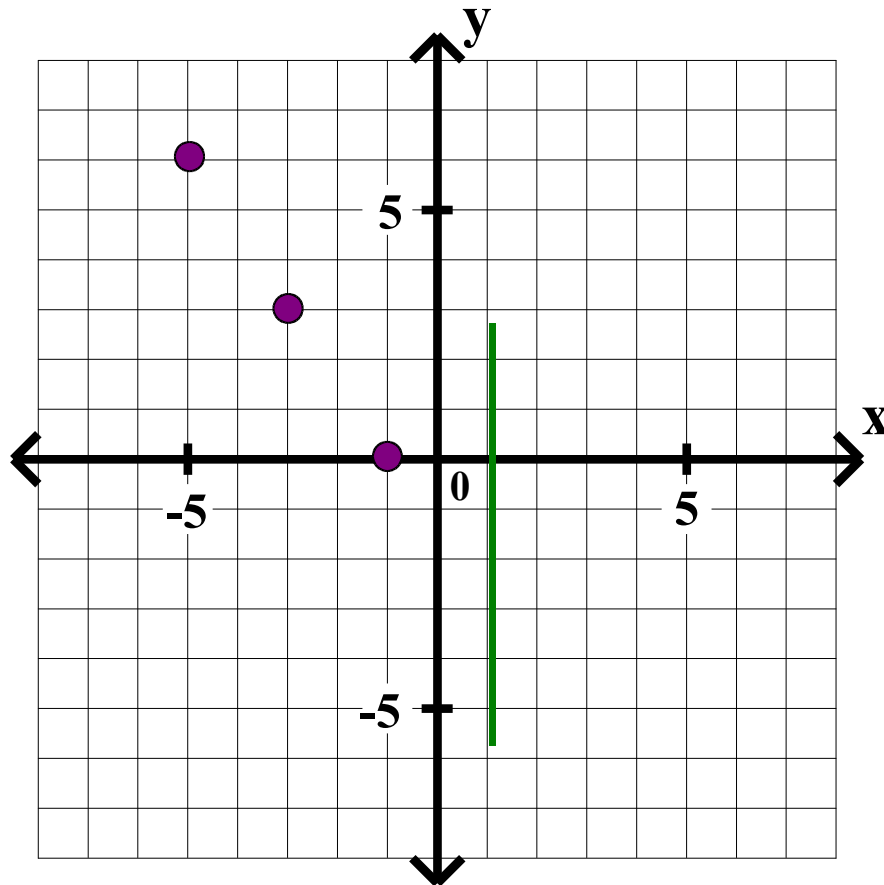
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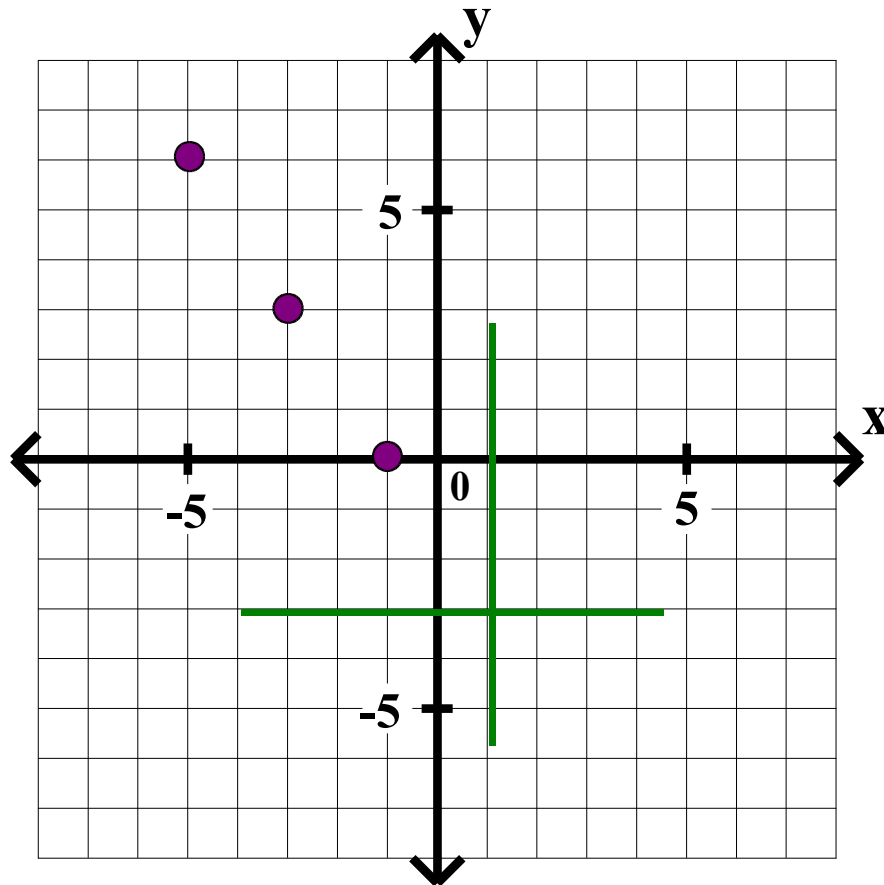
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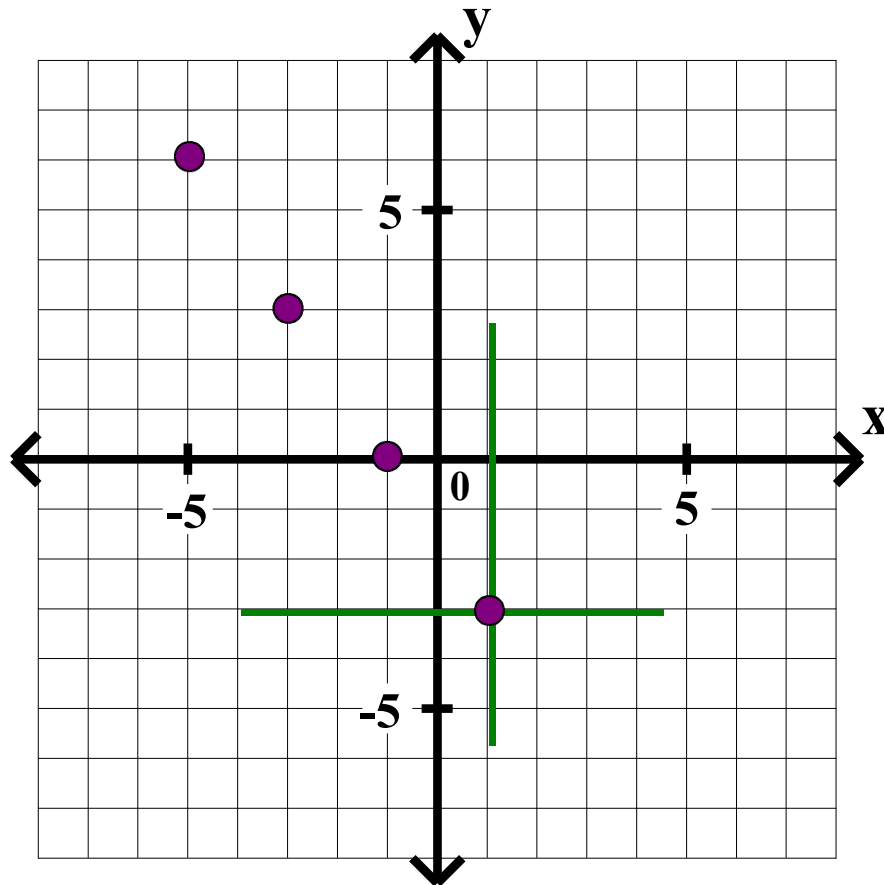
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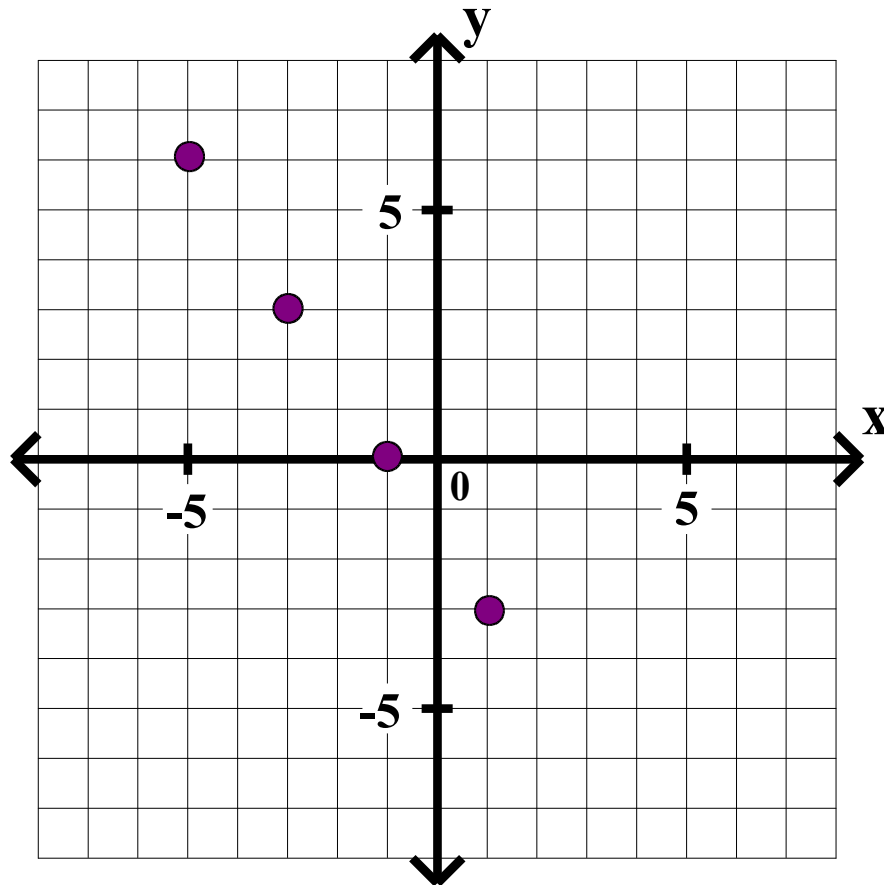
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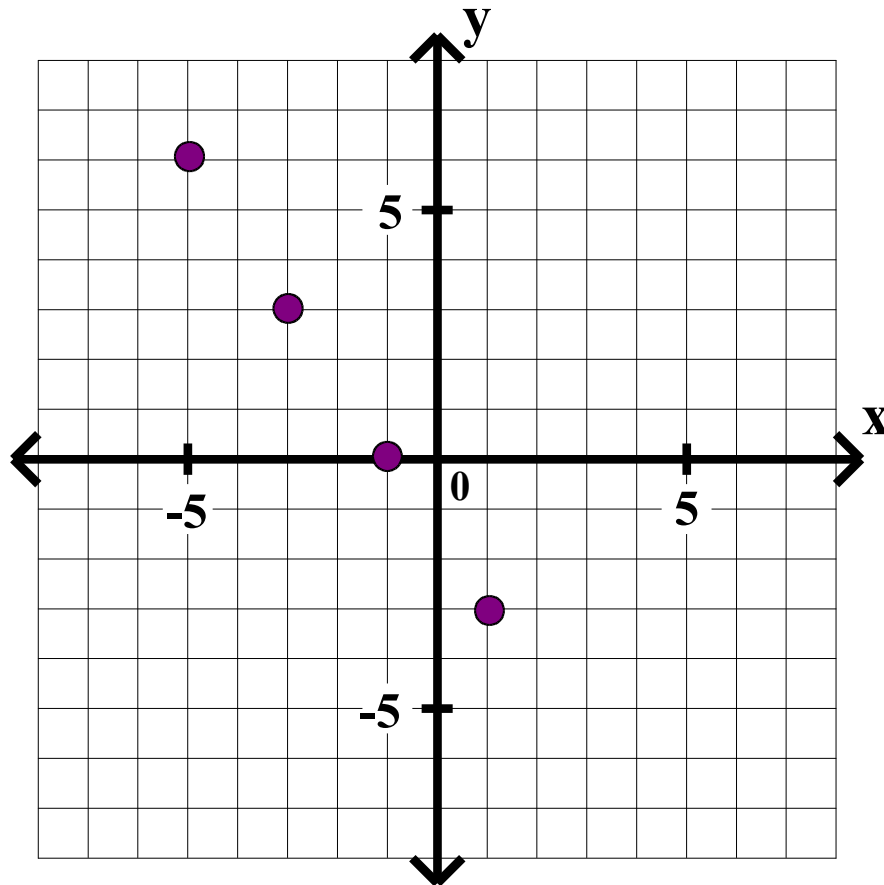
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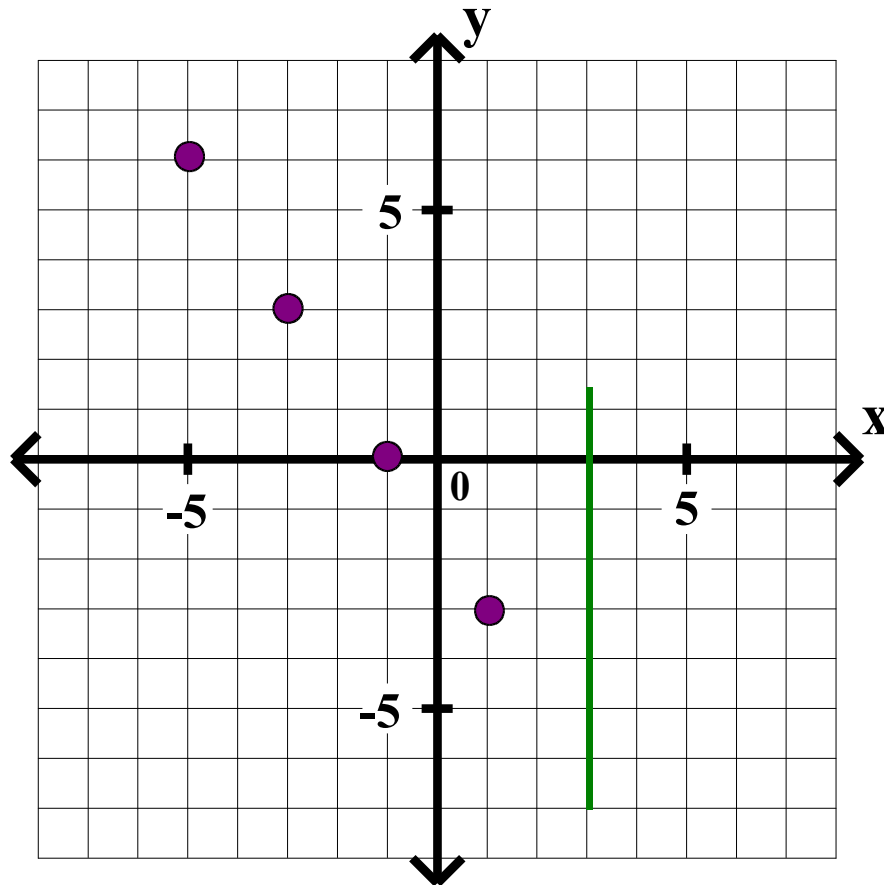
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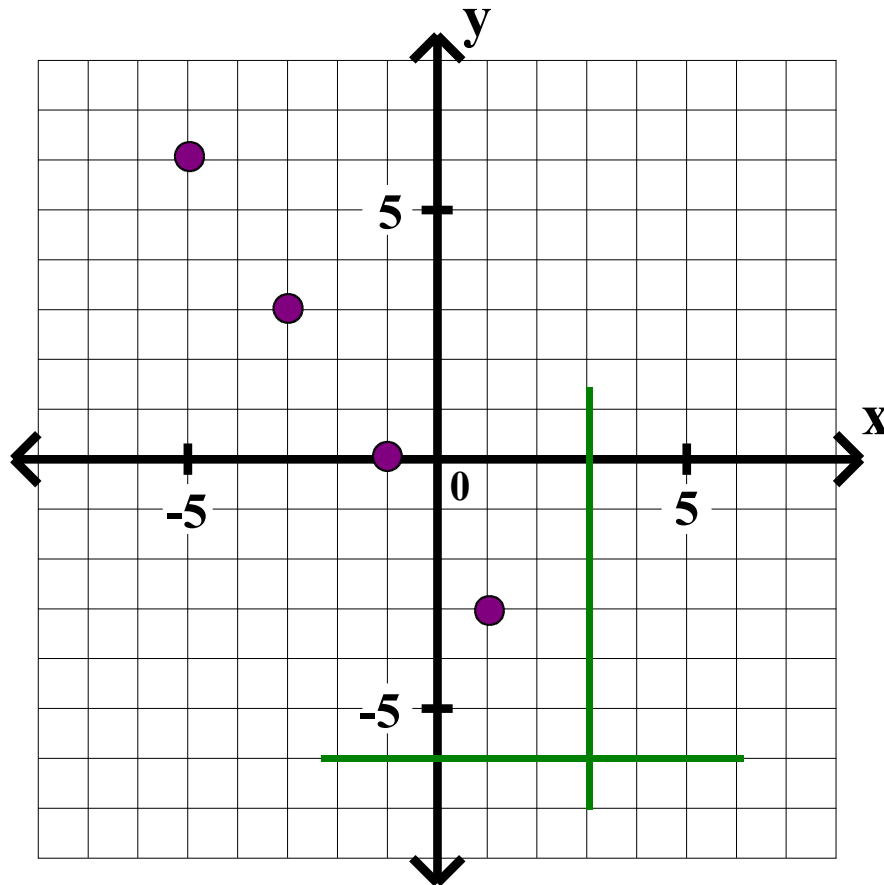
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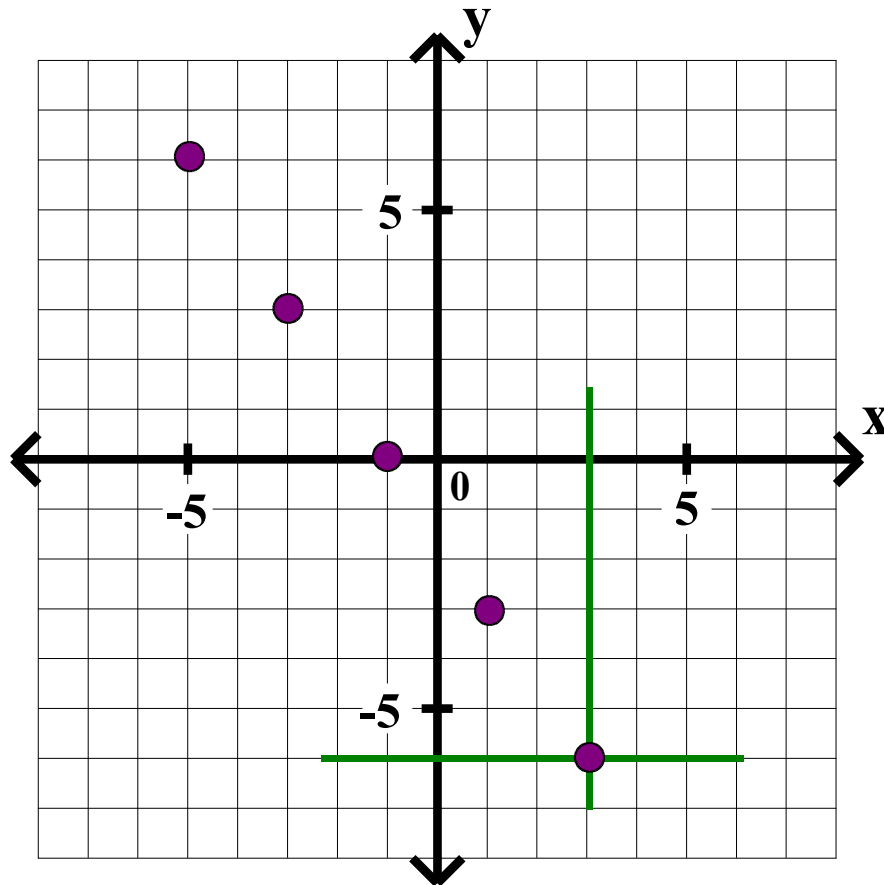
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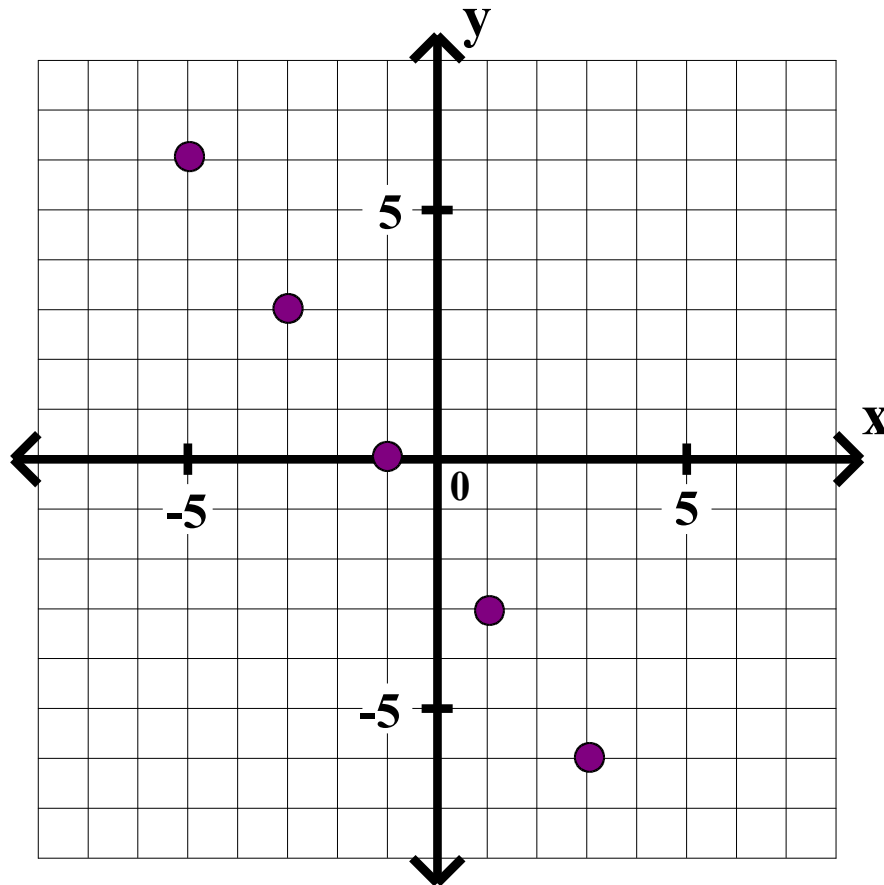
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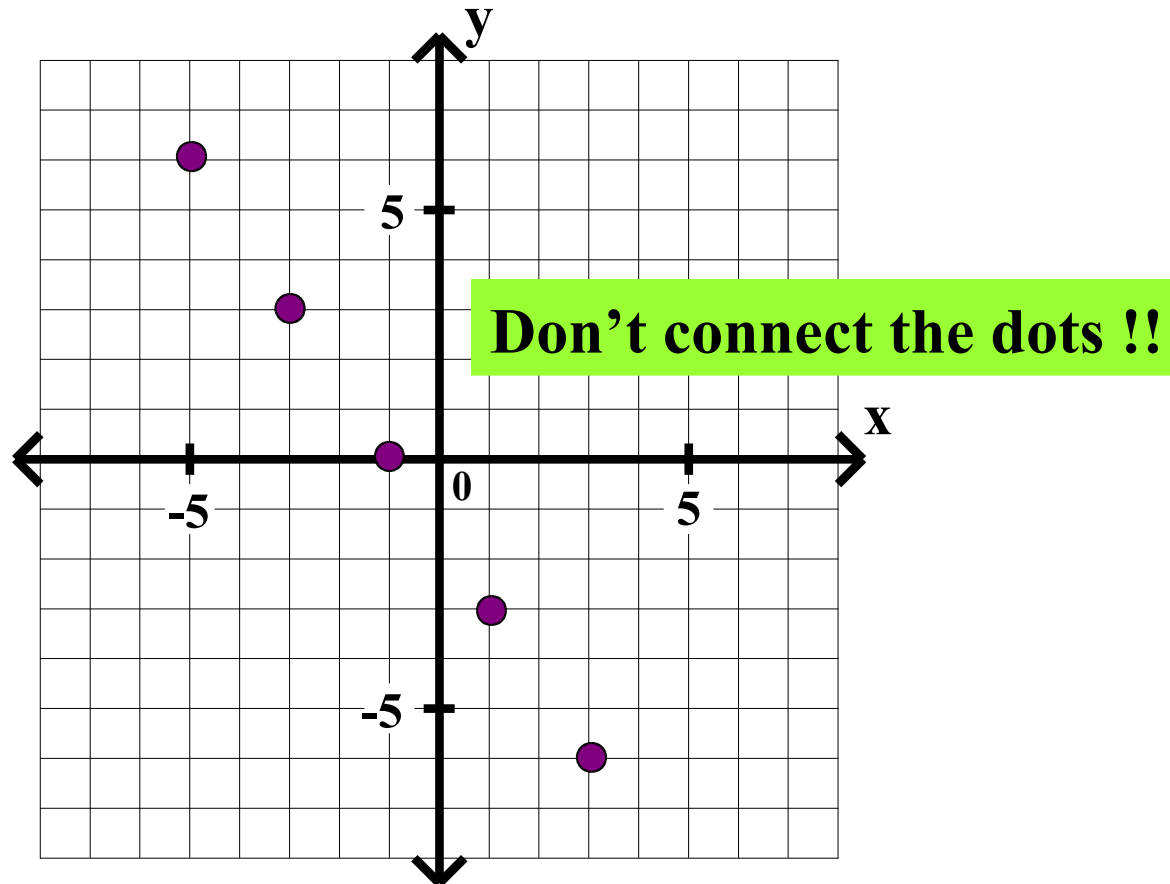
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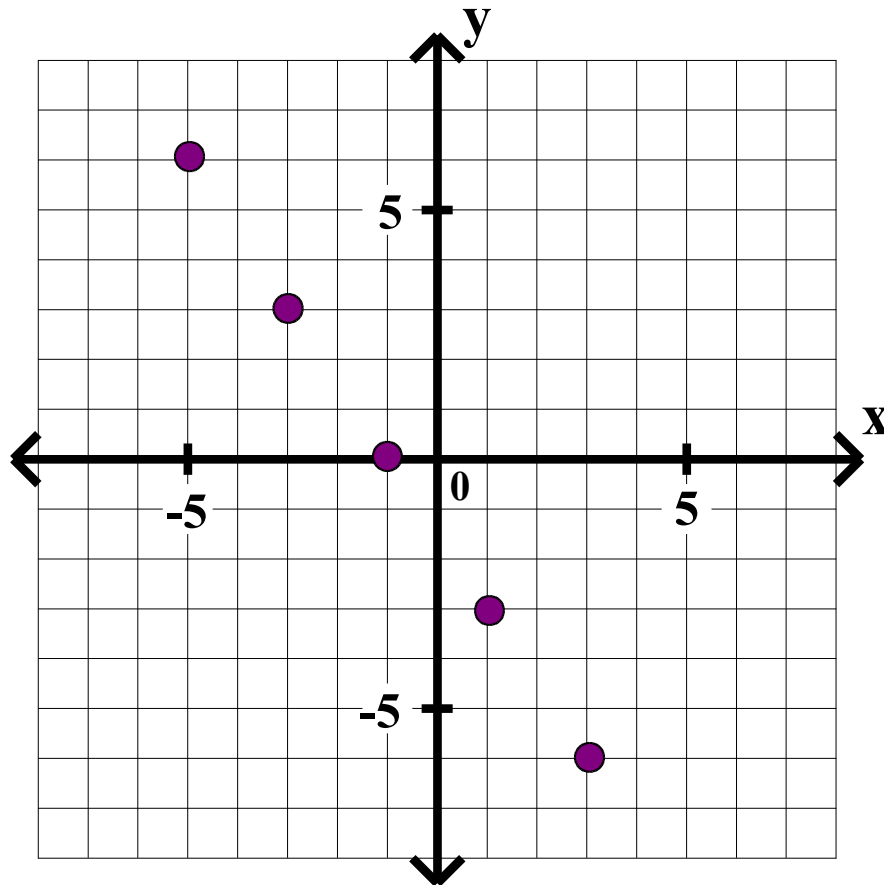
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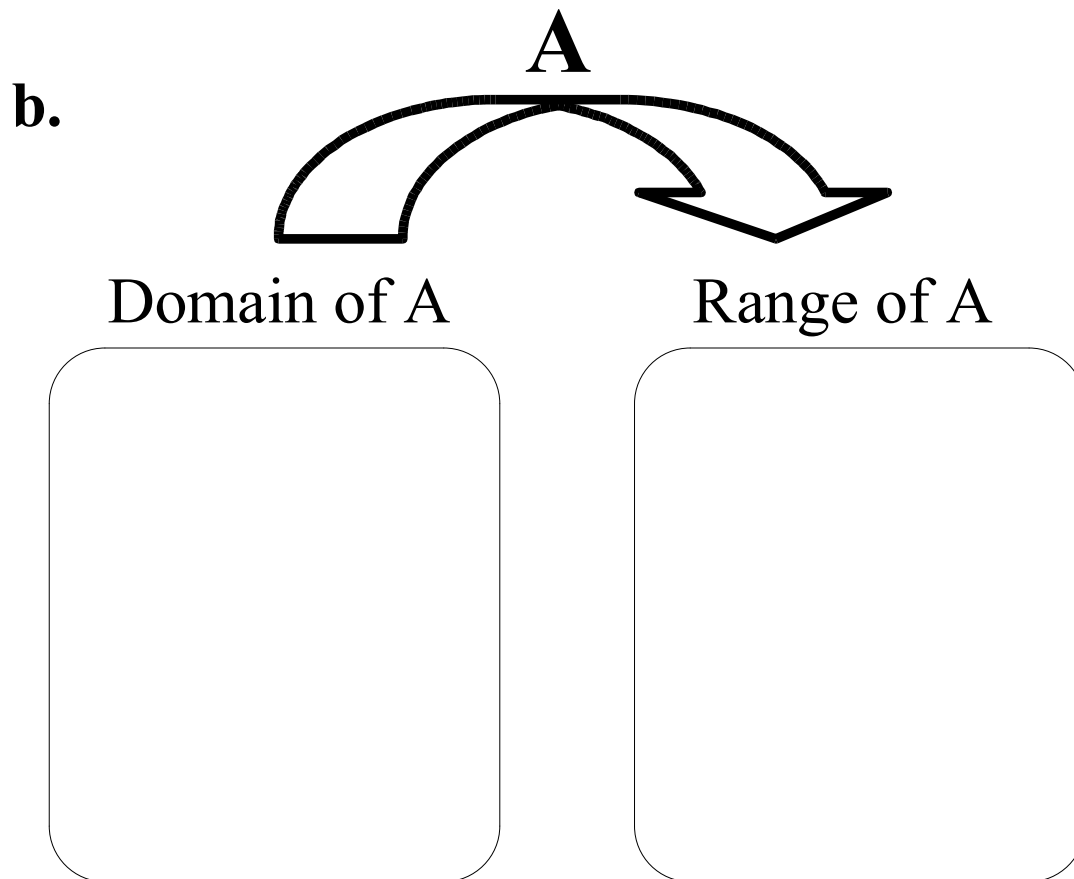
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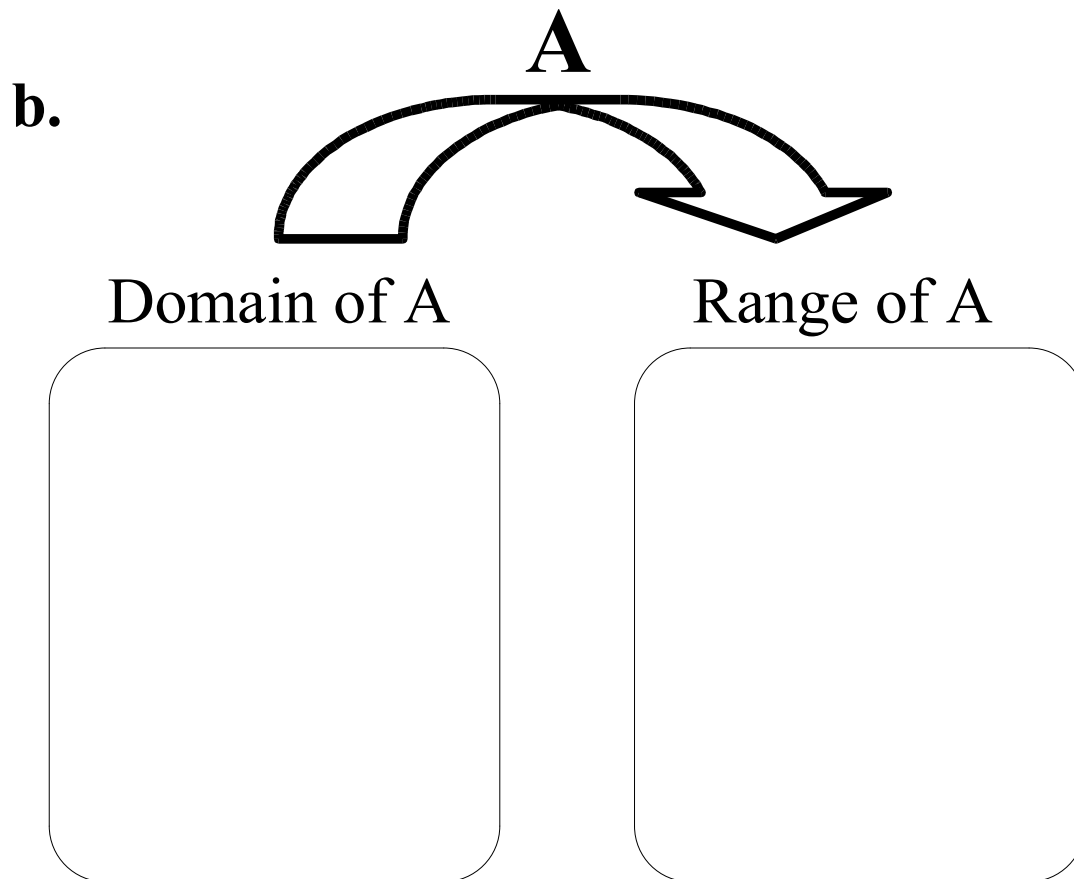


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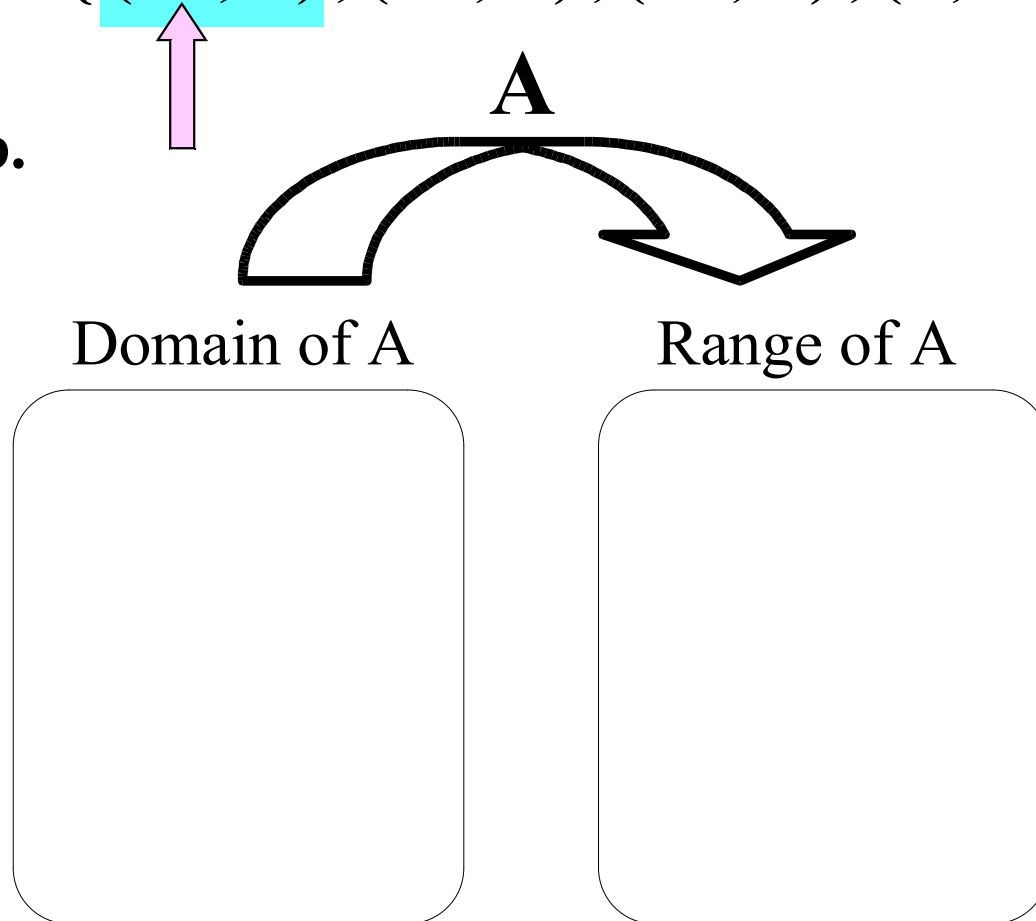
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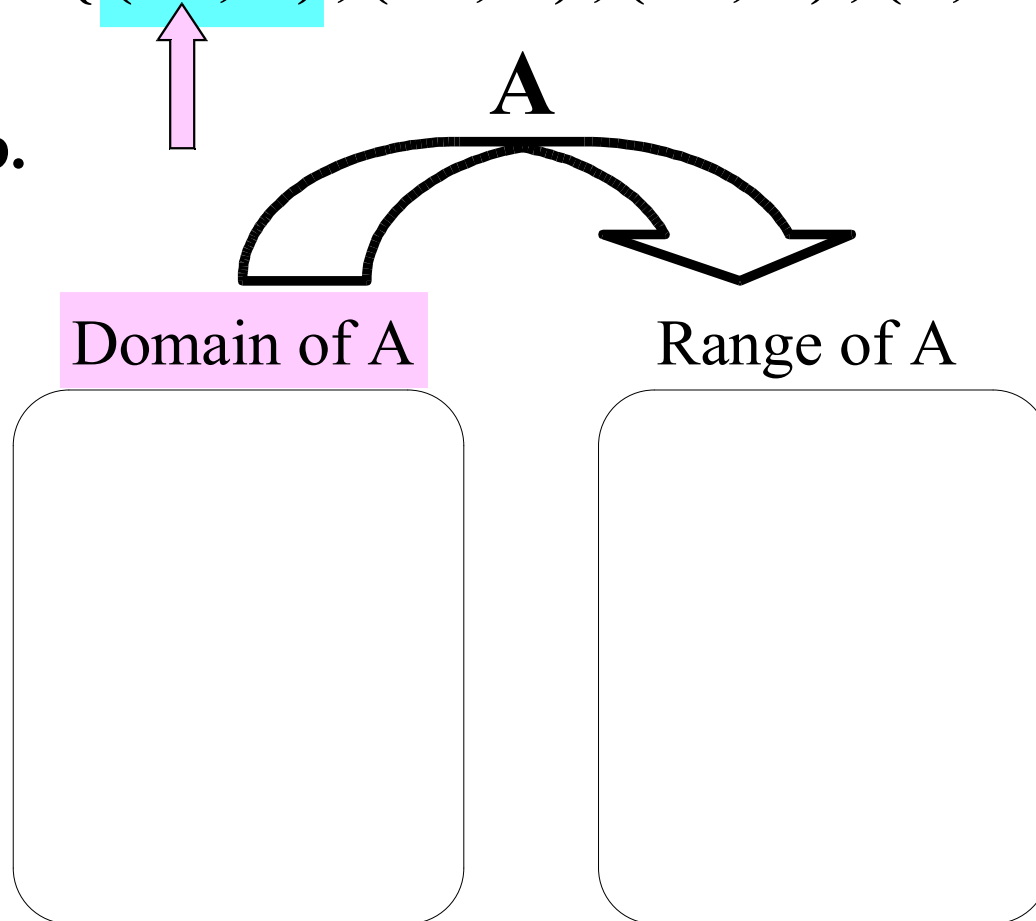
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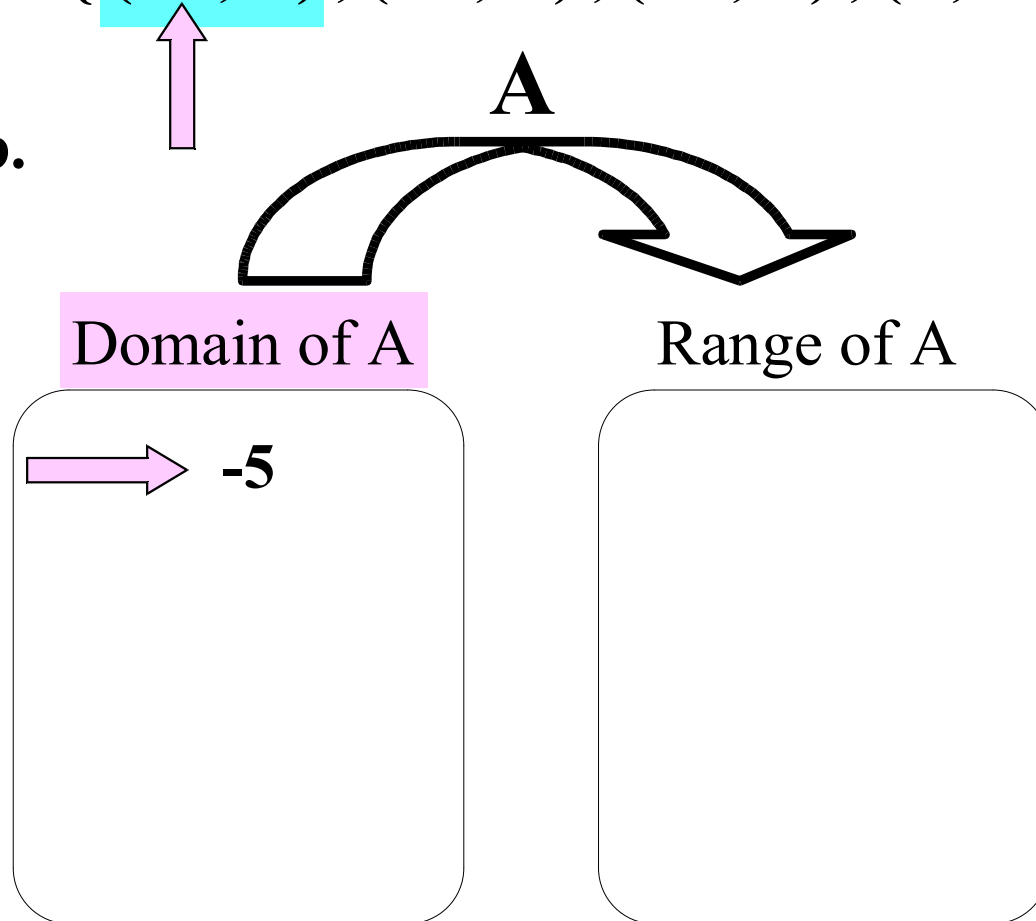
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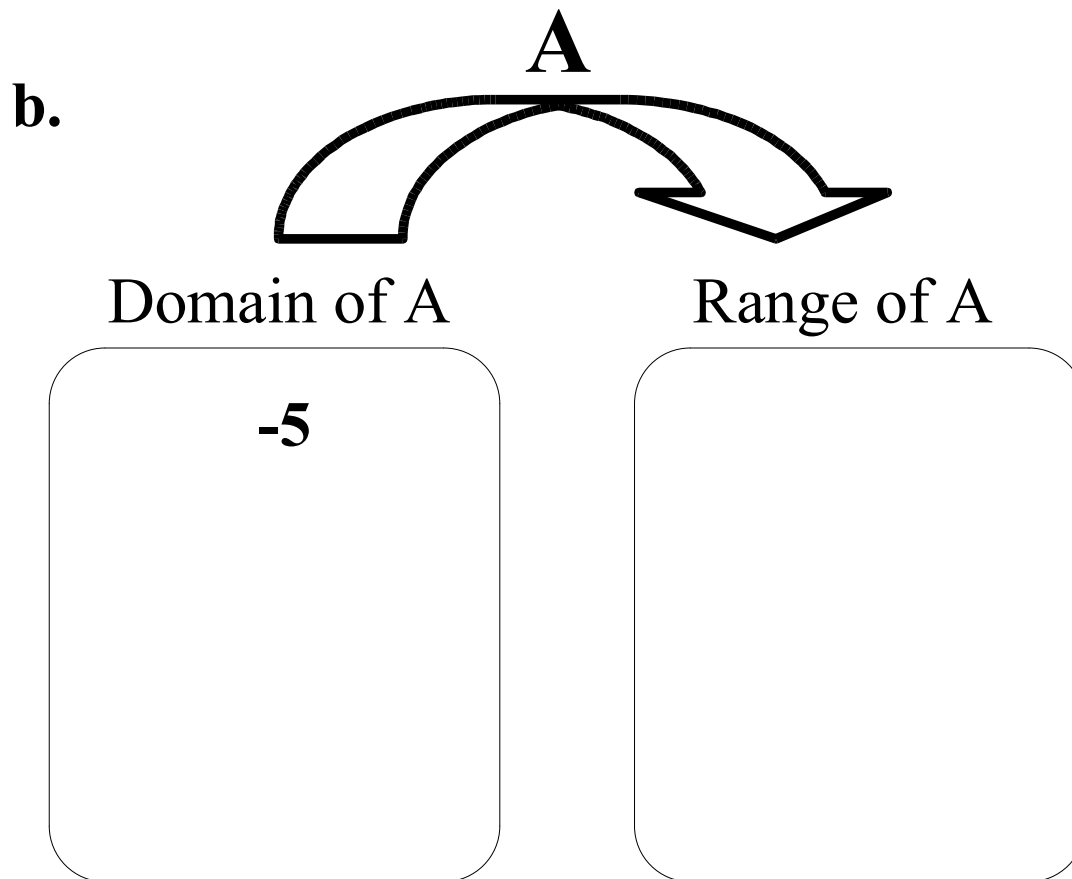


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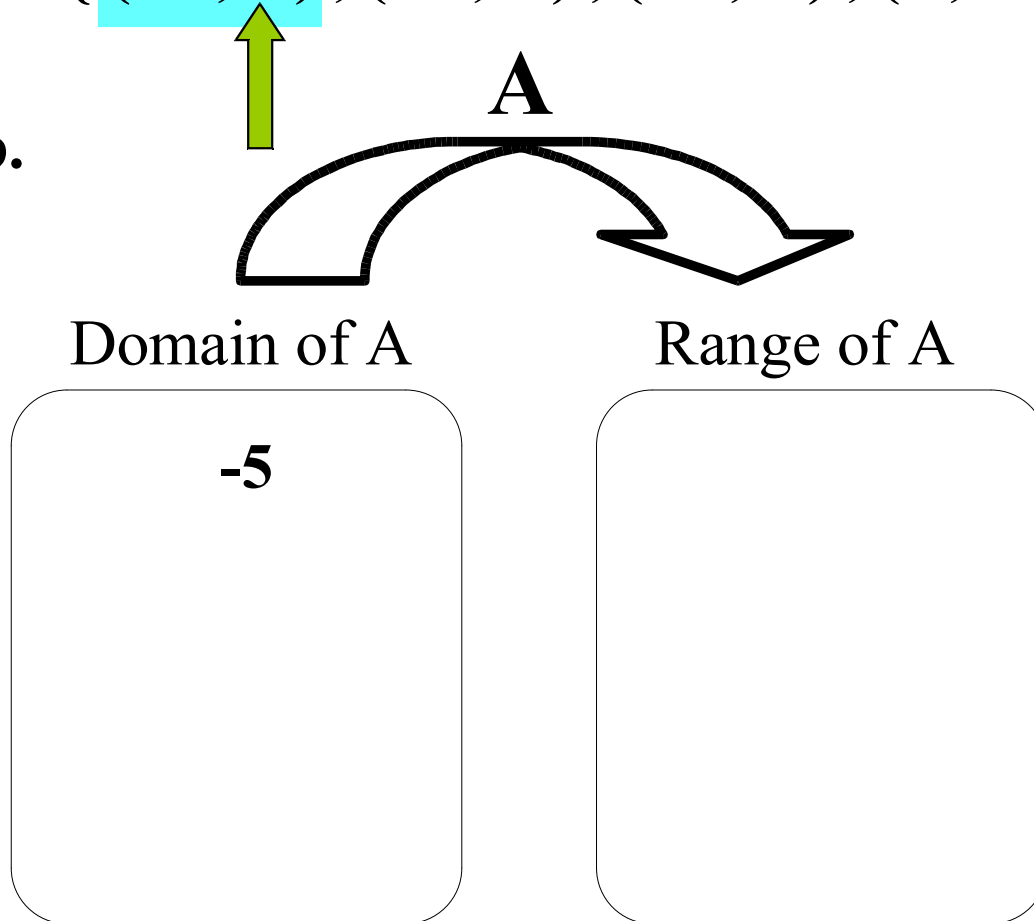
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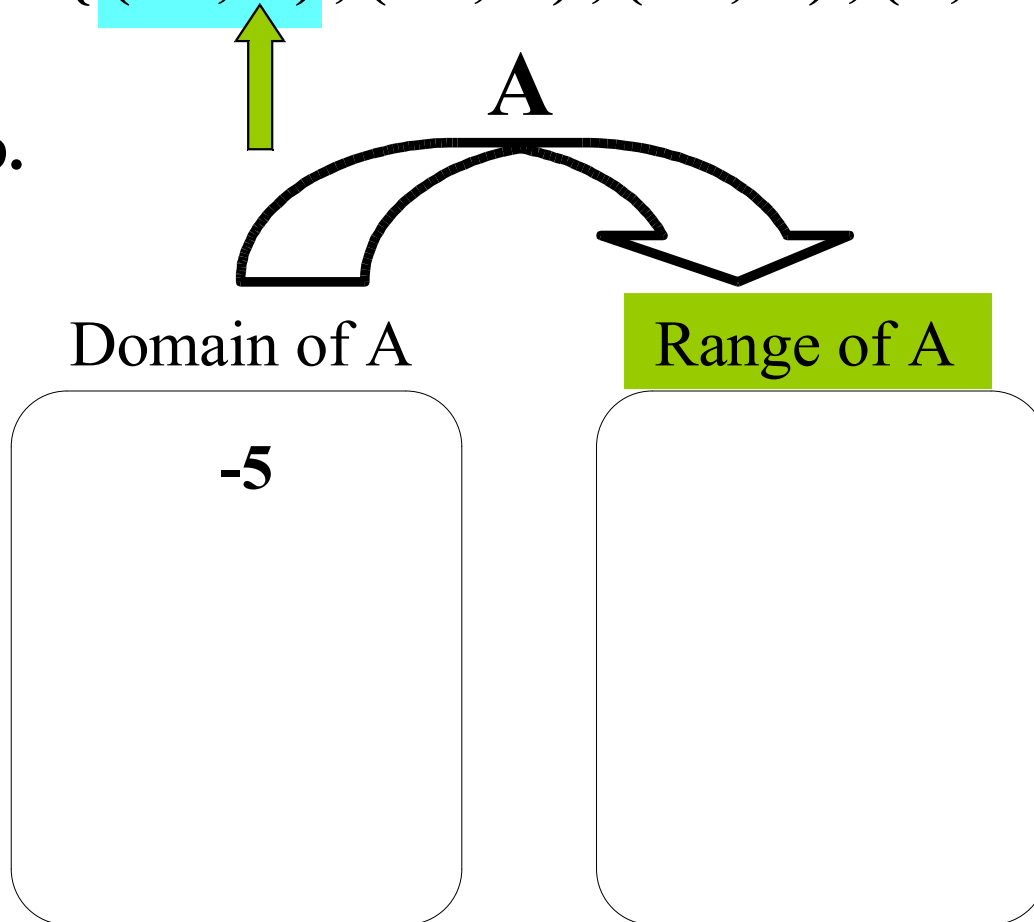
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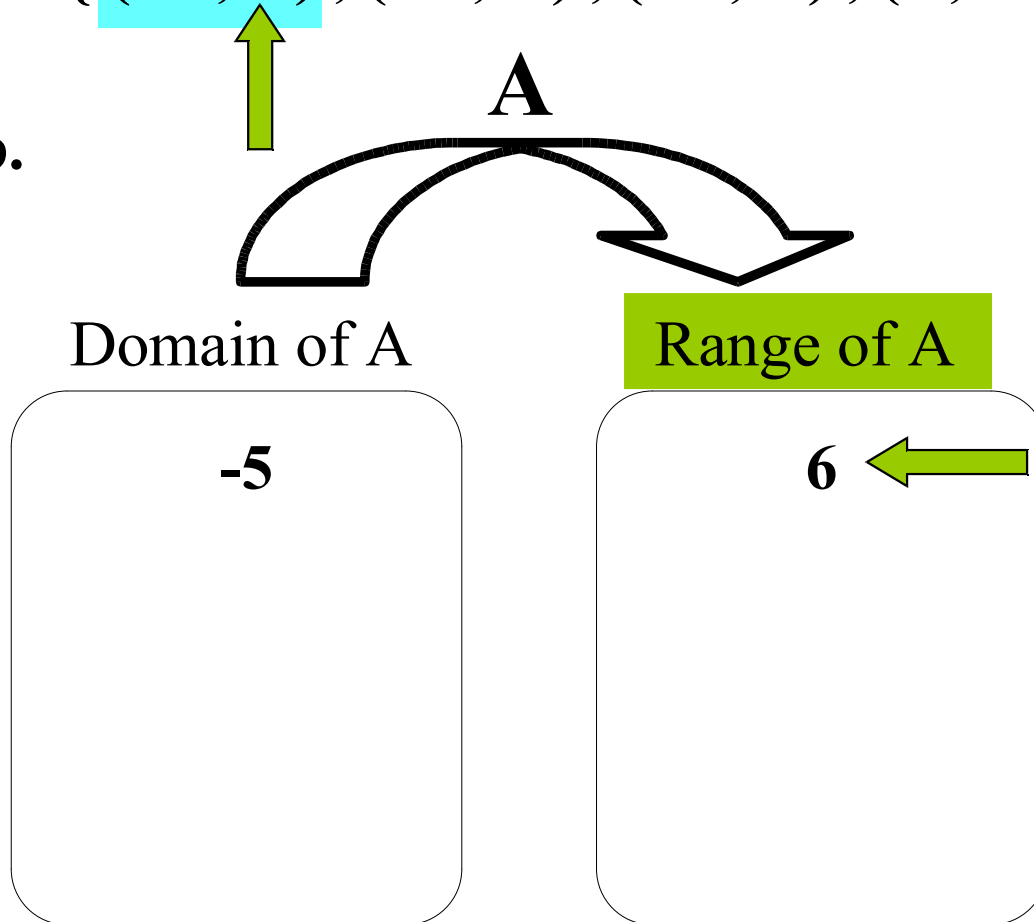
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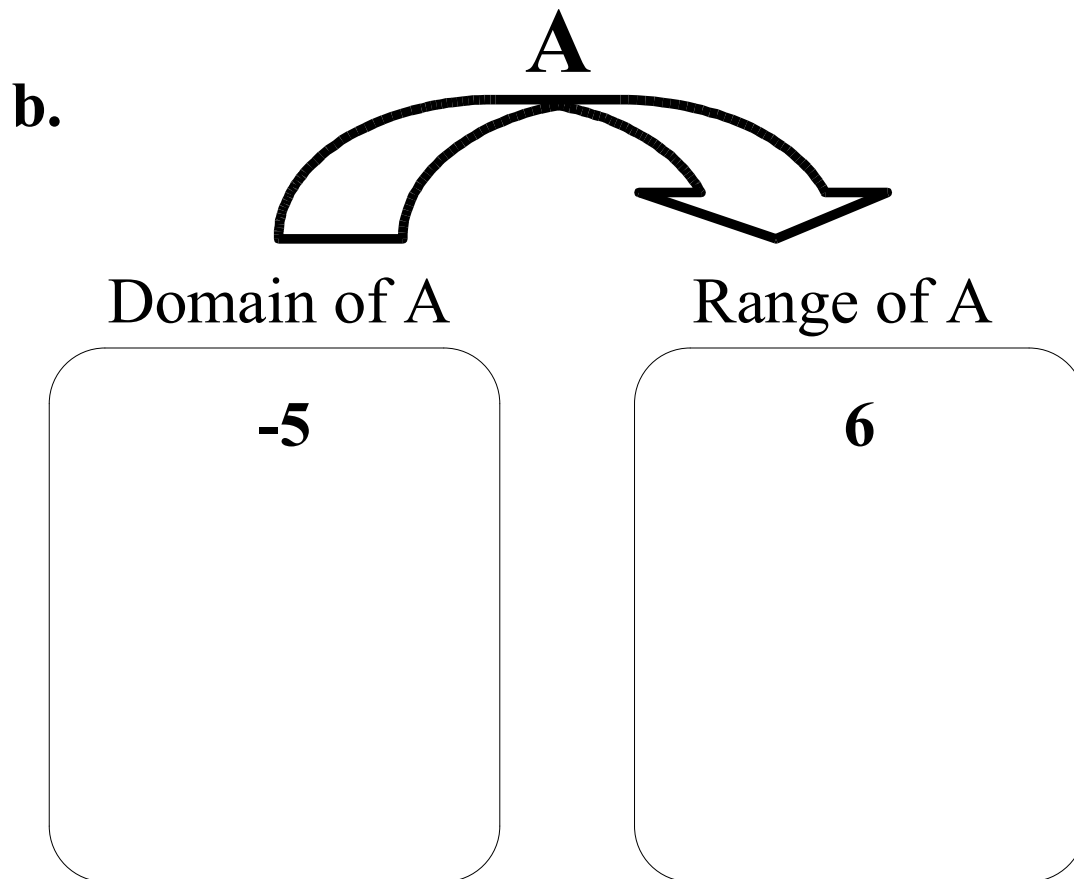


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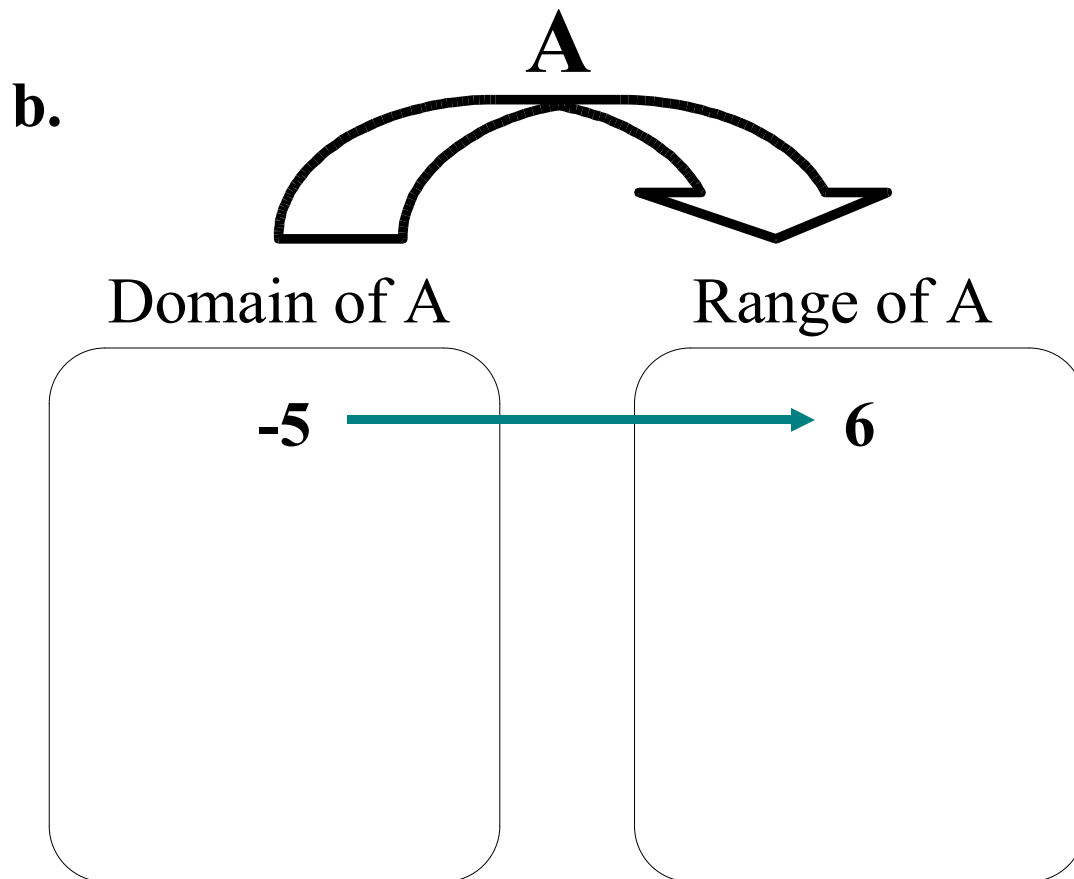


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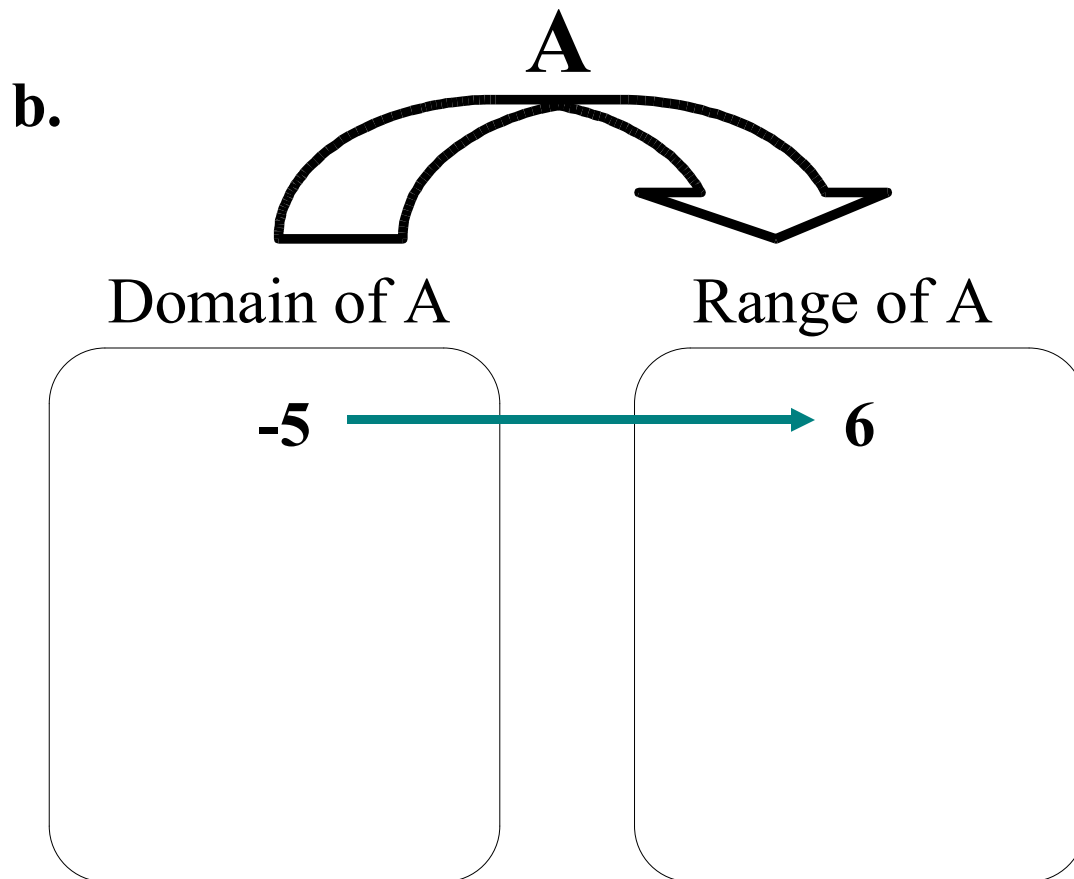


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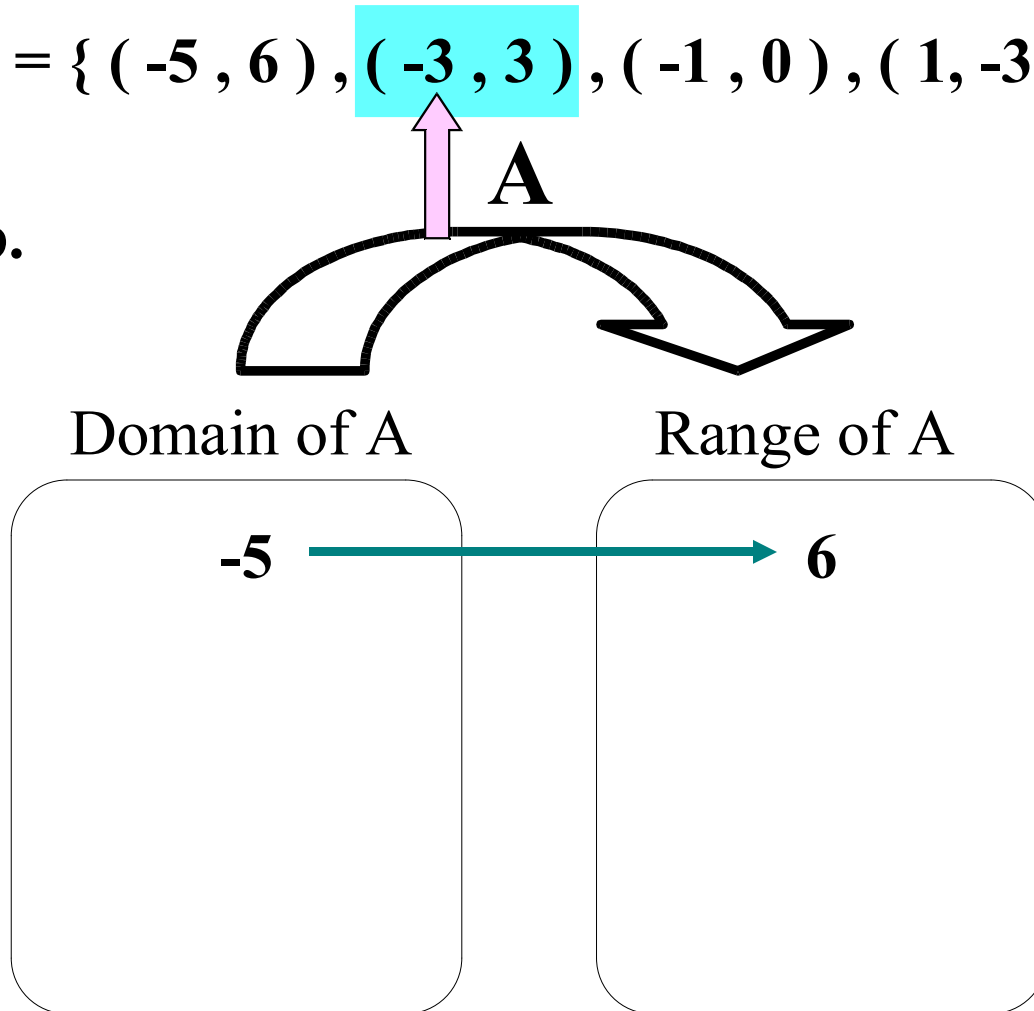
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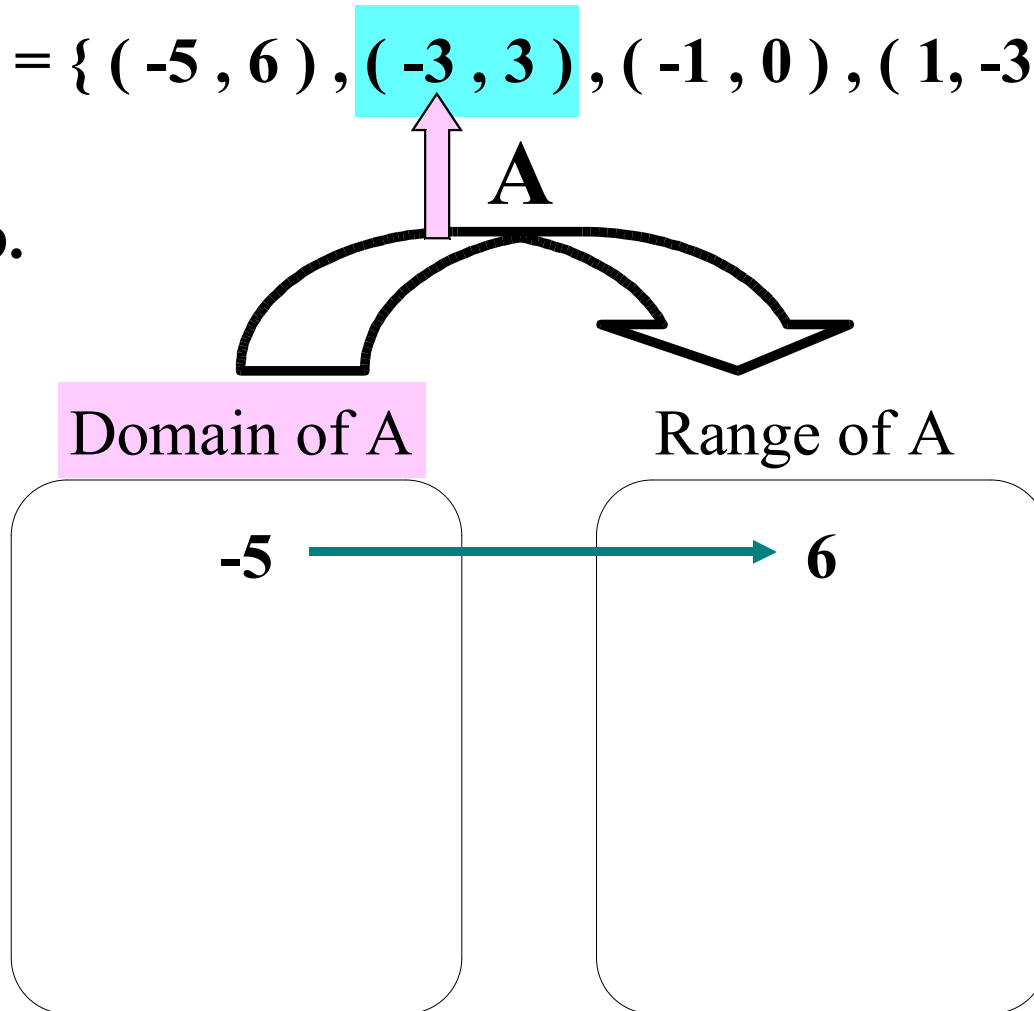
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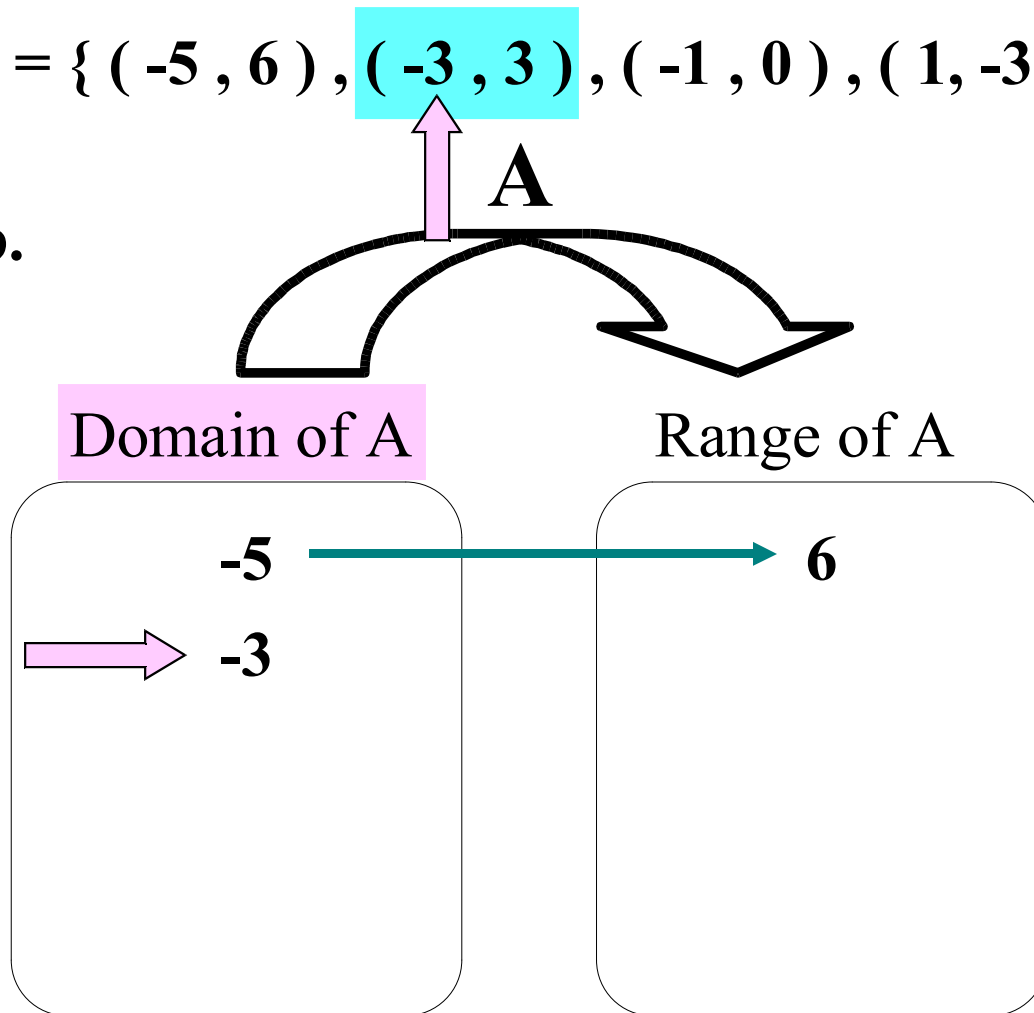
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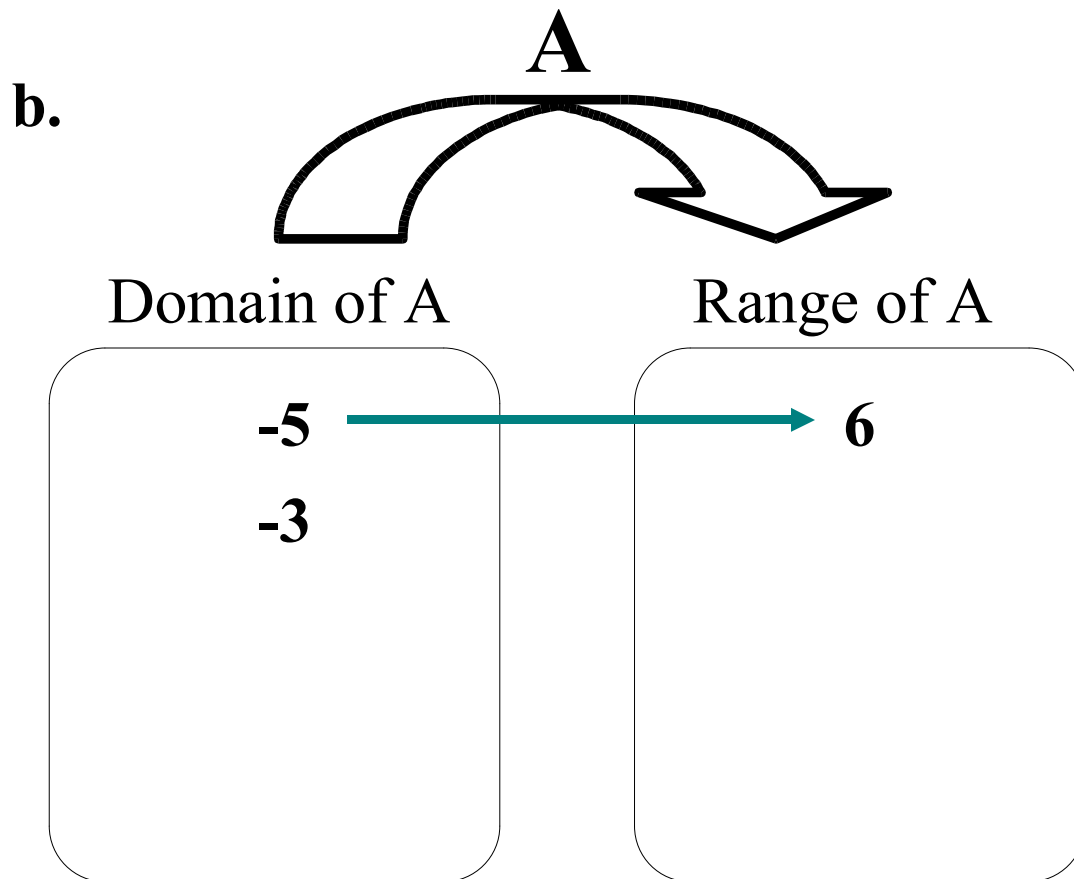


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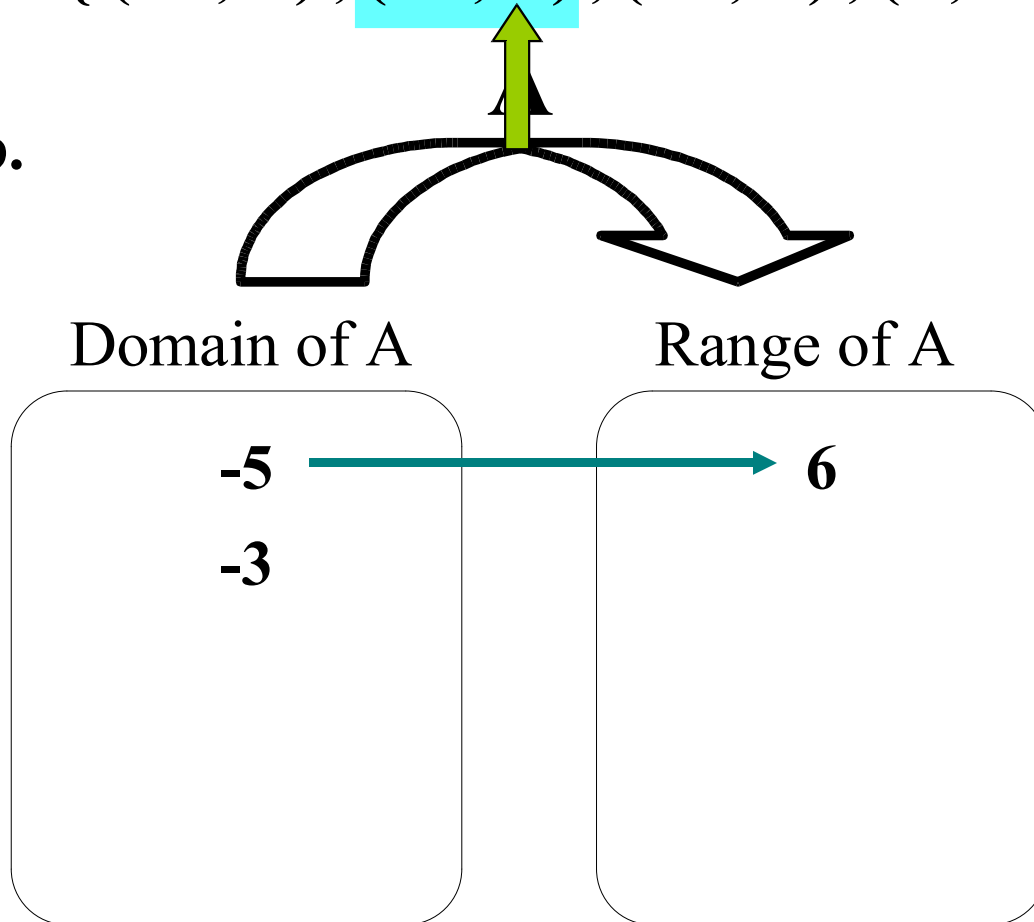
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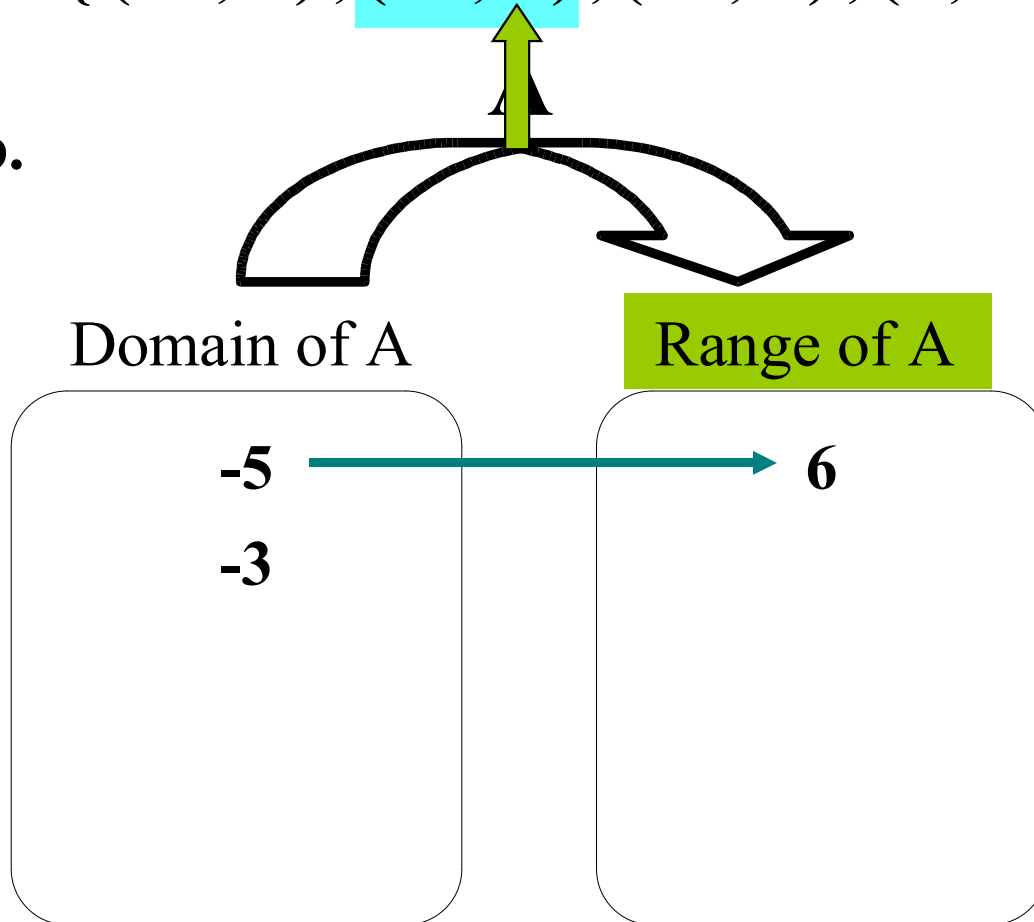
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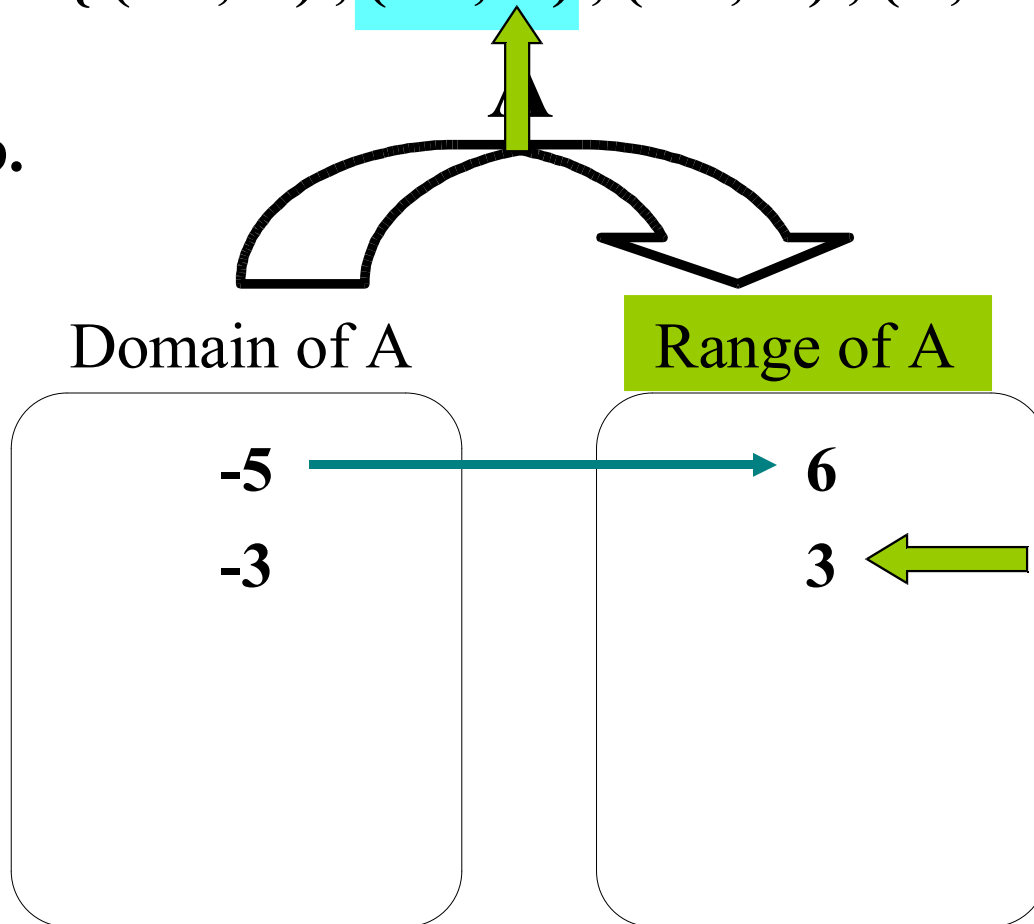
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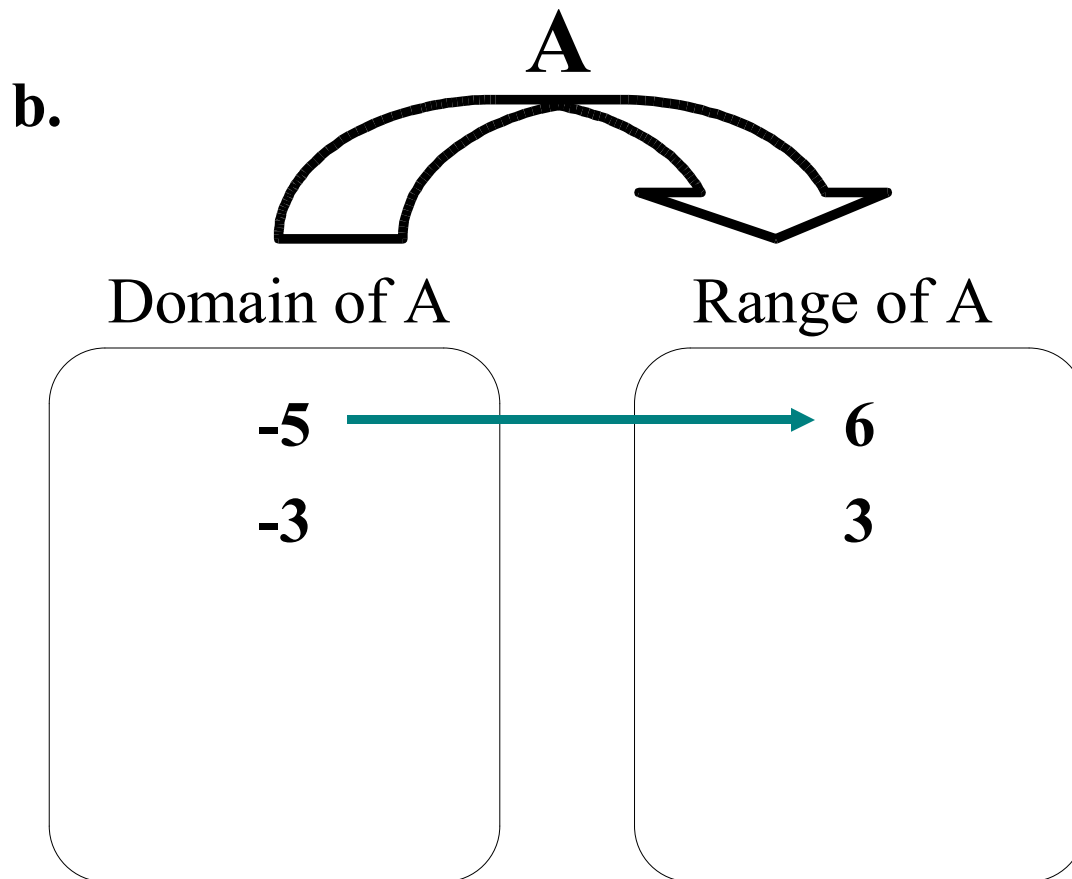


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1. $A = \{ (-5, 6), (-3, 3), (-1, 0), (1, -3), (3, -6) \}$

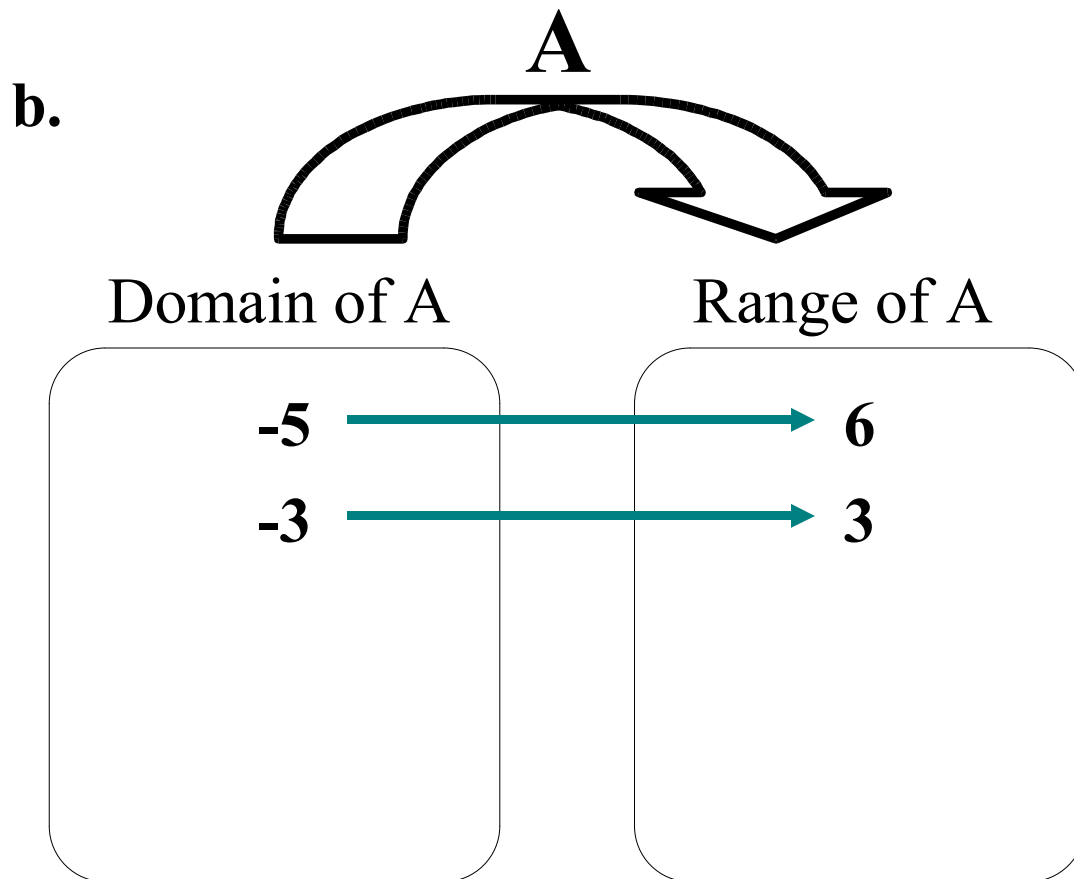


Relation: A relation is a set of ordered pairs.

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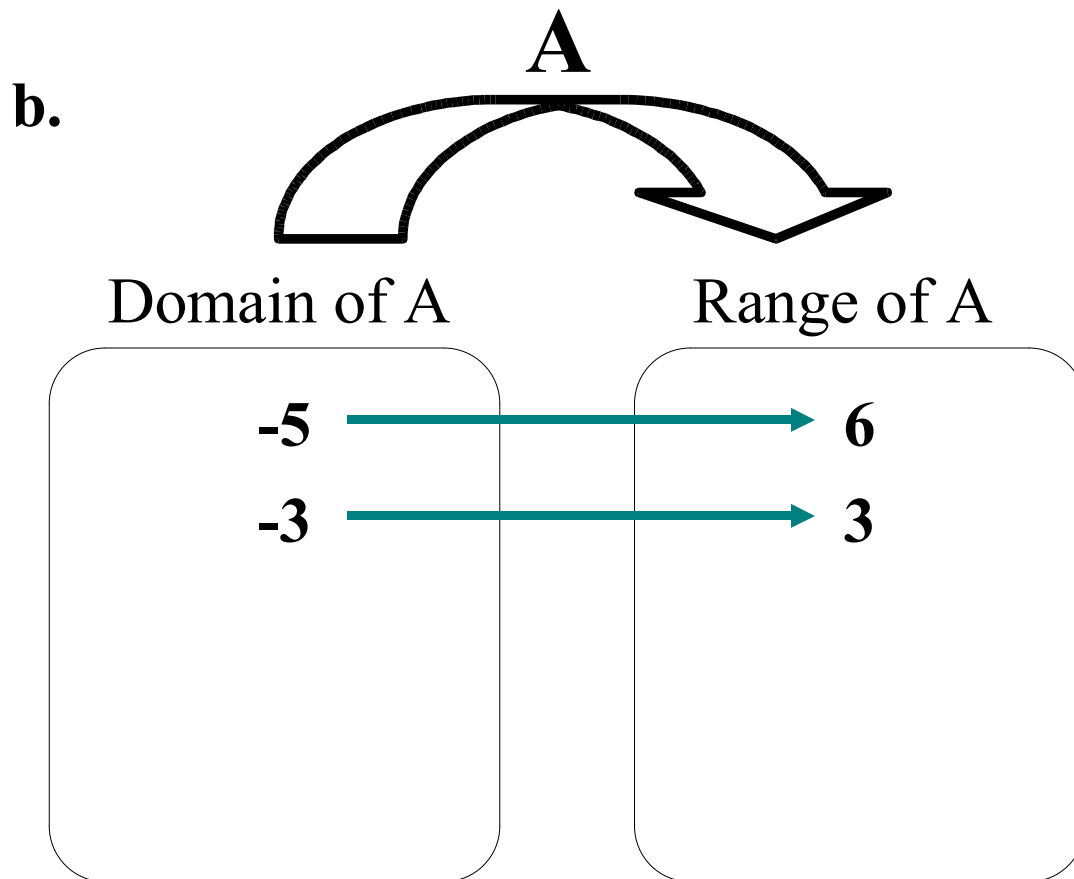


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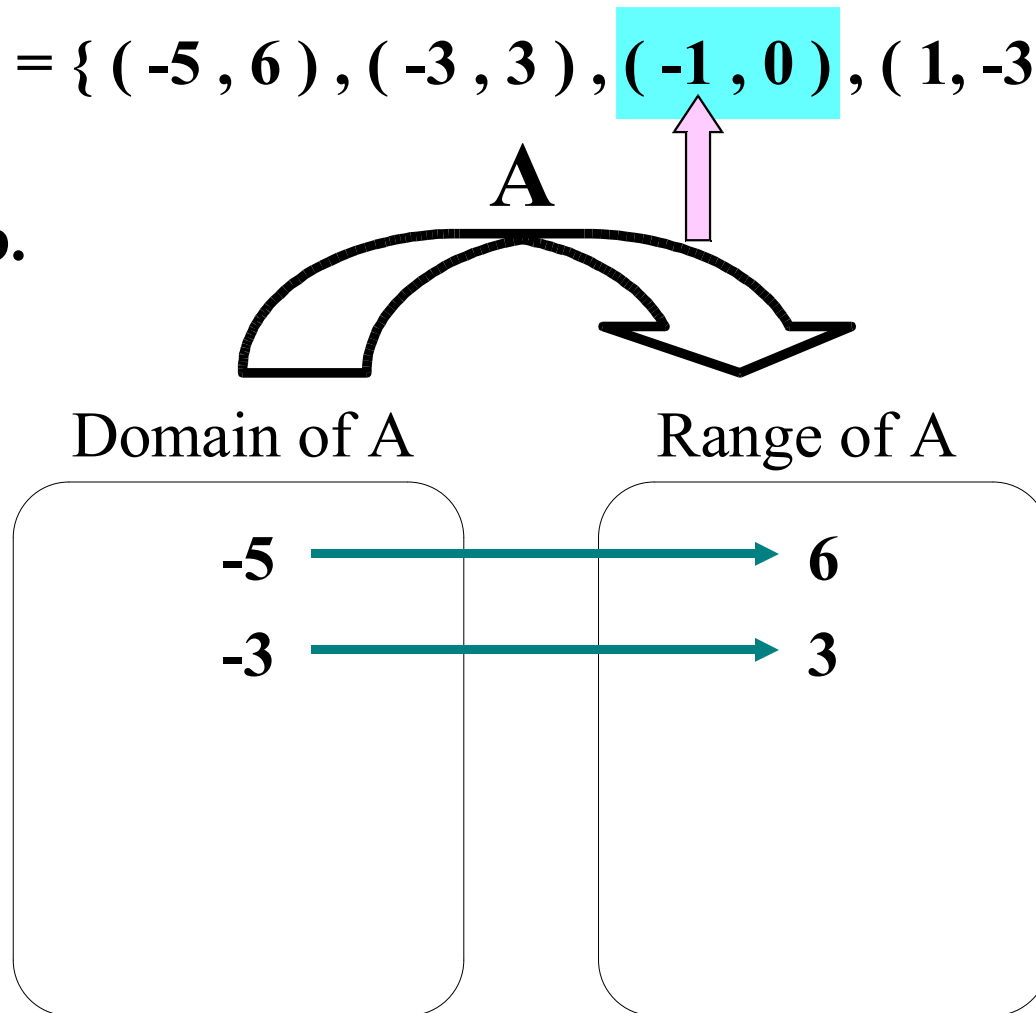
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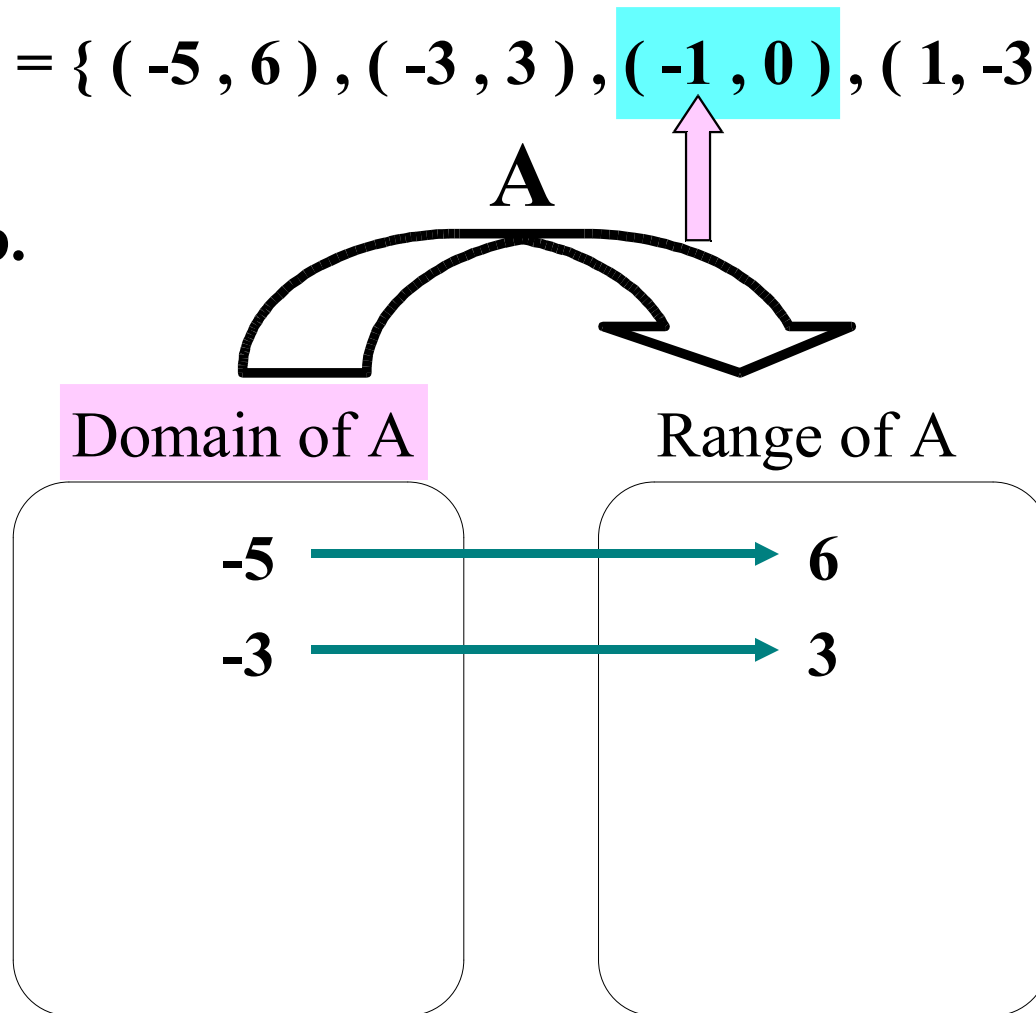
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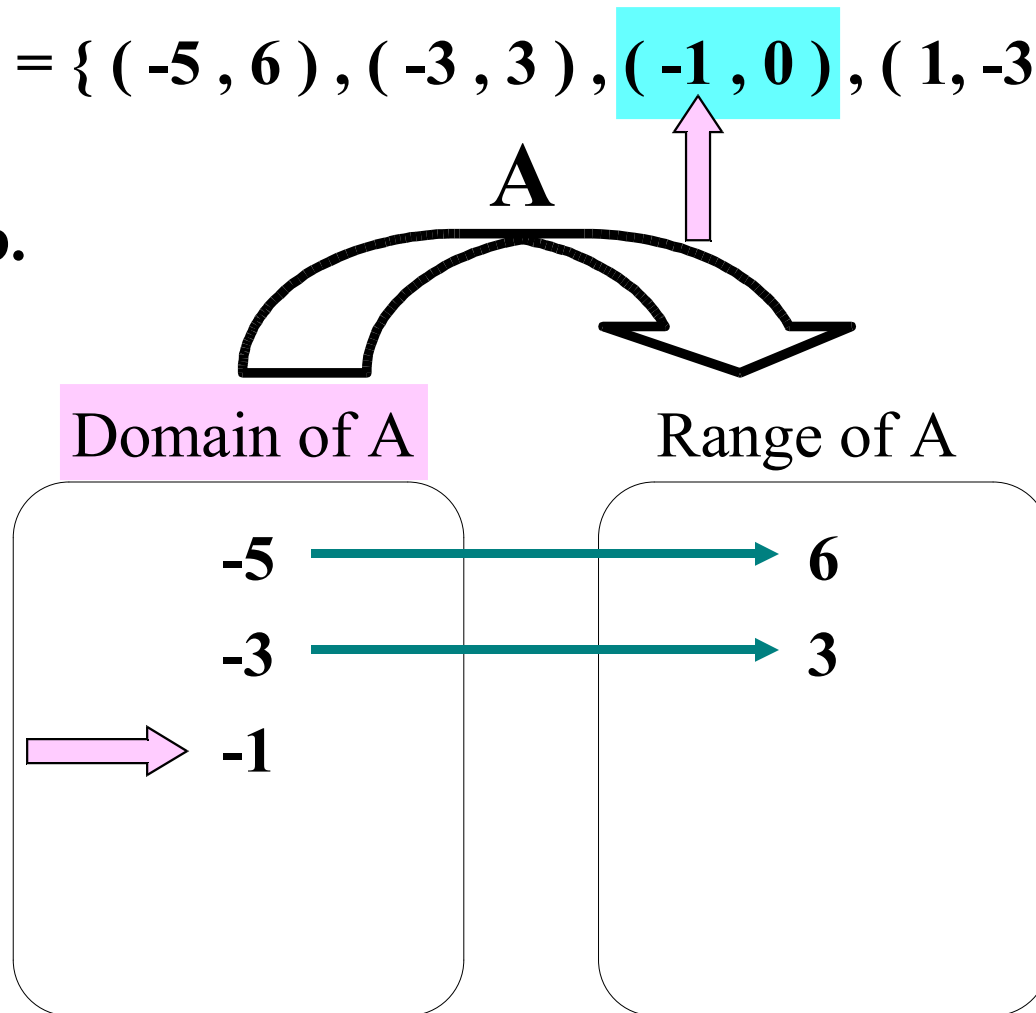
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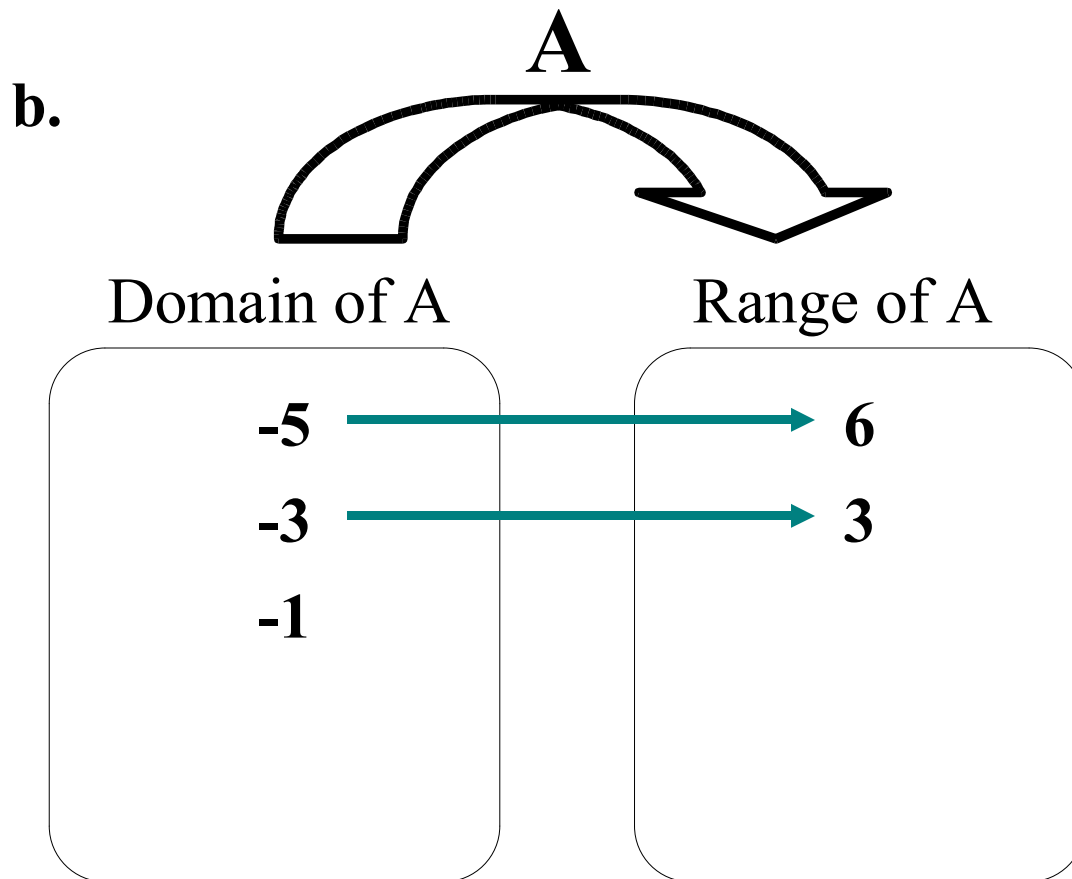


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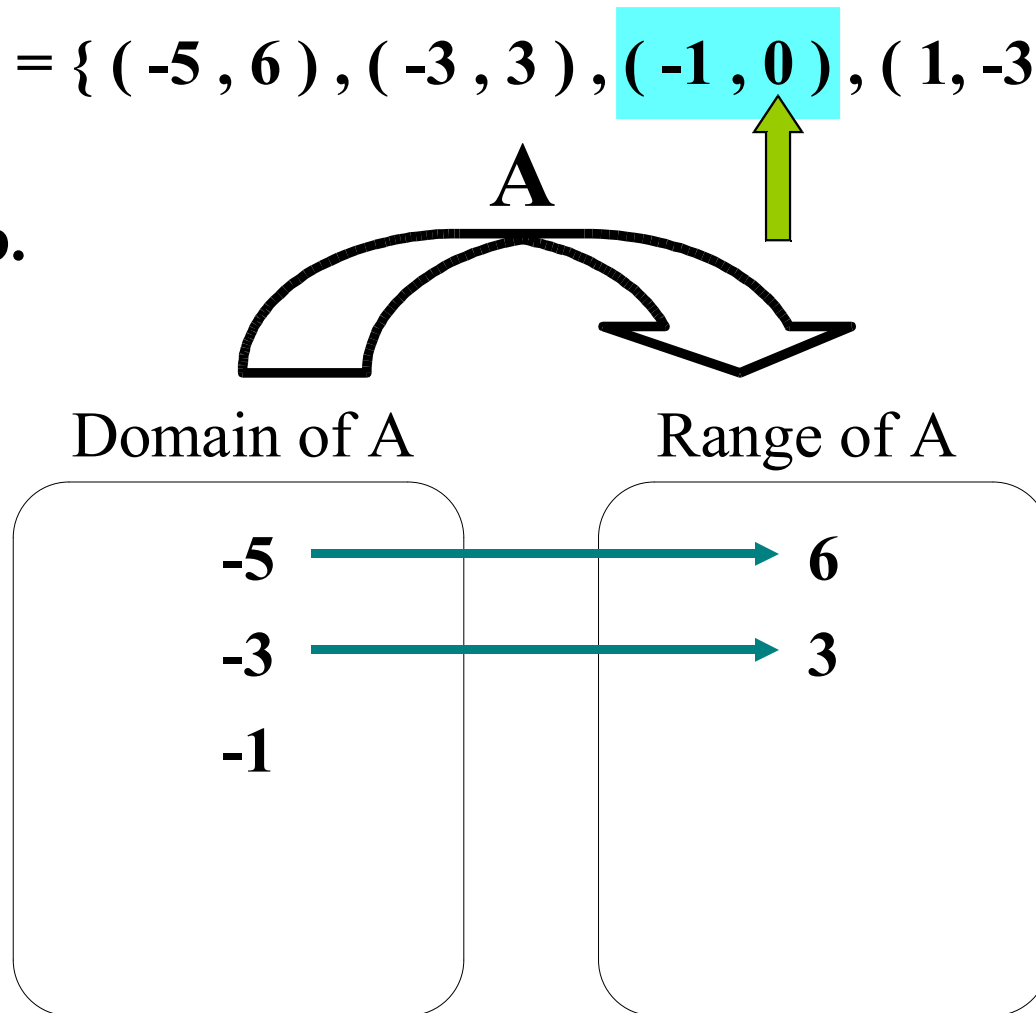
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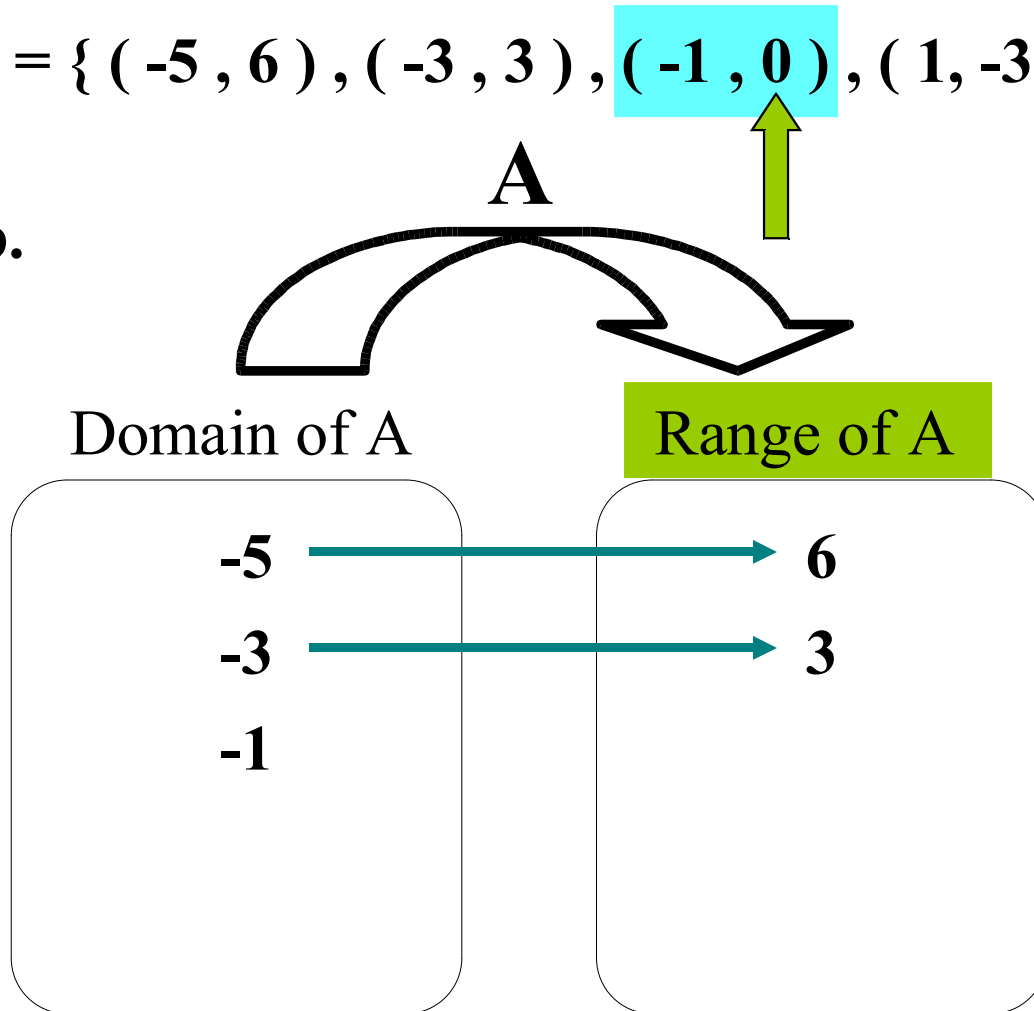
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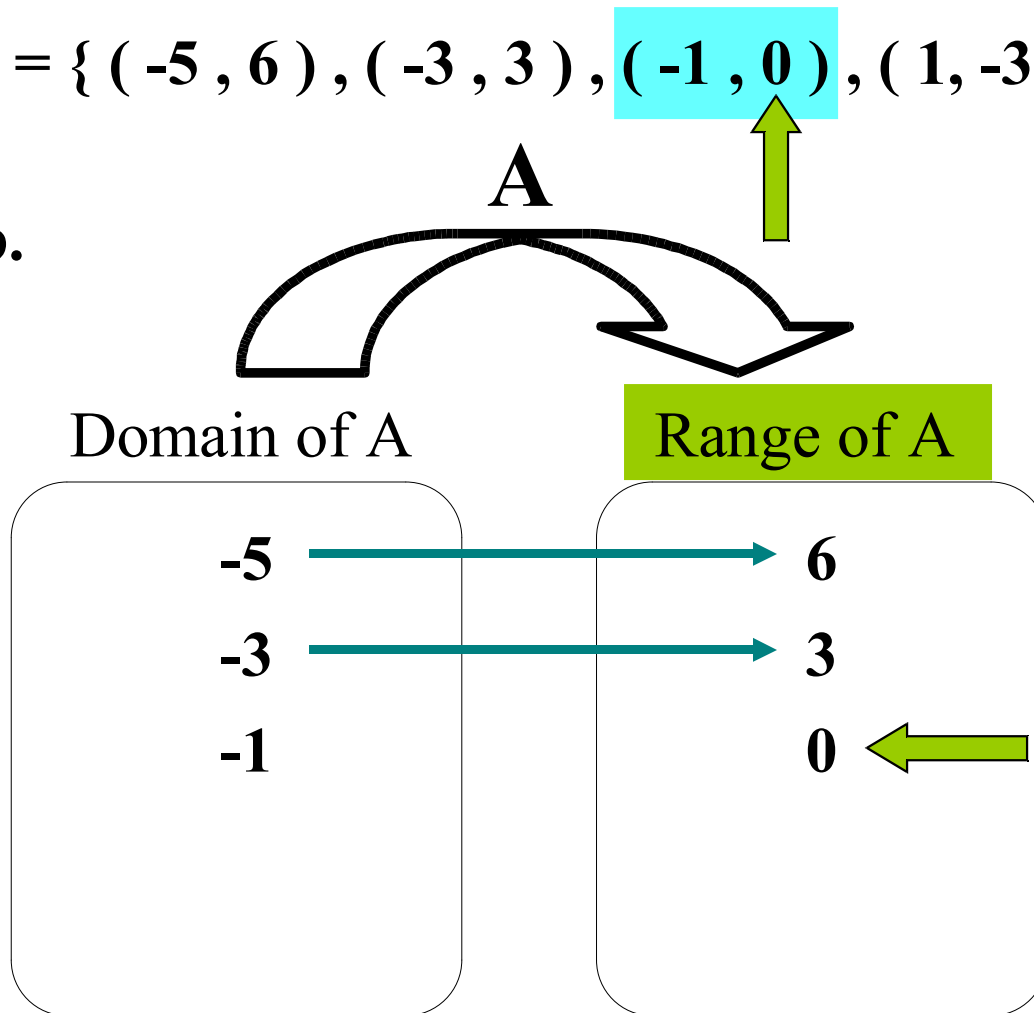
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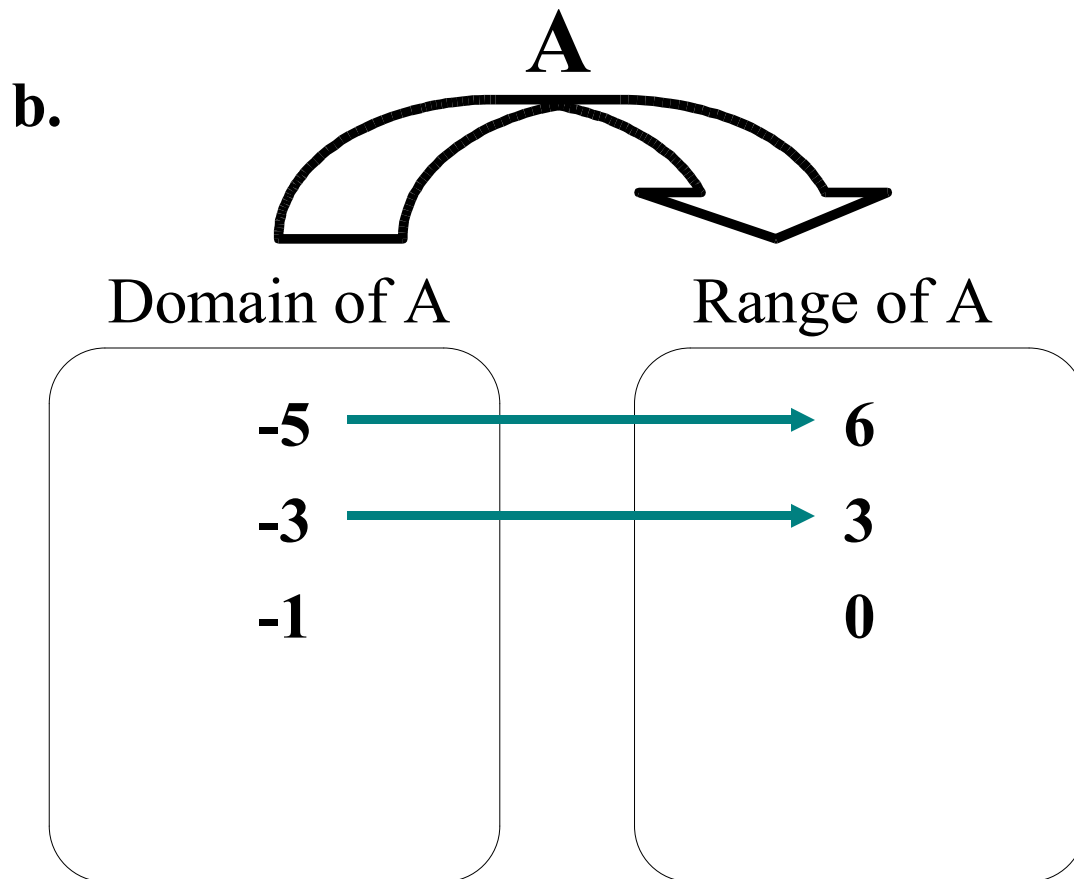


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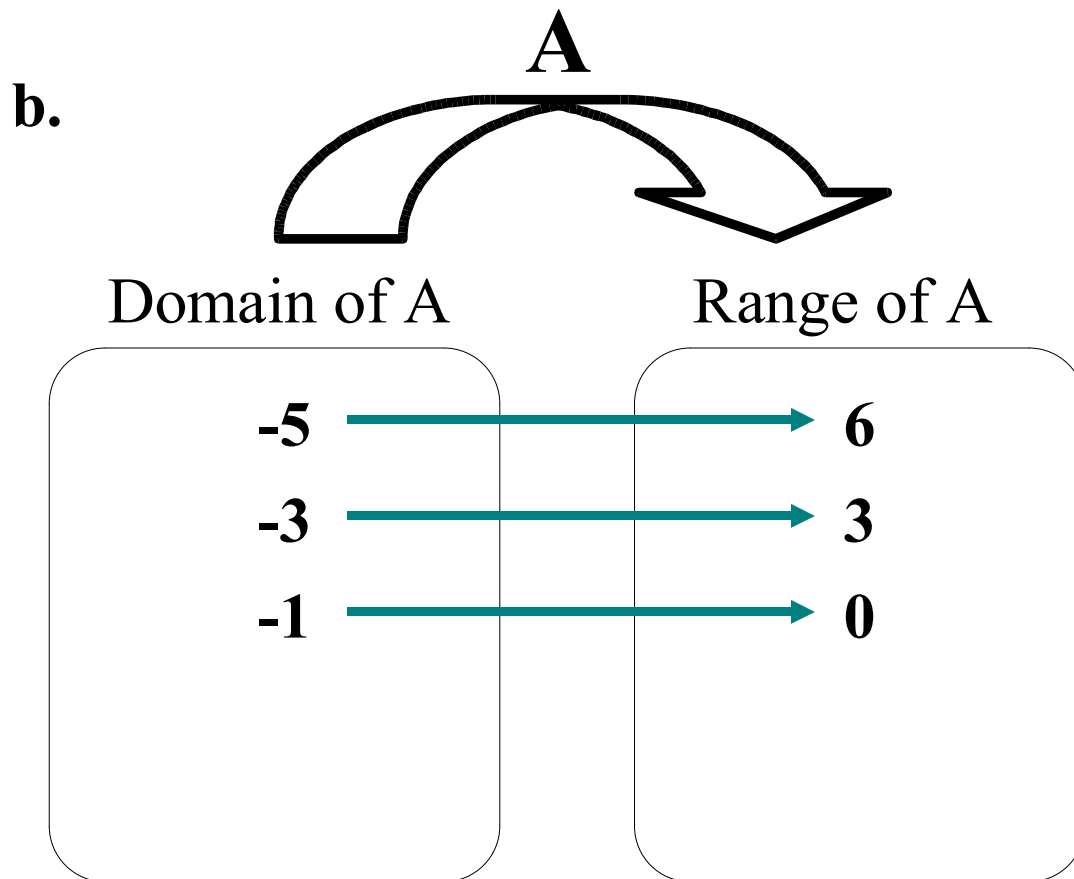


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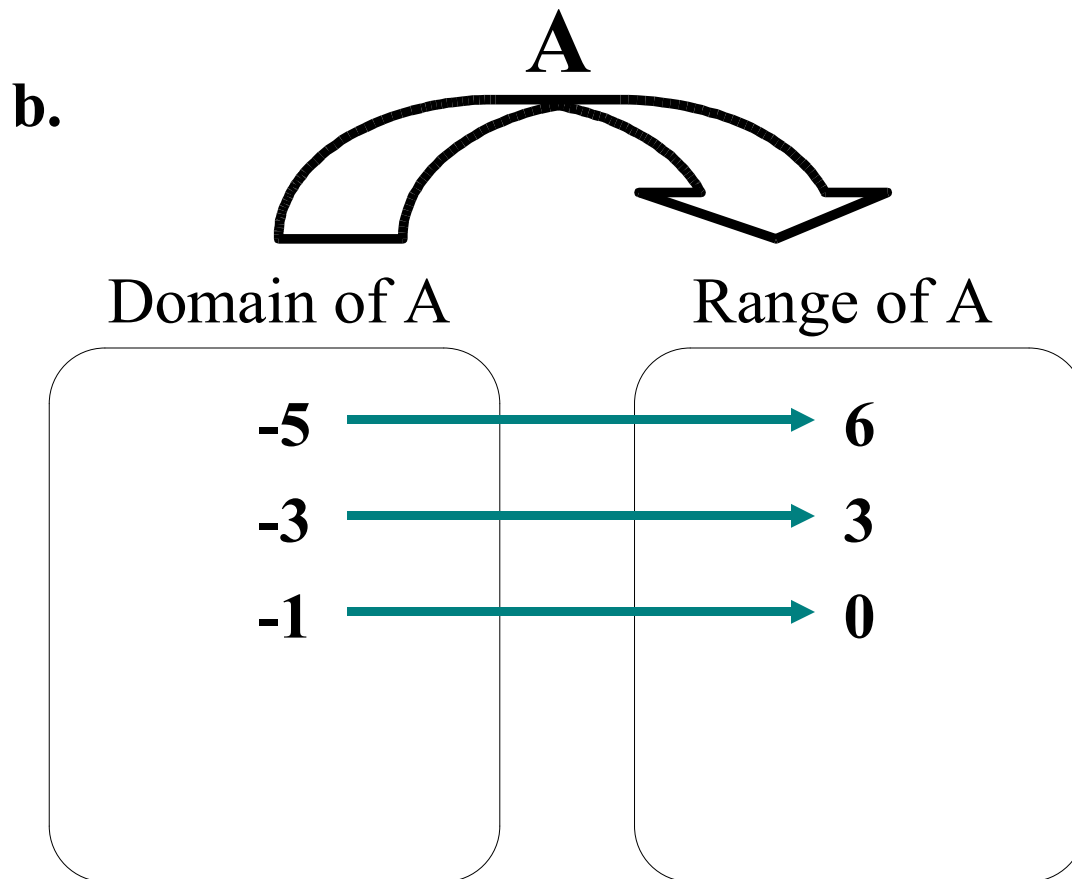


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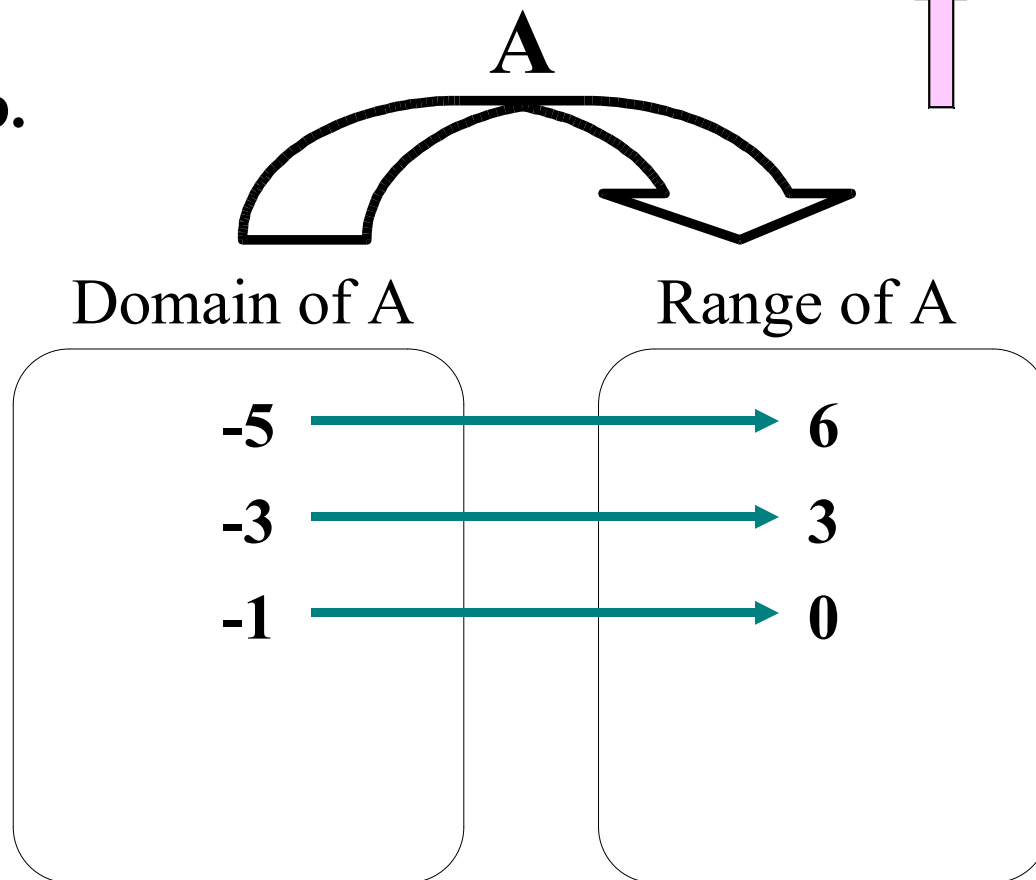
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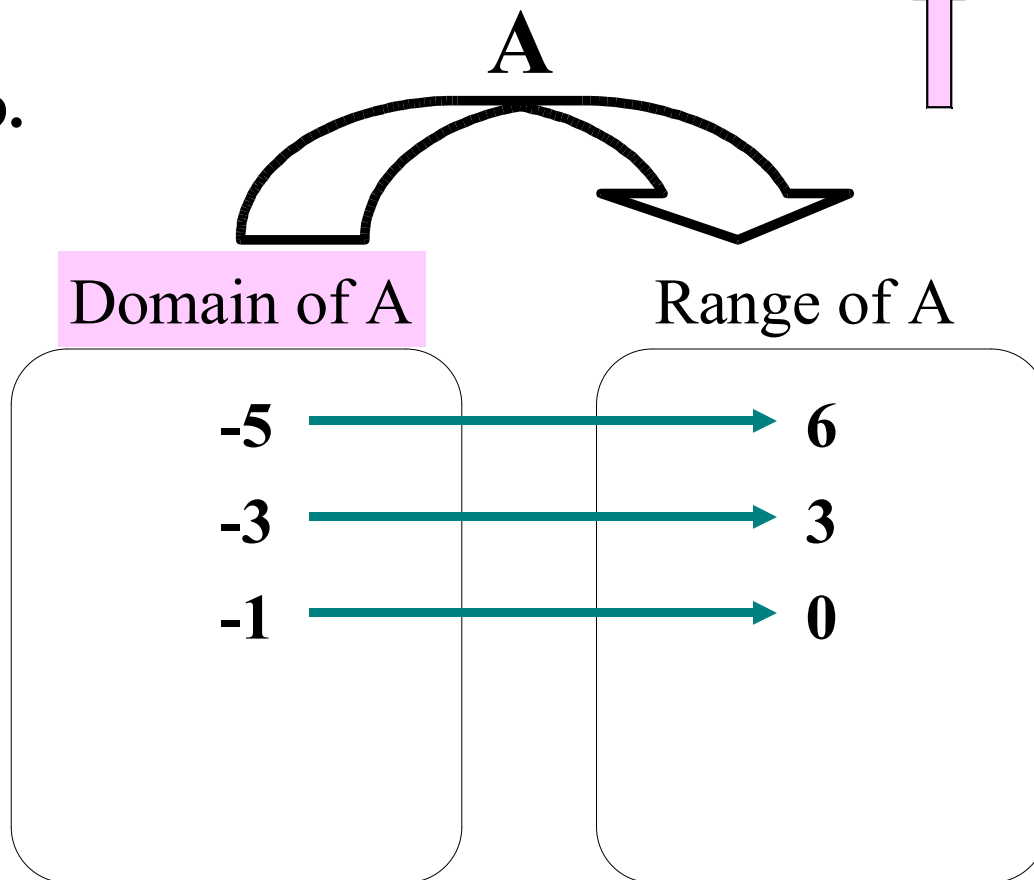
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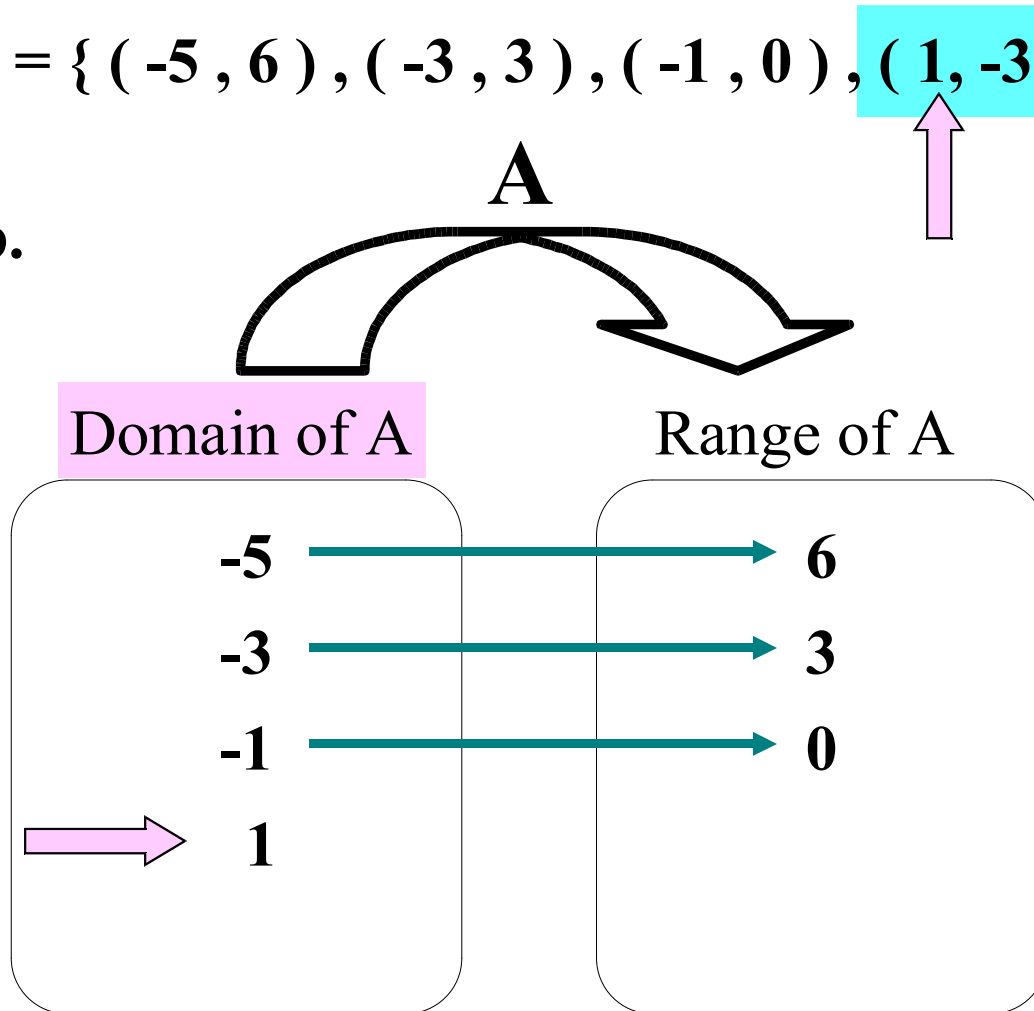
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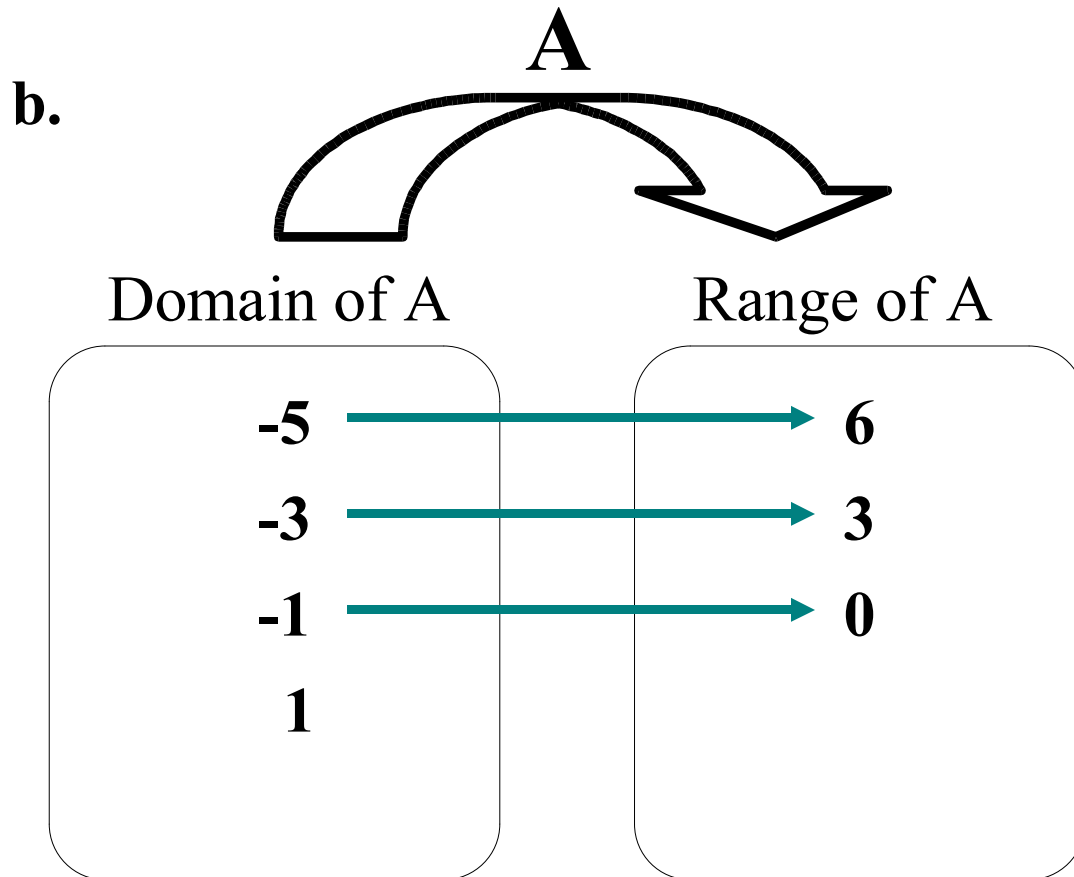


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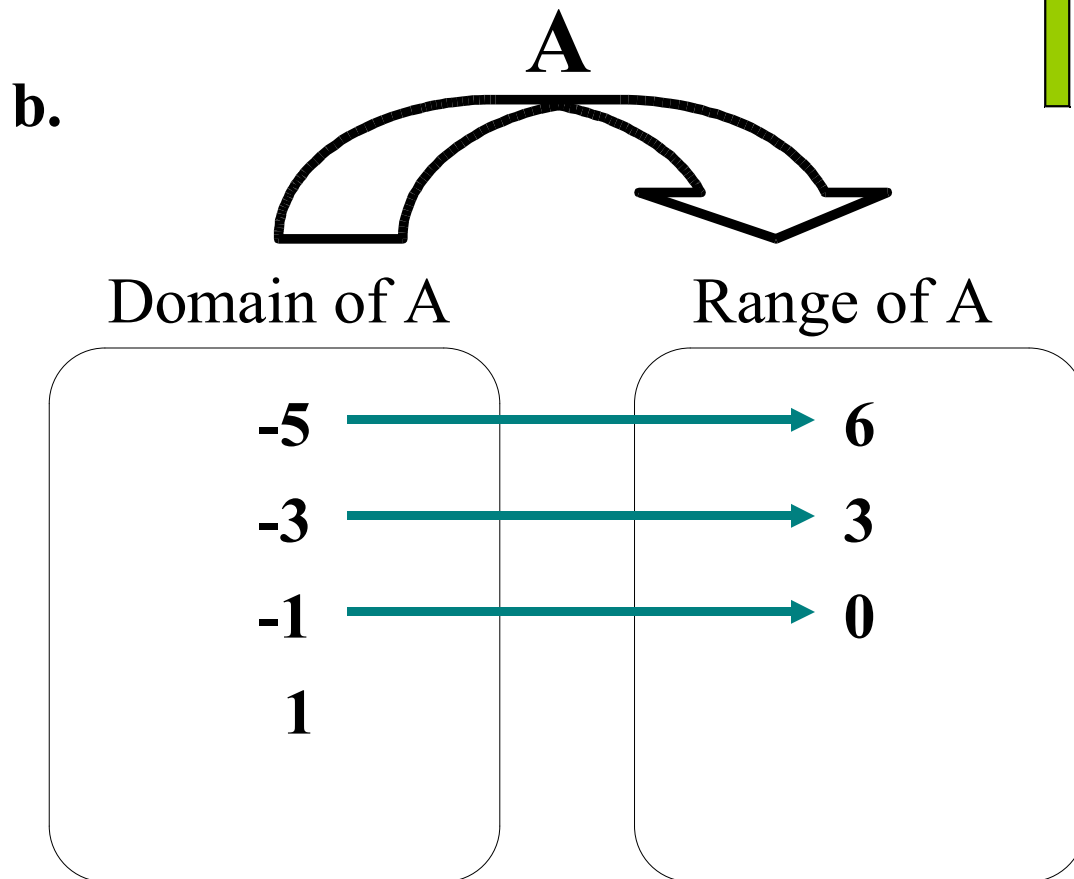


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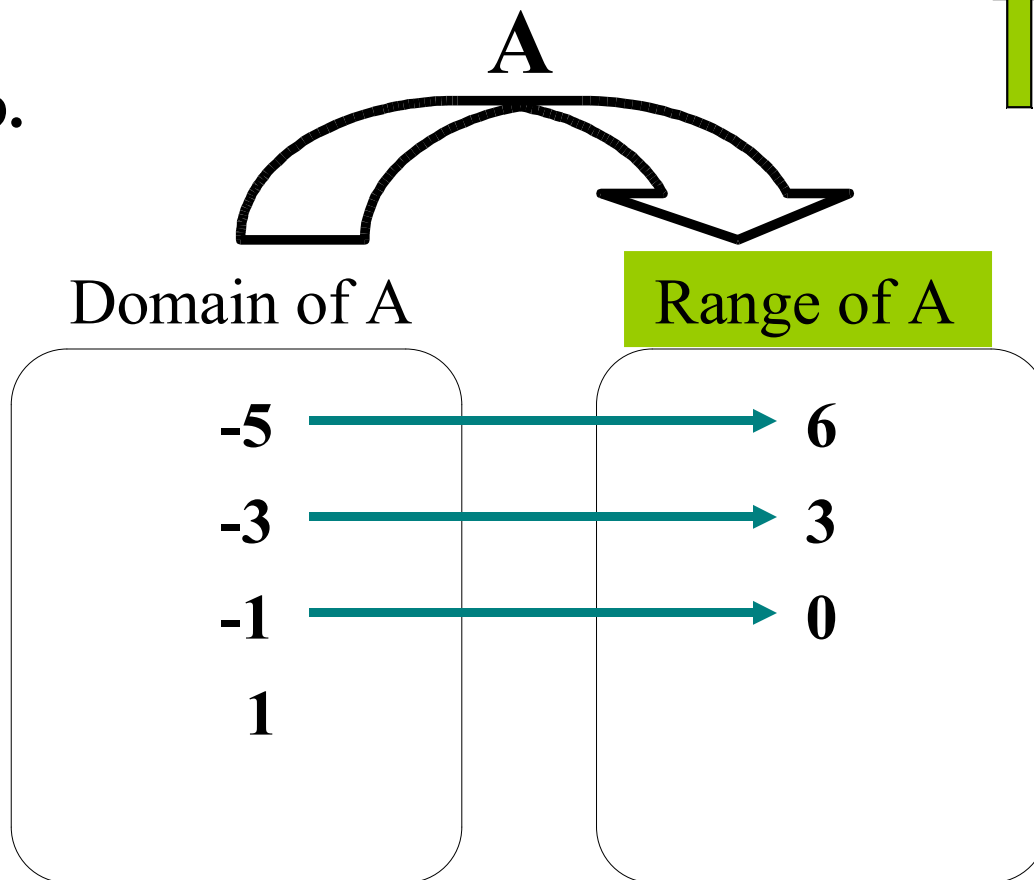
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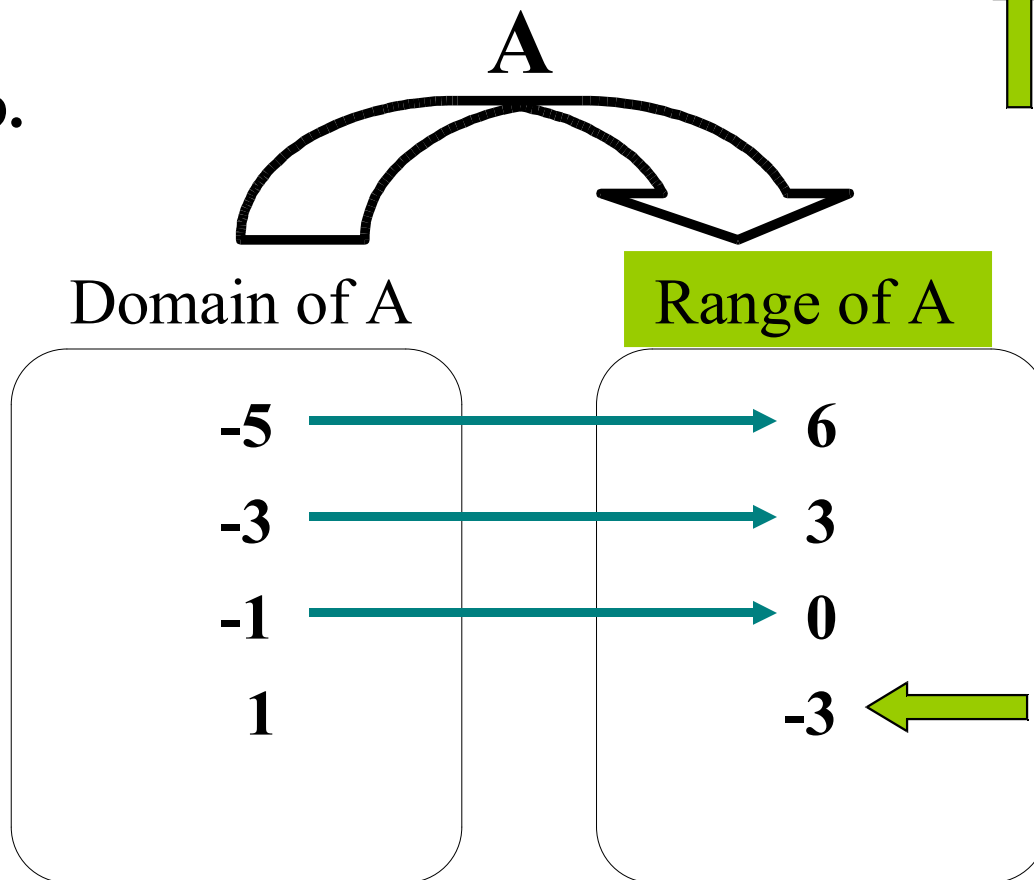
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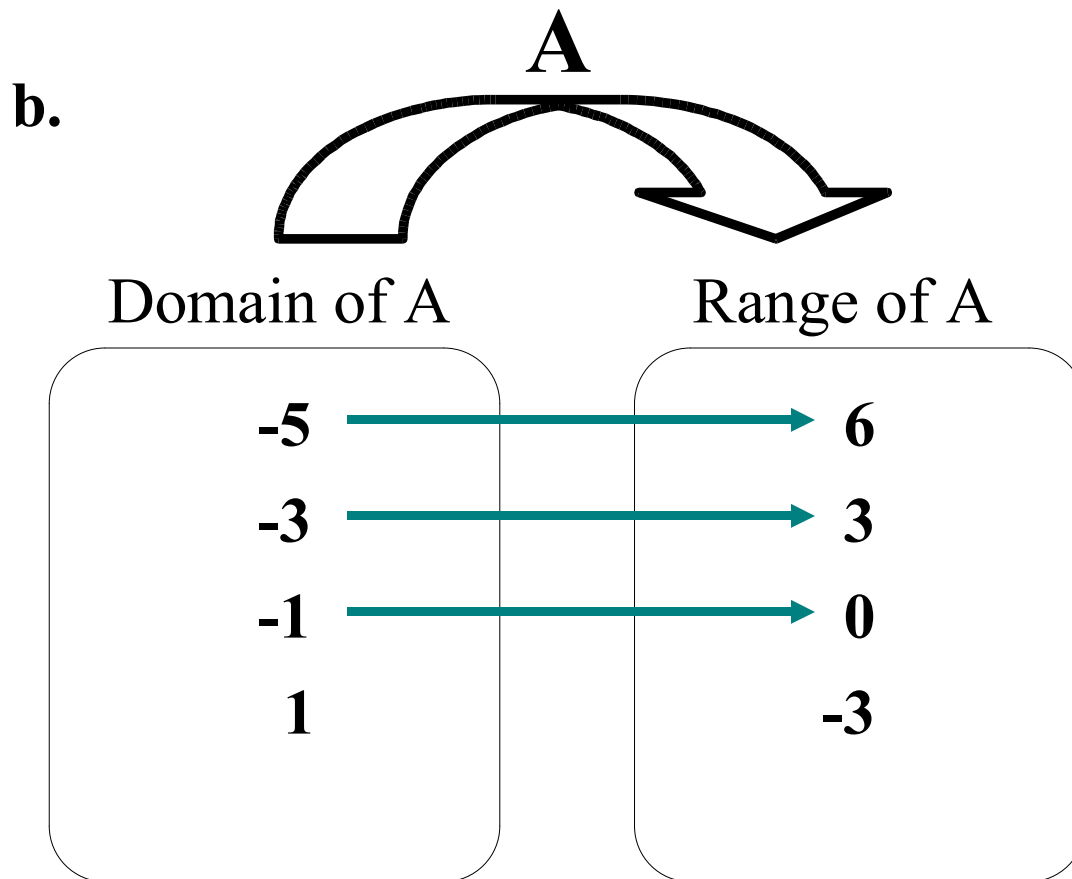


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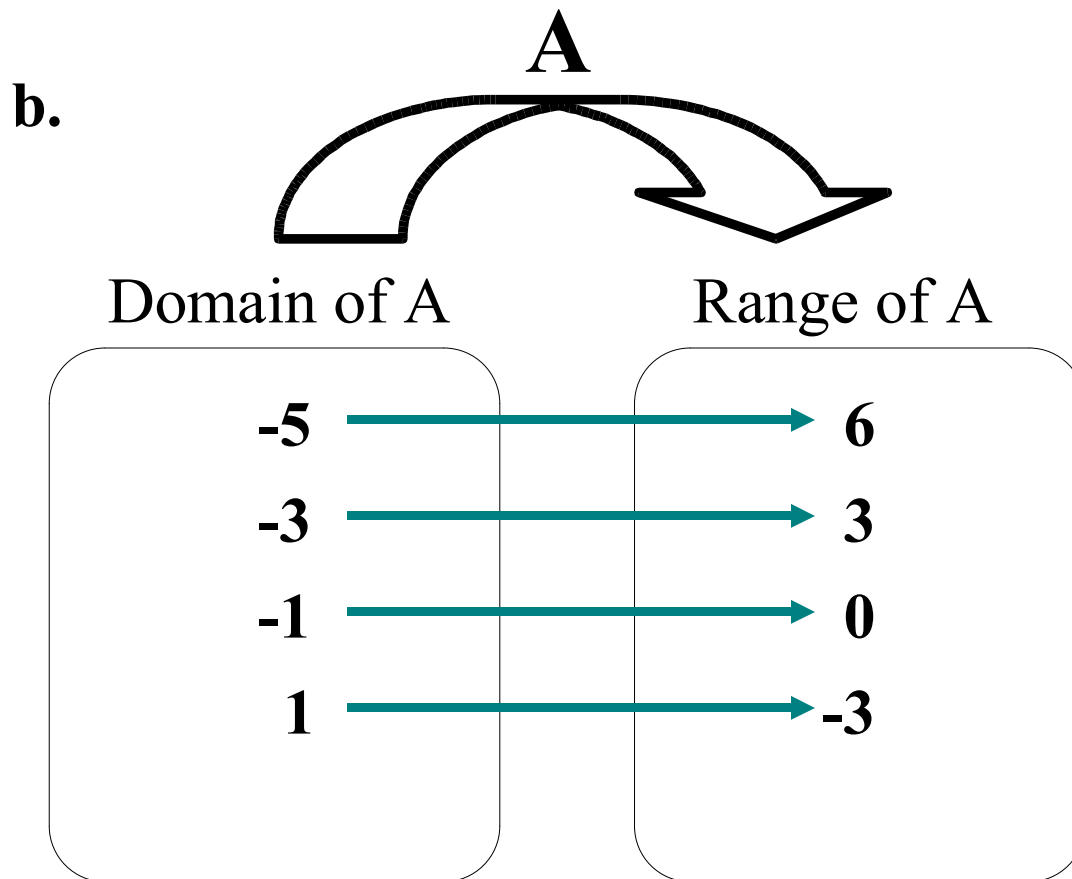


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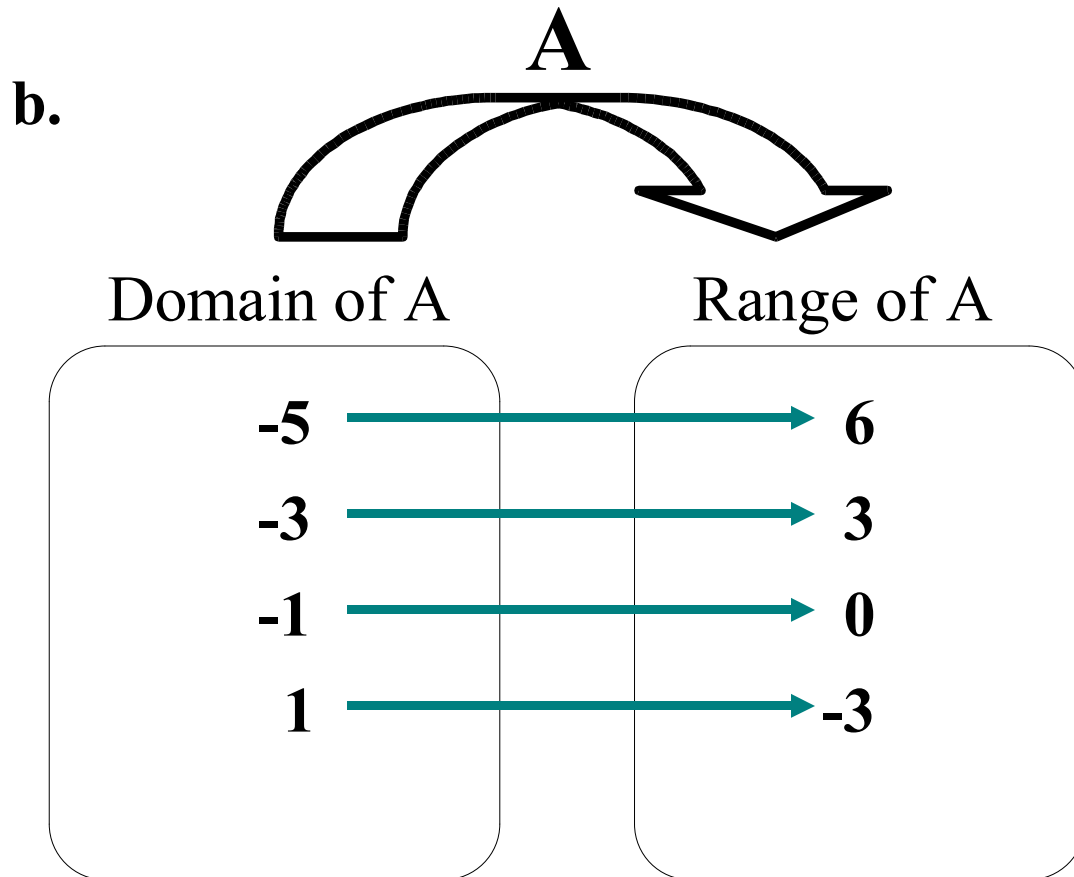


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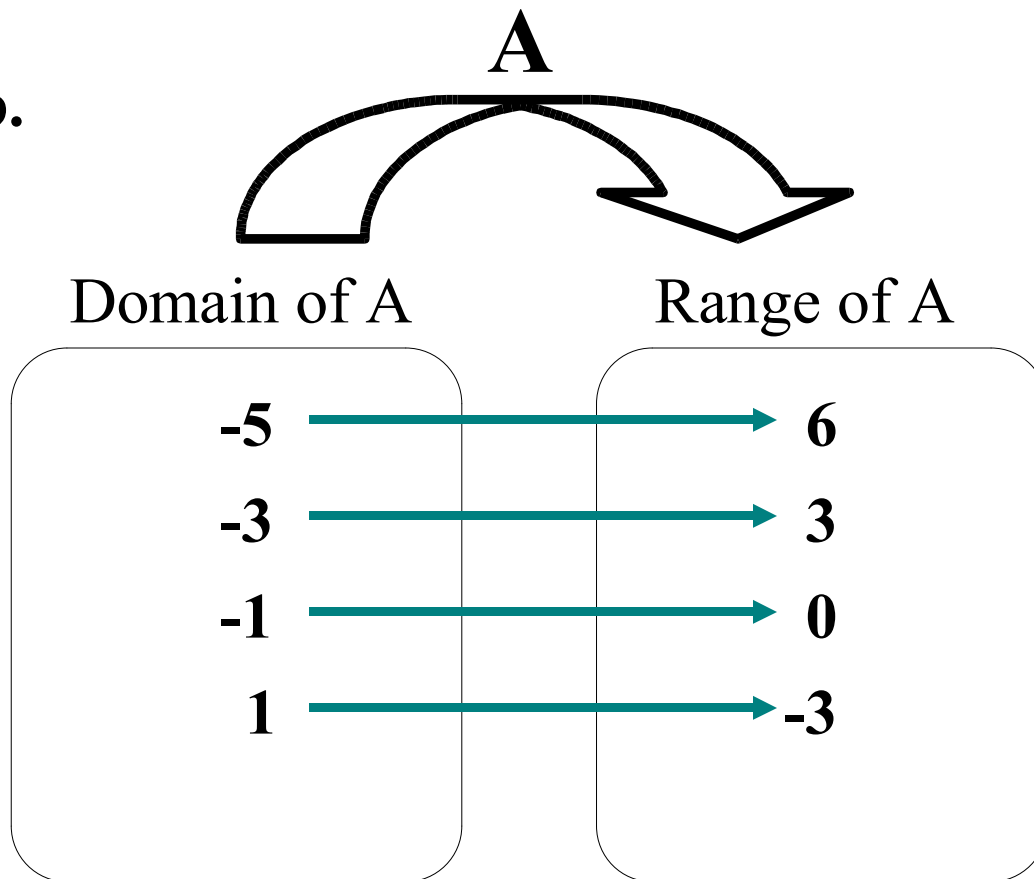
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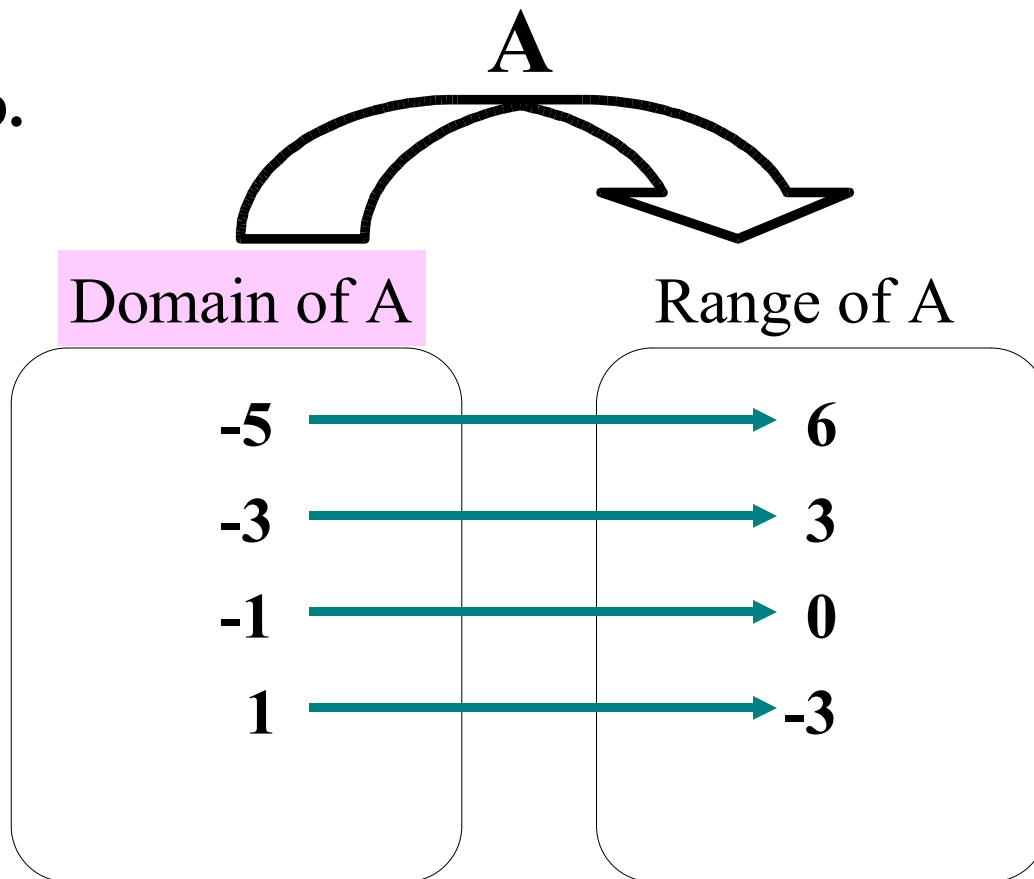
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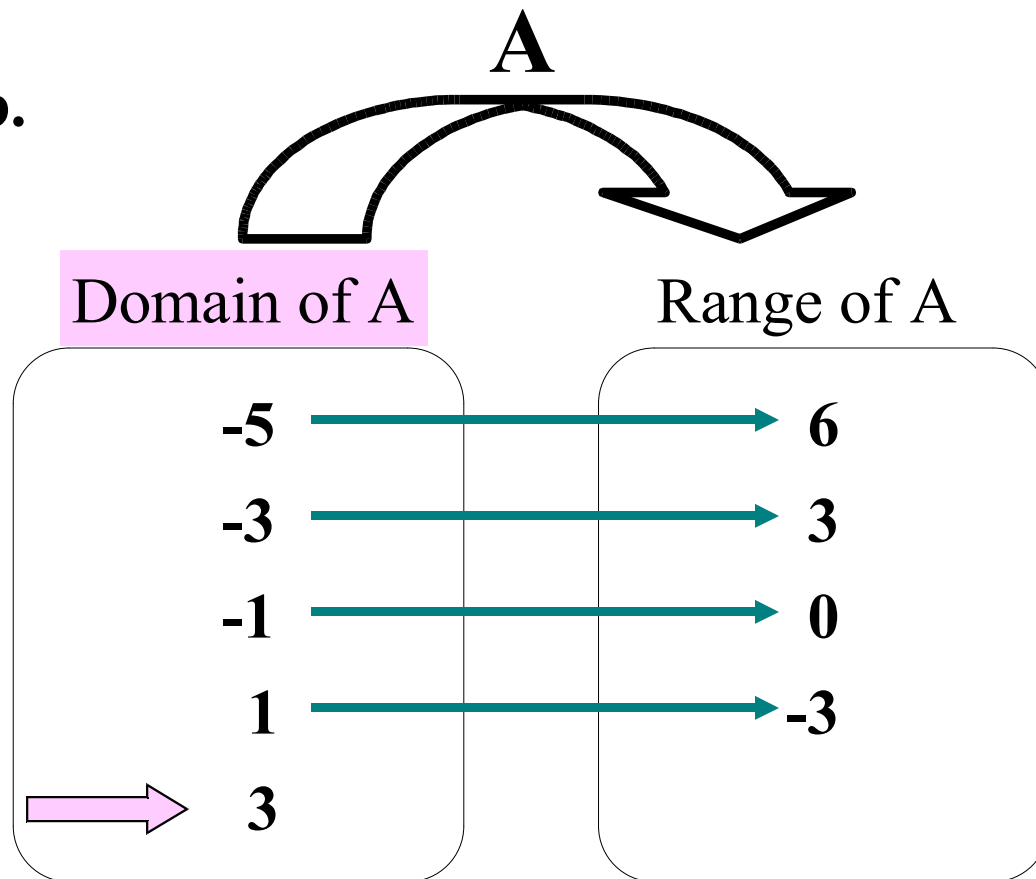
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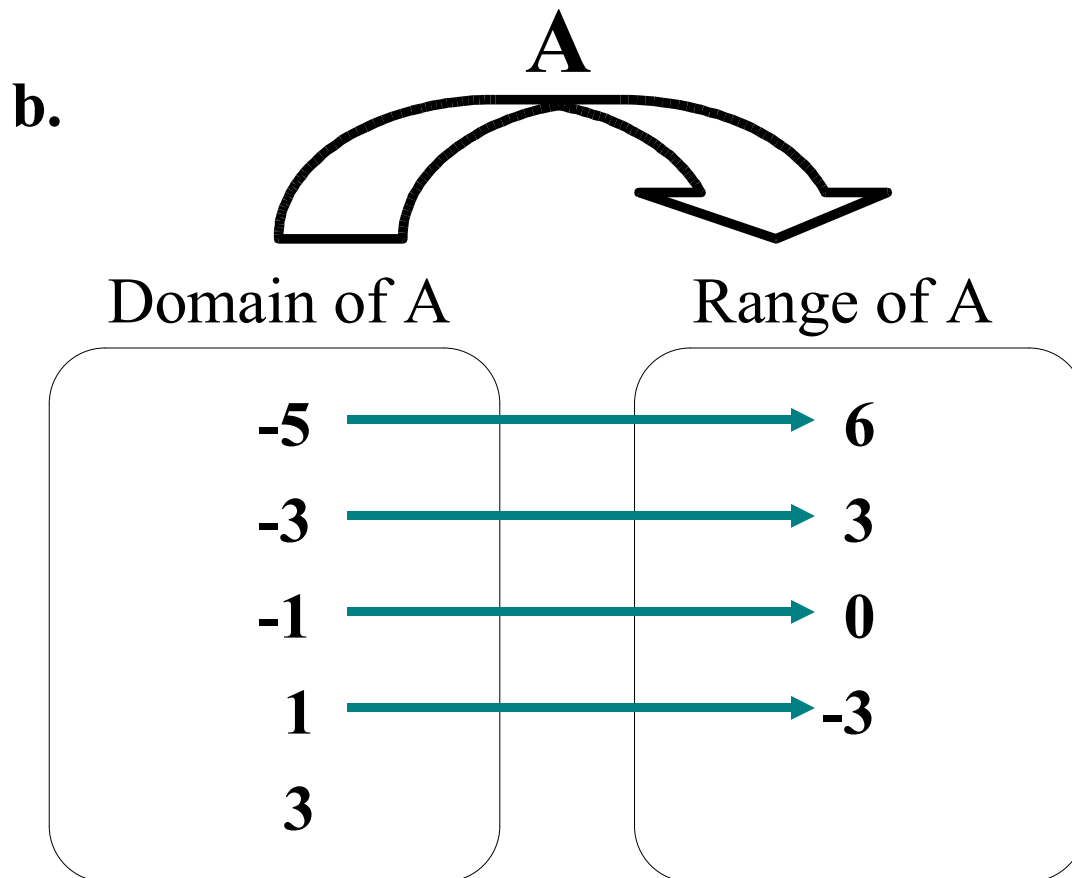


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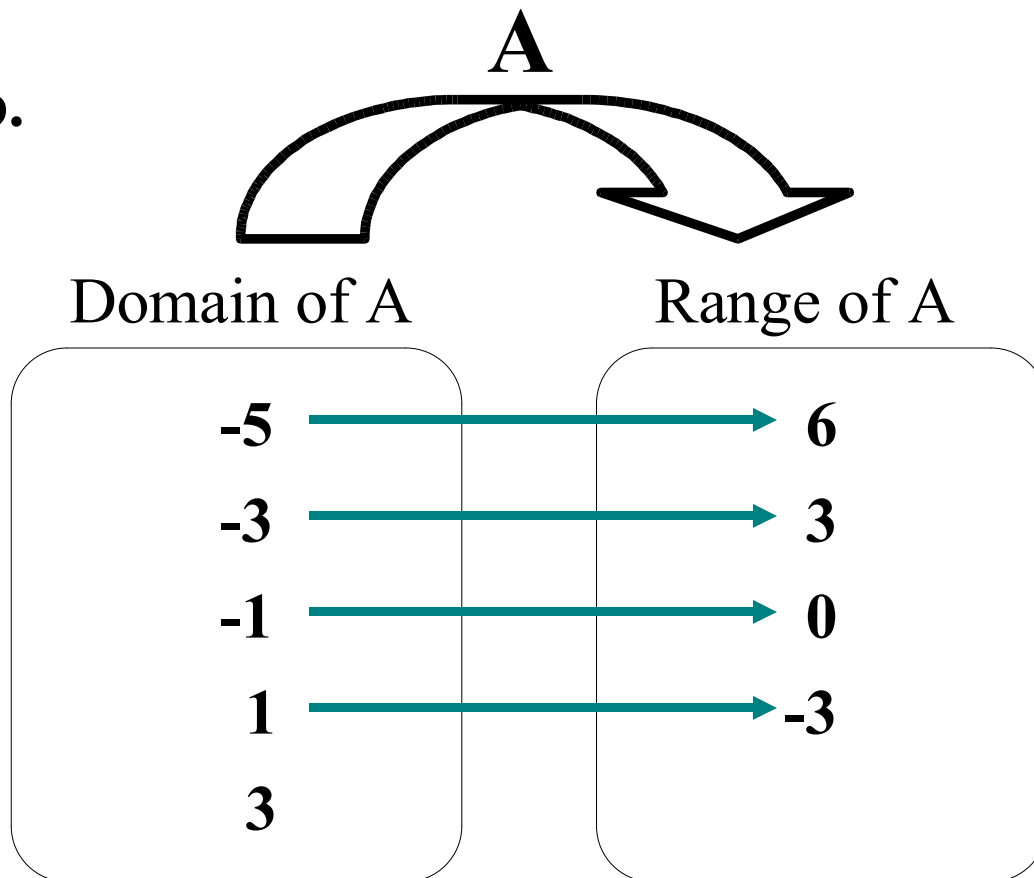
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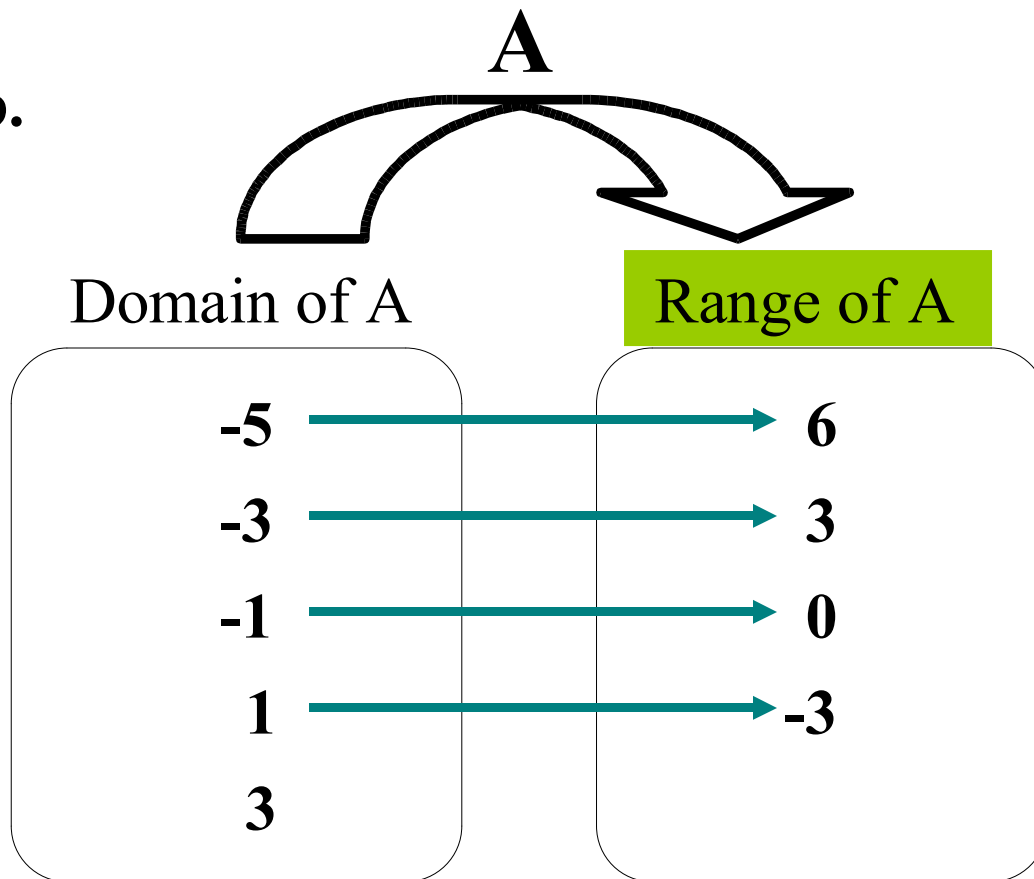
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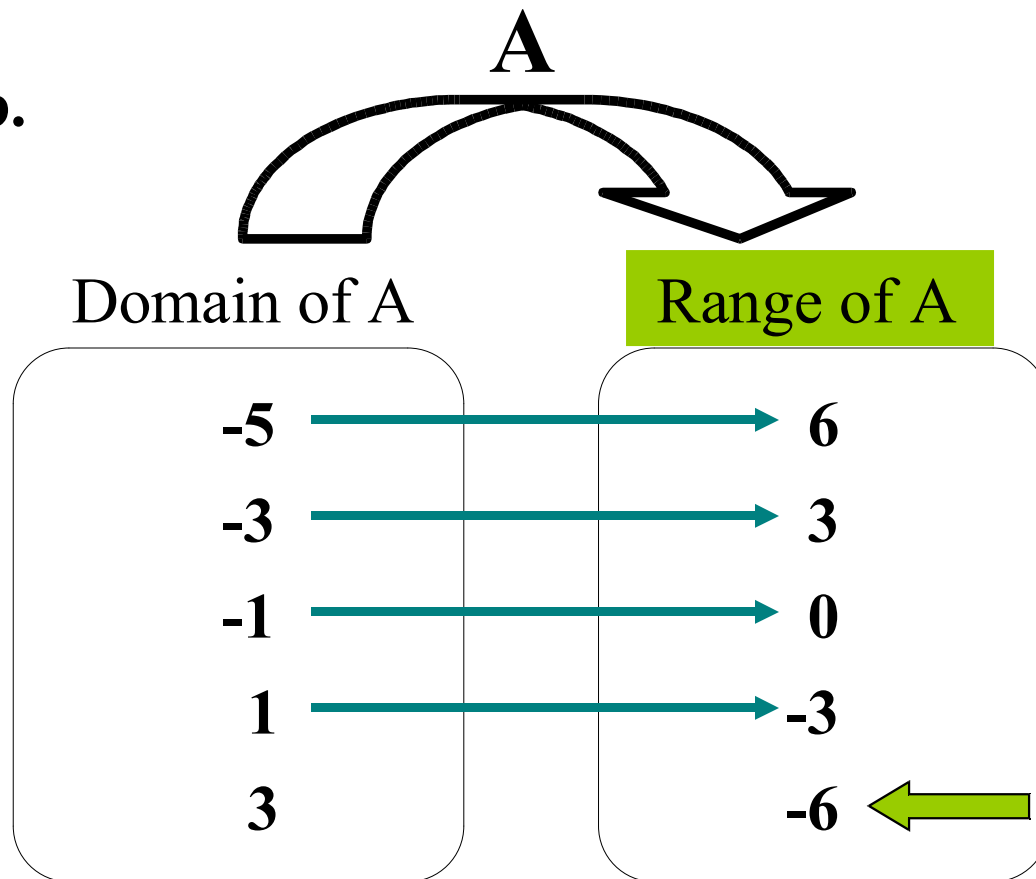
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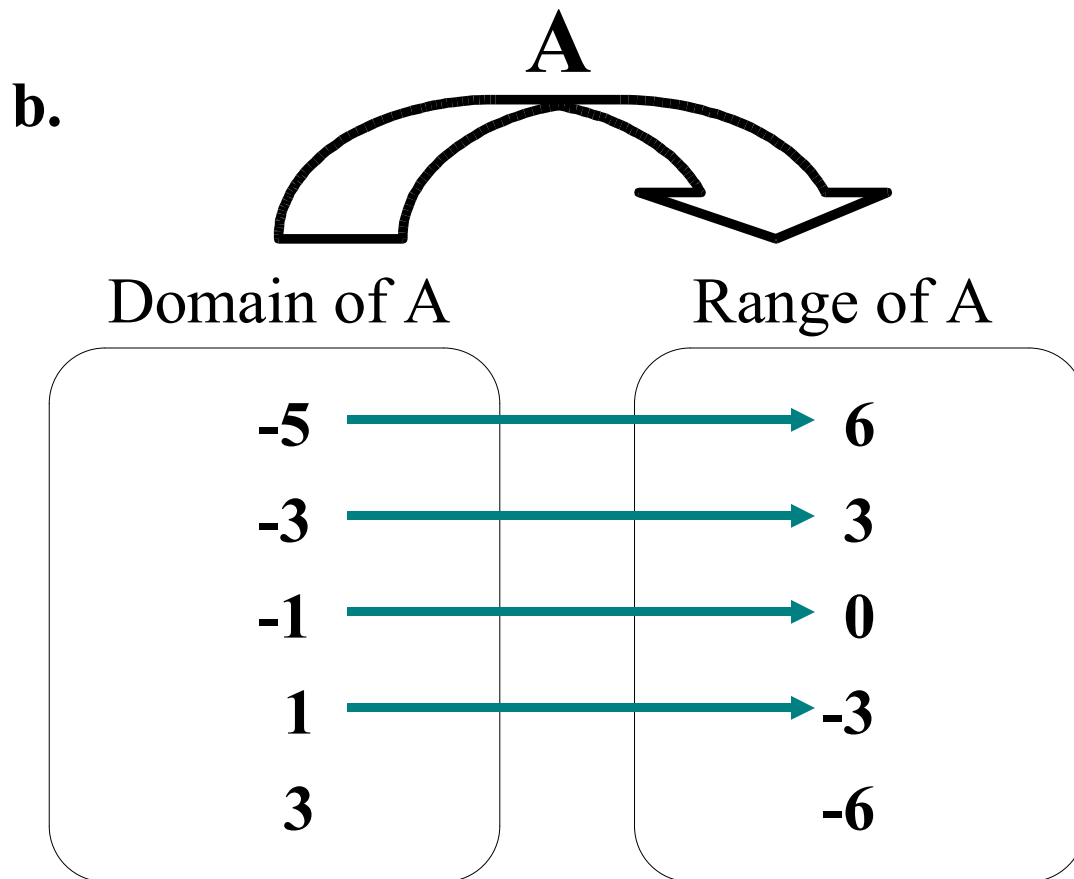


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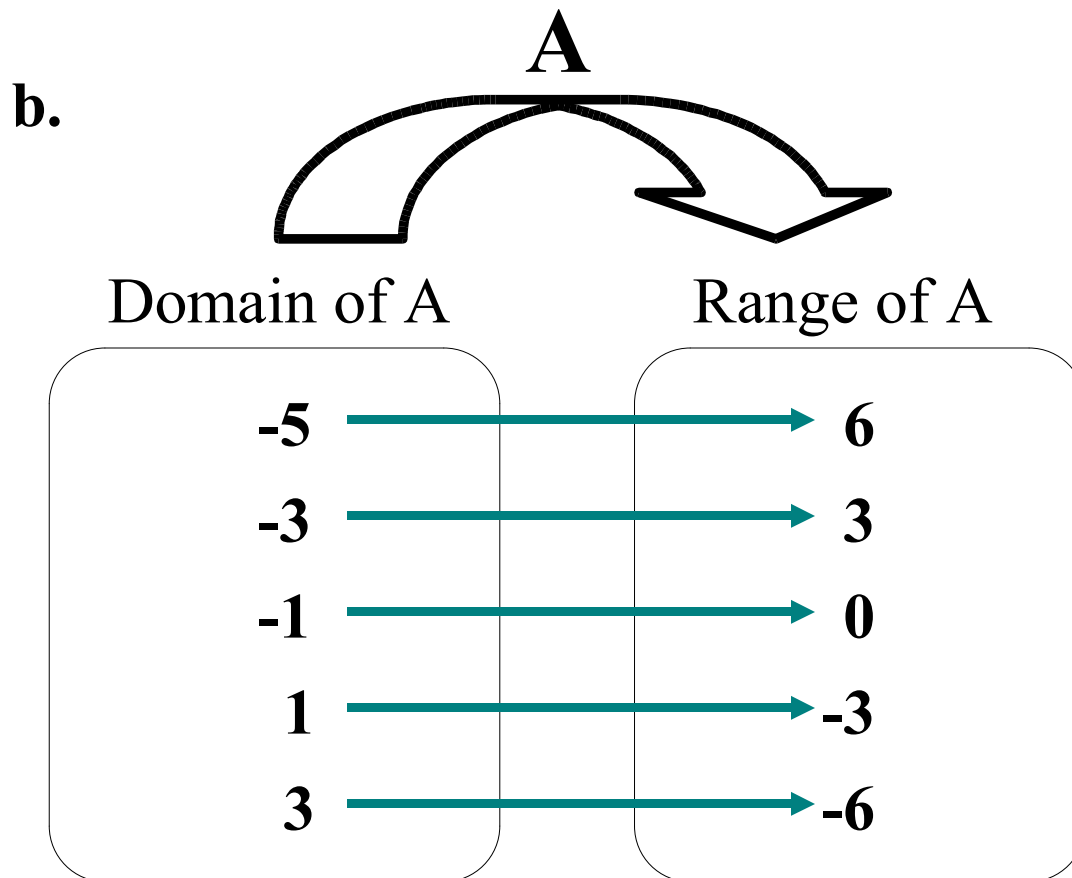


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Relation: A relation is a set of ordered pairs.

A relation is given using the listing method in each problem.

(a) Graph the relation.

2. $B = \{(-4, 3), (-4, 0), (-4, -3), (0, 0), (4, 3), (4, 0), (4, -3)\}$

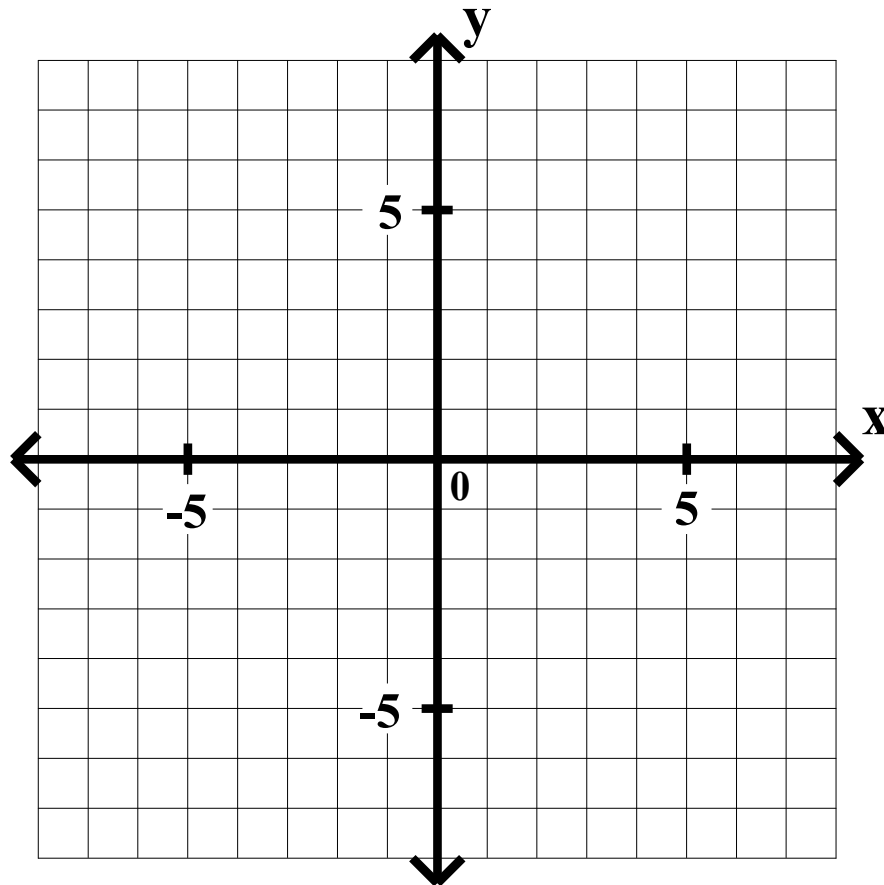
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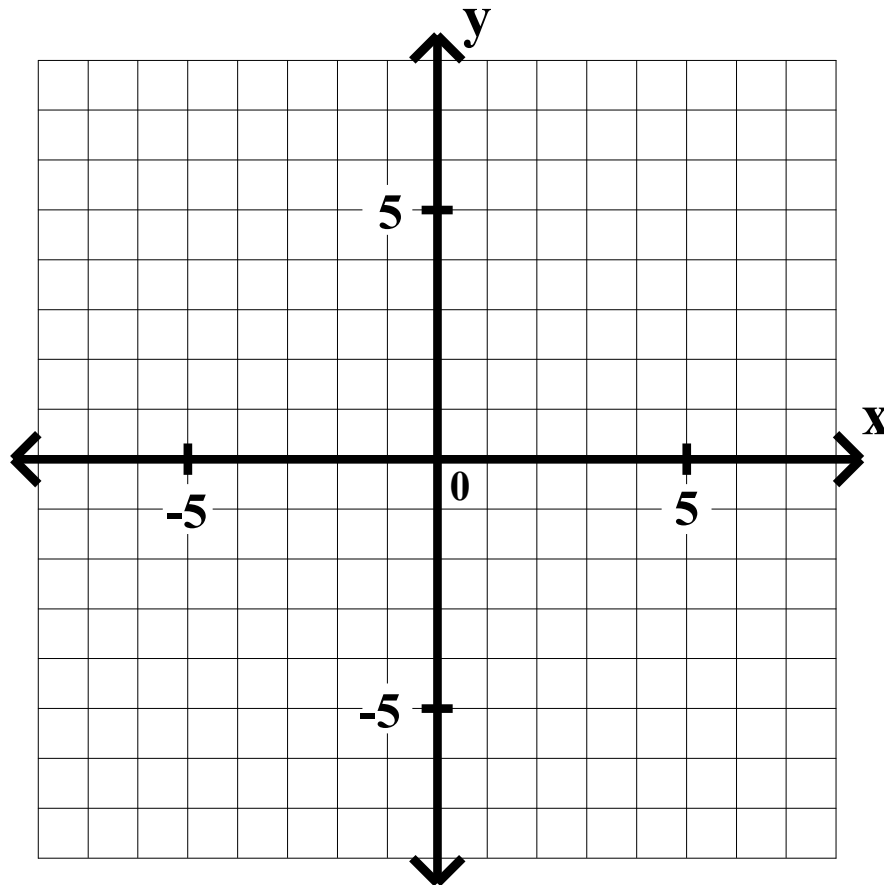
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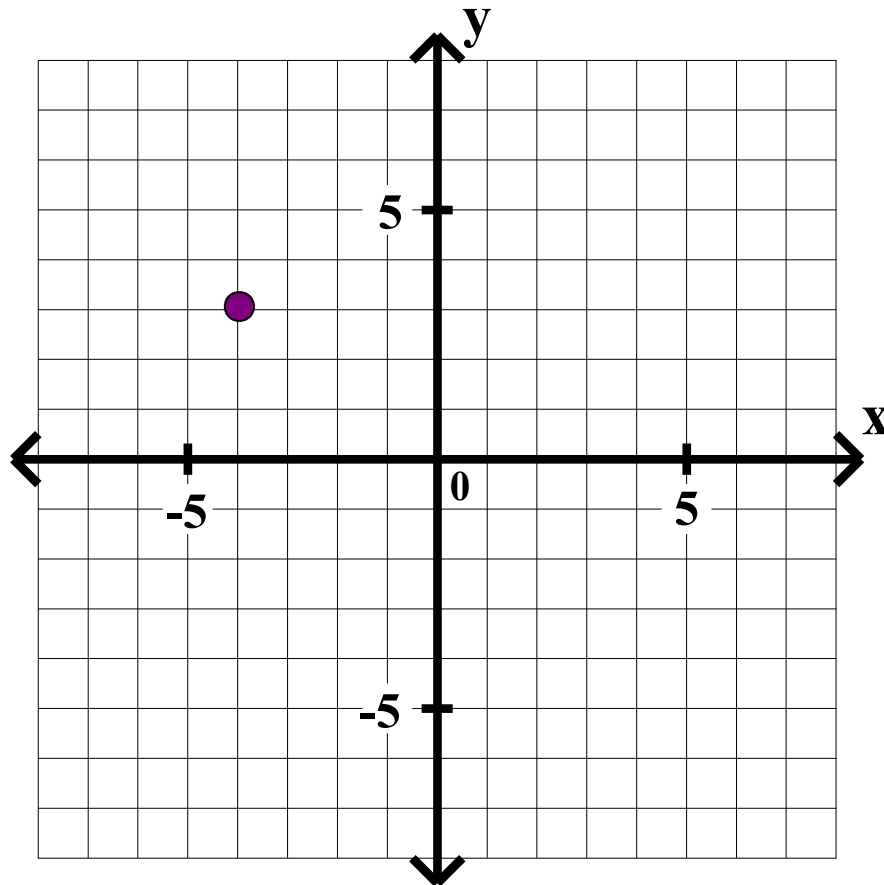
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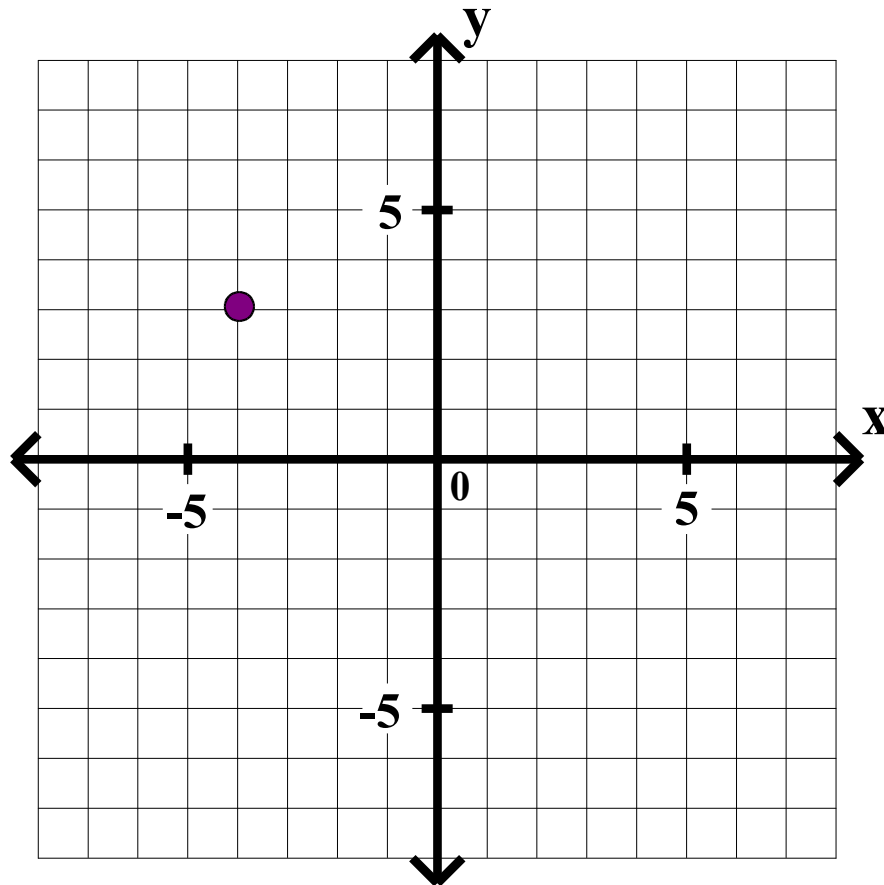
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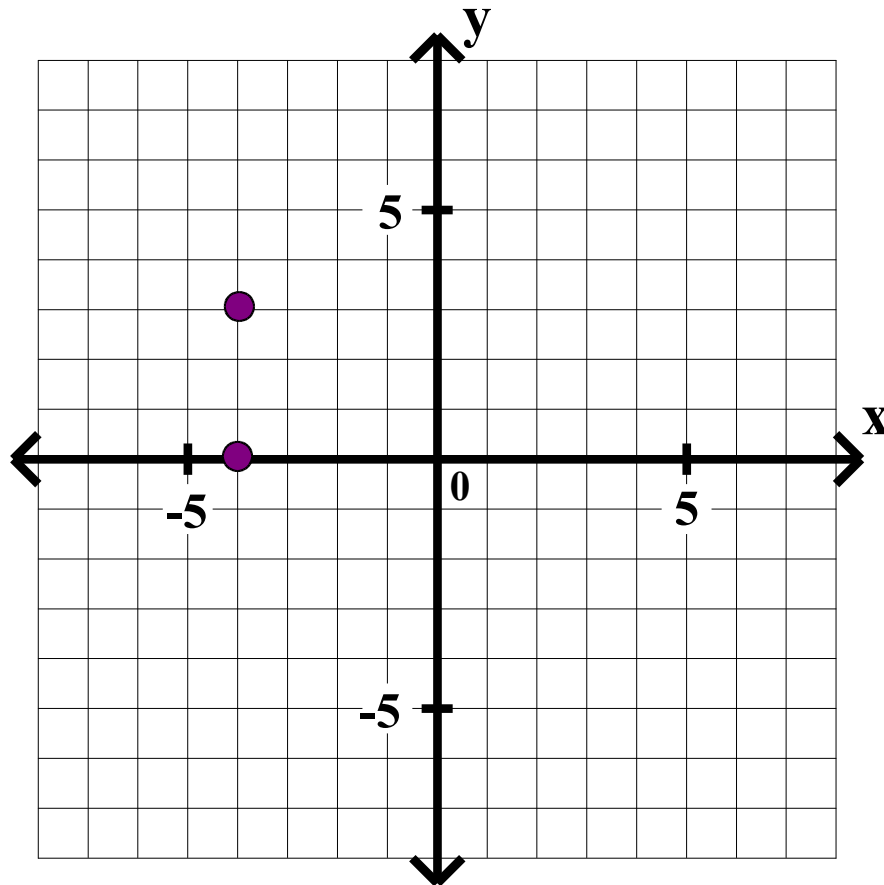
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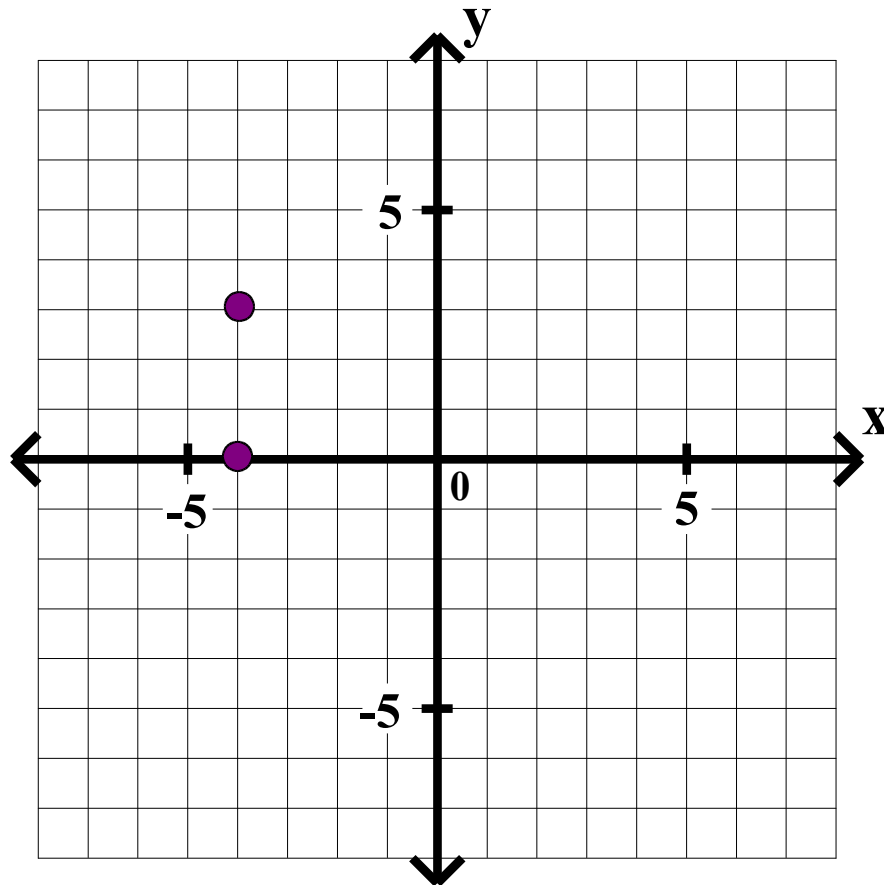
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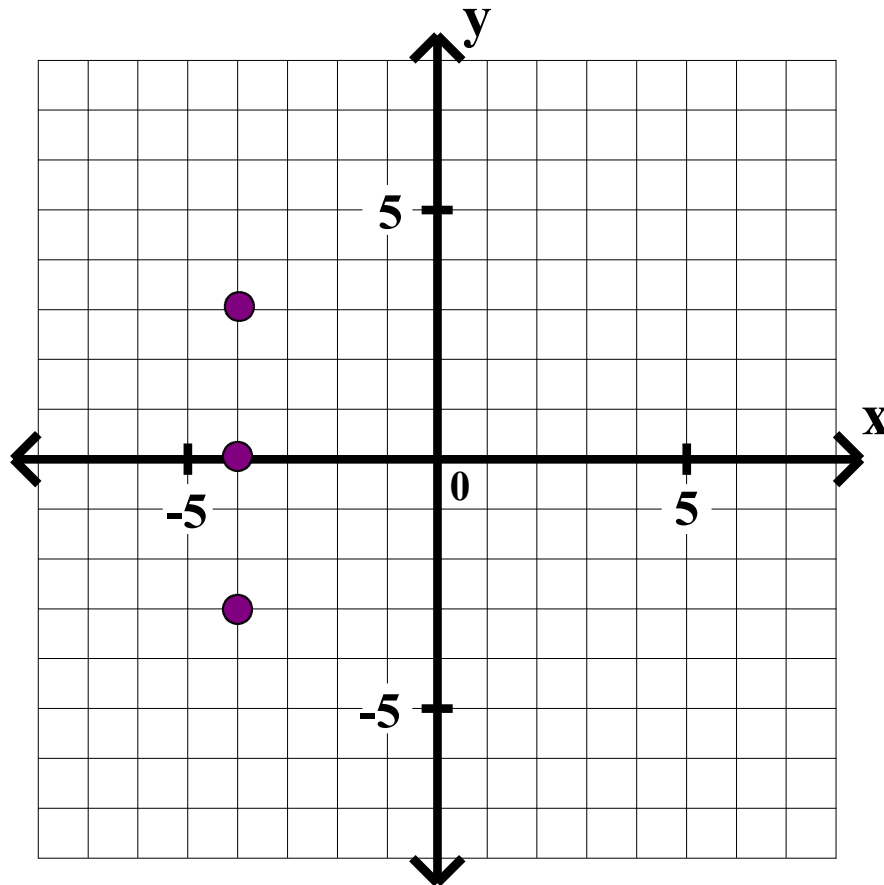
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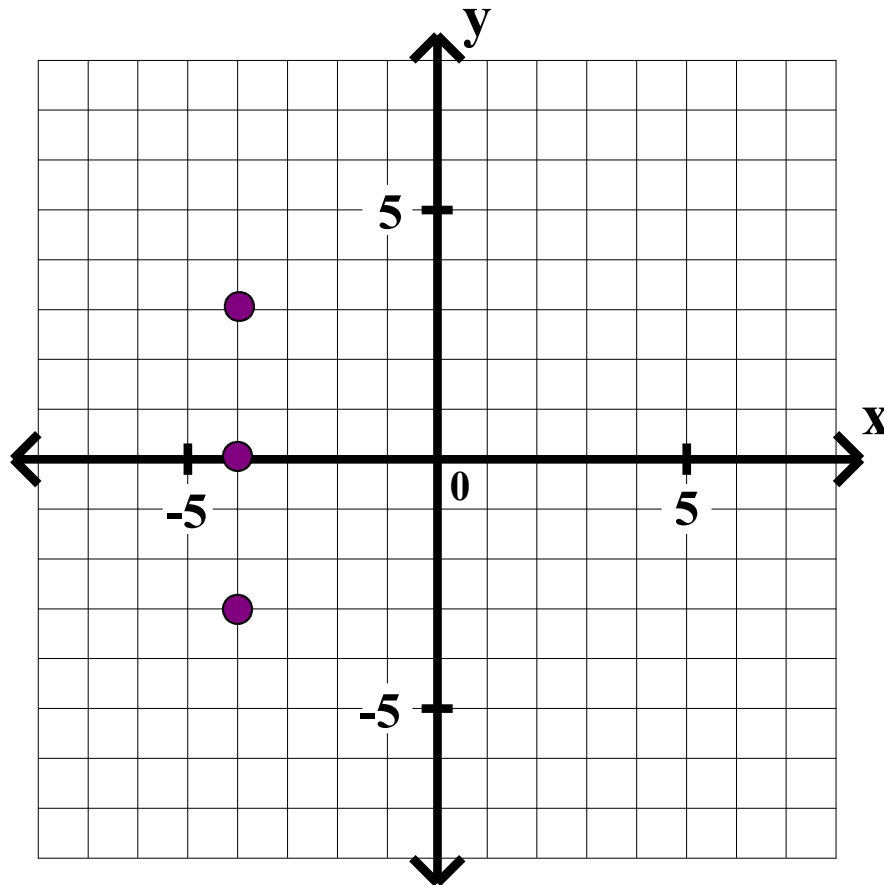
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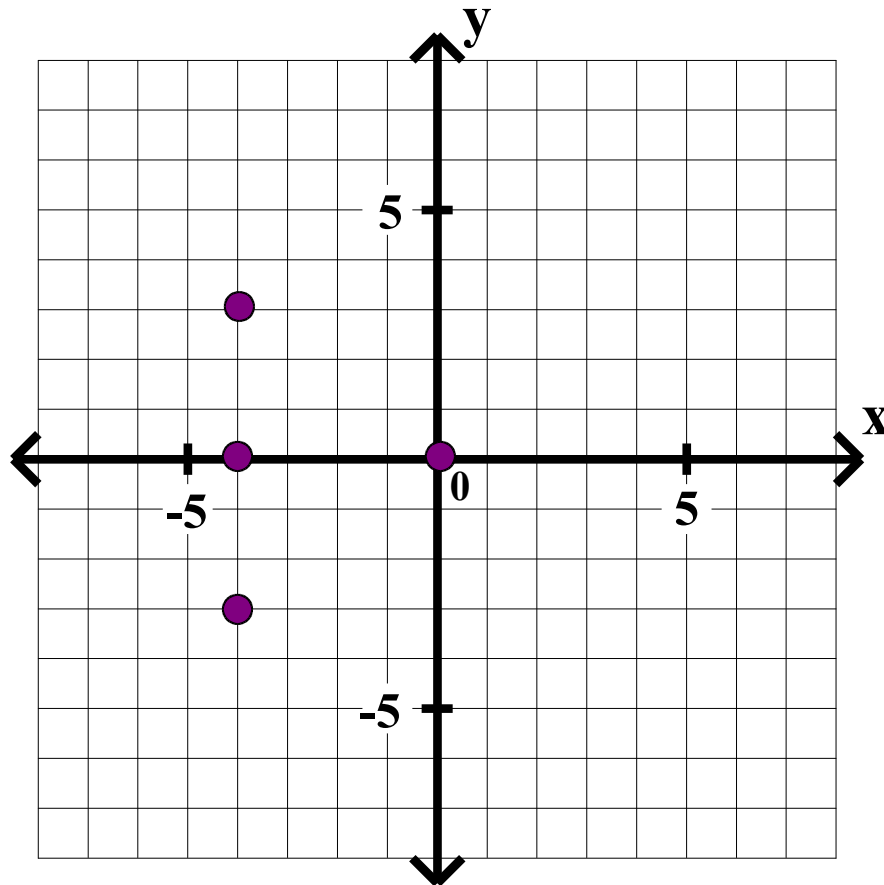
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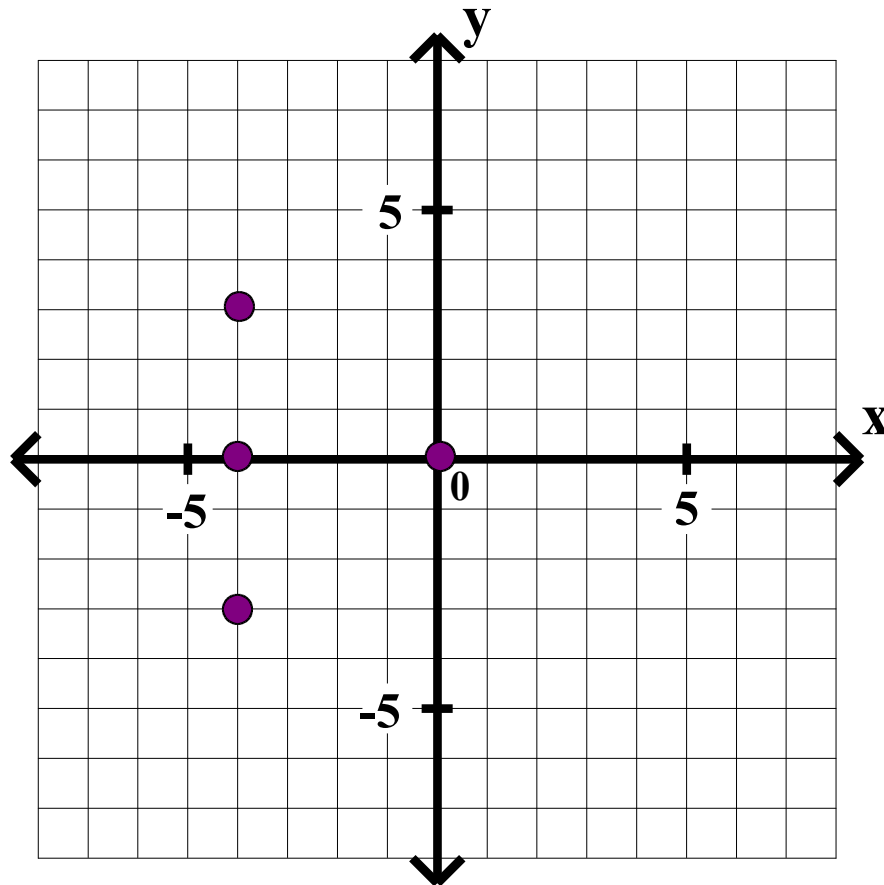
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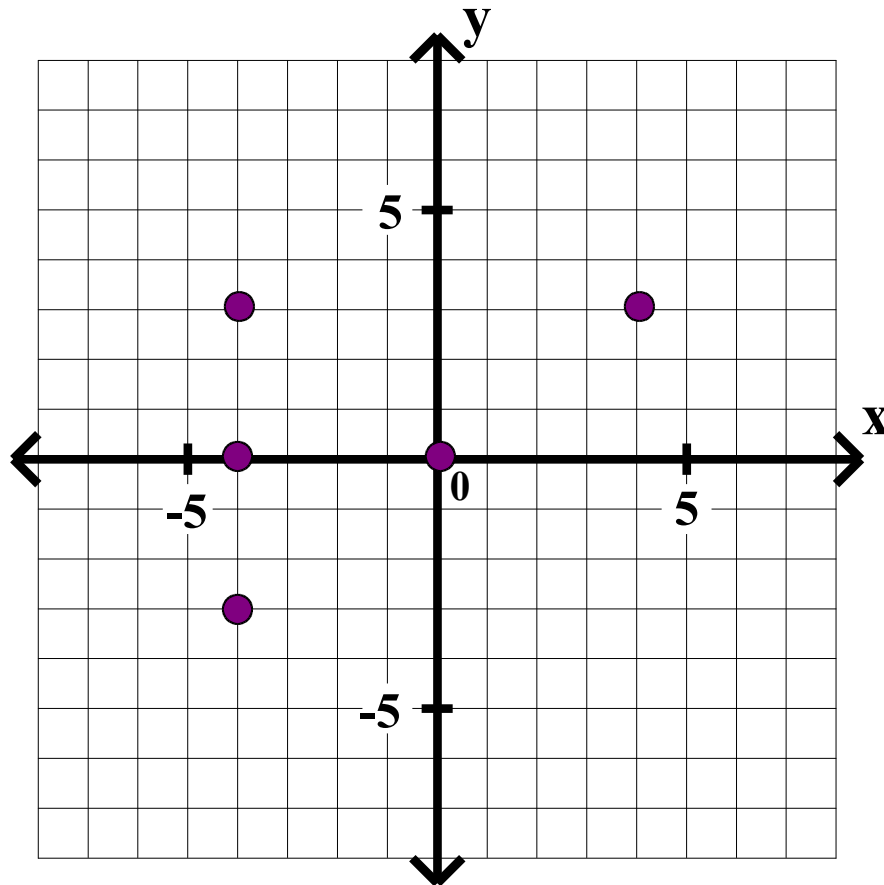
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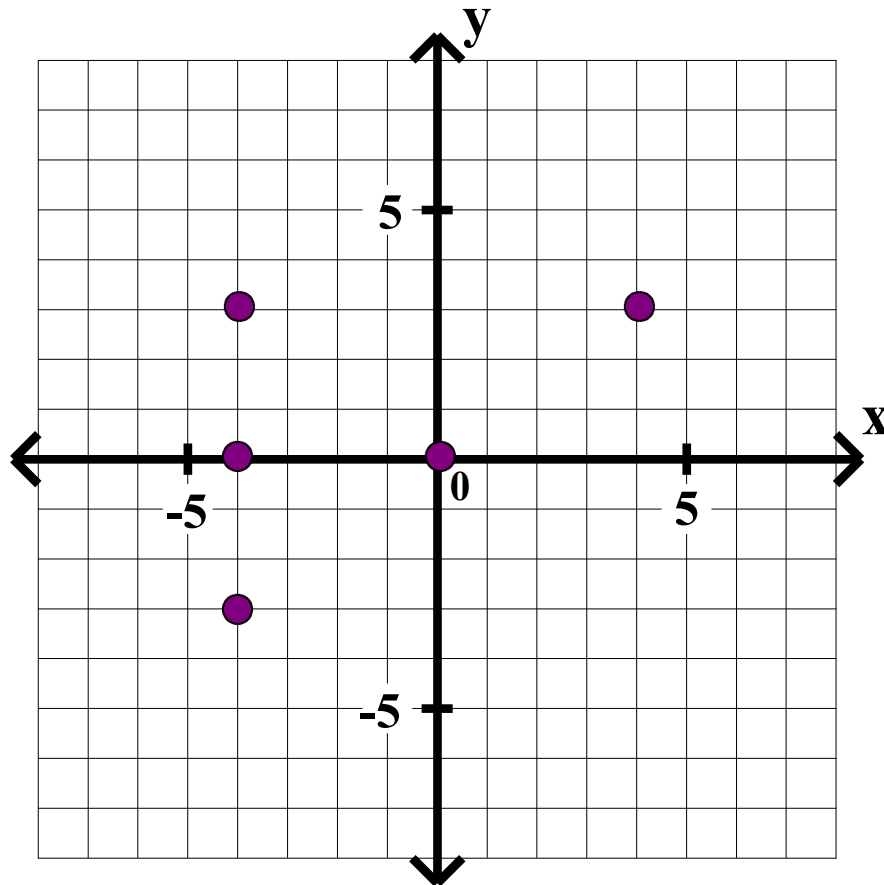
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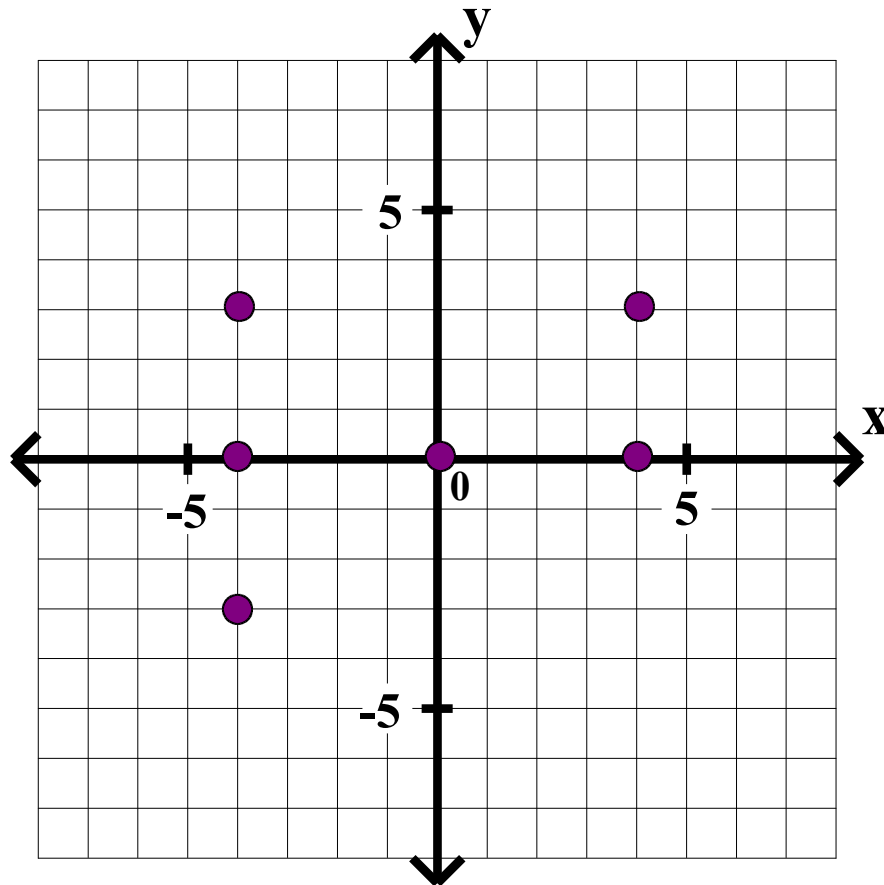
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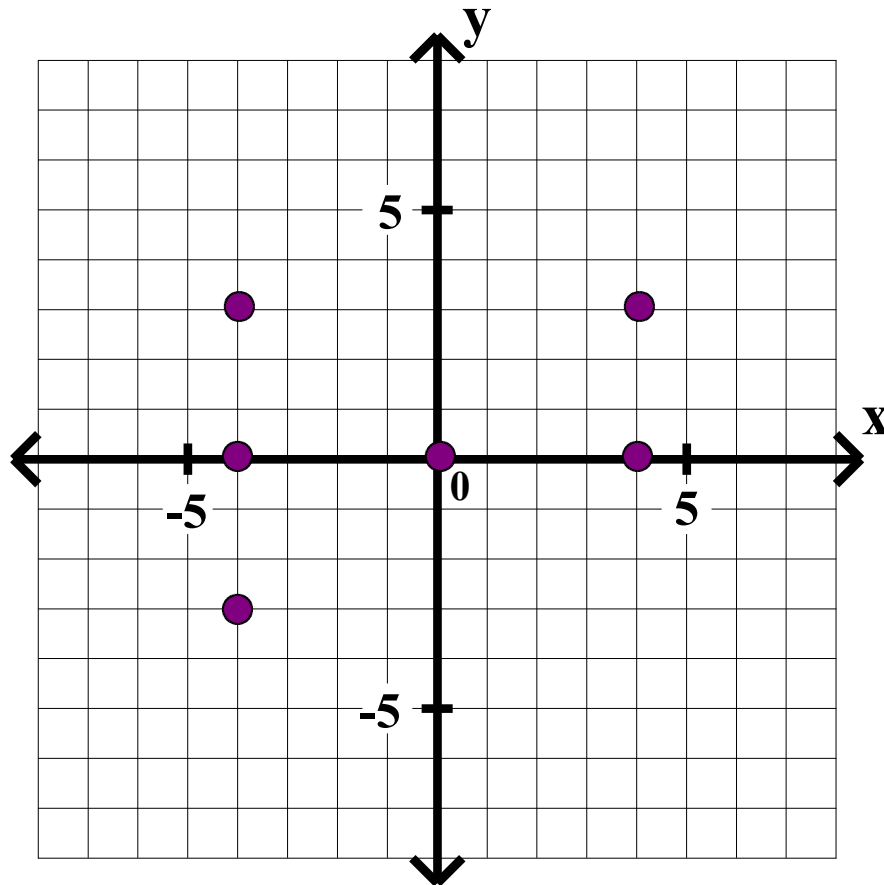
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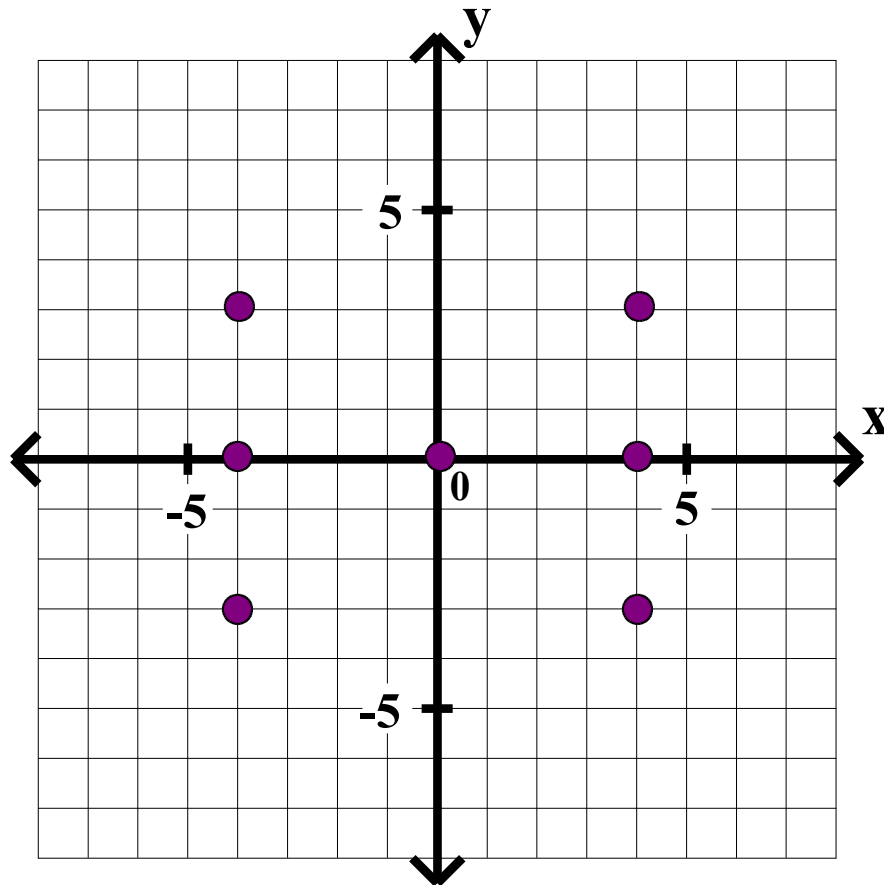
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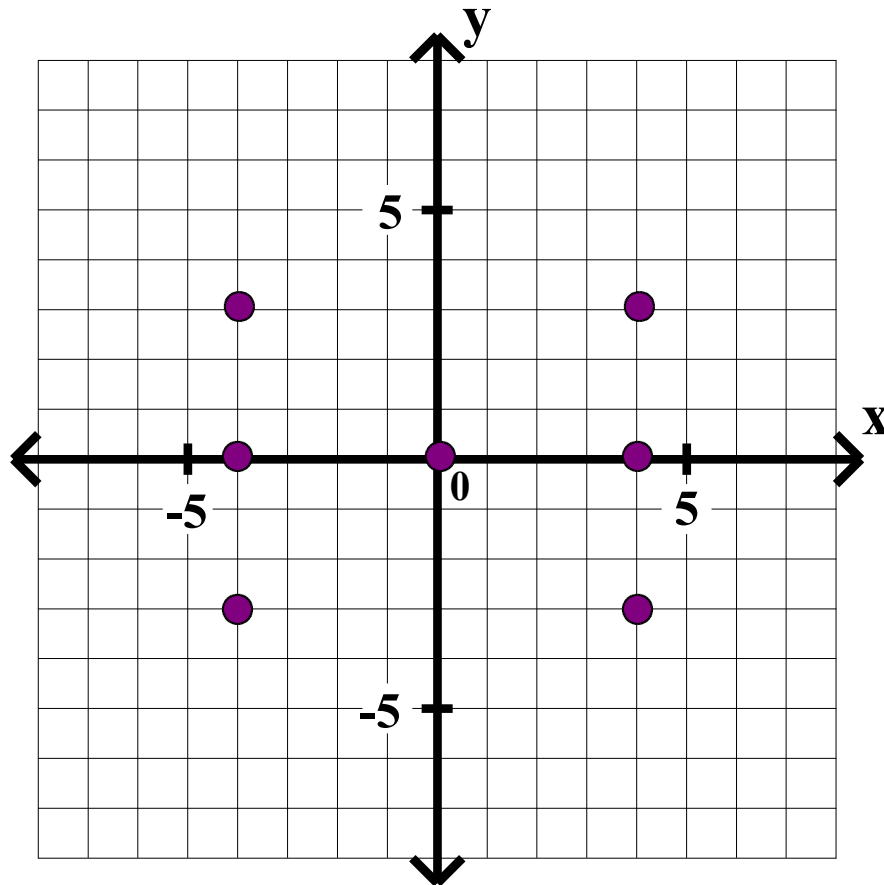
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(b) Complete the mapping diagram for the relation.

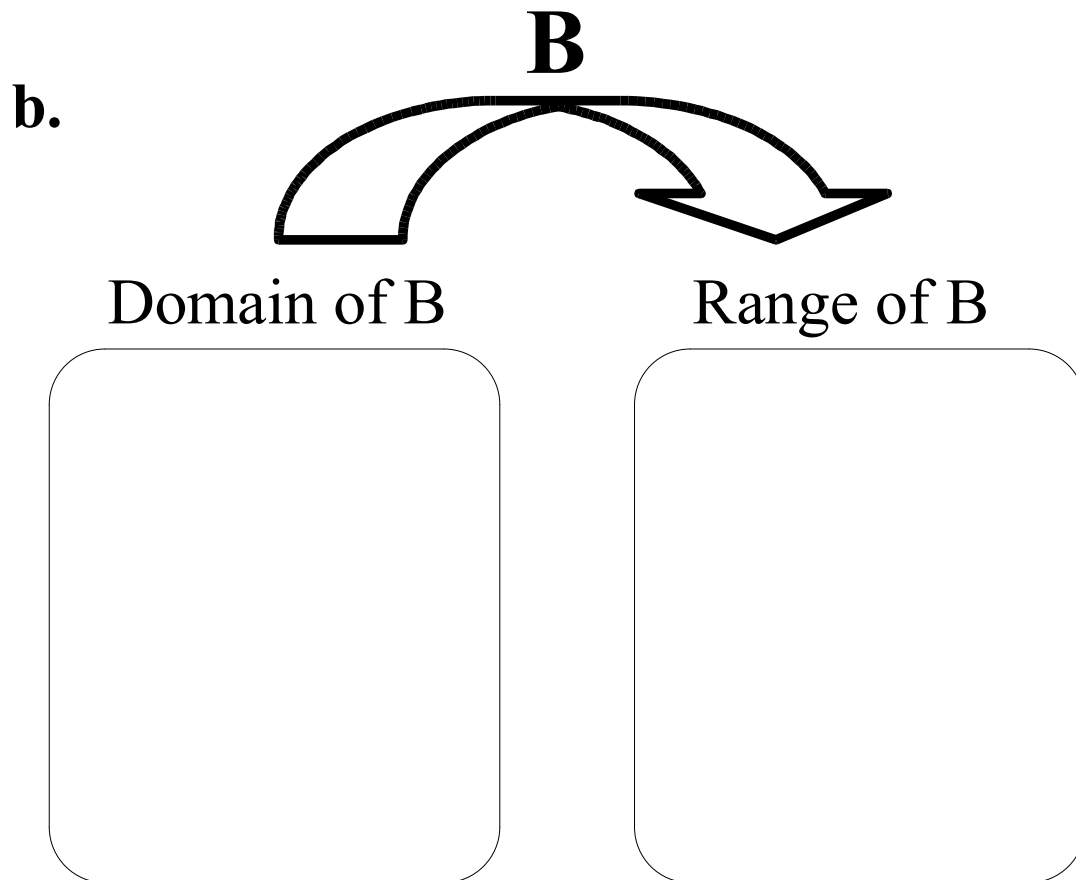
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(b) Complete the mapping diagram for the relation.

2. $B = \{(-4, 3), (-4, 0), (-4, -3), (0, 0), (4, 3), (4, 0), (4, -3)\}$

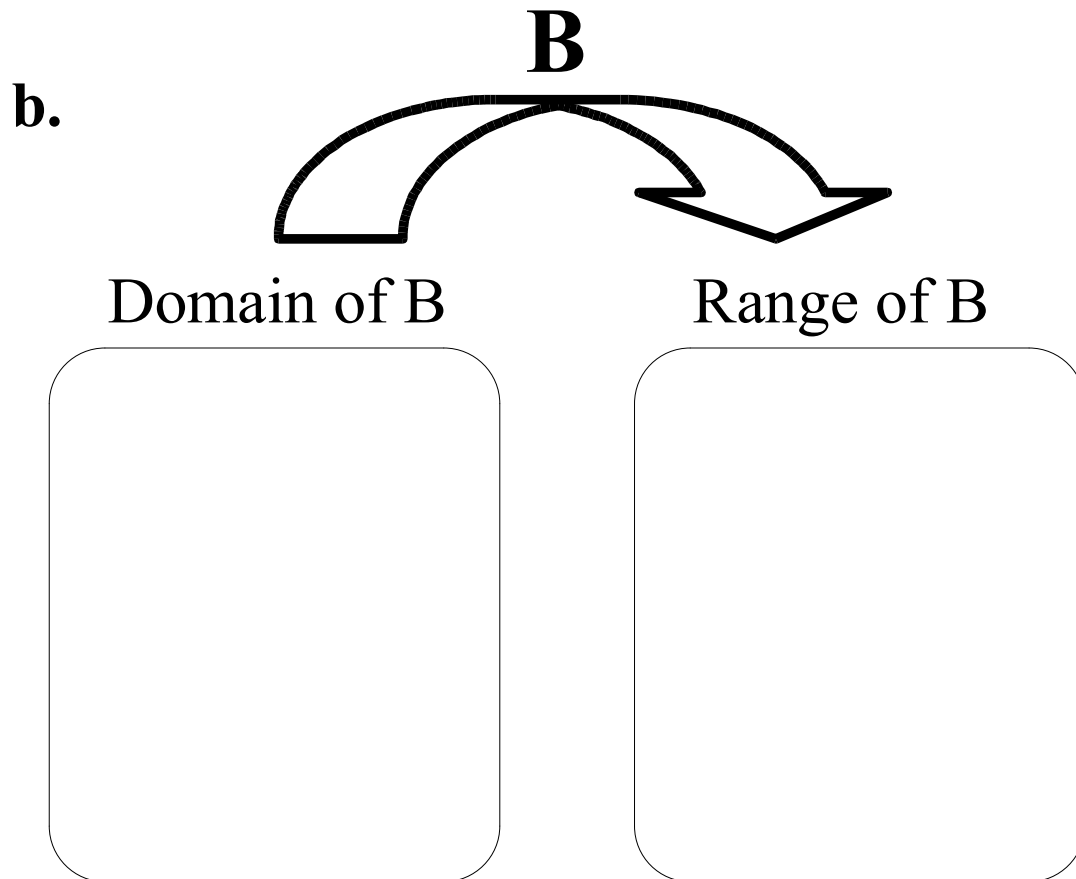


Relation: A relation is a set of ordered pairs.

A relation is given using the listing method in each problem.

(b) Complete the mapping diagram for the relation.

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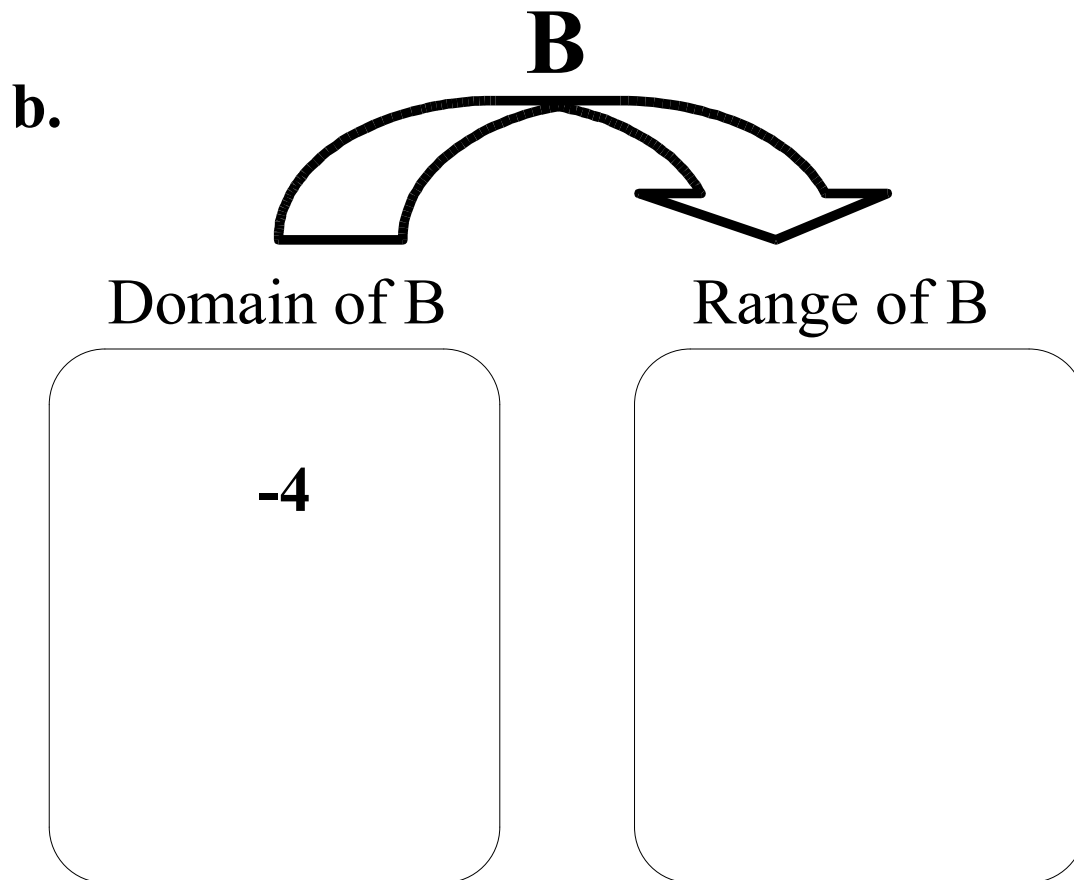


Relation: A relation is a set of ordered pairs.

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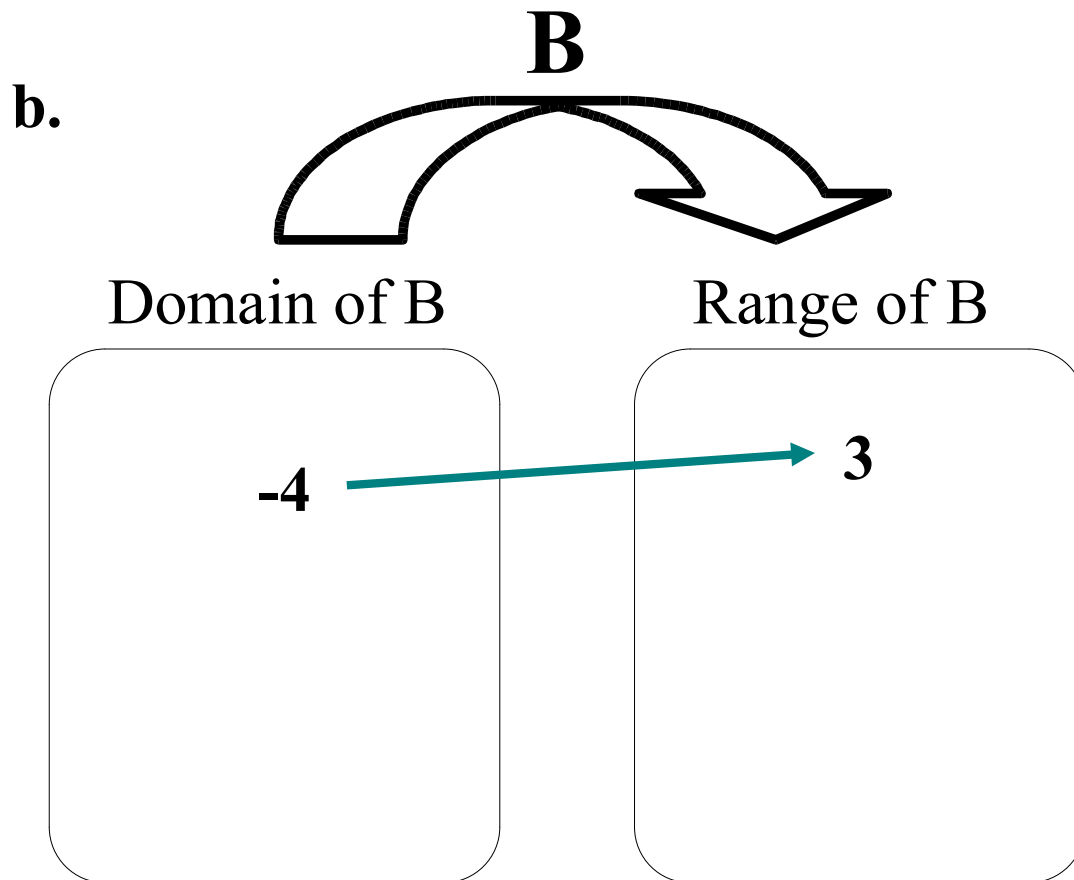


Relation: A relation is a set of ordered pairs.

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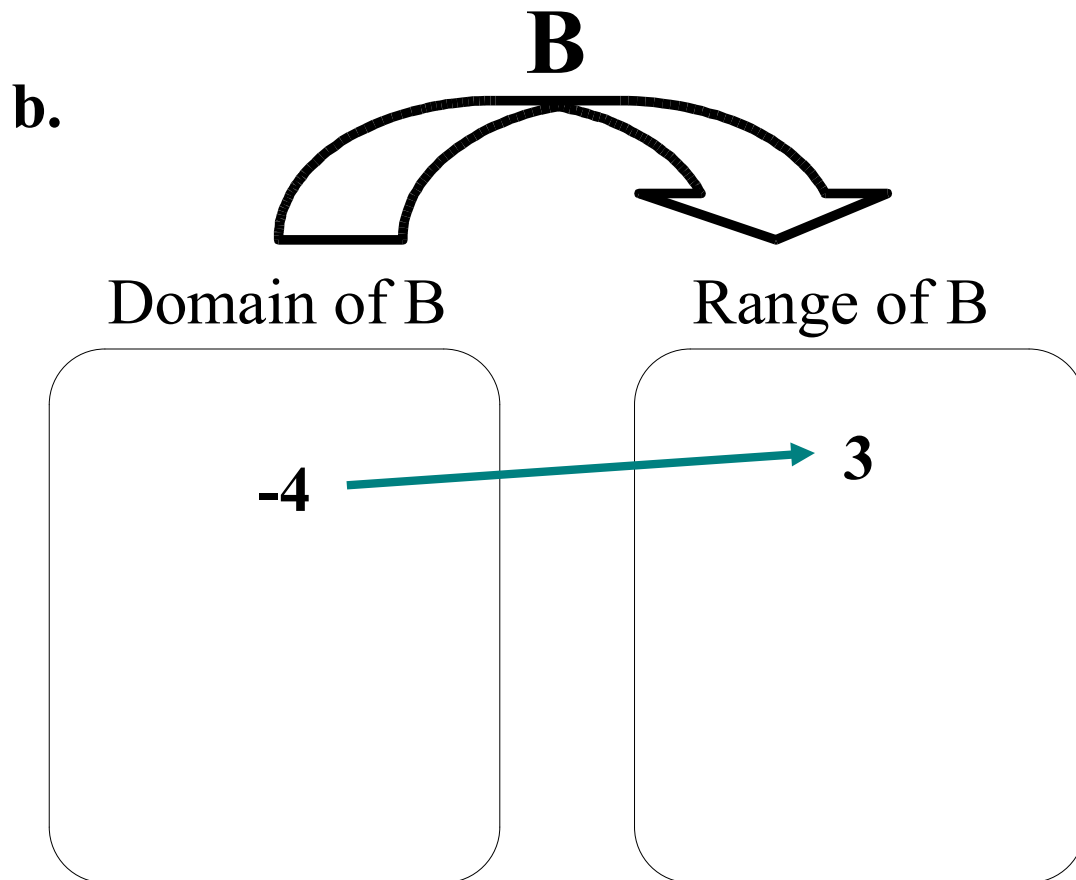


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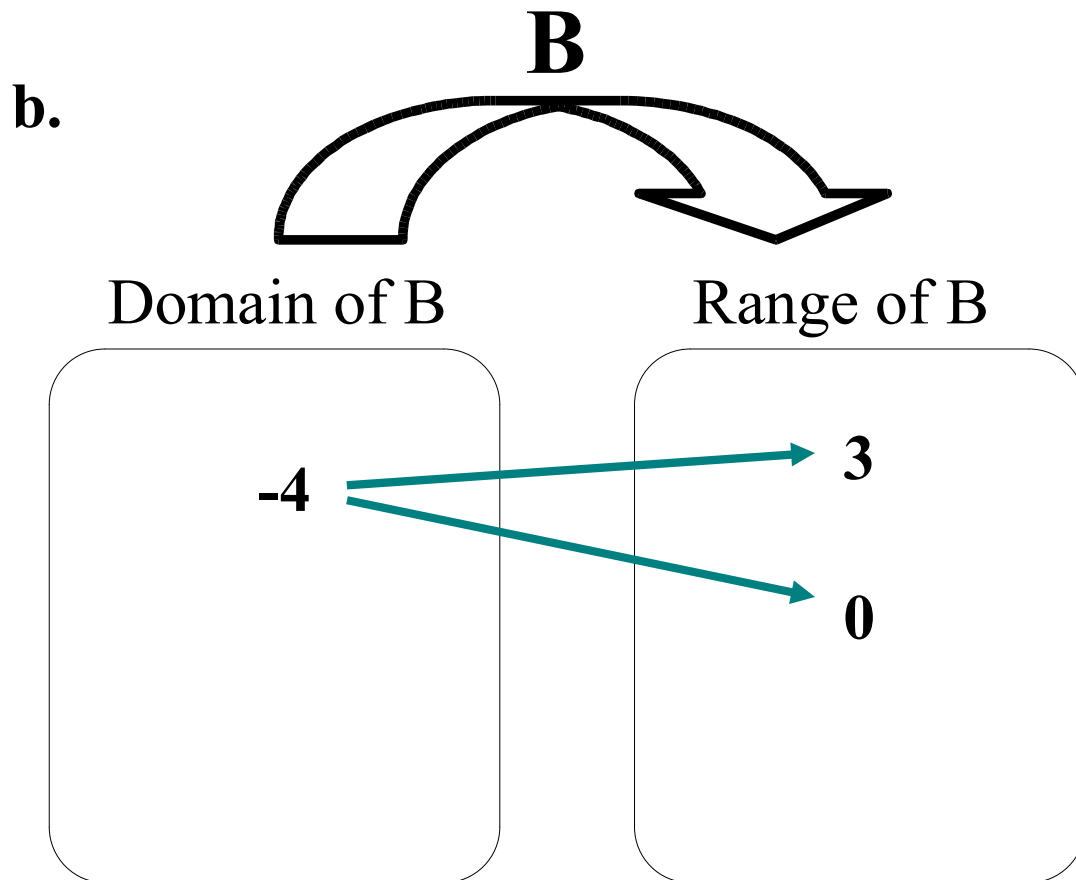


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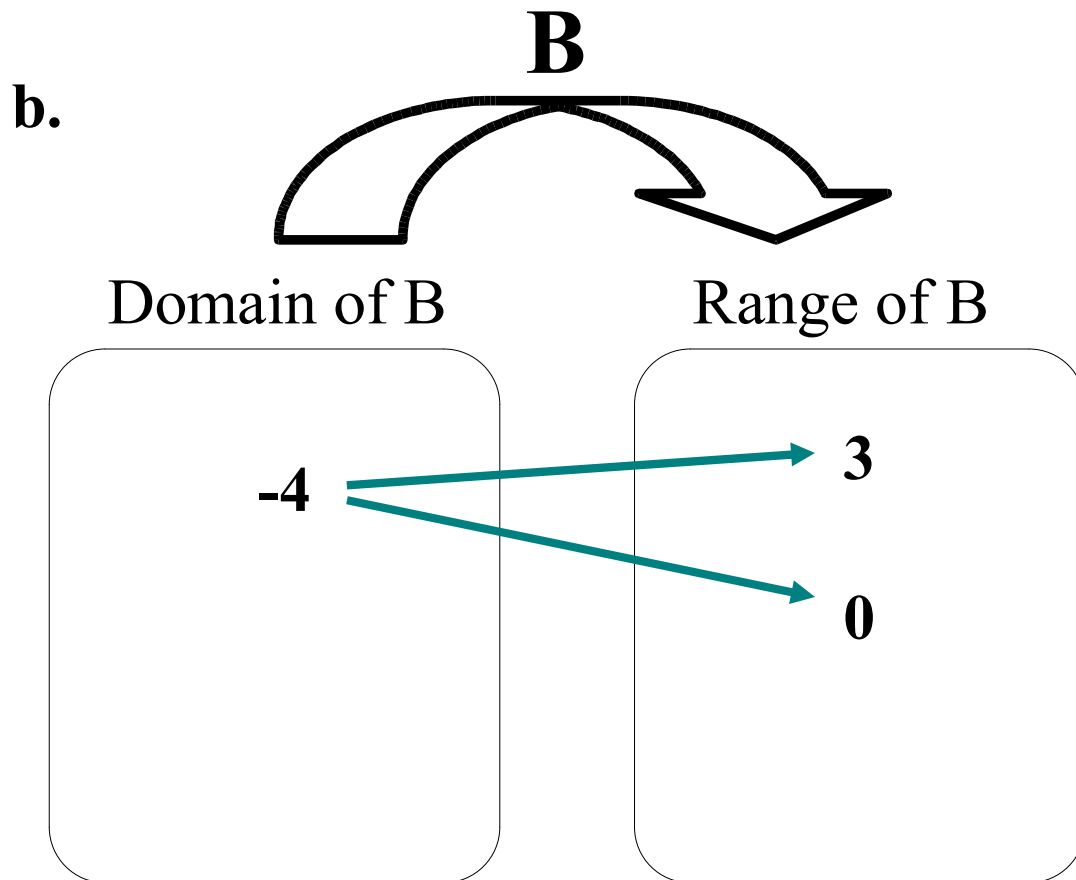


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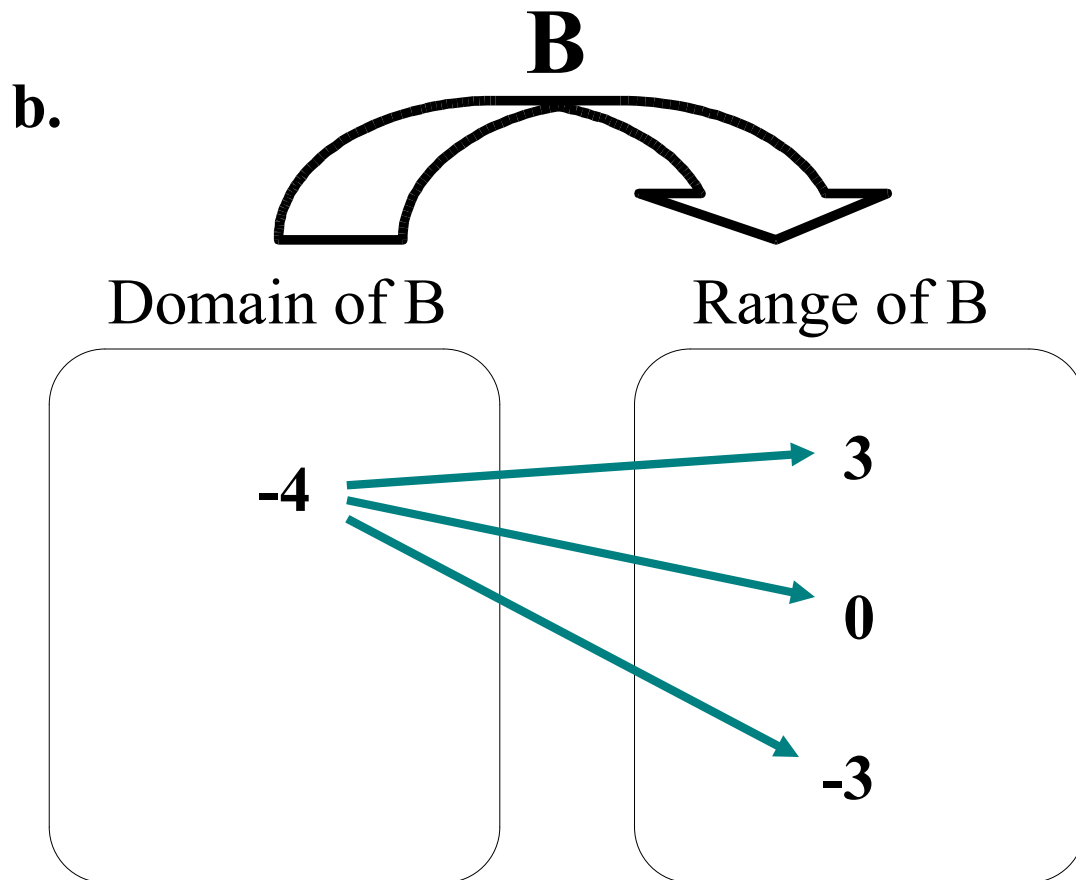


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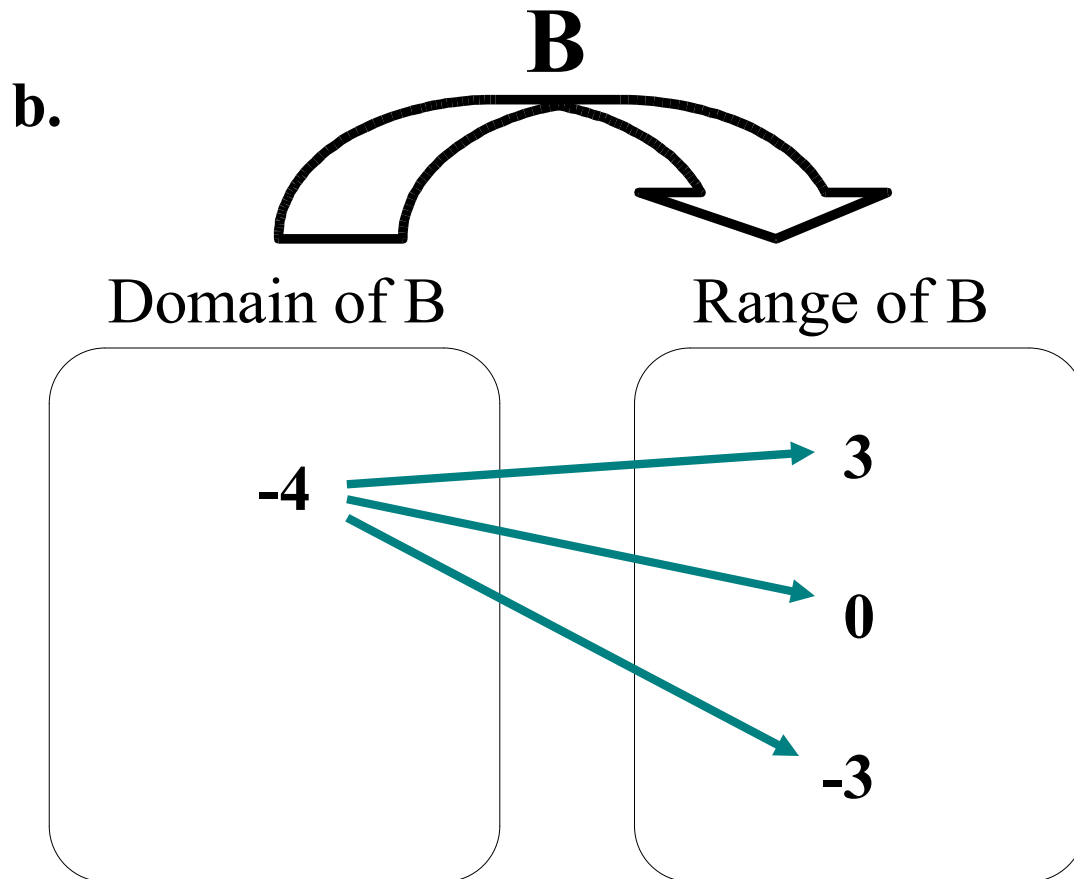


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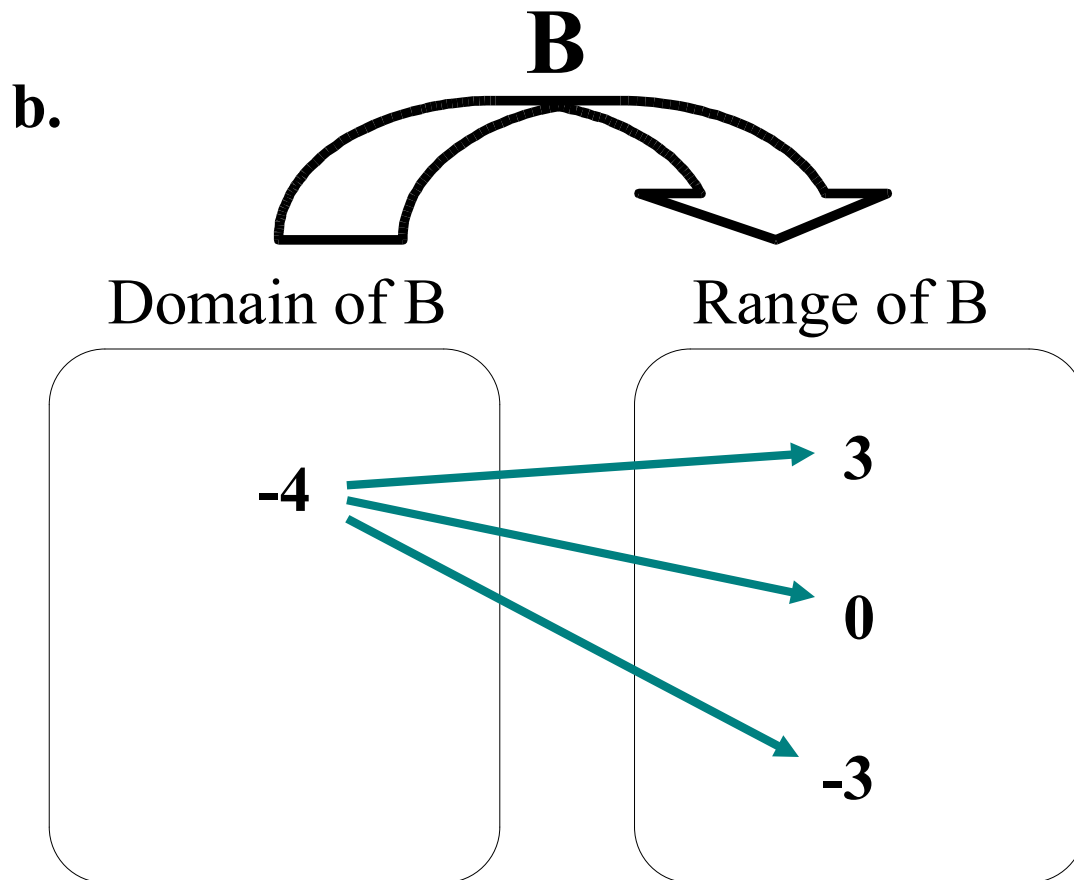


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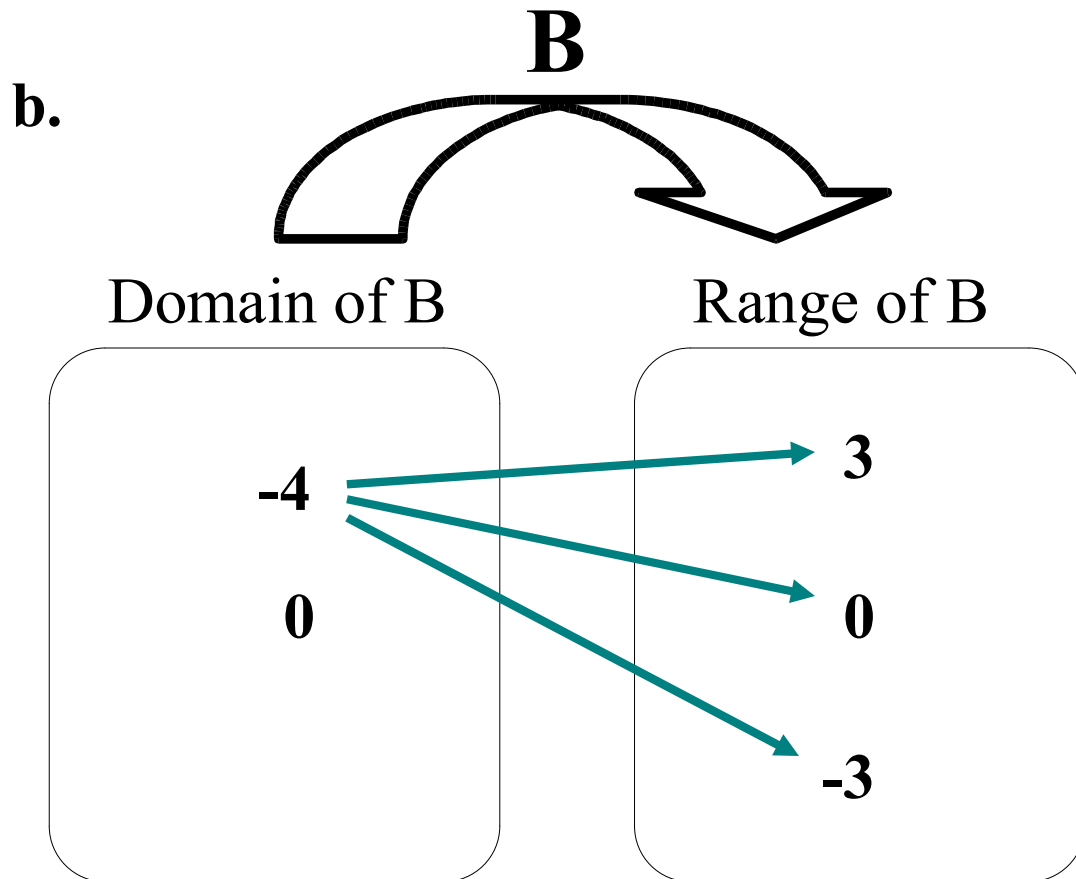


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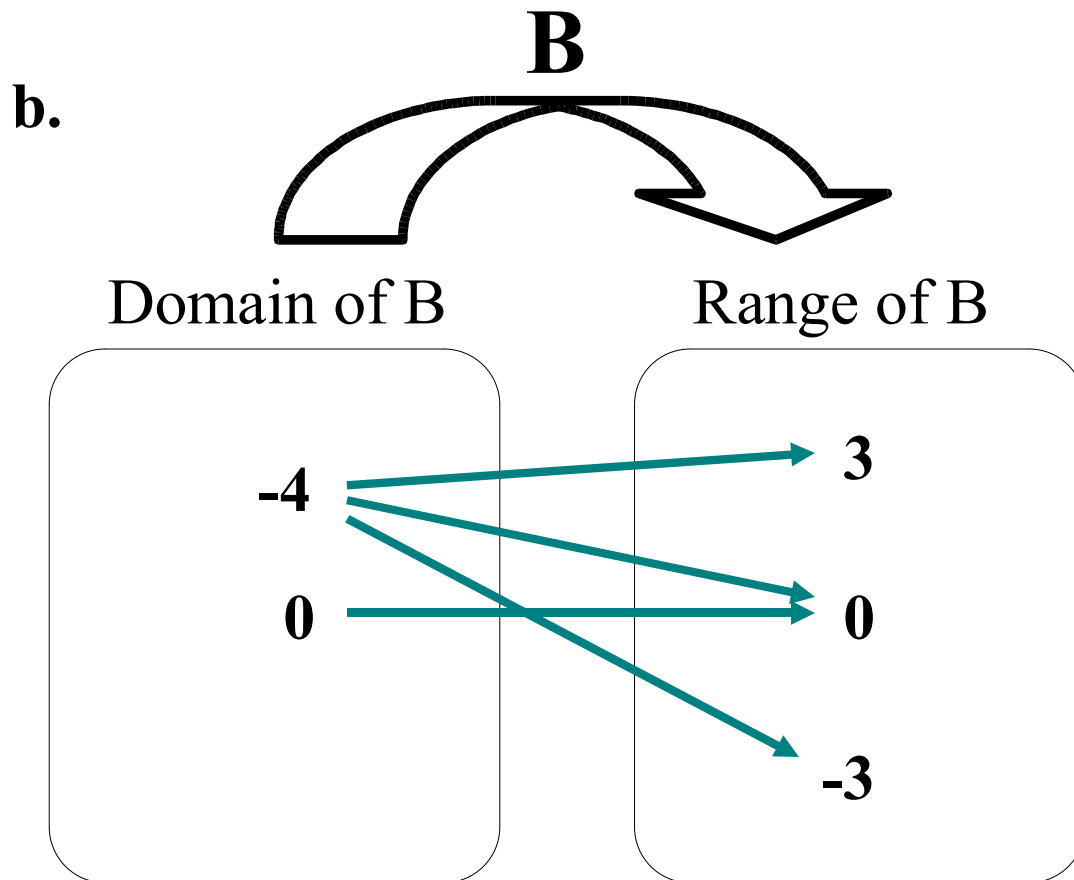


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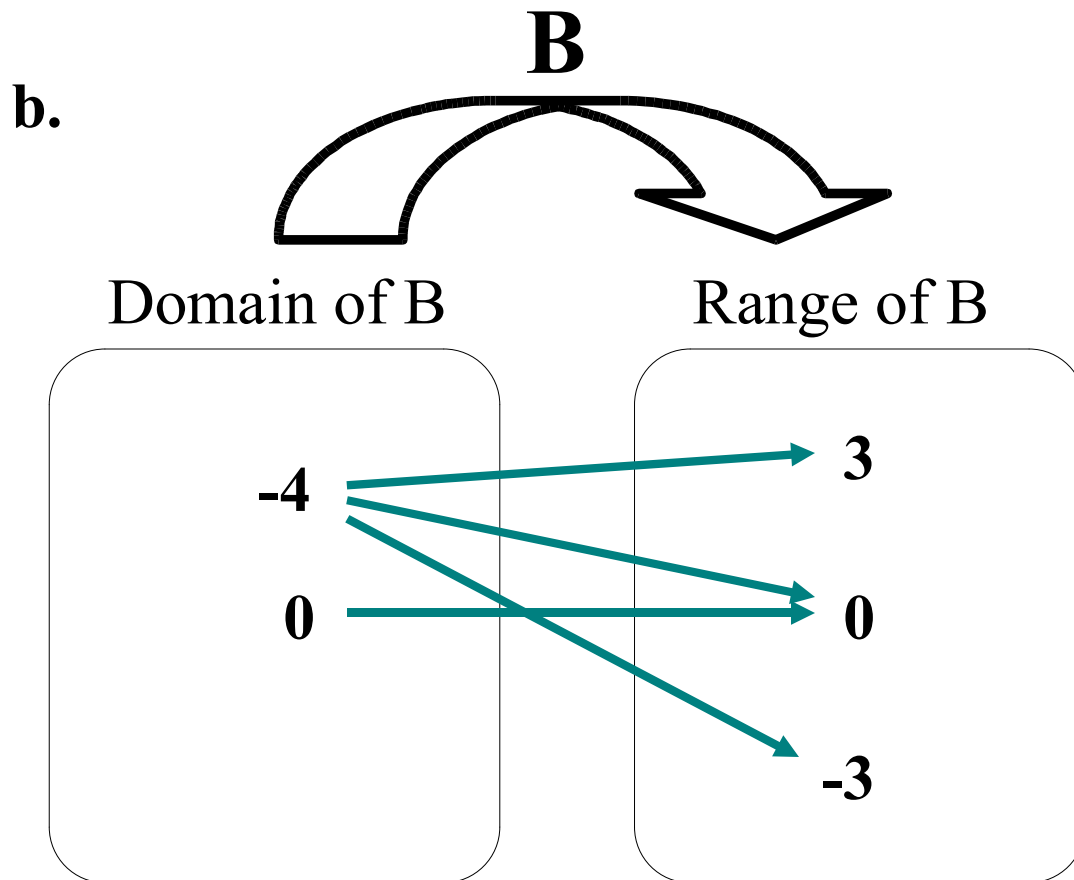


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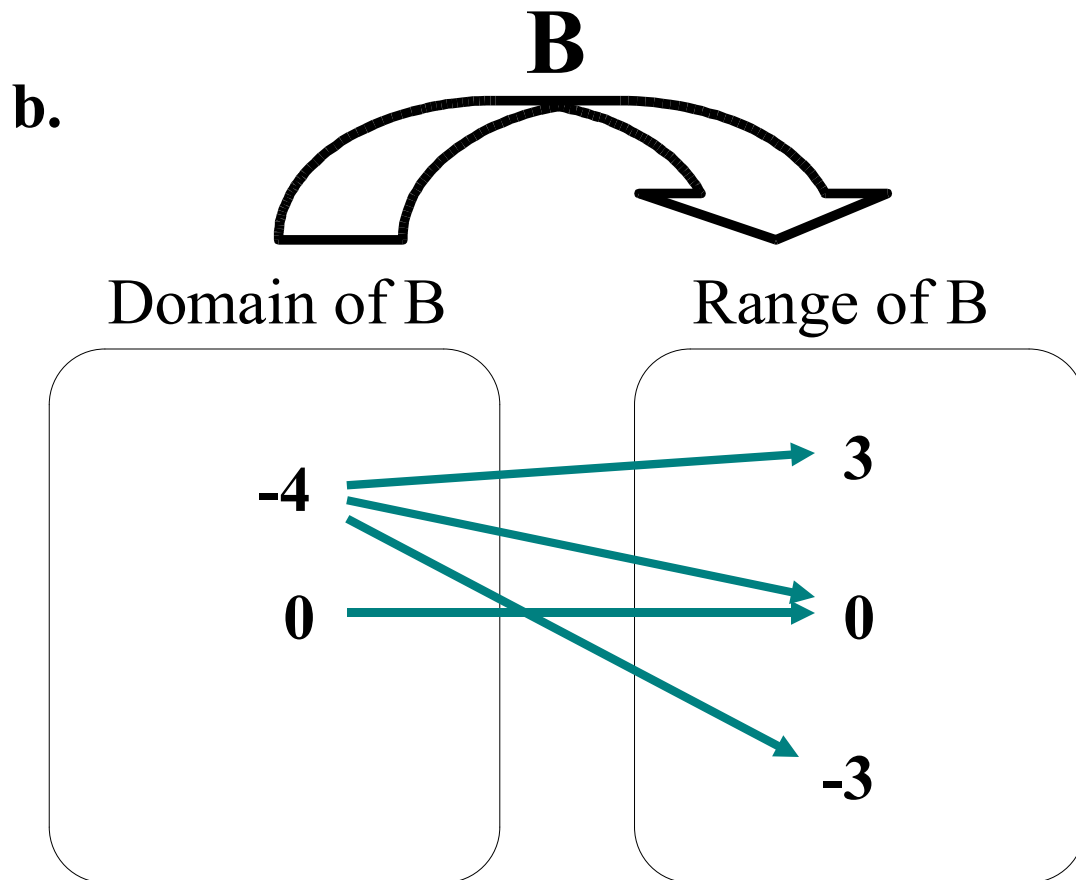


Relation: A relation is a set of ordered pairs.

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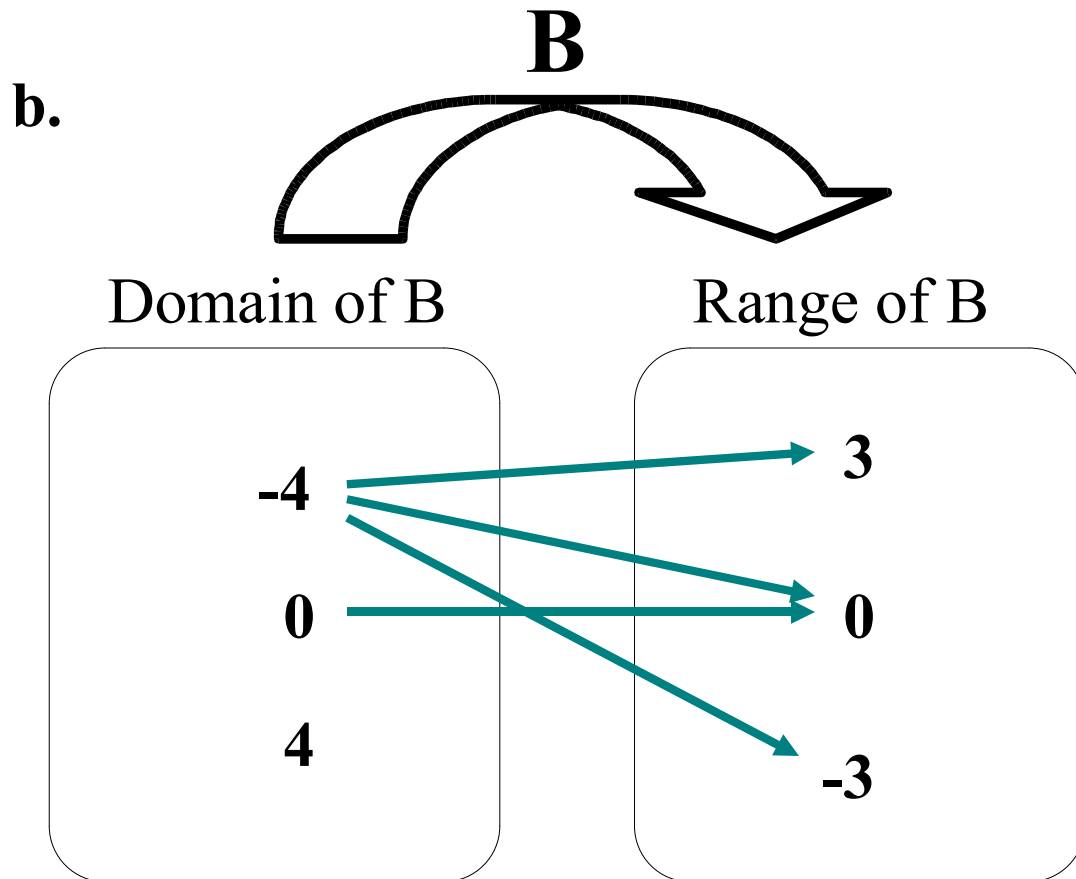


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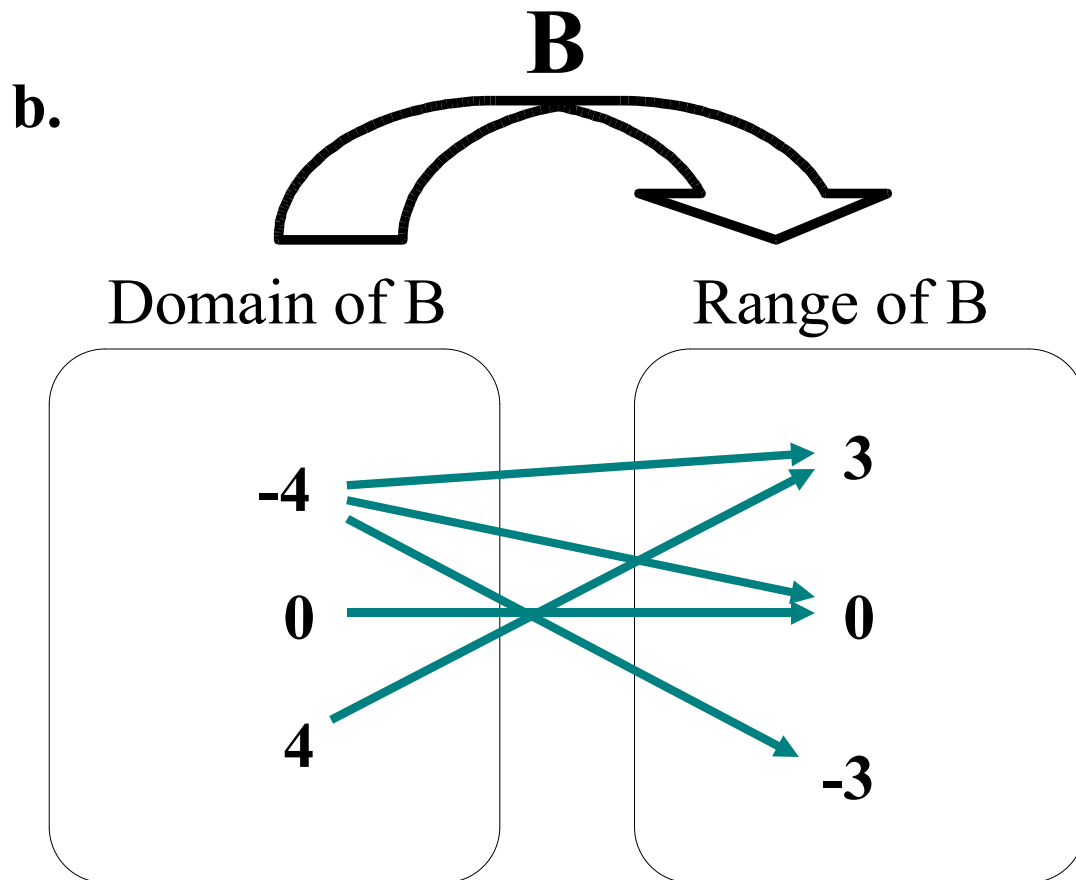


Relation: A relation is a set of ordered pairs.

A relation is given using the listing method in each problem.

(b) Complete the mapping diagram for the relation.

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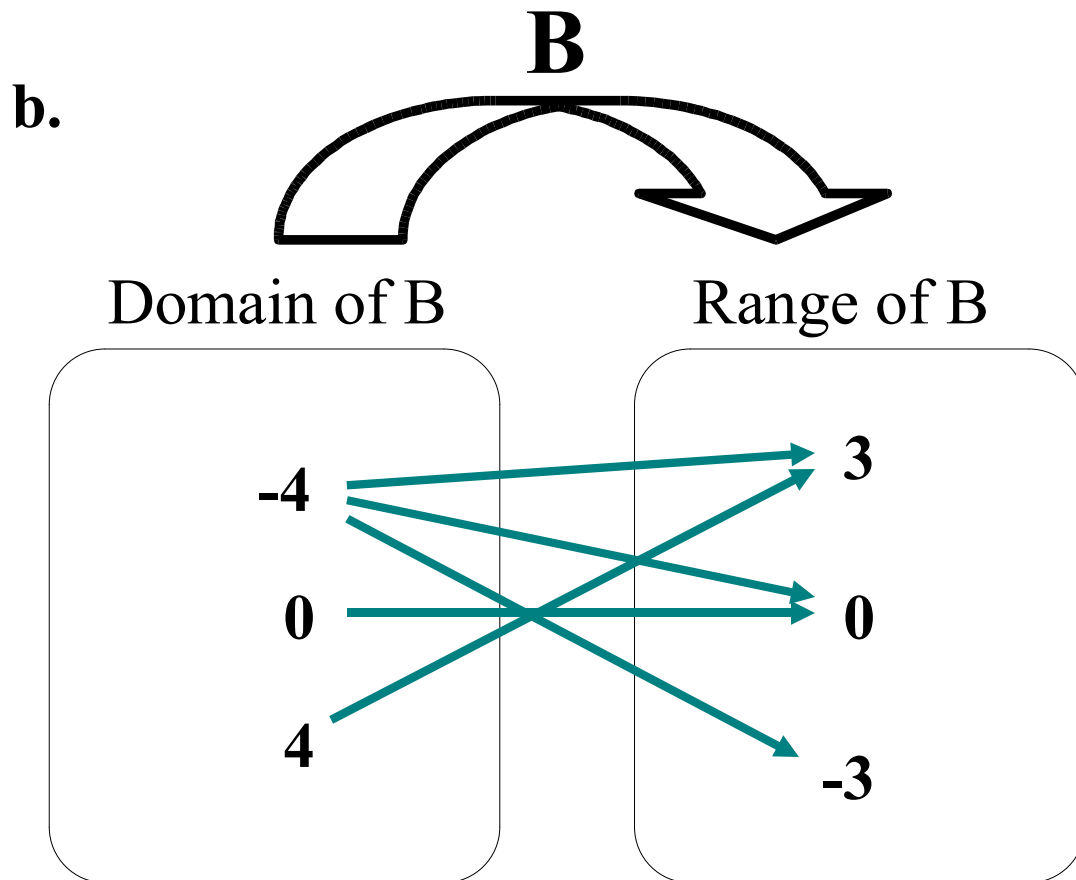


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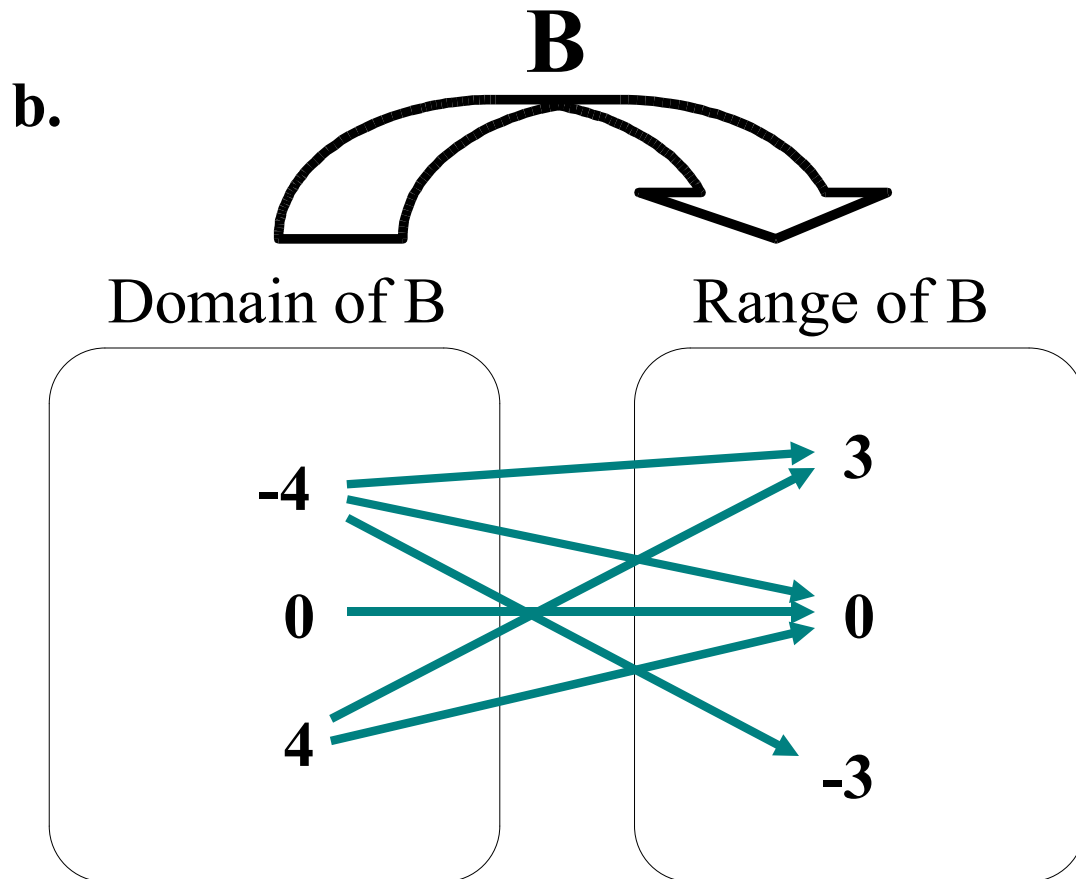


Relation: A relation is a set of ordered pairs.

A relation is given using the listing method in each problem.

(b) Complete the mapping diagram for the relation.

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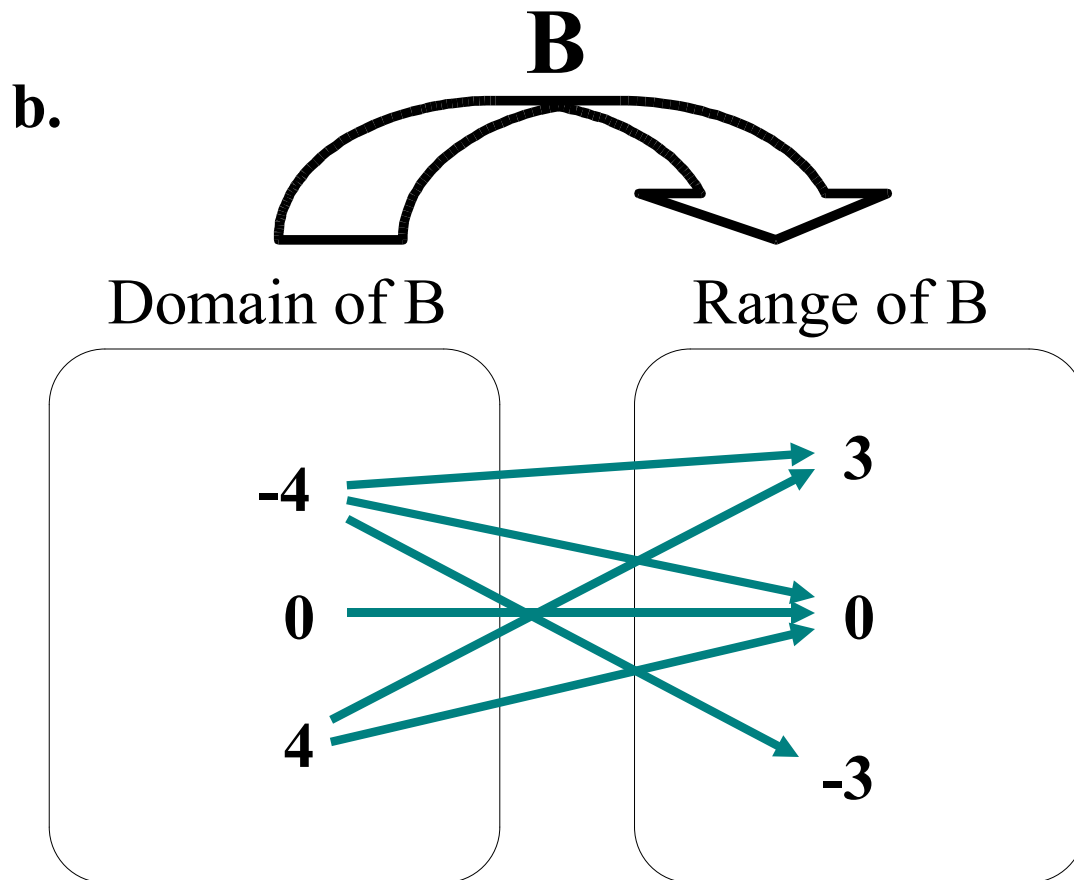


Relation: A relation is a set of ordered pairs.

A relation is given using the listing method in each problem.

(b) Complete the mapping diagram for the relation.

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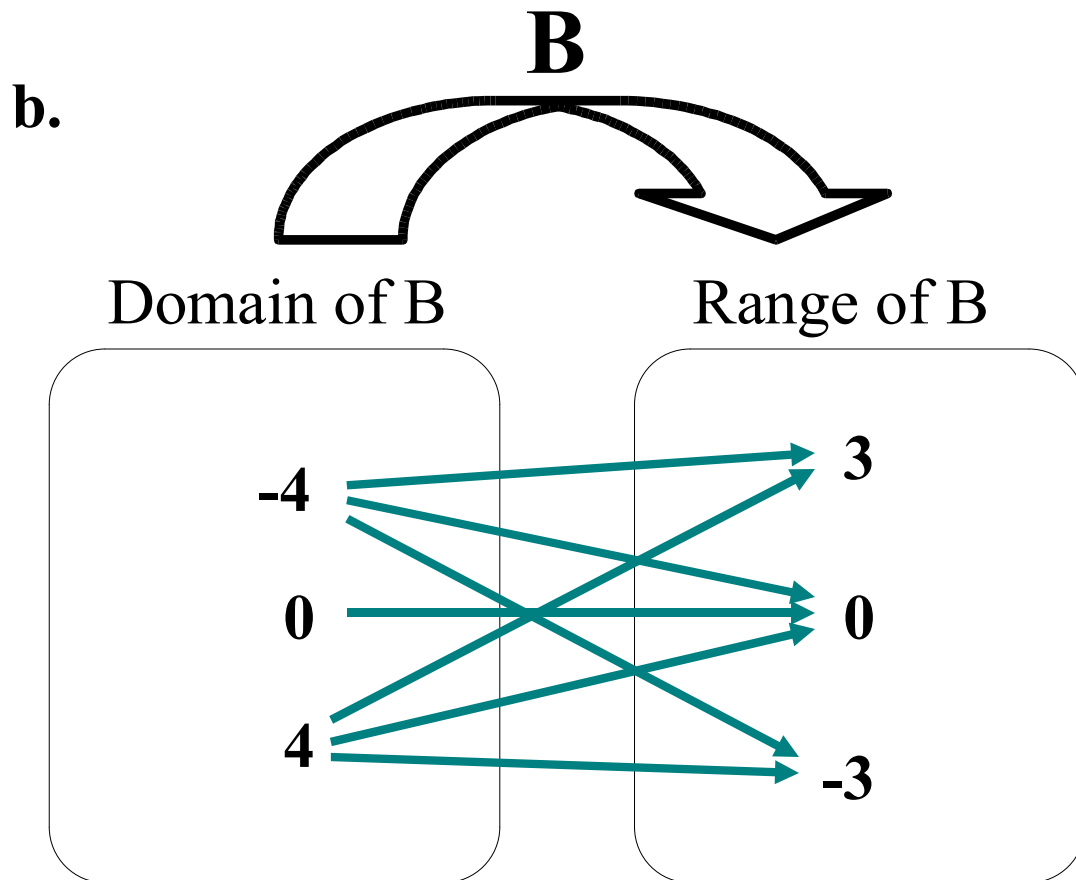


Relation: A relation is a set of ordered pairs.

A relation is given using the listing method in each problem.

(b) Complete the mapping diagram for the relation.

2. $B = \{(-4, 3), (-4, 0), (-4, -3), (0, 0), (4, 3), (4, 0), (4, -3)\}$

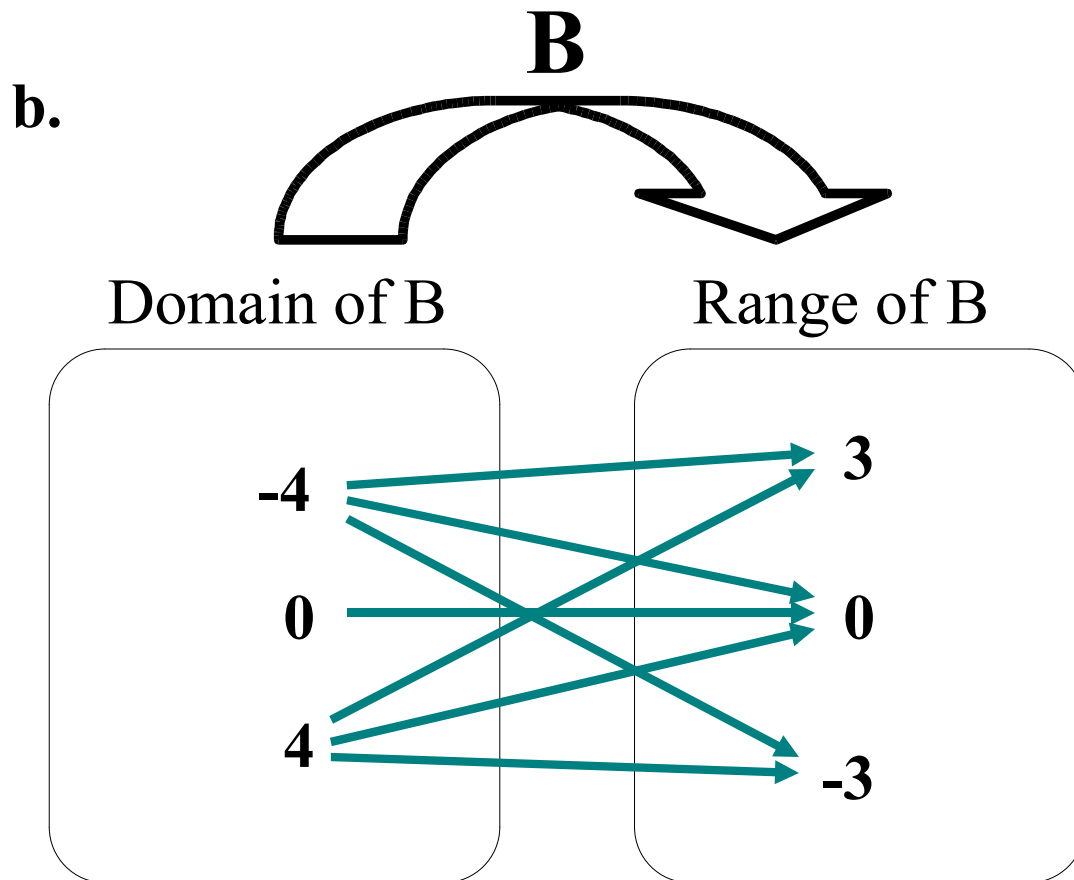


Relation: A relation is a set of ordered pairs.

A relation is given using the listing method in each problem.

(b) Complete the mapping diagram for the relation.

2. $B = \{(-4, 3), (-4, 0), (-4, -3), (0, 0), (4, 3), (4, 0), (4, -3)\}$



Relation: A relation is a set of ordered pairs.

A relation is given using a graph in each problem.

- (a) Describe the relation using the listing method.**
- (b) Complete the mapping diagram for the relation.**

Relation: A relation is a set of ordered pairs.

A relation is given using a graph in each problem.

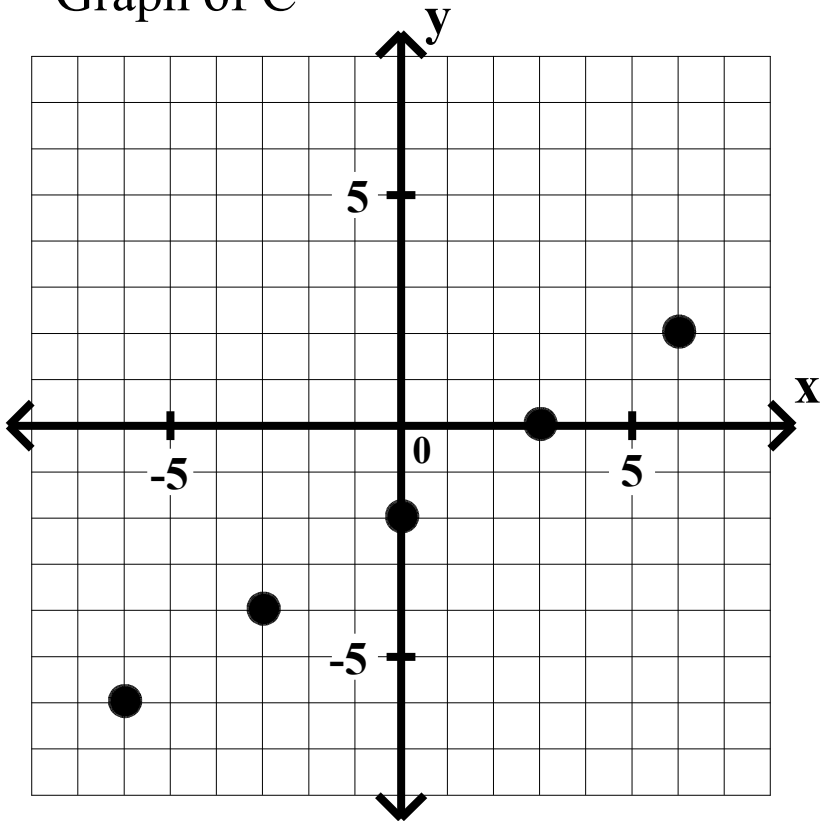
(a) Describe the relation using the listing method.

Relation: A relation is a set of ordered pairs.

A relation is given using a graph in each problem.

(a) Describe the relation using the listing method.

Graph of C



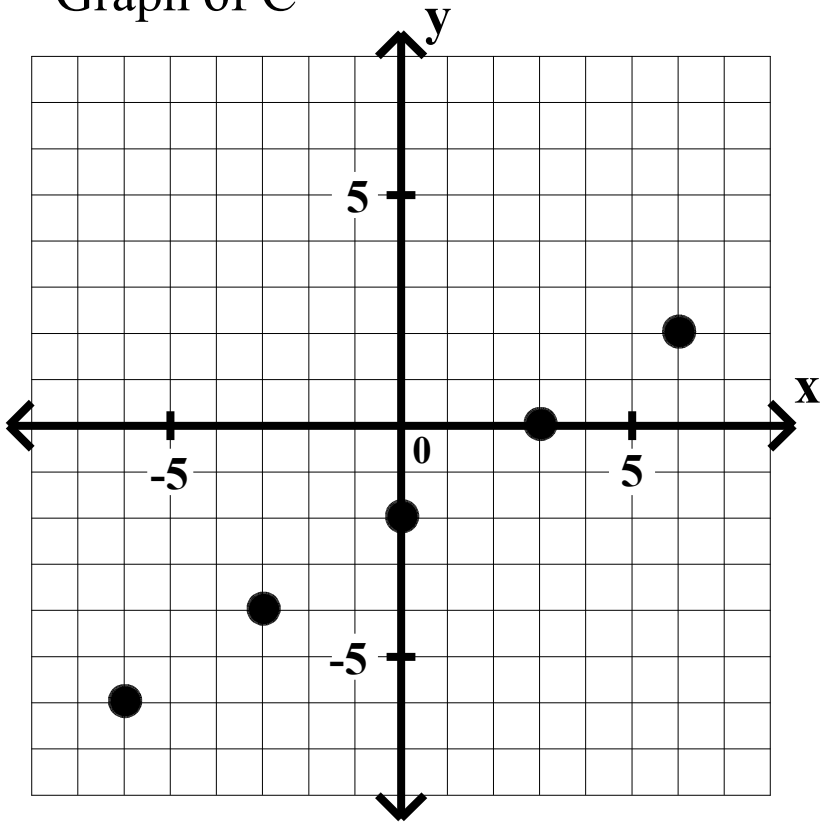
Relation: A relation is a set of ordered pairs.

A relation is given using a graph in each problem.

(a) Describe the relation using the listing method.

3. $C =$

Graph of C



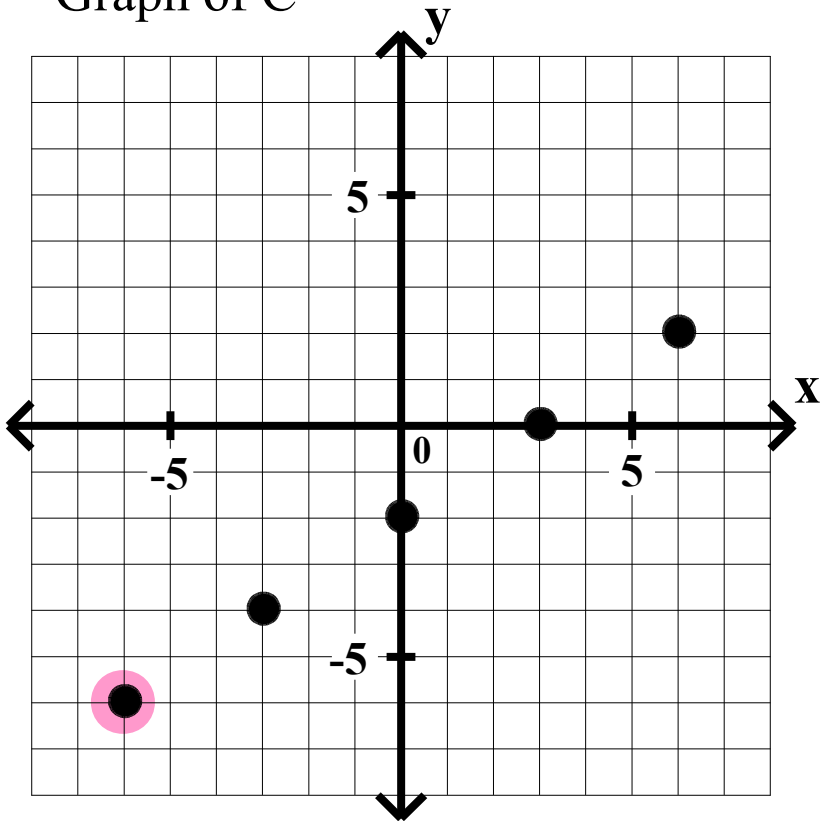
Relation: A relation is a set of ordered pairs.

A relation is given using a graph in each problem.

(a) Describe the relation using the listing method.

3. $C =$

Graph of C



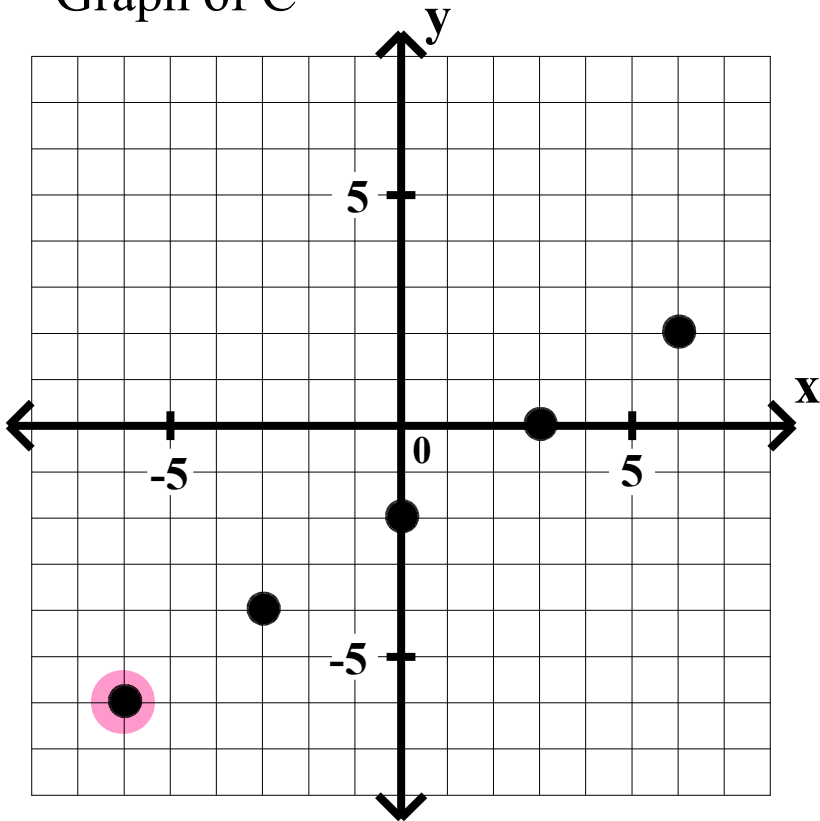
Relation: A relation is a set of ordered pairs.

A relation is given using a graph in each problem.

(a) Describe the relation using the listing method.

3. $C = \{$

Graph of C



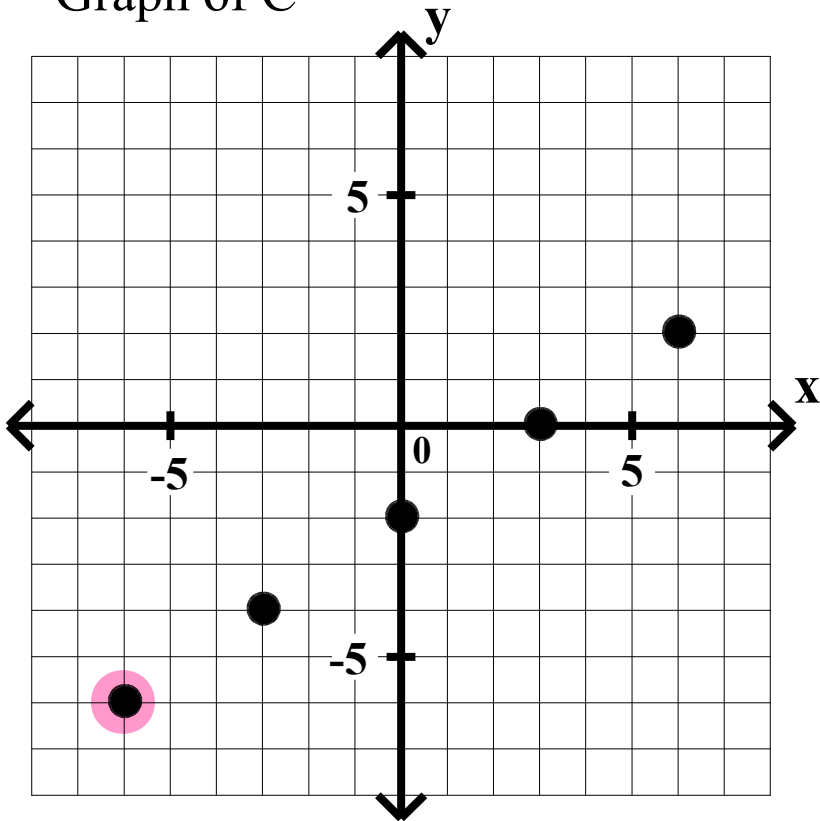
Relation: A relation is a set of ordered pairs.

A relation is given using a graph in each problem.

(a) Describe the relation using the listing method.

3. $C = \{ (-6$

Graph of C



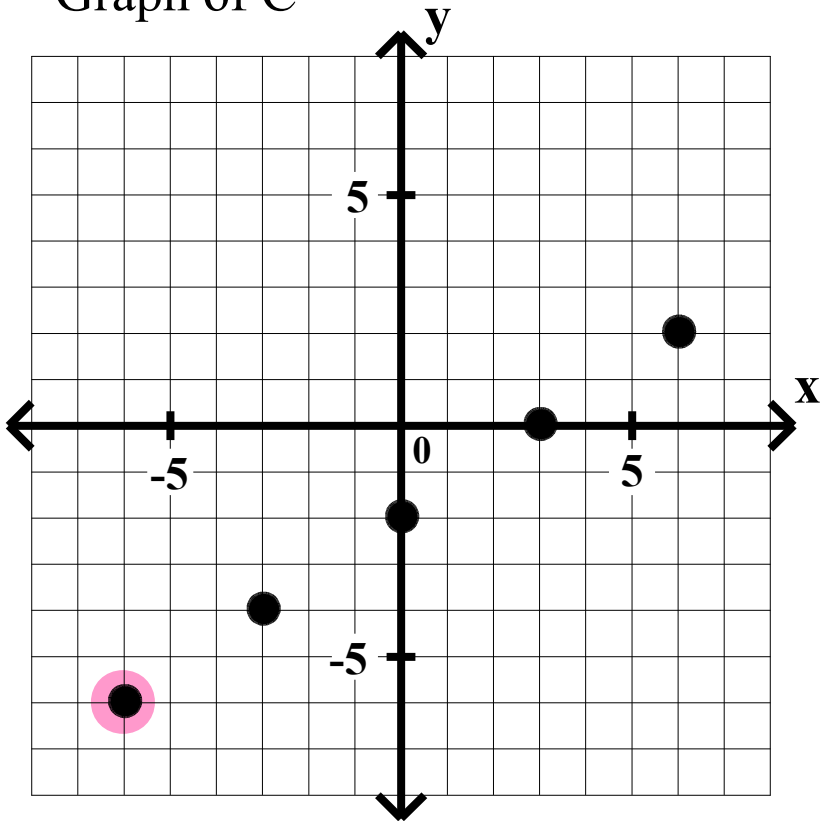
Relation: A relation is a set of ordered pairs.

A relation is given using a graph in each problem.

(a) Describe the relation using the listing method.

3. $C = \{ (-6, -6) \}$

Graph of C



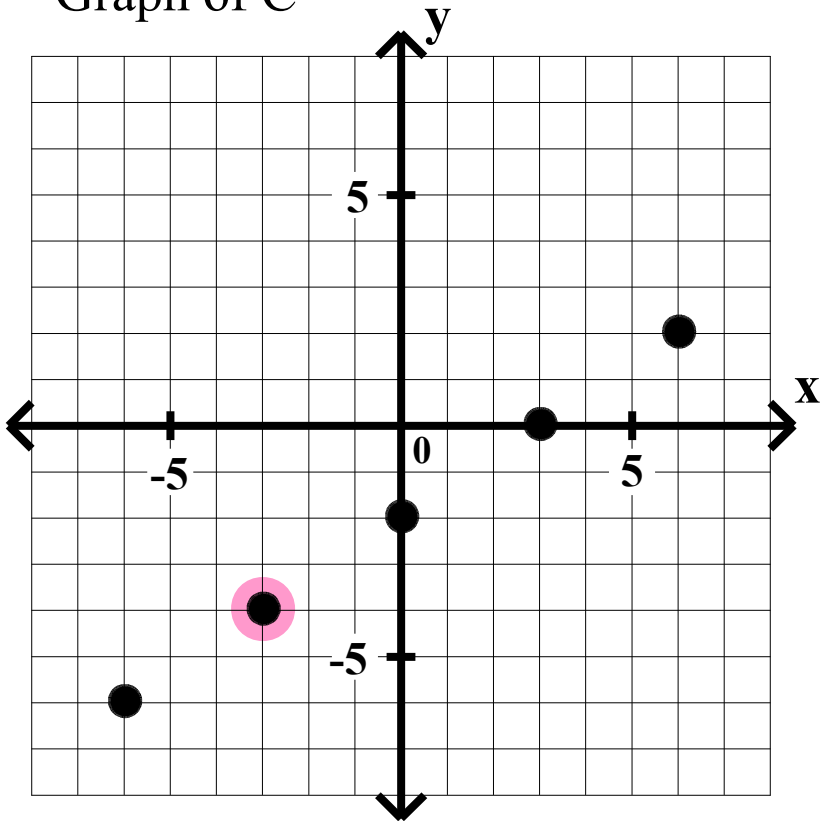
Relation: A relation is a set of ordered pairs.

A relation is given using a graph in each problem.

(a) Describe the relation using the listing method.

3. $C = \{ (-6, -6) \}$

Graph of C



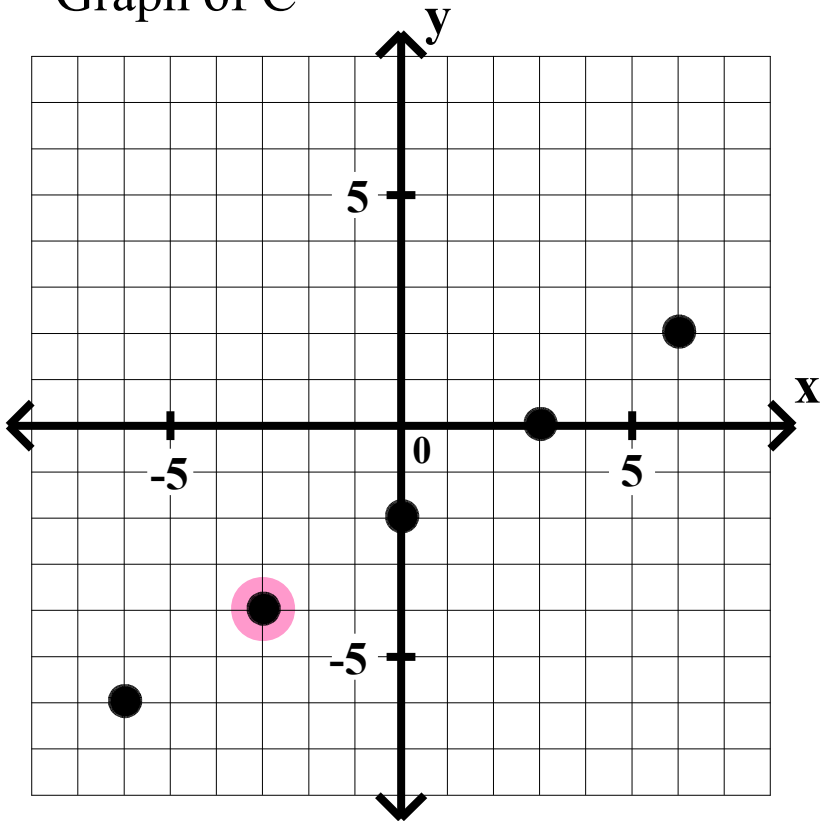
Relation: A relation is a set of ordered pairs.

A relation is given using a graph in each problem.

(a) Describe the relation using the listing method.

3. $C = \{ (-6, -6) ,$

Graph of C



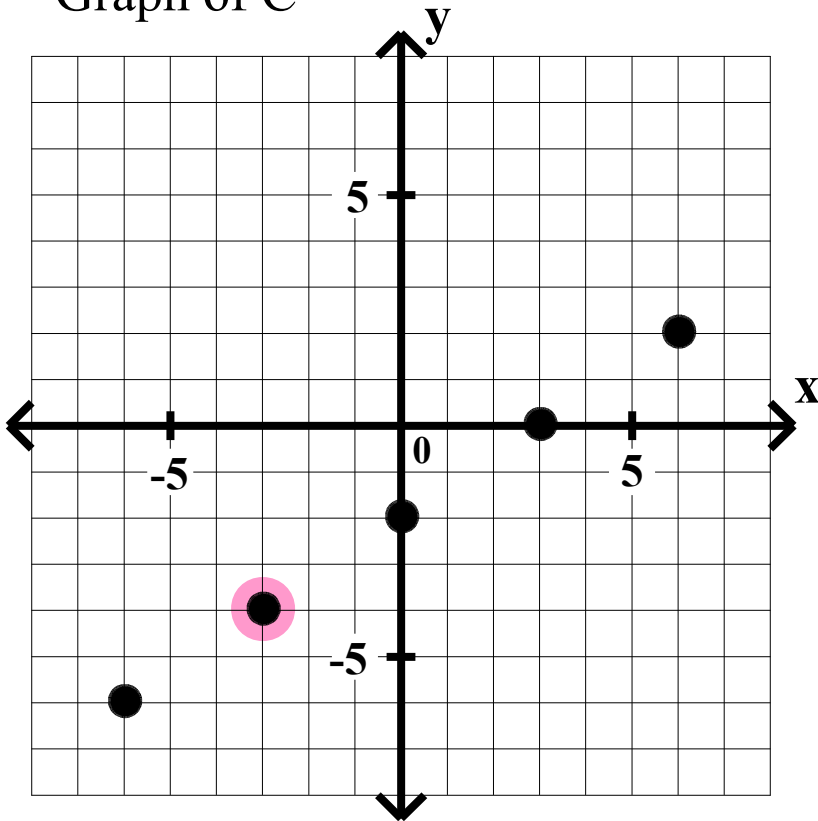
Relation: A relation is a set of ordered pairs.

A relation is given using a graph in each problem.

(a) Describe the relation using the listing method.

3. $C = \{ (-6, -6), (-3,$

Graph of C



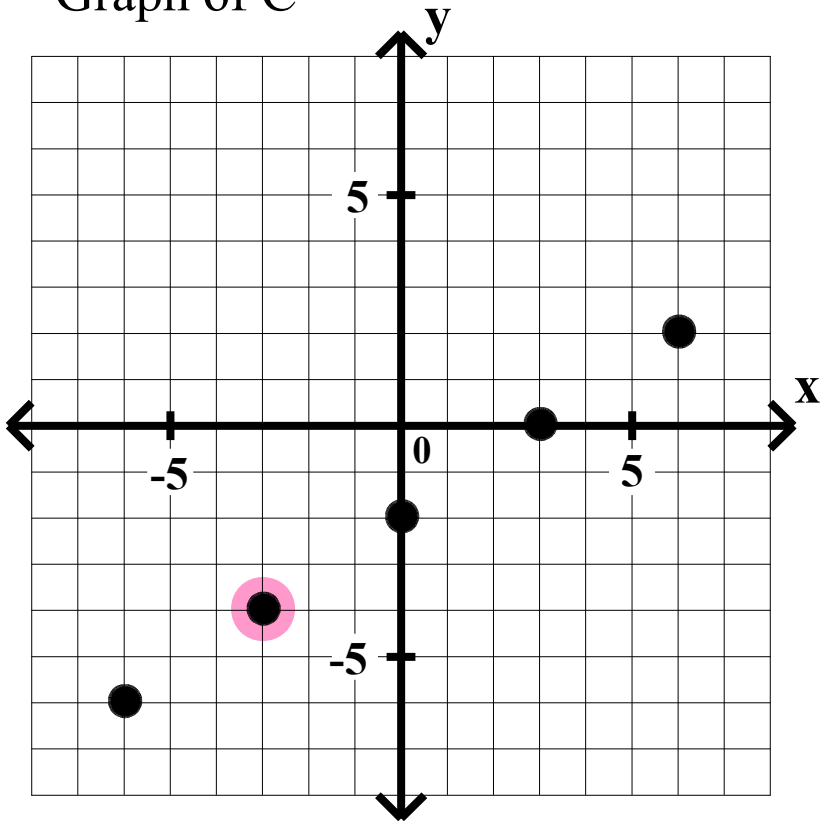
Relation: A relation is a set of ordered pairs.

A relation is given using a graph in each problem.

(a) Describe the relation using the listing method.

3. $C = \{ (-6, -6), (-3, -4) \}$

Graph of C



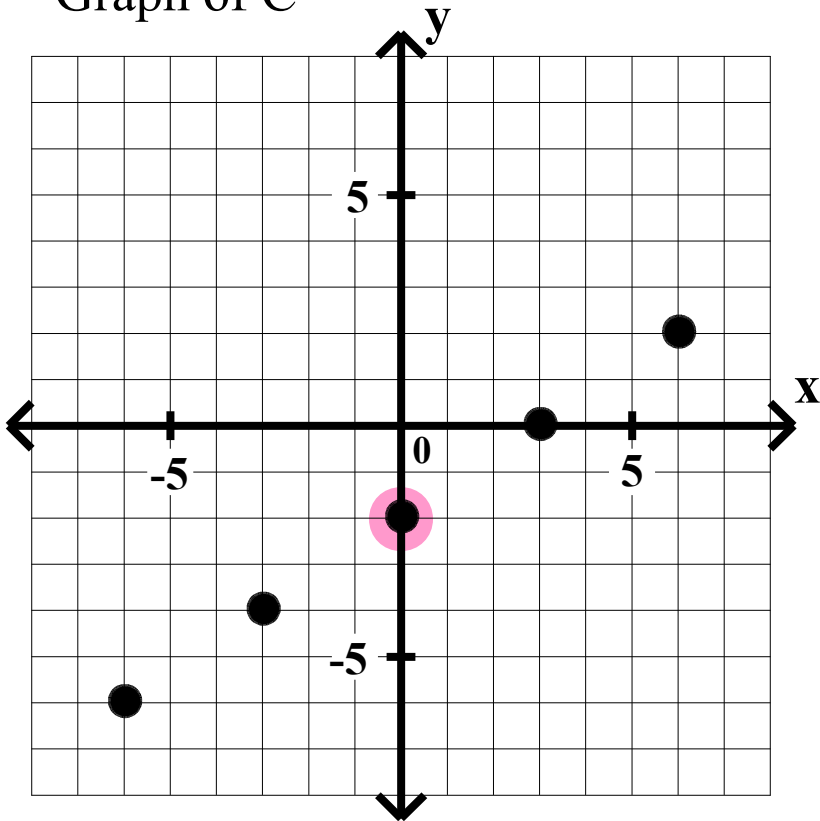
Relation: A relation is a set of ordered pairs.

A relation is given using a graph in each problem.

(a) Describe the relation using the listing method.

3. $C = \{ (-6, -6), (-3, -4) \}$

Graph of C



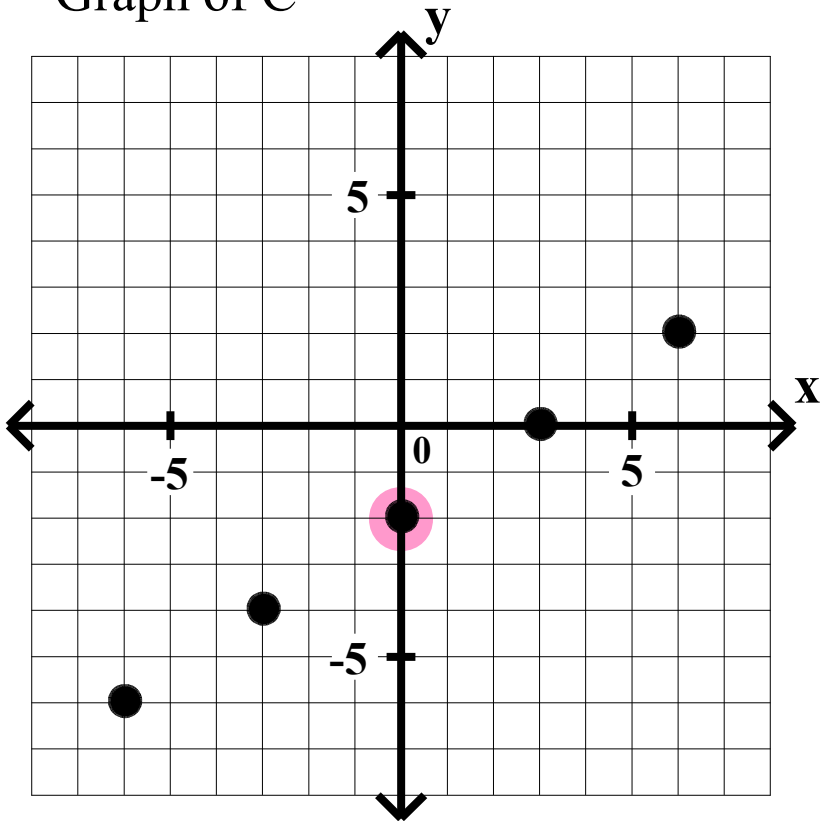
Relation: A relation is a set of ordered pairs.

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Graph of C



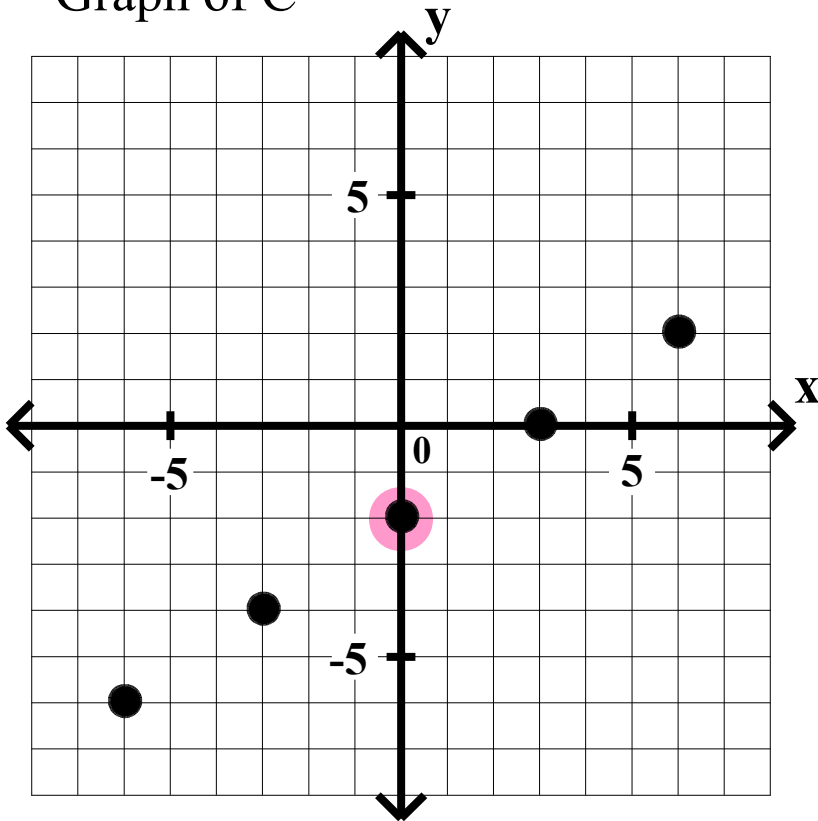
Relation: A relation is a set of ordered pairs.

A relation is given using a graph in each problem.

(a) Describe the relation using the listing method.

3. $C = \{ (-6, -6), (-3, -4), (0,$

Graph of C



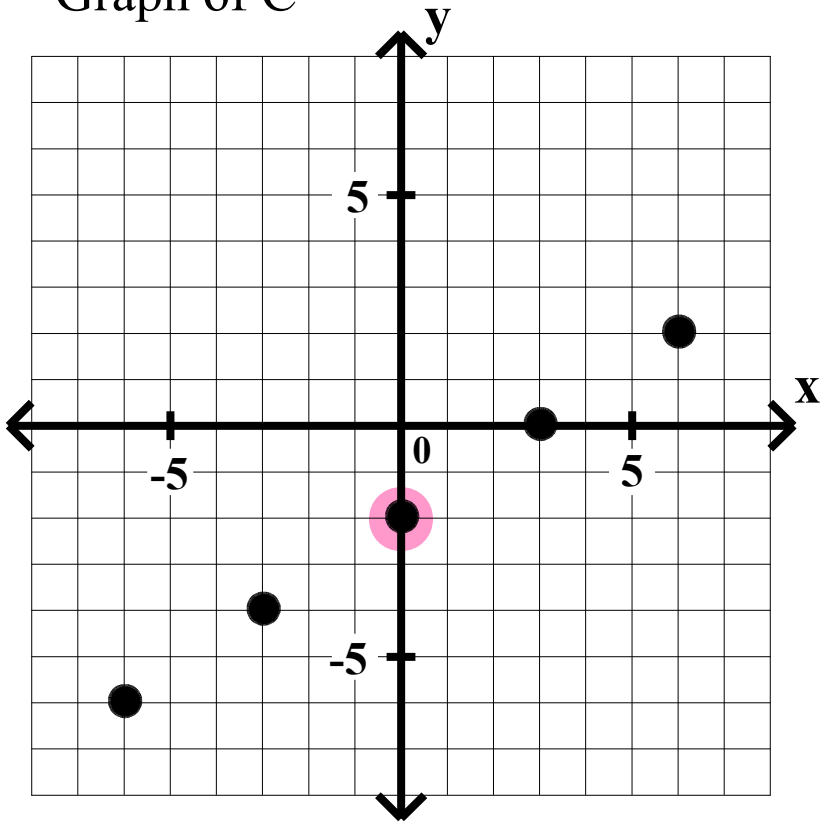
Relation: A relation is a set of ordered pairs.

A relation is given using a graph in each problem.

(a) Describe the relation using the listing method.

3. $C = \{ (-6, -6), (-3, -4), (0, -2) \}$

Graph of C



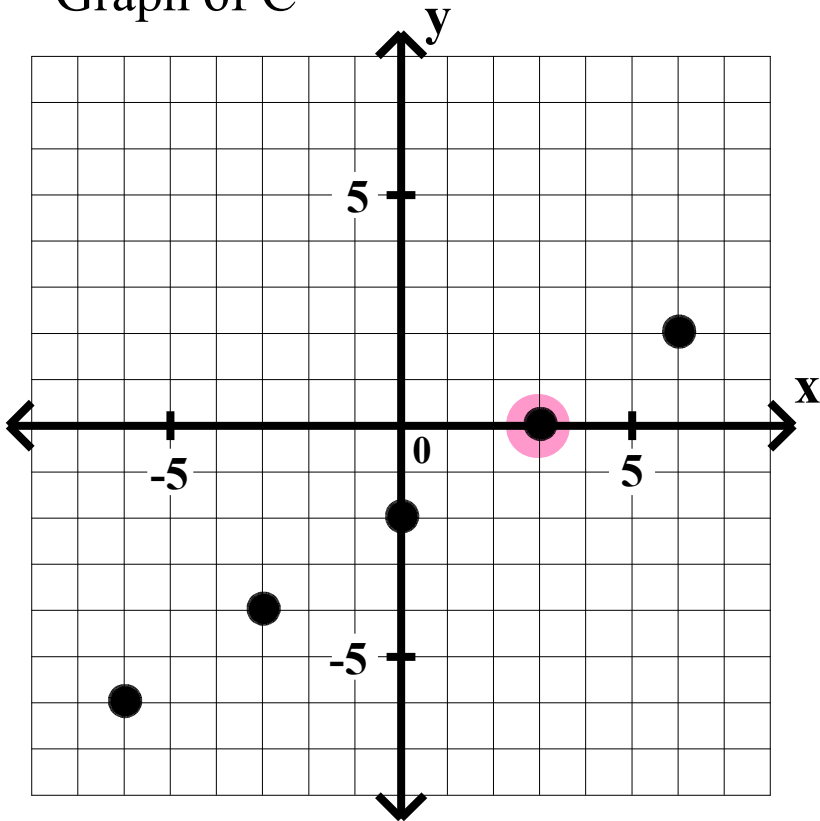
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Graph of C



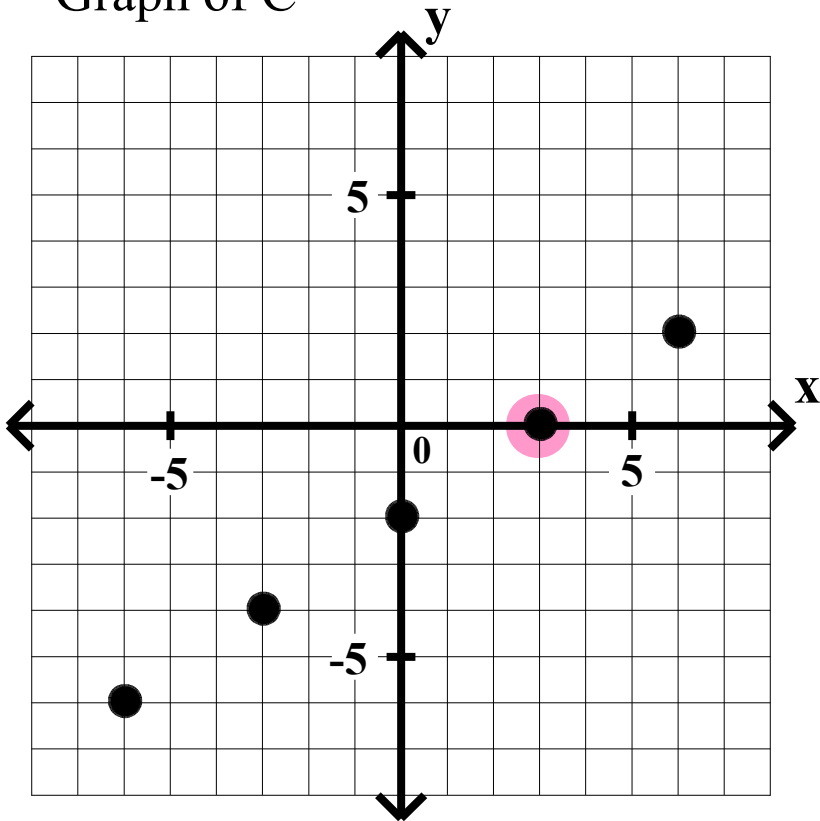
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Graph of C



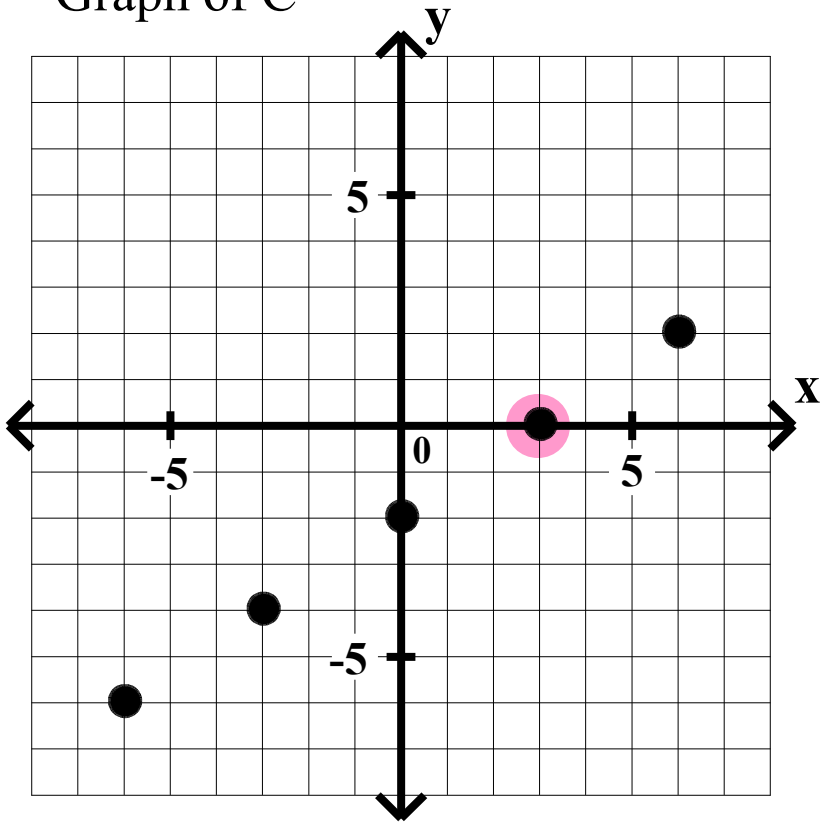
Relation: A relation is a set of ordered pairs.

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Graph of C



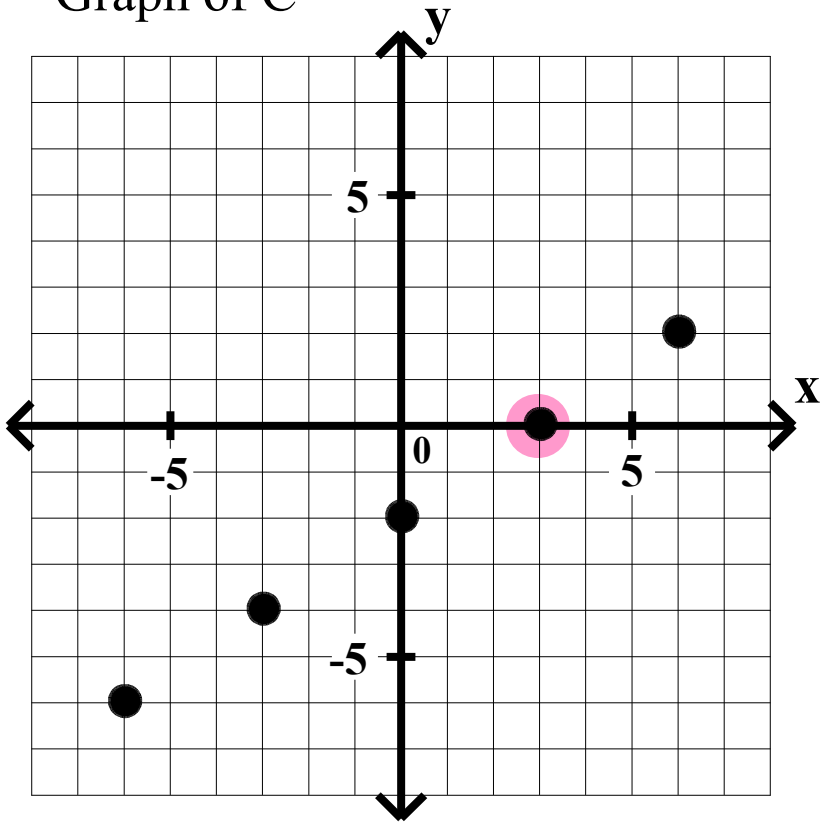
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Graph of C



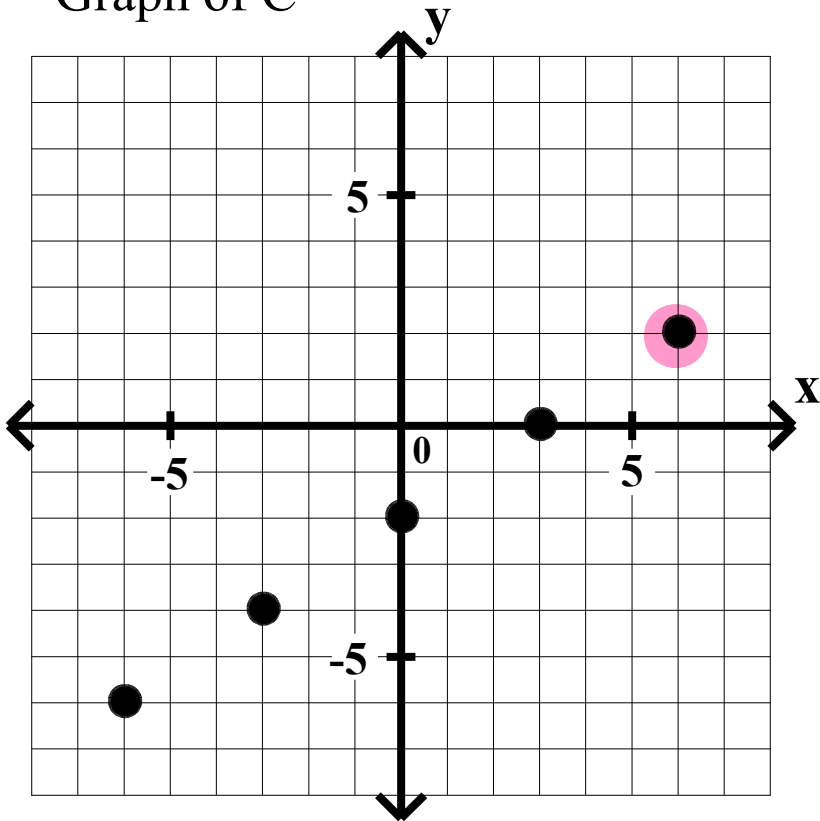
Relation: A relation is a set of ordered pairs.

A relation is given using a graph in each problem.

(a) Describe the relation using the listing method.

3. $C = \{ (-6, -6), (-3, -4), (0, -2), (3, 0) \}$

Graph of C



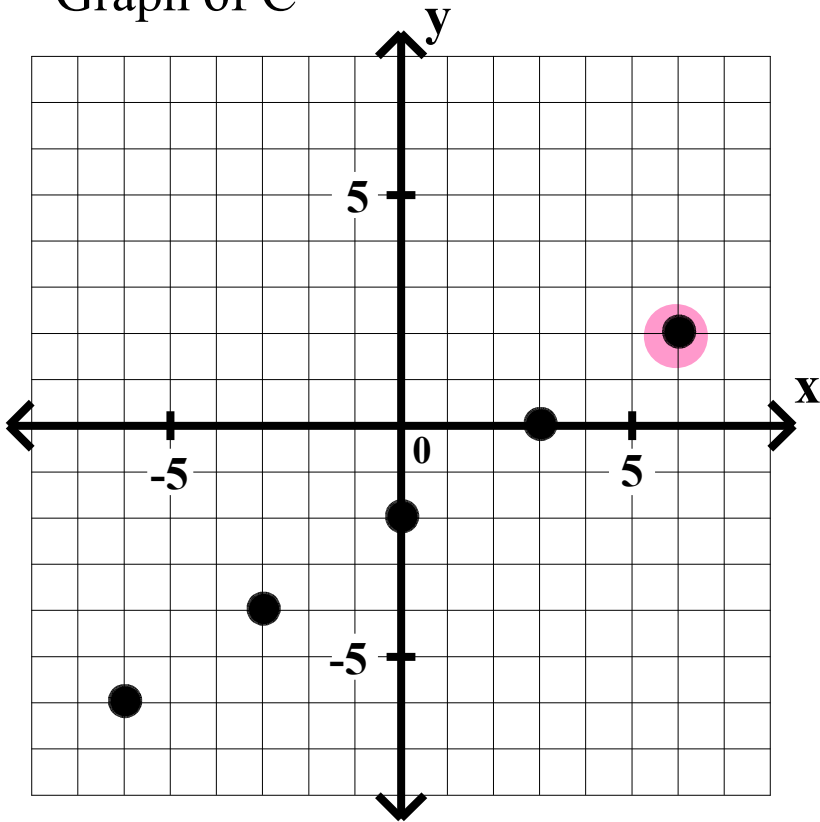
Relation: A relation is a set of ordered pairs.

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Graph of C



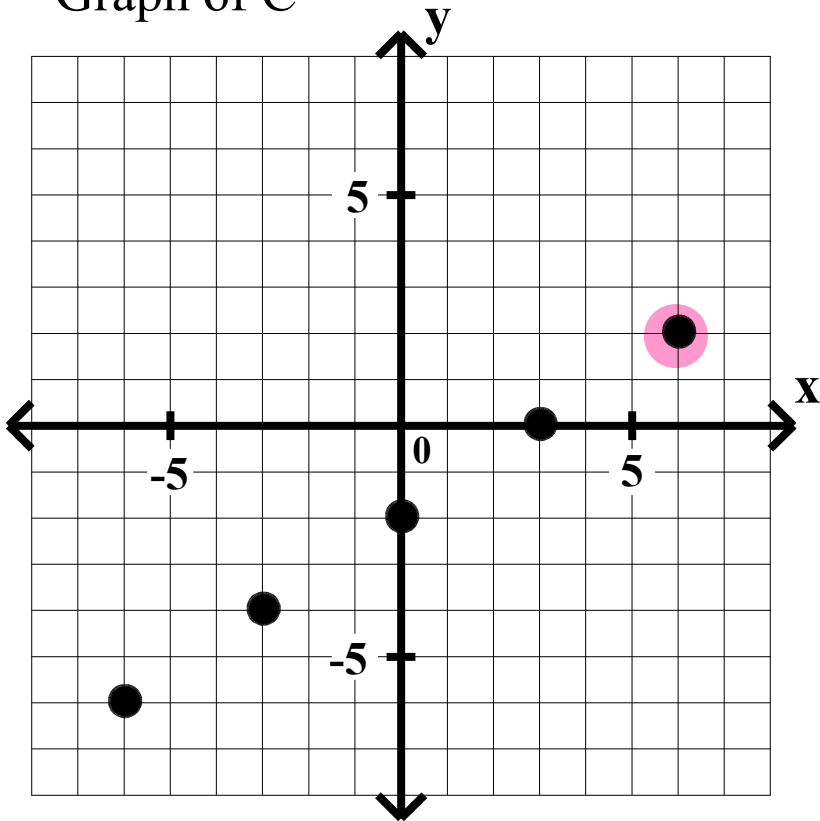
Relation: A relation is a set of ordered pairs.

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(a) Describe the relation using the listing method.

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Graph of C



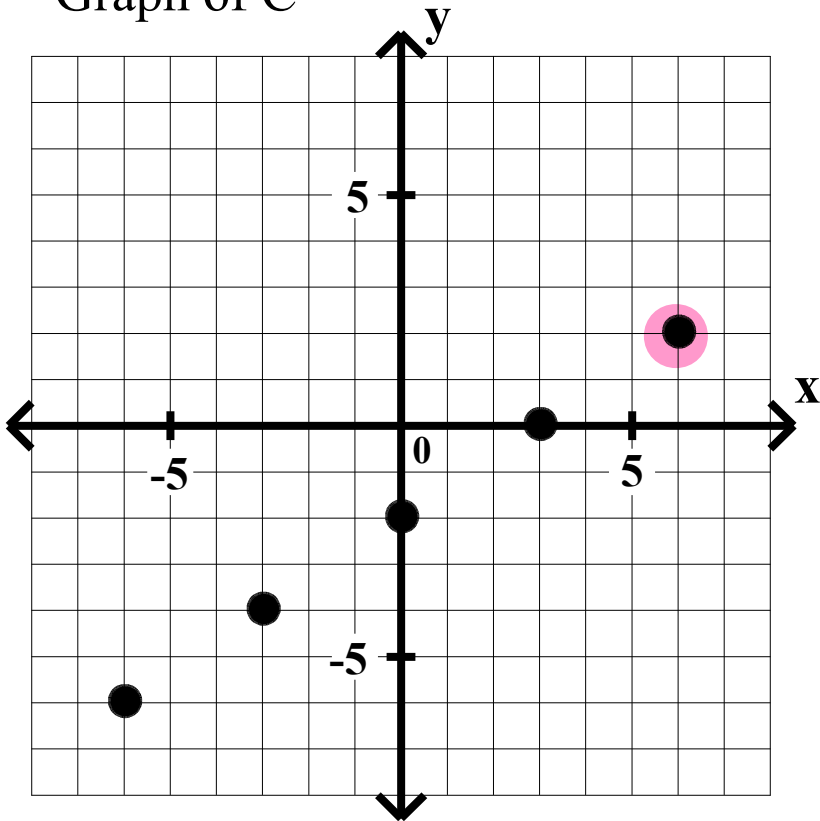
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(a) Describe the relation using the listing method.

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Graph of C



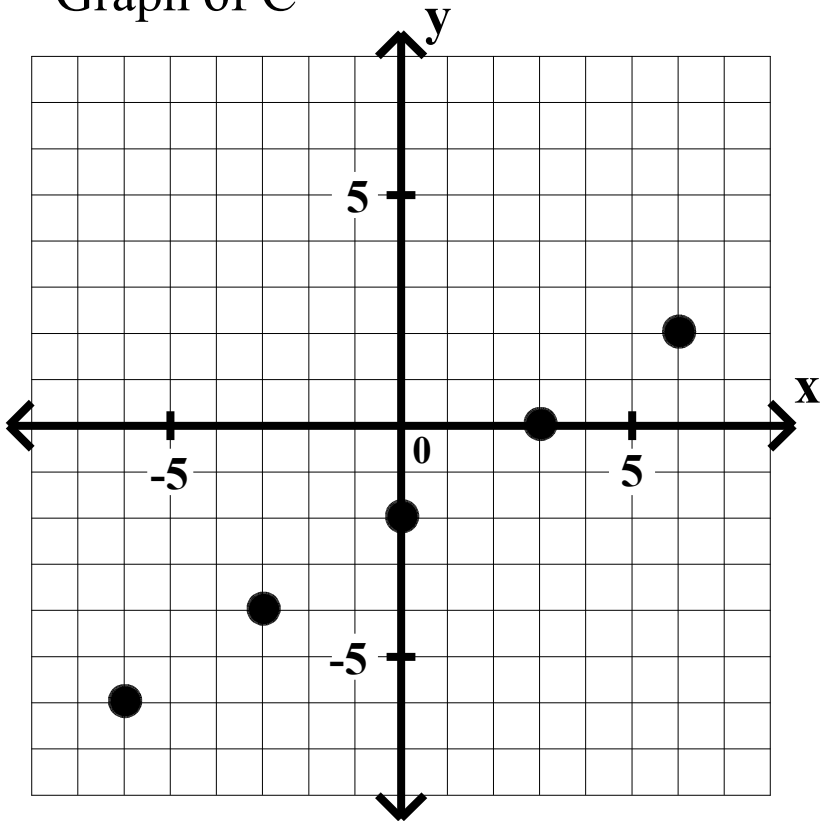
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Graph of C



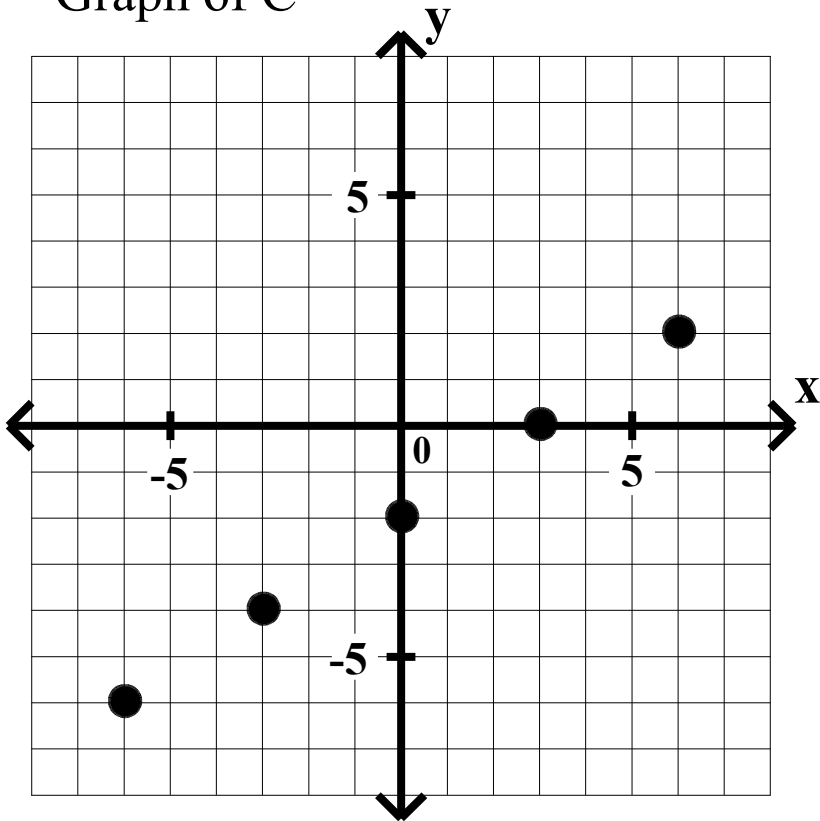
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Graph of C



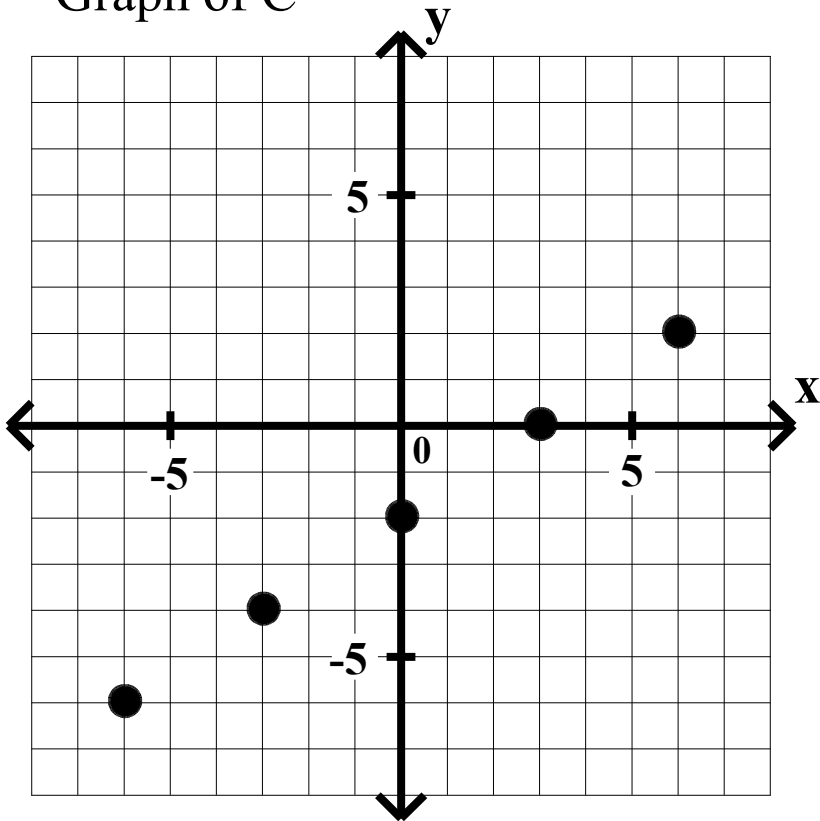
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Graph of C



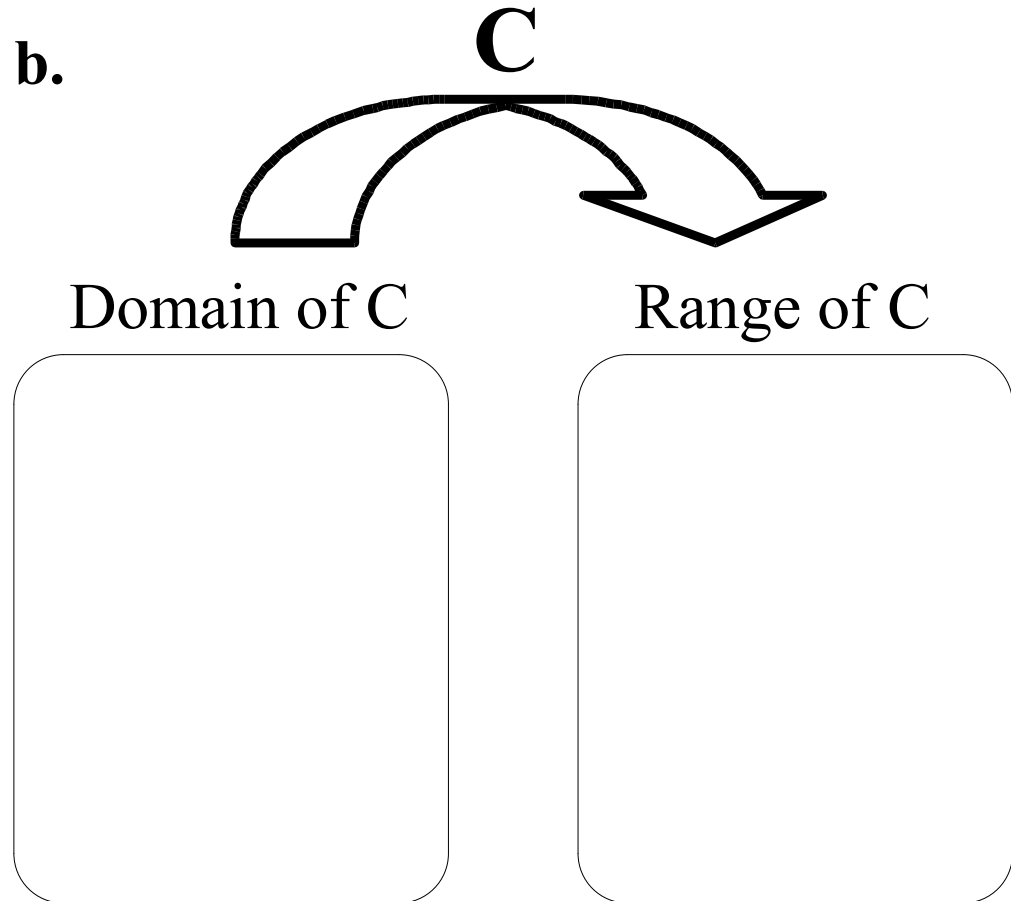
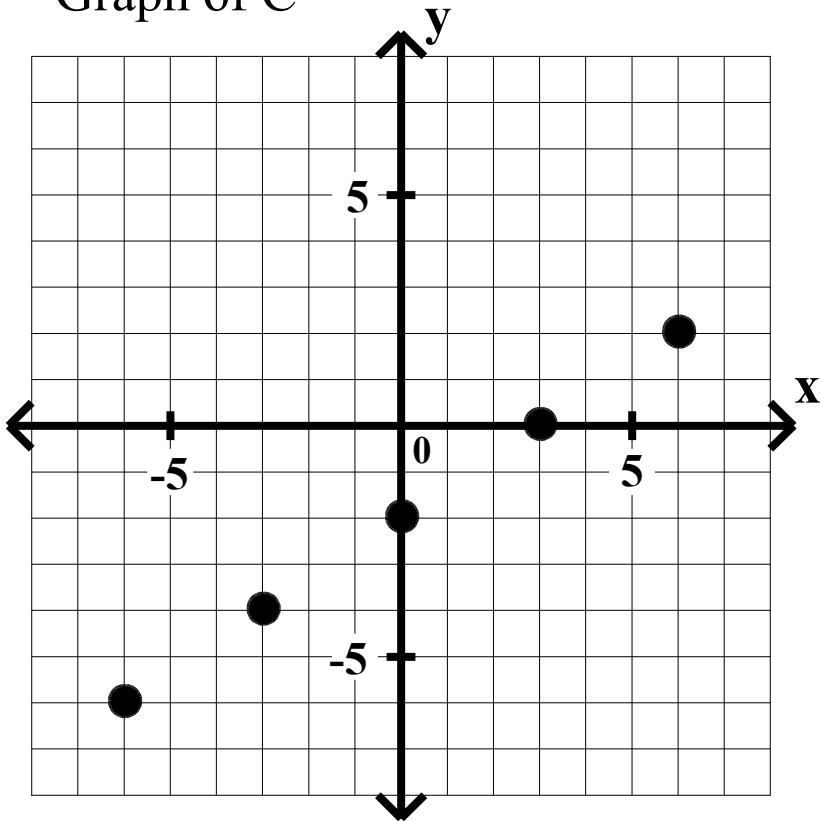
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Graph of C



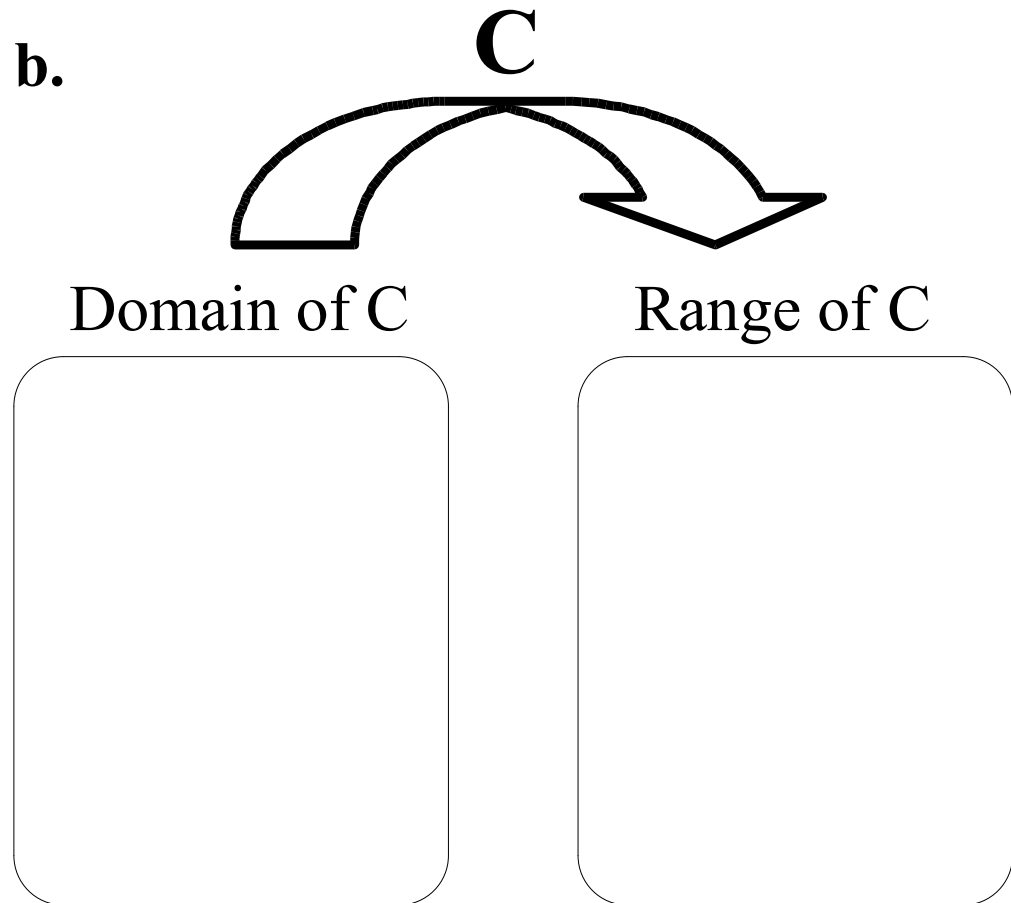
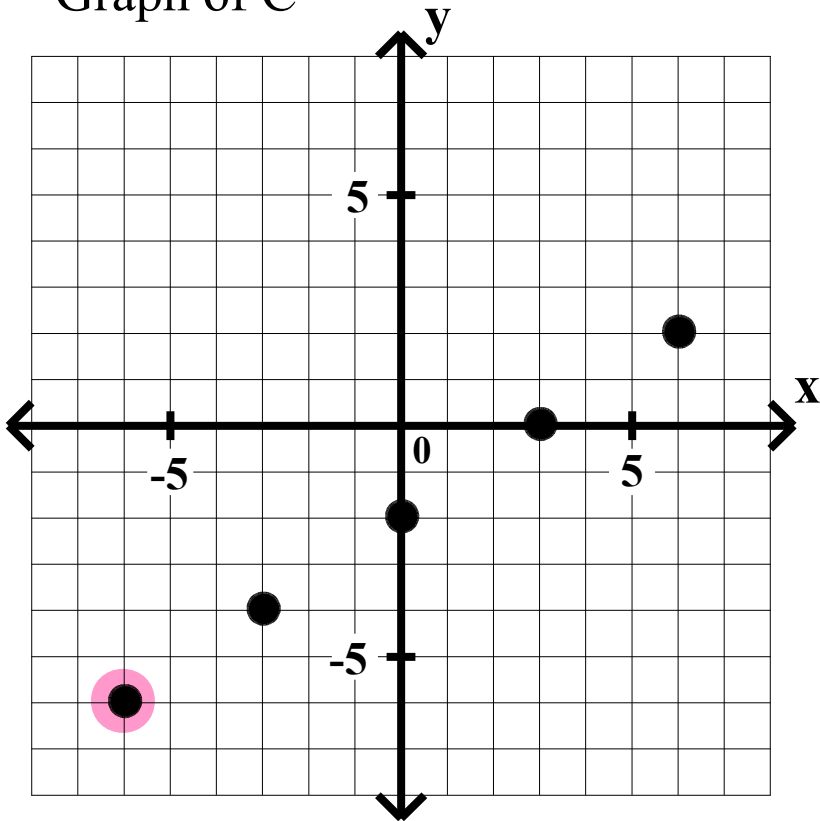
Relation: A relation is a set of ordered pairs.

A relation is given using a graph in each problem.

(b) Complete the mapping diagram for the relation.

3. $C = \{ (-6, -6), (-3, -4), (0, -2), (3, 0), (6, 2) \}$

Graph of C



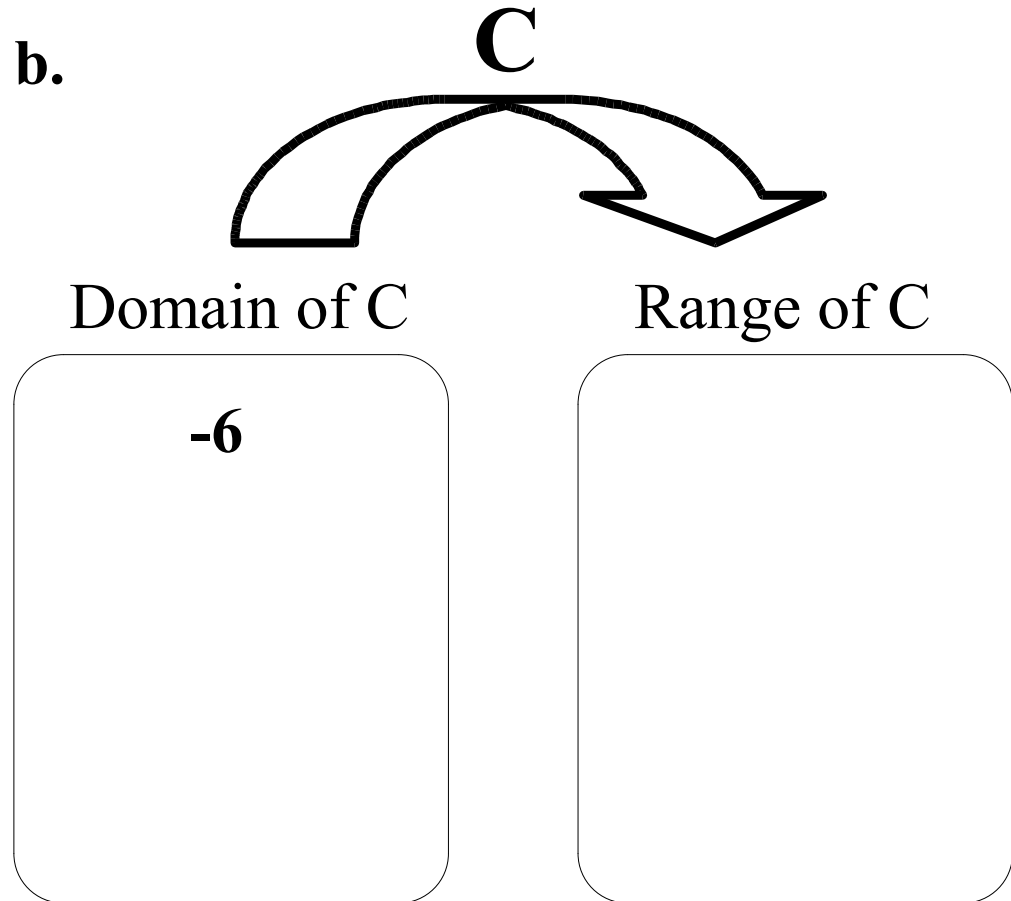
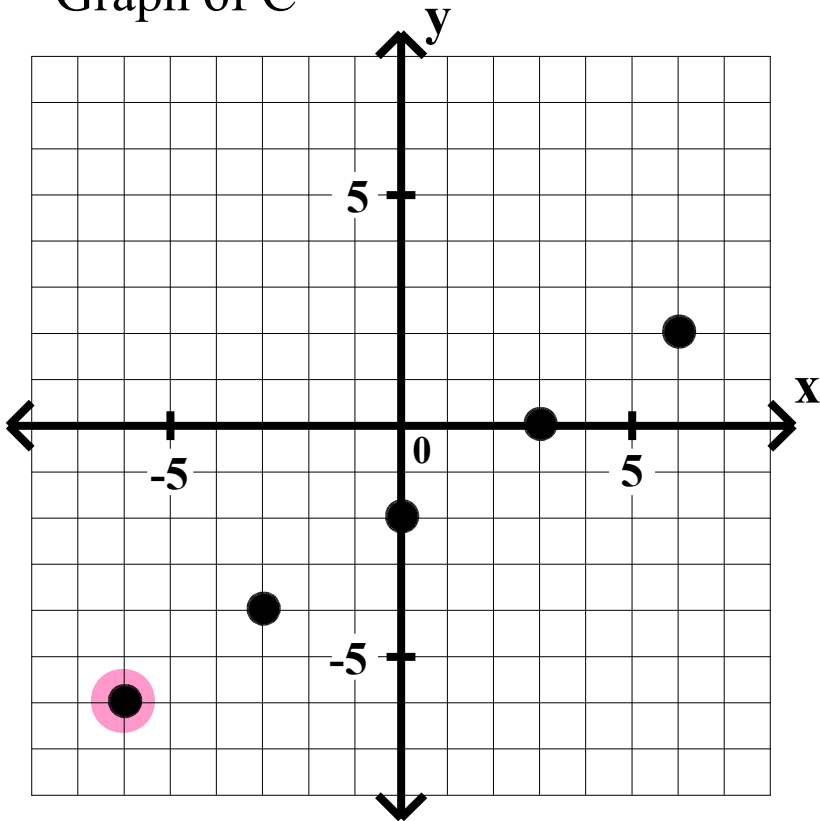
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3. $C = \{ (-6, -6), (-3, -4), (0, -2), (3, 0), (6, 2) \}$

Graph of C



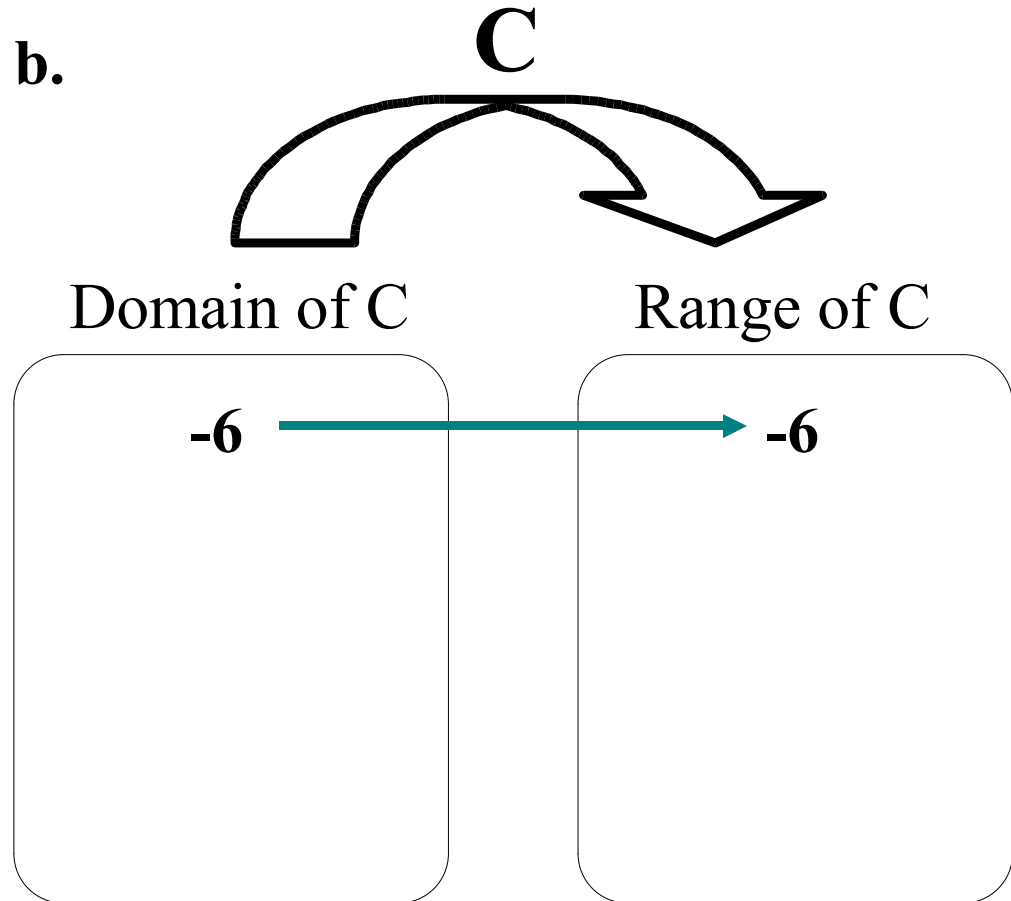
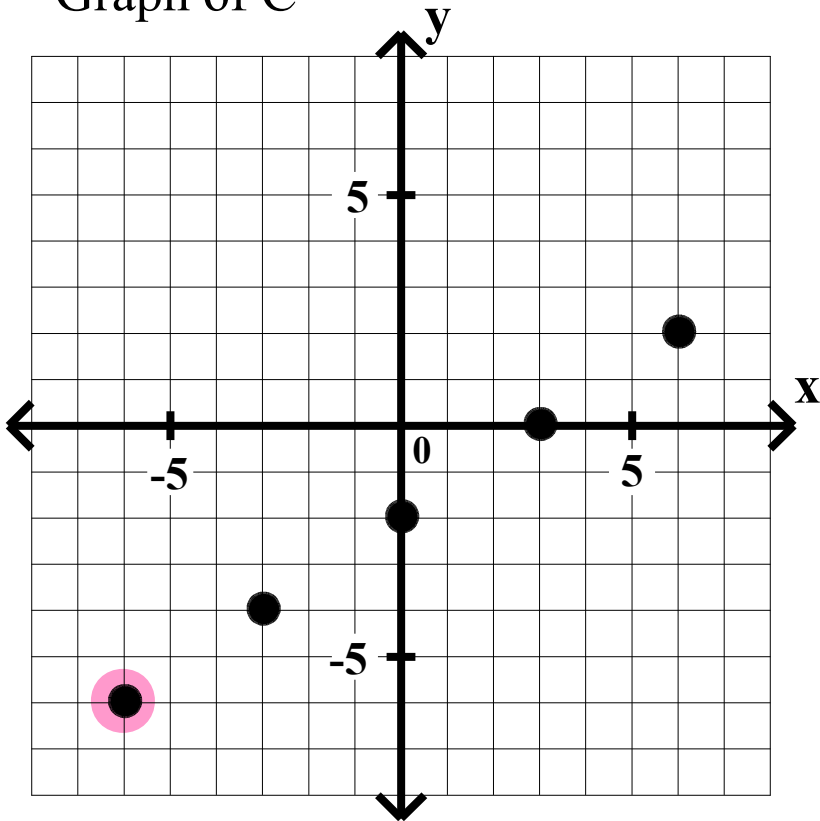
Relation: A relation is a set of ordered pairs.

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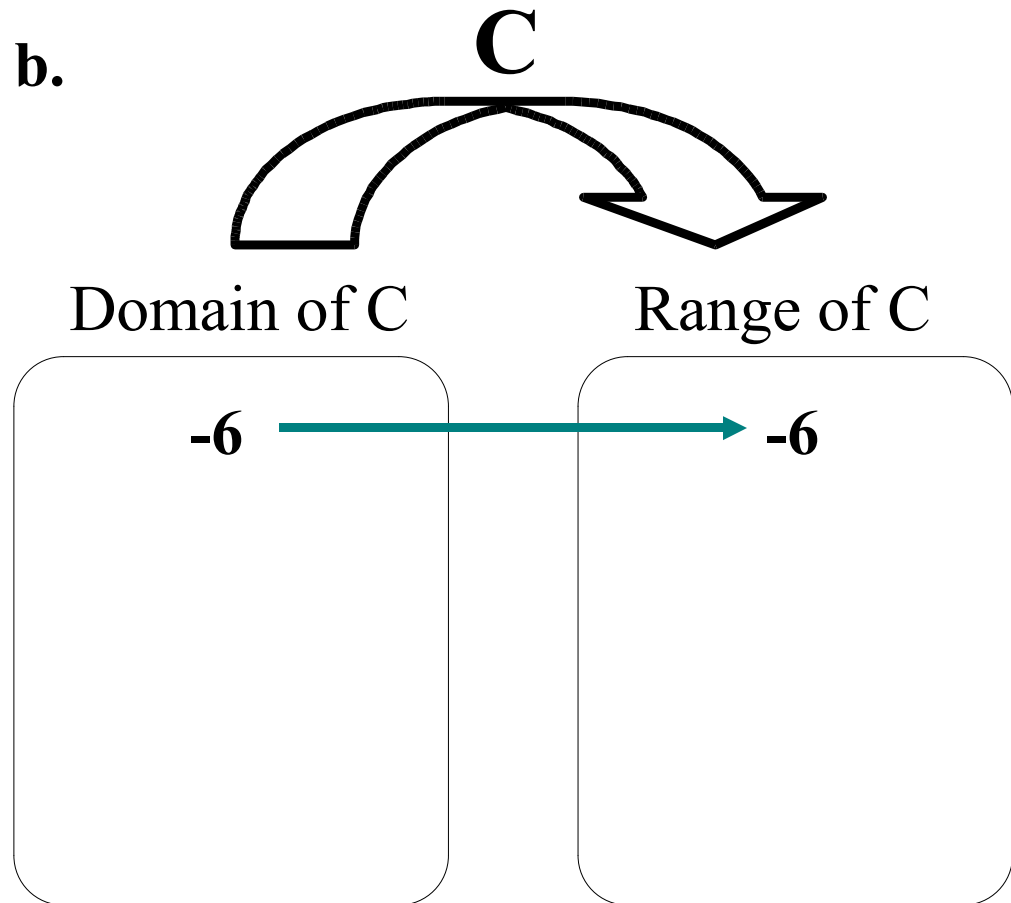
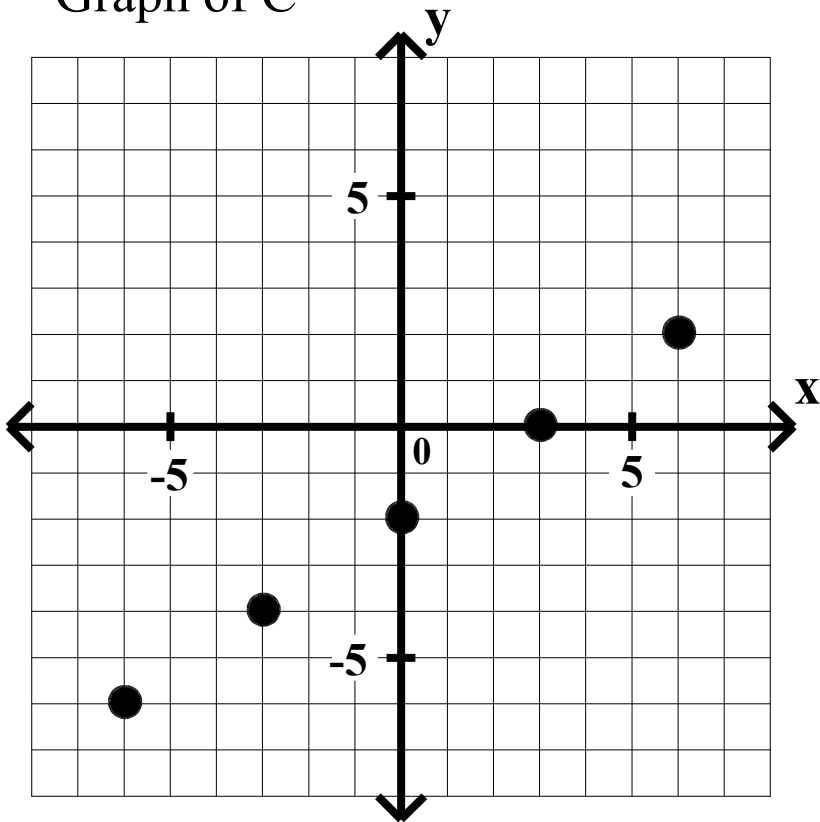
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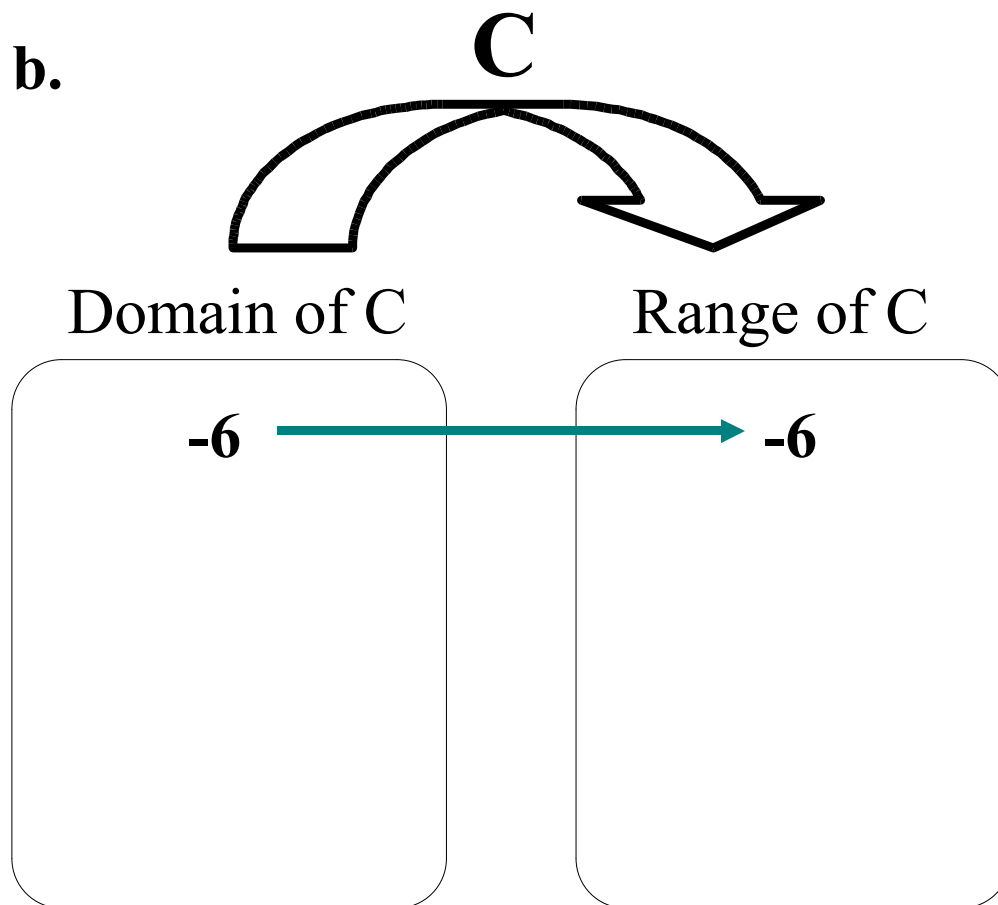
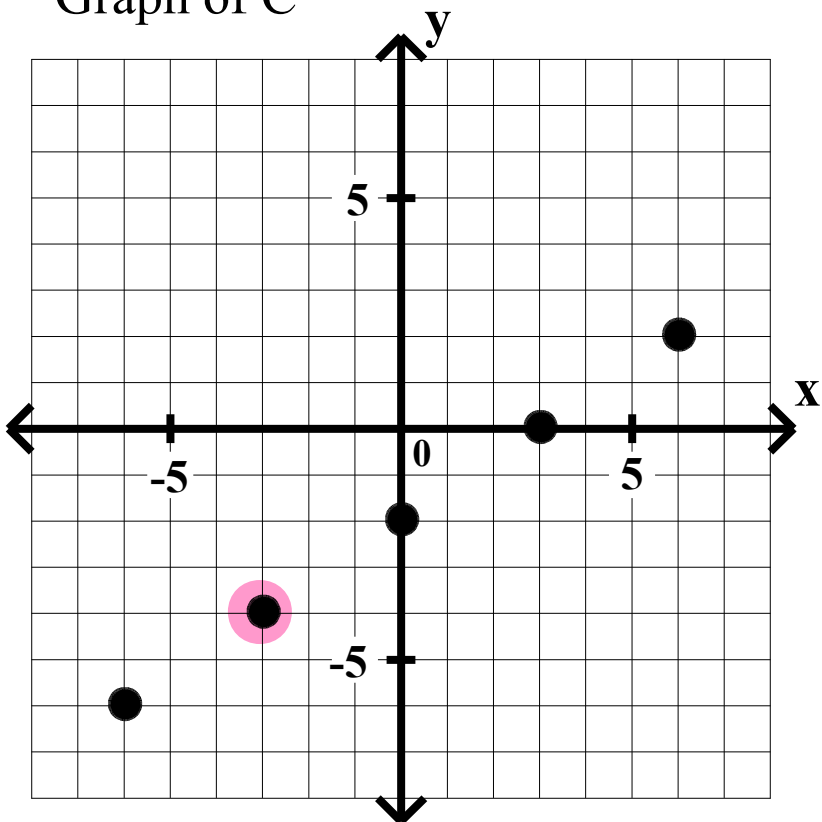
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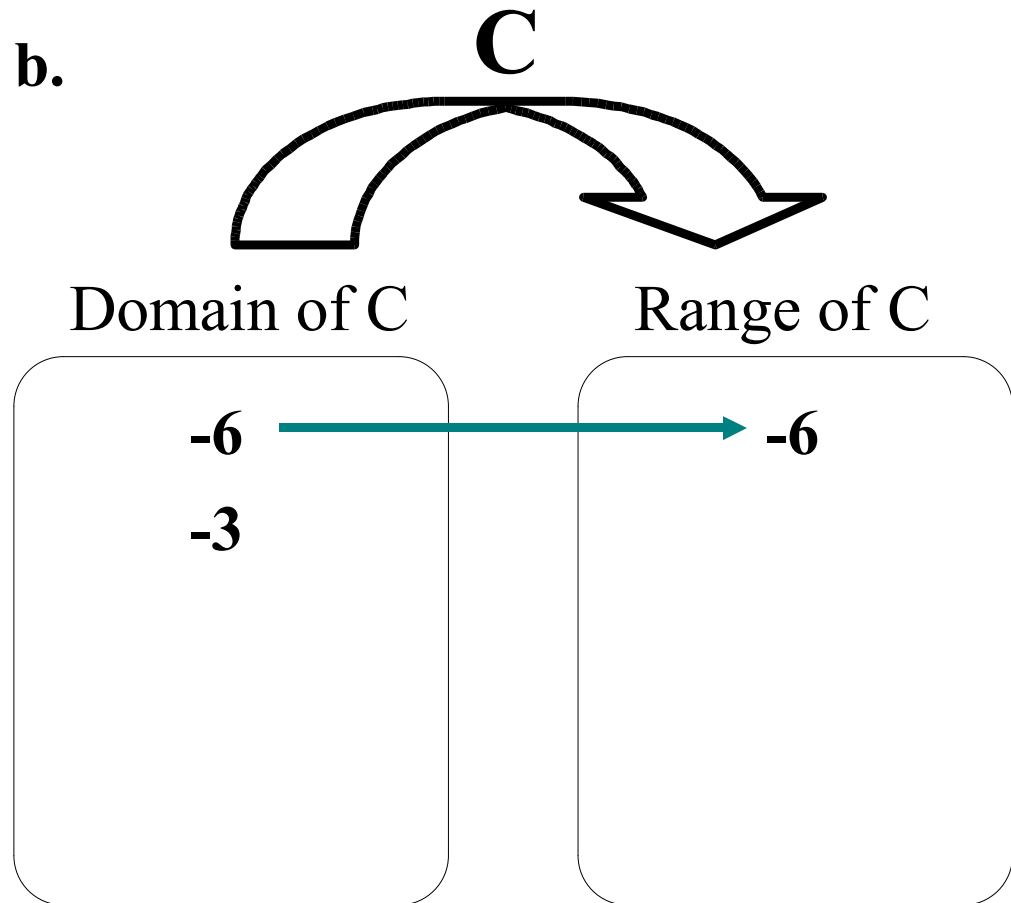
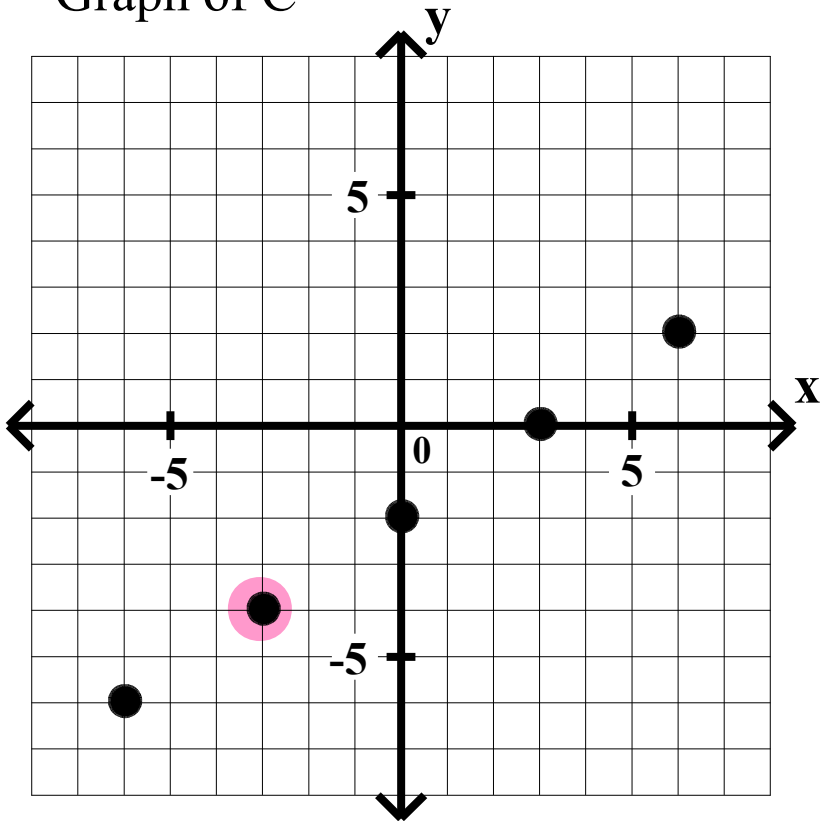
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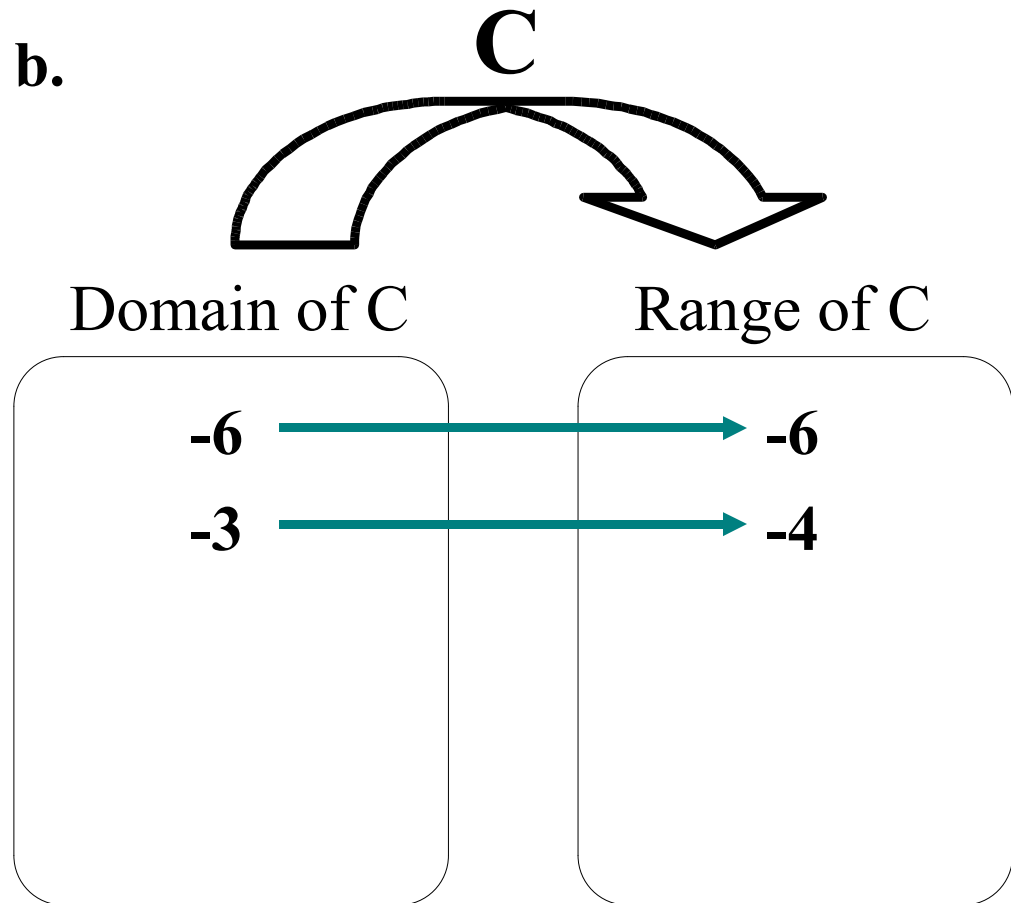
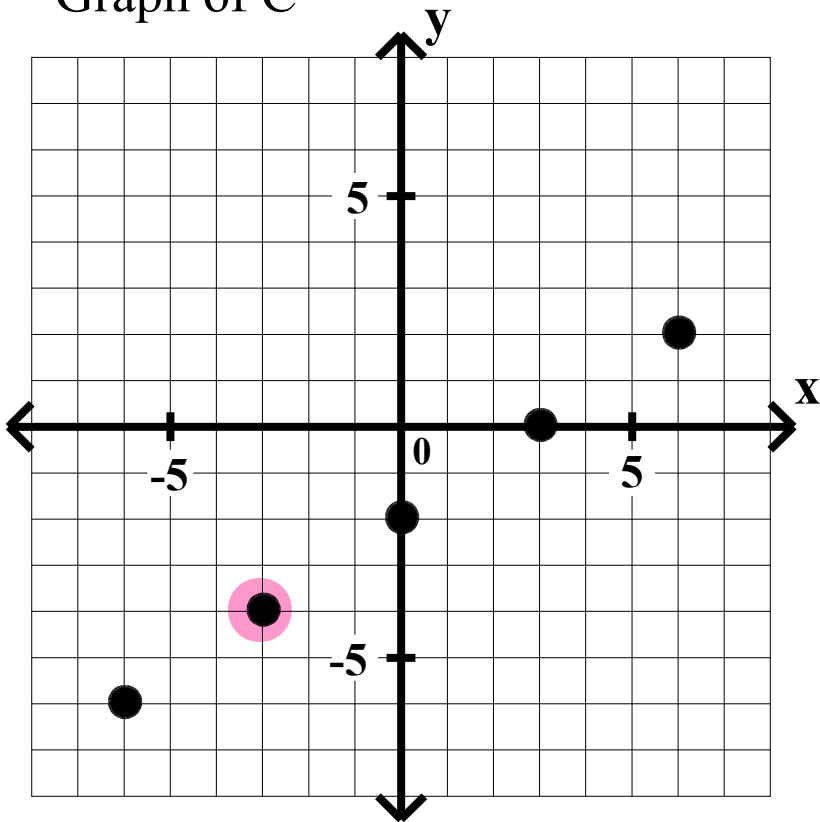
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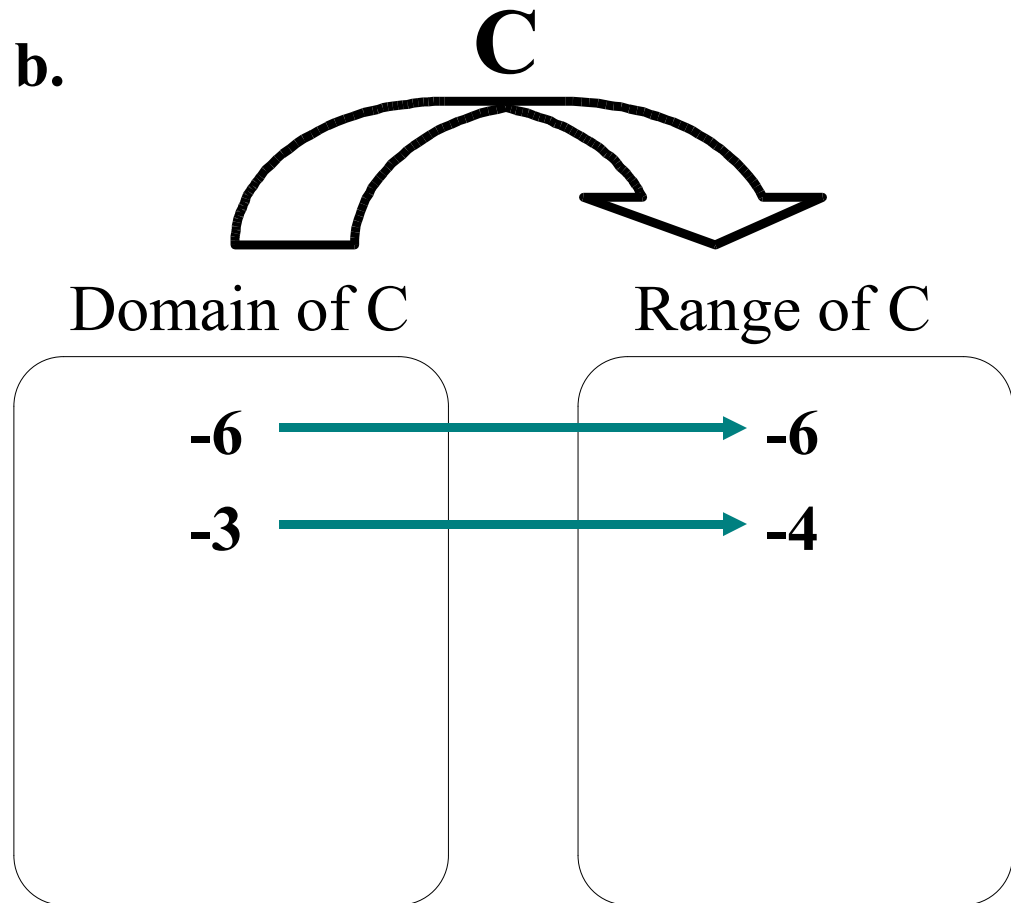
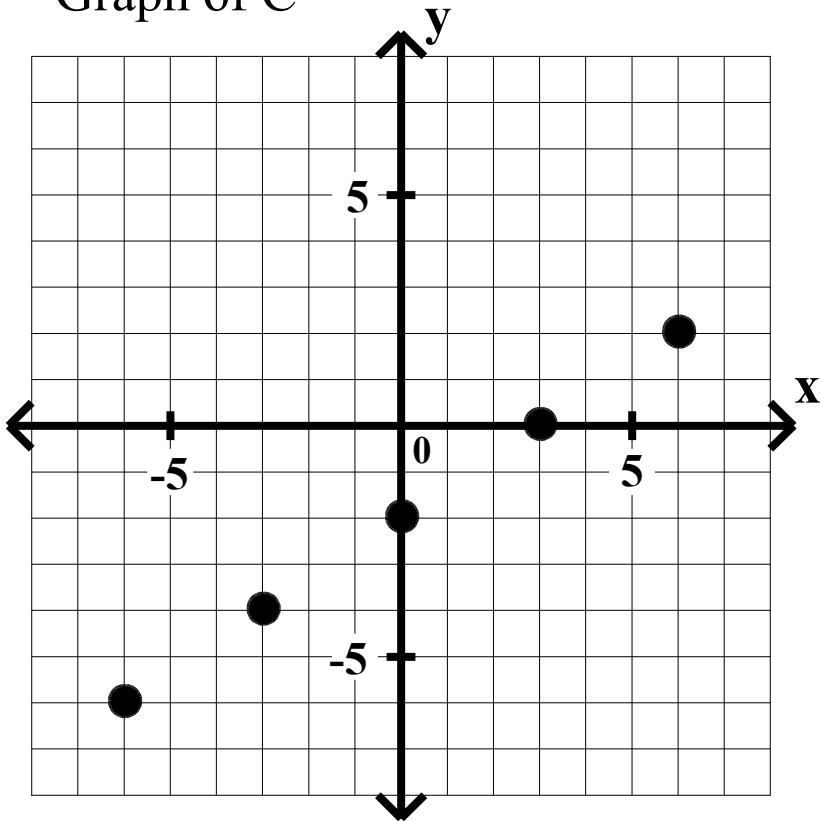
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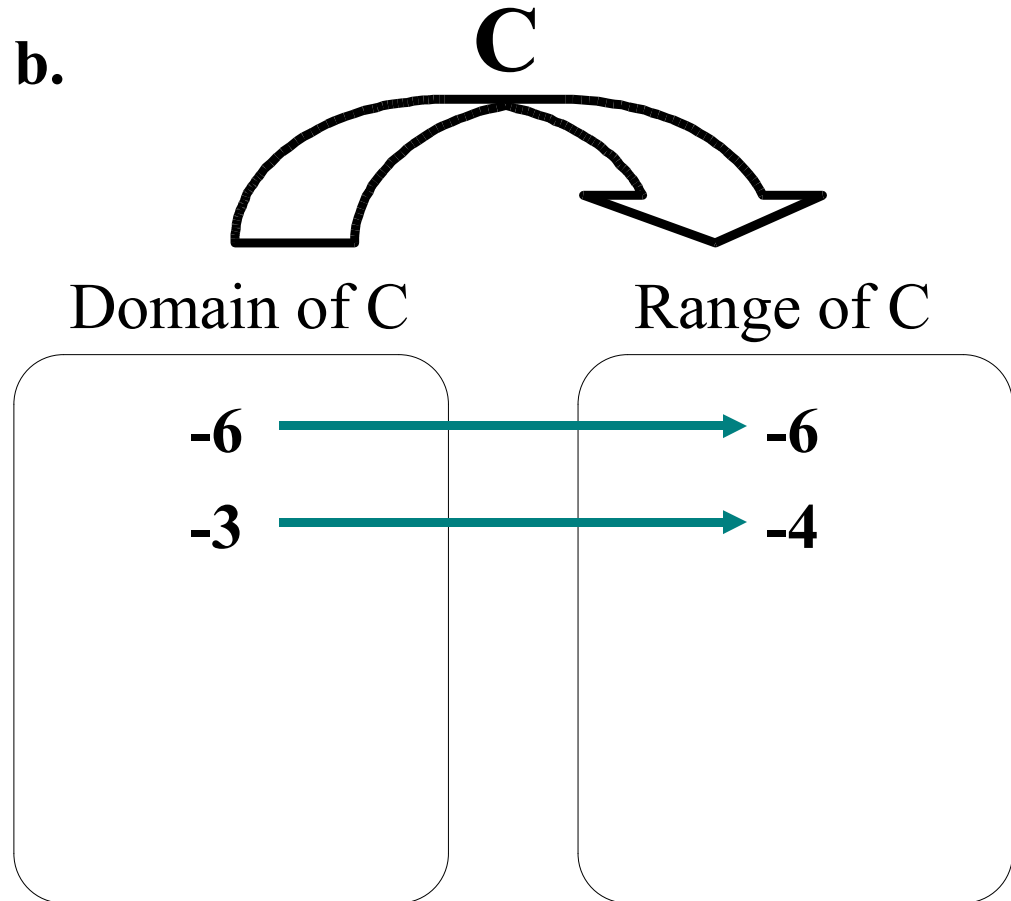
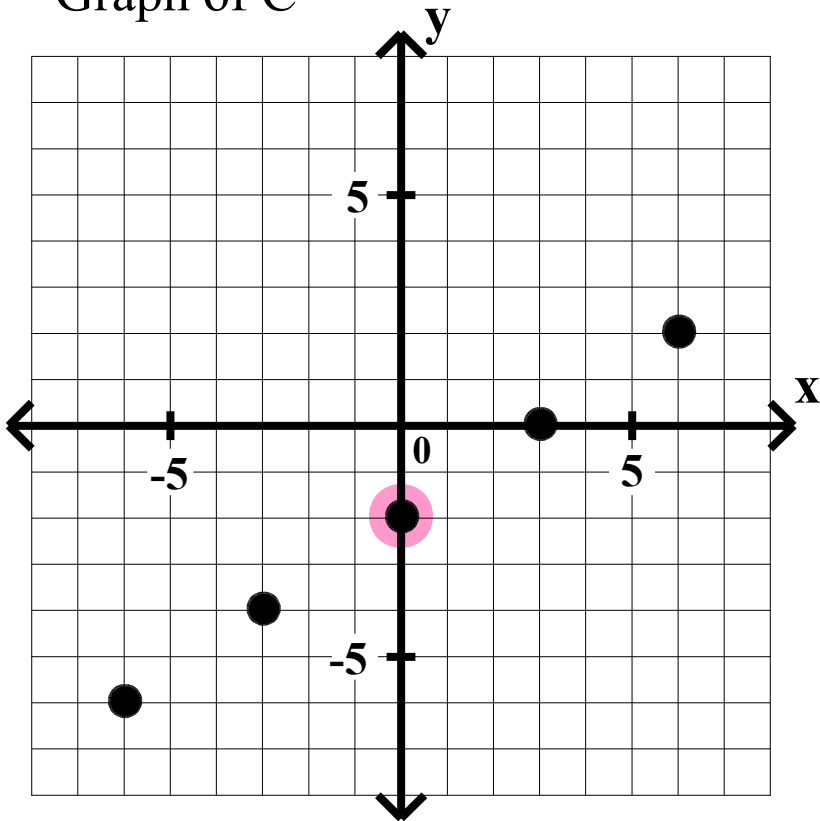
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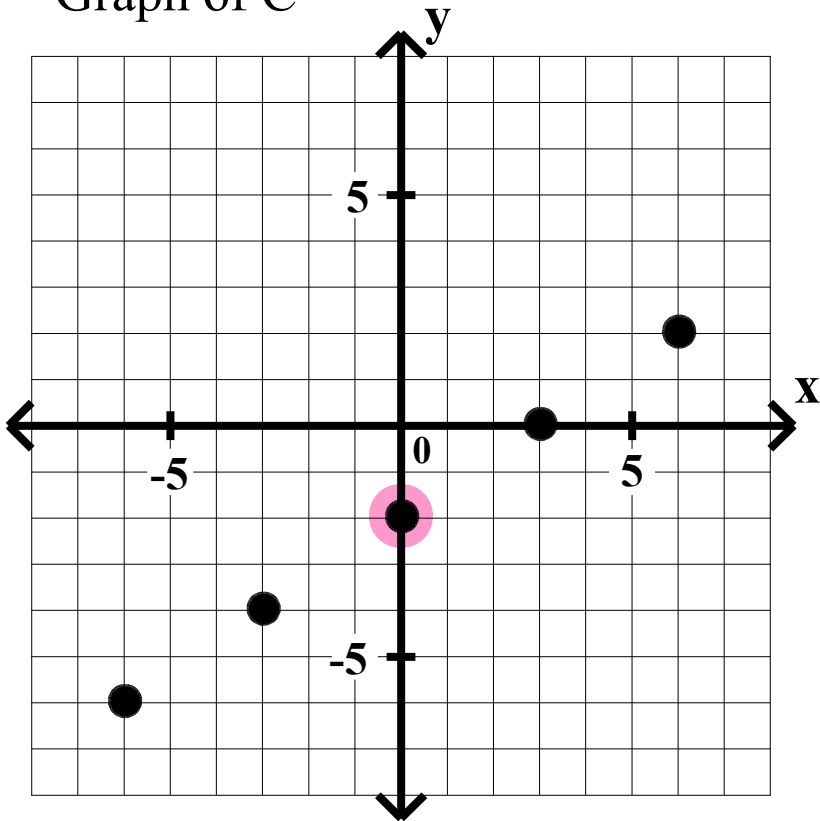
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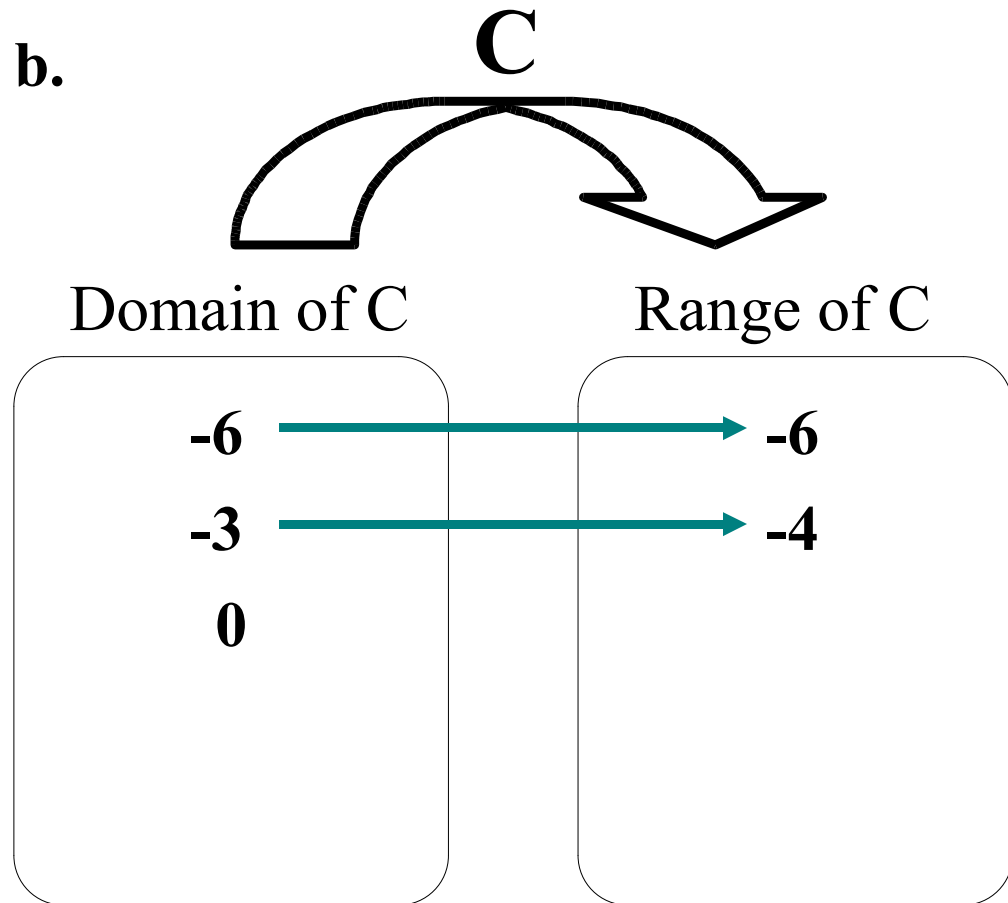
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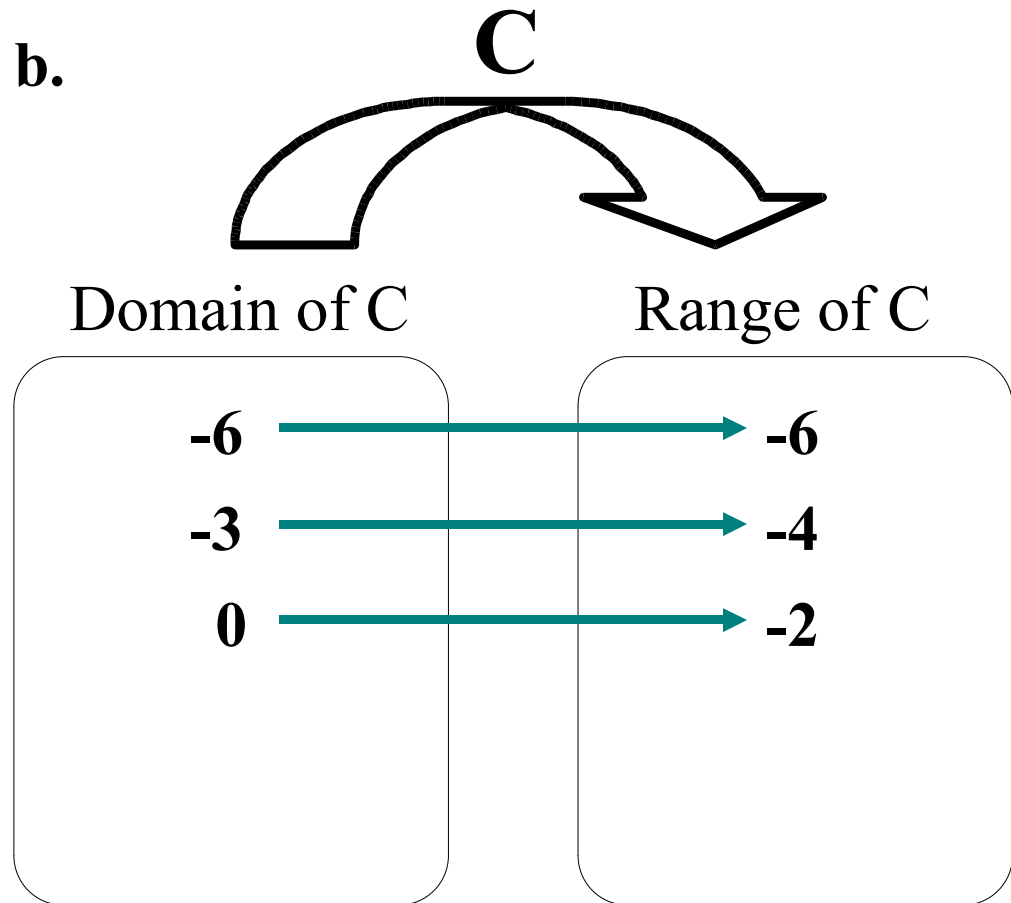
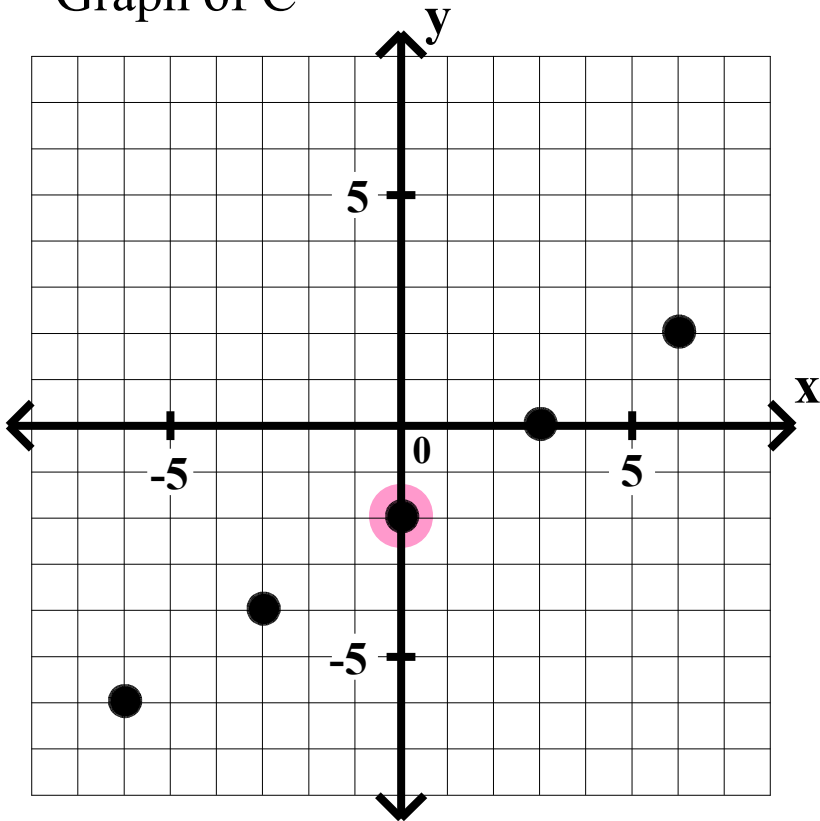
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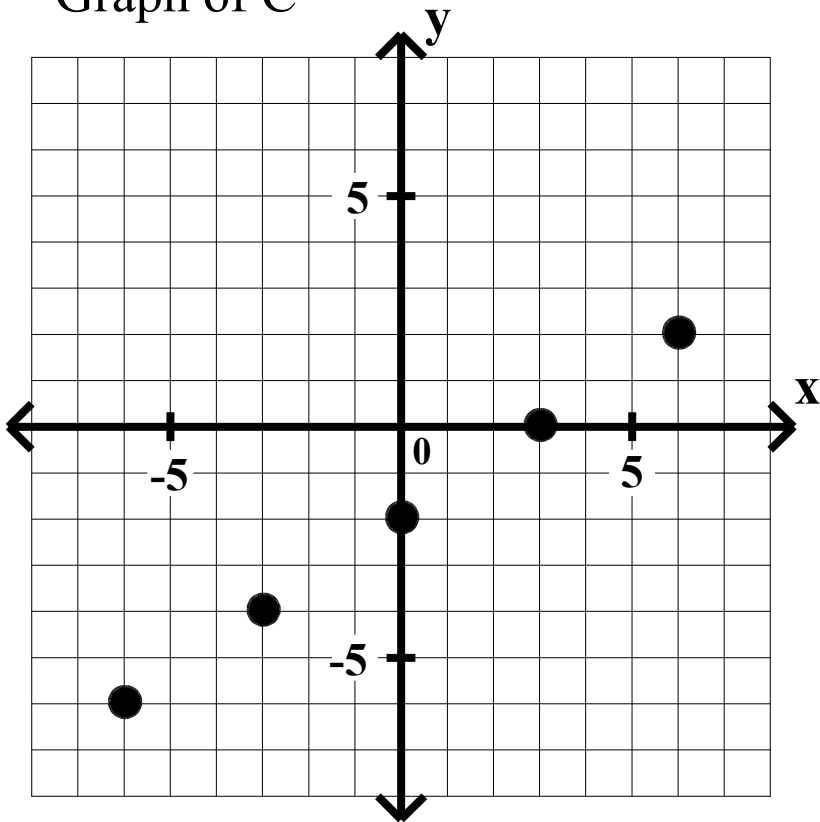
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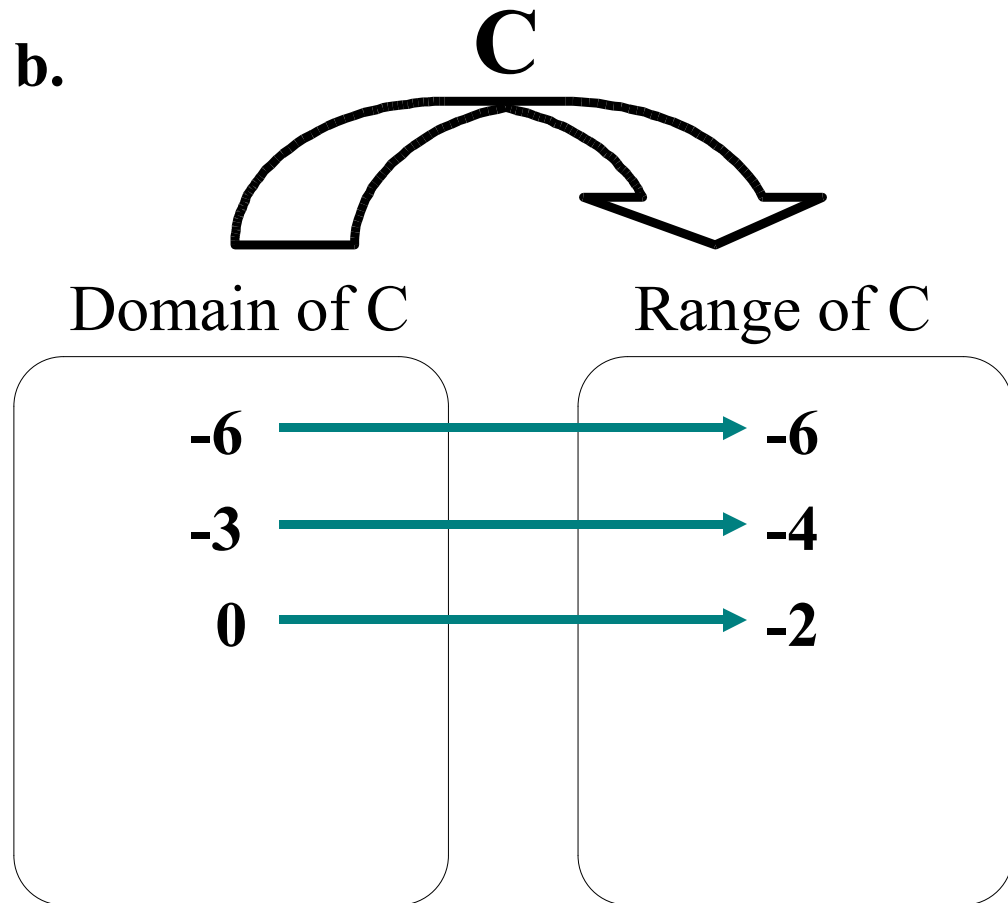
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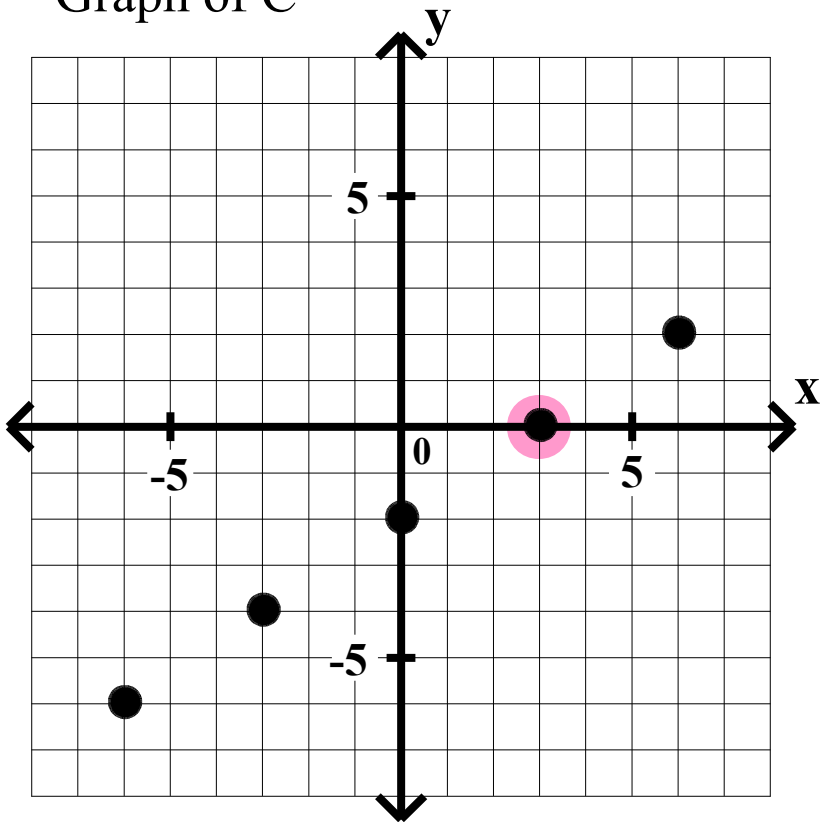
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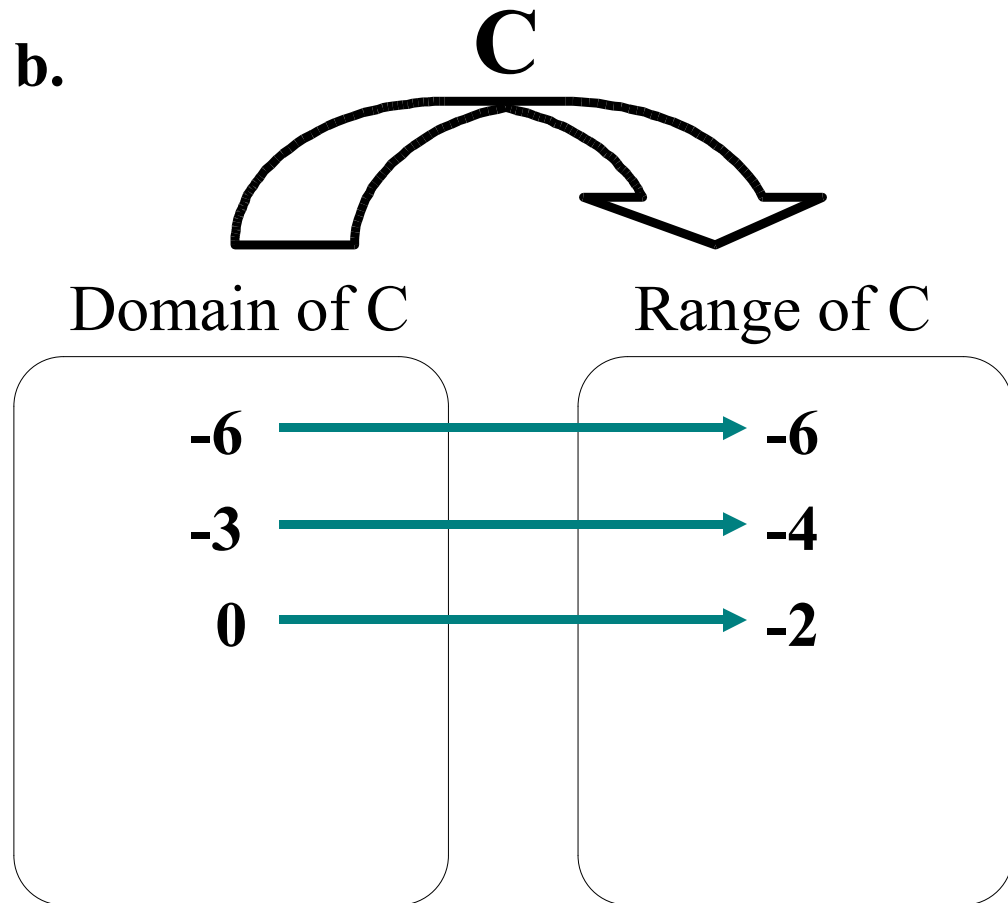
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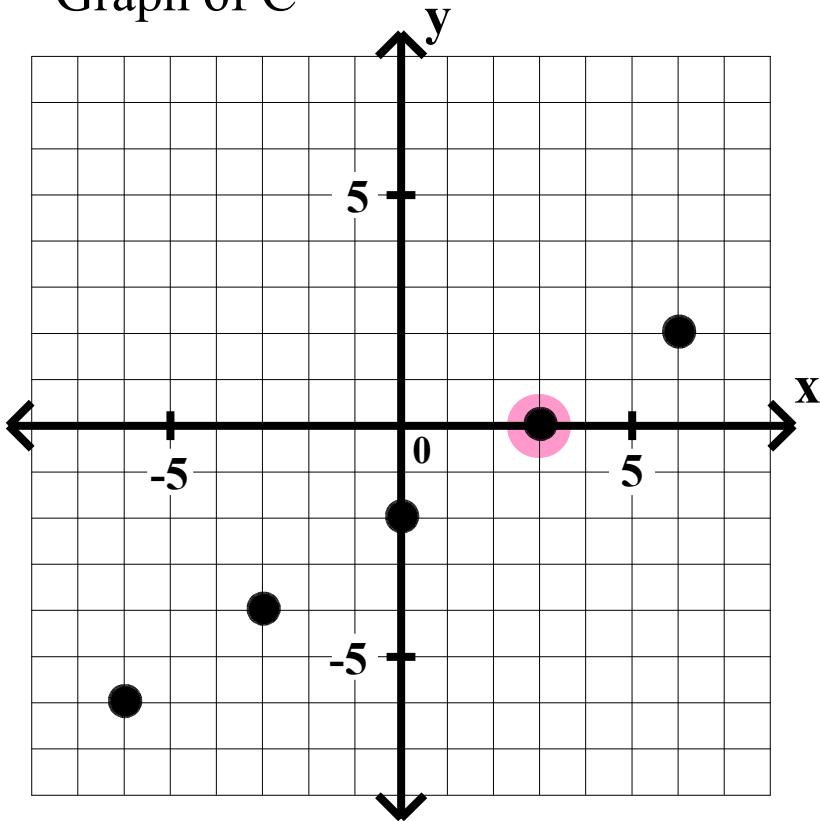
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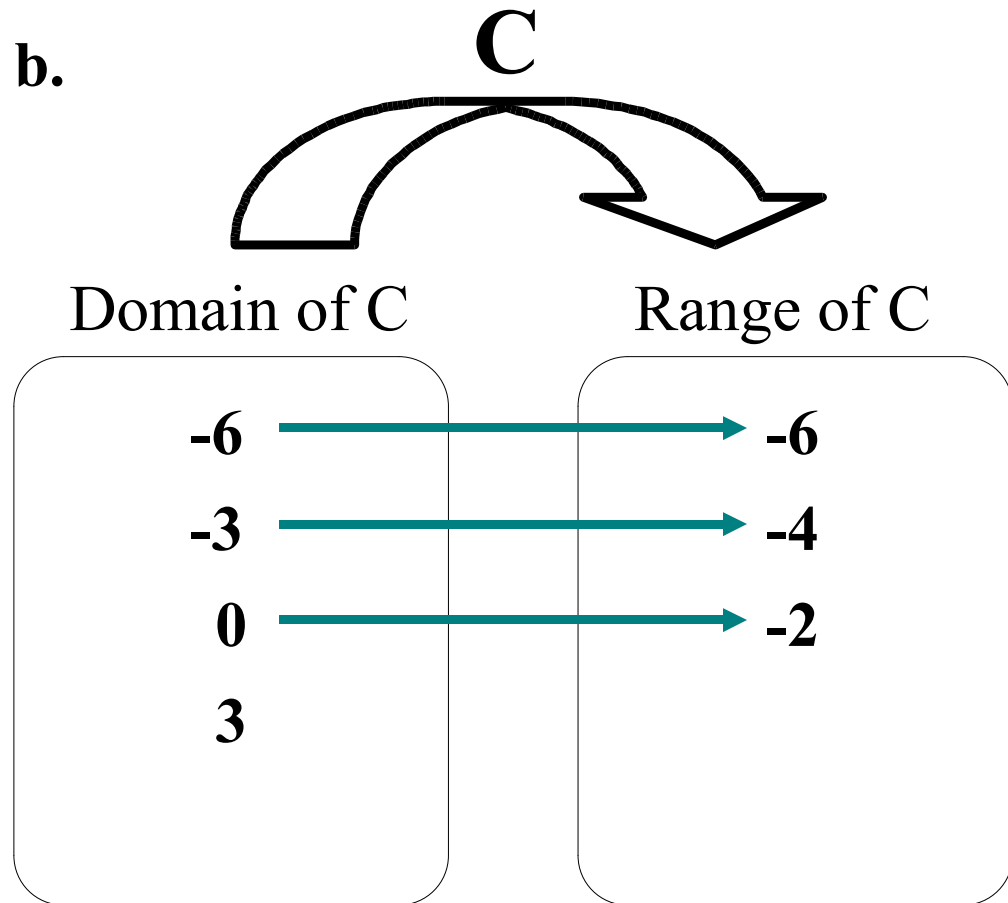
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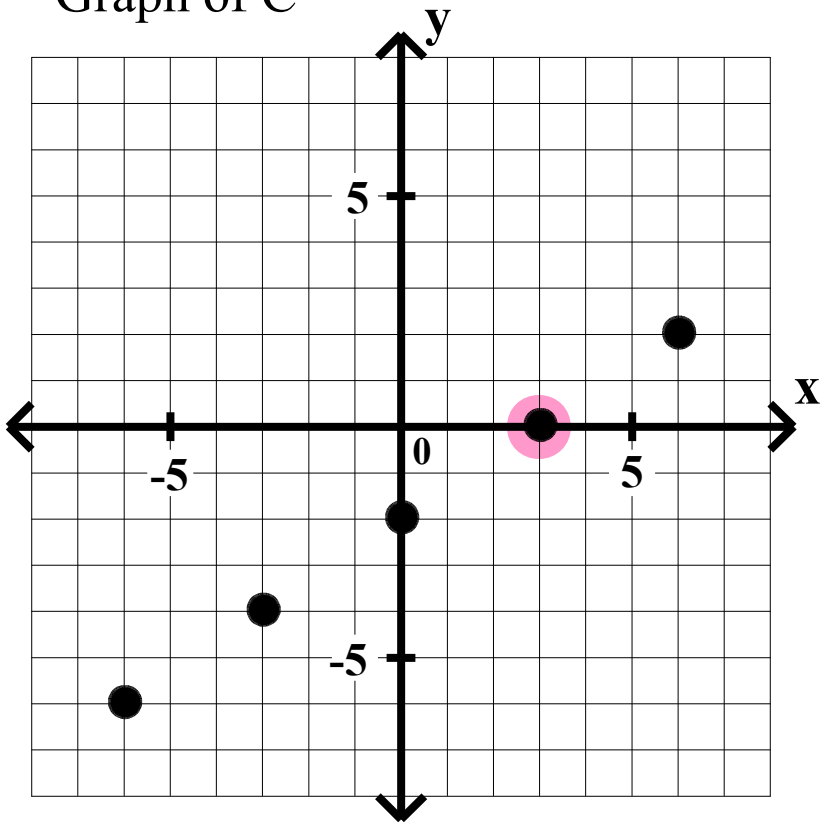
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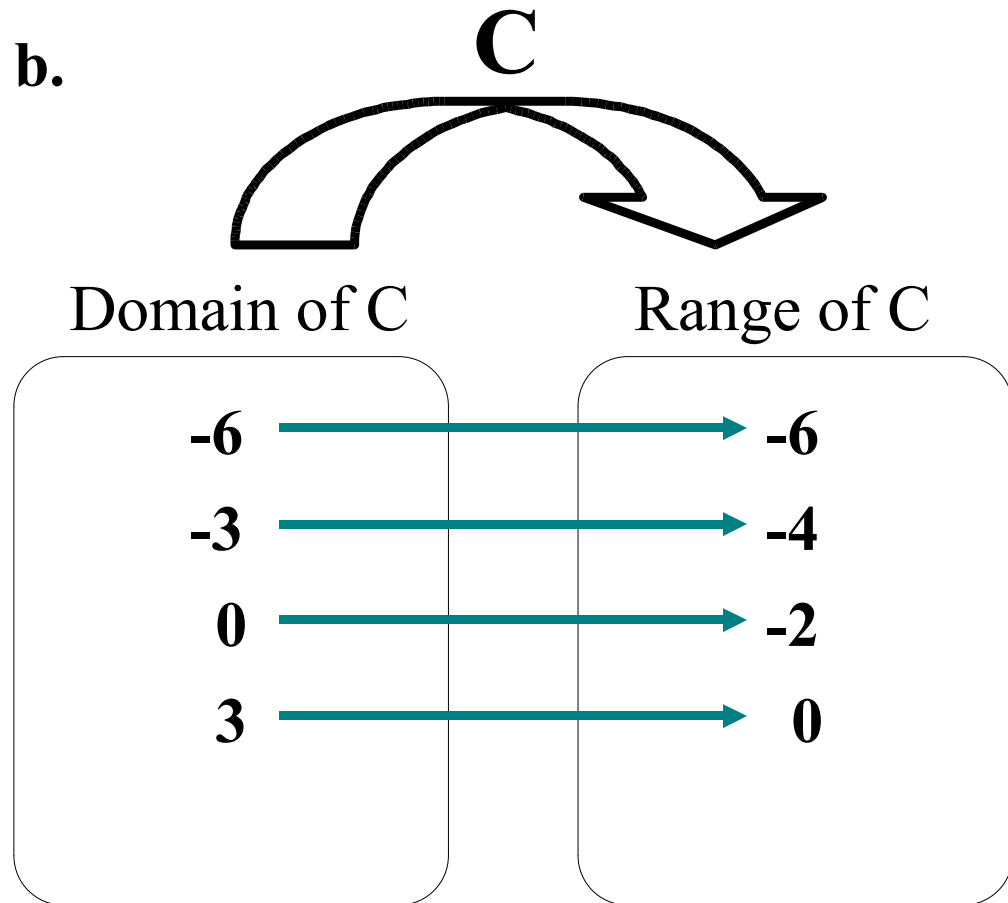
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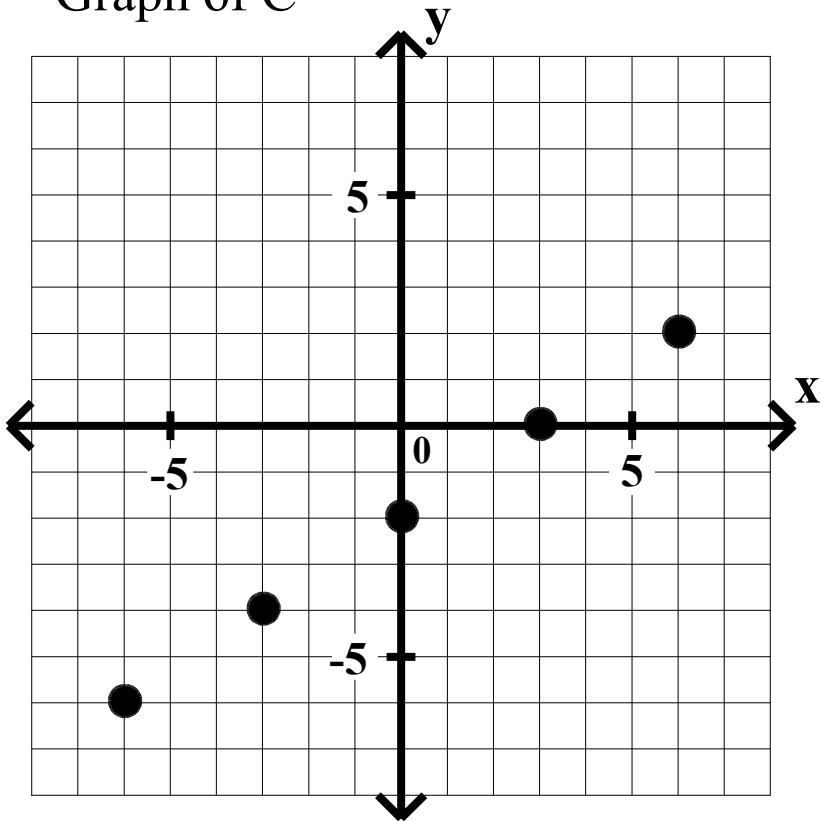
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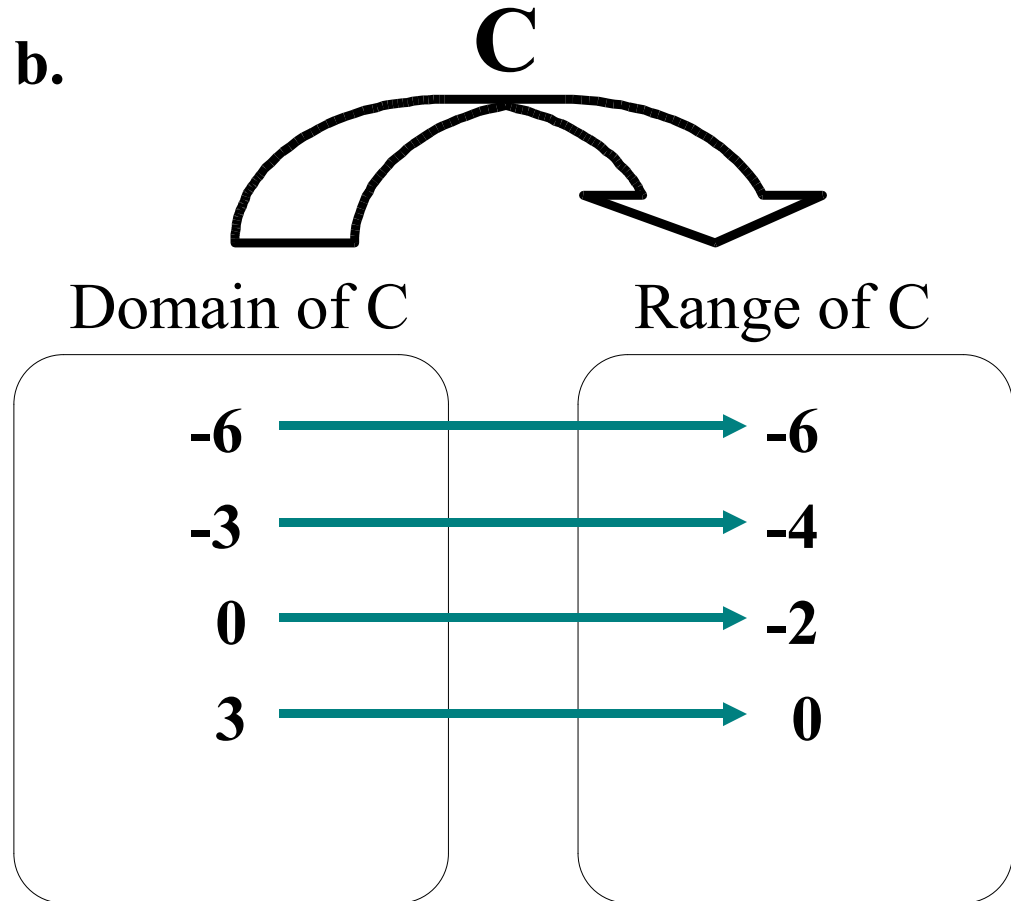
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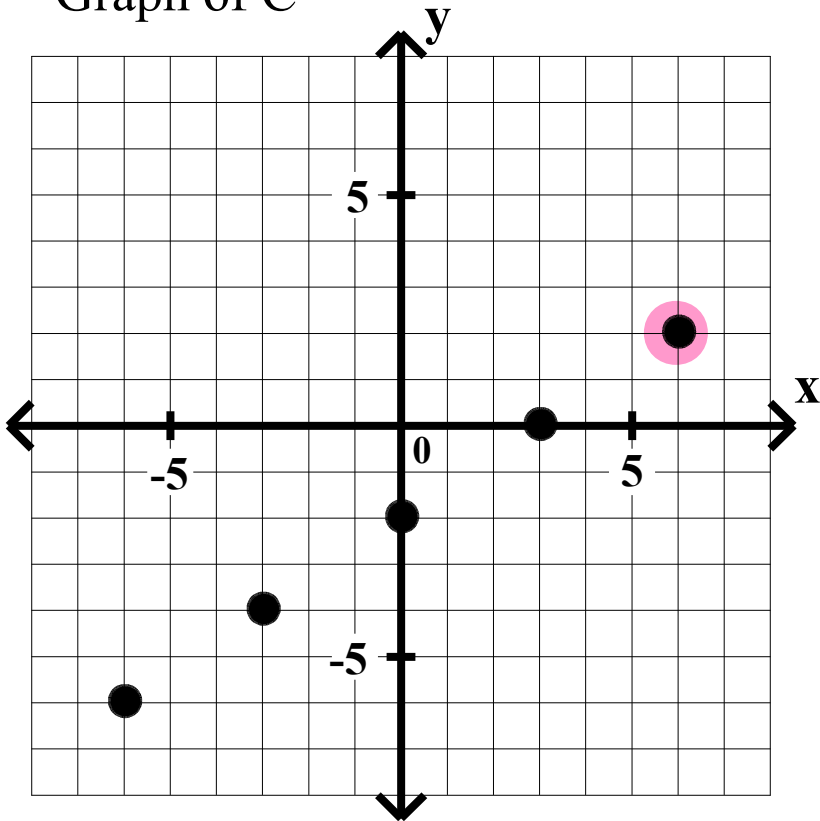
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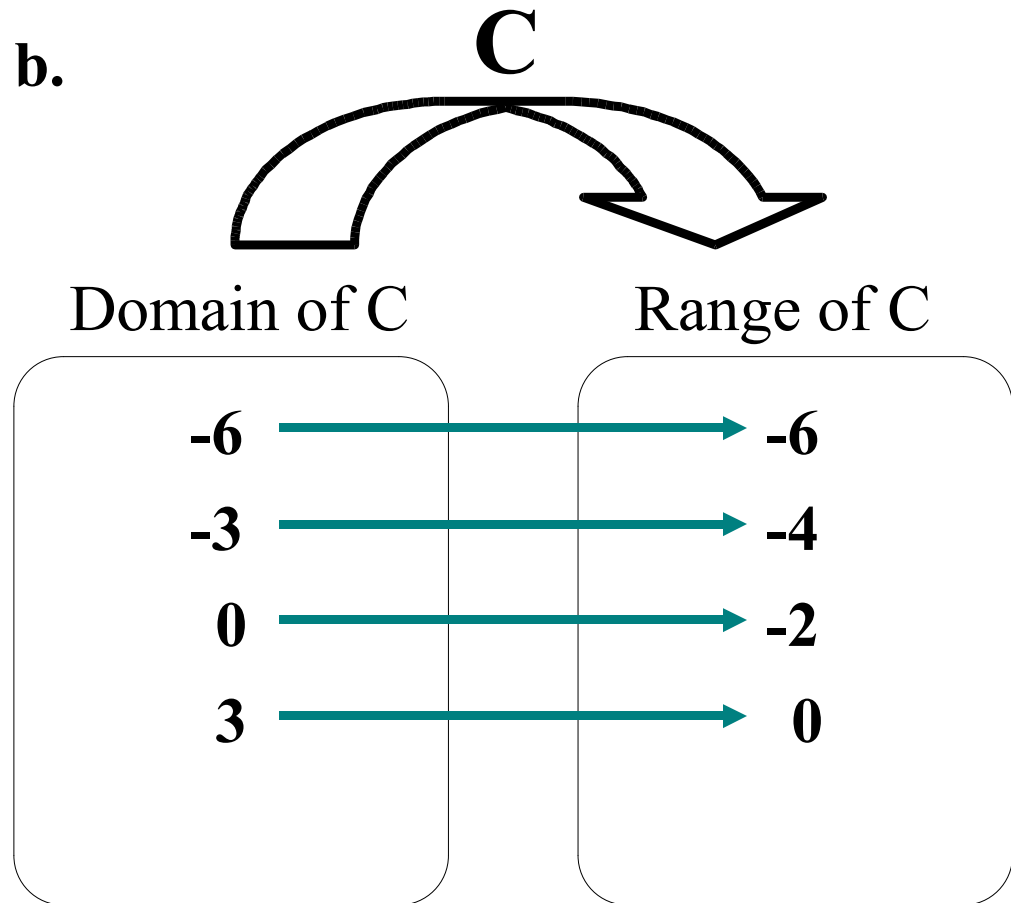
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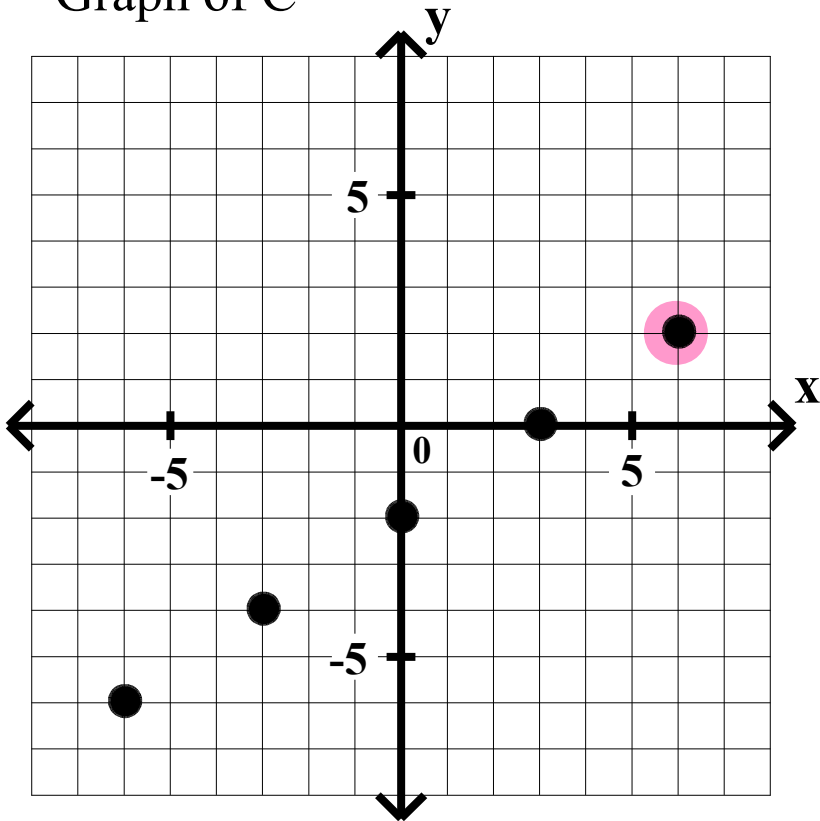
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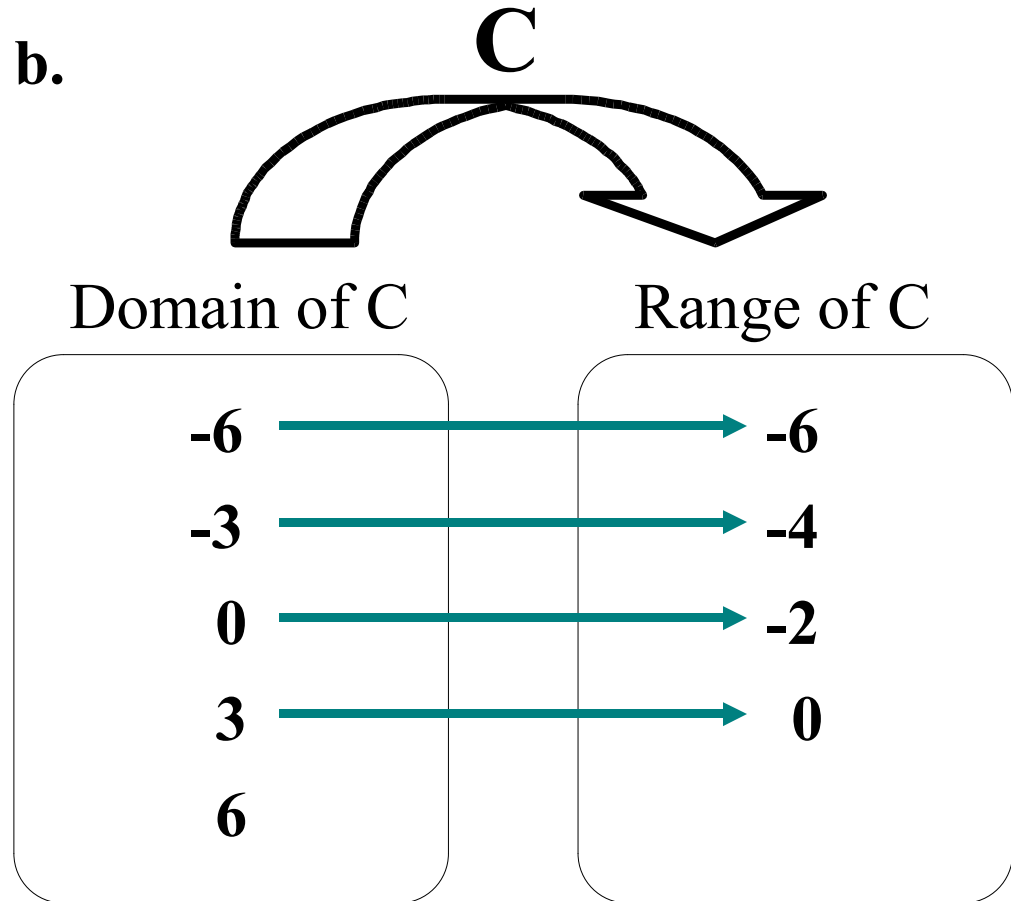
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Graph of C



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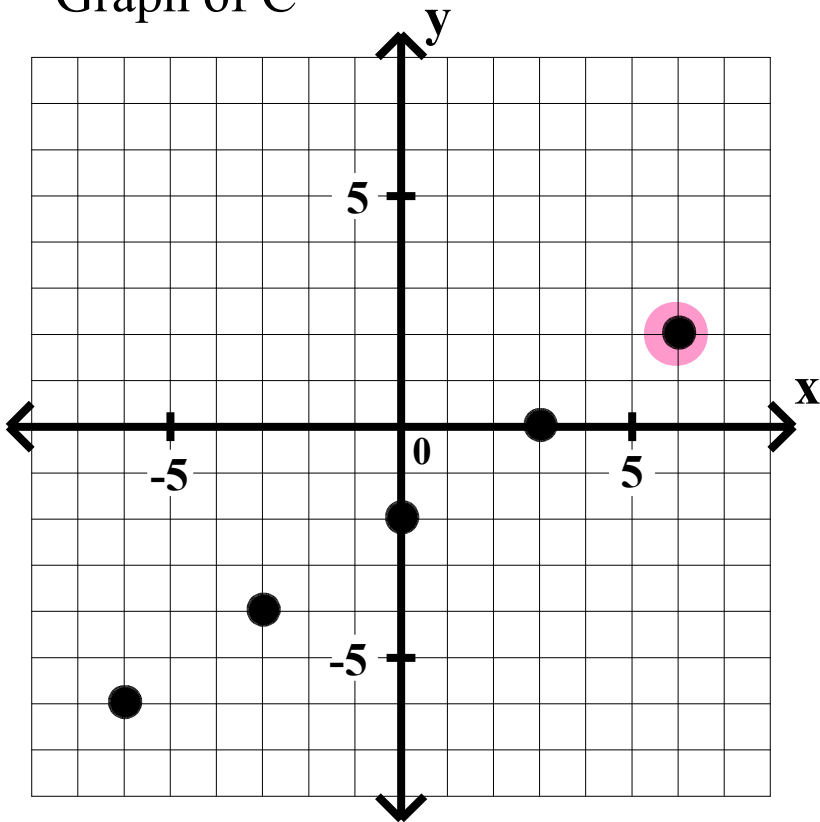
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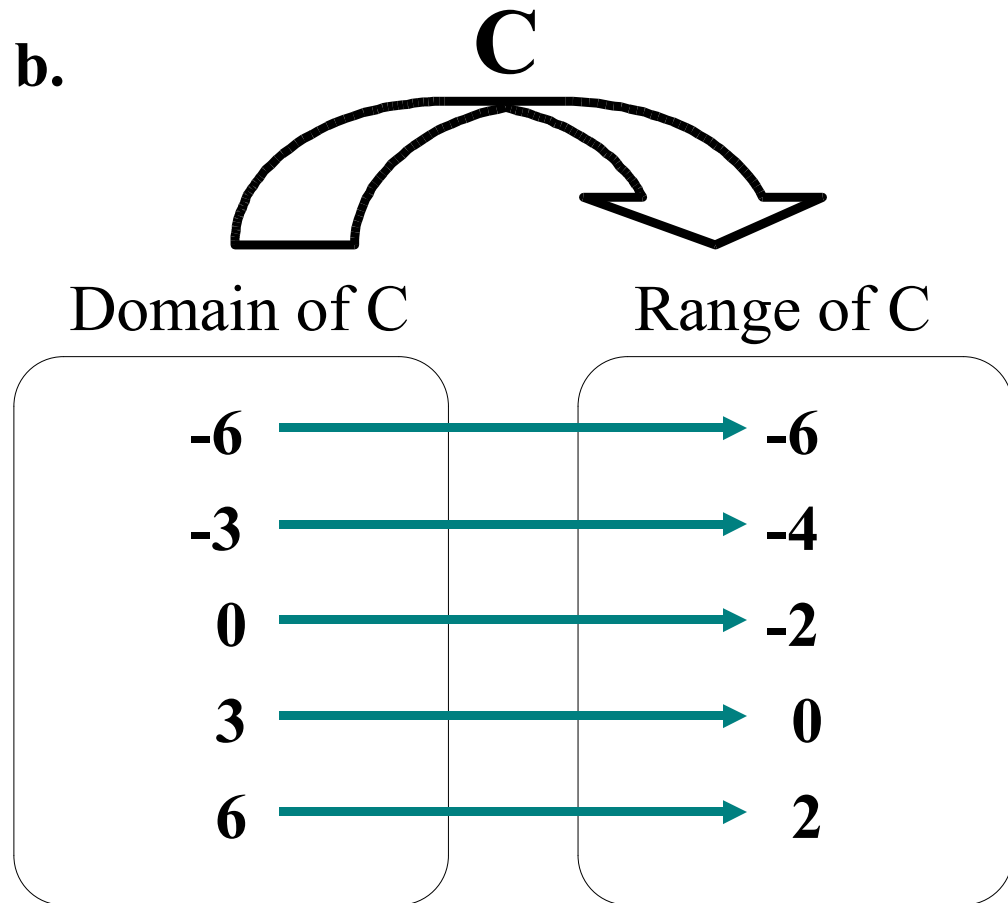
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Graph of C



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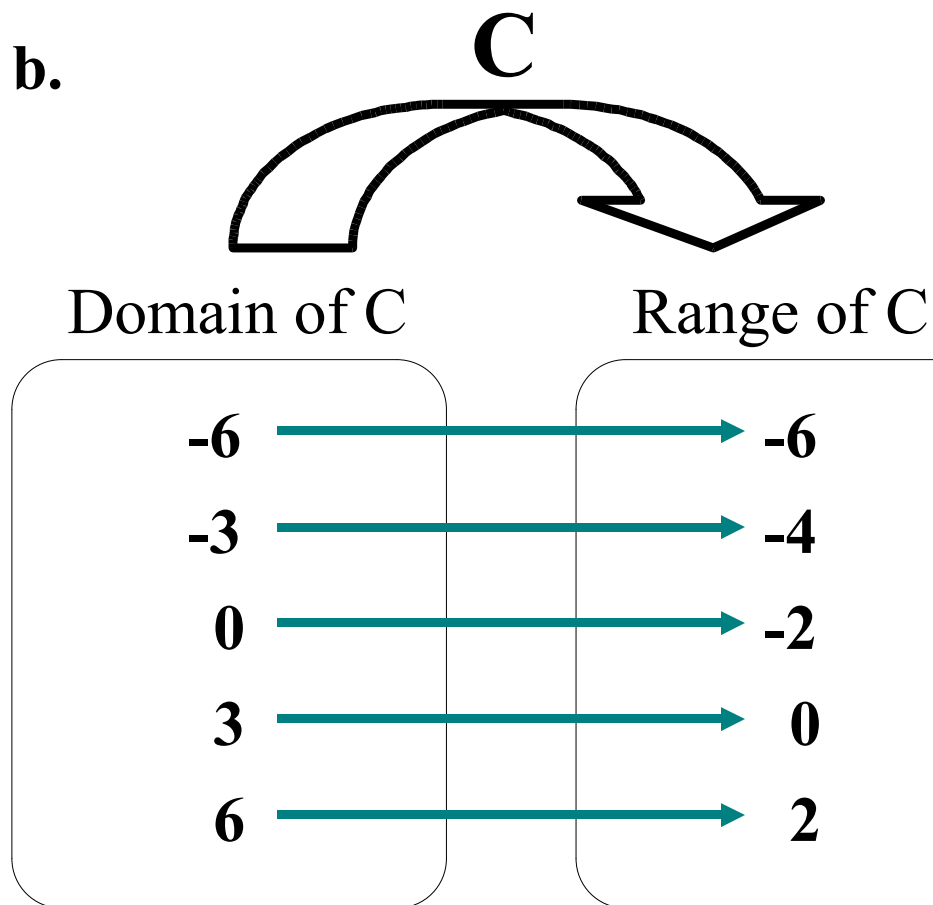
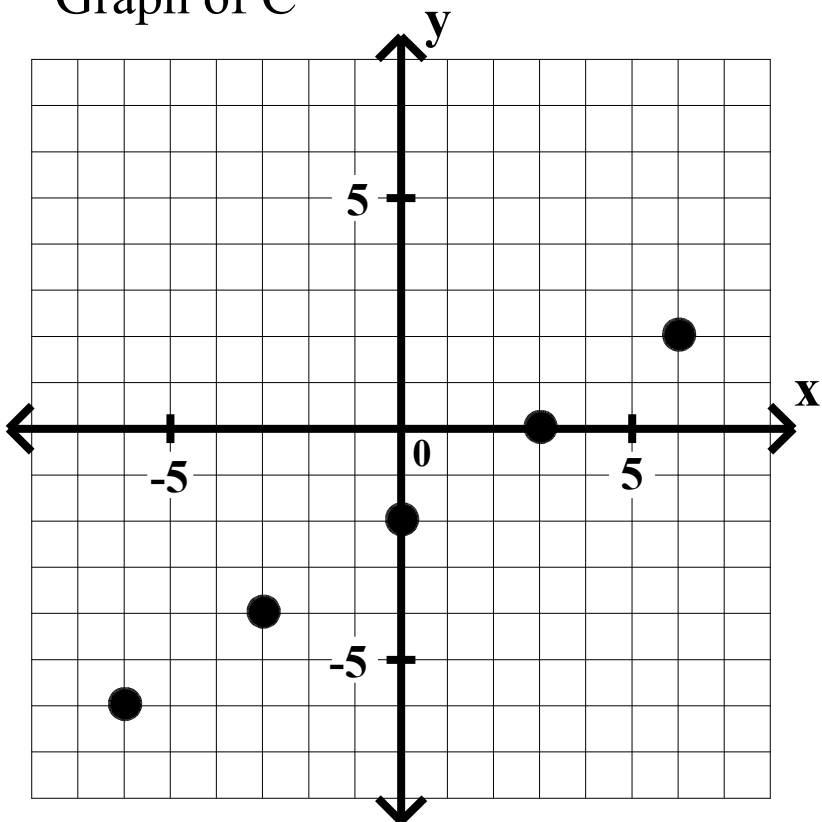
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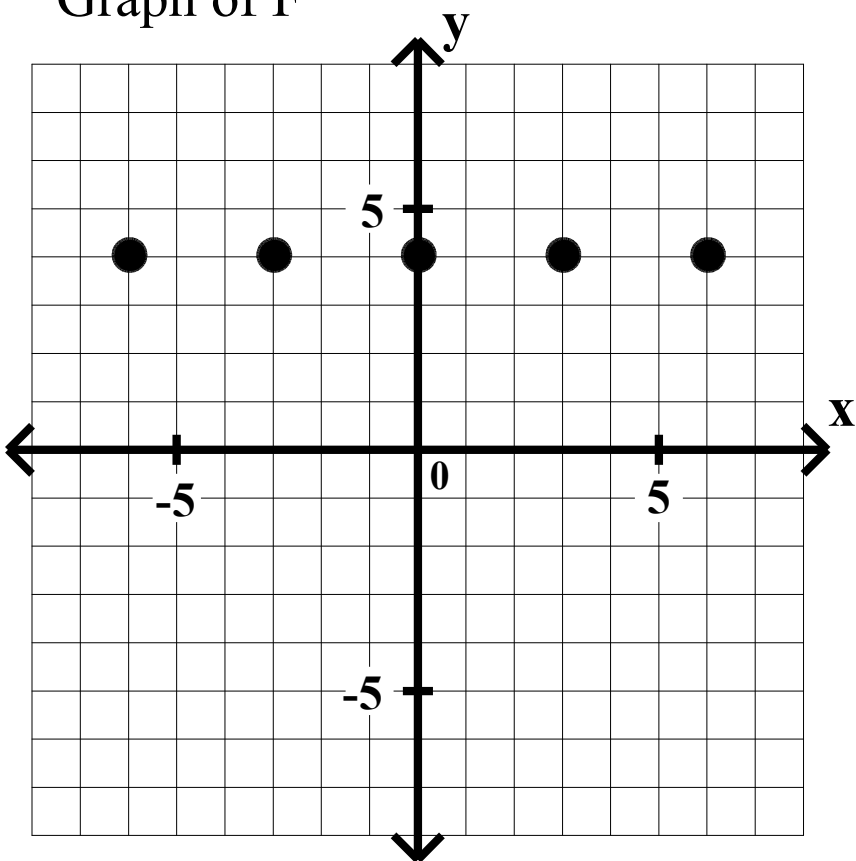
(a) Describe the relation using the listing method.

Relation: A relation is a set of ordered pairs.

A relation is given using a graph in each problem.

(a) Describe the relation using the listing method.

Graph of F



Relation: A relation is a set of ordered pairs.

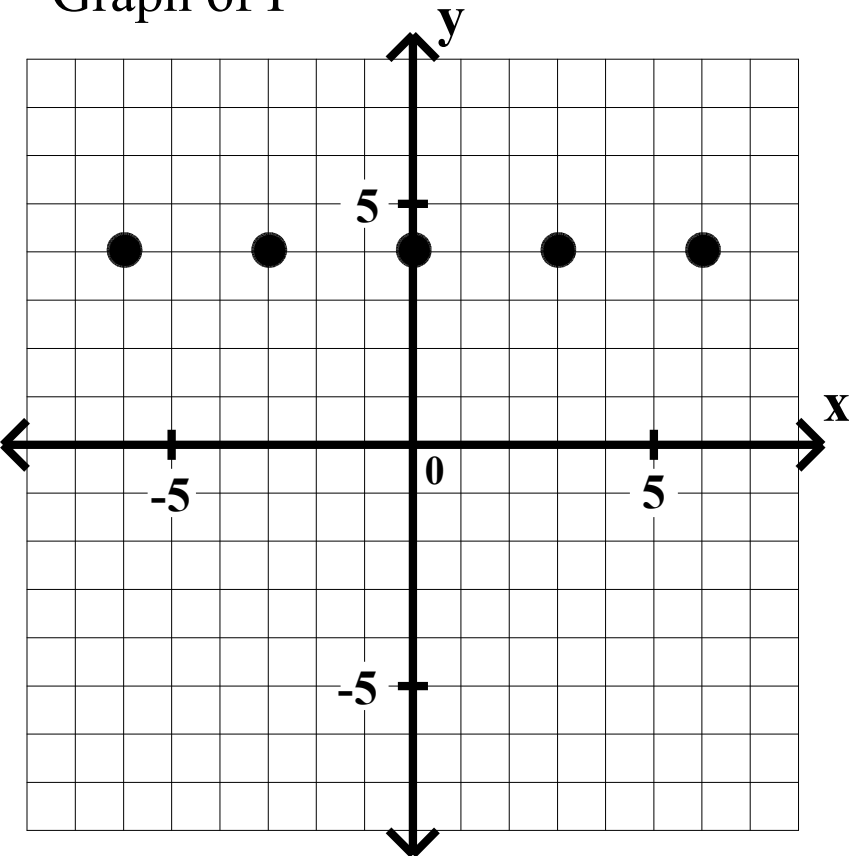
A relation is given using a graph in each problem.

(a) Describe the relation using the listing method.

4.



Graph of F



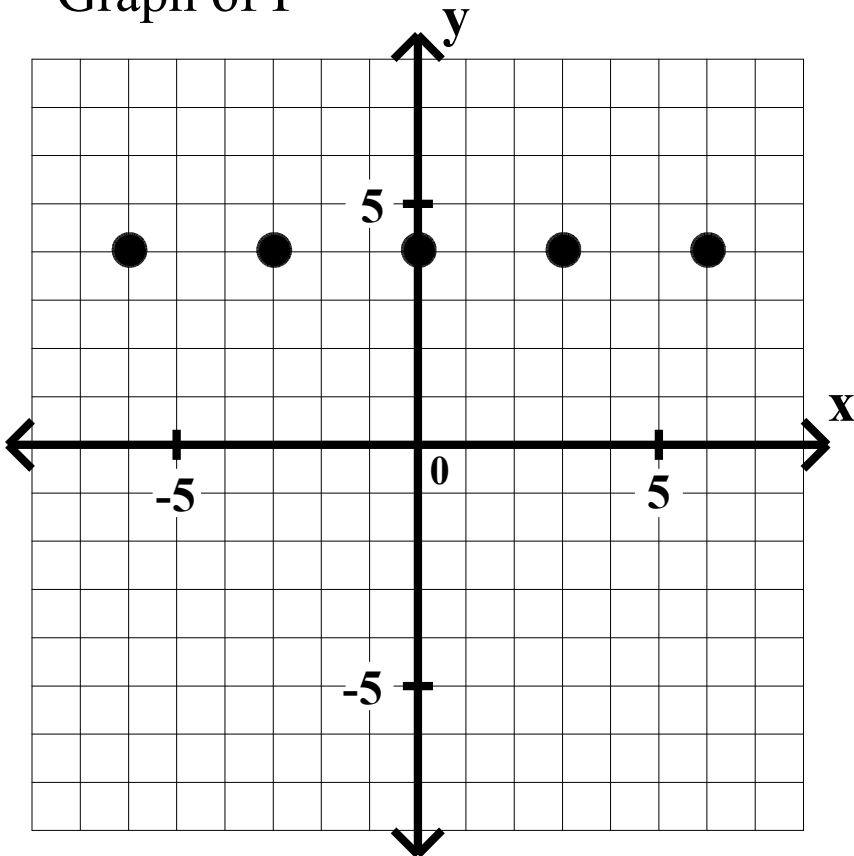
Relation: A relation is a set of ordered pairs.

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4. $F =$

Graph of F



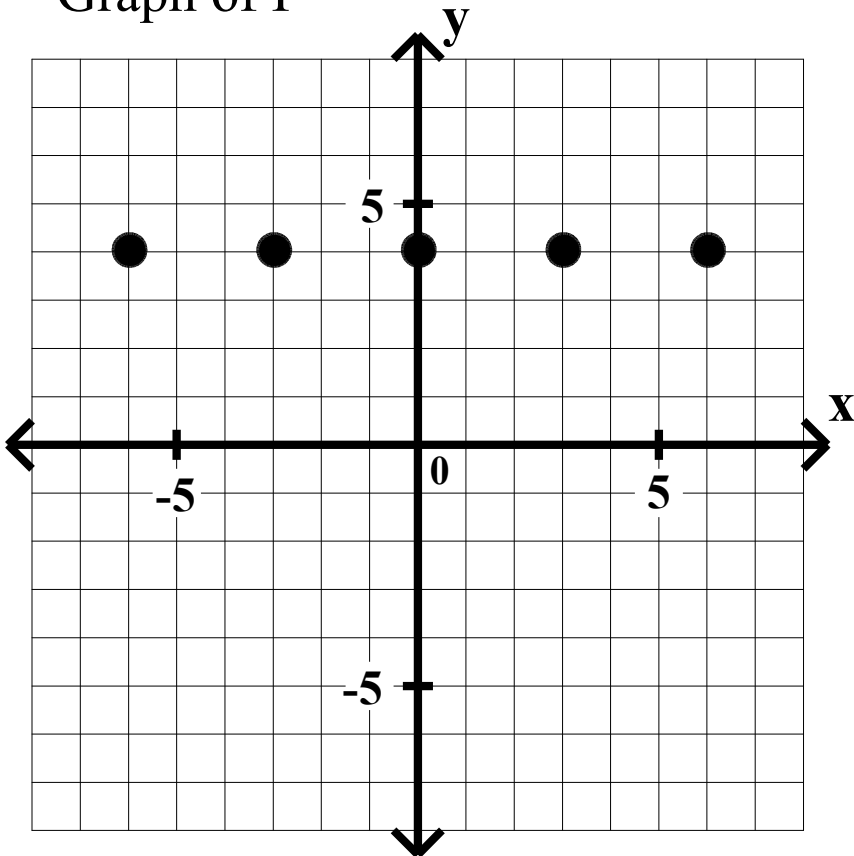
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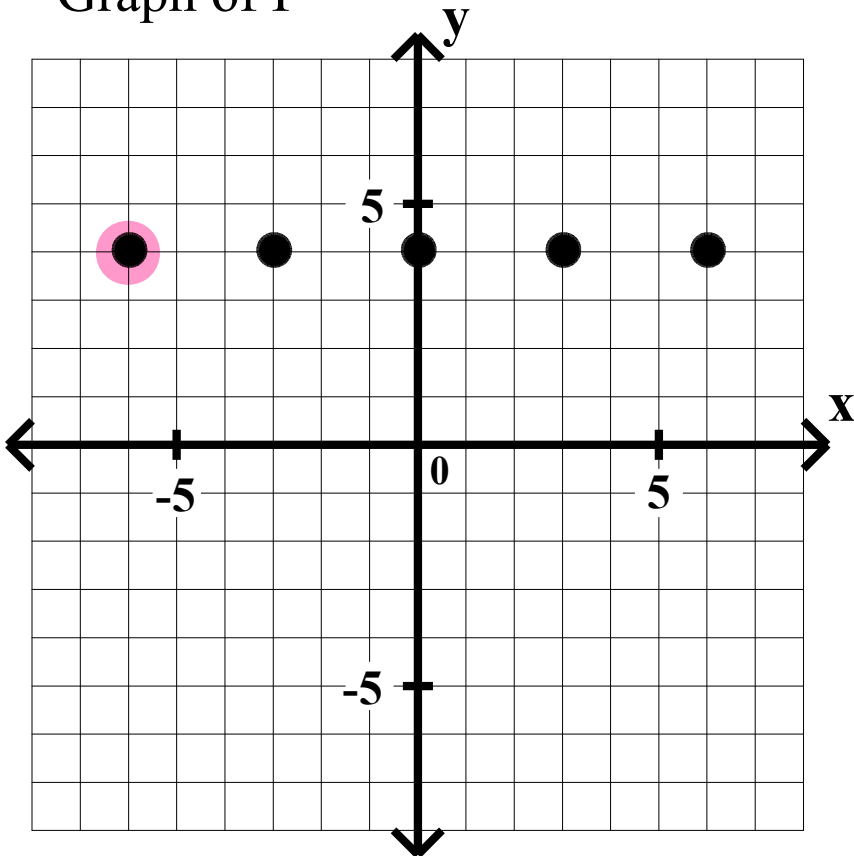
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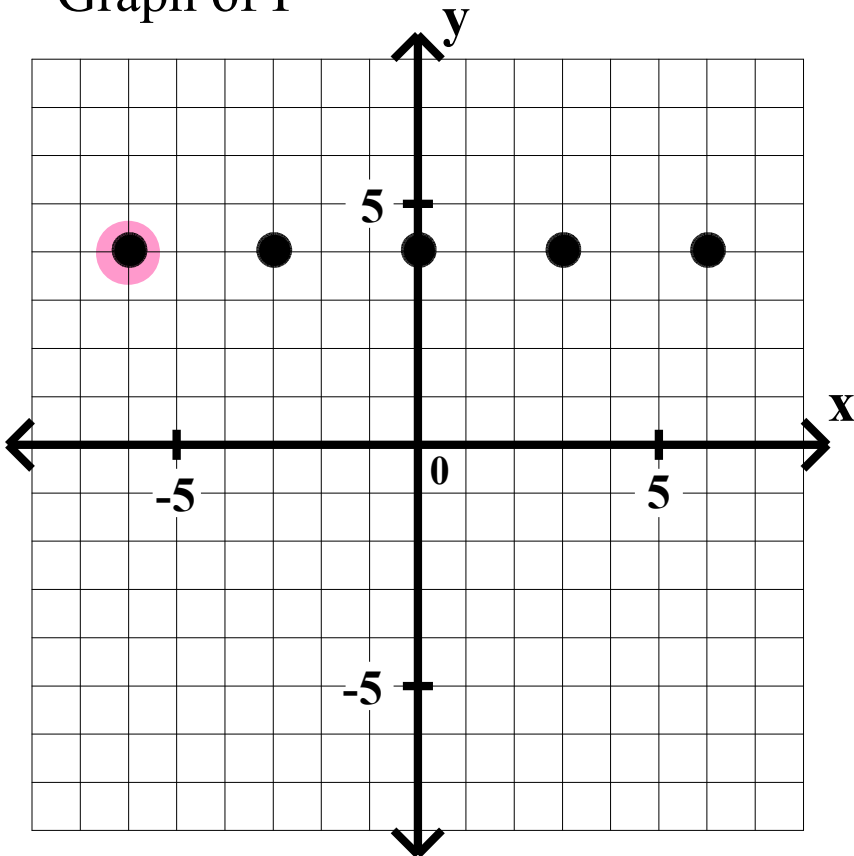
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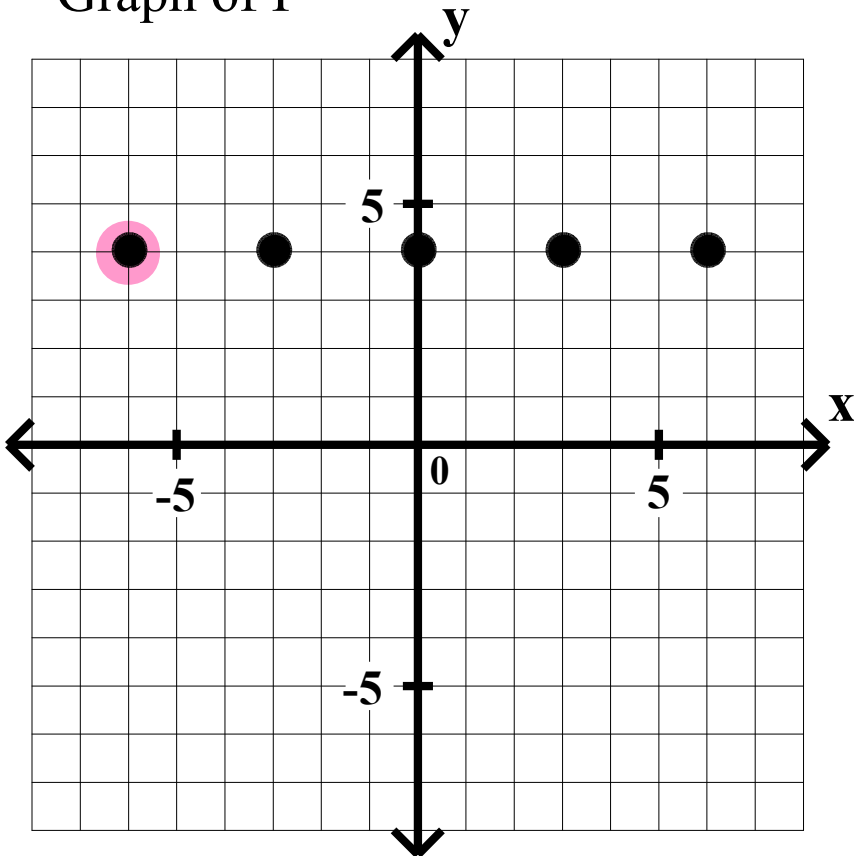
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4. $F = \{ (-6, 4) \}$

Graph of F



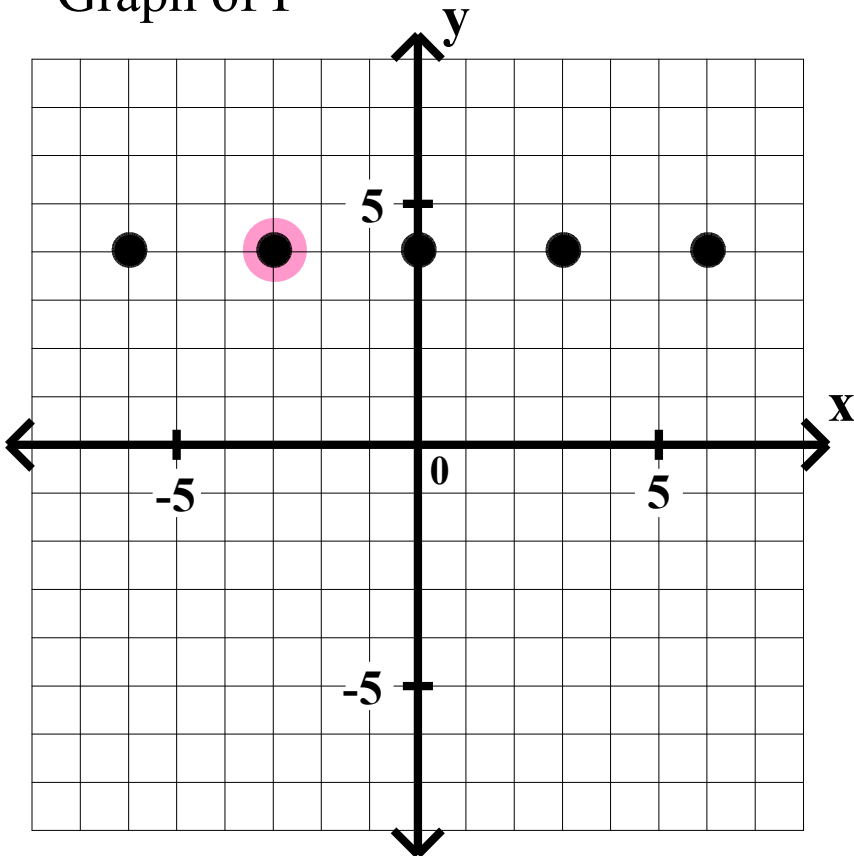
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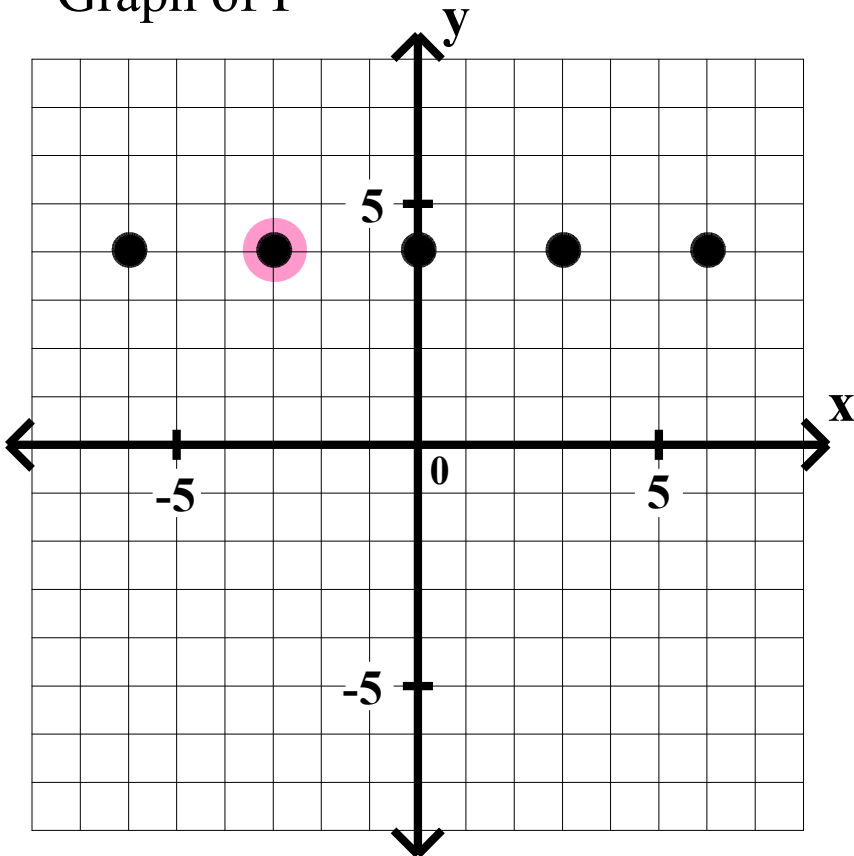
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Graph of F



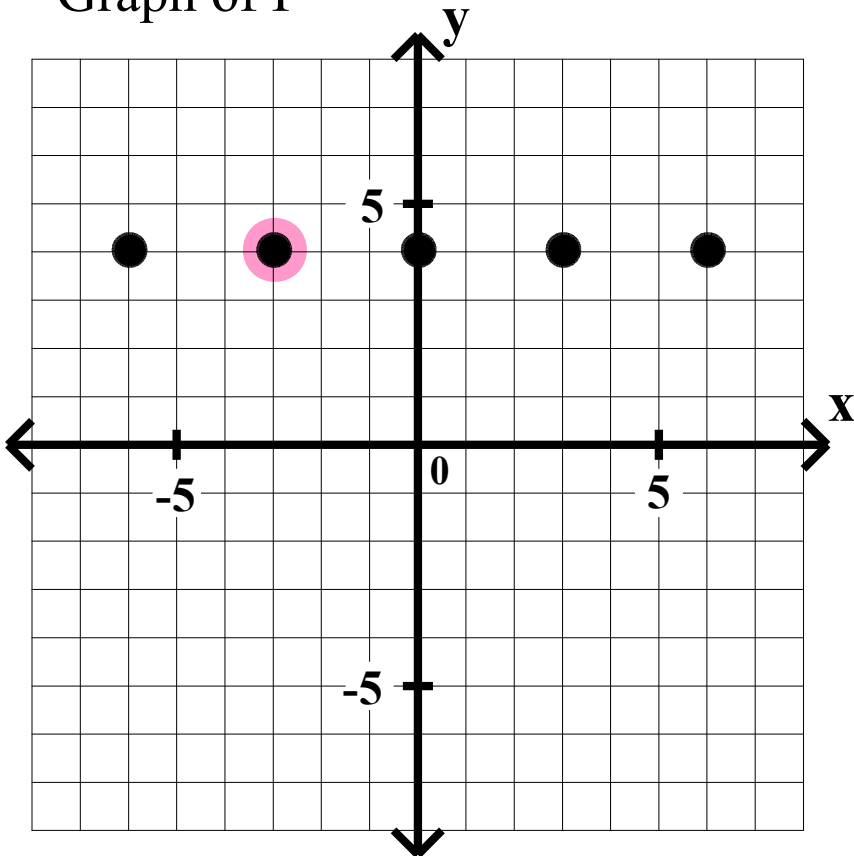
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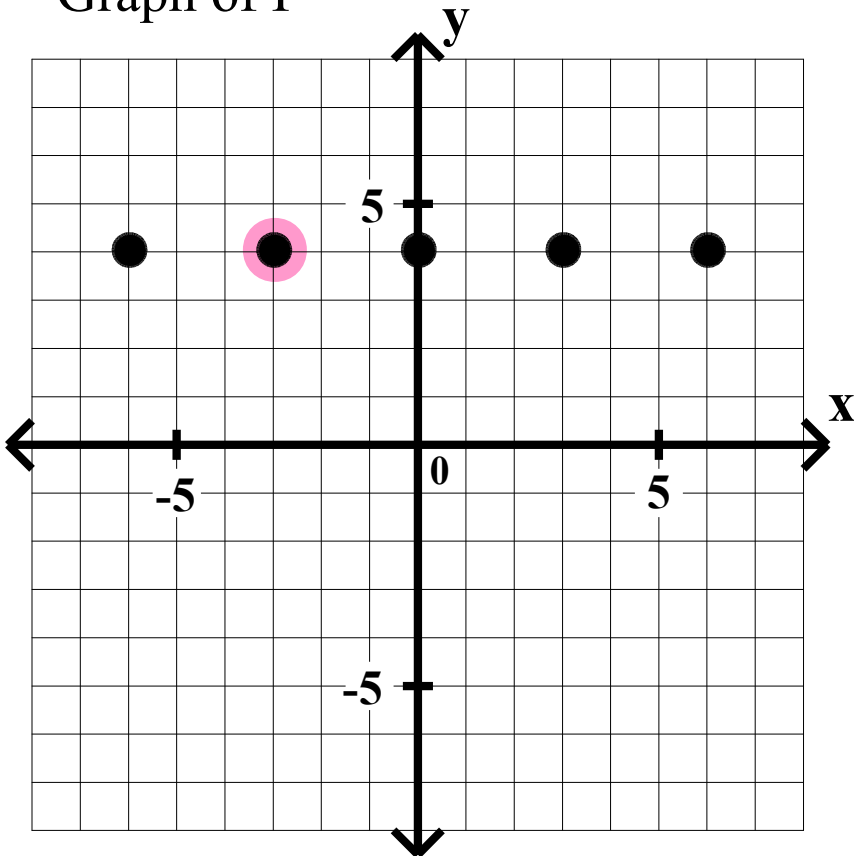
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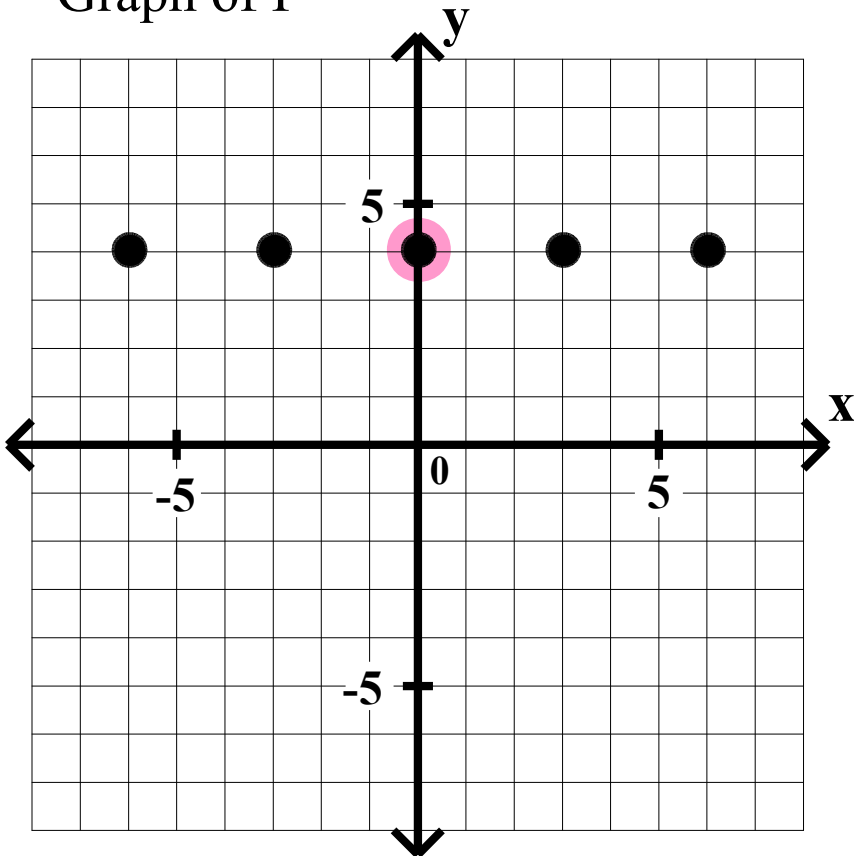
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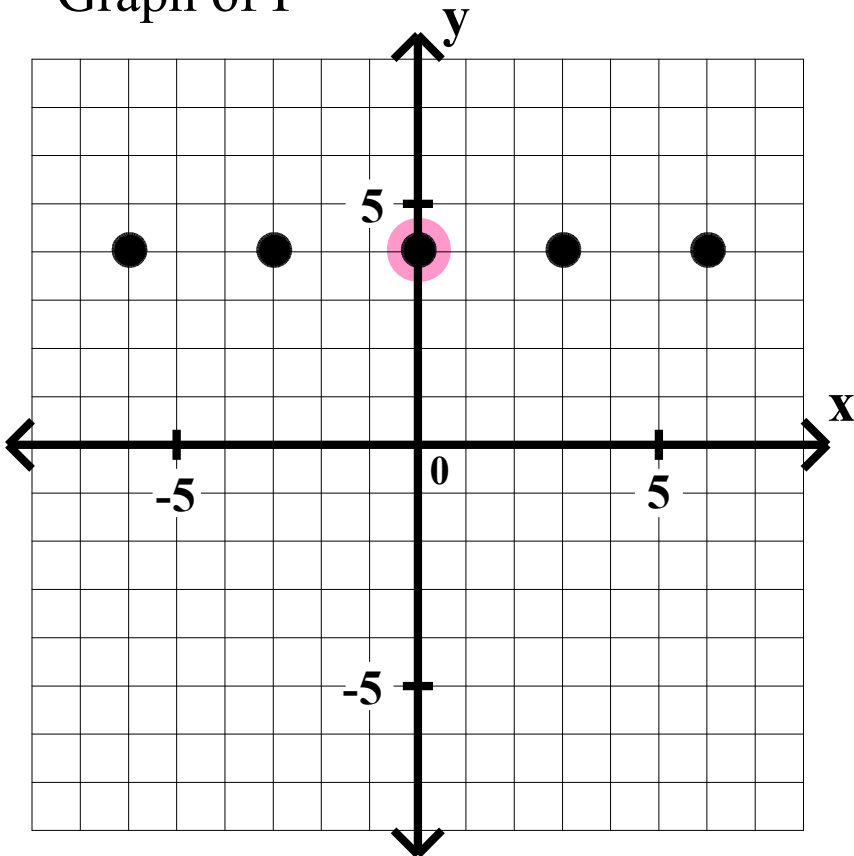
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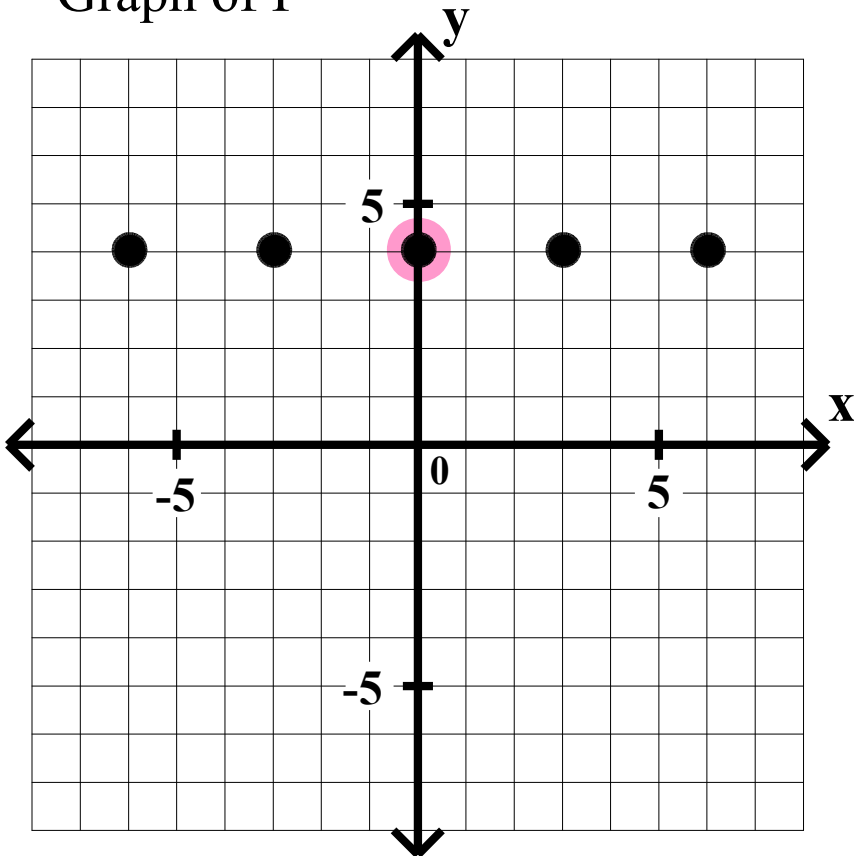
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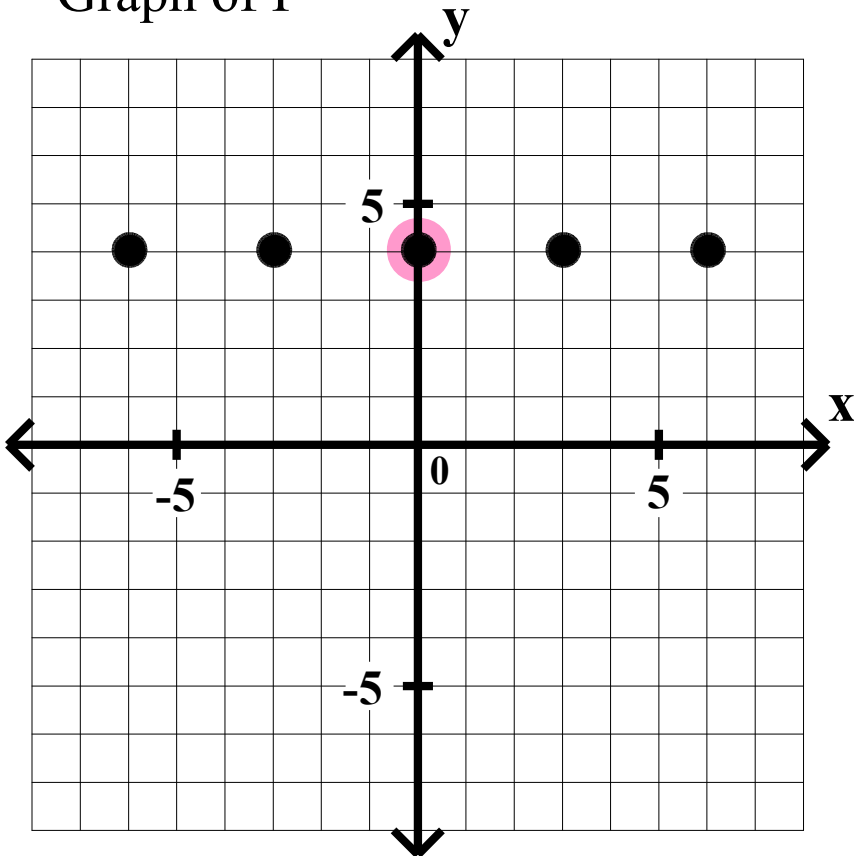
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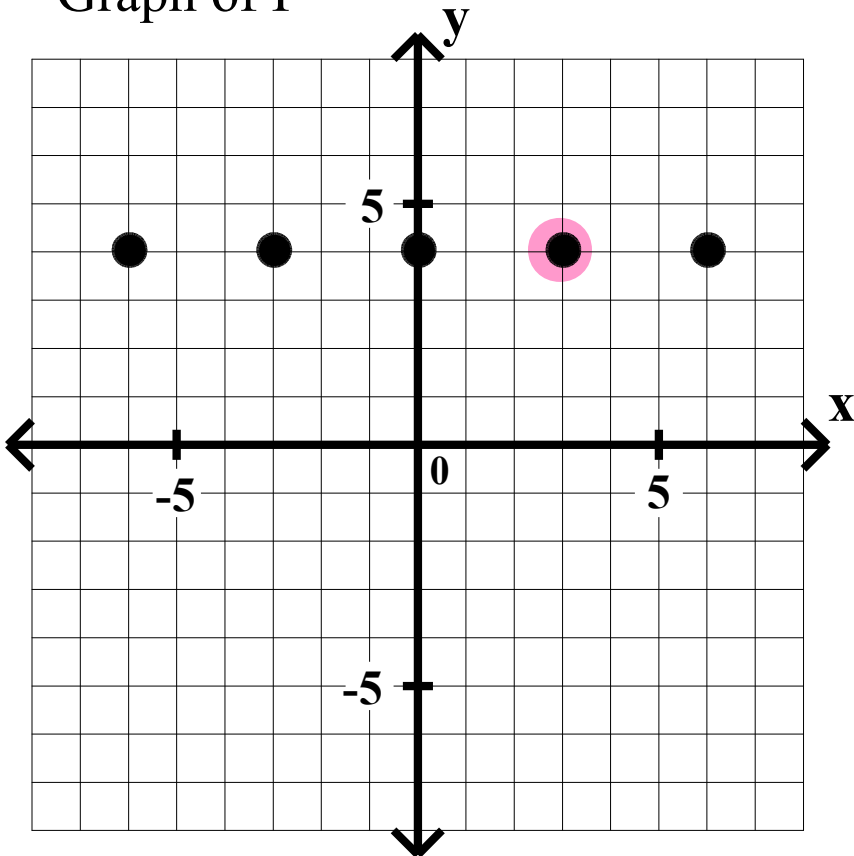
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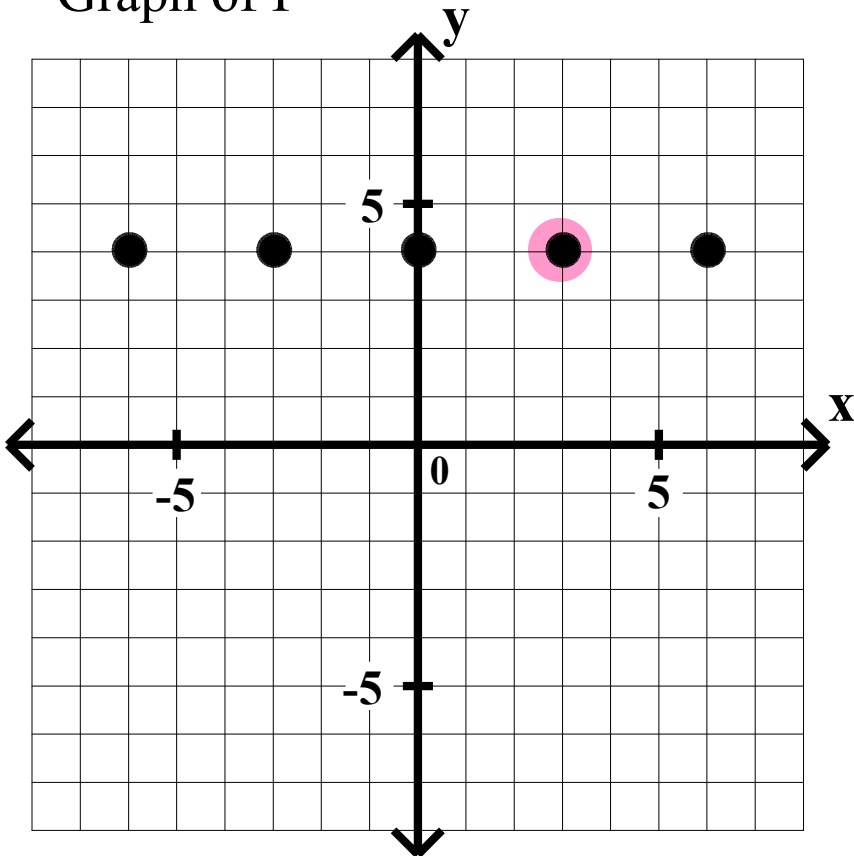
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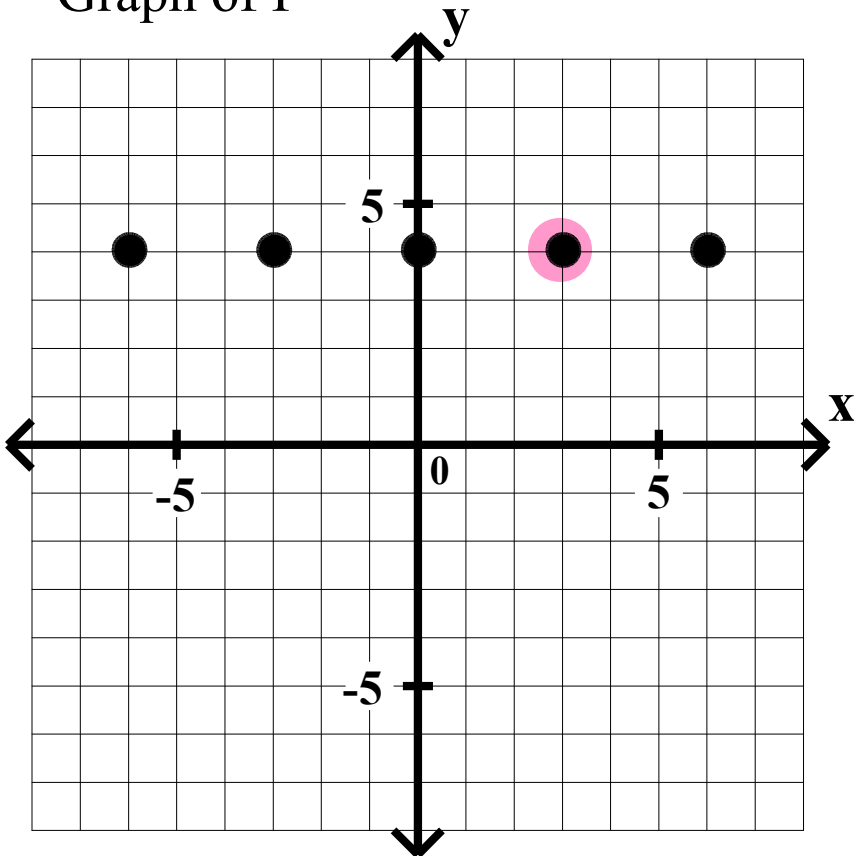
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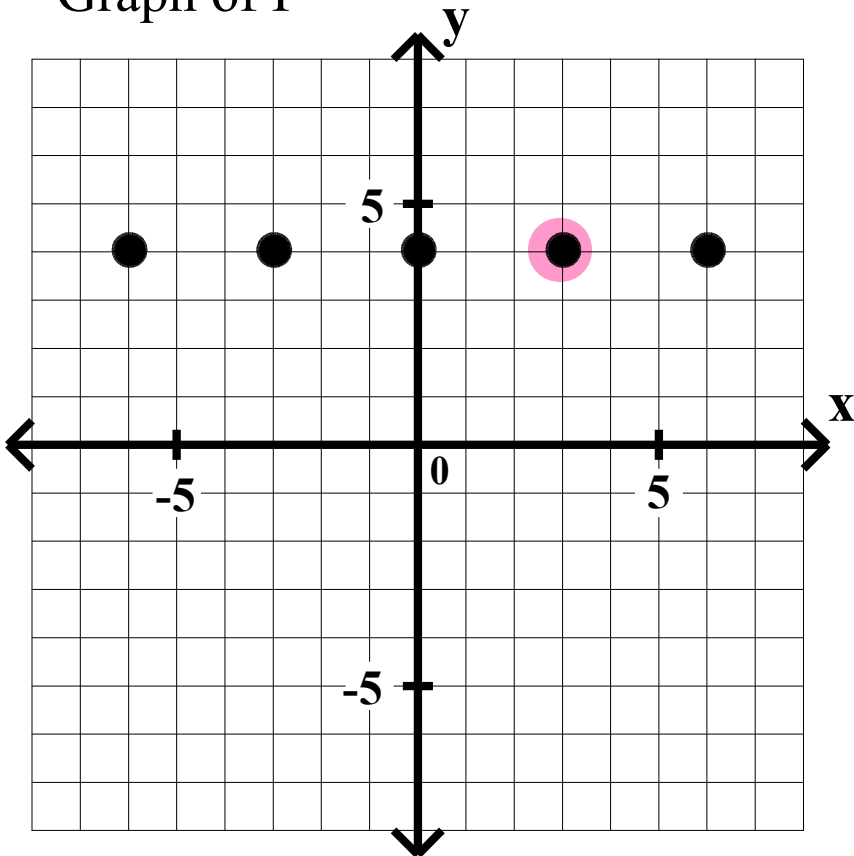
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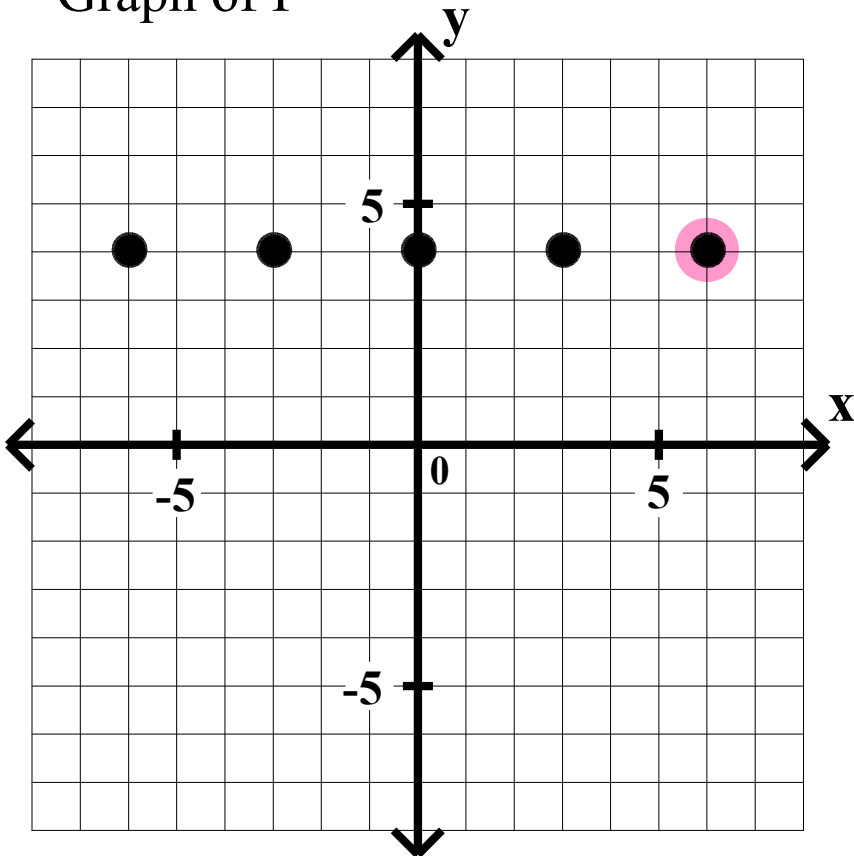
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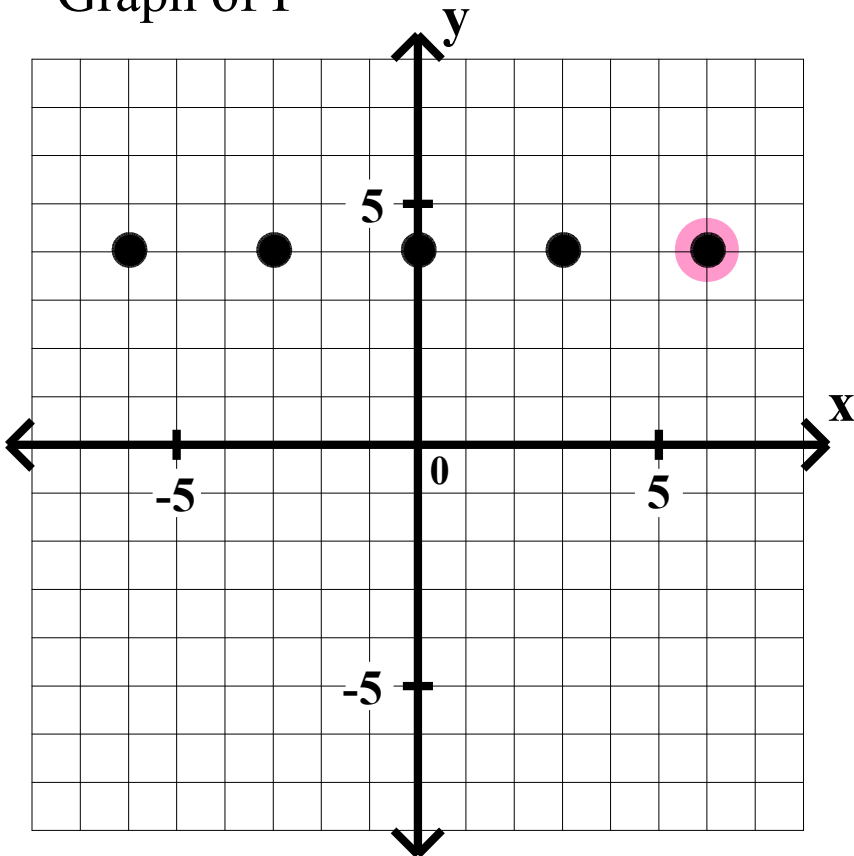
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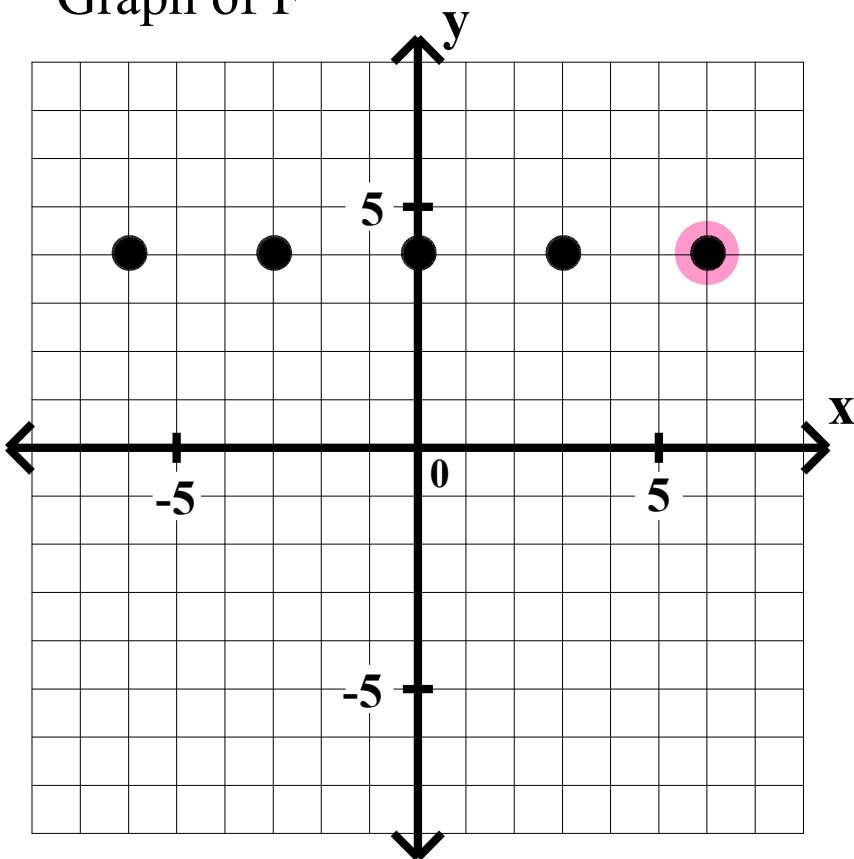
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Graph of F



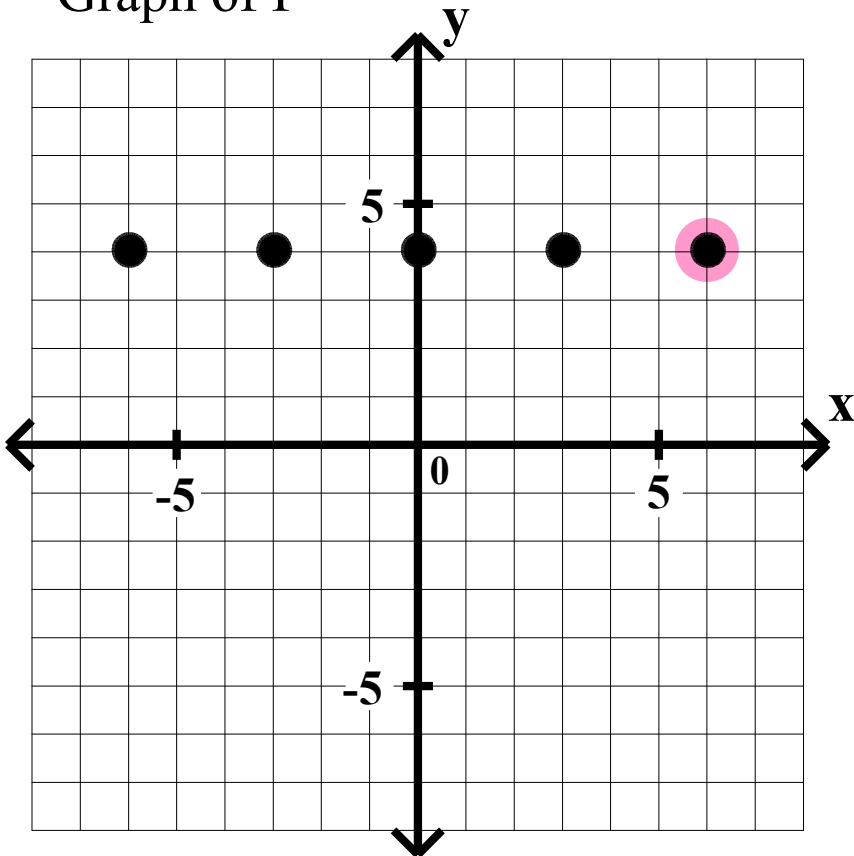
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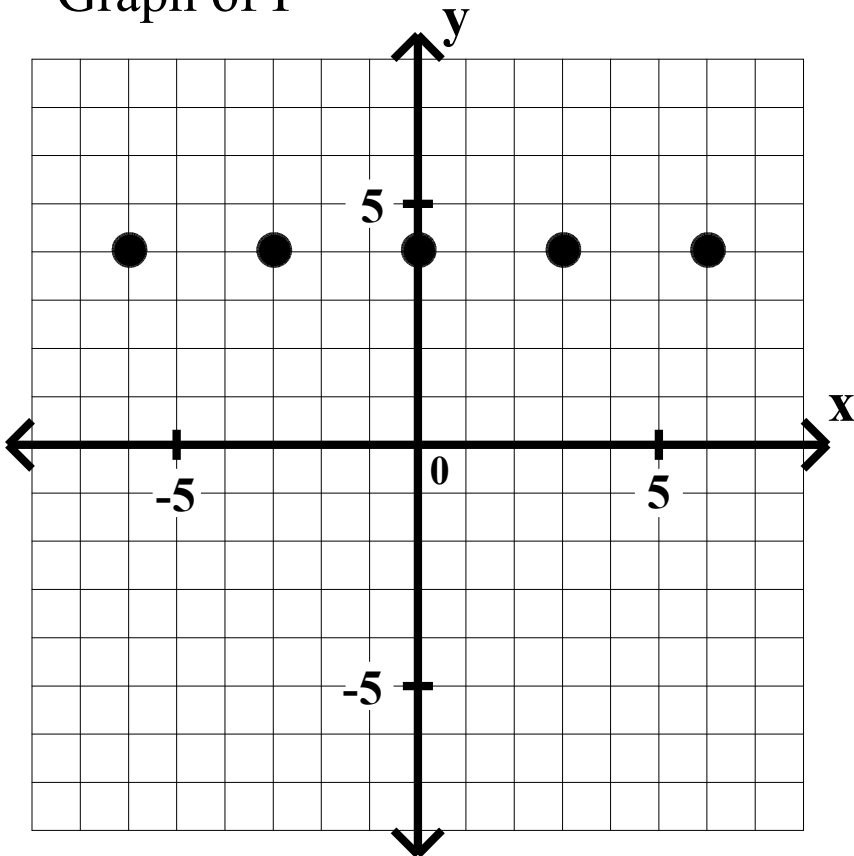
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Graph of F



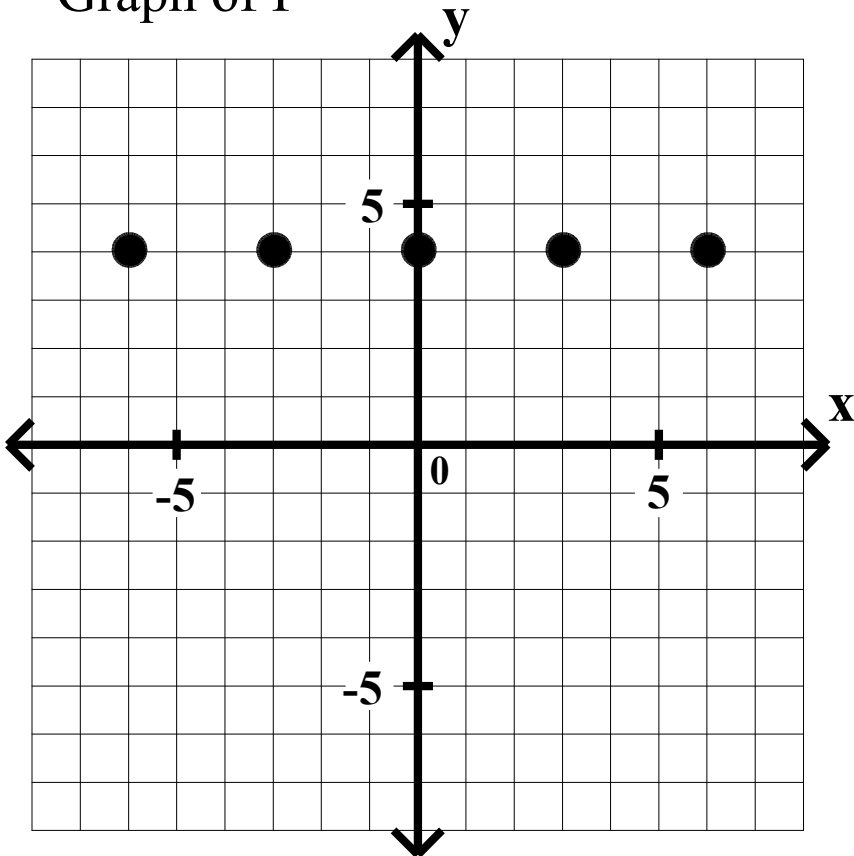
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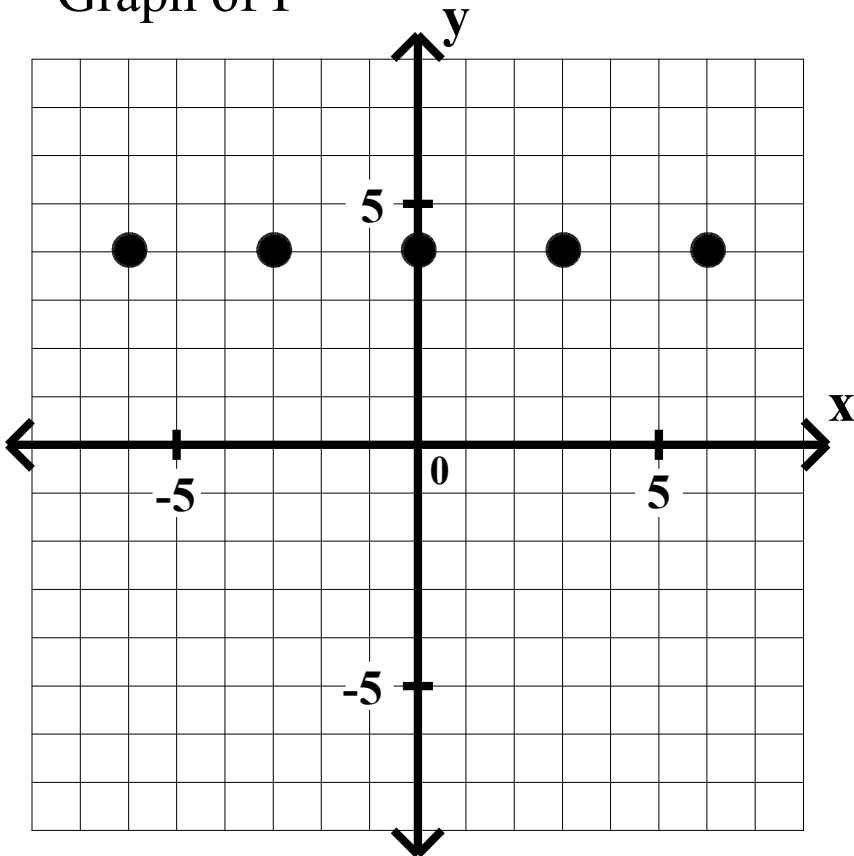
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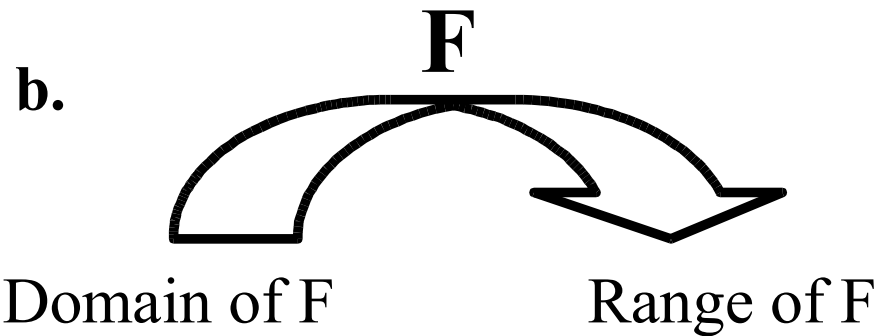
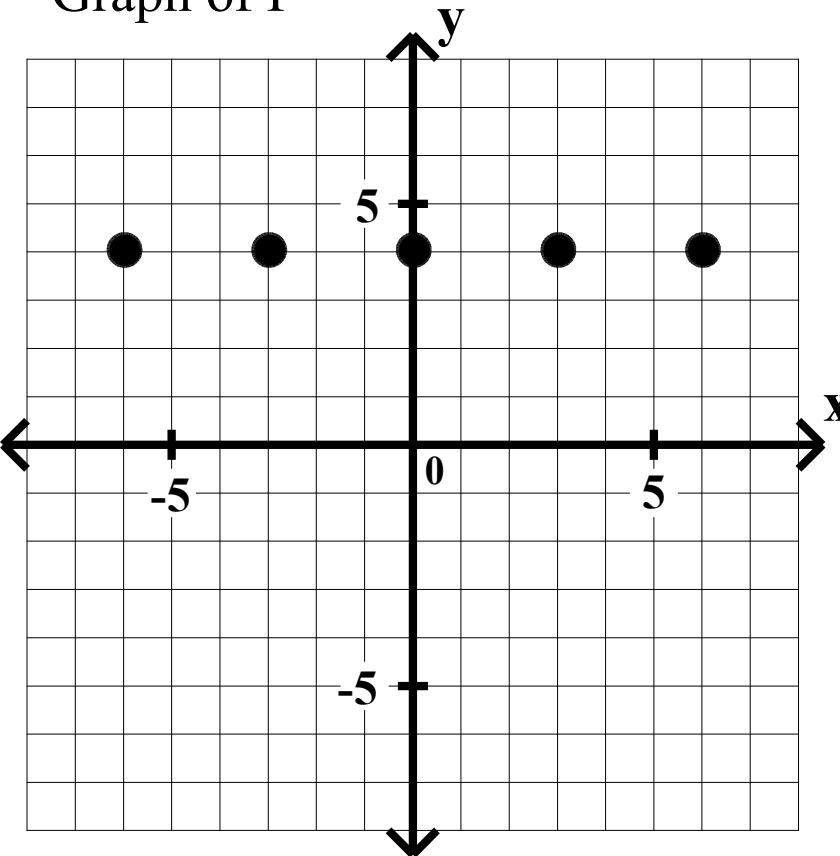
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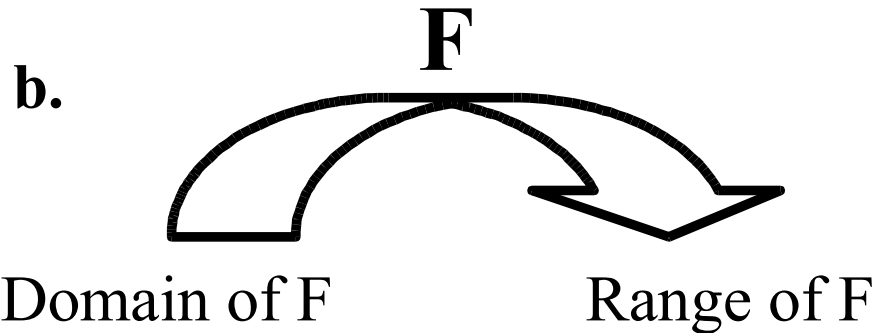
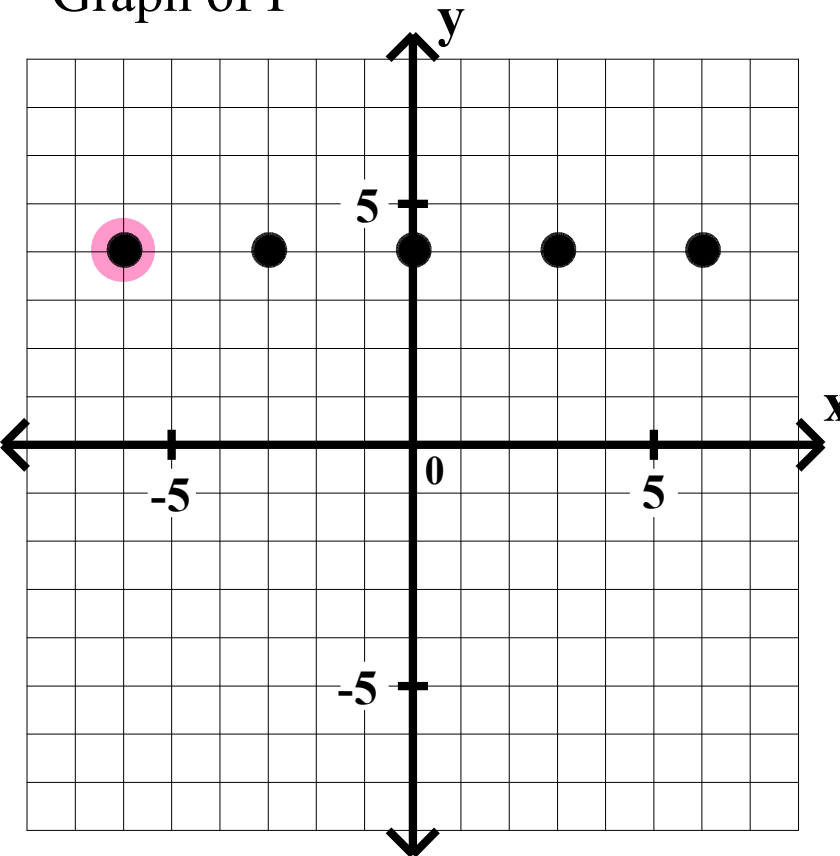
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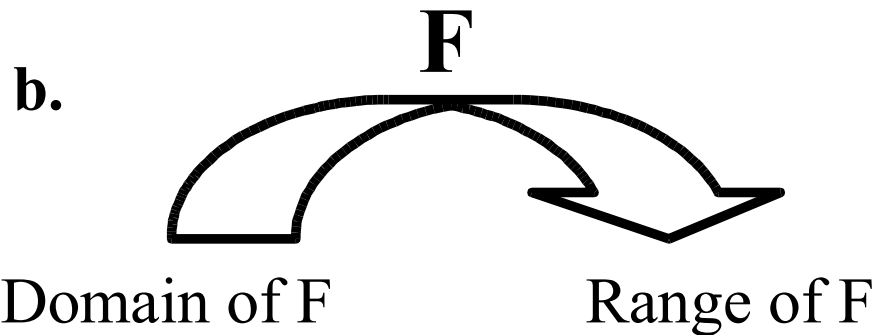
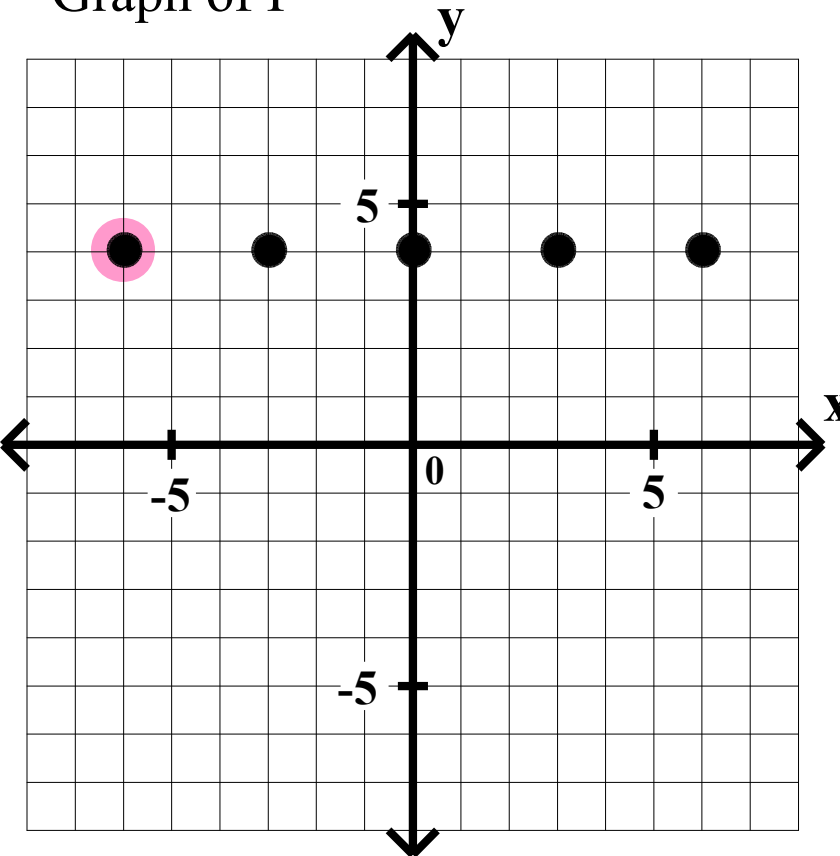
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Graph of F



-6

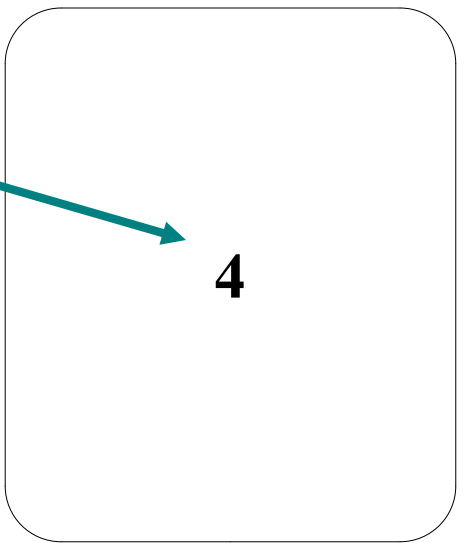
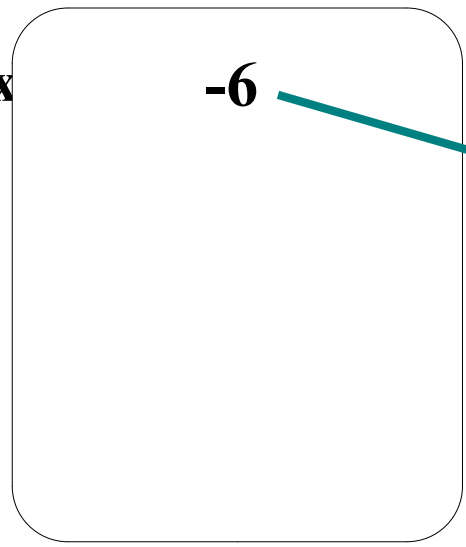
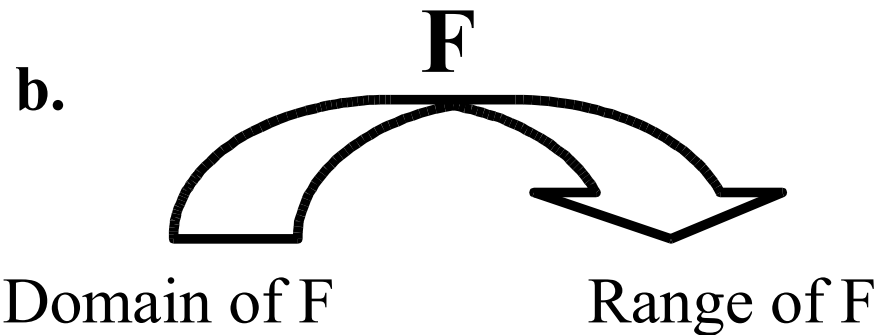
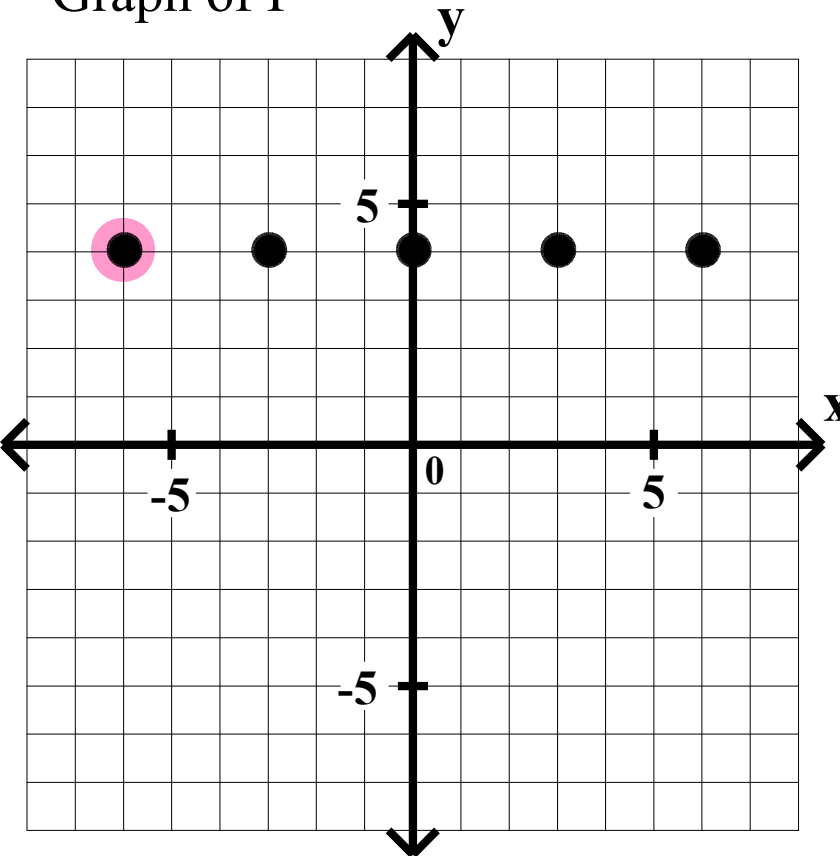
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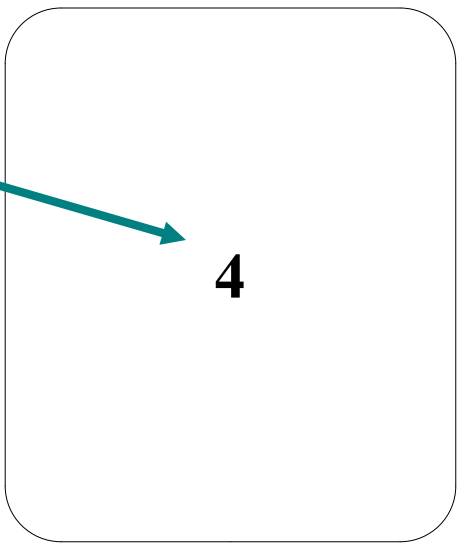
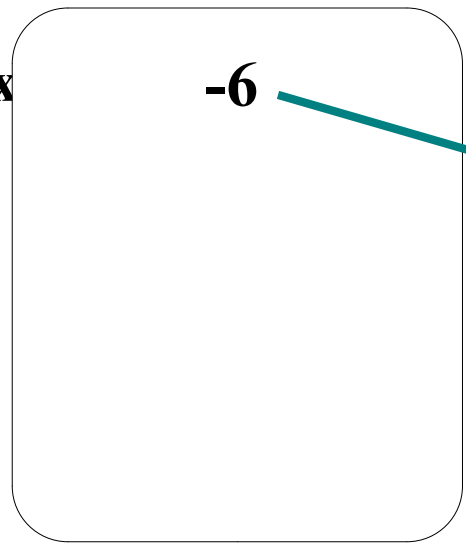
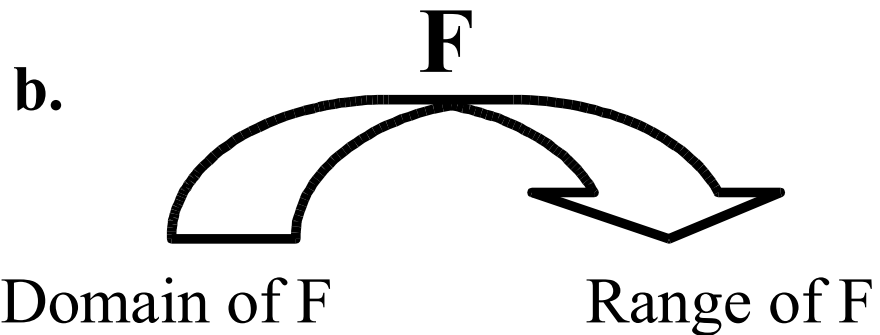
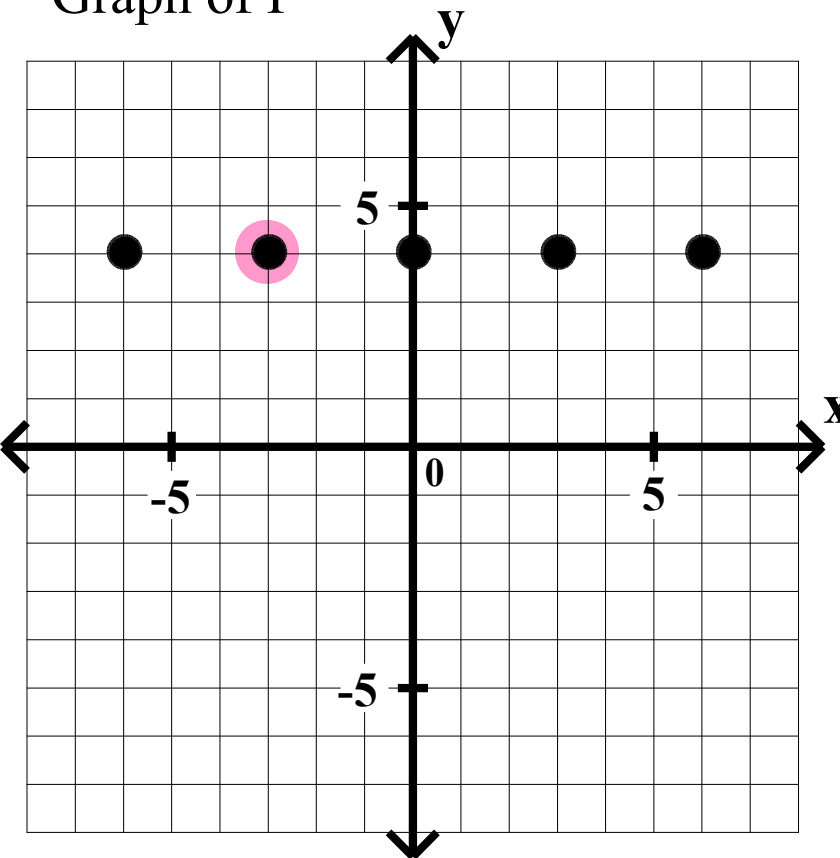
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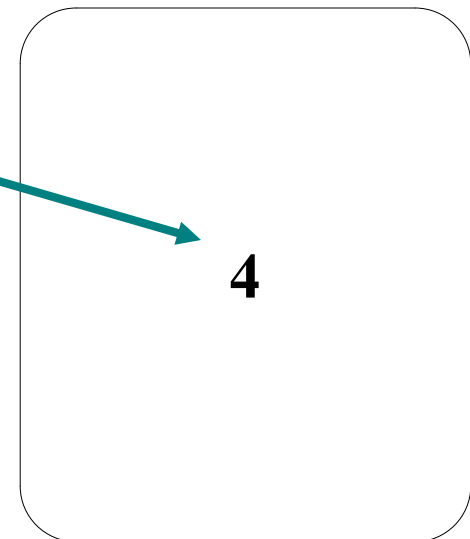
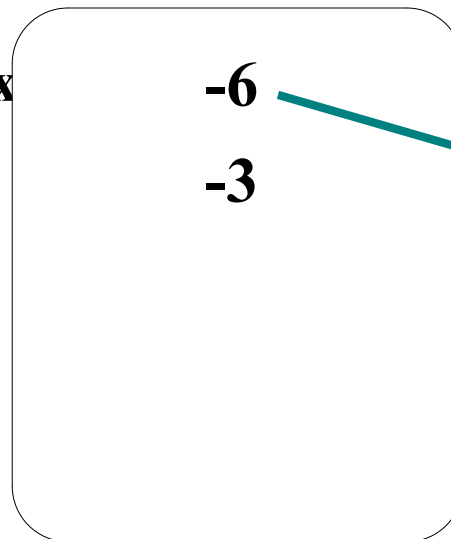
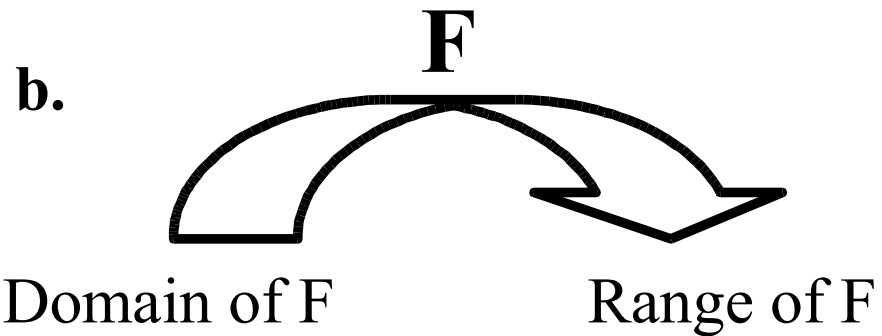
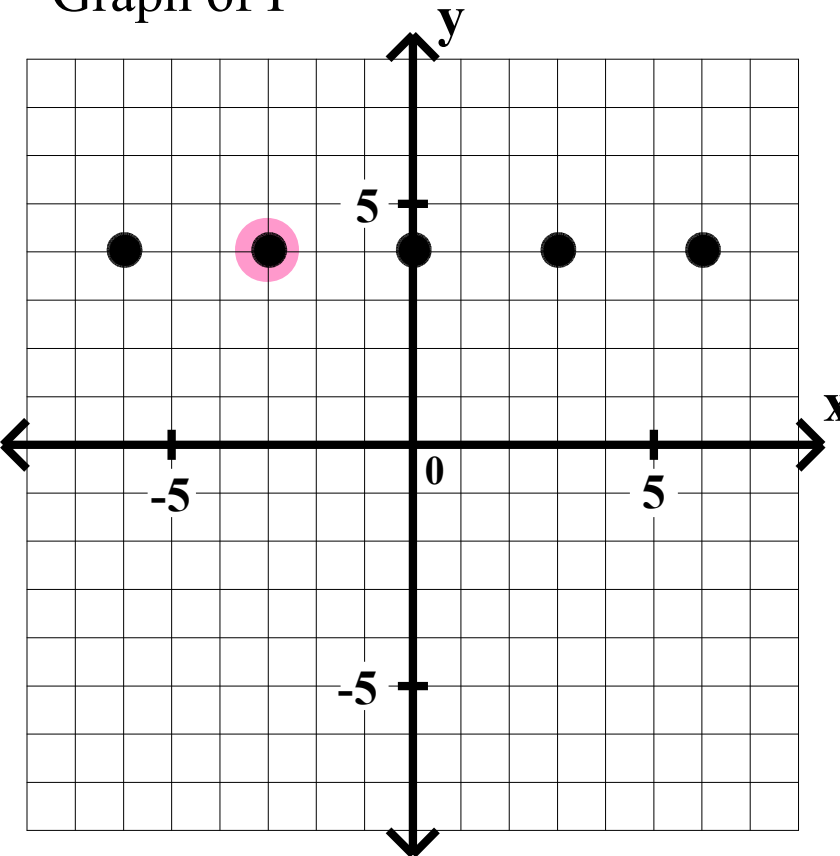
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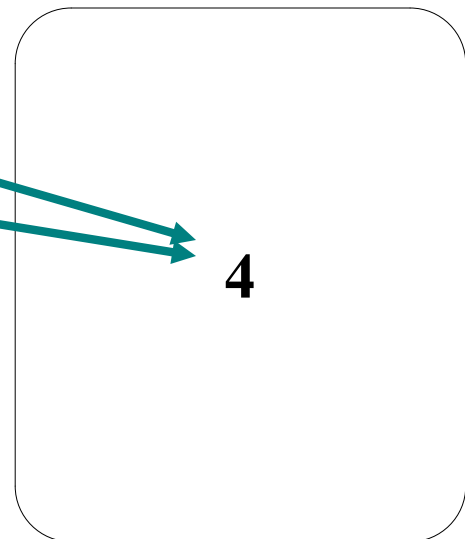
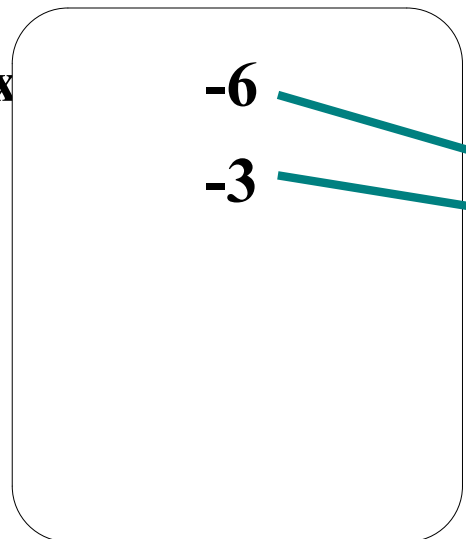
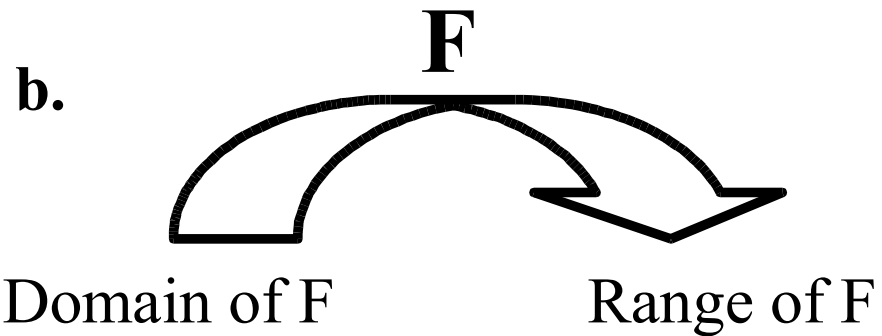
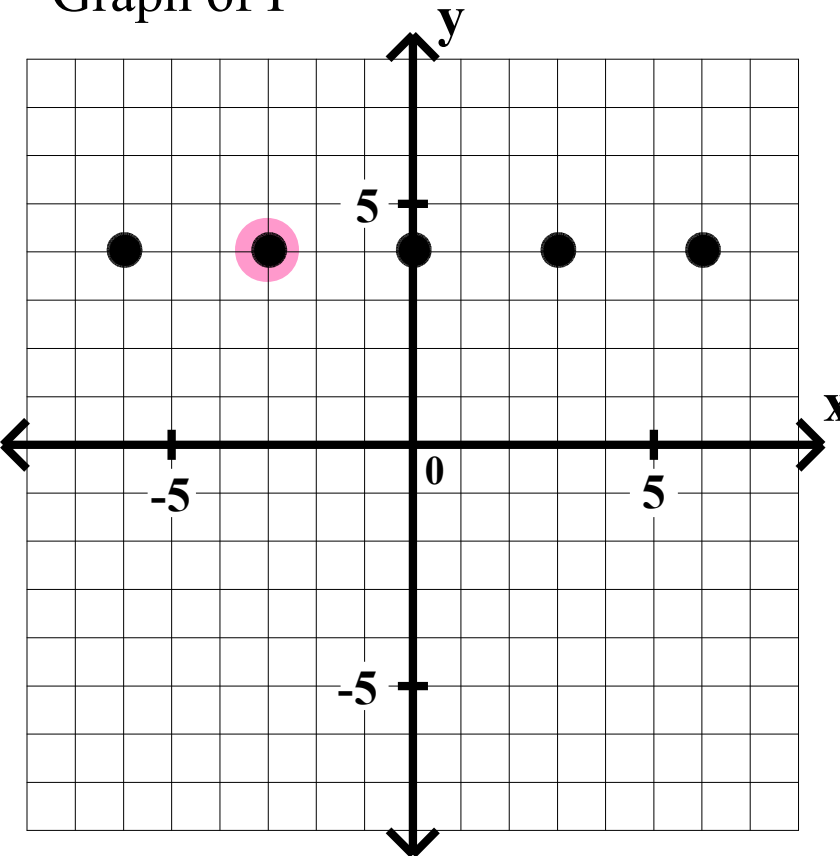
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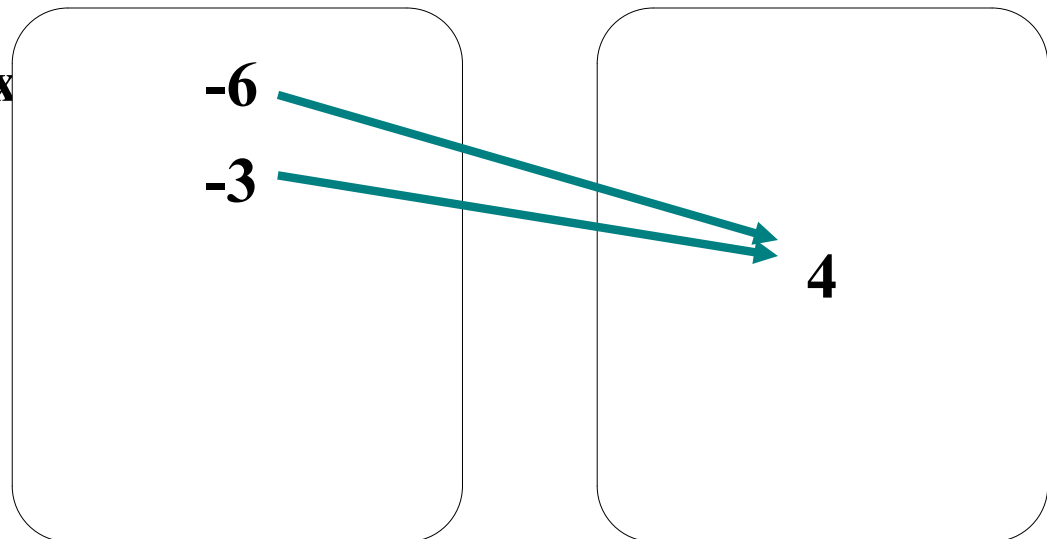
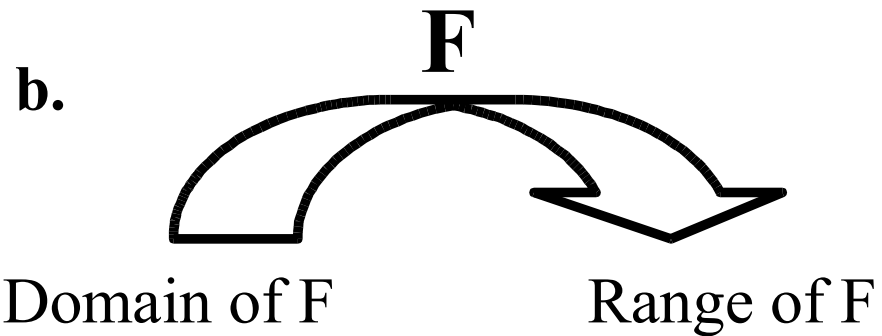
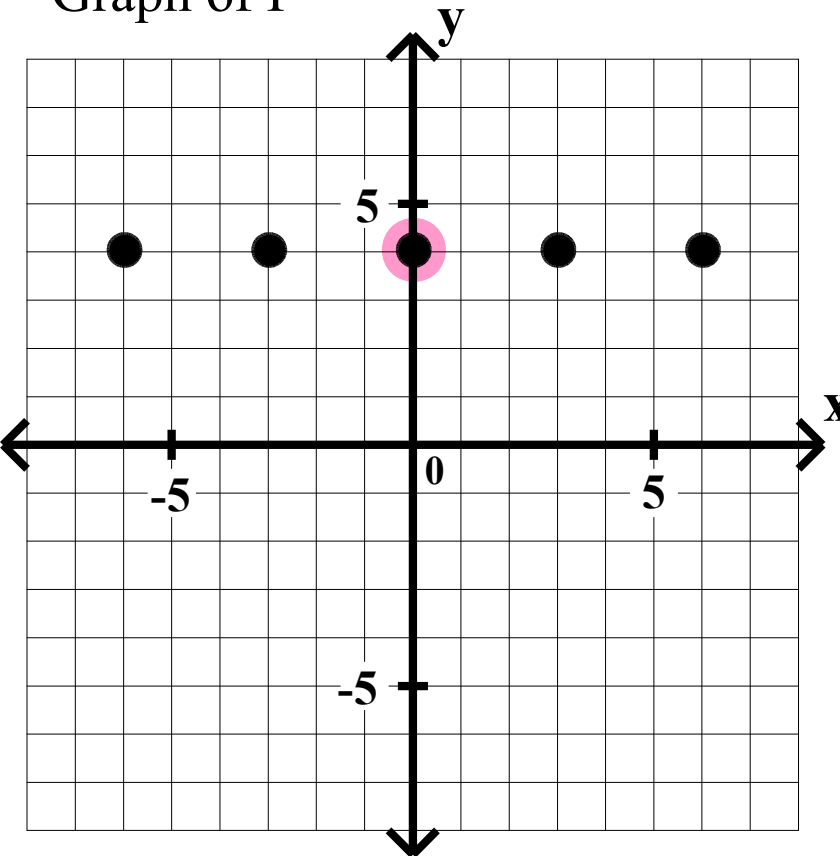
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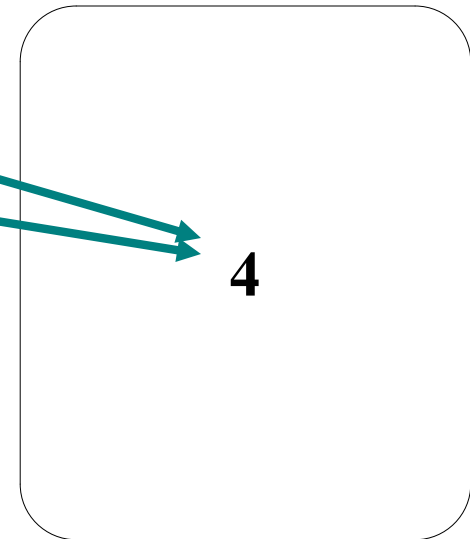
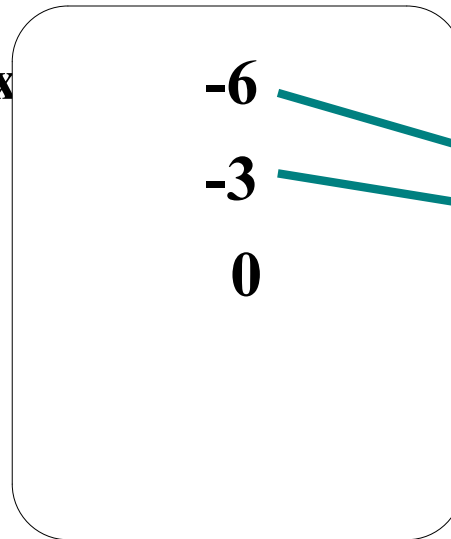
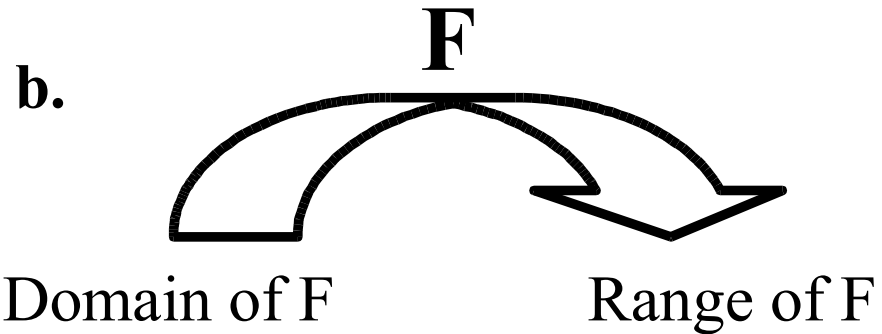
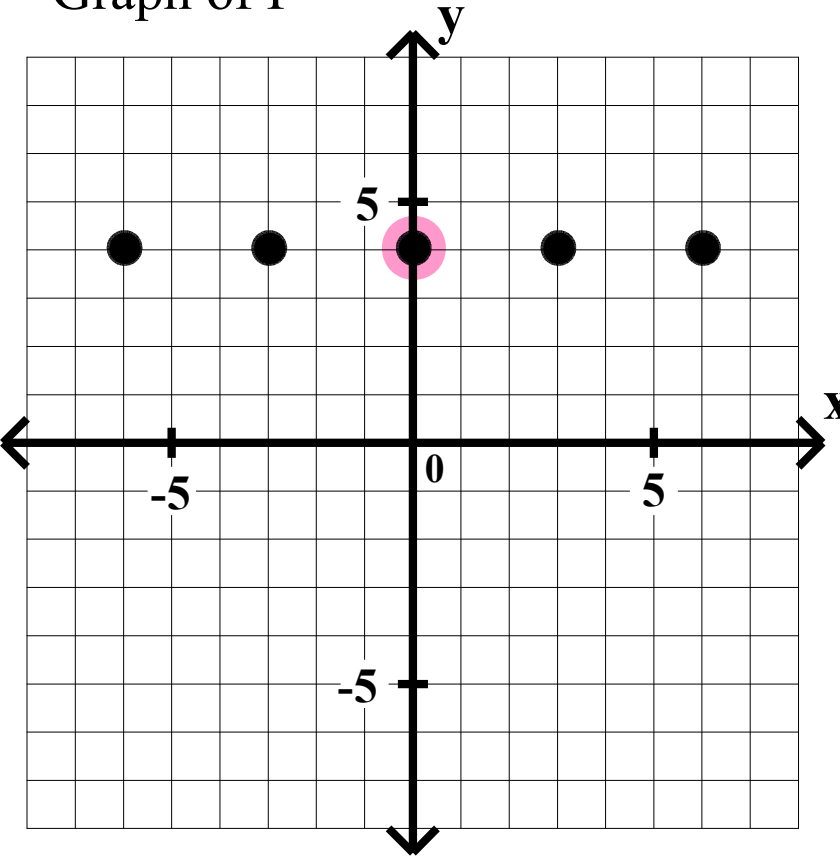
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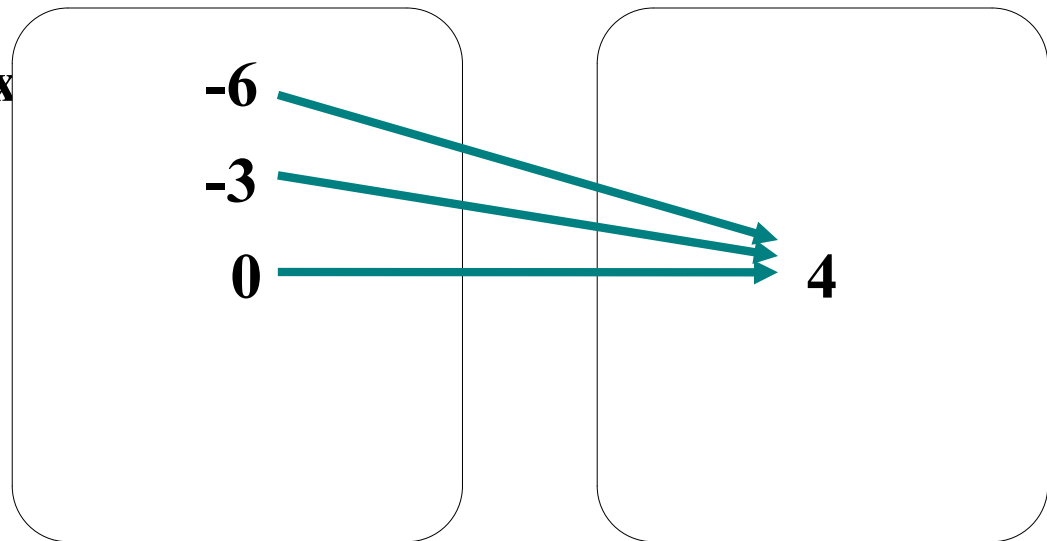
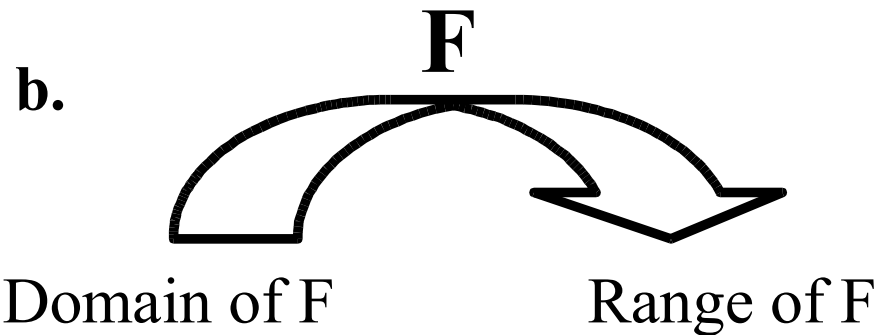
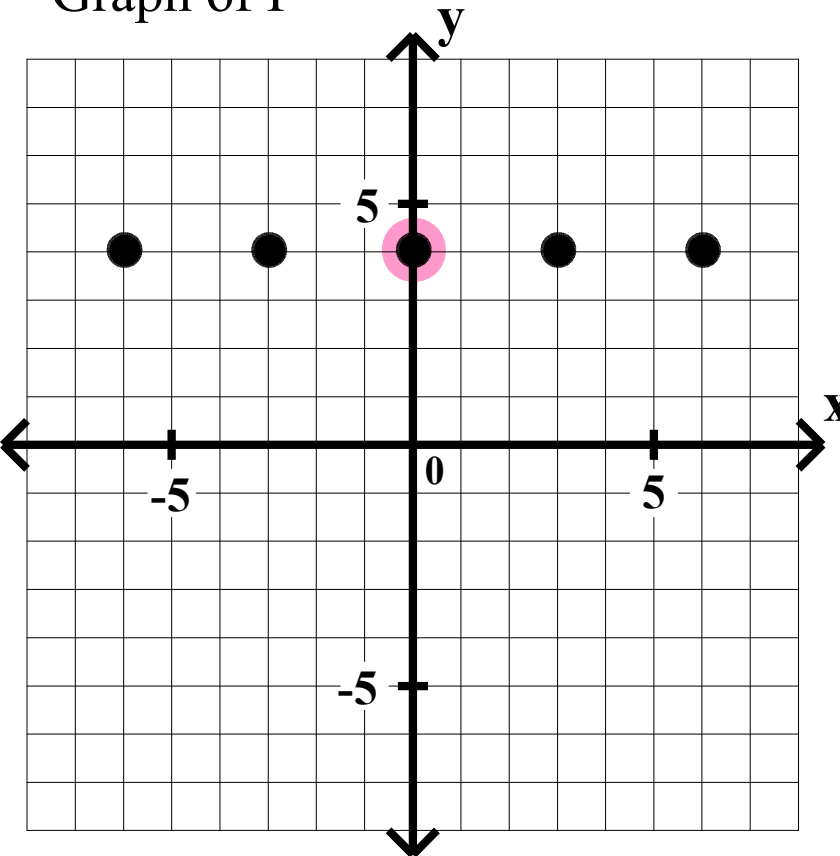
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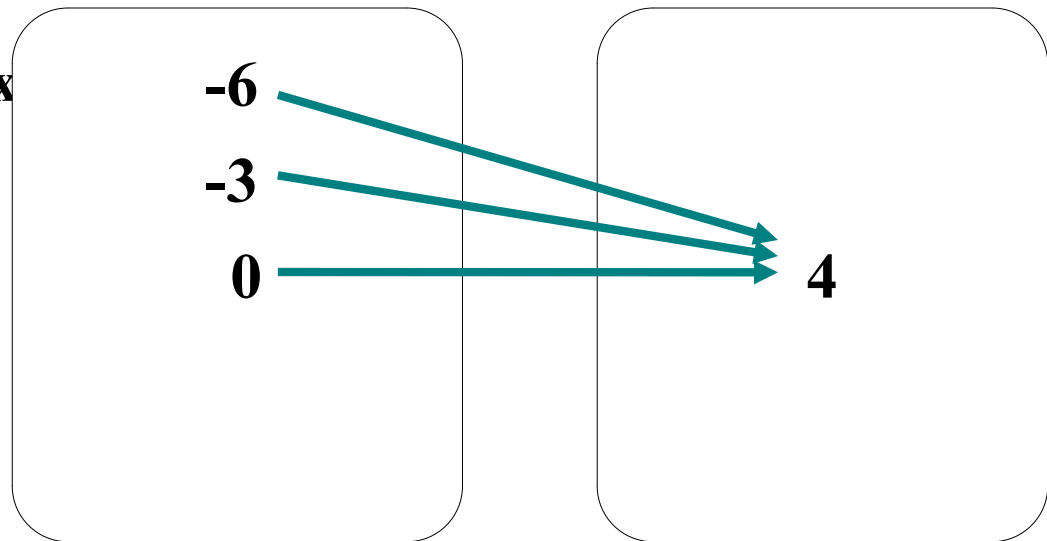
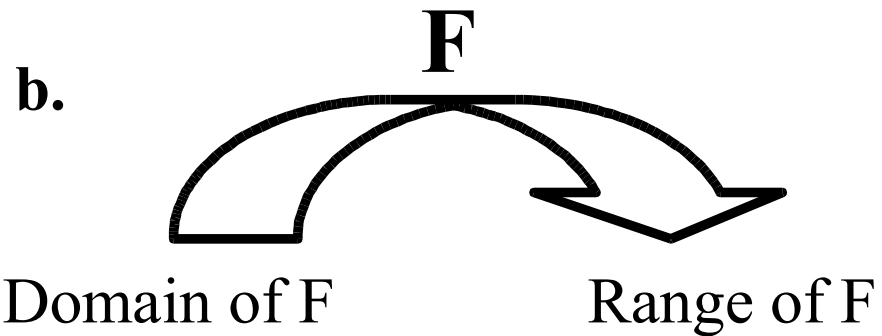
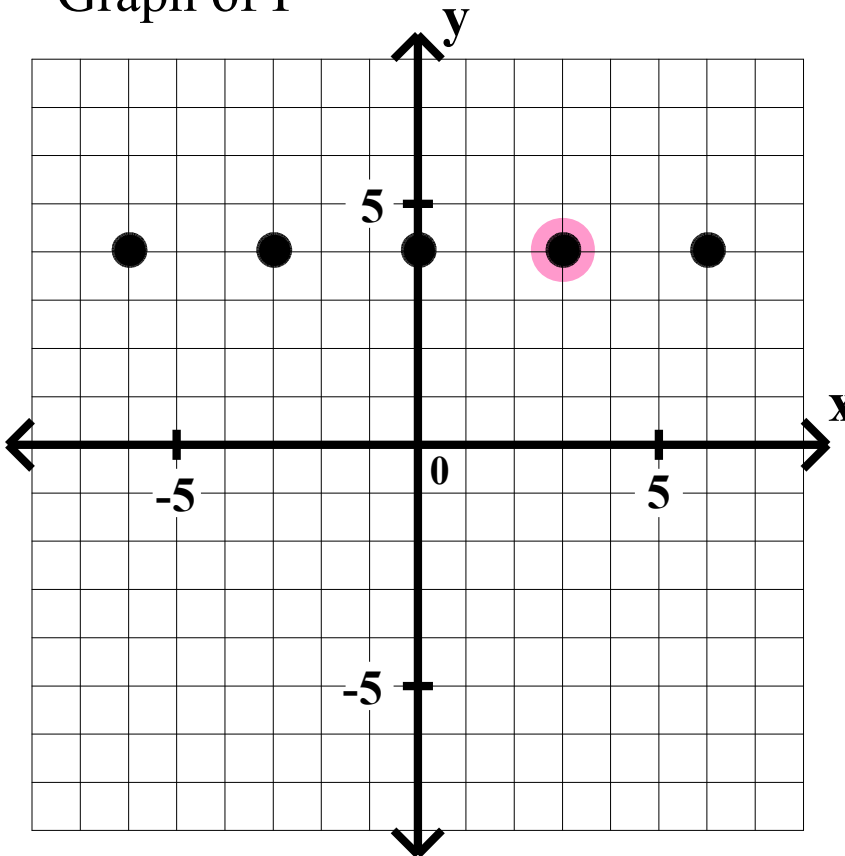
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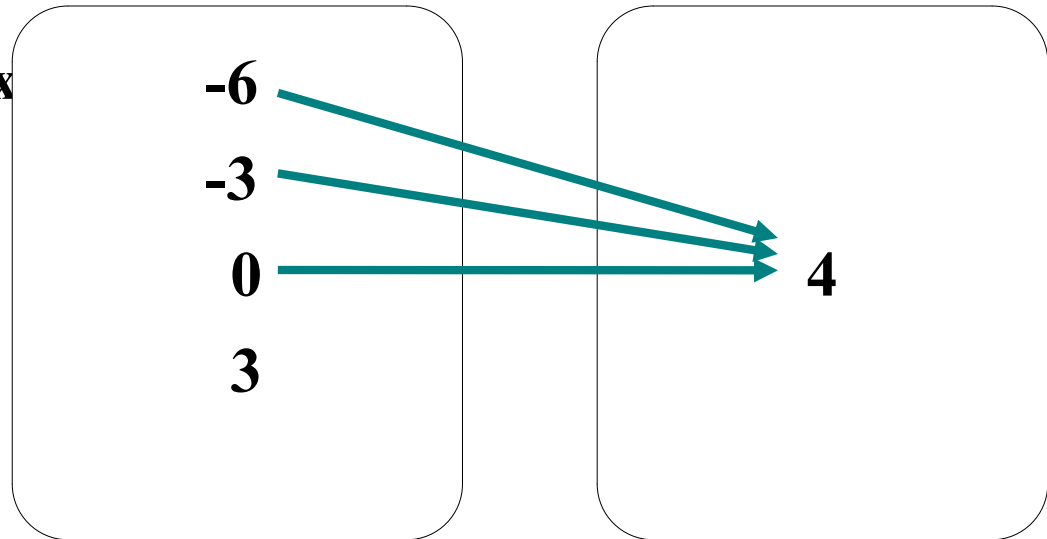
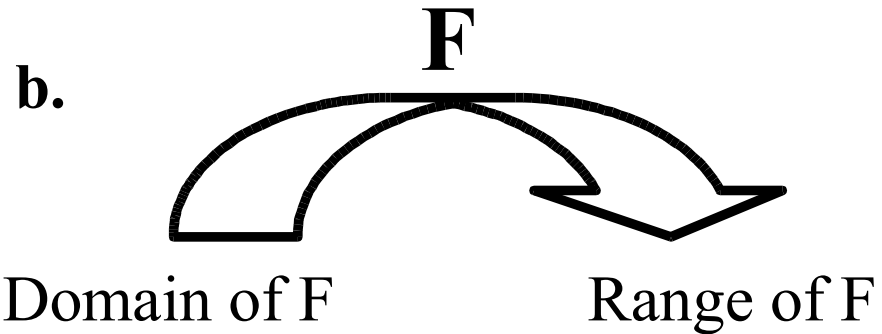
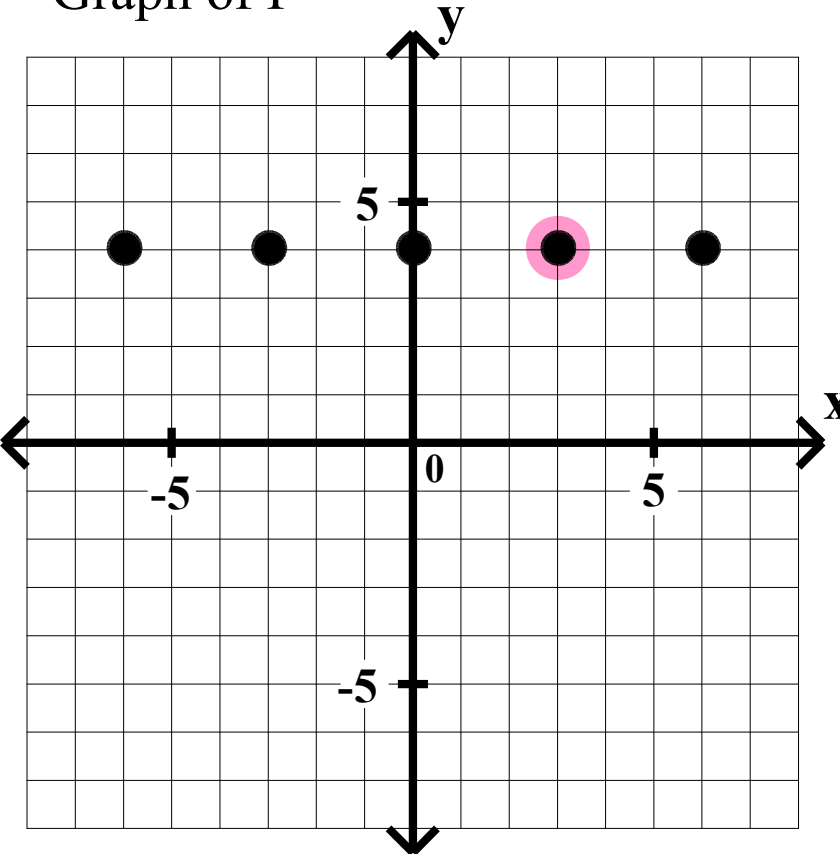
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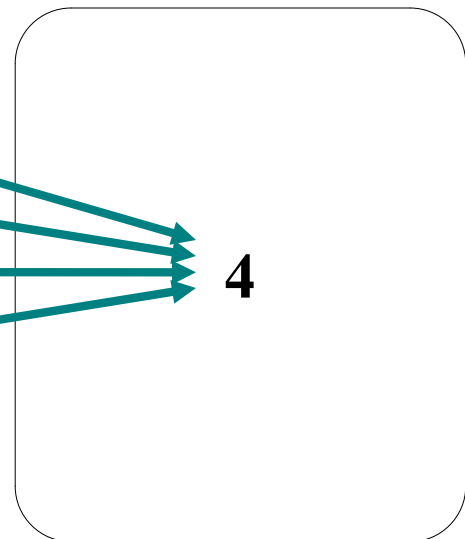
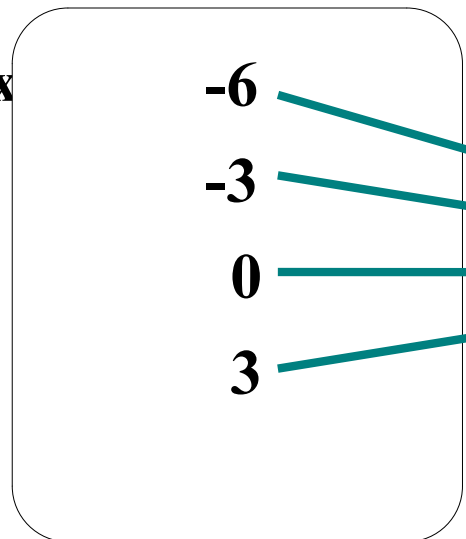
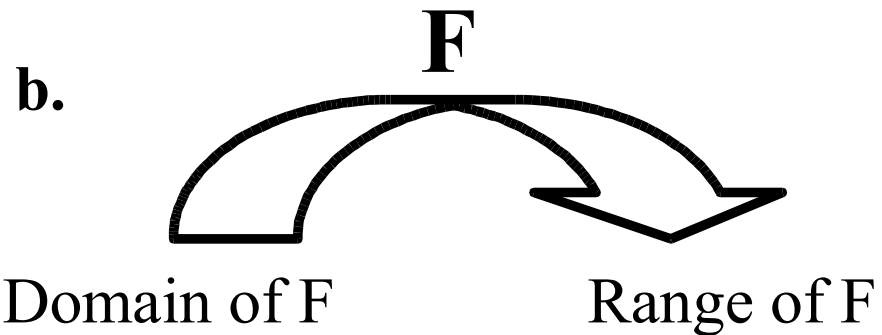
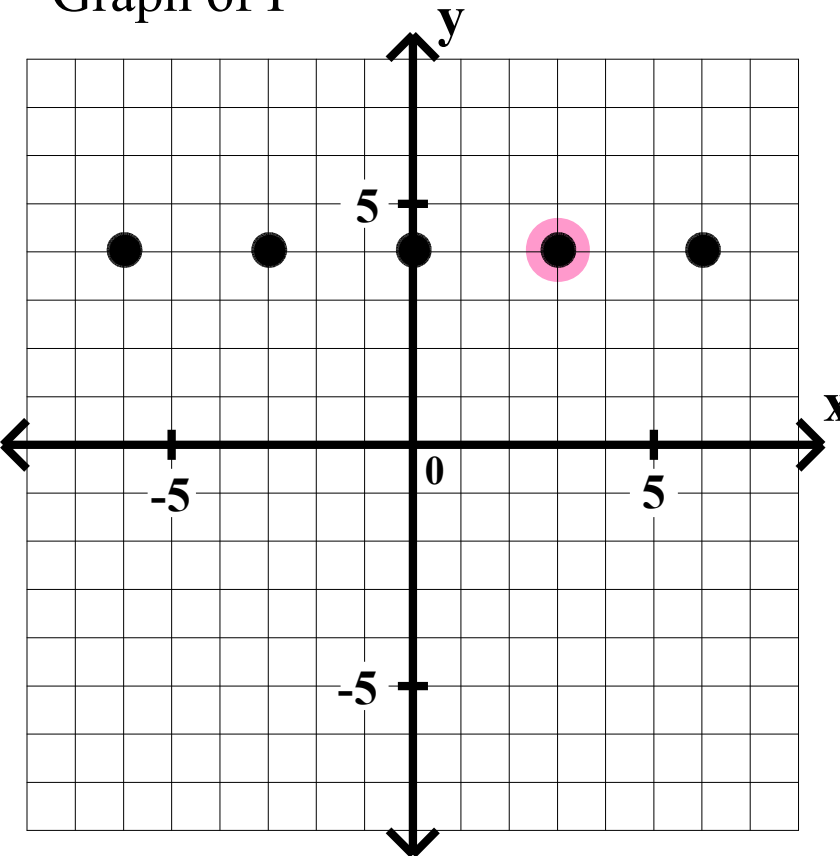
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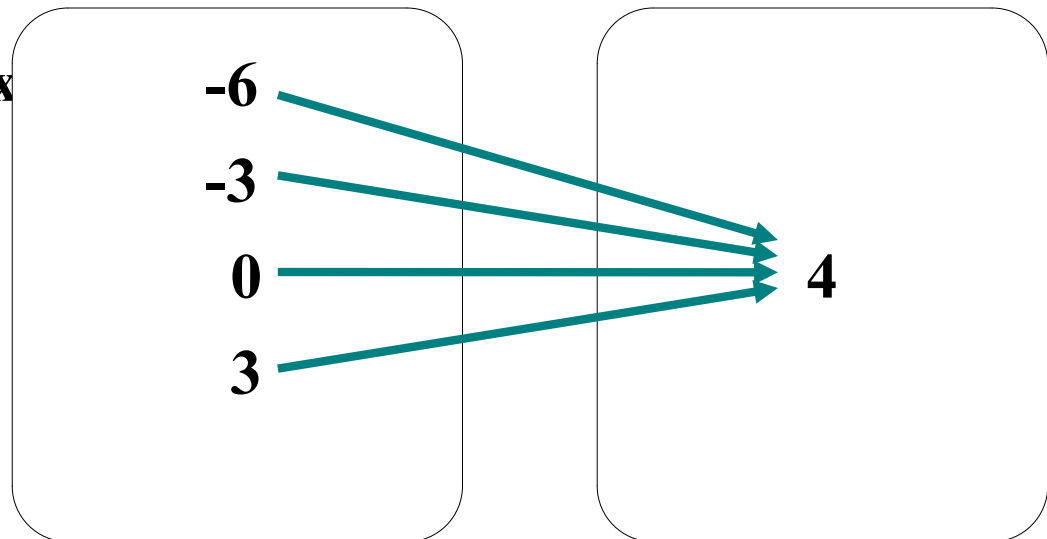
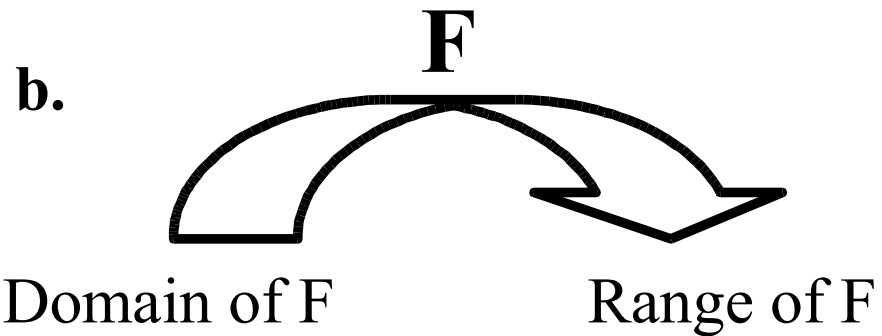
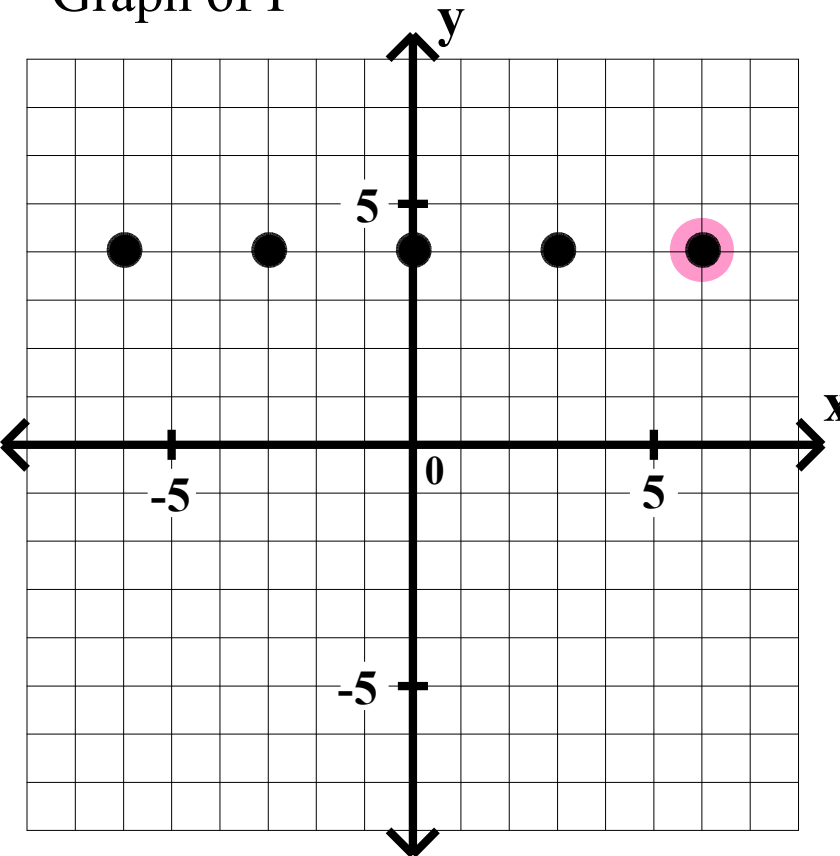
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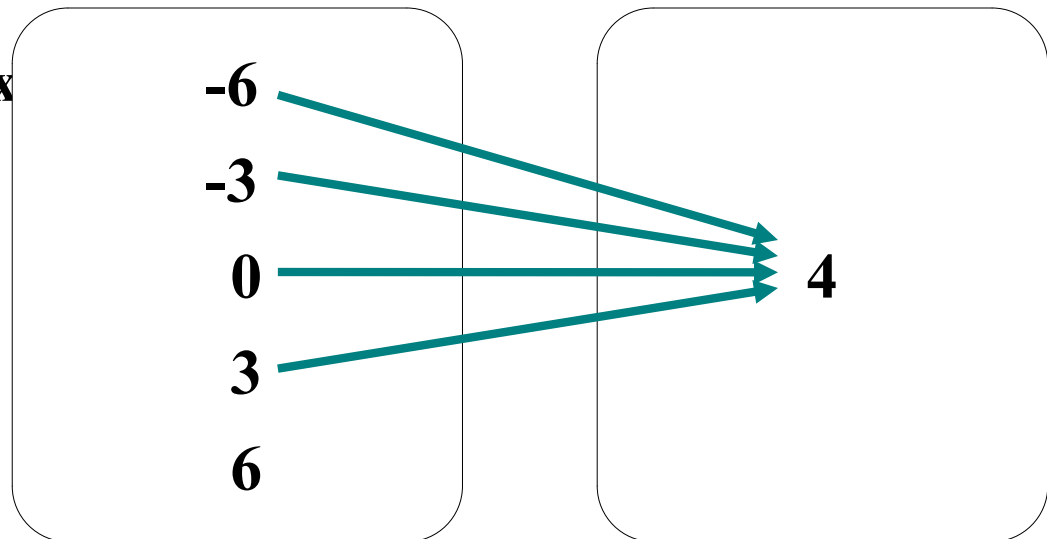
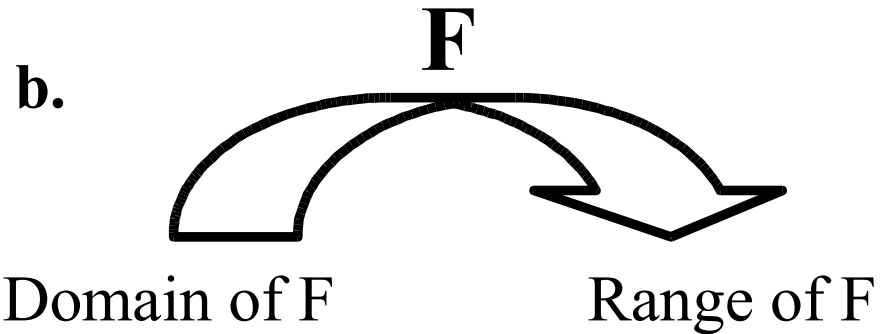
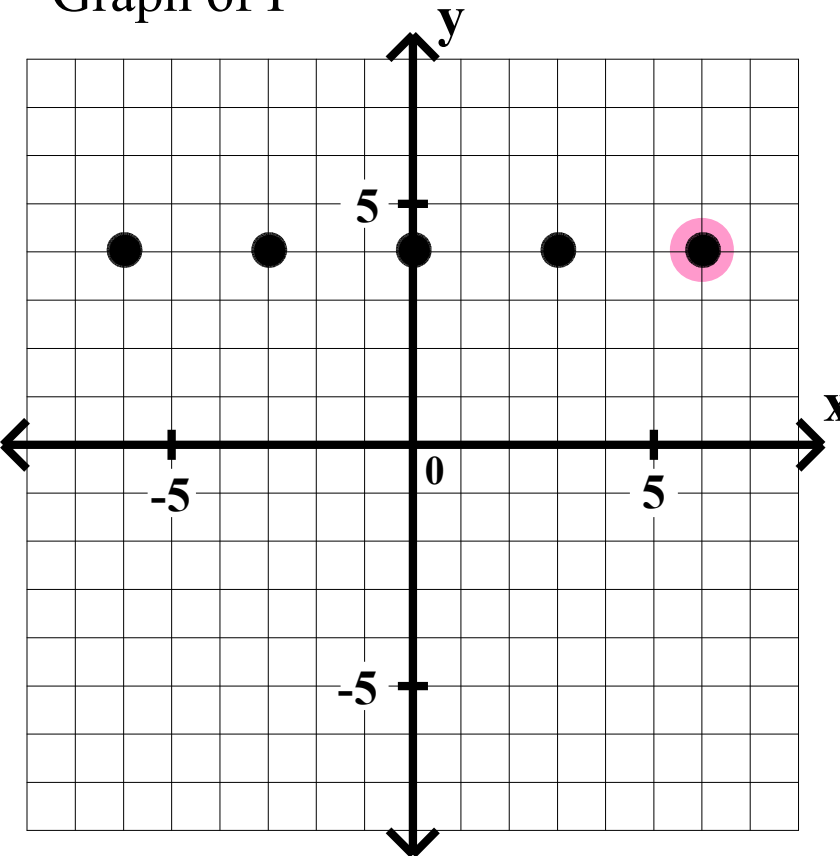
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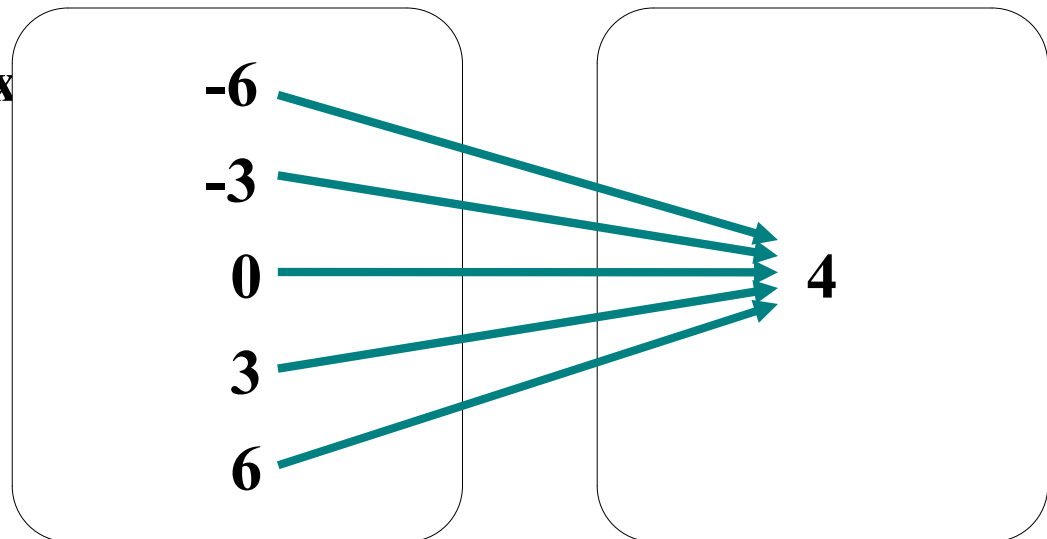
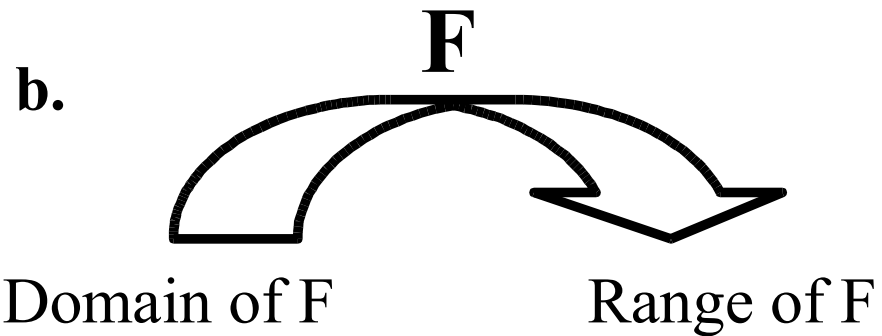
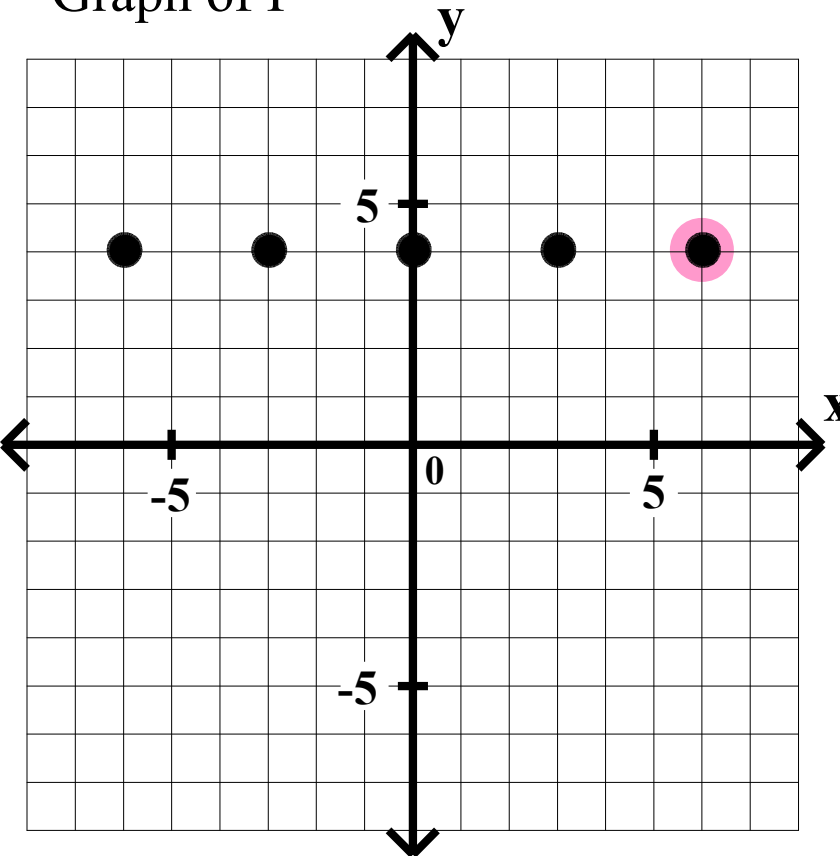
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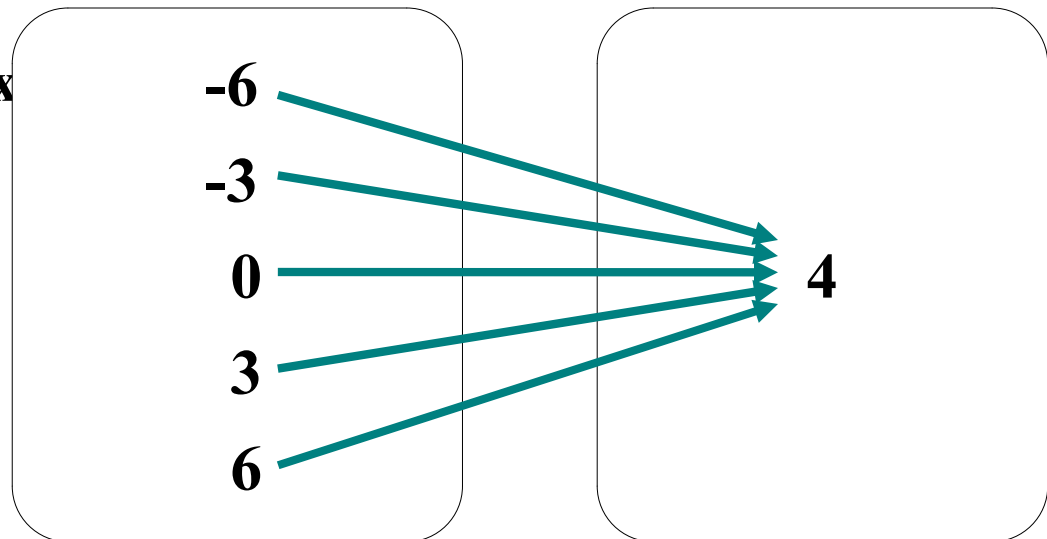
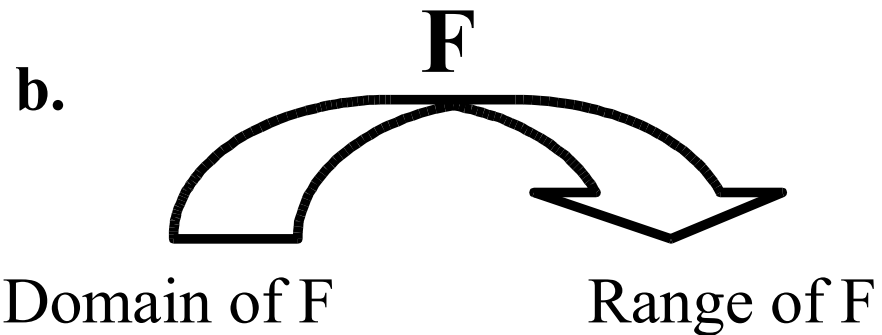
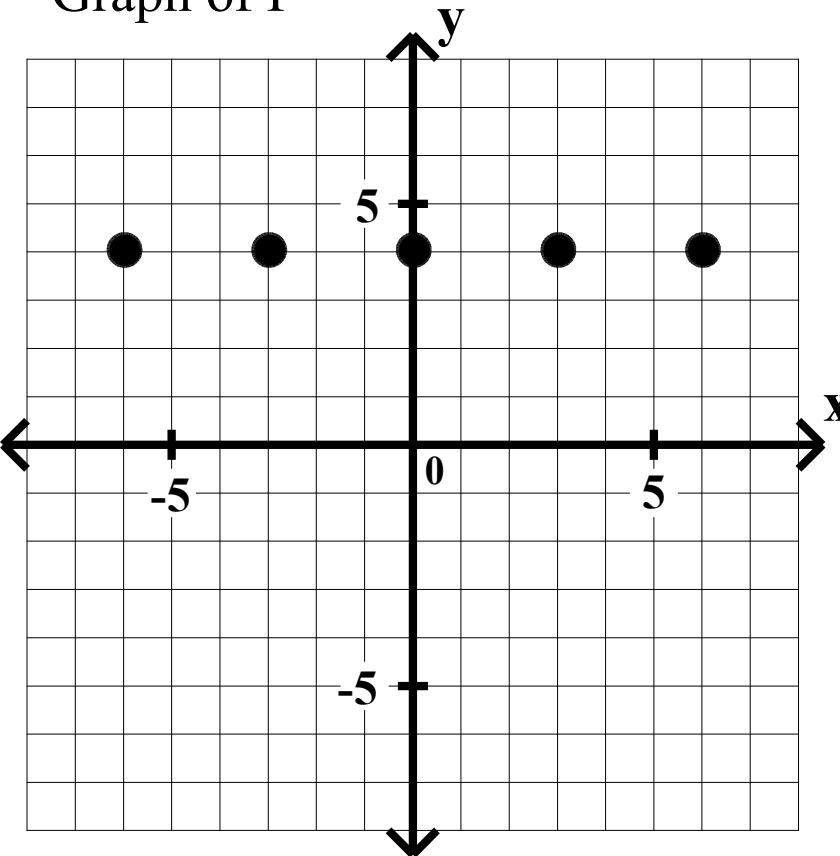
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- (b) Graph the relation.**

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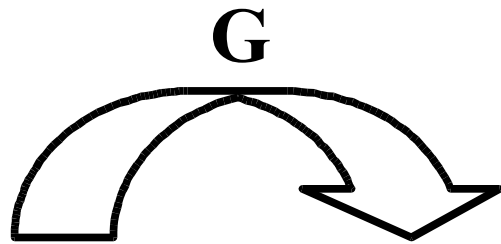
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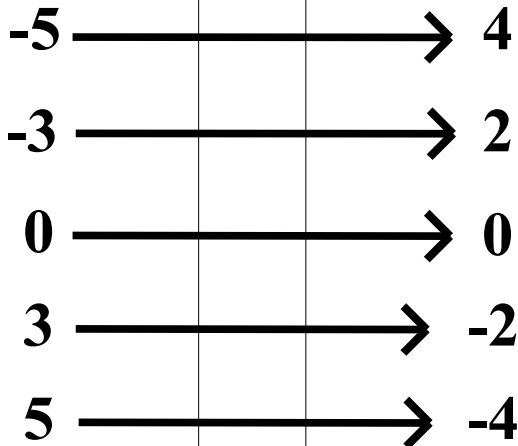
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Domain of G

Range of G



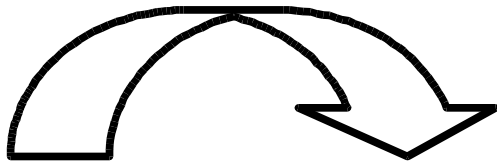
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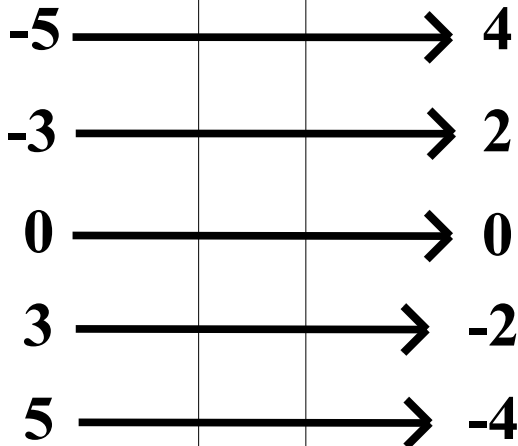
5.

G



Domain of G

Range of G



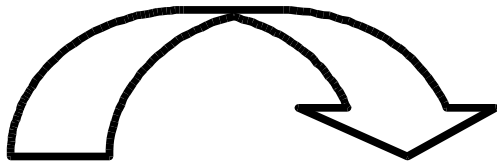
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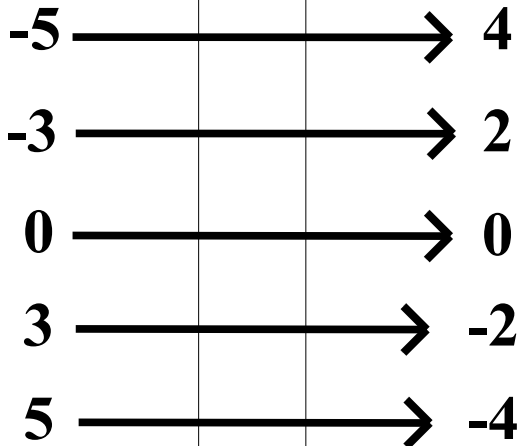
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G



Domain of G

Range of G



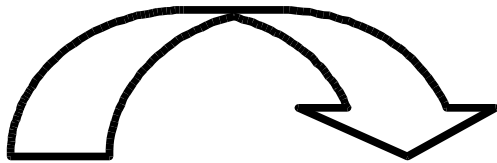
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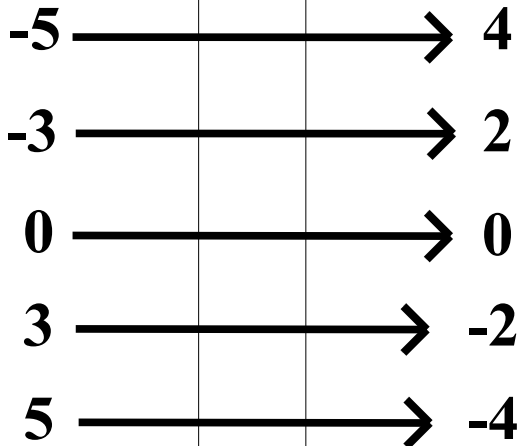
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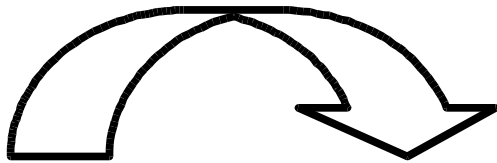
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Domain of G

Range of G

-5 → 4

-3 → 2

0 → 0

3 → -2

5 → -4

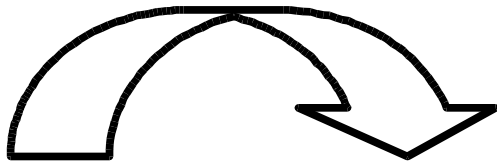
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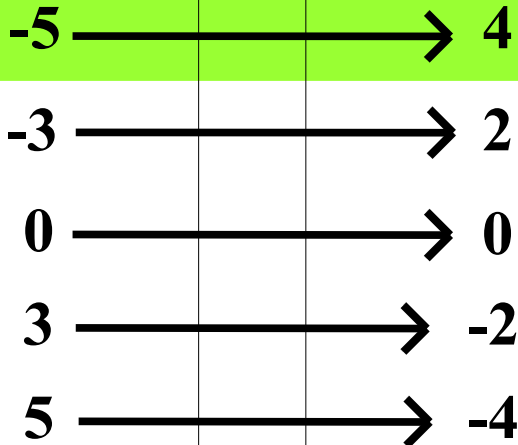
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Domain of G

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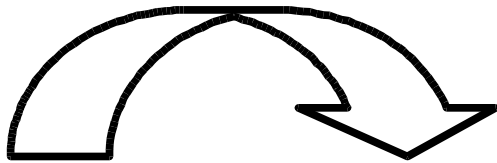
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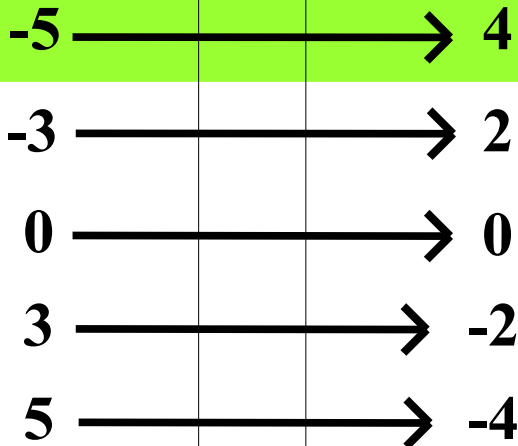
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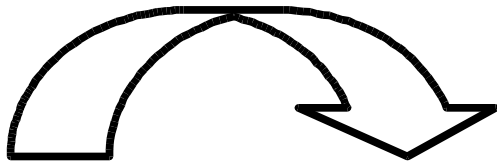
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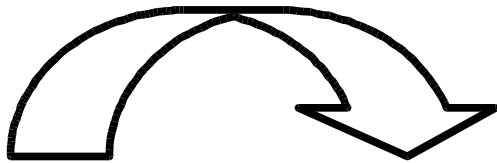
Relation: A relation is a set of ordered pairs.

A relation is given using a mapping diagram in each problem.

(a) Describe the relation using the listing method.

5. $G = \{ (-5, 4),$

G



Domain of G

Range of G

-5 → 4

-3 → 2

0 → 0

3 → -2

5 → -4

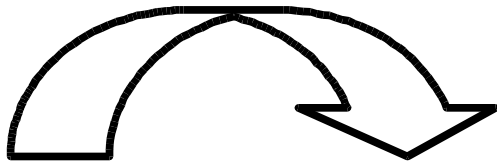
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-3 → 2

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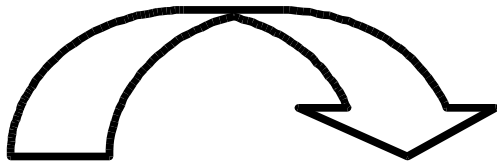
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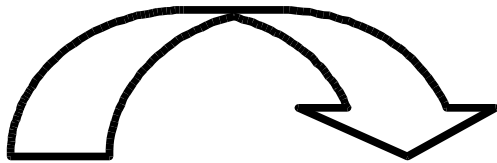
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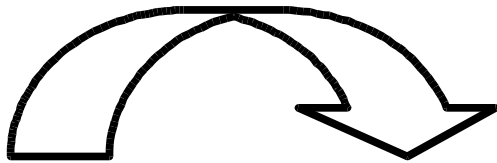
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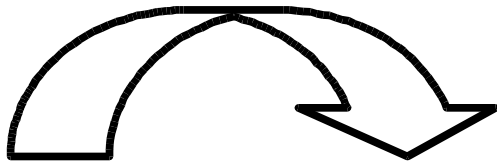
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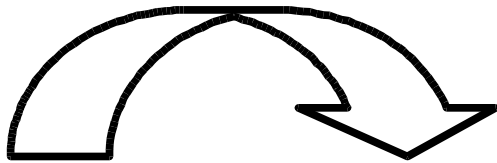
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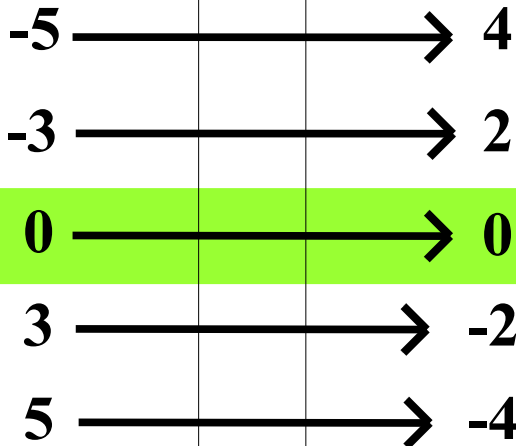
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Domain of G

Range of G



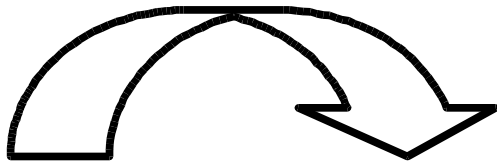
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Domain of G

Range of G



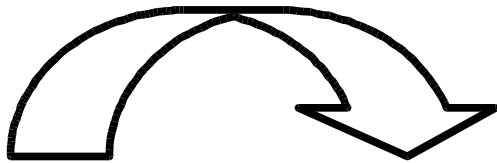
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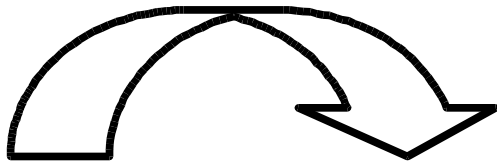
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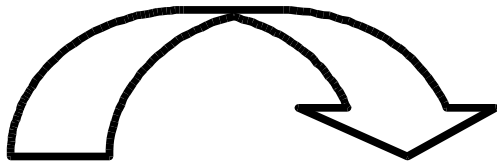
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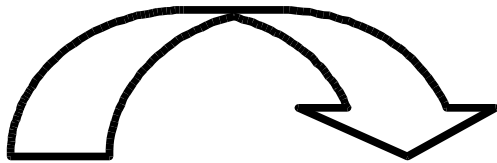
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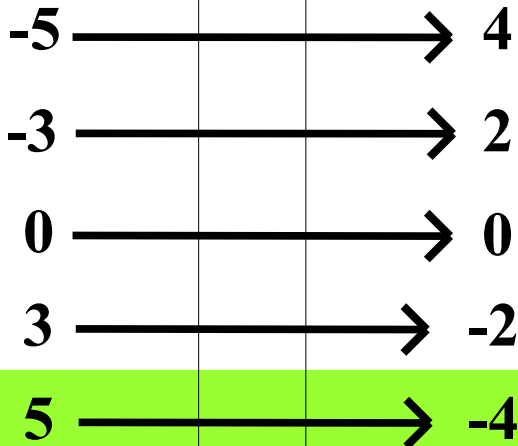
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Domain of G

Range of G



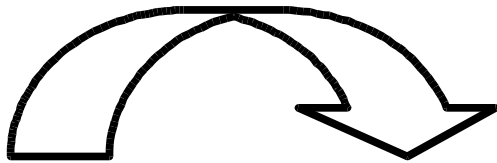
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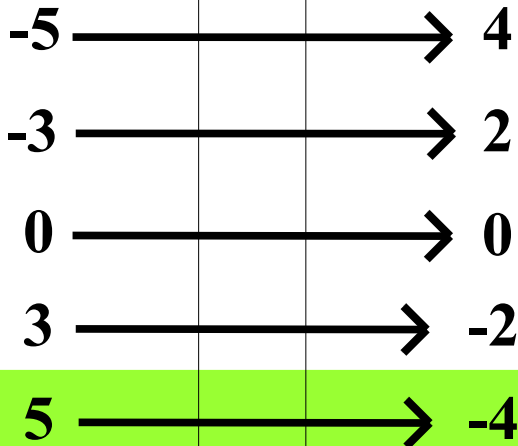
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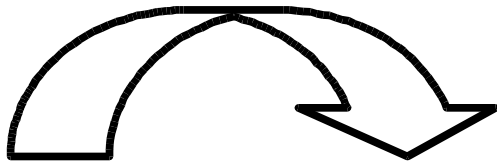
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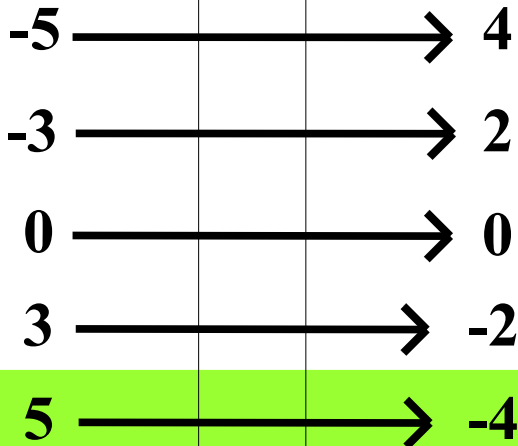
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G



Domain of G

Range of G



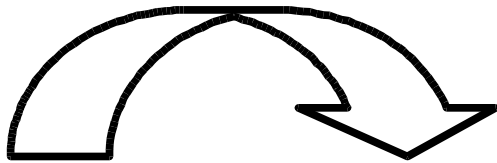
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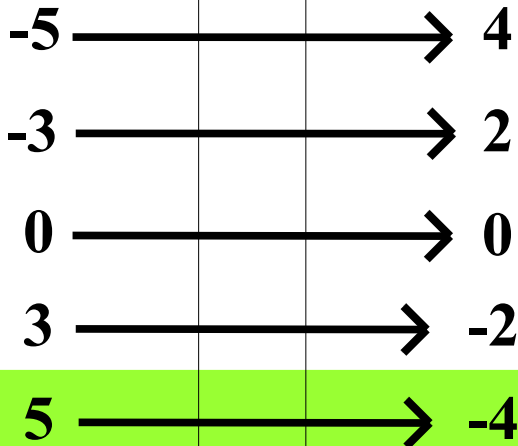
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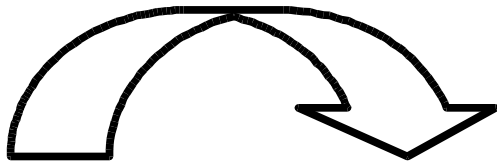
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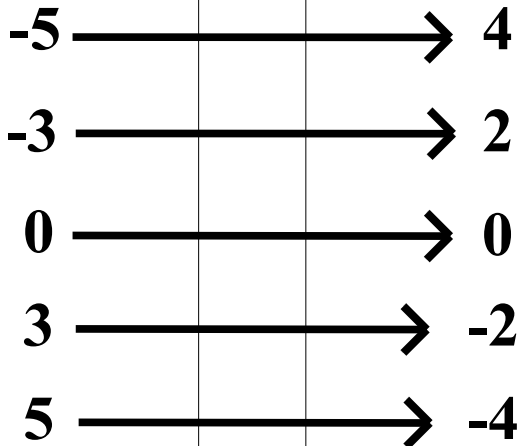
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Domain of G

Range of G



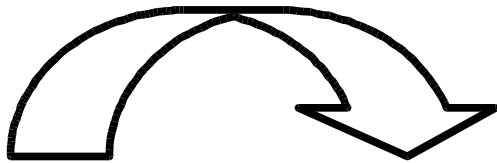
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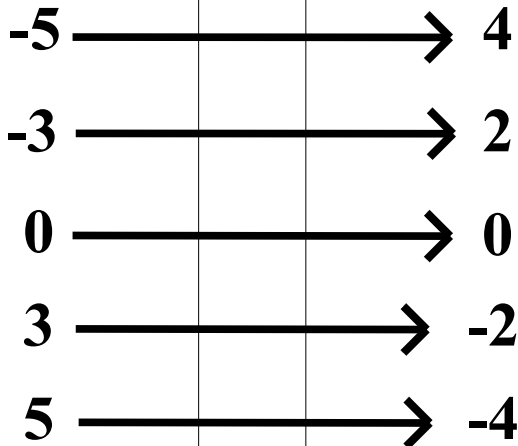
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Domain of G

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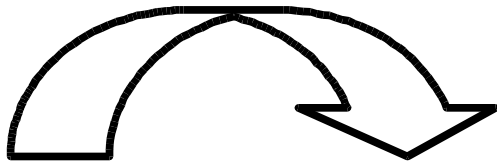
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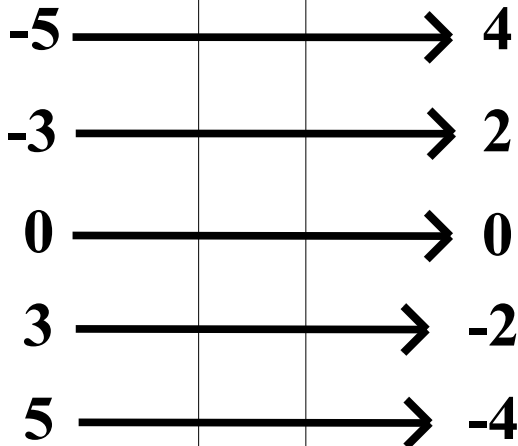
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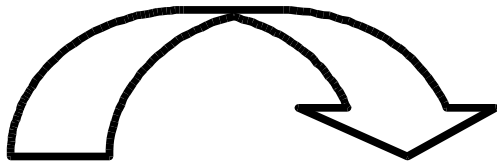
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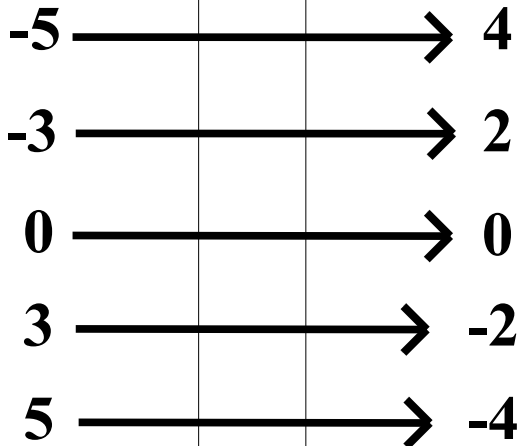
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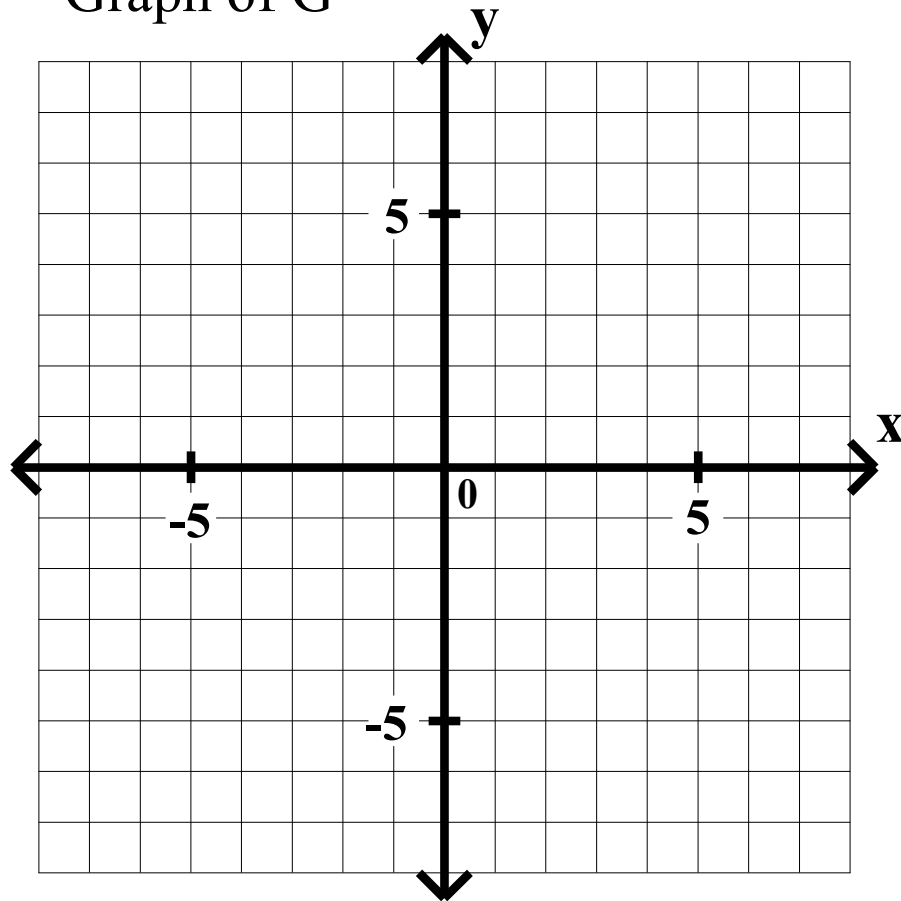
Domain of G

Range of G



b.

Graph of G



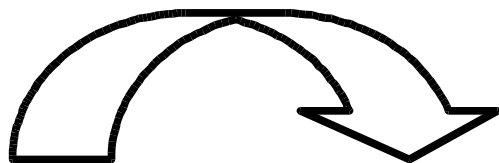
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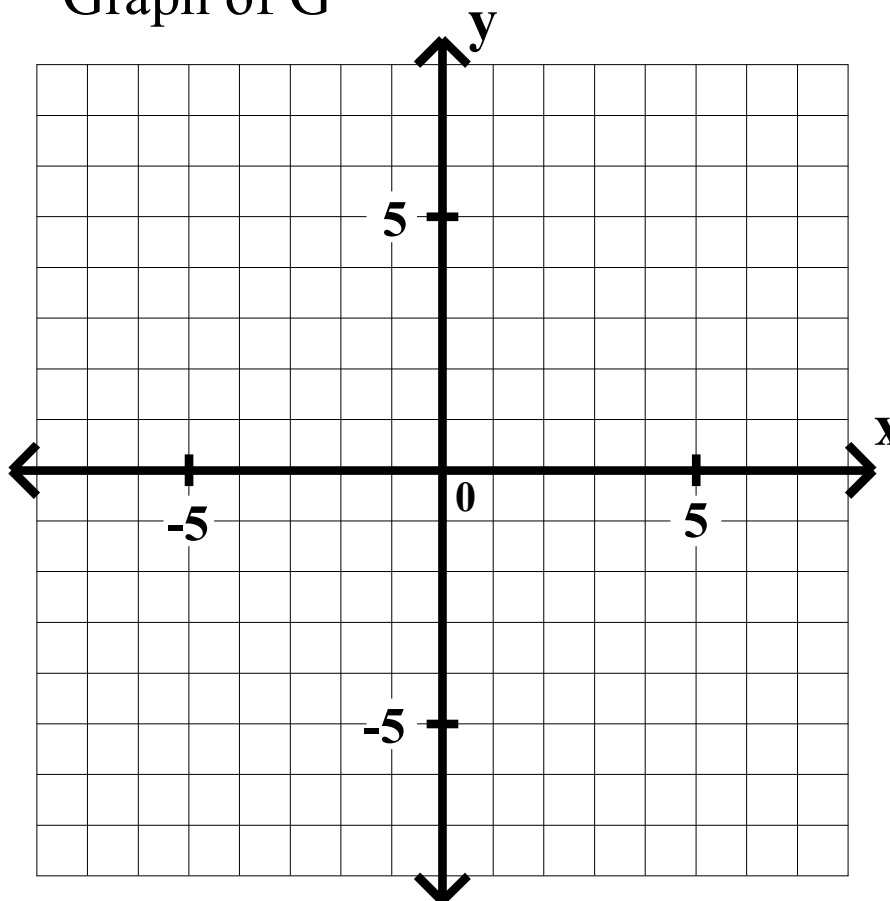


Domain of G

Range of G



b. Graph of G



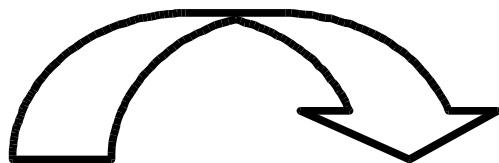
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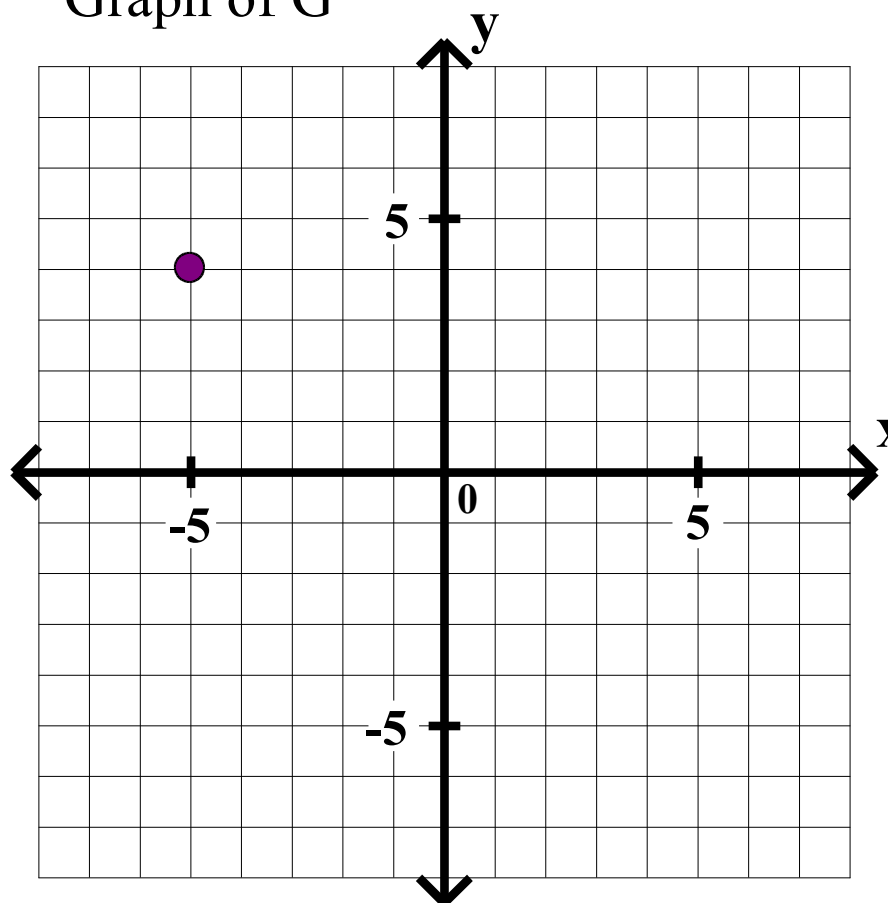


Domain of G

Range of G



b. Graph of G



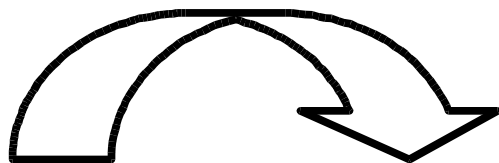
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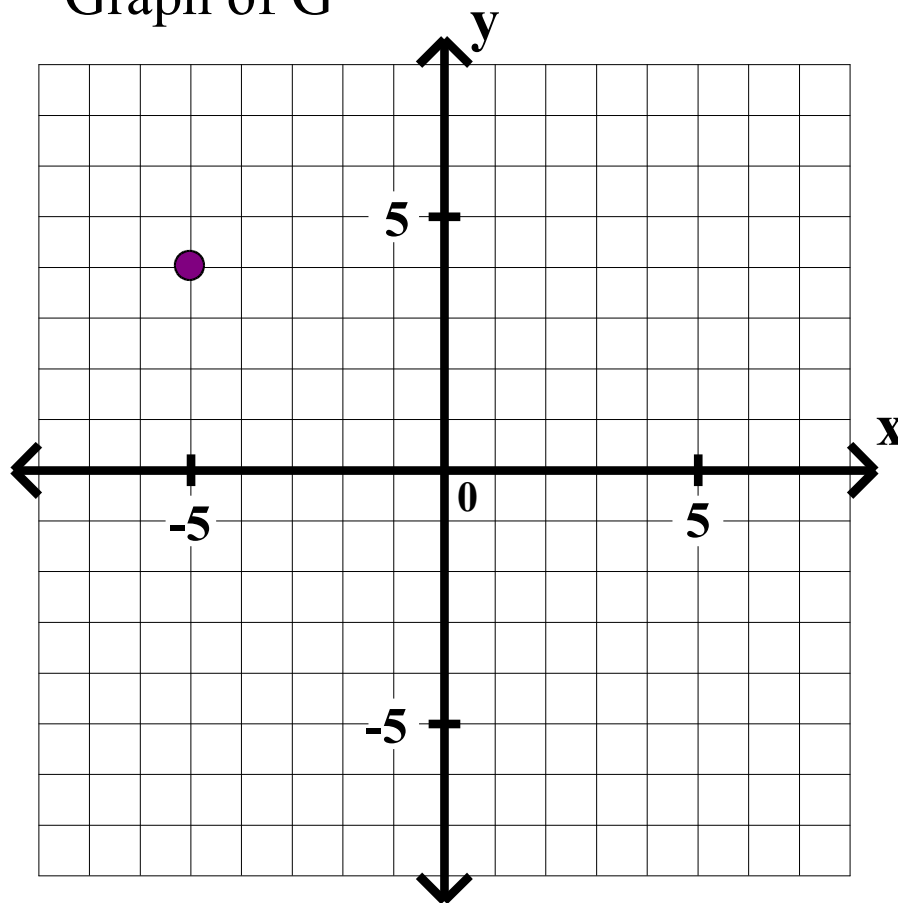
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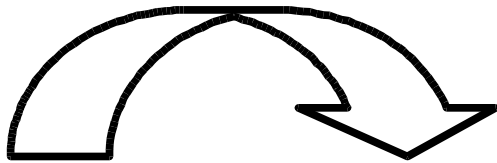
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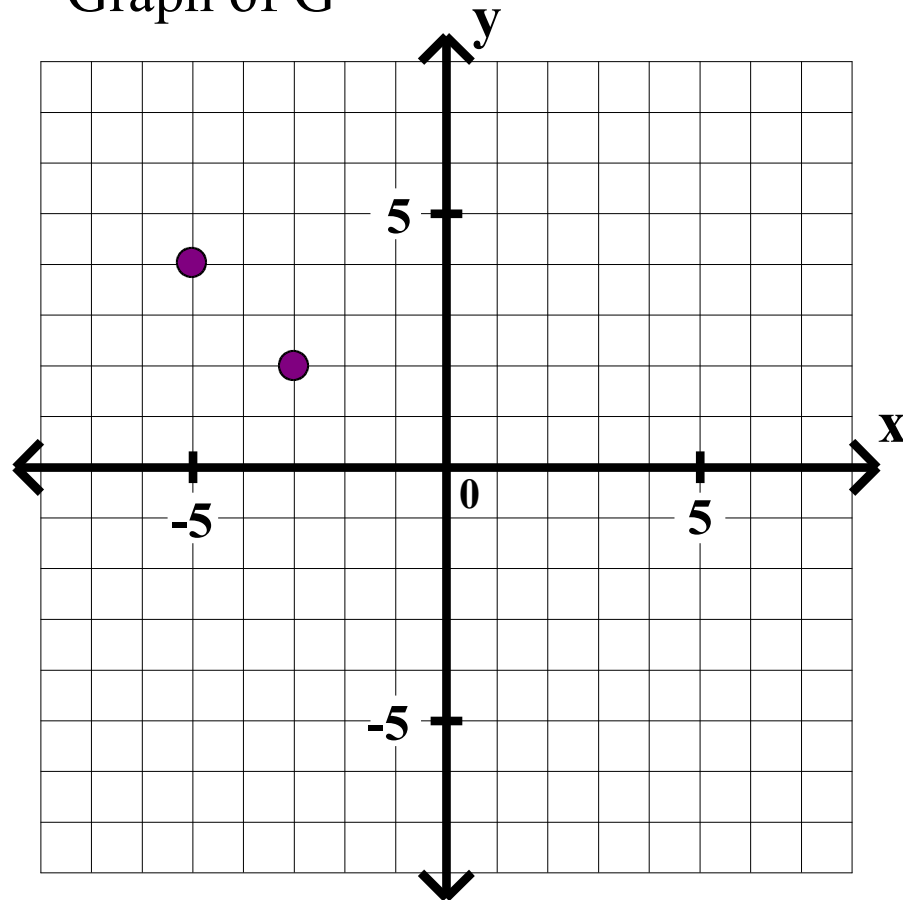
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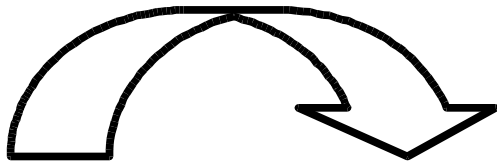
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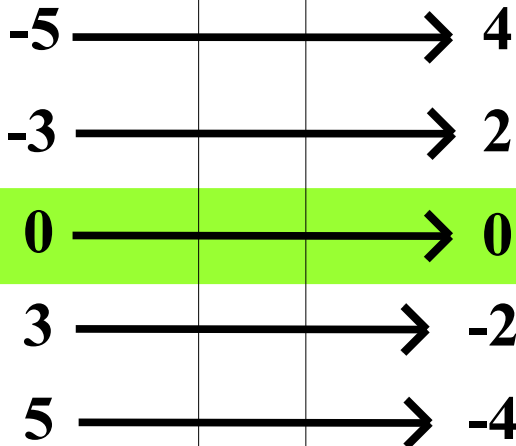
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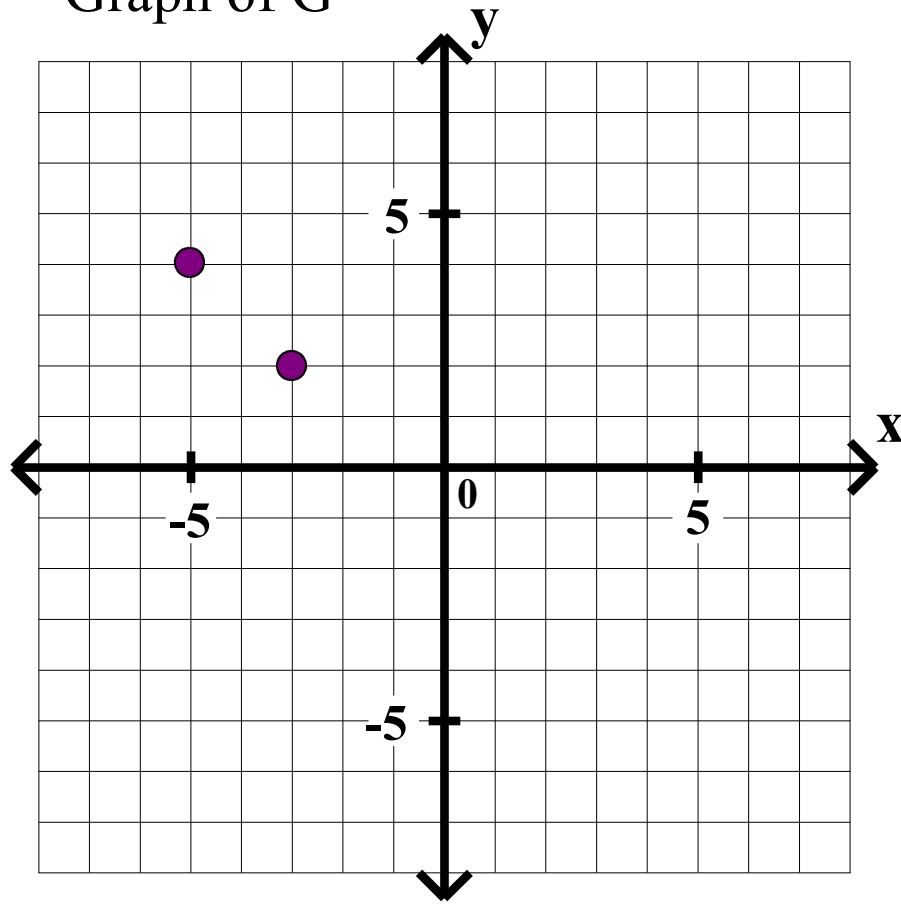
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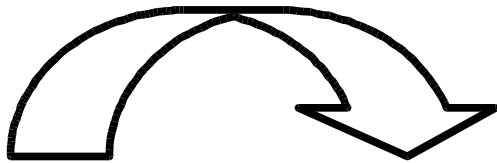
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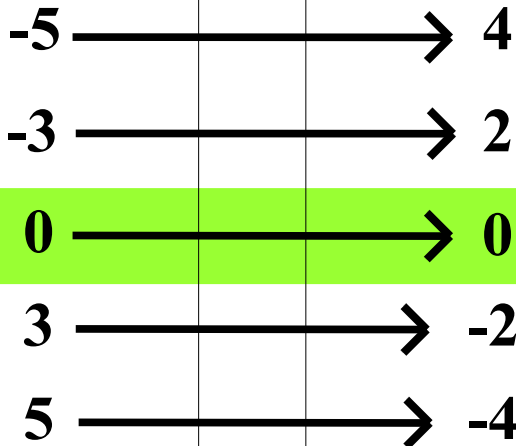
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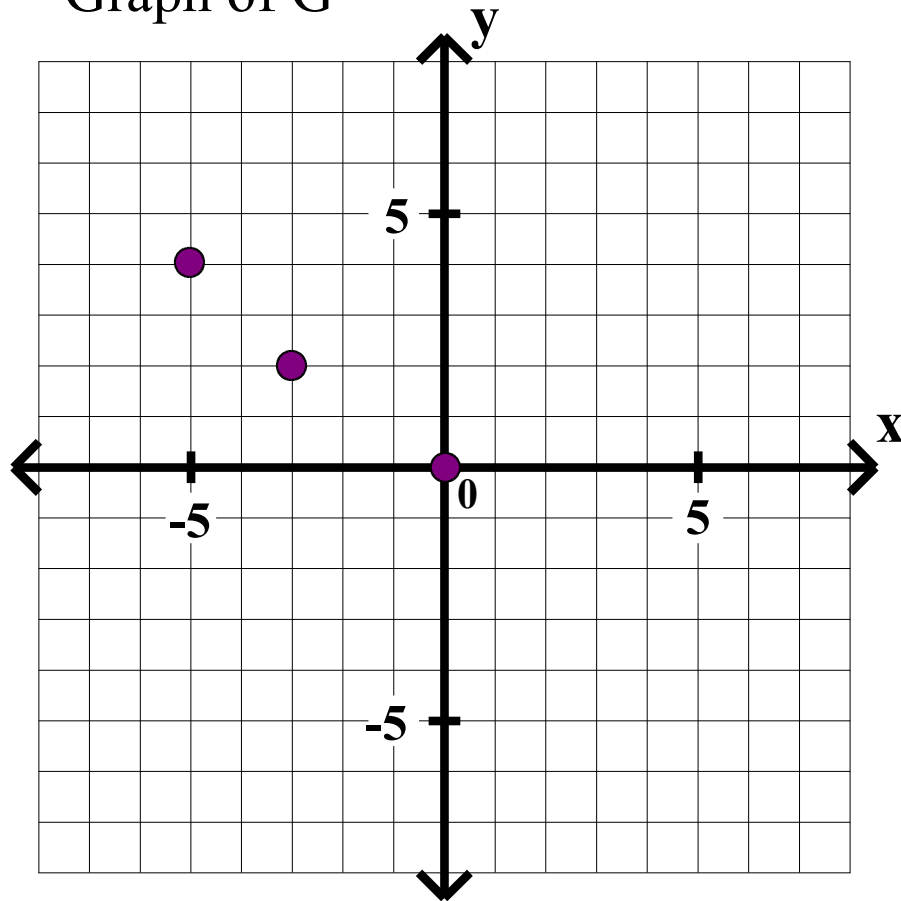
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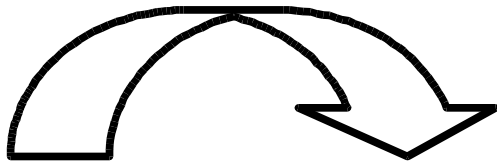
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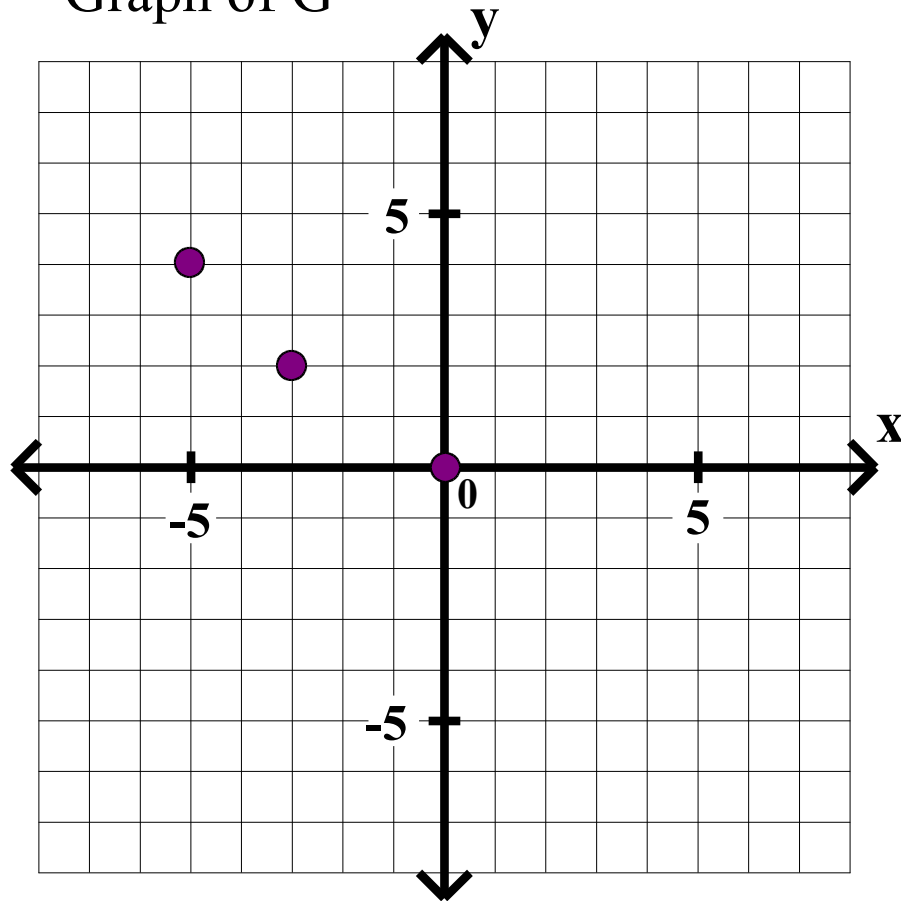
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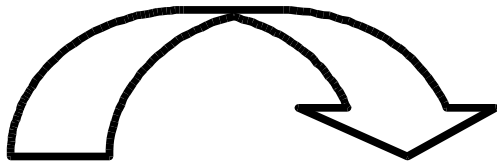
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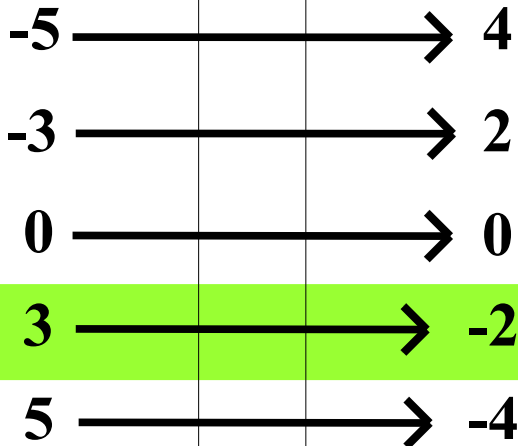
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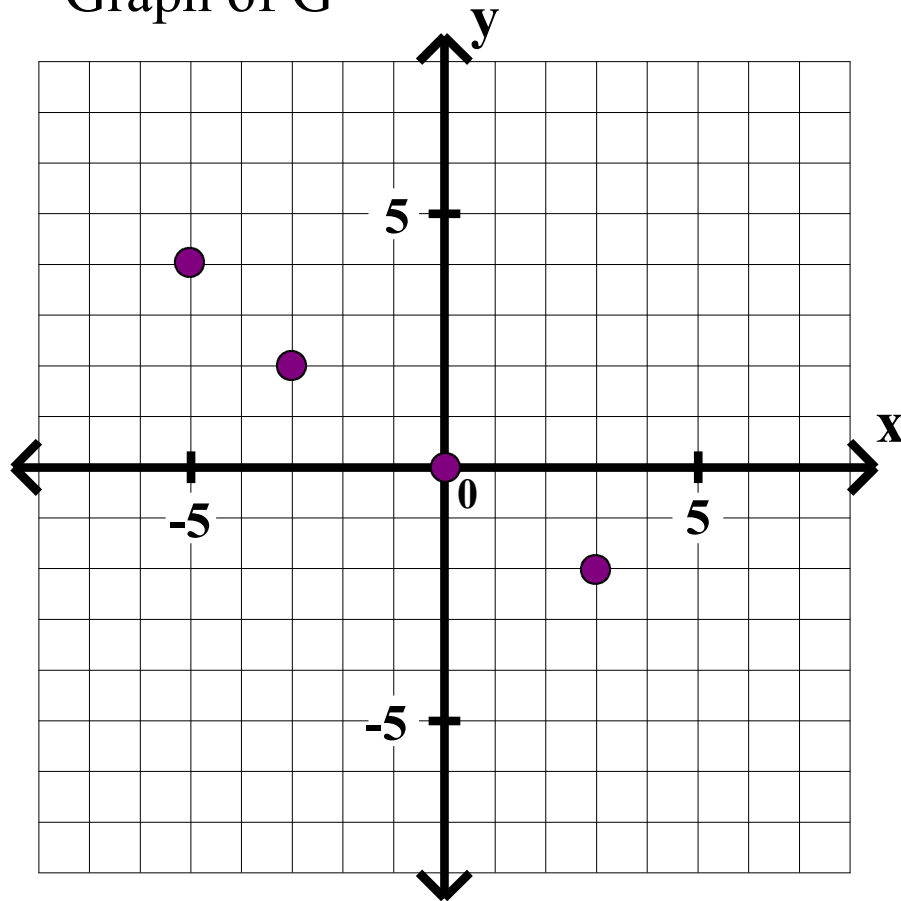
Domain of G

Range of G



b.

Graph of G



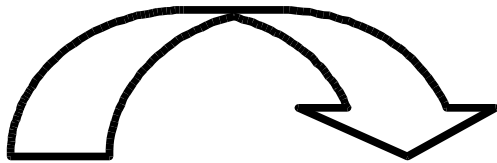
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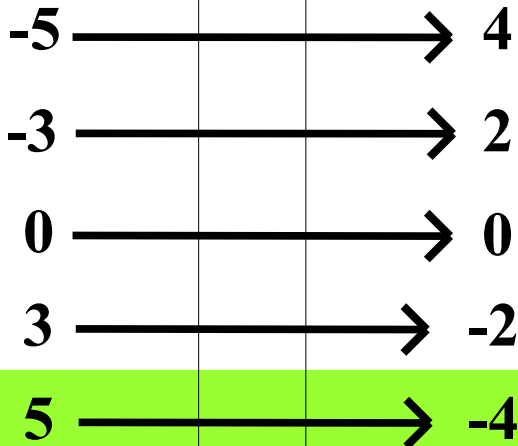
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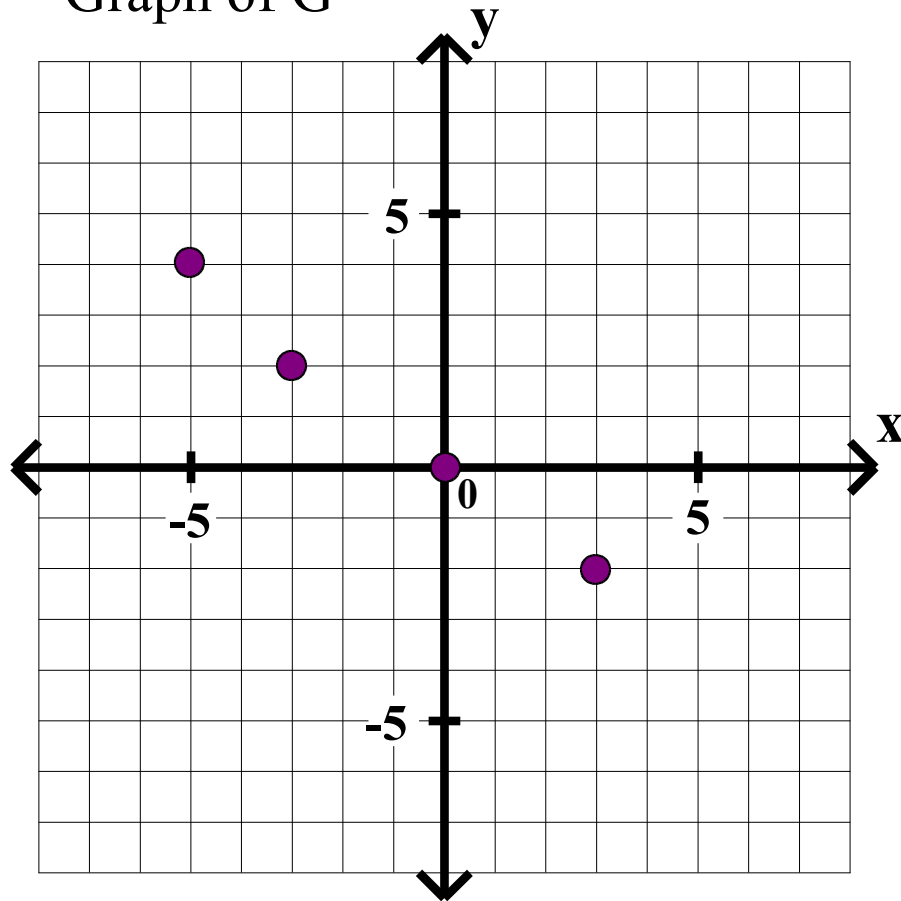
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Graph of G



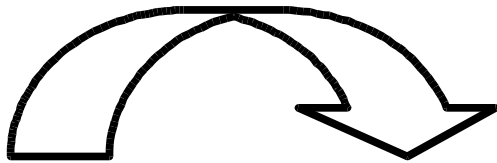
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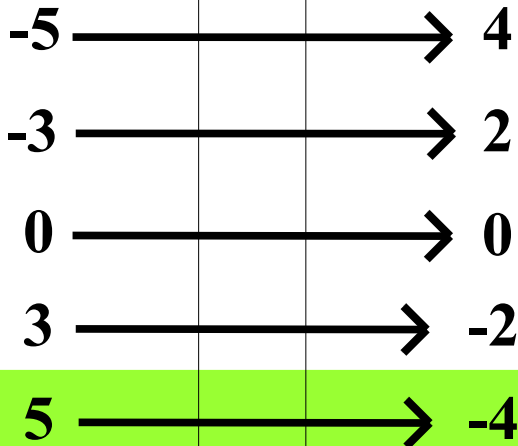
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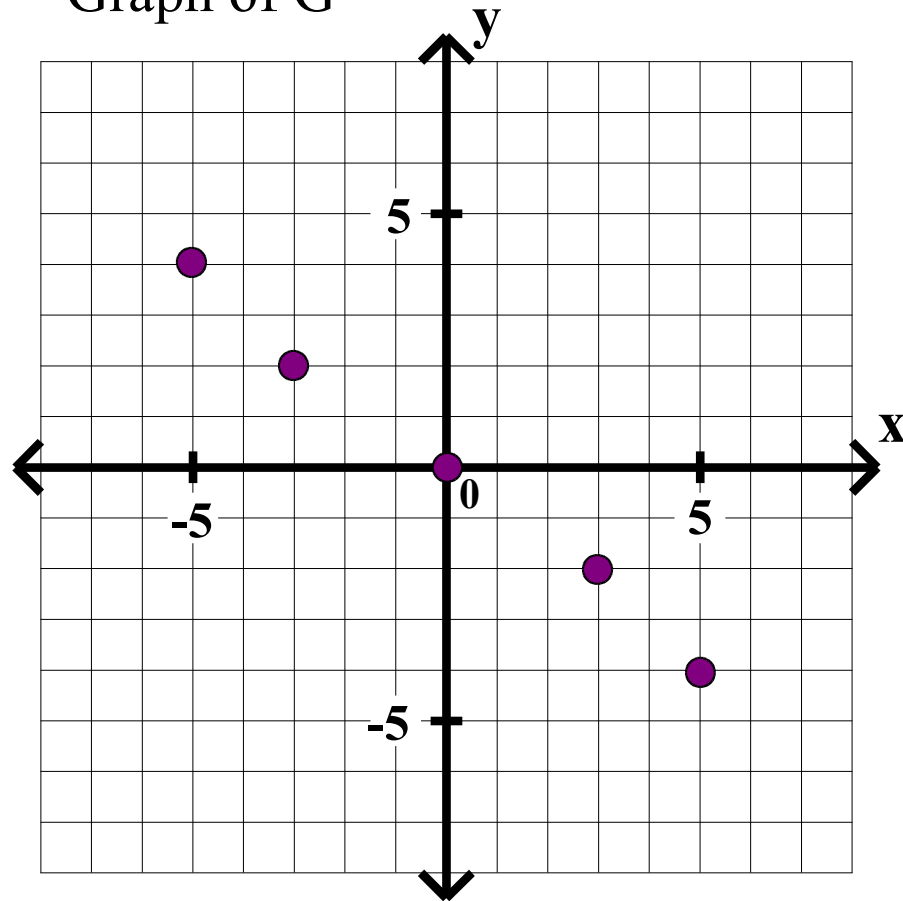
Domain of G

Range of G



b.

Graph of G



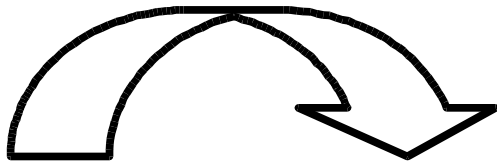
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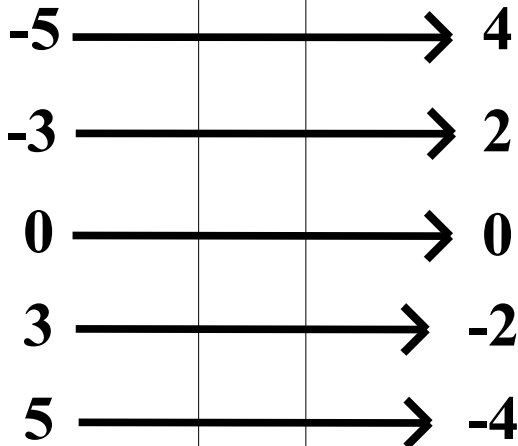
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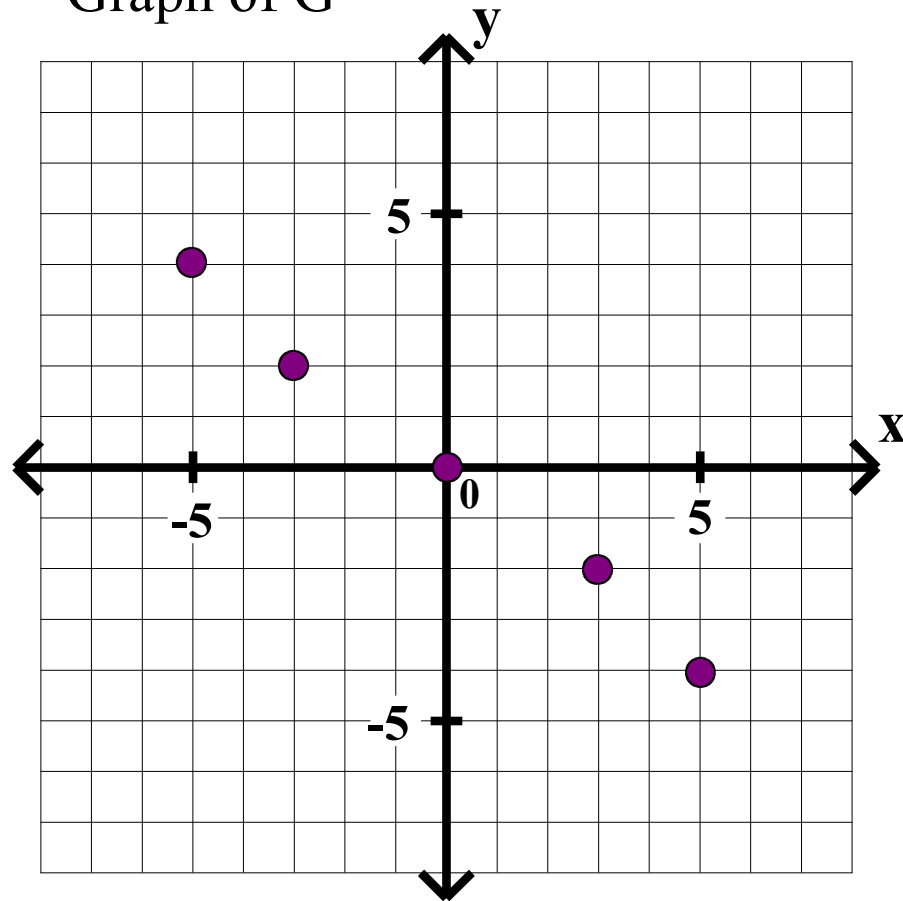
Domain of G

Range of G



b.

Graph of G



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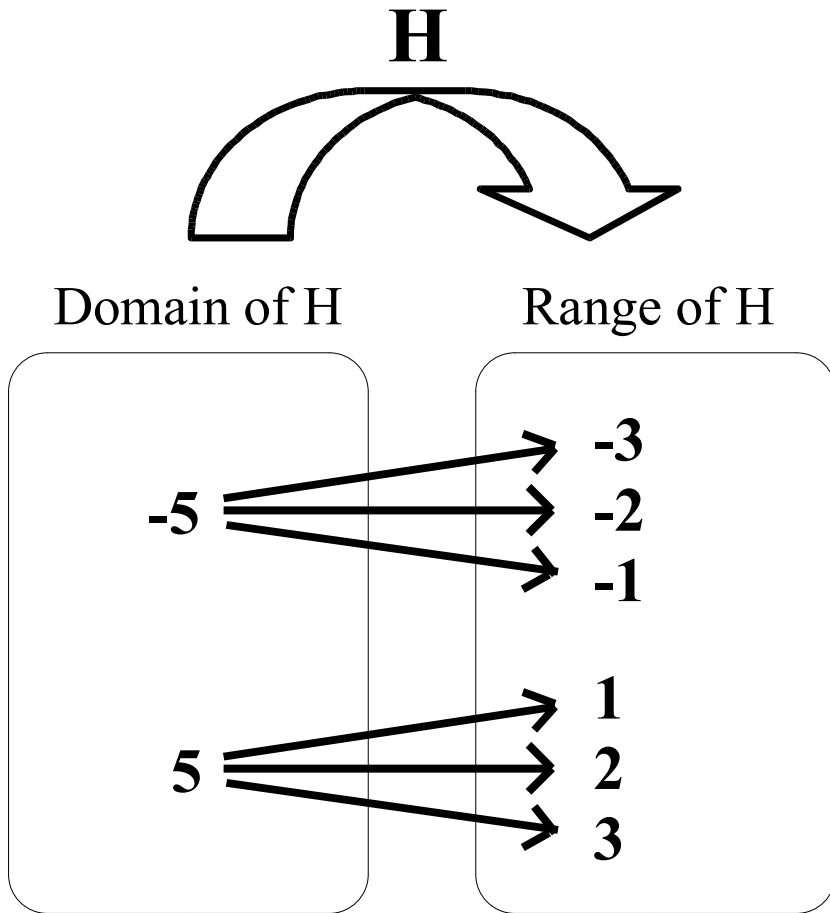
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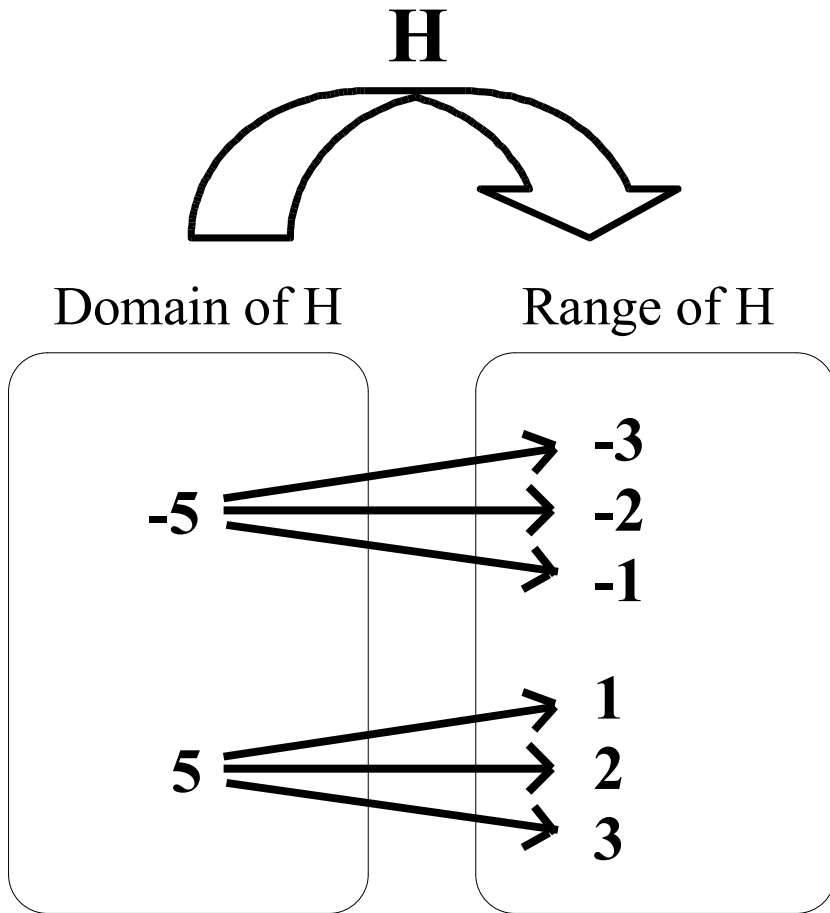


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6.

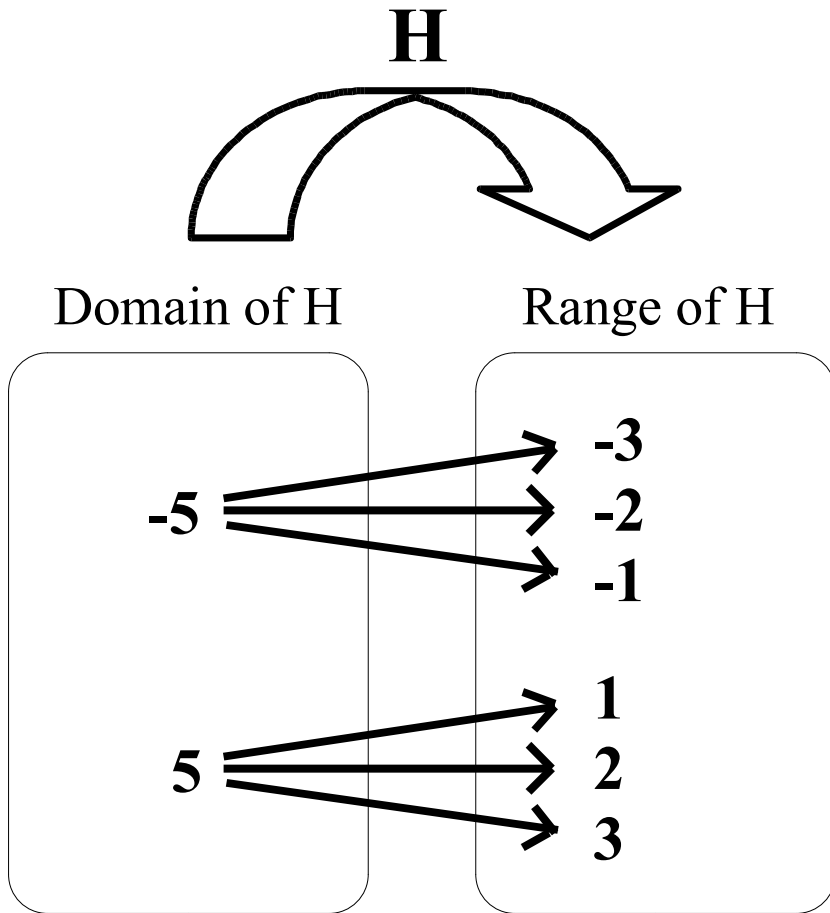


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6. $H =$



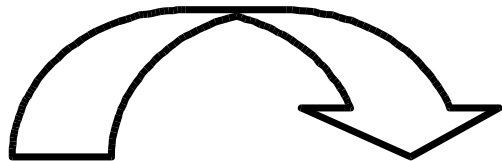
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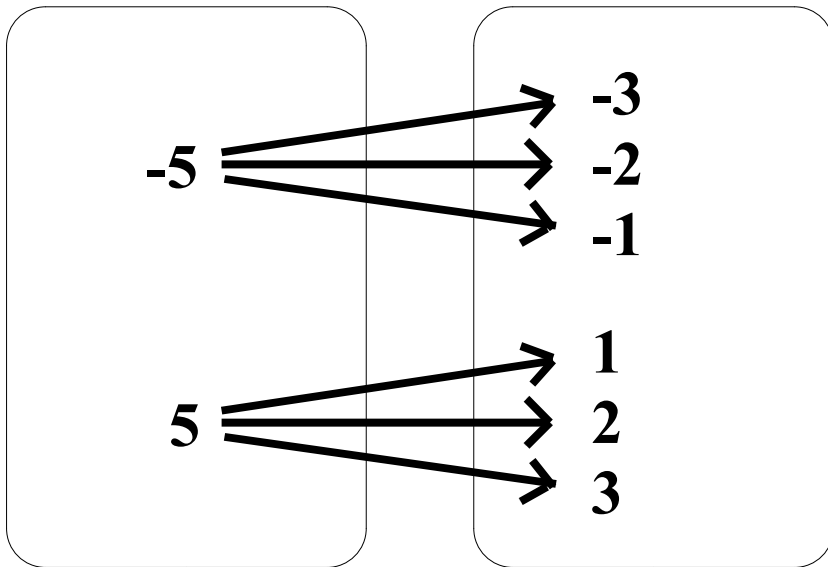
6. $H = \{$

H



Domain of H

Range of H

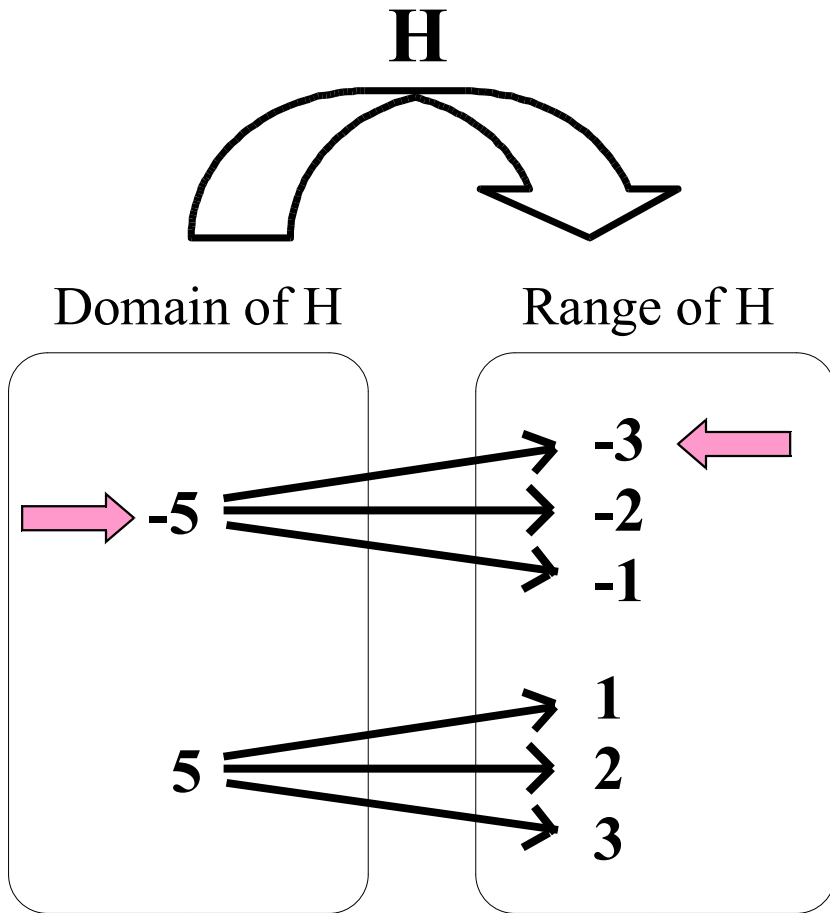


Relation: A relation is a set of ordered pairs.

A relation is given using a mapping diagram in each problem.

(a) Describe the relation using the listing method.

6. $H = \{$



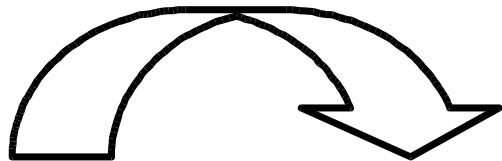
Relation: A relation is a set of ordered pairs.

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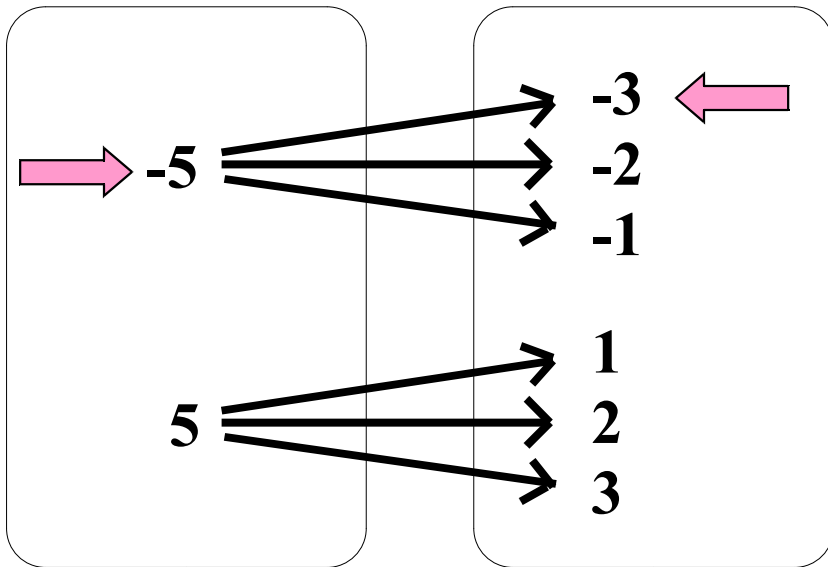
6. $H = \{ (-5,$

H



Domain of H

Range of H



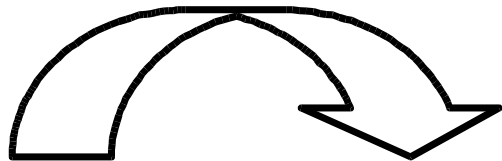
Relation: A relation is a set of ordered pairs.

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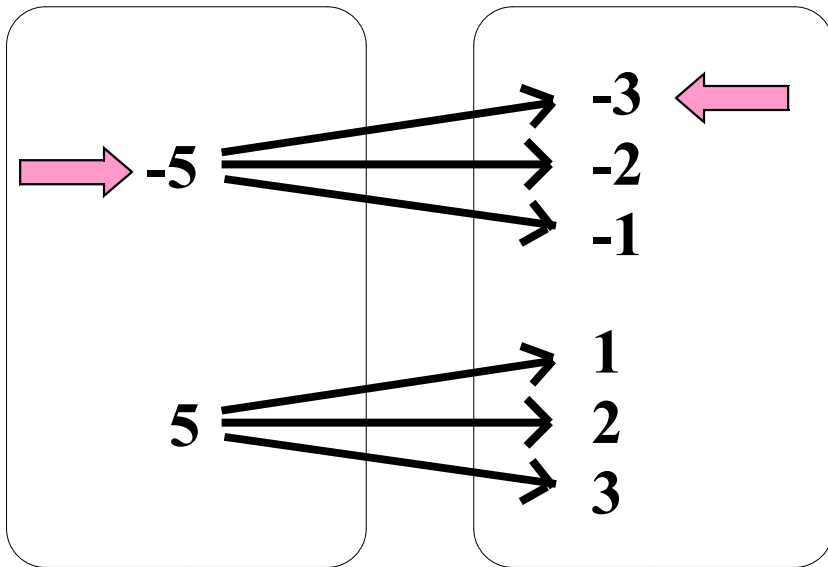
6. $H = \{ (-5, -3) \}$

H



Domain of H

Range of H



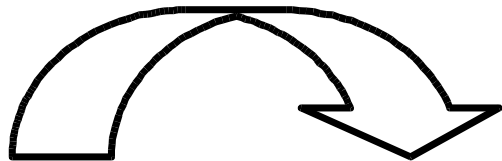
Relation: A relation is a set of ordered pairs.

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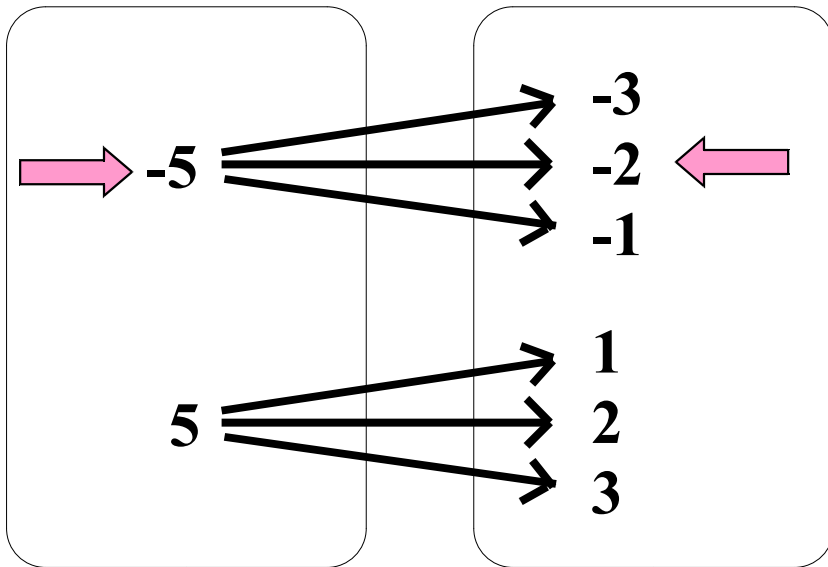
6. $H = \{ (-5, -3) \}$

H



Domain of H

Range of H



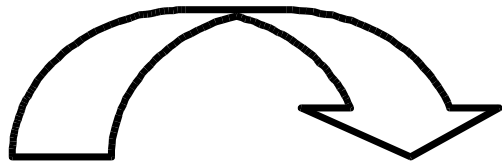
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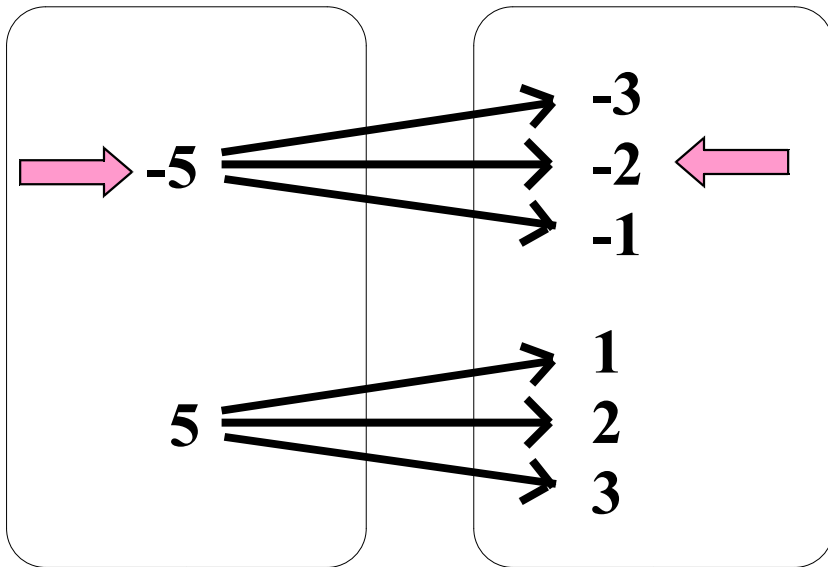
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Domain of H

Range of H



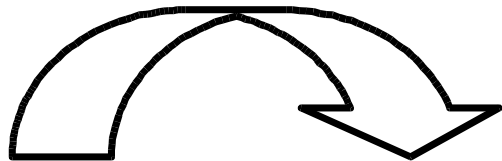
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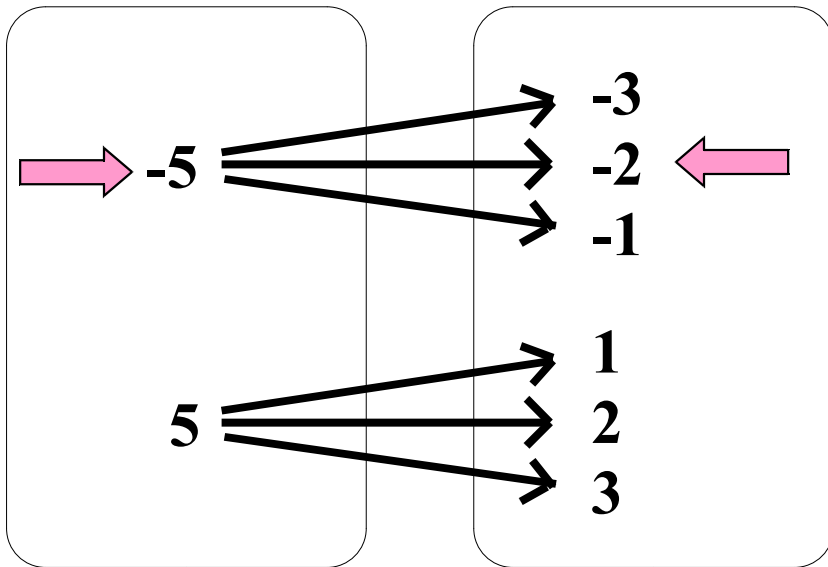
6. $H = \{ (-5, -3), (-5,$

H



Domain of H

Range of H



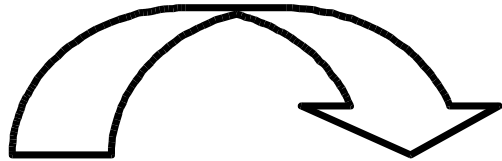
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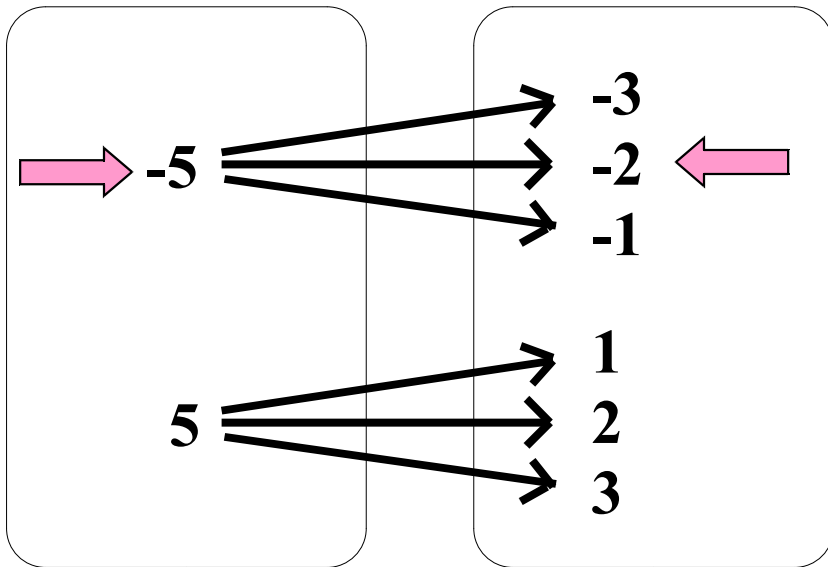
6. $H = \{ (-5, -3), (-5, -2) \}$

H



Domain of H

Range of H



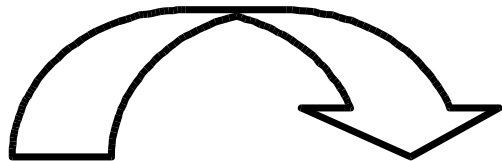
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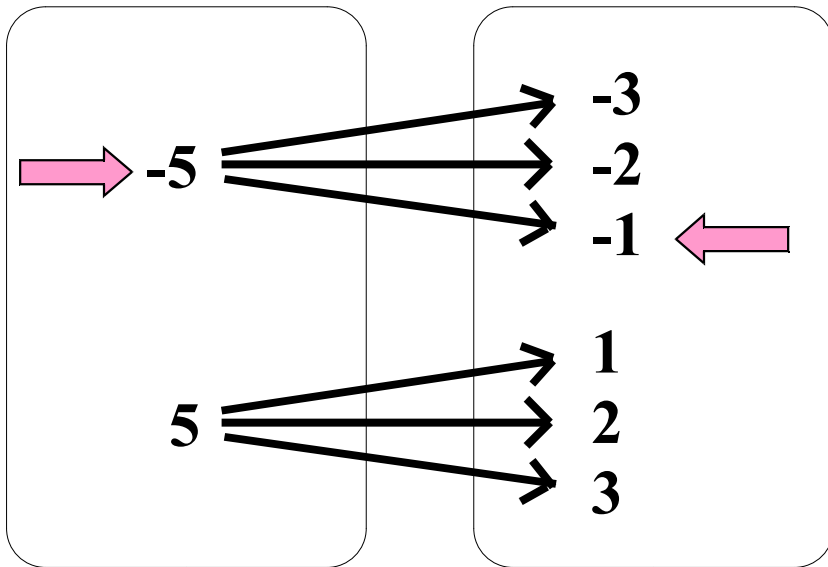
6. $H = \{ (-5, -3), (-5, -2) \}$

H



Domain of H

Range of H



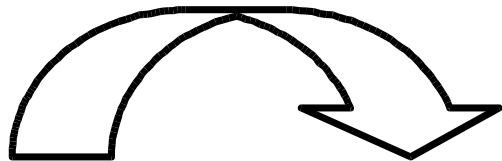
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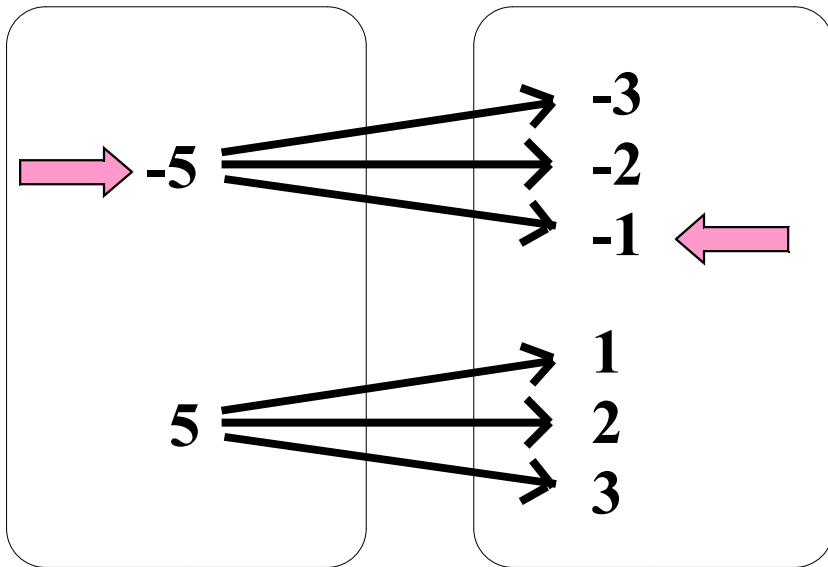
6. $H = \{ (-5, -3), (-5, -2),$

H



Domain of H

Range of H

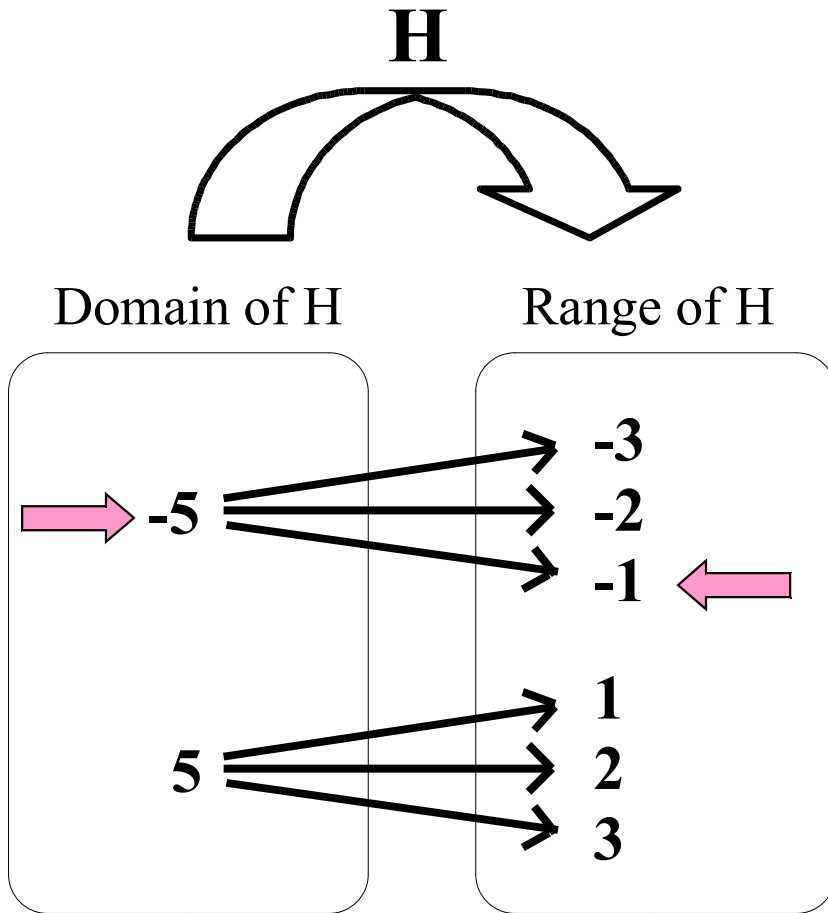


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6. $H = \{ (-5, -3), (-5, -2), (-5,$

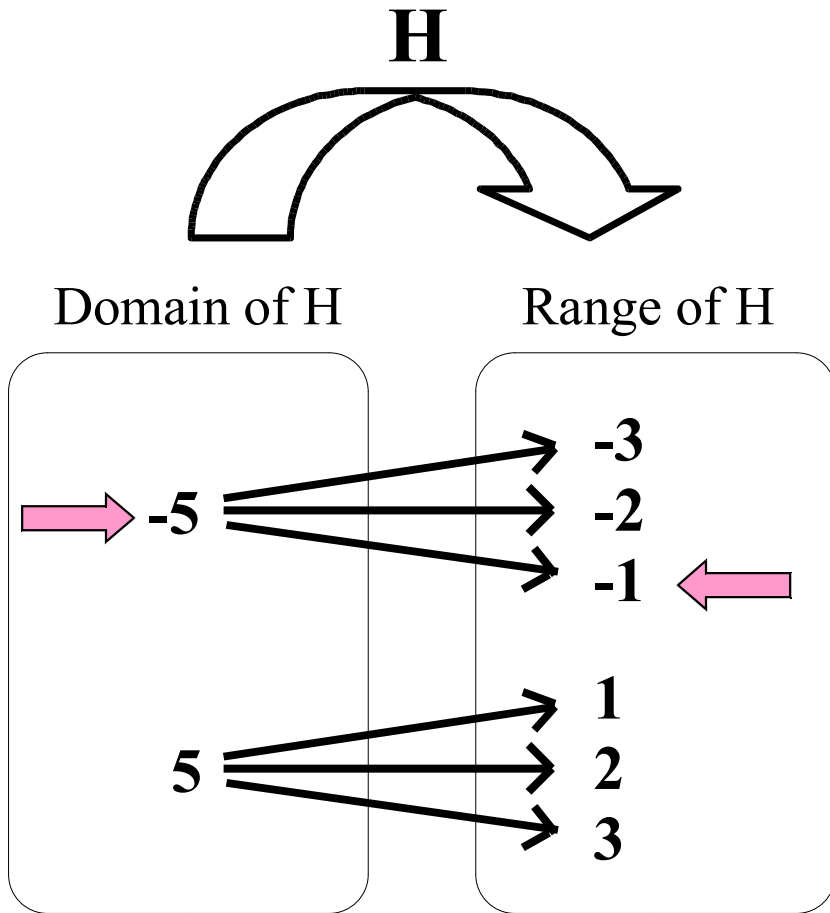


Relation: A relation is a set of ordered pairs.

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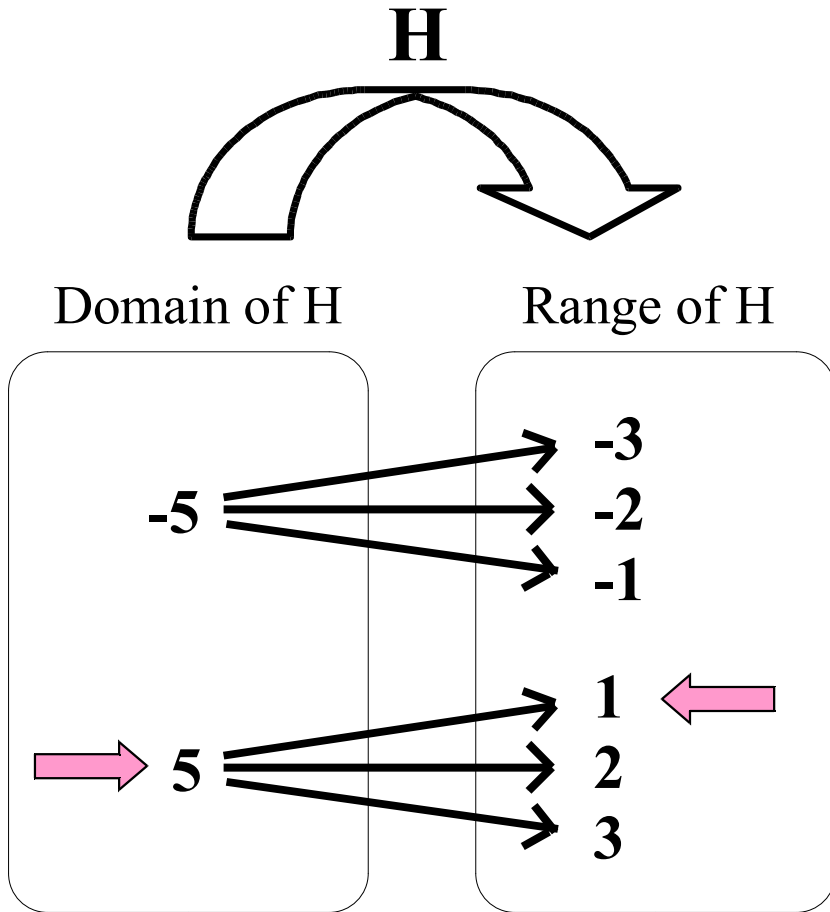


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(a) Describe the relation using the listing method.

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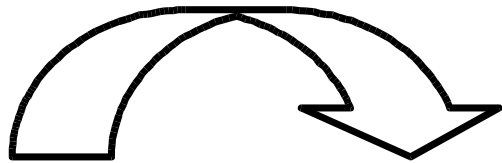
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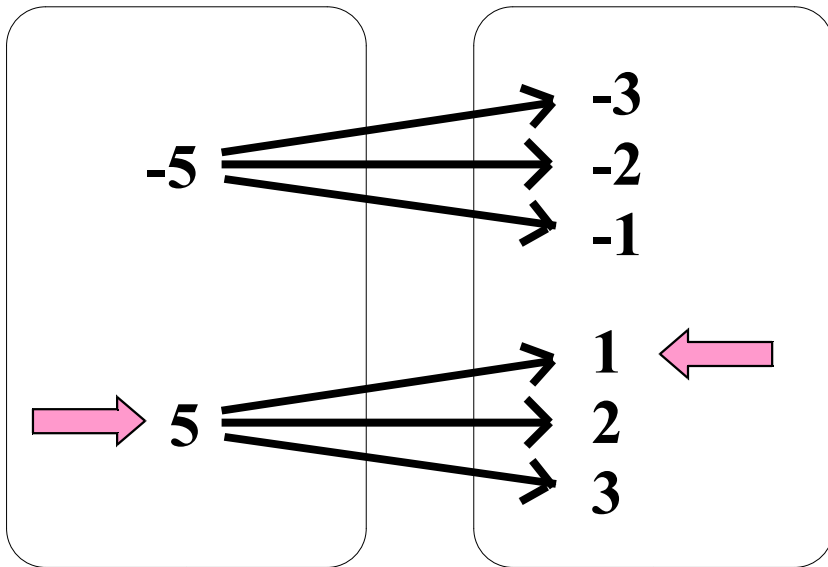
6. $H = \{ (-5, -3), (-5, -2), (-5, -1),$

H



Domain of H

Range of H

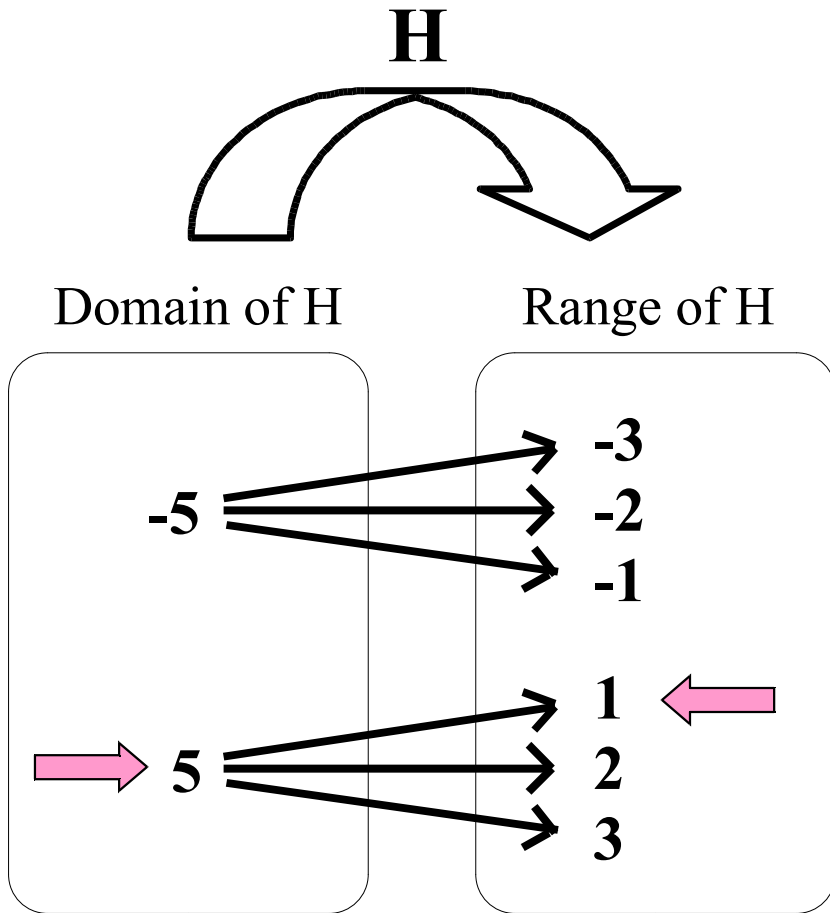


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6. $H = \{ (-5, -3), (-5, -2), (-5, -1), (5,$

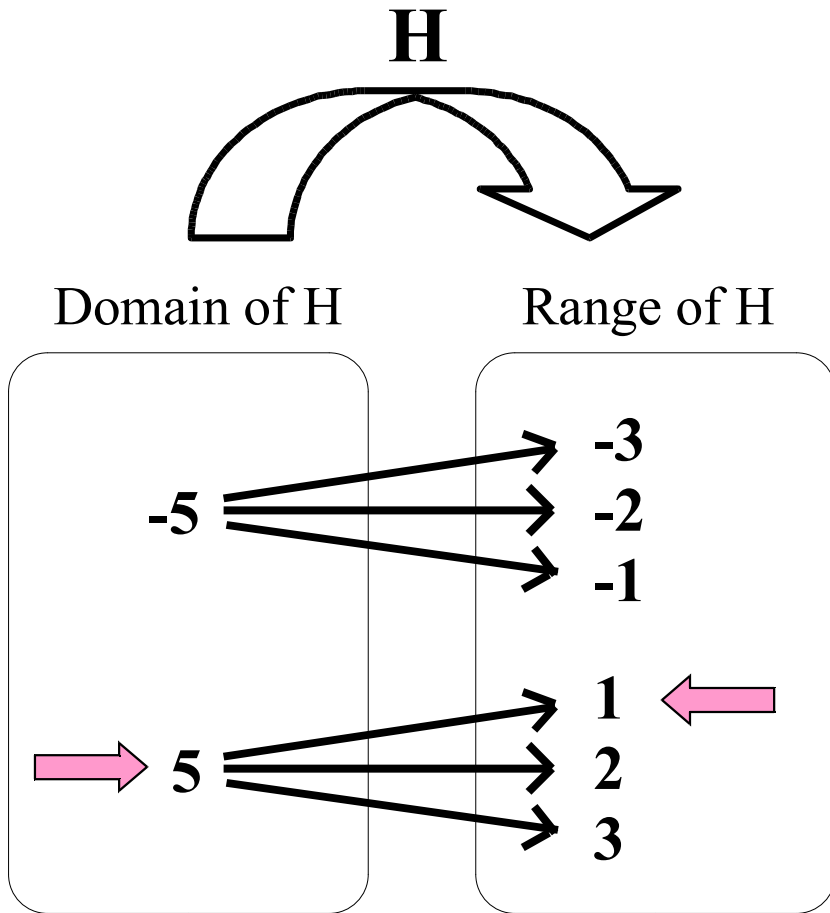


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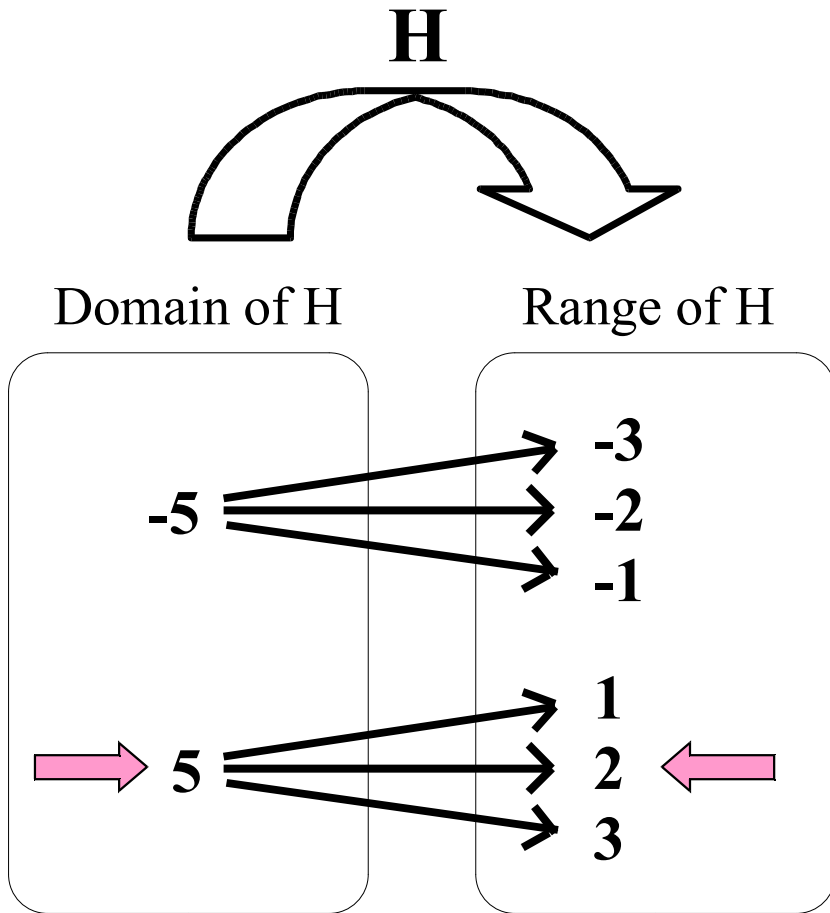


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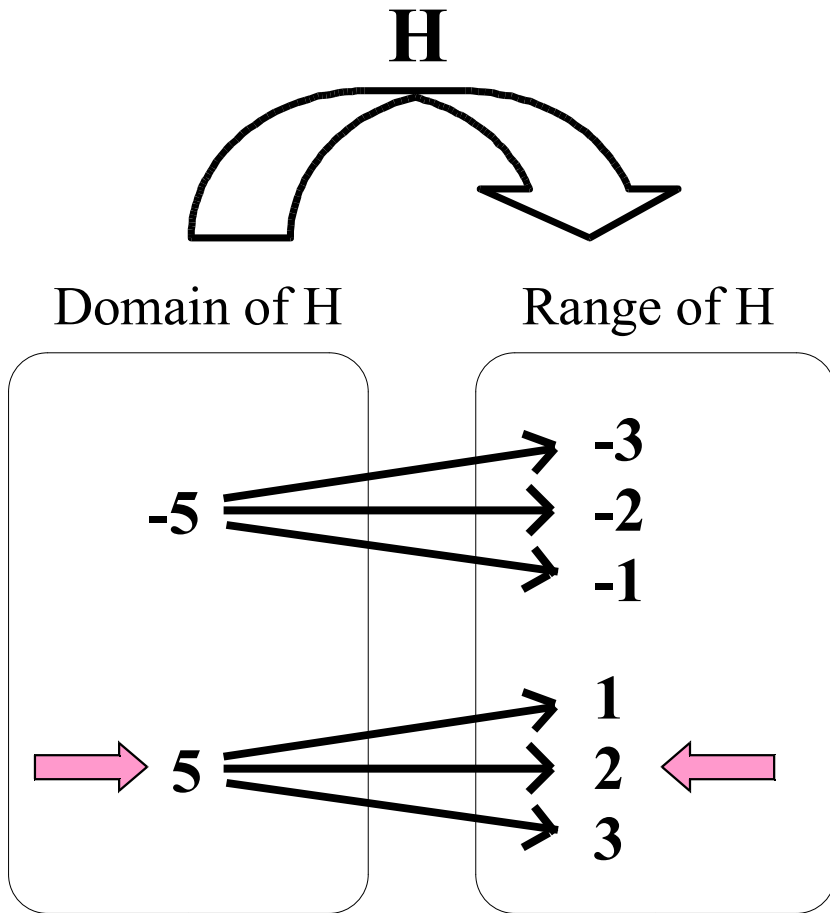


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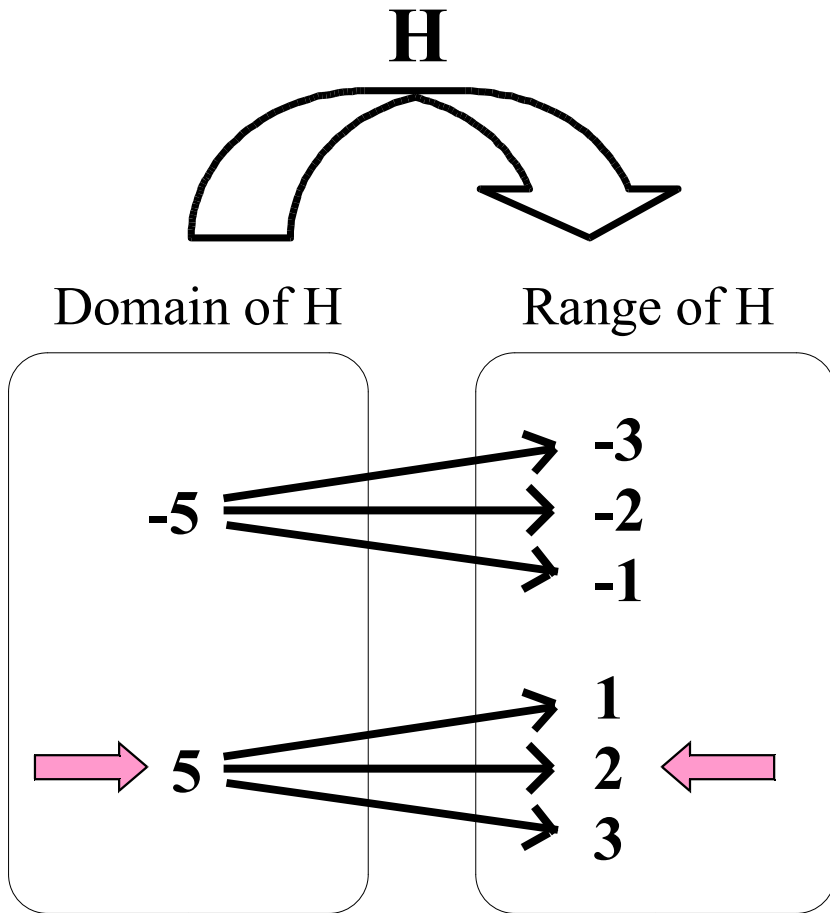


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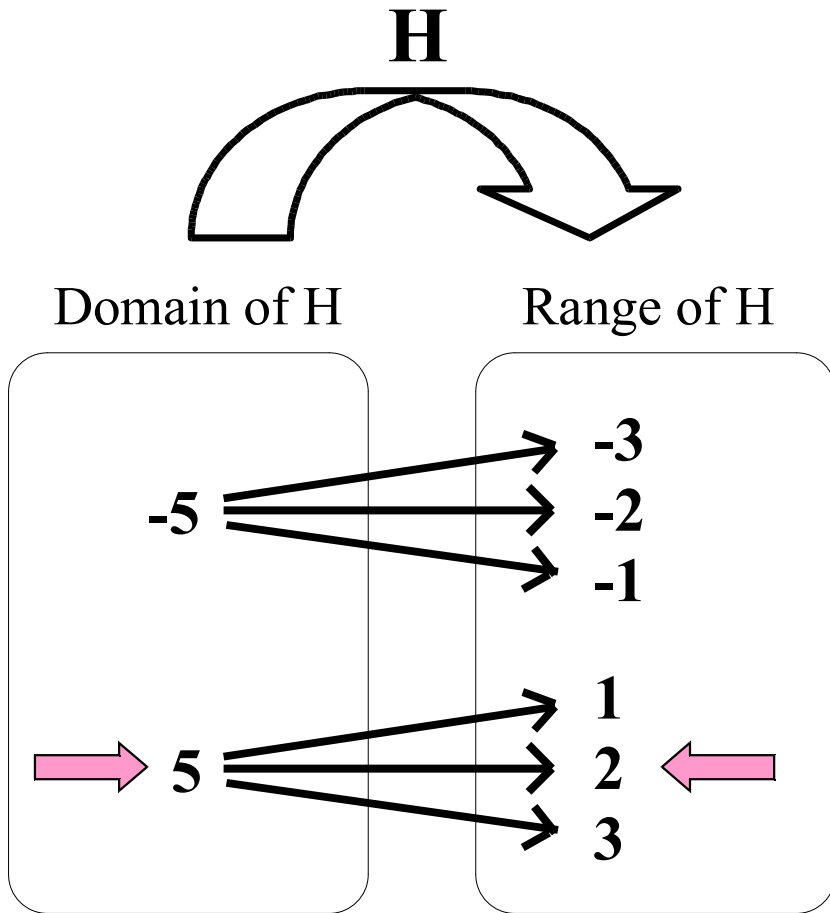


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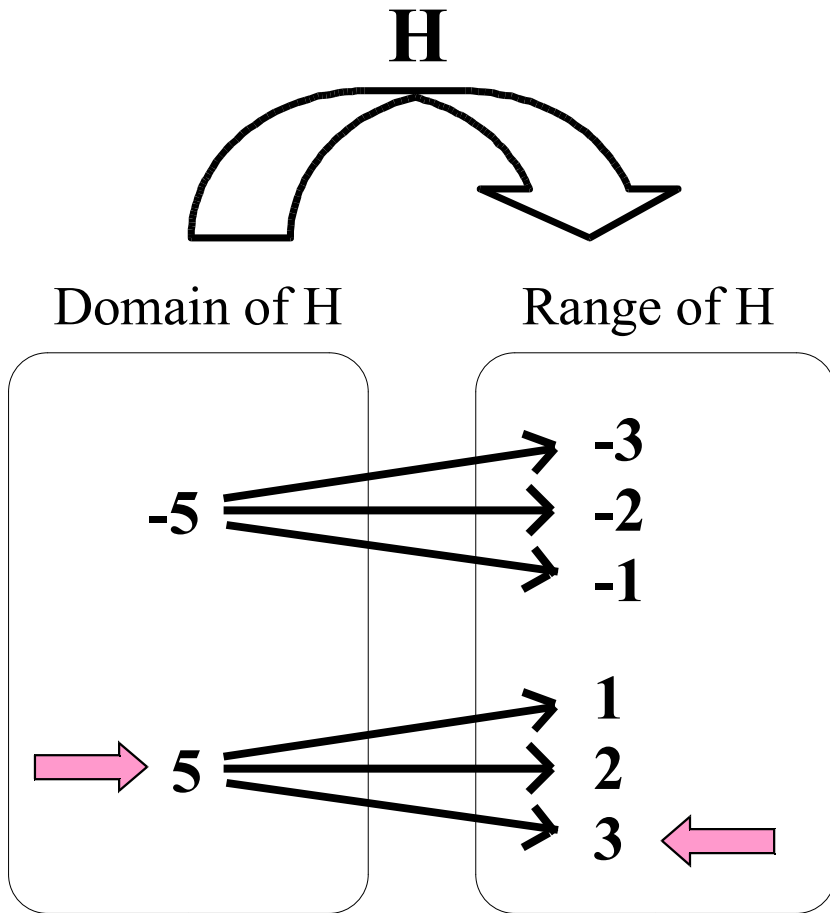


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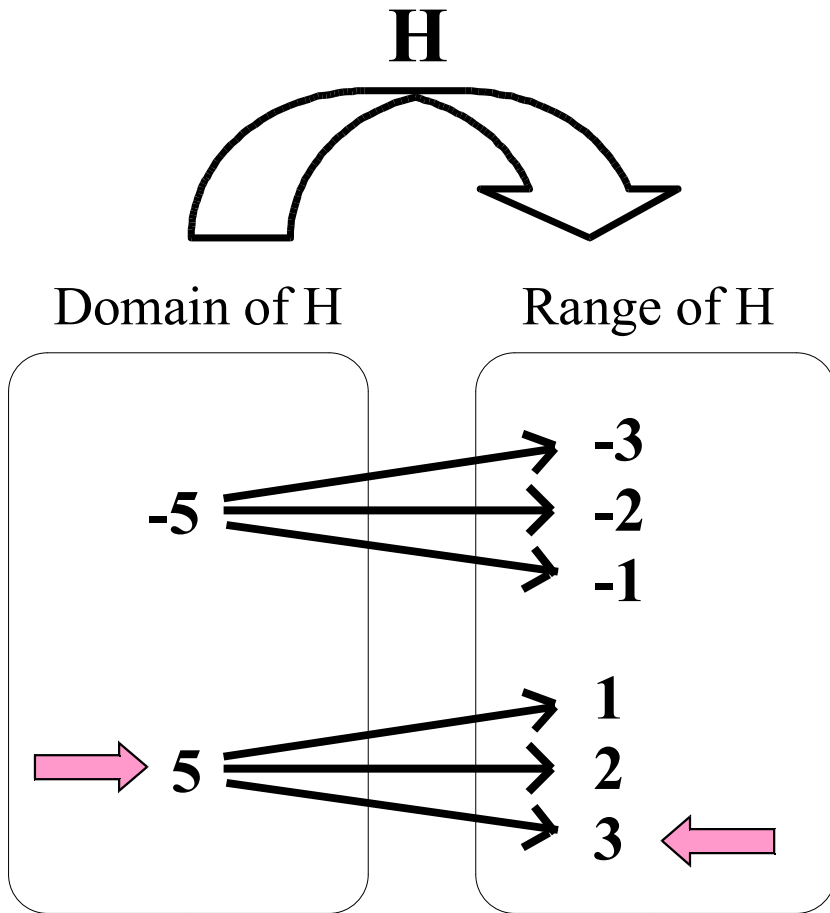


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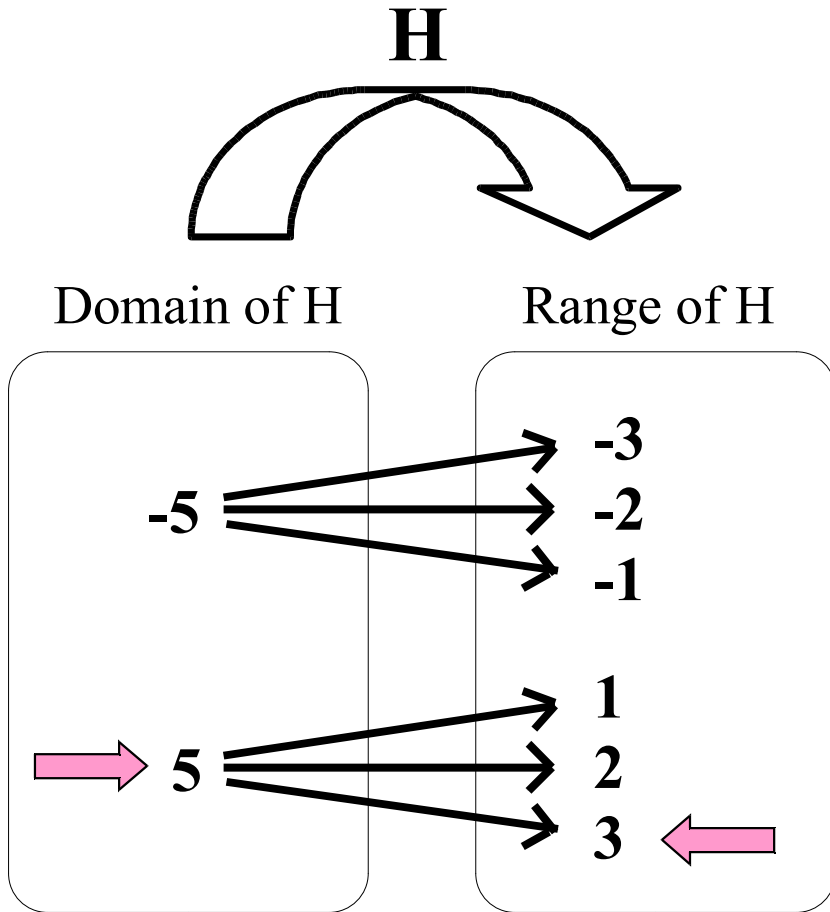


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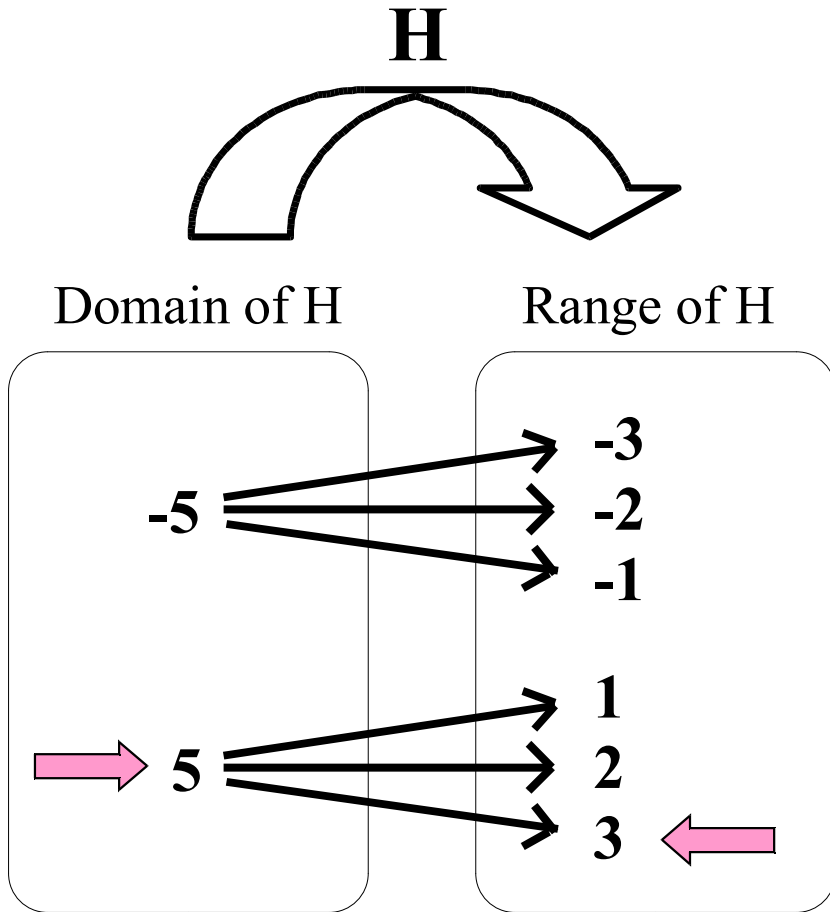


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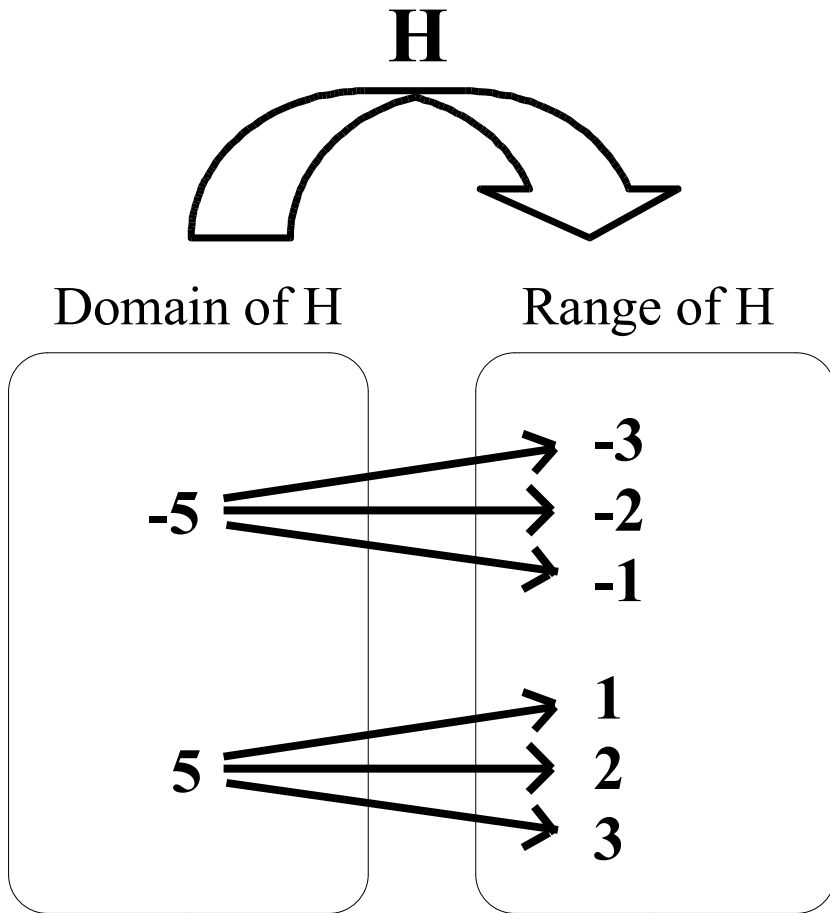


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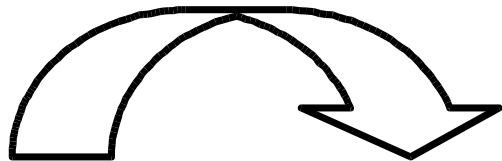
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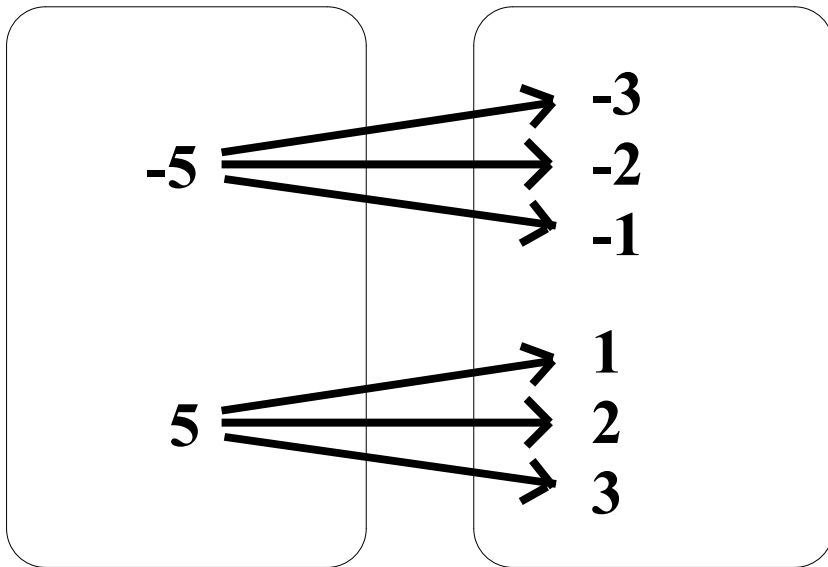
6. $H = \{ (-5, -3), (-5, -2), (-5, -1), (5, 1), (5, 2), (5, 3) \}$

H



Domain of H

Range of H



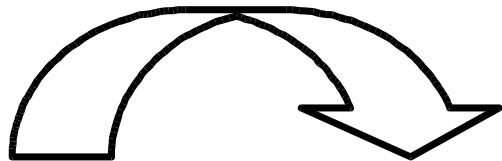
Relation: A relation is a set of ordered pairs.

A relation is given using a mapping diagram in each problem.

(b) Graph the relation.

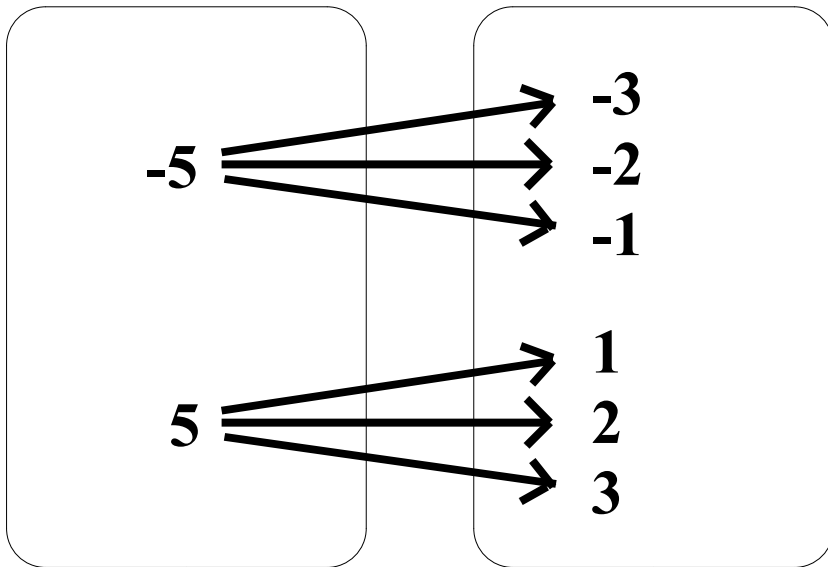
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H



Domain of H

Range of H

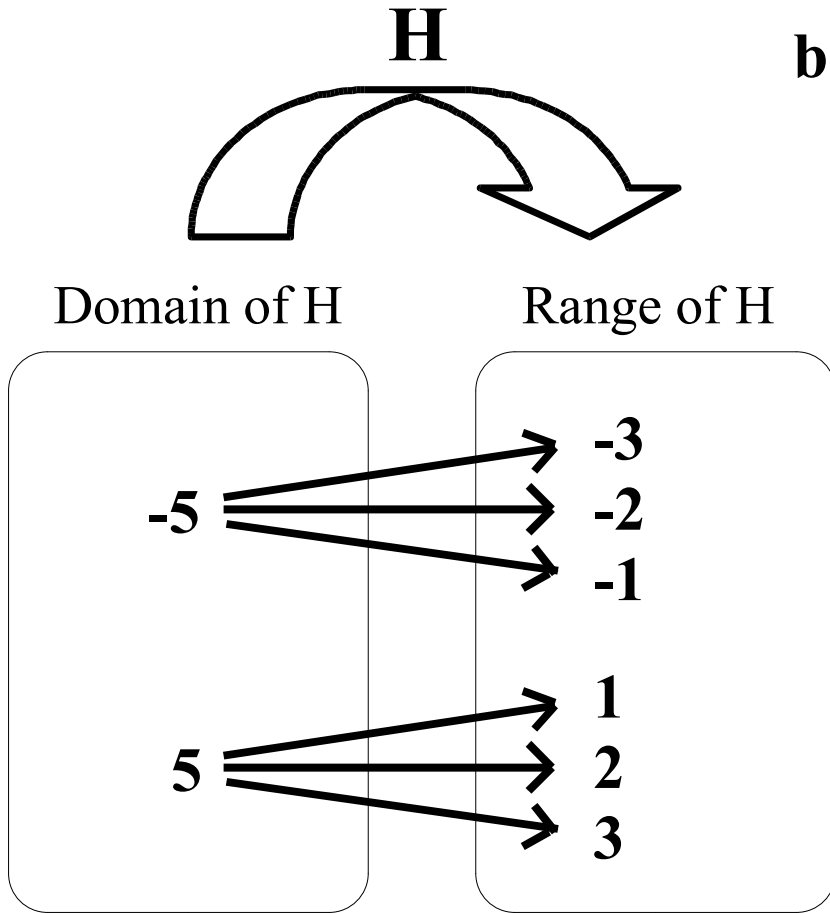


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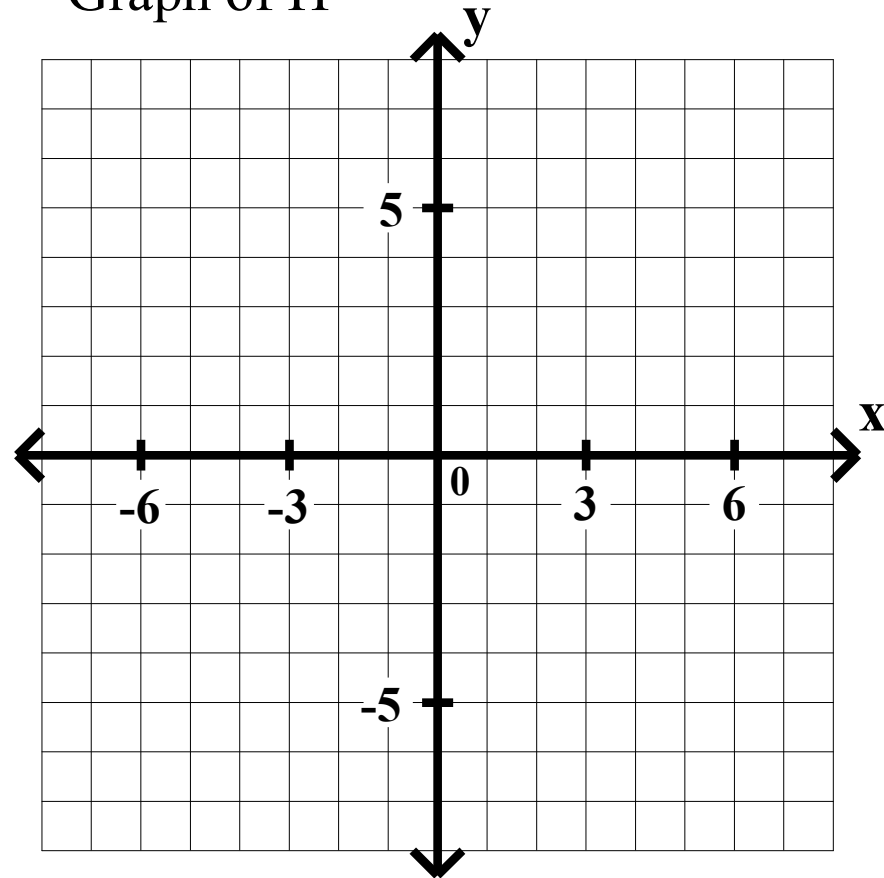
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b.

Graph of H

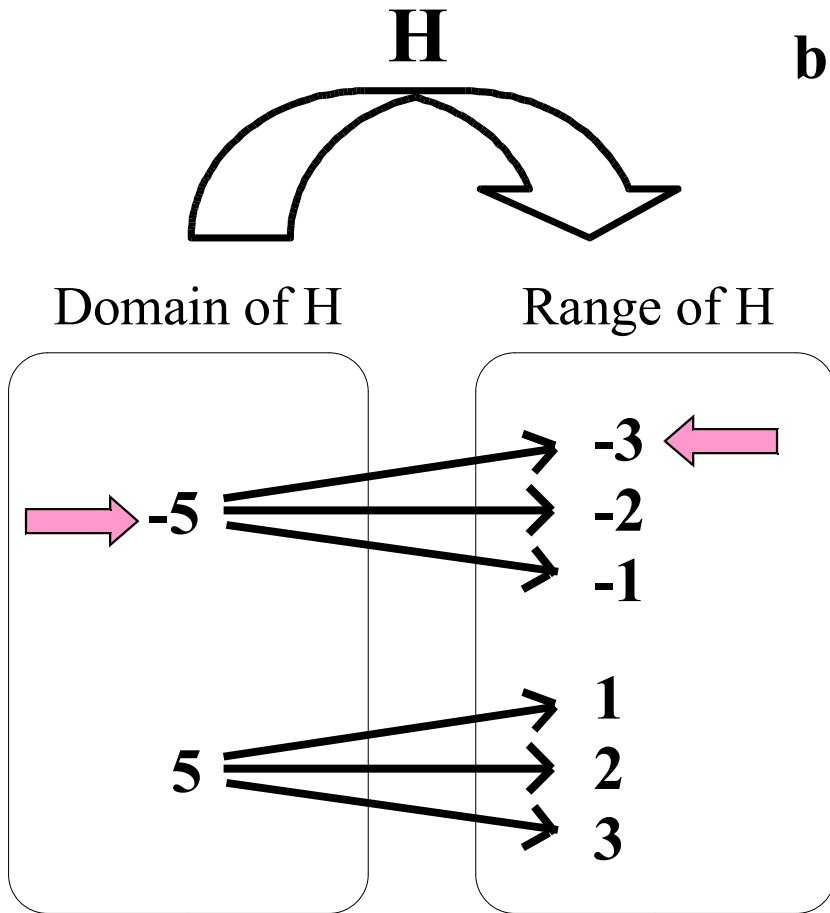


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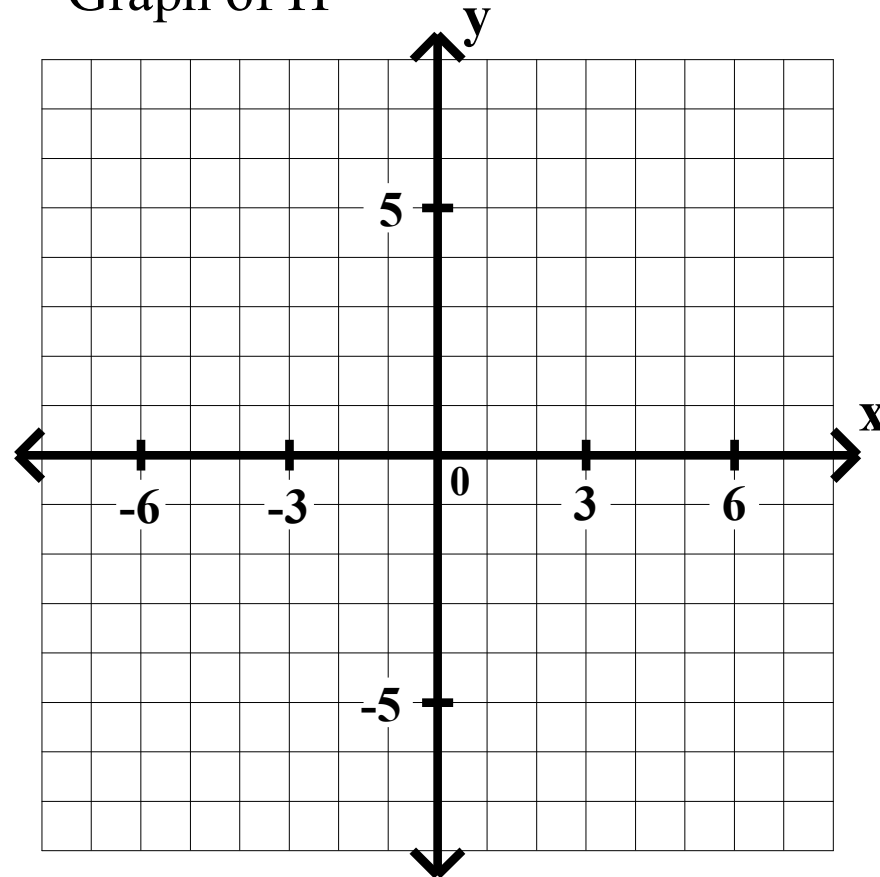
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b.

Graph of H

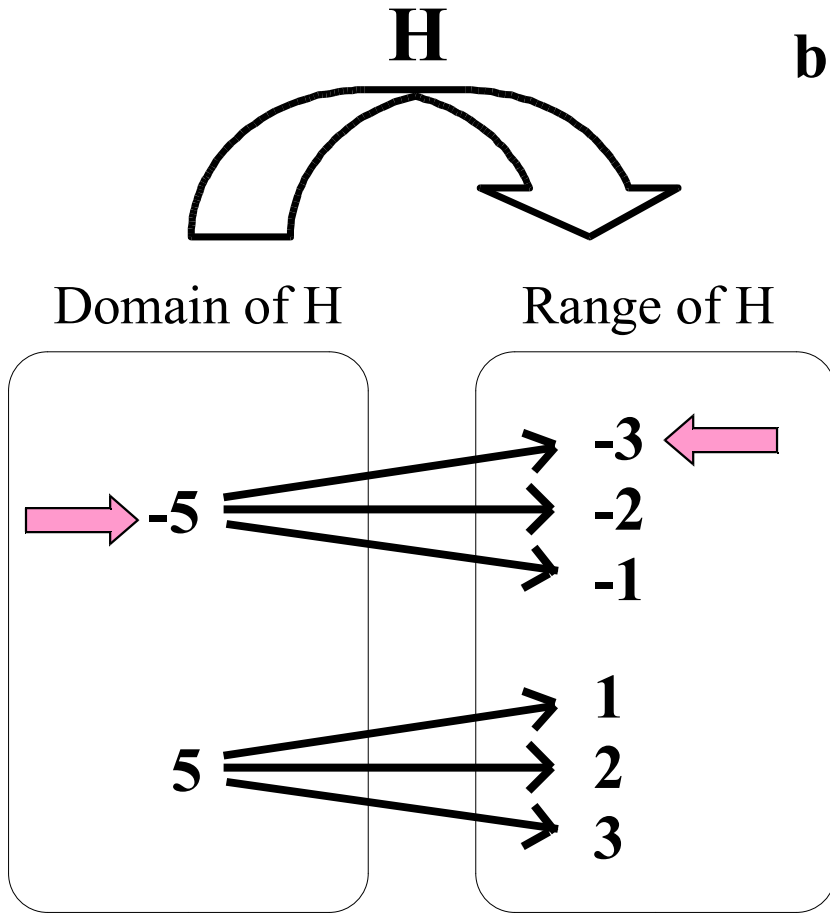


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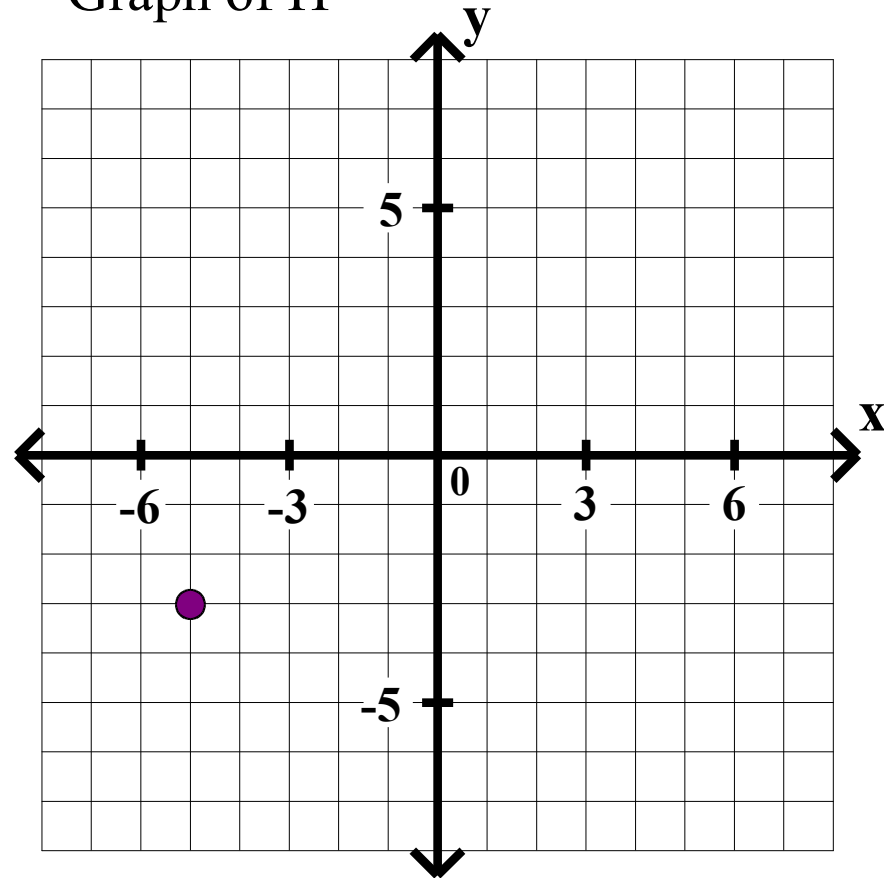
(b) Graph the relation.

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b.

Graph of H

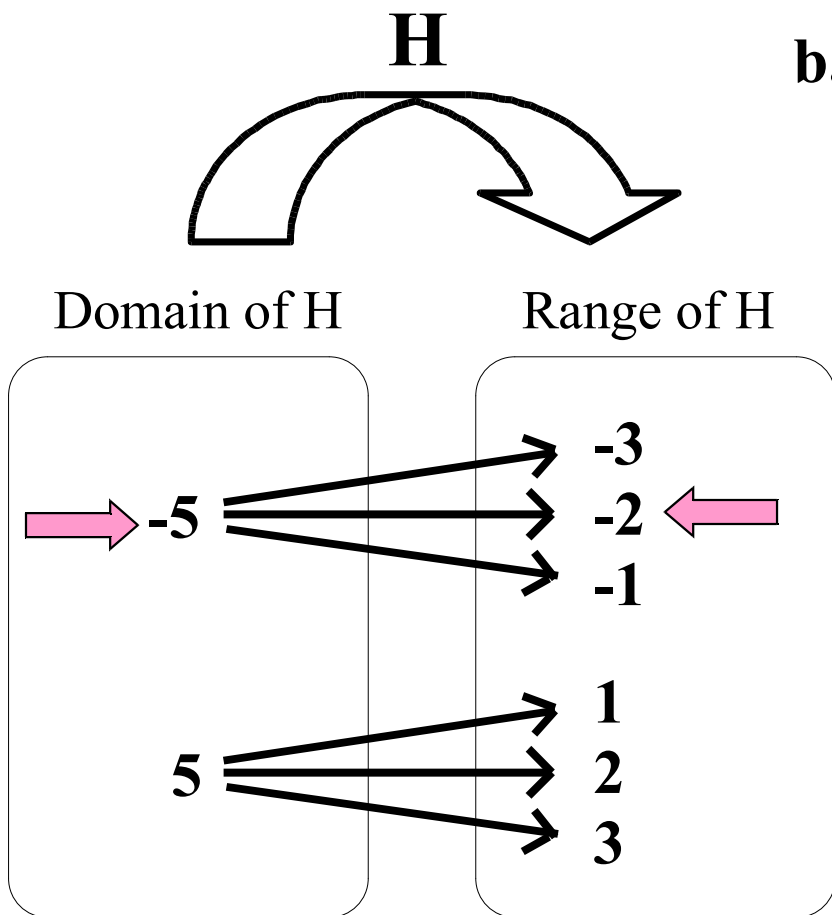


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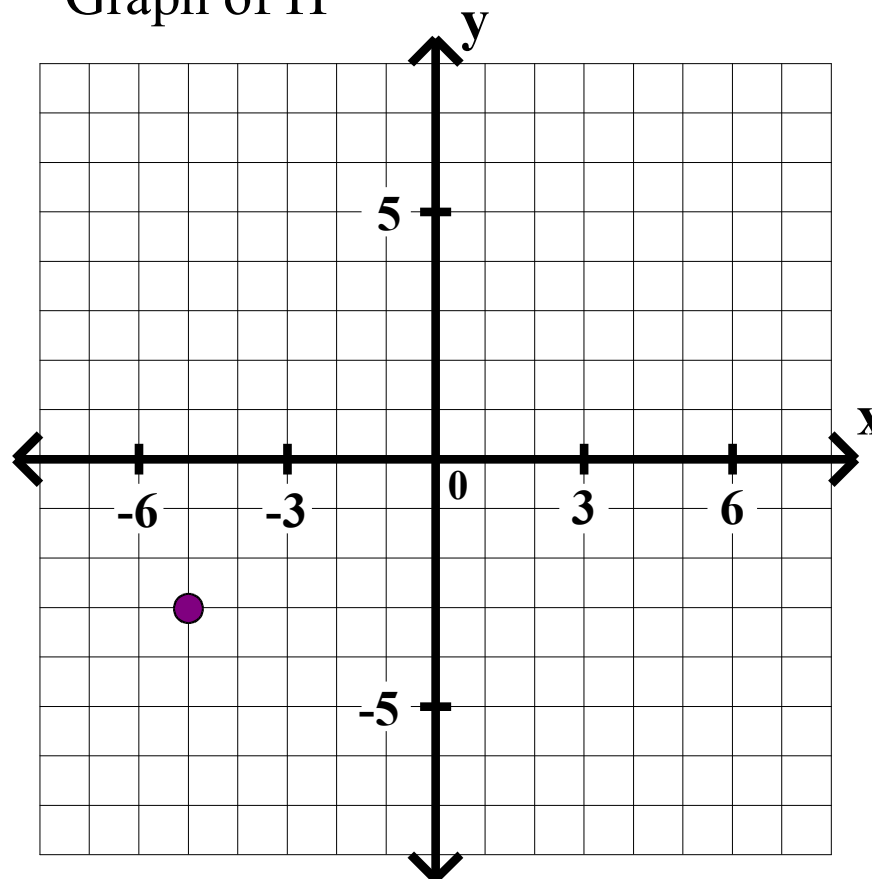
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b.

Graph of H

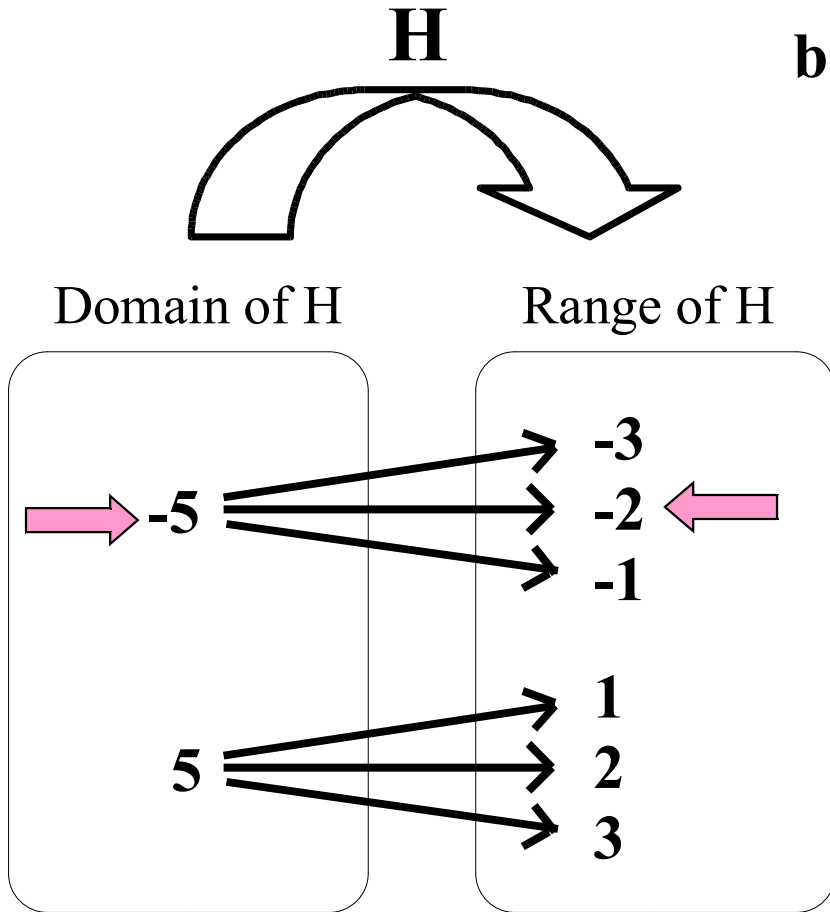


Relation: A relation is a set of ordered pairs.

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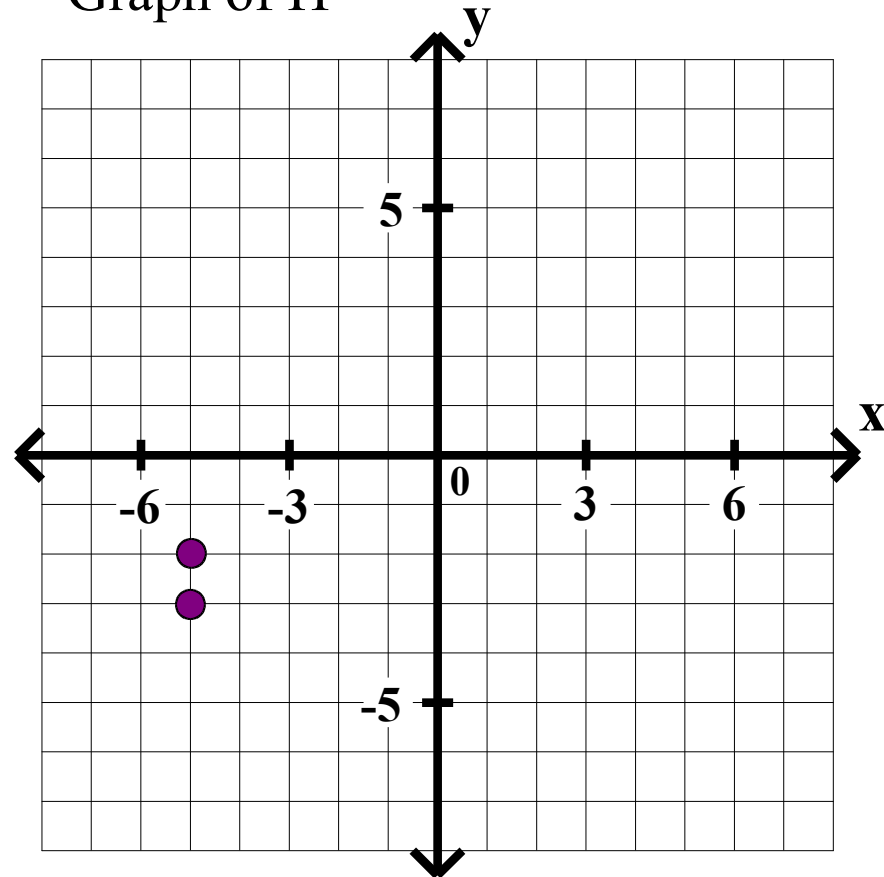
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b.

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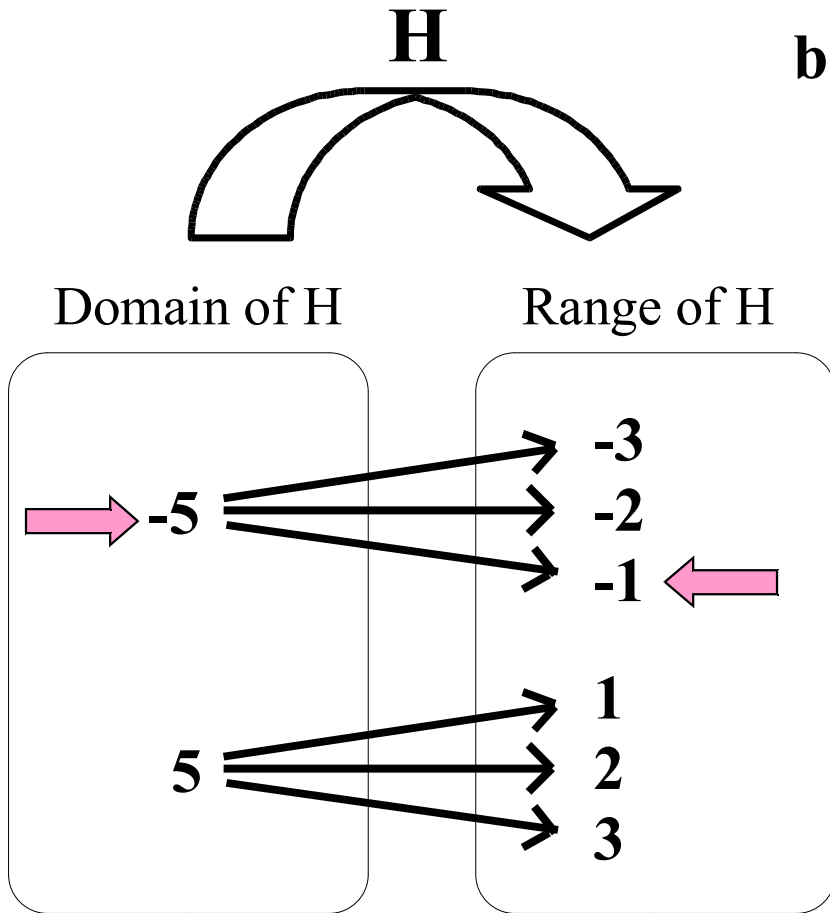


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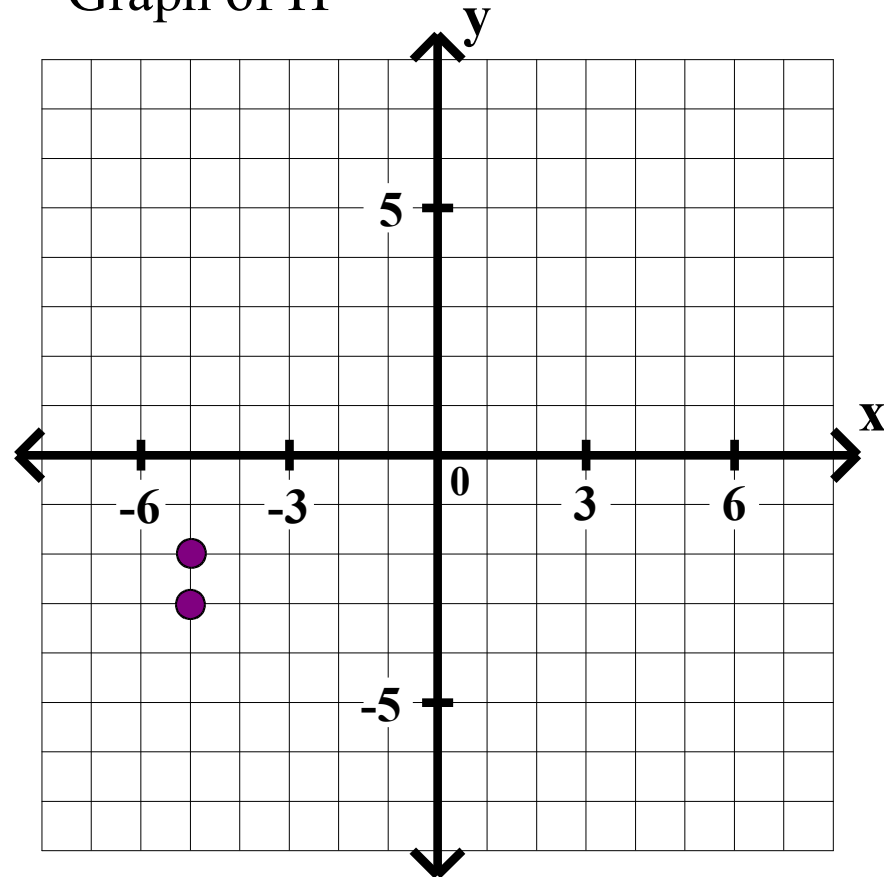
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b.

Graph of H

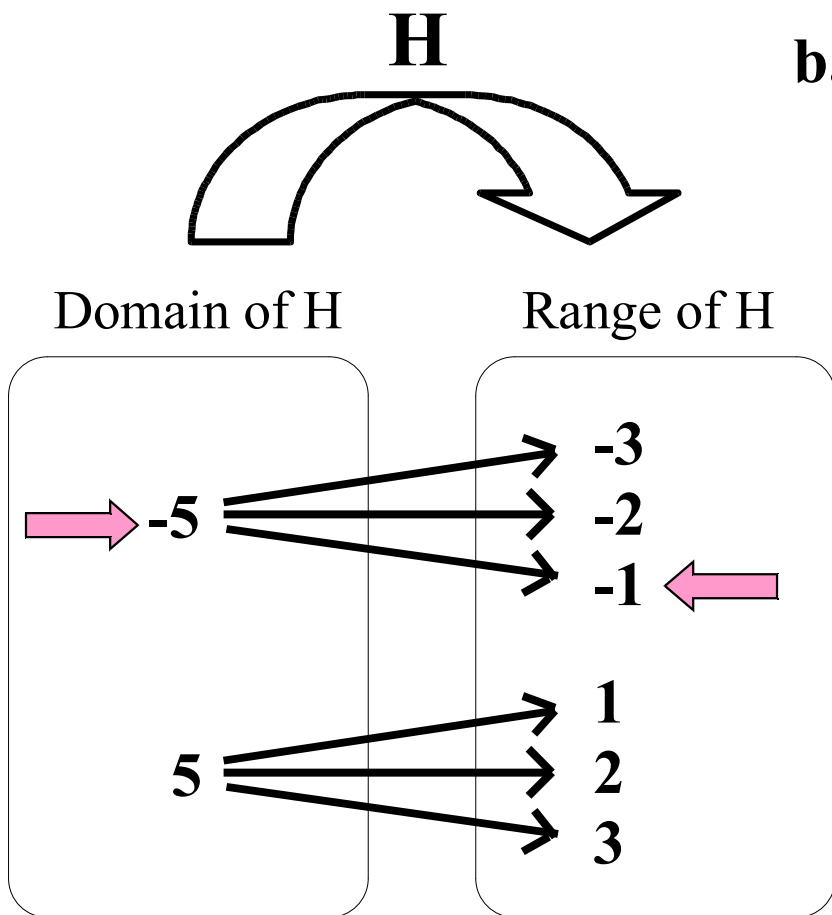


Relation: A relation is a set of ordered pairs.

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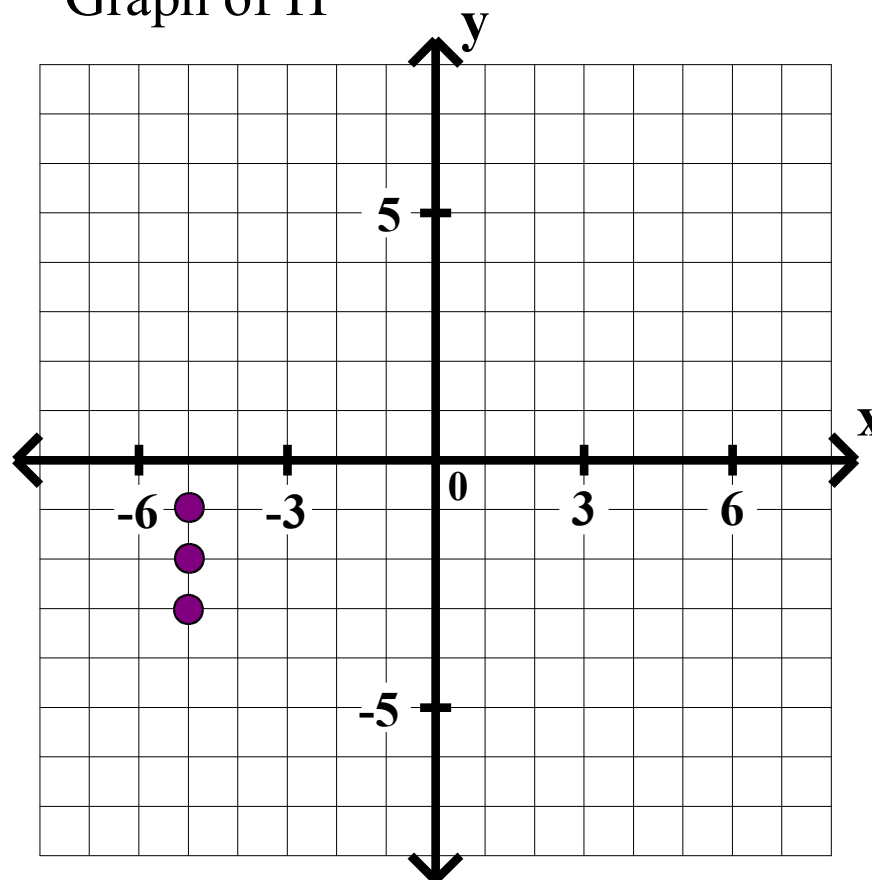
(b) Graph the relation.

6. $H = \{ (-5, -3), (-5, -2), (-5, -1), (5, 1), (5, 2), (5, 3) \}$



b.

Graph of H

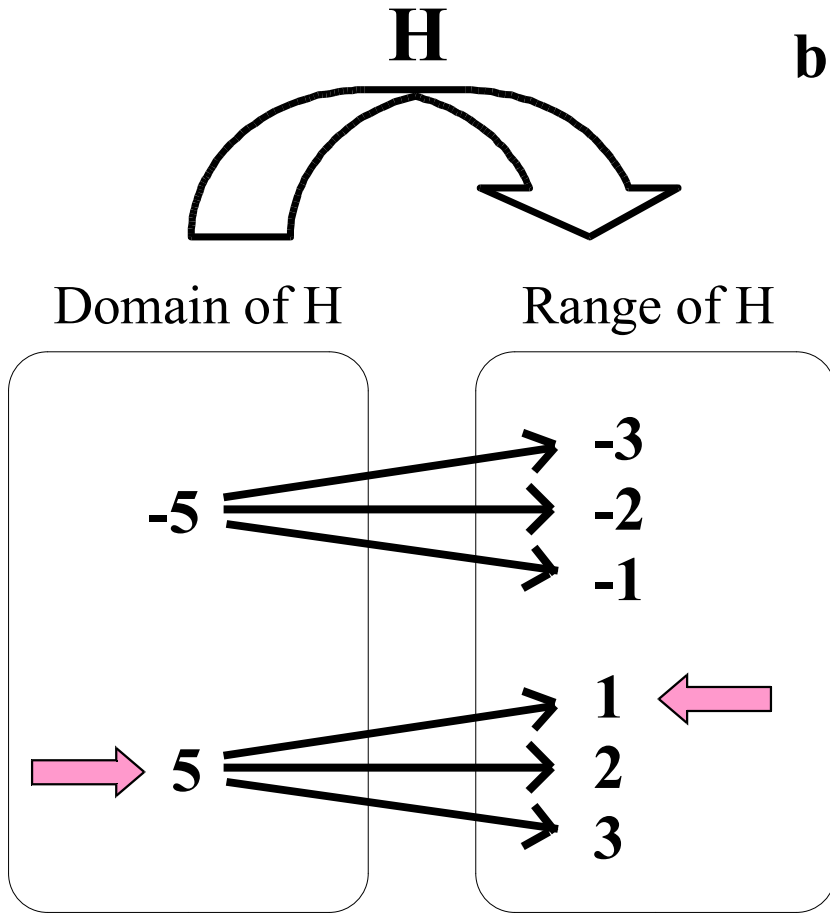


Relation: A relation is a set of ordered pairs.

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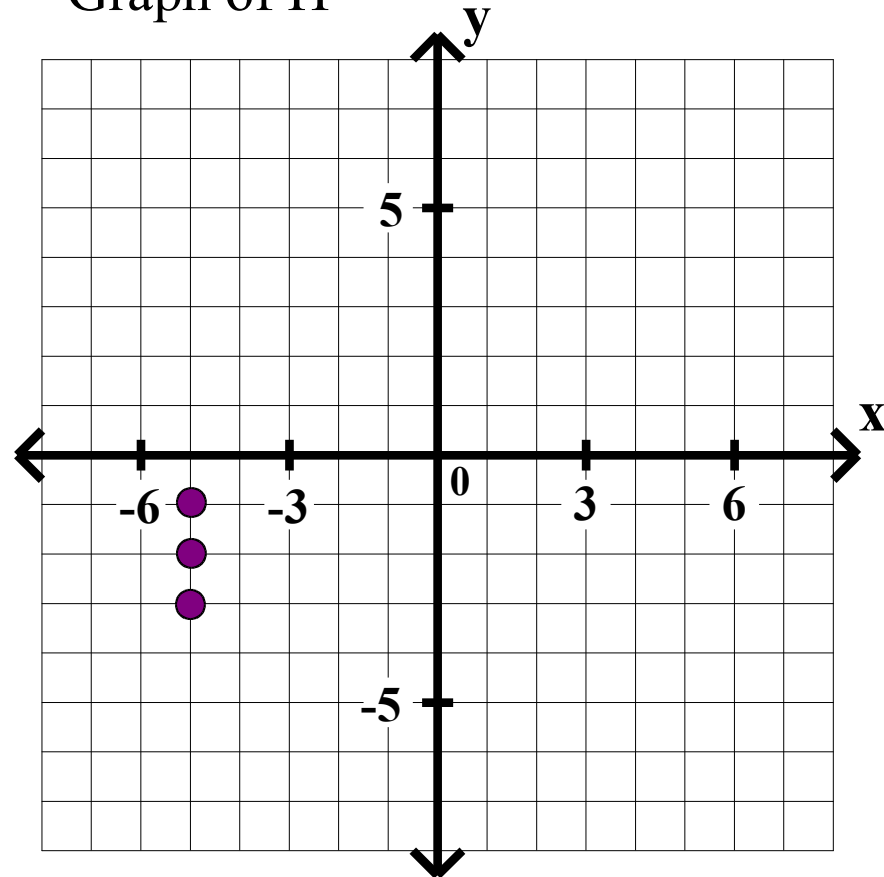
(b) Graph the relation.

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b.

Graph of H

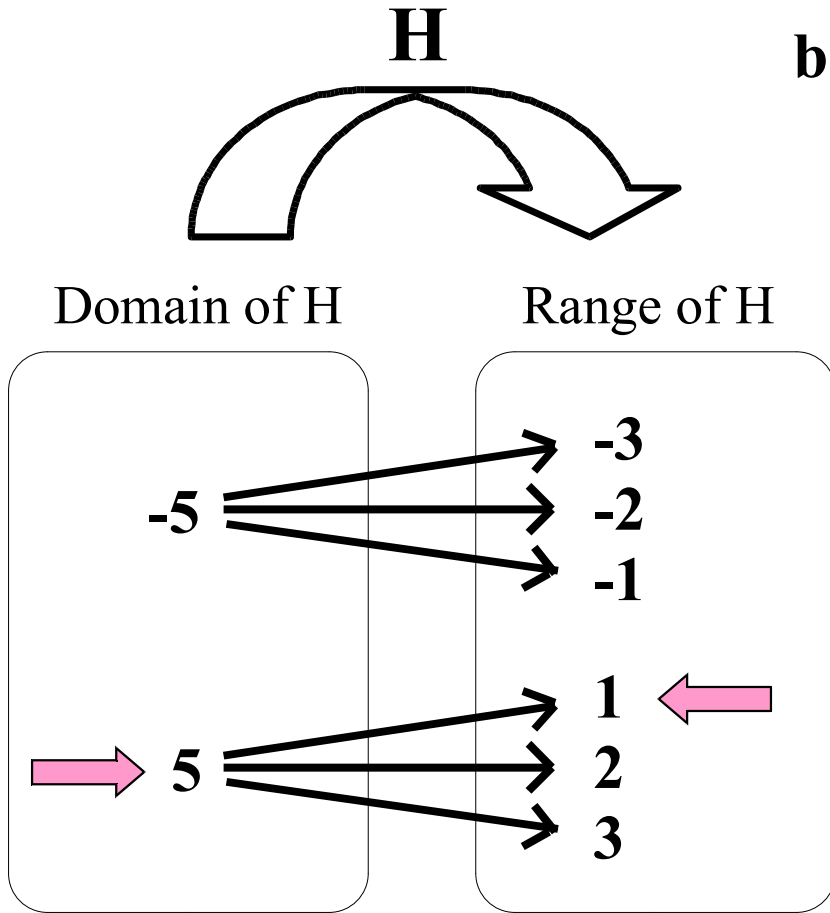


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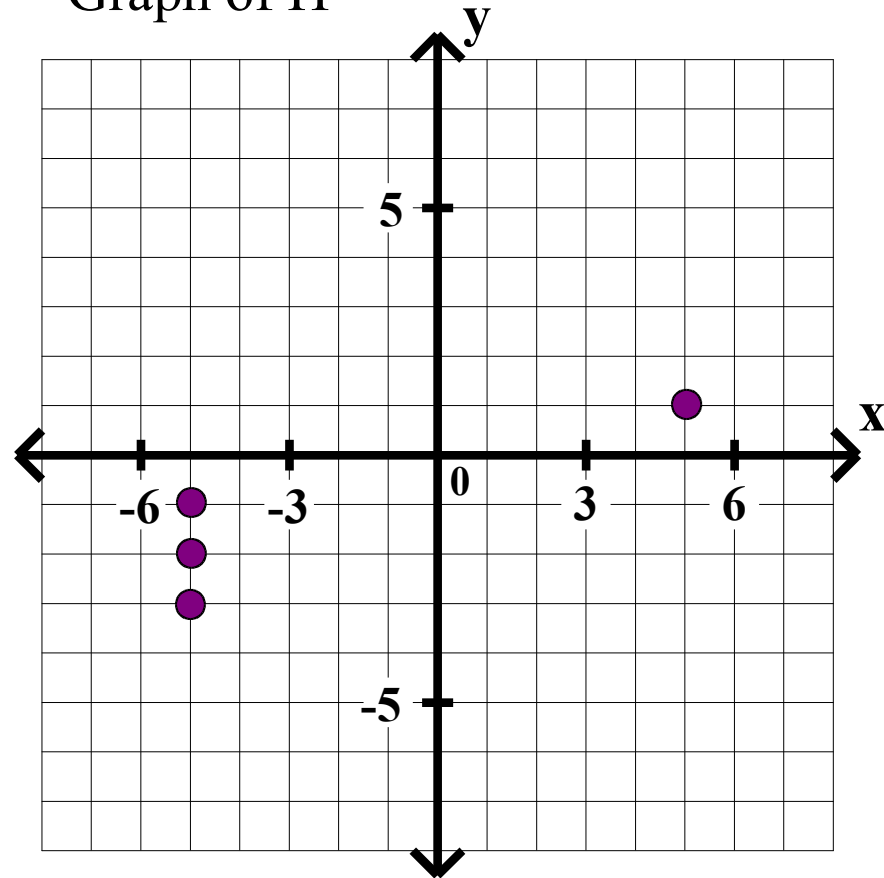
(b) Graph the relation.

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Graph of H

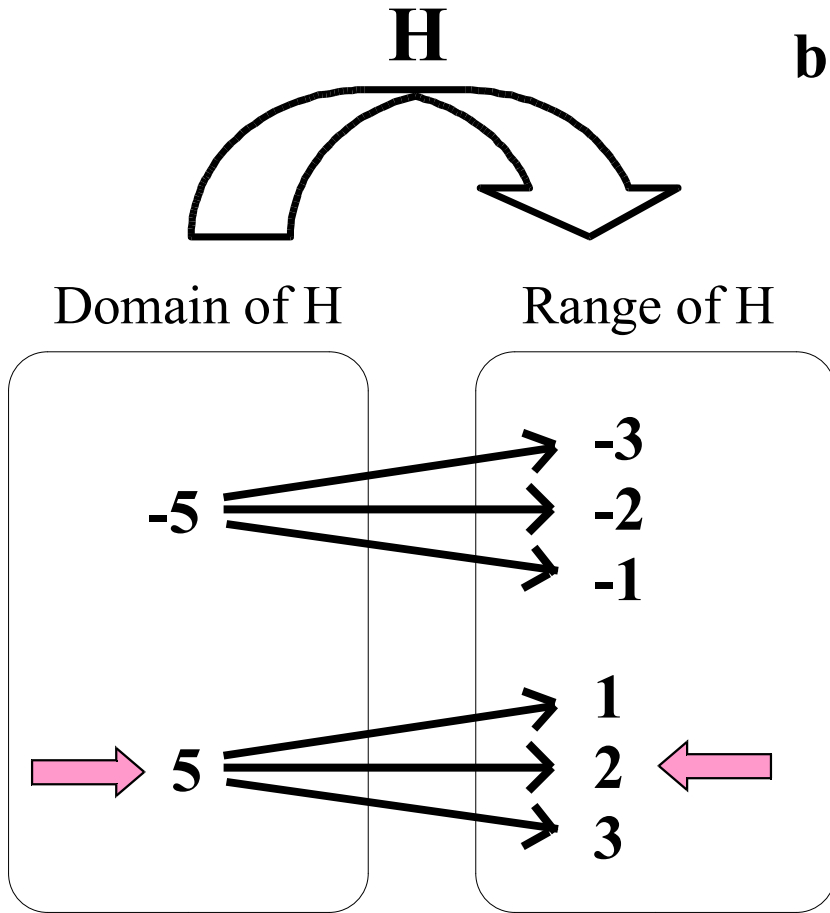


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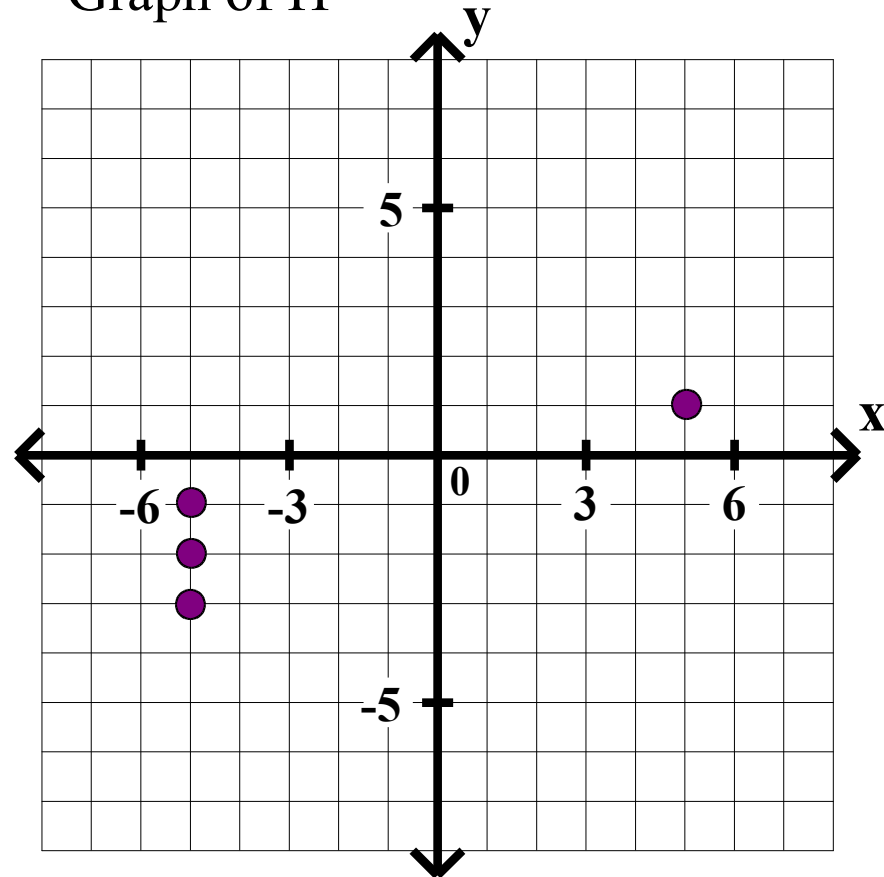
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b.

Graph of H

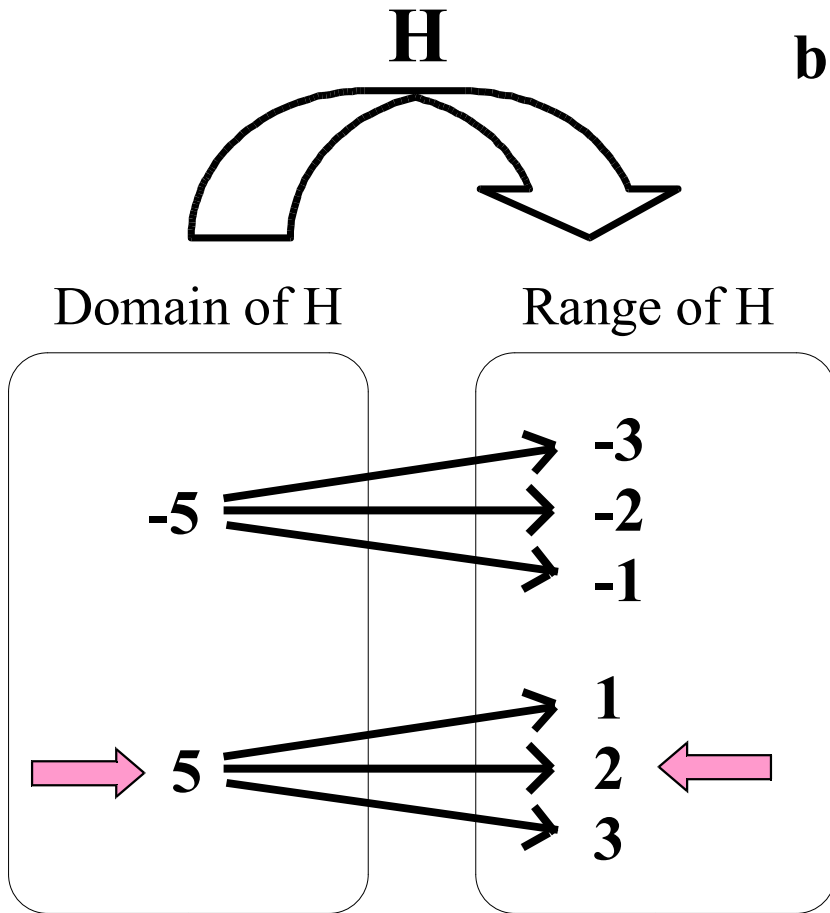


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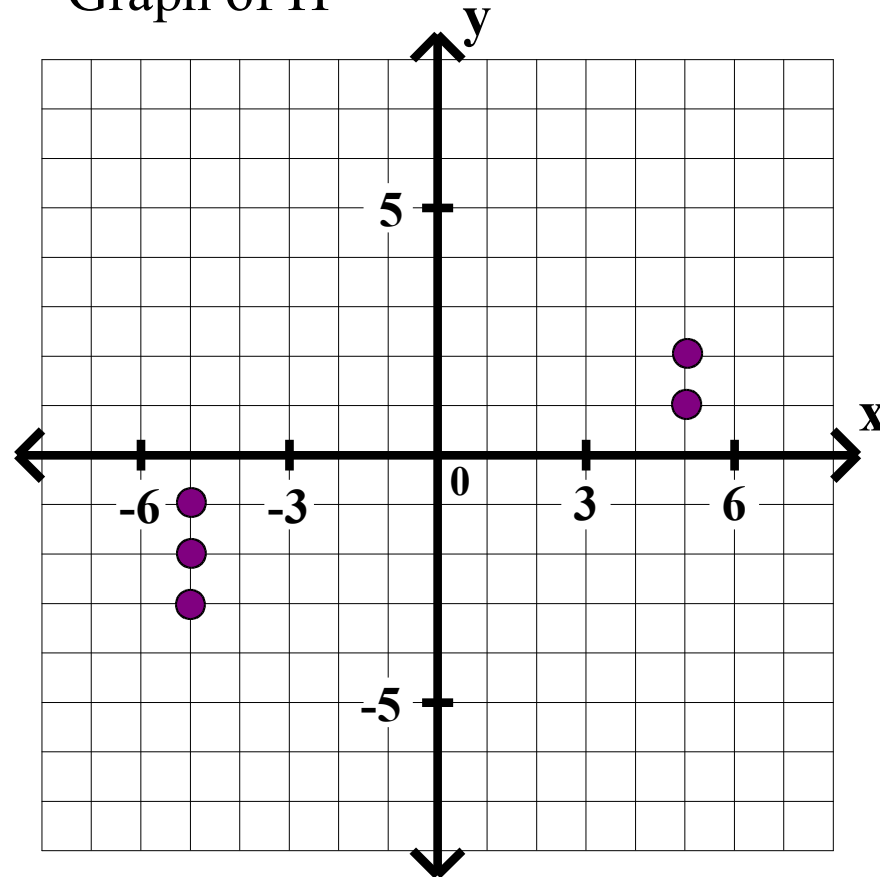
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Graph of H

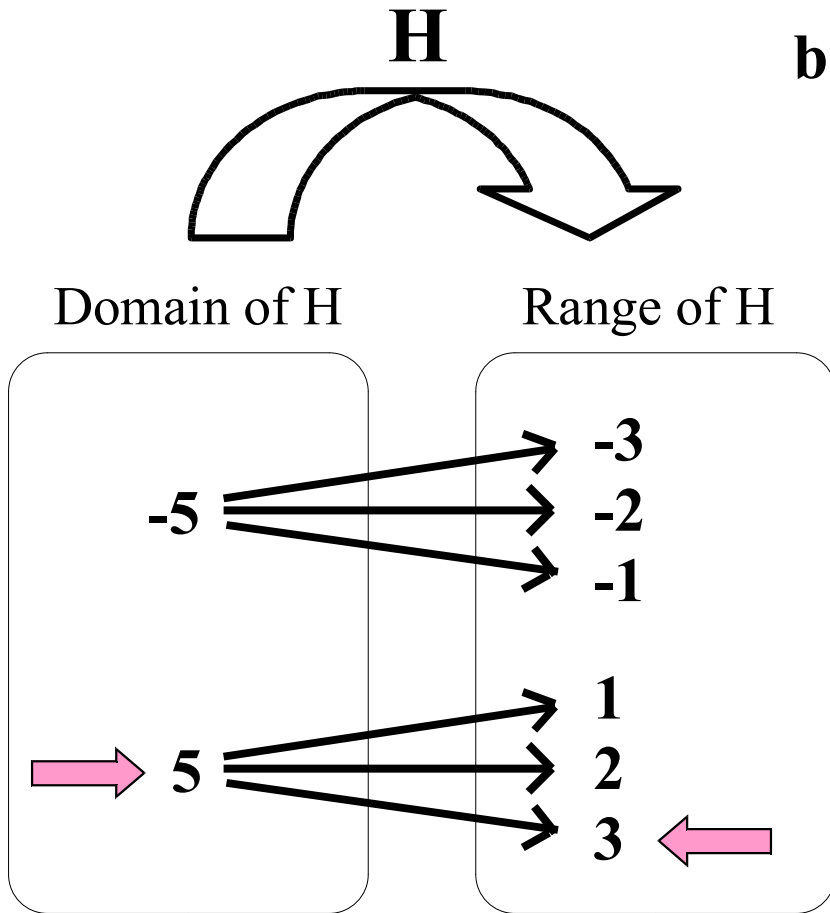


Relation: A relation is a set of ordered pairs.

A relation is given using a mapping diagram in each problem.

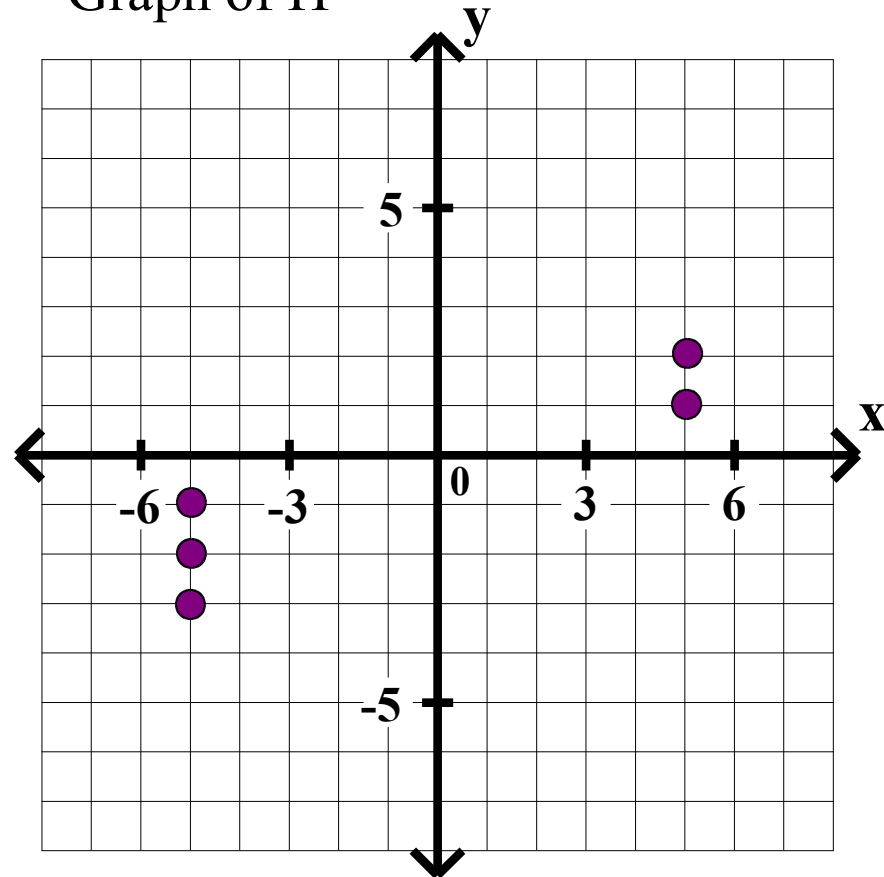
(b) Graph the relation.

6. $H = \{ (-5, -3), (-5, -2), (-5, -1), (5, 1), (5, 2), (5, 3) \}$



b.

Graph of H

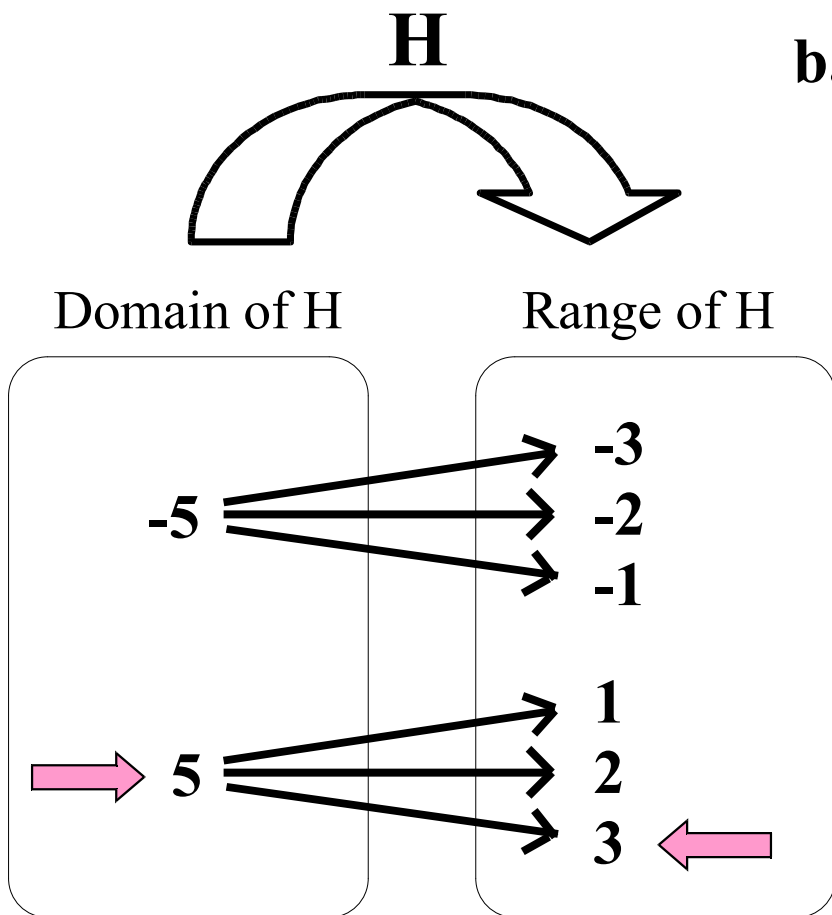


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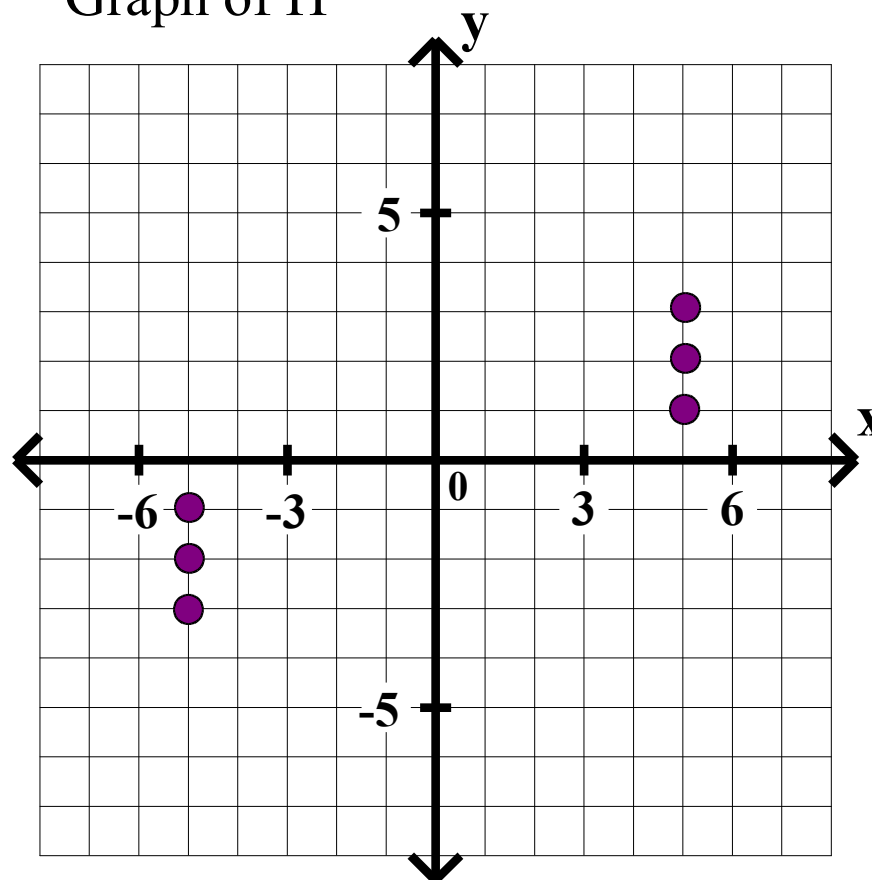
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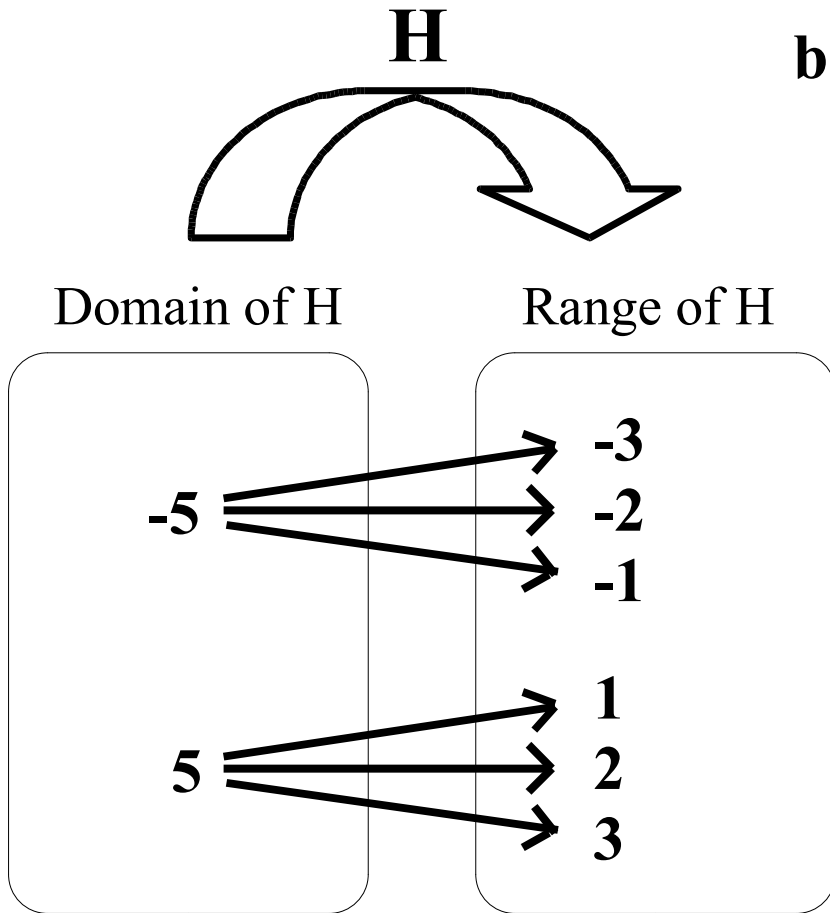


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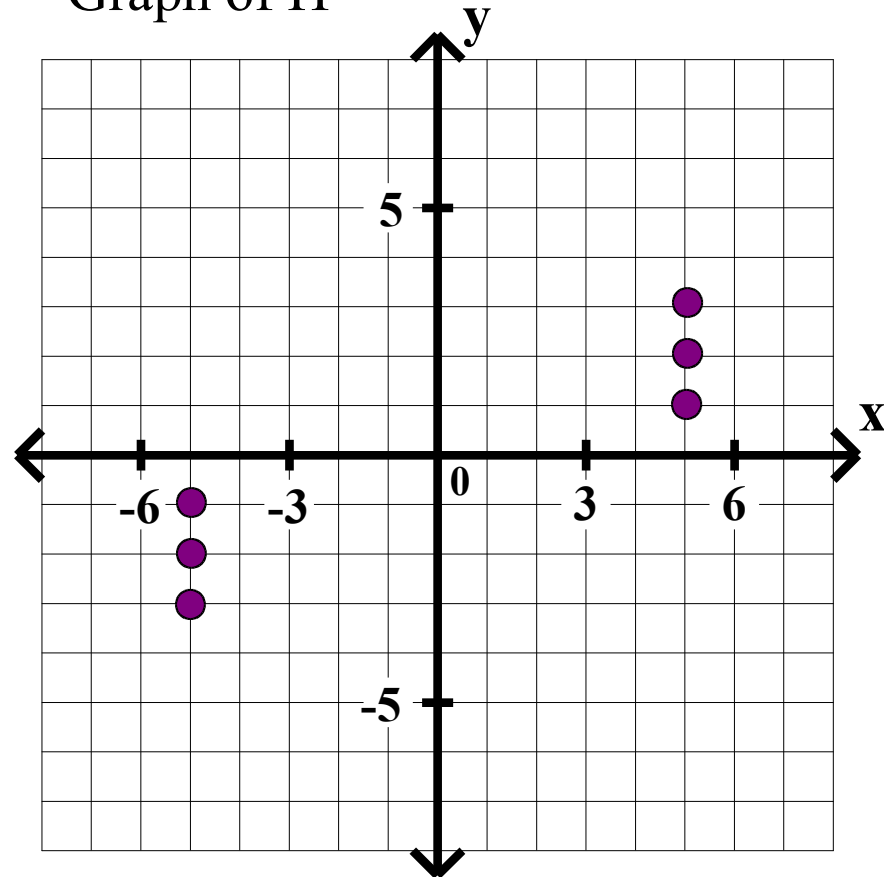
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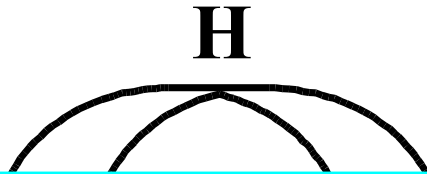


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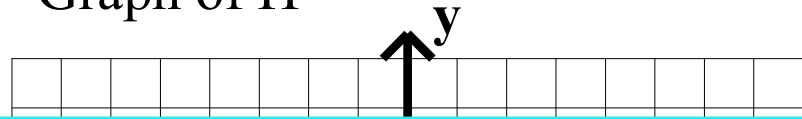
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Good luck on your homework !!

