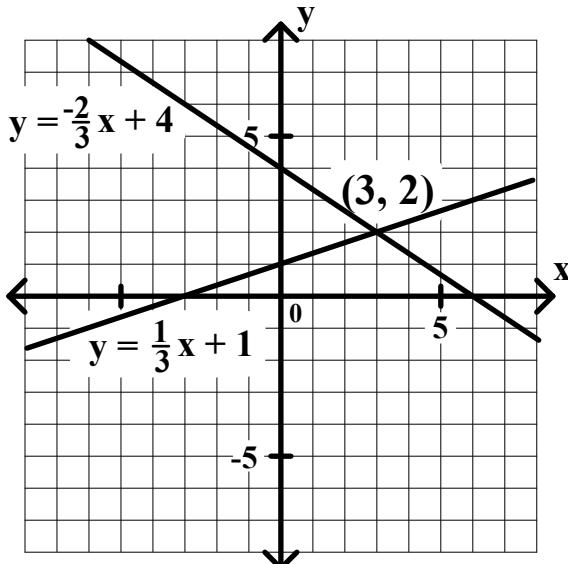


## Algebra II Worksheet #5 Unit 2 selected solutions

2.  $y = \frac{1}{3}x + 1$        $x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} 3$

$y = -\frac{2}{3}x + 4$        $y = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} 2$

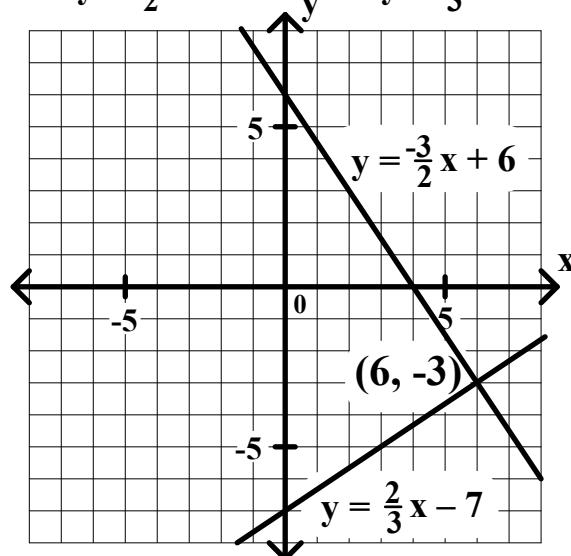


2.  $3x + 2y = 12$        $x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} 6$

$2x - 3y = 21$        $y = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} -3$

$2y = -3x + 12$        $-3y = -2x + 21$

$y = -\frac{3}{2}x + 6$        $y = \frac{2}{3}x - 7$



8.  $y = 4x + 3$        $x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} -2$

$3x - 2y = 4$        $y = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} -5$

$3x - 2(4x + 3) = 4$

$3x - 8x - 6 = 4$

$-5x - 6 = 4$

$-5x = 10$

$x = -2$

$y = 4x + 3$

$y = 4(-2) + 3$

$y = -8 + 3$

$y = -5$

9.  $5x + 4y = 11$        $x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} 5/3$

$y = 4x - 6$        $y = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} 2/3$

$5x + 4(4x - 6) = 11$

$5x + 16x - 24 = 11$

$21x - 24 = 11$

$21x = 35$

$x = 5/3$

14.  $3x + 5y = 2$        $x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} 3/2$

$7x + 3y = 9$        $y = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} -1/2$

$-9x - 15y = -6$

$35x + 15y = 45$

$21x + 35y = 14$

$-21x - 9y = -27$

15.  $2x + 3y = -6$        $x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} 3/4$

$6x - 5y = 17$        $y = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} -5/2$

$10x + 15y = -30$

$18x - 15y = 51$

$-6x - 9y = 18$

$6x - 5y = 17$

---

$26x = 39$

$x = 3/2$

$26y = -13$

$y = -1/2$

$28x = 21$

$x = 3/4$

$-14y = 35$

$y = -5/2$