

Algebra II Lesson #4 Unit 2

Class Worksheet #4

For Worksheet #5

Solving Systems of Two Linear Equations With Two Variables

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Case 1 - Dependent System:

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Case 1 - Dependent System: The two equations represent the same line. In this case, any ordered pair that is a solution of one of the equations is a solution of the system.

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Case 1 - Dependent System: The two equations represent the same line. In this case, any ordered pair that is a solution of one of the equations is a solution of the system. This type of system has an infinite number of solutions.

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Case 2 - Inconsistent System:

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Case 2 - Inconsistent System: The two equations represent two parallel lines.

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Case 2 - Inconsistent System: The two equations represent two parallel lines. This type of system has no solution since there are no ordered pairs that make both equations true.

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Case 3 - Independent System:

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Case 3 - Independent System: The two equations represent two non-parallel lines.

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Case 3 - Independent System: The two equations represent two non-parallel lines. This type of system has exactly one solution since two non-parallel lines in a plane intersect at exactly one point.

Solving Systems of Two Linear Equations With Two Variables

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The Graphing Method: Simply graph both equations. The solution of the system is the ordered pair corresponding to the point where the two lines intersect. Good luck.

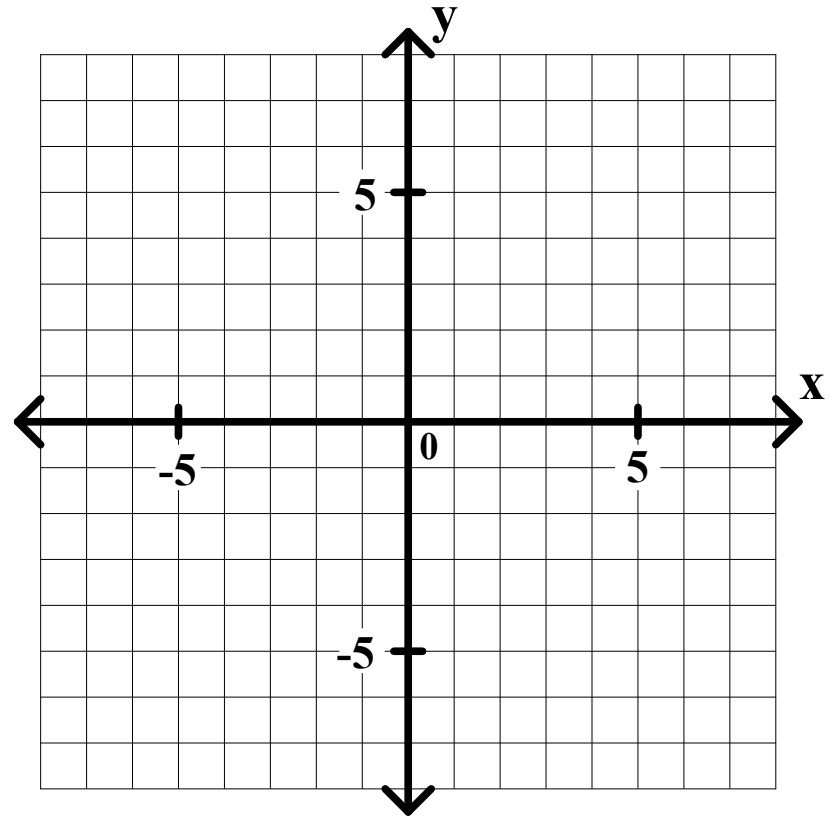
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Solve the following systems of equations using the graphing method.

1. $2x + 3y = 9$ $x =$ _____

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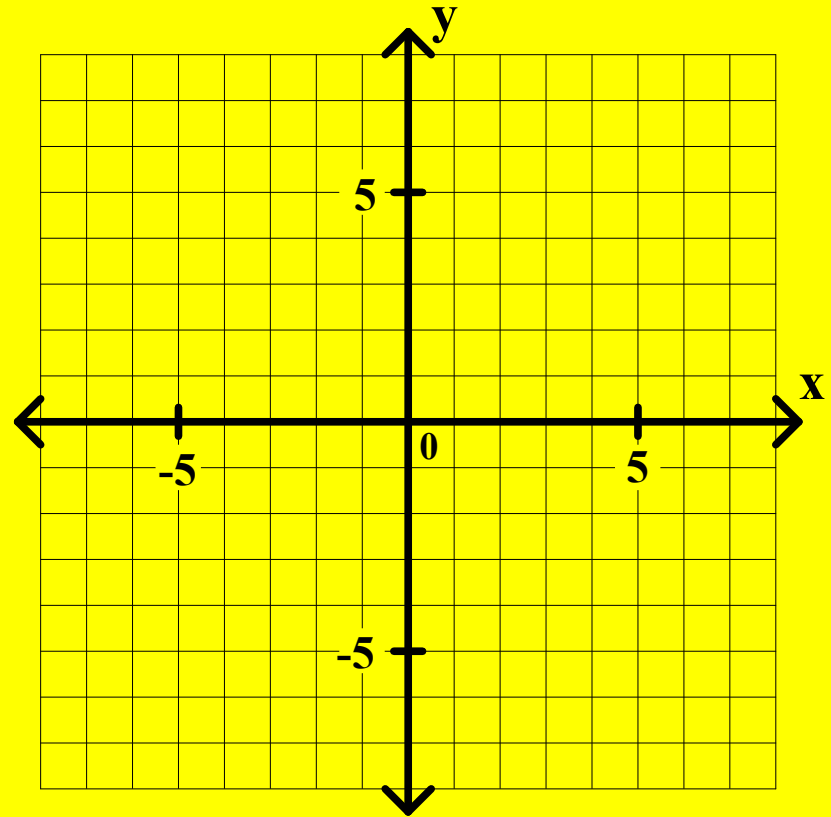


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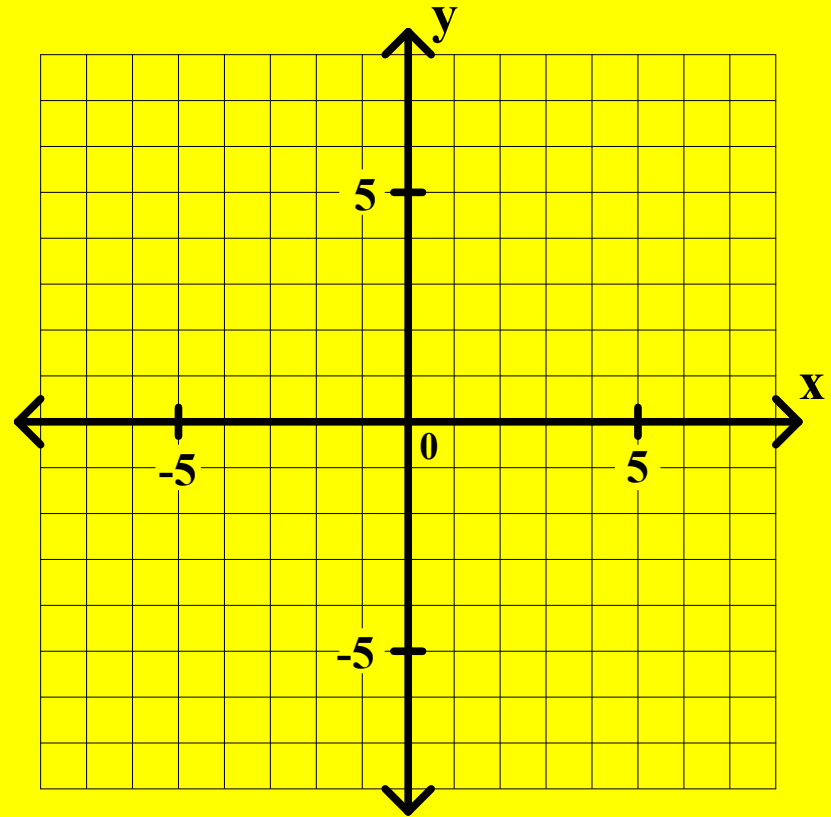
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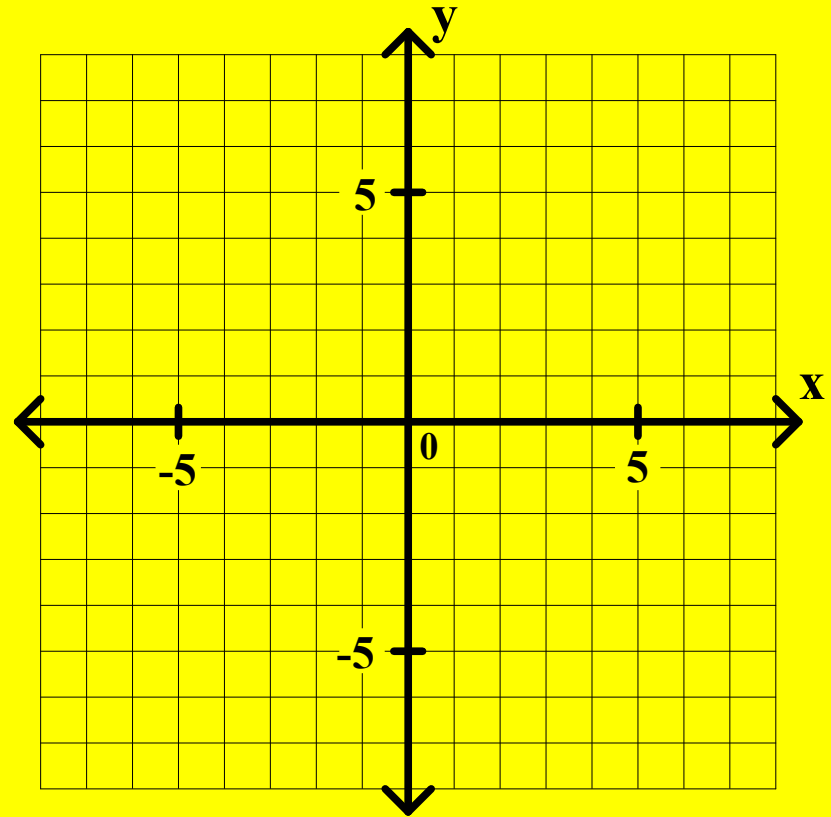
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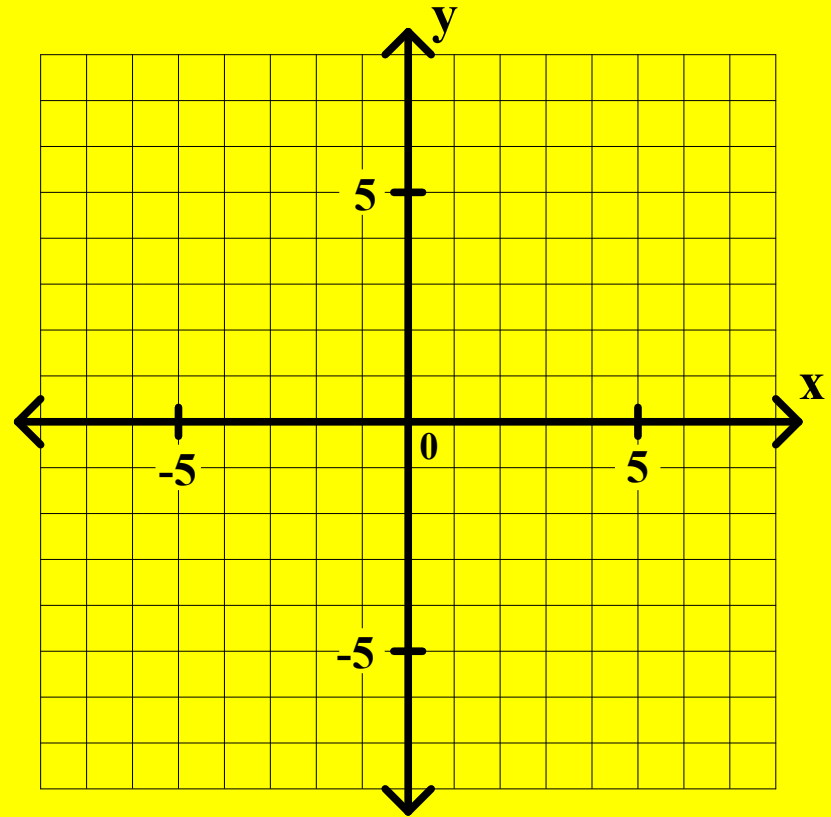
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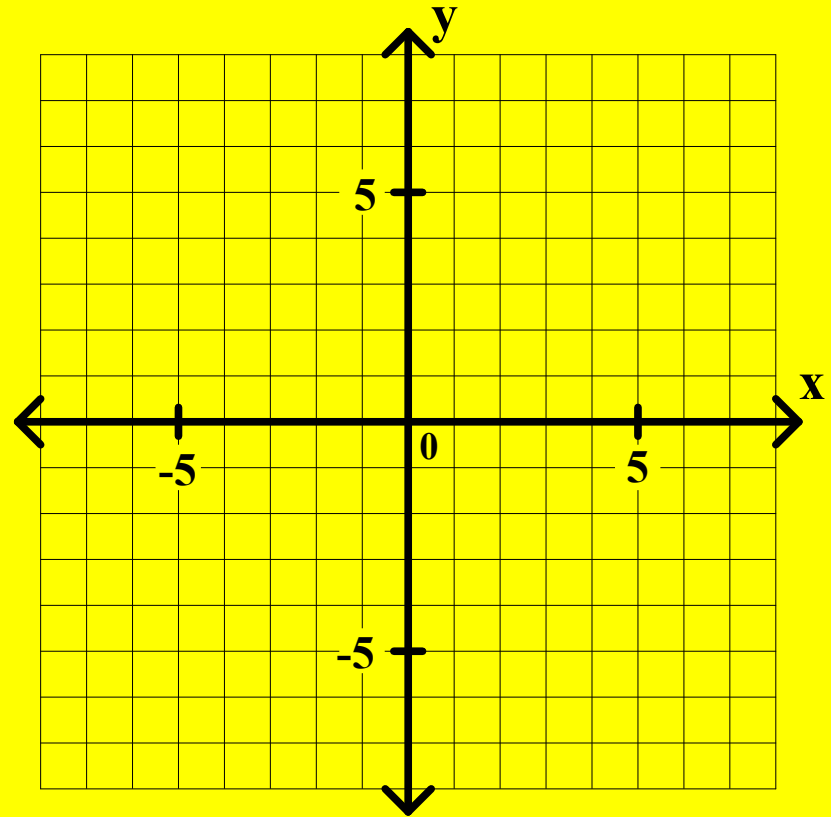
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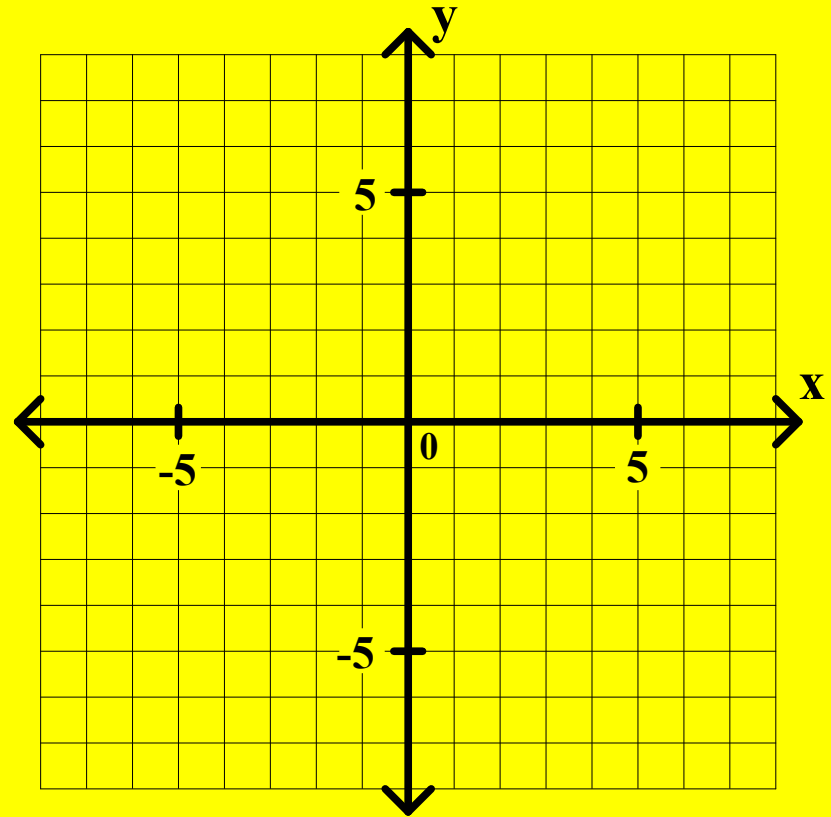
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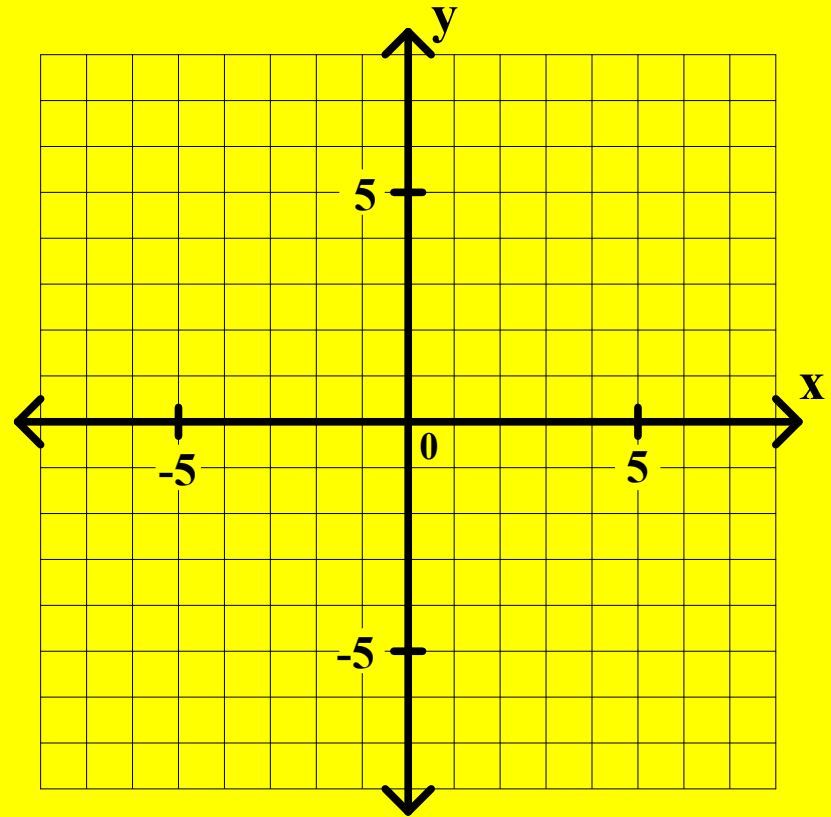
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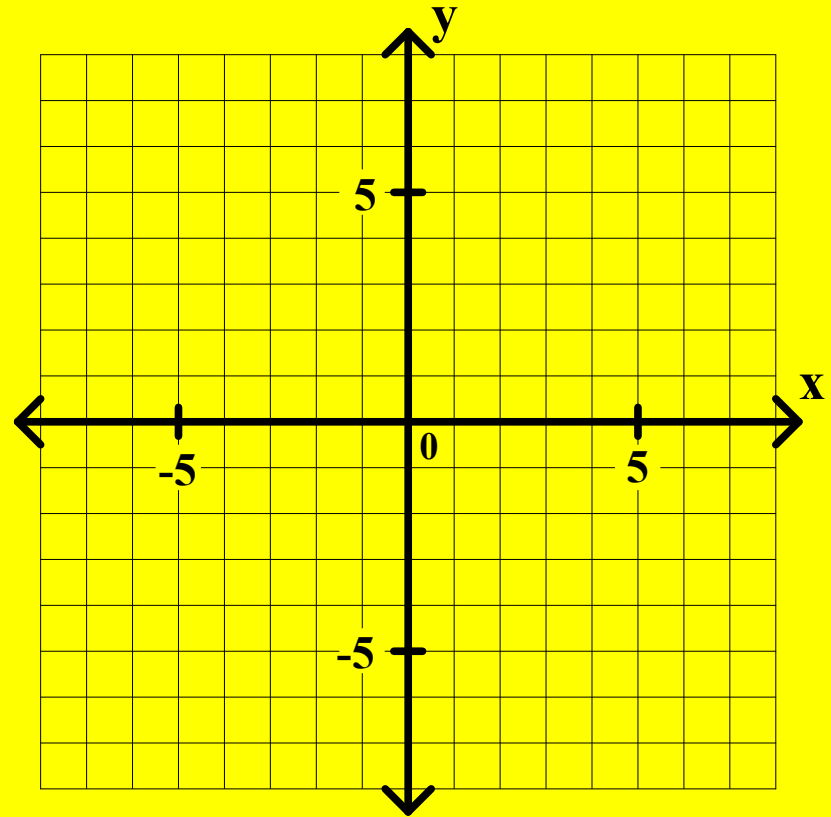
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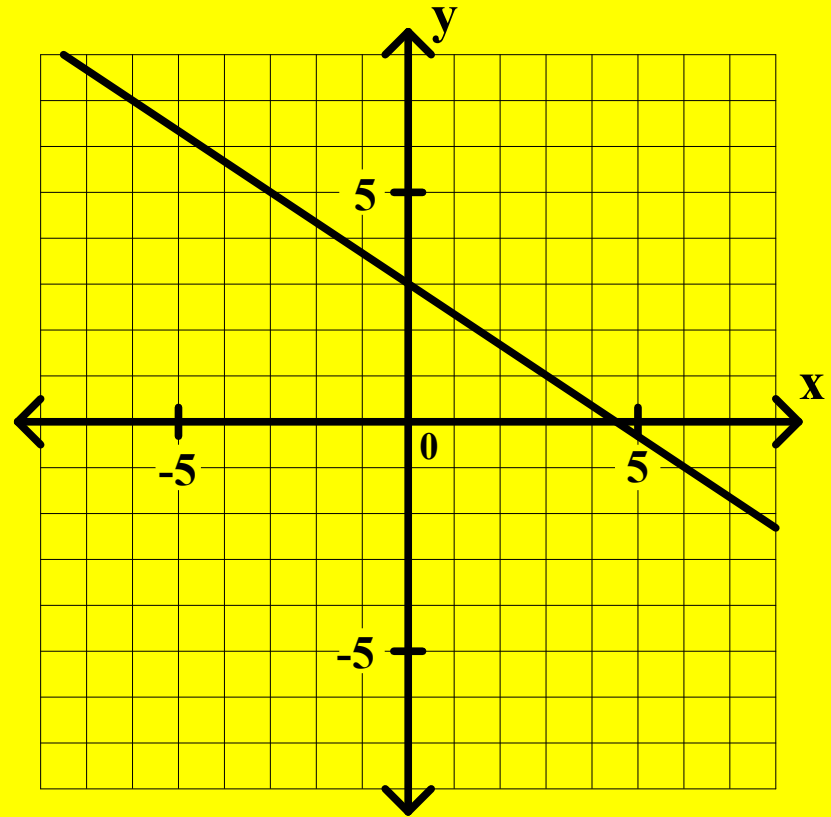
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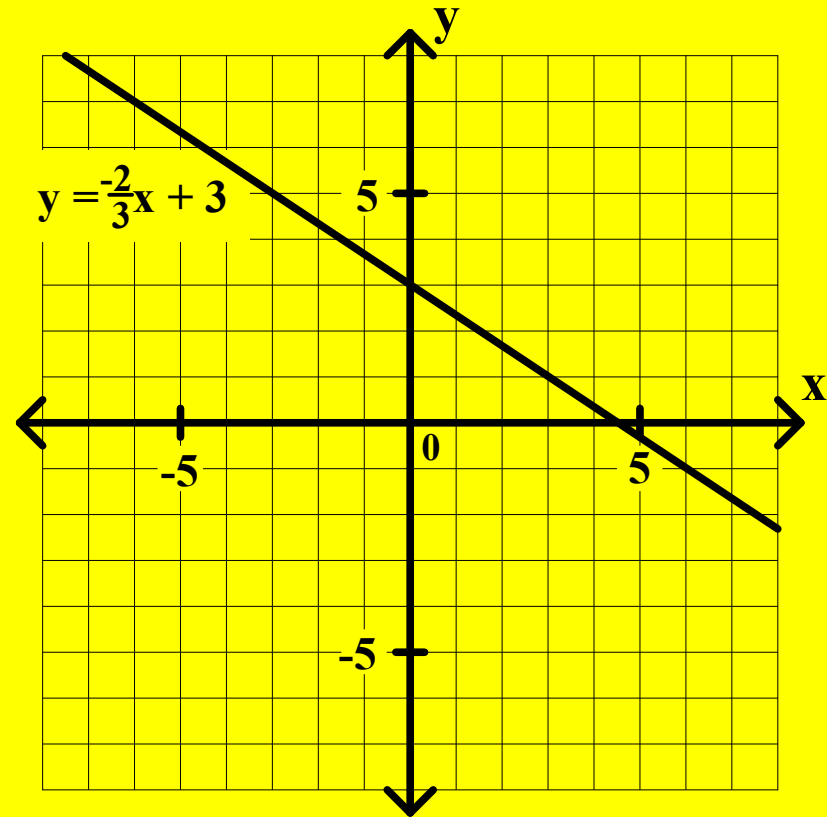
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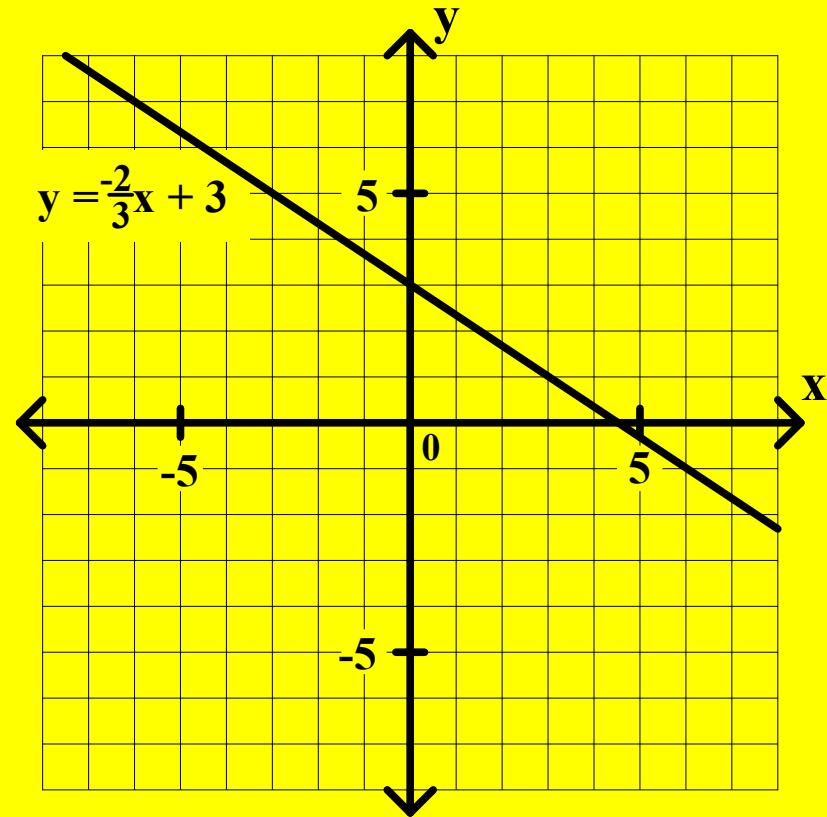
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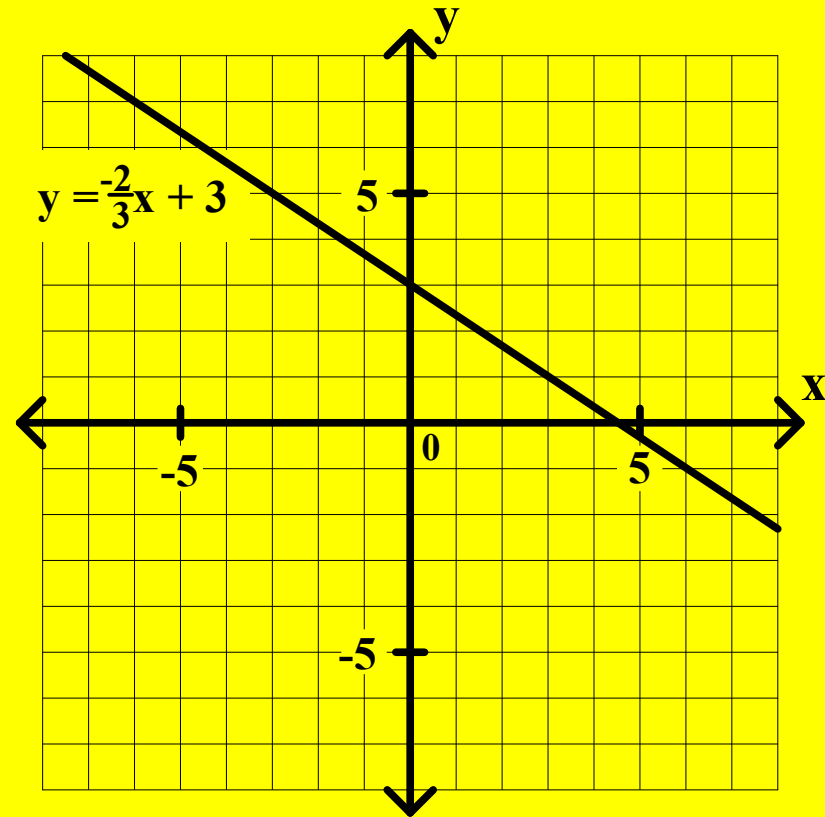
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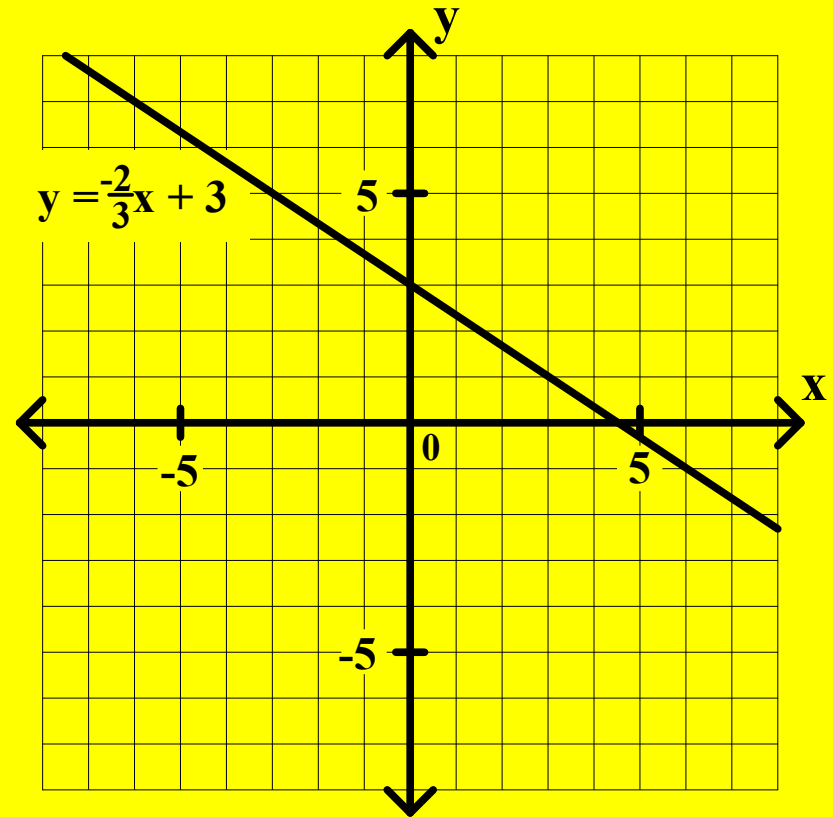
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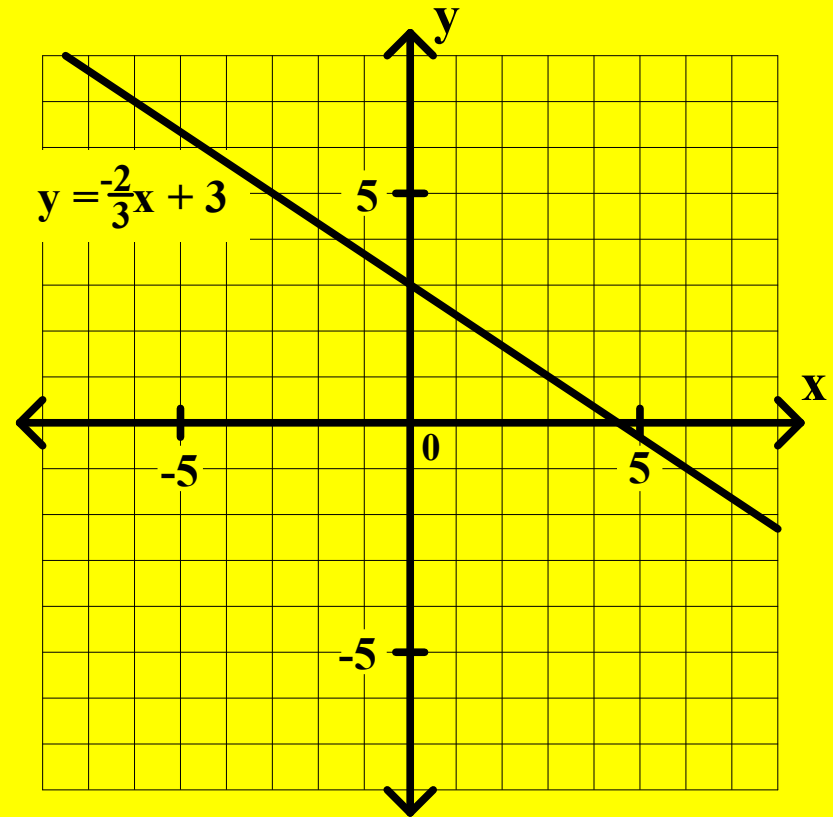
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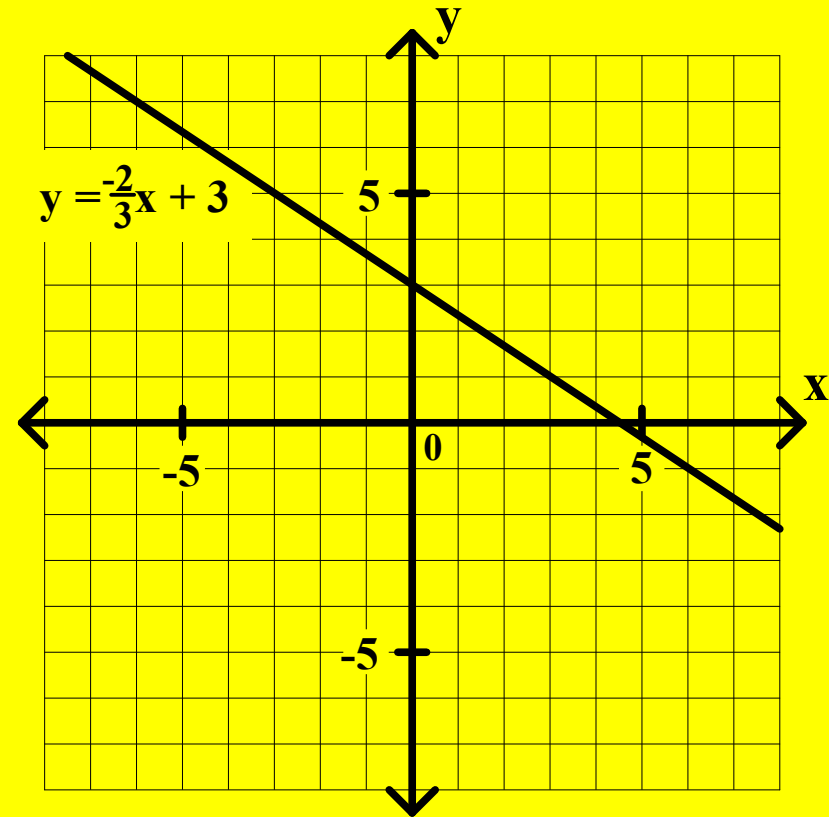
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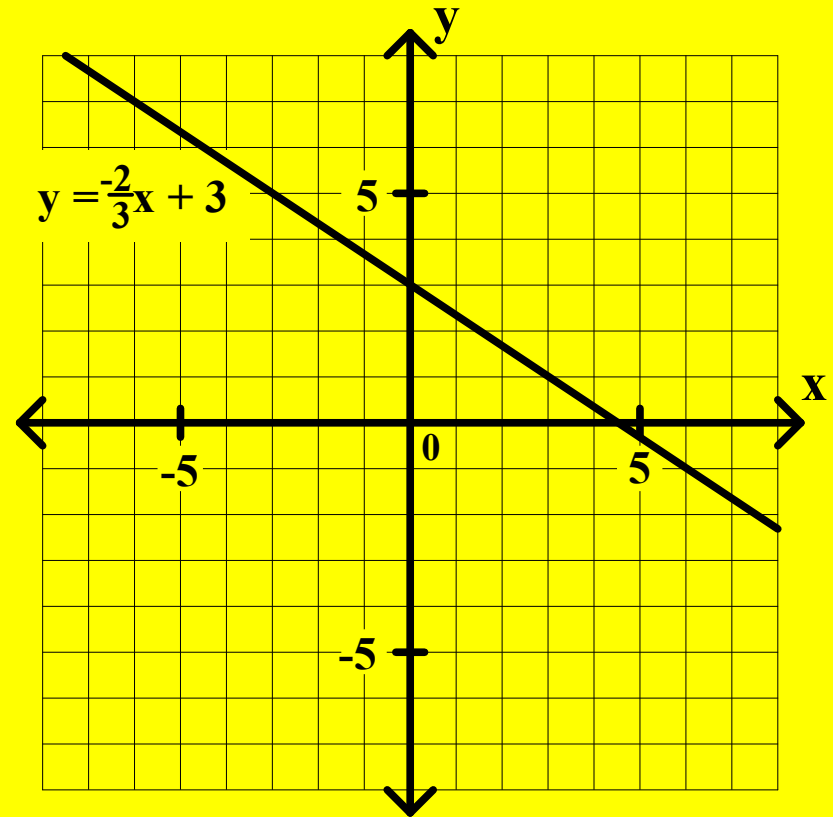
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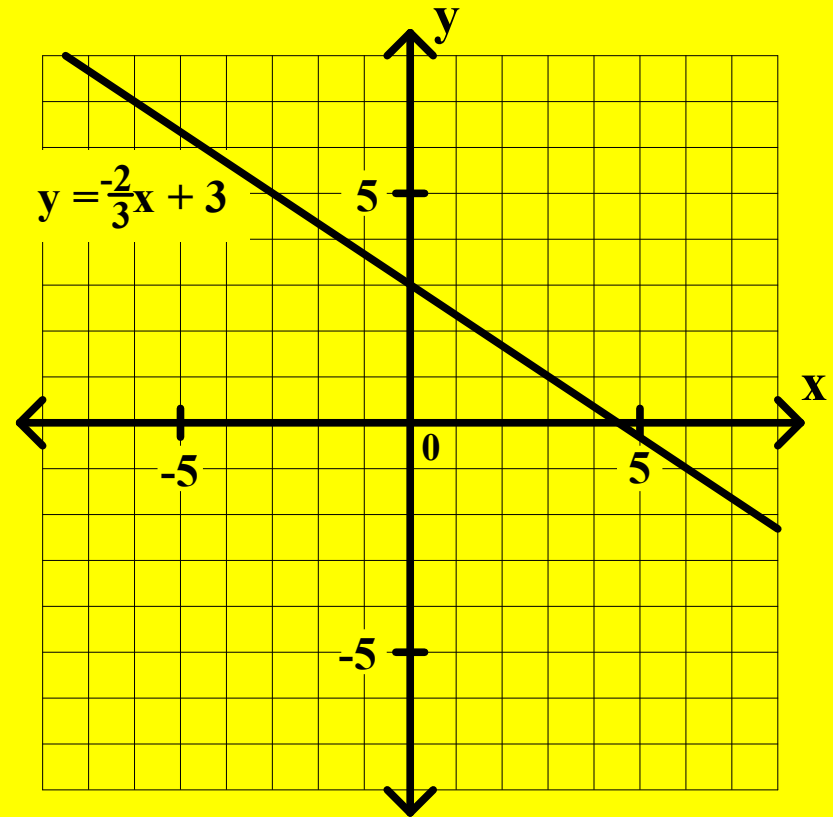
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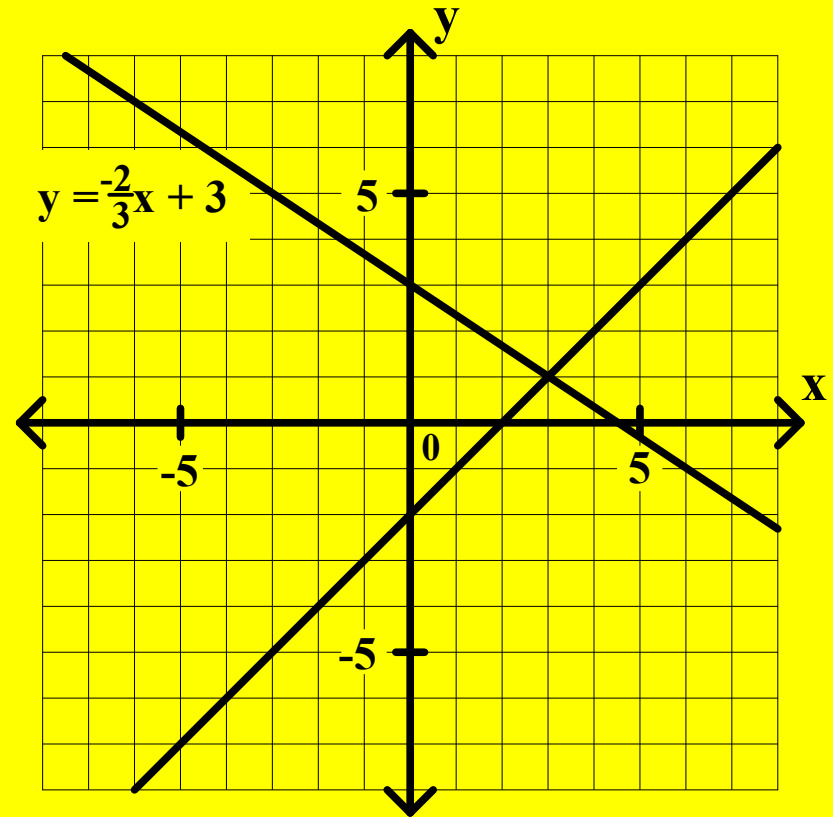
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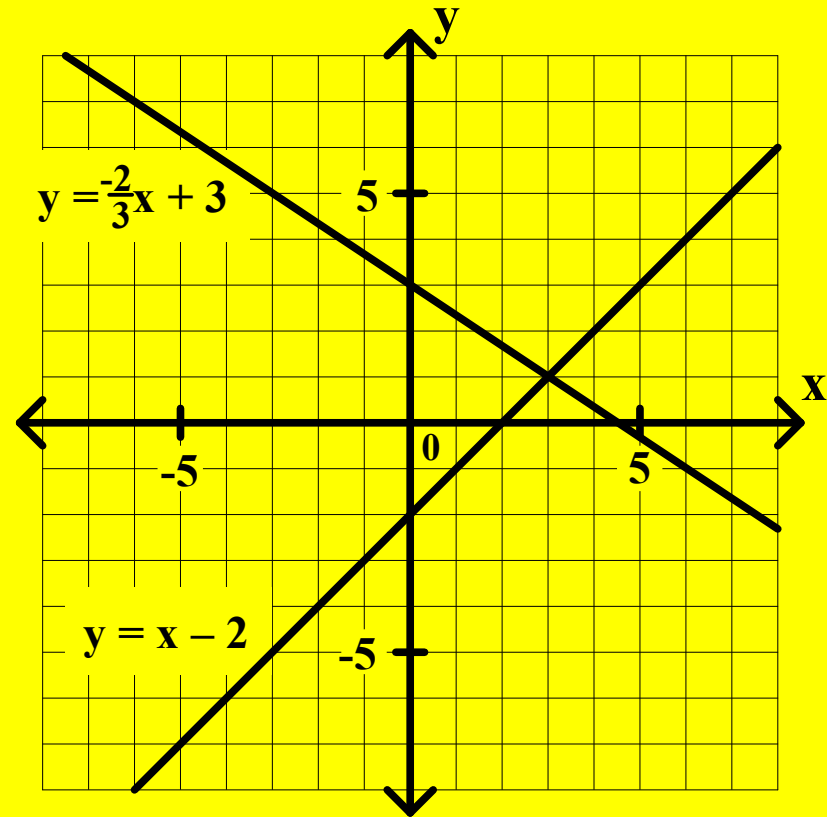
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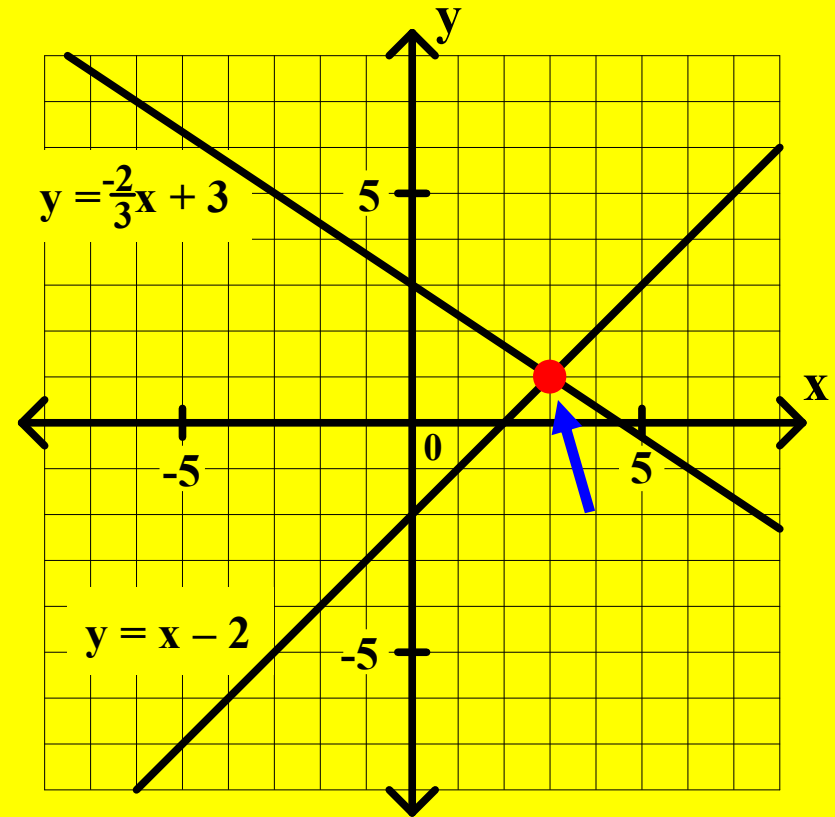
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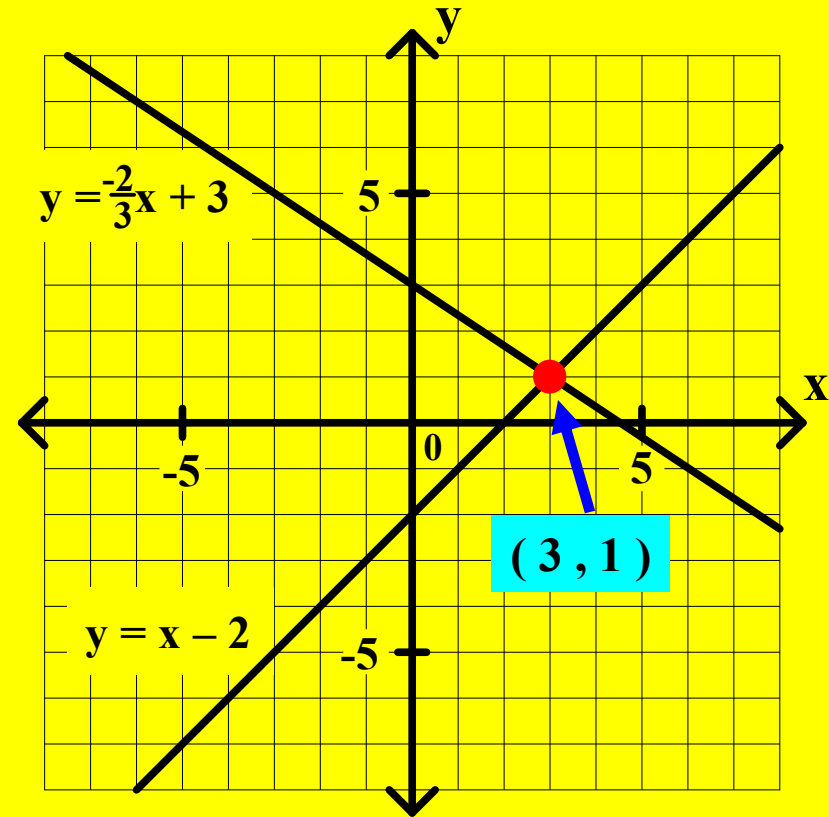
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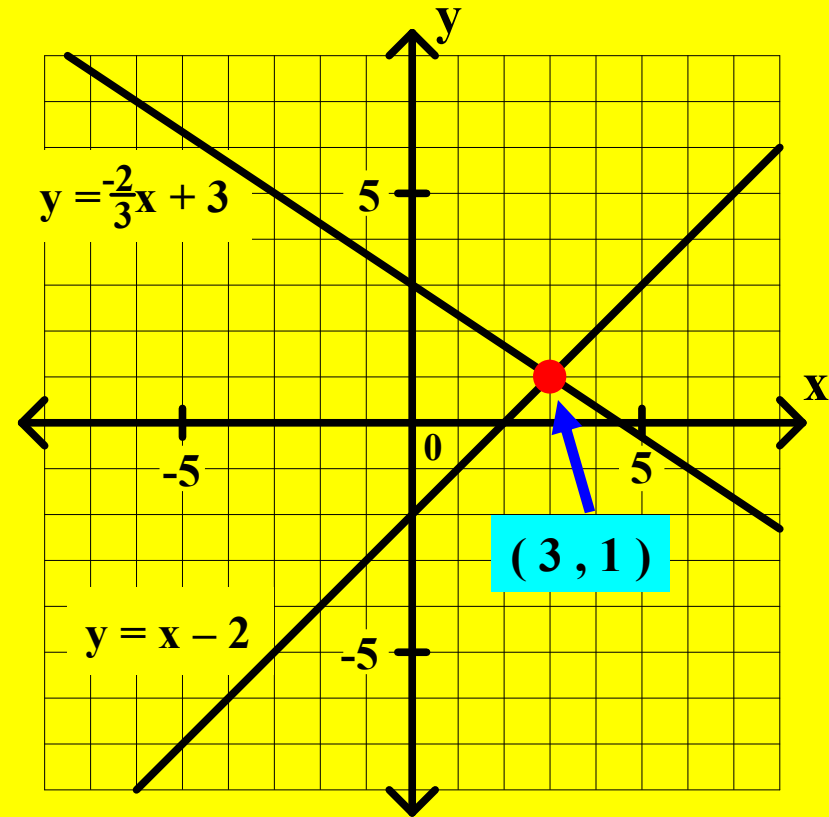
$$1. \quad 2x + 3y = 9 \quad x = \underline{\quad 3 \quad}$$

$$x - y = 2 \quad y = \underline{\quad 1 \quad}$$

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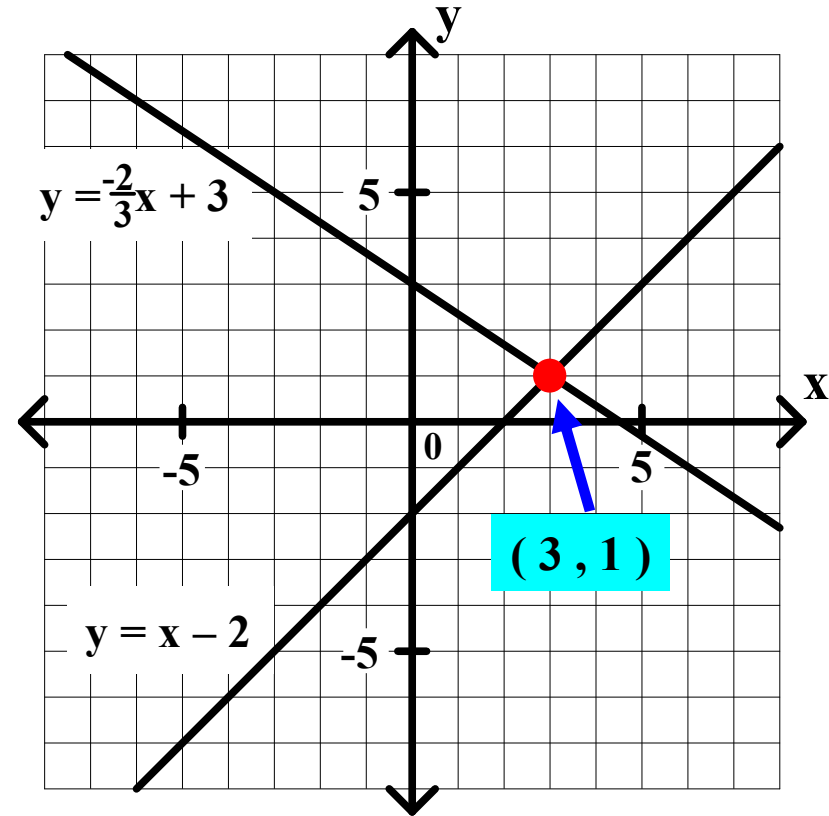
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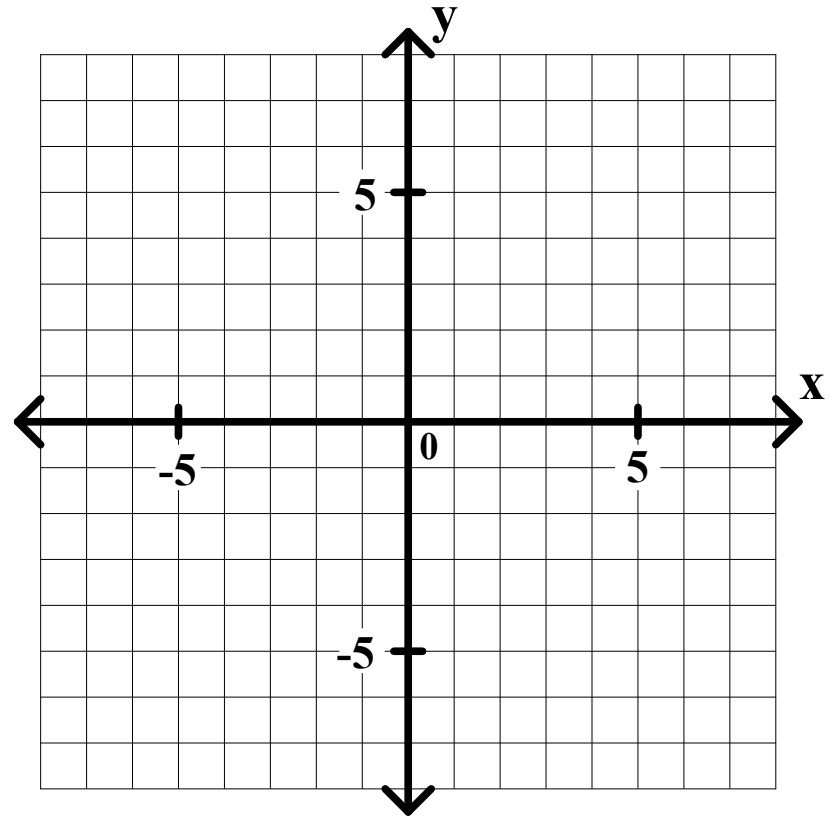


Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the graphing method.

2. $x - 2y = -8$ $x =$ _____

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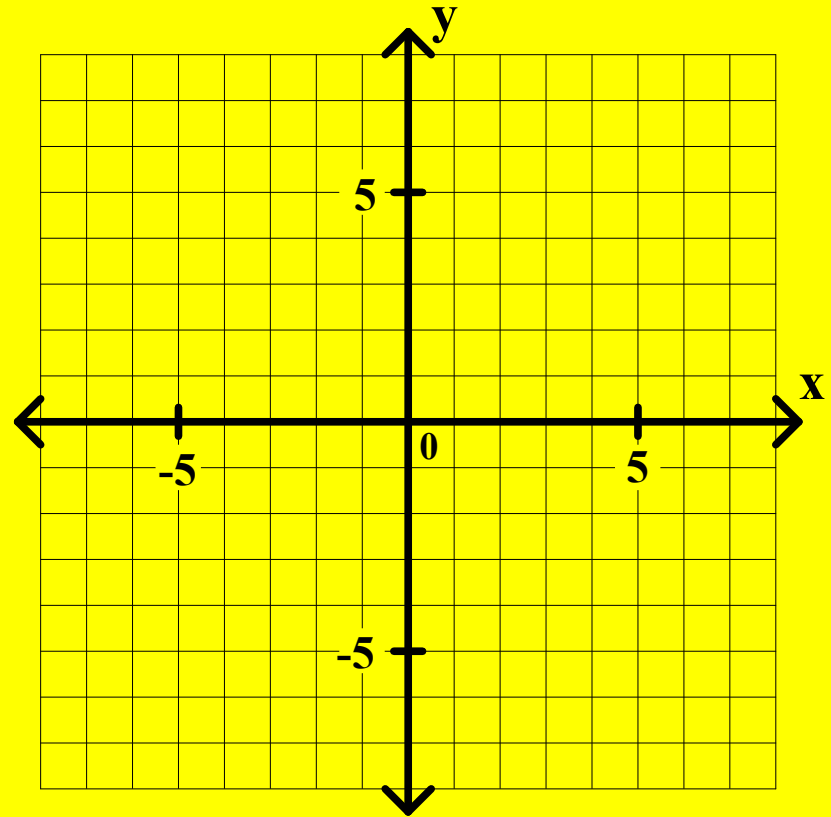


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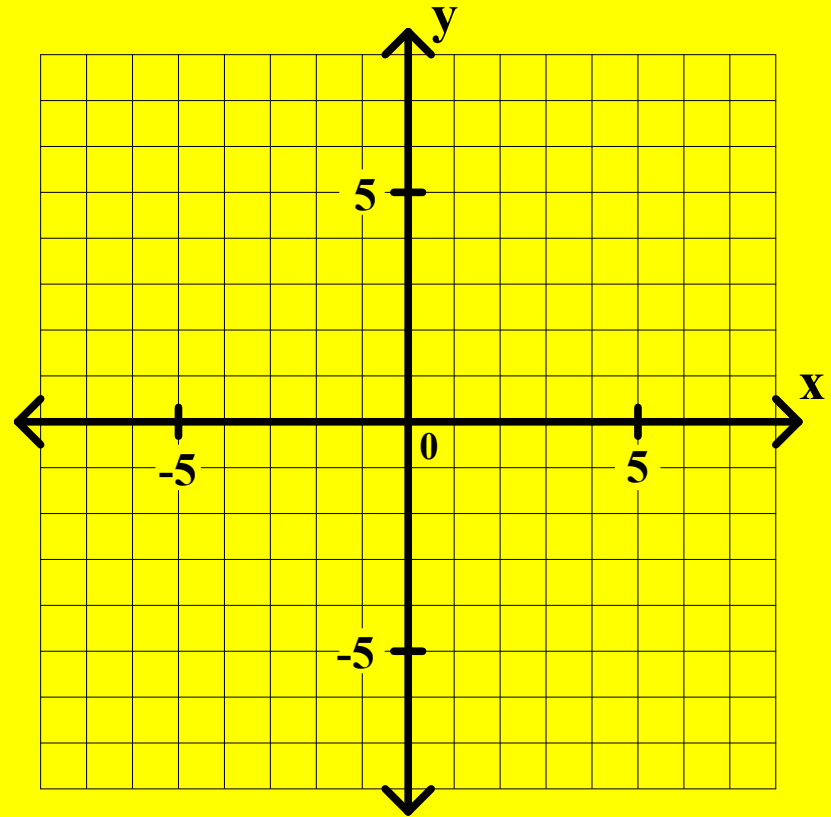
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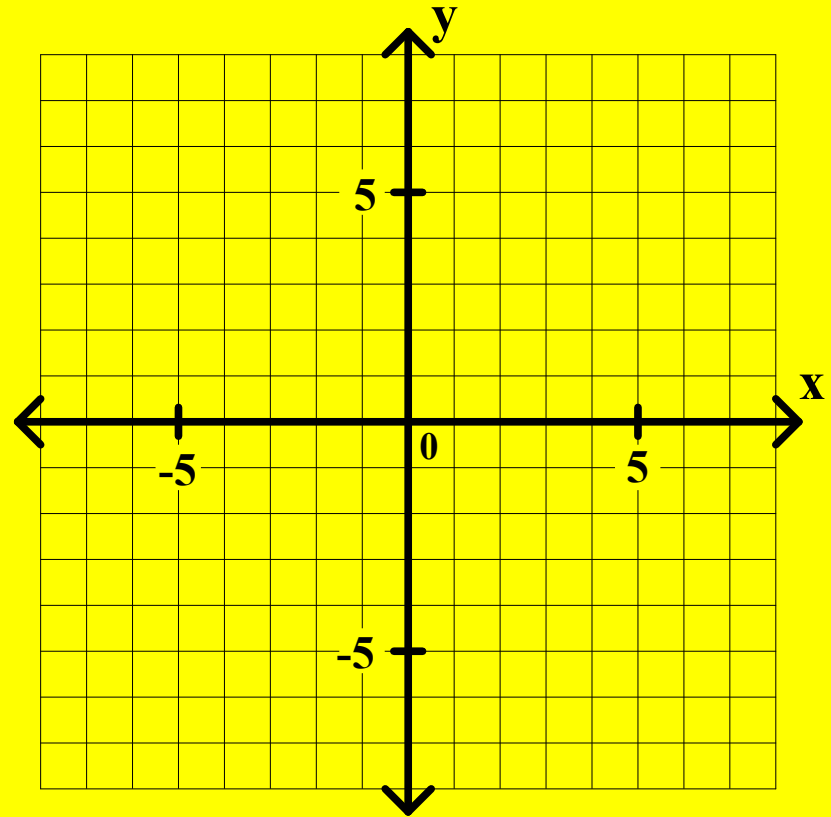
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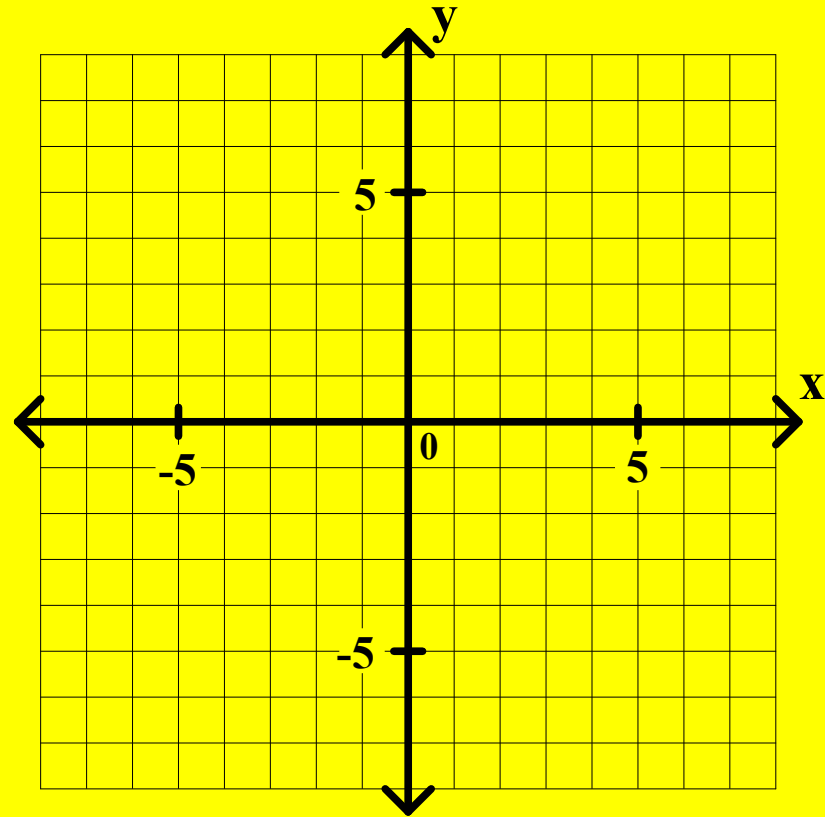
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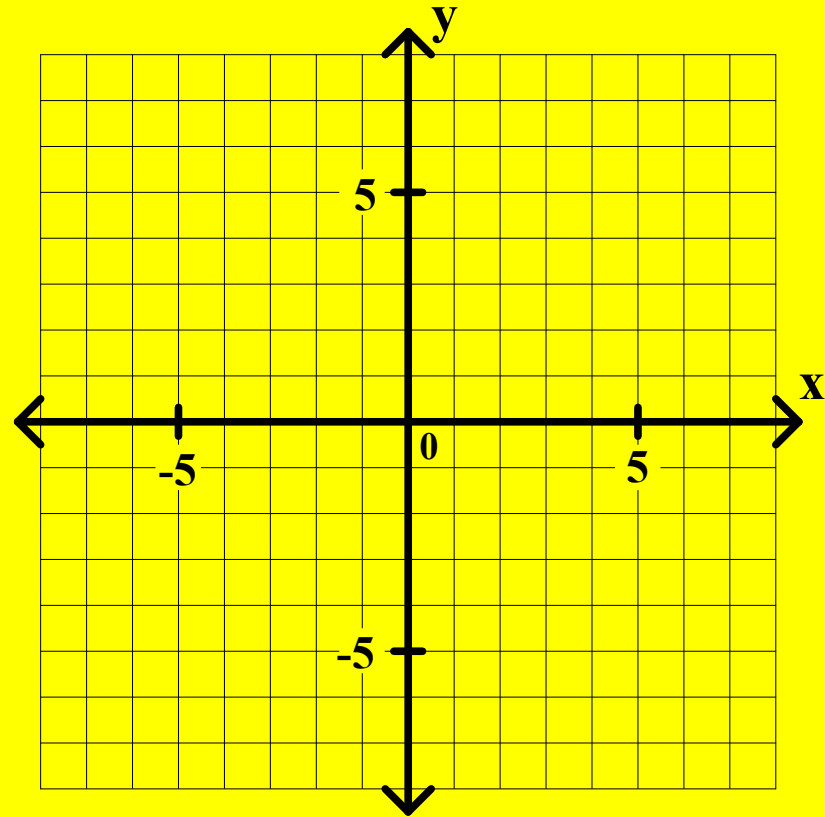
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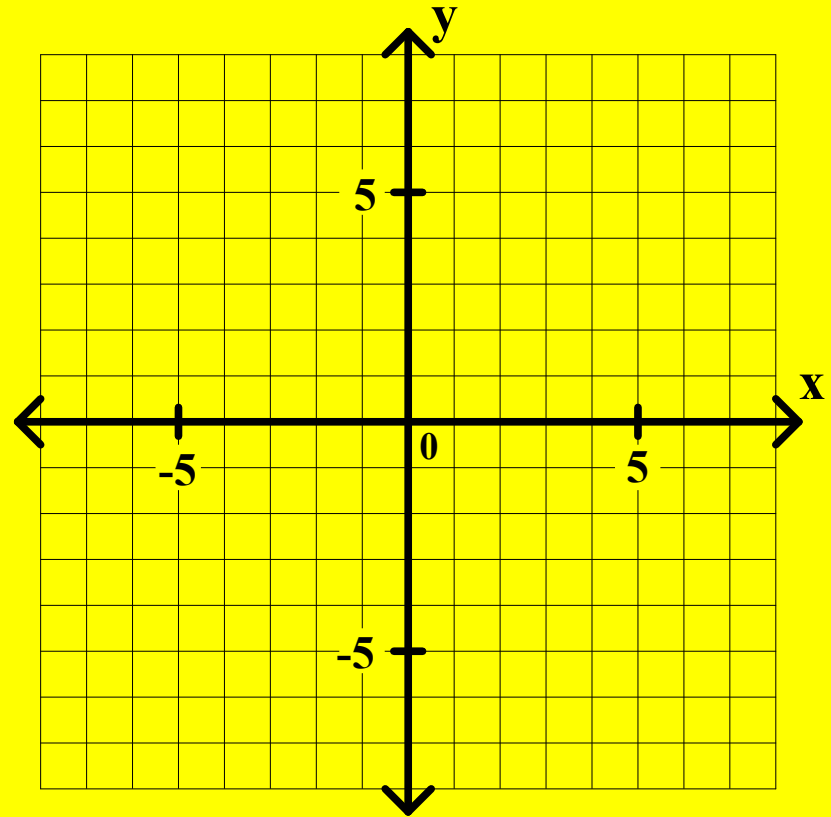
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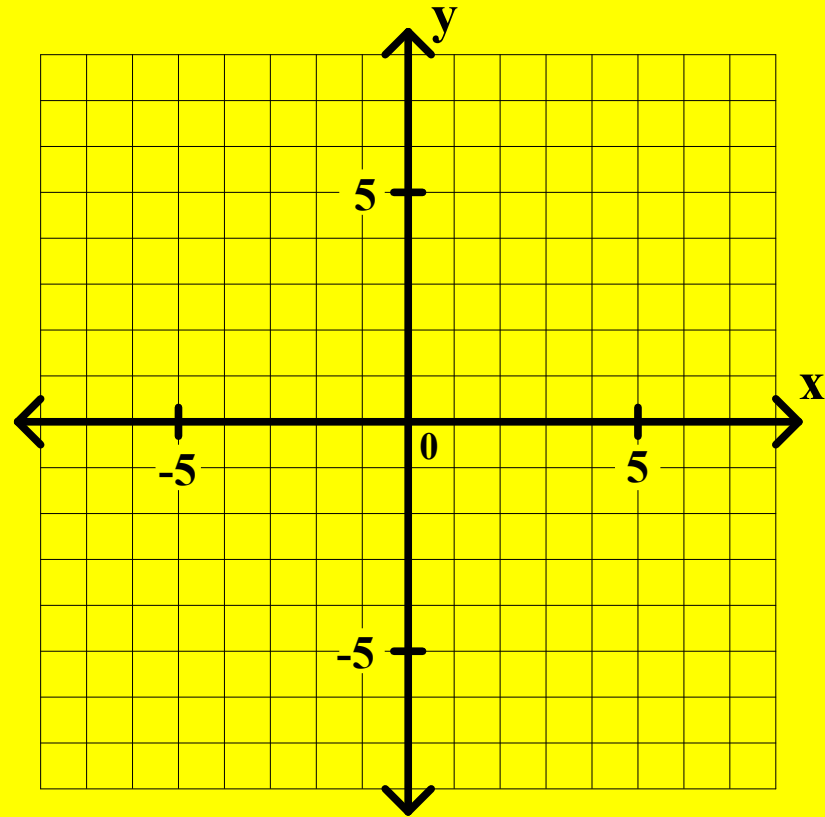
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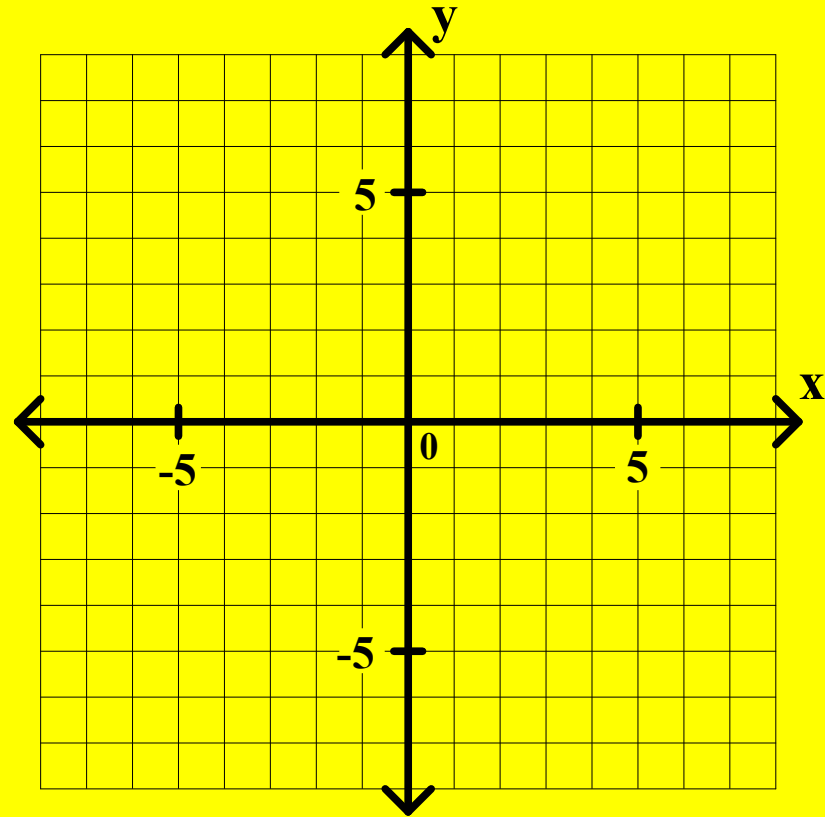
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Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the graphing method.

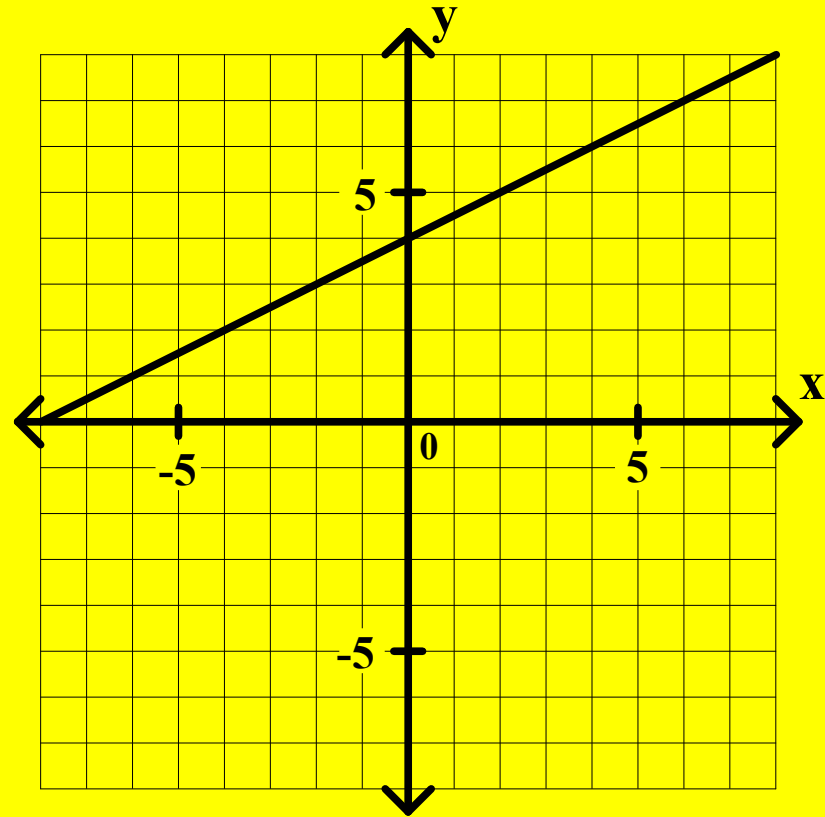
2. $x - 2y = -8$ $x =$ _____

$x + y = -2$ $y =$ _____

$$x - 2y = -8$$

$$-2y = -x - 8$$

$$y = \frac{1}{2}x + 4$$



Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the graphing method.

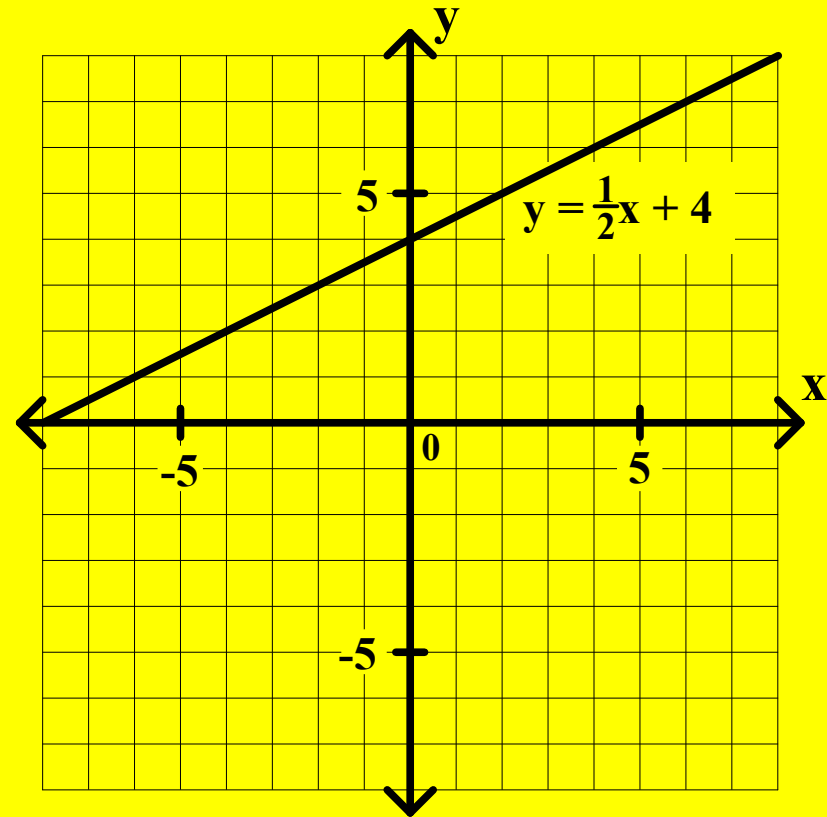
$$2. \quad x - 2y = -8 \quad x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$x + y = -2 \quad y = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$x - 2y = -8$$

$$-2y = -x - 8$$

$$y = \frac{1}{2}x + 4$$



Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the graphing method.

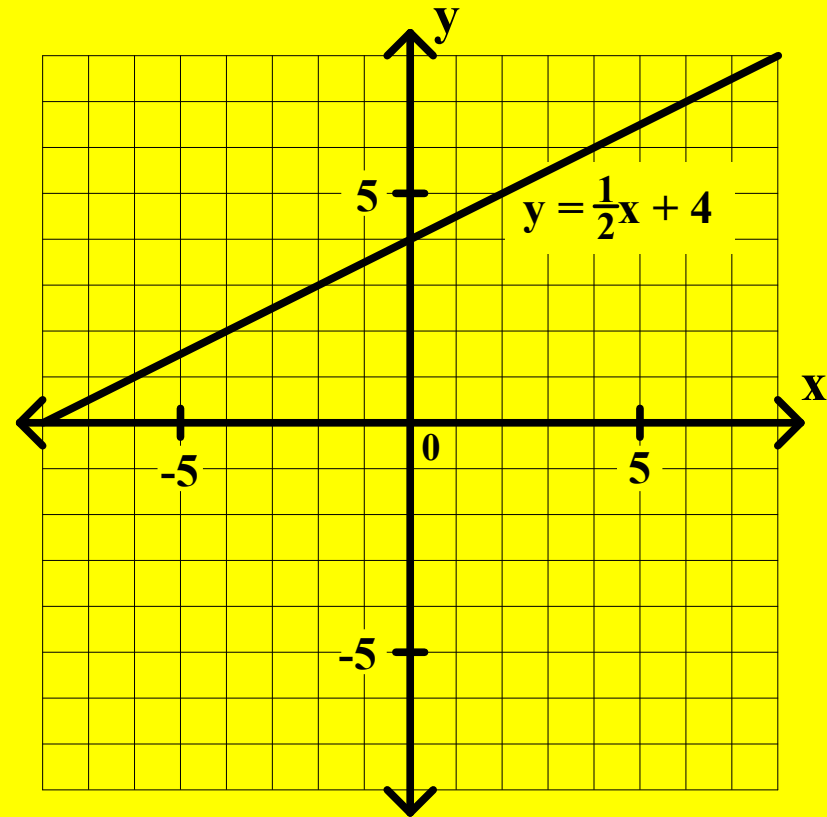
$$2. \quad x - 2y = -8 \quad x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$x + y = -2 \quad y = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$x - 2y = -8 \quad x + y = -2$$

$$-2y = -x - 8$$

$$y = \frac{1}{2}x + 4$$



Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the graphing method.

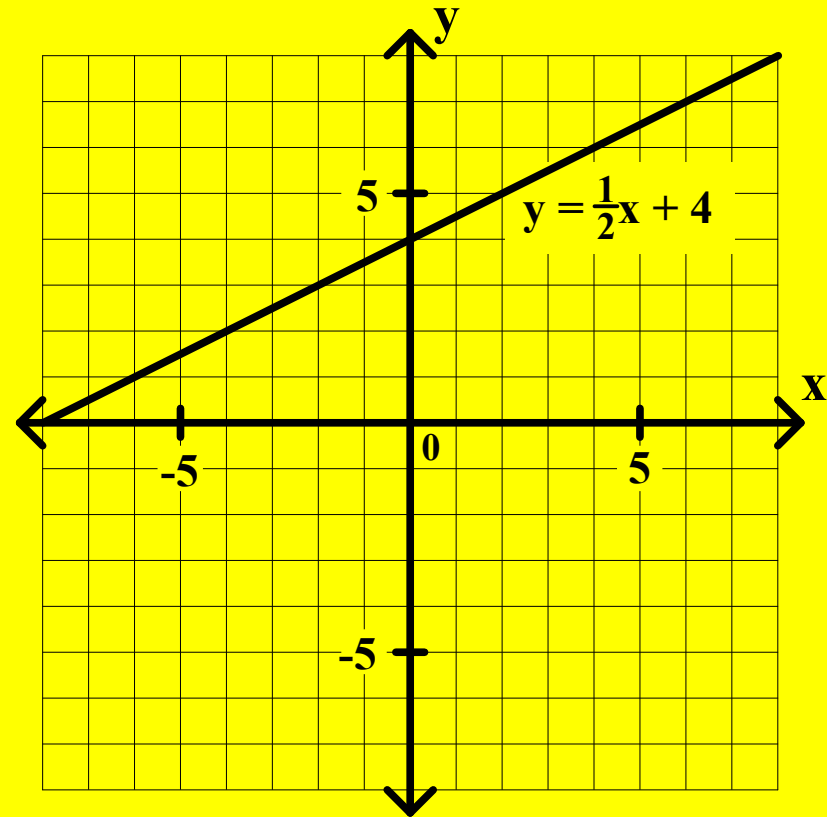
$$2. \quad x - 2y = -8 \quad x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$x + y = -2 \quad y = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$x - 2y = -8 \quad x + y = -2$$

$$-2y = -x - 8 \quad y =$$

$$y = \frac{1}{2}x + 4$$



Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

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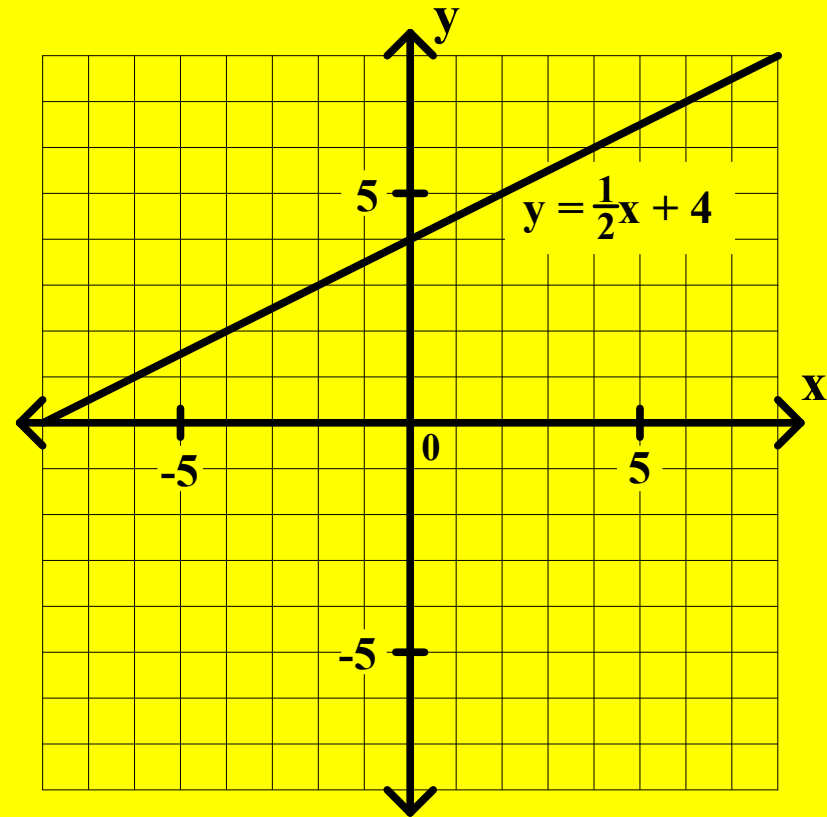
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$$x + y = -2 \quad y = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$x - 2y = -8 \quad x + y = -2$$

$$-2y = -x - 8 \quad y = -x$$

$$y = \frac{1}{2}x + 4$$



Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

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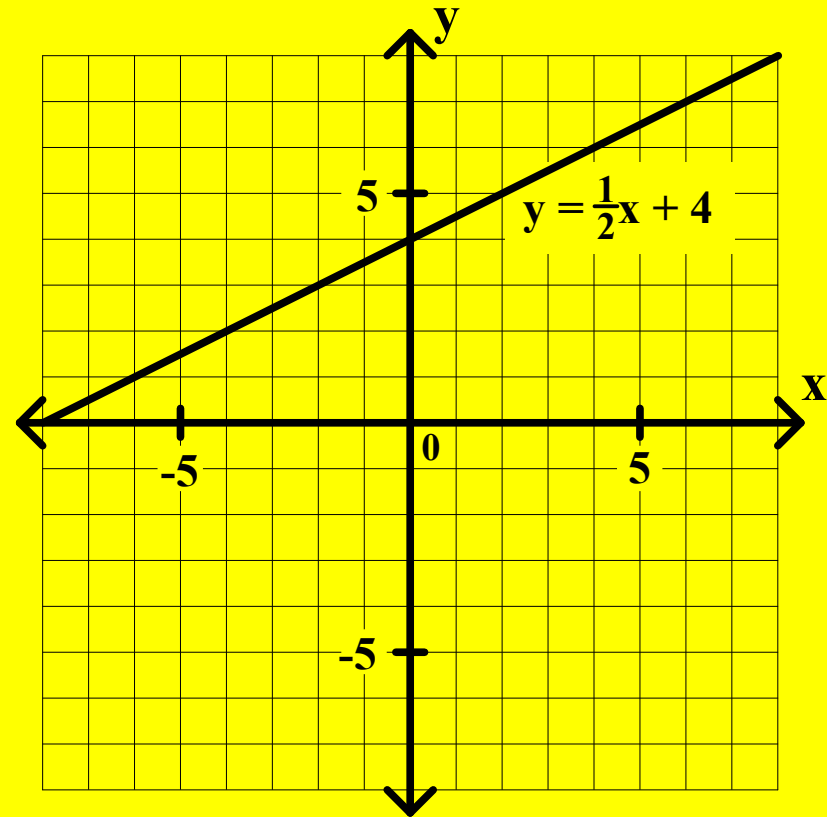
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$$x + y = -2 \quad y = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$x - 2y = -8 \quad x + y = -2$$

$$-2y = -x - 8 \quad y = -x - 2$$

$$y = \frac{1}{2}x + 4$$



Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the graphing method.

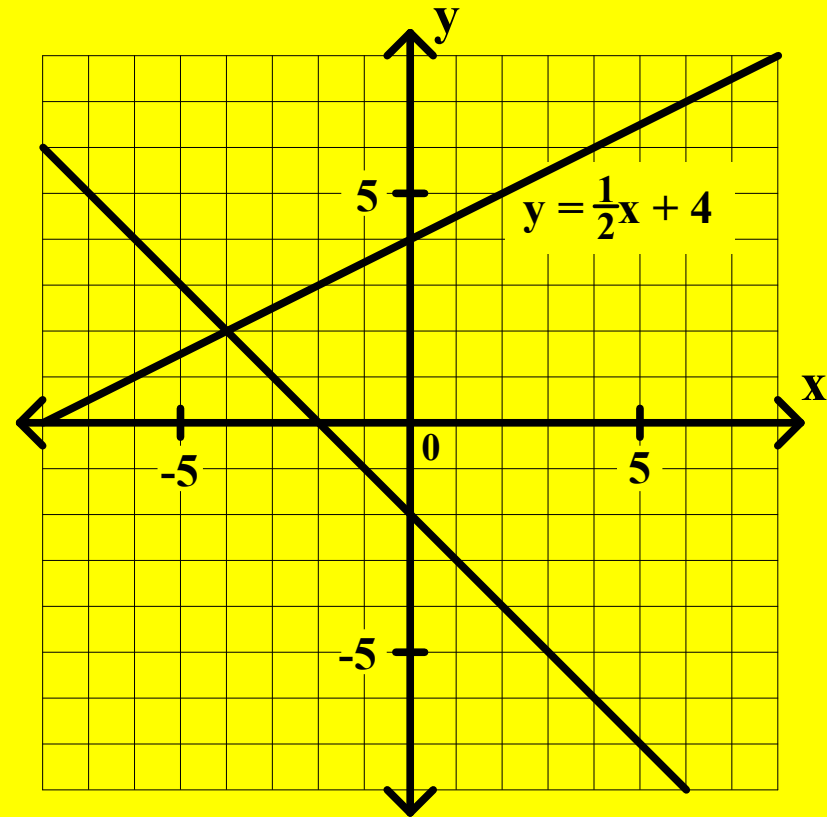
$$2. \quad x - 2y = -8 \quad x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$x + y = -2 \quad y = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$x - 2y = -8 \quad x + y = -2$$

$$-2y = -x - 8 \quad y = -x - 2$$

$$y = \frac{1}{2}x + 4$$



Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

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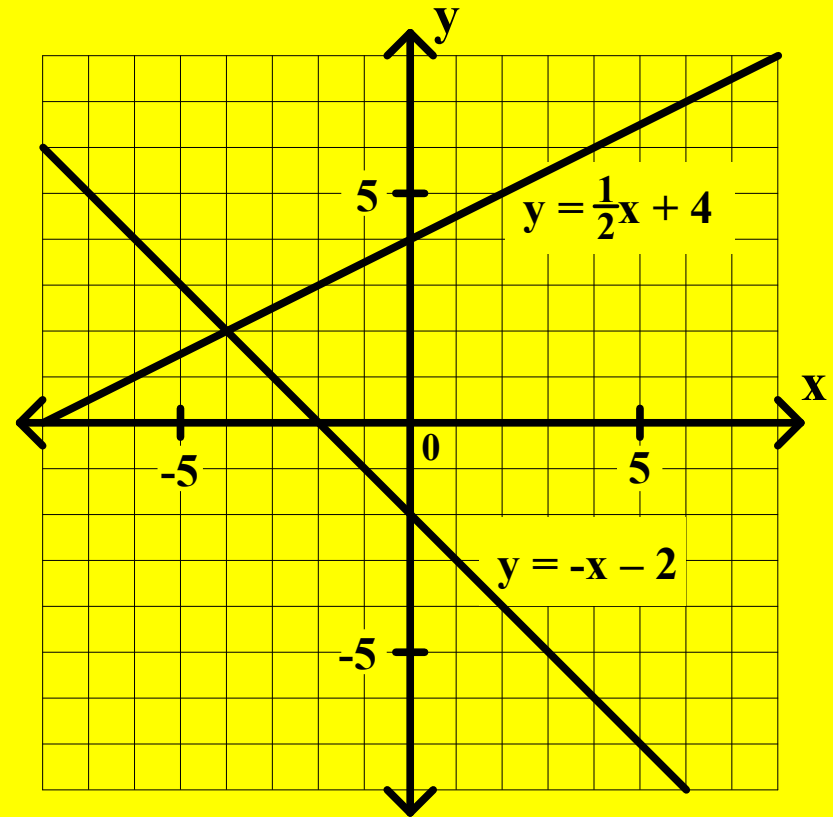
$$2. \quad x - 2y = -8 \quad x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$x + y = -2 \quad y = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$x - 2y = -8 \quad x + y = -2$$

$$-2y = -x - 8 \quad y = -x - 2$$

$$y = \frac{1}{2}x + 4$$



Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the graphing method.

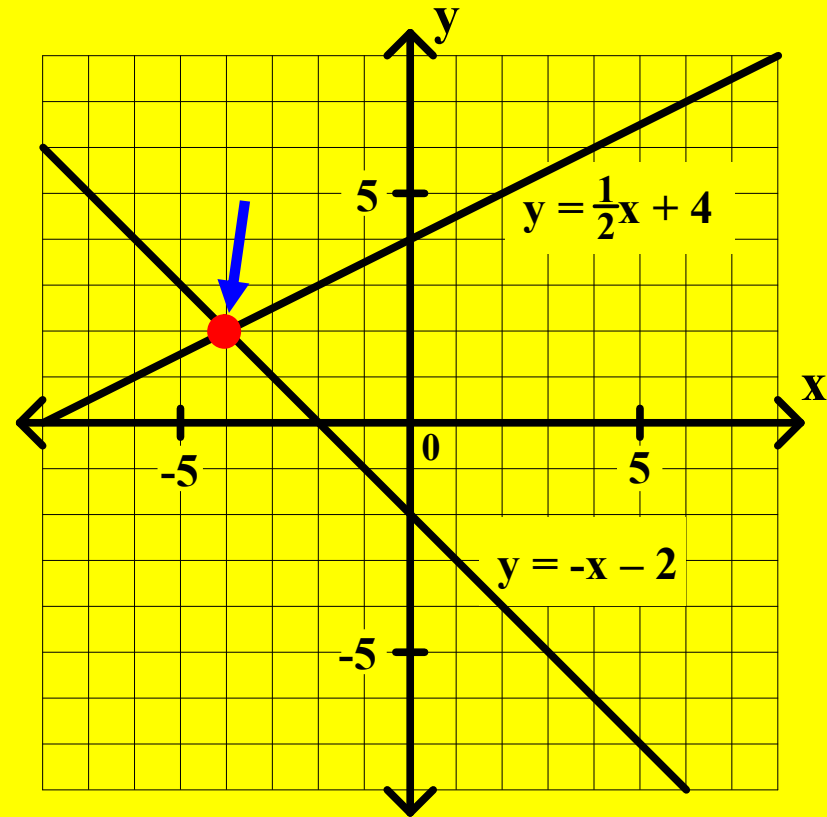
$$2. \quad x - 2y = -8 \quad x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$x + y = -2 \quad y = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$x - 2y = -8 \quad x + y = -2$$

$$-2y = -x - 8 \quad y = -x - 2$$

$$y = \frac{1}{2}x + 4$$



Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the graphing method.

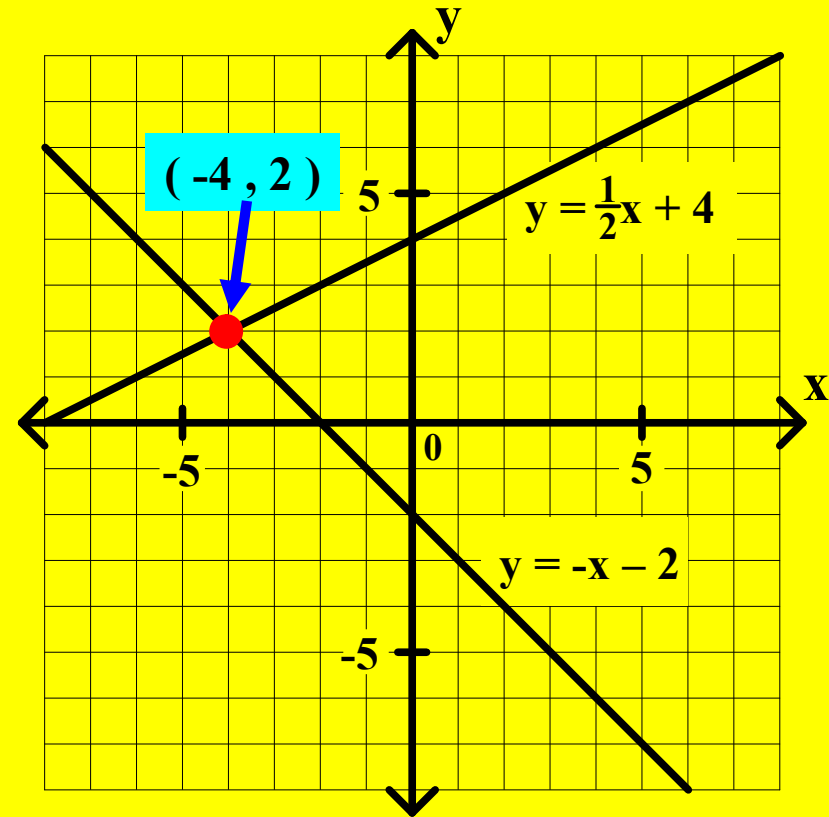
$$2. \quad x - 2y = -8 \quad x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$x + y = -2 \quad y = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$x - 2y = -8 \quad x + y = -2$$

$$-2y = -x - 8 \quad y = -x - 2$$

$$y = \frac{1}{2}x + 4$$



Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the graphing method.

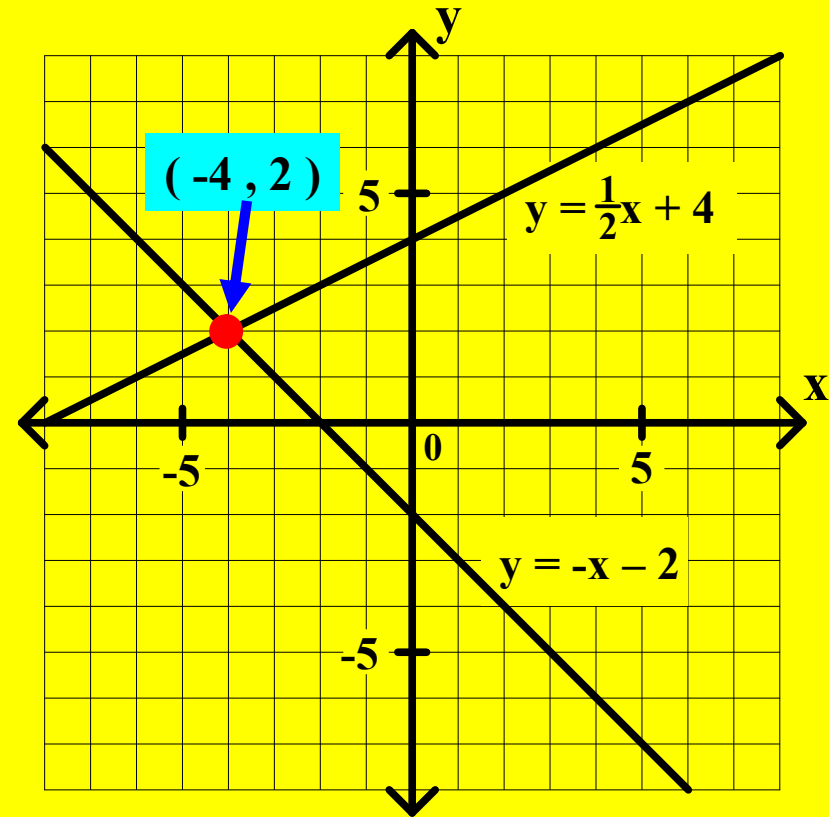
$$2. \quad x - 2y = -8 \quad x = \underline{-4}$$

$$x + y = -2 \quad y = \underline{2}$$

$$x - 2y = -8 \quad x + y = -2$$

$$-2y = -x - 8 \quad y = -x - 2$$

$$y = \frac{1}{2}x + 4$$



Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

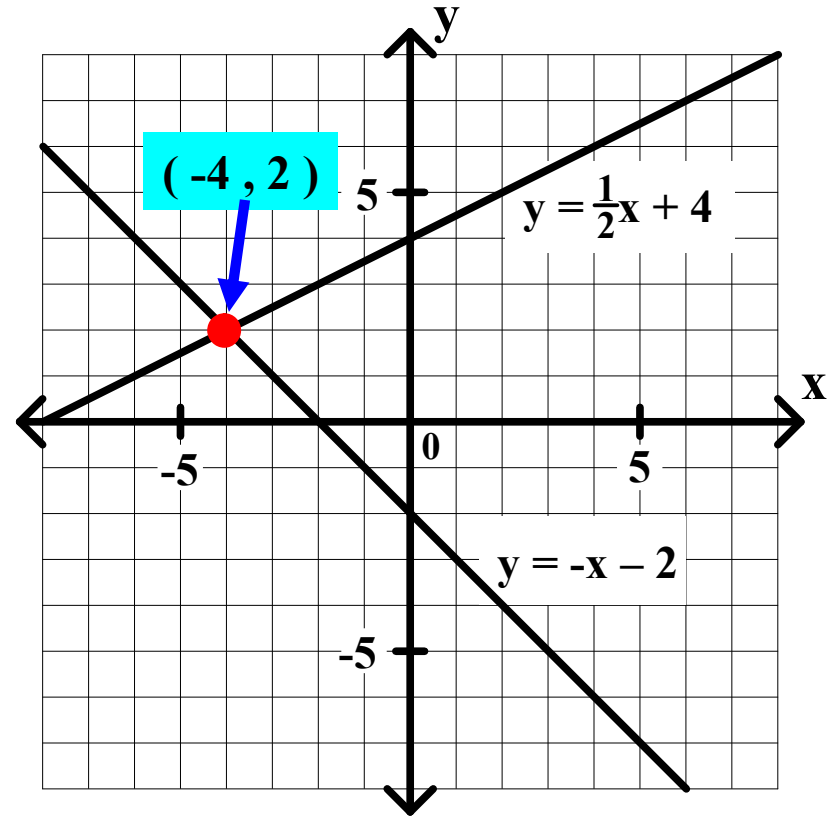
Solve the following systems of equations using the graphing method.

$$\begin{array}{l} 2. \quad x - 2y = -8 \quad x = \underline{-4} \\ \quad \quad x + y = -2 \quad y = \underline{2} \end{array}$$

$$x - 2y = -8 \quad x + y = -2$$

$$-2y = -x - 8 \quad y = -x - 2$$

$$y = \frac{1}{2}x + 4$$



Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the substitution method.

3. $2x + 3y = 1$ $x =$ _____

$y = 3x - 7$ $y =$ _____

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the substitution method.

3. $2x + 3y = 1$ $x =$ _____

$y = 3x - 7$ $y =$ _____

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the substitution method.

3. $2x + 3y = 1$ $x =$ _____

$y = 3x - 7$ $y =$ _____

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the substitution method.

3. $2x + 3y = 1$ $x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
 $y = 3x - 7$ $y = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

Notice that the second equation gives y in terms of x .

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the substitution method.

3. $2x + 3y = 1$ $x =$ _____

$y = 3x - 7$ $y =$ _____

Notice that the second equation gives y in terms of x .

Substitute this expression in for y in the first equation.

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

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3. $2x + 3y = 1$ $x =$ _____

$y = 3x - 7$ $y =$ _____

Notice that the second equation gives y in terms of x .
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Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the substitution method.

3. $2x + 3y = 1$ $x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$y = 3x - 7$ $y = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$2x$

Notice that the second equation gives y in terms of x .
Substitute this expression in for y in the first equation.

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the substitution method.

3. $2x + 3y = 1$ $x =$ _____

$y = 3x - 7$ $y =$ _____

$2x + 3($

Notice that the second equation gives y in terms of x .
Substitute this expression in for y in the first equation.

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the substitution method.

3. $2x + 3y = 1$ $x =$ _____

$y = 3x - 7$ $y =$ _____

$2x + 3(3x - 7)$

Notice that the second equation gives y in terms of x .
Substitute this expression in for y in the first equation.

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the substitution method.

3. $2x + 3y = 1$ $x =$ _____

$y = 3x - 7$ $y =$ _____

$$2x + 3(3x - 7) = 1$$

Notice that the second equation gives y in terms of x .
Substitute this expression in for y in the first equation.

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the substitution method.

3. $2x + 3y = 1$ $x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$y = 3x - 7$ $y = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$$2x + 3(3x - 7) = 1$$

Notice that the second equation gives y in terms of x .

Substitute this expression in for y in the first equation.

Now solve for x .

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the substitution method.

3. $2x + 3y = 1$ $x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$y = 3x - 7$ $y = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$$2x + 3(3x - 7) = 1$$

$$2x$$

Notice that the second equation gives y in terms of x .

Substitute this expression in for y in the first equation.

Now solve for x .

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the substitution method.

3. $2x + 3y = 1$ $x =$ _____

$y = 3x - 7$ $y =$ _____

$$2x + 3(3x - 7) = 1$$

$$2x + 9x$$

Notice that the second equation gives y in terms of x .

Substitute this expression in for y in the first equation.

Now solve for x .

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the substitution method.

3. $2x + 3y = 1$ $x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$y = 3x - 7$ $y = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$$2x + 3(3x - 7) = 1$$

$$2x + 9x - 21$$

Notice that the second equation gives y in terms of x .

Substitute this expression in for y in the first equation.

Now solve for x .

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the substitution method.

3. $2x + 3y = 1$ $x =$ _____

$y = 3x - 7$ $y =$ _____

$$2x + 3(3x - 7) = 1$$

$$2x + 9x - 21 = 1$$

Notice that the second equation gives y in terms of x .

Substitute this expression in for y in the first equation.

Now solve for x .

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the substitution method.

3. $2x + 3y = 1$ $x =$ _____

$y = 3x - 7$ $y =$ _____

$$2x + 3(3x - 7) = 1$$

$$2x + 9x - 21 = 1$$

$$11x$$

Notice that the second equation gives y in terms of x .

Substitute this expression in for y in the first equation.

Now solve for x .

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the substitution method.

3. $2x + 3y = 1$ $x =$ _____

$y = 3x - 7$ $y =$ _____

$$2x + 3(3x - 7) = 1$$

$$2x + 9x - 21 = 1$$

$$11x - 21$$

Notice that the second equation gives y in terms of x .

Substitute this expression in for y in the first equation.

Now solve for x .

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the substitution method.

3. $2x + 3y = 1$ $x =$ _____

$y = 3x - 7$ $y =$ _____

$$2x + 3(3x - 7) = 1$$

$$2x + 9x - 21 = 1$$

$$11x - 21 = 1$$

Notice that the second equation gives y in terms of x .

Substitute this expression in for y in the first equation.

Now solve for x .

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the substitution method.

3. $2x + 3y = 1$ $x =$ _____

$y = 3x - 7$ $y =$ _____

$$2x + 3(3x - 7) = 1$$

$$2x + 9x - 21 = 1$$

$$11x - 21 = 1$$

$$11x =$$

Notice that the second equation gives y in terms of x .

Substitute this expression in for y in the first equation.

Now solve for x .

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the substitution method.

3. $2x + 3y = 1$ $x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$y = 3x - 7$ $y = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$$2x + 3(3x - 7) = 1$$

$$2x + 9x - 21 = 1$$

$$11x - 21 = 1$$

$$11x = 22$$

Notice that the second equation gives y in terms of x .

Substitute this expression in for y in the first equation.

Now solve for x .

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the substitution method.

3. $2x + 3y = 1$ $x =$ _____

$y = 3x - 7$ $y =$ _____

$$2x + 3(3x - 7) = 1$$

$$2x + 9x - 21 = 1$$

$$11x - 21 = 1$$

$$11x = 22$$

$$x =$$

Notice that the second equation gives y in terms of x .

Substitute this expression in for y in the first equation.

Now solve for x .

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the substitution method.

3. $2x + 3y = 1$ $x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$y = 3x - 7$ $y = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$$2x + 3(3x - 7) = 1$$

$$2x + 9x - 21 = 1$$

$$11x - 21 = 1$$

$$11x = 22$$

$$x = 2$$

Notice that the second equation gives y in terms of x .

Substitute this expression in for y in the first equation.

Now solve for x .

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the substitution method.

$$3. \quad 2x + 3y = 1 \quad x = \underline{2}$$

$$y = \underline{3x - 7} \quad y = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$2x + 3(3x - 7) = 1$$

$$2x + 9x - 21 = 1$$

$$11x - 21 = 1$$

$$11x = 22$$

$$x = 2$$

Notice that the second equation gives y in terms of x .

Substitute this expression in for y in the first equation.

Now solve for x .

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the substitution method.

$$3. \quad 2x + 3y = 1 \quad x = \underline{2}$$

$$y = \underline{3x - 7} \quad y = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$2x + 3(3x - 7) = 1$$

$$2x + 9x - 21 = 1$$

$$11x - 21 = 1$$

$$11x = 22$$

$$x = 2$$

Notice that the second equation gives y in terms of x .

Substitute this expression in for y in the first equation.

Now solve for x .

Now, substitute again to find y .

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the substitution method.

$$3. \quad 2x + 3y = 1 \quad x = \underline{2}$$

$$y = \underline{3x - 7} \quad y = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$2x + 3(3x - 7) = 1$$

$$2x + 9x - 21 = 1$$

$$11x - 21 = 1 \quad y = 3x - 7$$

$$11x = 22$$

$$x = 2$$

Notice that the second equation gives y in terms of x .

Substitute this expression in for y in the first equation.

Now solve for x .

Now, substitute again to find y .

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the substitution method.

$$3. \quad 2x + 3y = 1 \quad x = \underline{2}$$

$$y = \underline{3x - 7} \quad y = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$2x + 3(3x - 7) = 1$$

$$2x + 9x - 21 = 1$$

$$11x - 21 = 1$$

$$11x = 22$$

$$x = 2$$

$$y = 3x - 7$$

Notice that the second equation gives y in terms of x .

Substitute this expression in for y in the first equation.

Now solve for x .

Now, substitute again to find y .

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the substitution method.

3. $2x + 3y = 1$ $x = \underline{2}$

$y = 3x - 7$ $y = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$$2x + 3(3x - 7) = 1$$

$$2x + 9x - 21 = 1$$

$$11x - 21 = 1$$

$$11x = 22$$

$$x = 2$$

$$y = 3x - 7$$

$$y =$$

Notice that the second equation gives y in terms of x .

Substitute this expression in for y in the first equation.

Now solve for x .

Now, substitute again to find y .

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the substitution method.

$$3. \quad 2x + 3y = 1 \quad x = \underline{2}$$

$$y = \underline{3x - 7} \quad y = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$2x + 3(3x - 7) = 1$$

$$2x + 9x - 21 = 1$$

$$11x - 21 = 1$$

$$11x = 22$$

$$x = 2$$

$$y = 3x - 7$$

$$y = 6$$

Notice that the second equation gives y in terms of x .

Substitute this expression in for y in the first equation.

Now solve for x .

Now, substitute again to find y .

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the substitution method.

$$3. \quad 2x + 3y = 1 \quad x = \underline{2}$$

$$y = \underline{3x - 7} \quad y = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$2x + 3(3x - 7) = 1$$

$$2x + 9x - 21 = 1$$

$$11x - 21 = 1$$

$$11x = 22$$

$$x = 2$$

$$y = 3x - 7$$

$$y = 6 - 7$$

Notice that the second equation gives y in terms of x .

Substitute this expression in for y in the first equation.

Now solve for x .

Now, substitute again to find y .

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the substitution method.

$$3. \quad 2x + 3y = 1 \quad x = \underline{2}$$

$$y = \underline{3x - 7} \quad y = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$2x + 3(3x - 7) = 1$$

$$2x + 9x - 21 = 1$$

$$11x - 21 = 1$$

$$11x = 22$$

$$x = 2$$

$$y = 3x - 7$$

$$y = 6 - 7$$

$$y =$$

Notice that the second equation gives y in terms of x .

Substitute this expression in for y in the first equation.

Now solve for x .

Now, substitute again to find y .

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the substitution method.

$$3. \quad 2x + 3y = 1 \quad x = \underline{2}$$

$$y = \underline{3x - 7} \quad y = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$2x + 3(3x - 7) = 1$$

$$2x + 9x - 21 = 1$$

$$11x - 21 = 1$$

$$11x = 22$$

$$x = 2$$

$$y = 3x - 7$$

$$y = 6 - 7$$

$$y = -1$$

Notice that the second equation gives y in terms of x .

Substitute this expression in for y in the first equation.

Now solve for x .

Now, substitute again to find y .

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the substitution method.

$$3. \quad 2x + 3y = 1 \quad x = \underline{2}$$

$$y = \underline{3x - 7} \quad y = \underline{-1}$$

$$2x + 3(3x - 7) = 1$$

$$2x + 9x - 21 = 1$$

$$11x - 21 = 1$$

$$11x = 22$$

$$x = 2$$

$$y = 3x - 7$$

$$y = 6 - 7$$

$$y = -1$$

Notice that the second equation gives y in terms of x .

Substitute this expression in for y in the first equation.

Now solve for x .

Now, substitute again to find y .

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the substitution method.

$$\begin{array}{l} 3. \quad 2x + 3y = 1 \quad x = \underline{2} \\ \quad \quad y = 3x - 7 \quad y = \underline{-1} \end{array}$$

$$2x + 3(3x - 7) = 1$$

$$2x + 9x - 21 = 1$$

$$11x - 21 = 1$$

$$11x = 22$$

$$x = 2$$

$$y = 3x - 7$$

$$y = 6 - 7$$

$$y = -1$$

Notice that the second equation gives y in terms of x .

Substitute this expression in for y in the first equation.

Now solve for x .

Now, substitute again to find y .

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the substitution method.

4. $x = 4y + 3$ $x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$2x - 7y = 4$ $y = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the substitution method.

4. $x = 4y + 3$ $x =$ _____

$2x - 7y = 4$ $y =$ _____

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the substitution method.

4. $x = 4y + 3$ $x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
 $2x - 7y = 4$ $y = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the substitution method.

4. $x = 4y + 3$ $x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
 $2x - 7y = 4$ $y = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

Notice that the first equation gives x in terms of y .

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the substitution method.

4. $x = 4y + 3$ $x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
 $2x - 7y = 4$ $y = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

Notice that the first equation gives x in terms of y .
Substitute this expression in for x in the second equation.

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the substitution method.

4. $x = 4y + 3$ $x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
 $2x - 7y = 4$ $y = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
 ↑

Notice that the first equation gives x in terms of y .
Substitute this expression in for x in the second equation.

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the substitution method.

4. $x = 4y + 3$ $x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
 $2x - 7y = 4$ $y = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
 ↑

Notice that the first equation gives x in terms of y .
Substitute this expression in for x in the second equation.

2(

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the substitution method.

4. $x = 4y + 3$ $x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$2x - 7y = 4$ $y = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$



$2(4y + 3)$

Notice that the first equation gives x in terms of y .
Substitute this expression in for x in the second equation.

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the substitution method.

4. $x = 4y + 3$ $x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$2x - 7y = 4$ $y = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$



$2(4y + 3) - 7y$

Notice that the first equation gives x in terms of y .

Substitute this expression in for x in the second equation.

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the substitution method.

4. $x = 4y + 3$ $x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$2x - 7y = 4$ $y = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$



$$2(4y + 3) - 7y = 4$$

Notice that the first equation gives x in terms of y .

Substitute this expression in for x in the second equation.

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the substitution method.

4. $x = 4y + 3$ $x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$2x - 7y = 4$ $y = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$



$$2(4y + 3) - 7y = 4$$

Notice that the first equation gives x in terms of y .

Substitute this expression in for x in the second equation.

Now solve for y .

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the substitution method.

4. $x = 4y + 3$ $x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$2x - 7y = 4$ $y = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$



$$2(4y + 3) - 7y = 4$$

$$8y$$

Notice that the first equation gives x in terms of y .

Substitute this expression in for x in the second equation.

Now solve for y .

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the substitution method.

4. $x = 4y + 3$ $x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$2x - 7y = 4$ $y = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$



$$2(4y + 3) - 7y = 4$$

$$8y + 6$$

Notice that the first equation gives x in terms of y .

Substitute this expression in for x in the second equation.

Now solve for y .

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

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$$2(4y + 3) - 7y = 4$$

$$8y + 6 - 7y = 4$$

$$y + 6 = 4$$

$$y = -2$$

Notice that the first equation gives x in terms of y .

Substitute this expression in for x in the second equation.

Now solve for y .

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the substitution method.

4. $x = 4y + 3$ $x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

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$$y + 6 = 4$$

$$y = -2$$

Notice that the first equation gives x in terms of y .

Substitute this expression in for x in the second equation.

Now solve for y .

Now, substitute again to find x .

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the substitution method.

4. $x = 4y + 3$ $x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

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$$y + 6 = 4$$

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Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

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$$x = 4y + 3$$

Notice that the first equation gives x in terms of y .

Substitute this expression in for x in the second equation.

Now solve for y .

Now, substitute again to find x .

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the substitution method.

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$$2(4y + 3) - 7y = 4$$

$$8y + 6 - 7y = 4$$

$$y + 6 = 4$$

$$y = -2$$

$$x = 4y + 3$$

$$x =$$

Notice that the first equation gives x in terms of y .

Substitute this expression in for x in the second equation.

Now solve for y .

Now, substitute again to find x .

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the substitution method.

4. $x = 4y + 3$ $x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$2x - 7y = 4$ $y = \underline{-2}$



$$2(4y + 3) - 7y = 4$$

$$8y + 6 - 7y = 4$$

$$y + 6 = 4$$

$$y = -2$$

$$x = 4y + 3$$

$$x = -8$$

Notice that the first equation gives x in terms of y .

Substitute this expression in for x in the second equation.

Now solve for y .

Now, substitute again to find x .

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the substitution method.

4. $x = 4y + 3$ $x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$2x - 7y = 4$ $y = \underline{-2}$



$$2(4y + 3) - 7y = 4$$

$$8y + 6 - 7y = 4$$

$$y + 6 = 4$$

$$y = -2$$

$$x = 4y + 3$$

$$x = -8 + 3$$

Notice that the first equation gives x in terms of y .

Substitute this expression in for x in the second equation.

Now solve for y .

Now, substitute again to find x .

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the substitution method.

4. $x = 4y + 3$ $x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
 $2x - 7y = 4$ $y = \underline{-2}$

$2(4y + 3) - 7y = 4$
 $8y + 6 - 7y = 4$
 $y + 6 = 4$
 $y = -2$

$x = 4y + 3$
 $x = -8 + 3$
 $x =$

Notice that the first equation gives x in terms of y .

Substitute this expression in for x in the second equation.

Now solve for y .

Now, substitute again to find x .

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the substitution method.

4. $x = 4y + 3$ $x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$2x - 7y = 4$ $y = \underline{-2}$



$$2(4y + 3) - 7y = 4$$

$$8y + 6 - 7y = 4$$

$$y + 6 = 4$$

$$y = -2$$

$$x = 4y + 3$$

$$x = -8 + 3$$

$$x = -5$$

Notice that the first equation gives x in terms of y .

Substitute this expression in for x in the second equation.


Now solve for y .

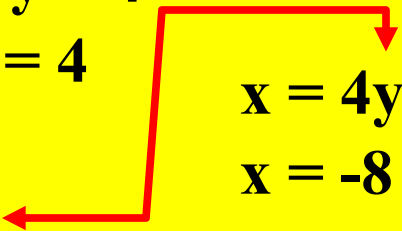
Now, substitute again to find x .

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the substitution method.

4. $x = 4y + 3$ $x = \underline{-5}$
 $2x - 7y = 4$ $y = \underline{-2}$



$$2(4y + 3) - 7y = 4$$
$$8y + 6 - 7y = 4$$
$$y + 6 = 4$$
$$y = -2$$

$$x = 4y + 3$$
$$x = -8 + 3$$
$$x = -5$$

Notice that the first equation gives x in terms of y .

Substitute this expression in for x in the second equation.

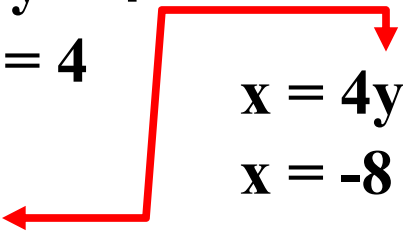
Now solve for y .

Now, substitute again to find x .

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the substitution method.

$$\begin{array}{l} 4. \quad x = 4y + 3 \\ \quad \quad 2x - 7y = 4 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} x = \underline{-5} \\ y = \underline{-2} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} 2(4y + 3) - 7y = 4 \\ 8y + 6 - 7y = 4 \\ y + 6 = 4 \\ y = -2 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} x = 4y + 3 \\ x = -8 + 3 \\ x = -5 \end{array}$$


Notice that the first equation gives x in terms of y .

Substitute this expression in for x in the second equation.

Now solve for y .

Now, substitute again to find x .

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the multiplication-addition method.

5. $4x - 3y = 26$ $x =$ _____

$2x + y = 8$ $y =$ _____

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the multiplication-addition method.

5. $4x - 3y = 26$ $x =$ _____

$2x + y = 8$ $y =$ _____

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the multiplication-addition method.

5. $4x - 3y = 26$ $x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$2x + y = 8$ $y = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

Notice that both equations are in 'standard form' ($Ax + By = C$).

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the multiplication-addition method.

5. $4x - 3y = 26$ $x =$ _____

$2x + y = 8$ $y =$ _____

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the multiplication-addition method.

5. $4x - 3y = 26$ $x =$ _____

$2x + y = 8$ $y =$ _____

To solve for x, you must eliminate the y-terms.

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the multiplication-addition method.

5. $4x - 3y = 26$ $x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$2x + y = 8$ $y = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

To solve for x, you must eliminate the y-terms.
Bring down the first equation.

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the multiplication-addition method.

5. $\rightarrow 4x - 3y = 26$

$2x + y = 8$

$x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$y = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

To solve for x , you must eliminate the y -terms.
Bring down the first equation.

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the multiplication-addition method.

5. $\rightarrow 4x - 3y = 26$

$2x + y = 8$

$4x - 3y = 26$

$x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$y = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

To solve for x, you must eliminate the y-terms.
Bring down the first equation.

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the multiplication-addition method.

5. $\rightarrow 4x - 3y = 26$

$$2x + y = 8$$

$$4x - 3y = 26$$

$$x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$y = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

To solve for x, you must eliminate the y-terms.

Bring down the first equation.

Multiply both sides of the second equation by 3.

.

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the multiplication-addition method.

5. $\rightarrow 4x - 3y = 26$

$\xrightarrow{3} 2x + y = 8$

$4x - 3y = 26$

$x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$y = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

To solve for x, you must eliminate the y-terms.

Bring down the first equation.

Multiply both sides of the second equation by 3.

.

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the multiplication-addition method.

5. $\rightarrow 4x - 3y = 26$

$\xrightarrow{3} 2x + y = 8$

$4x - 3y = 26$

$6x$

$x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$y = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

To solve for x, you must eliminate the y-terms.

Bring down the first equation.

Multiply both sides of the second equation by 3.

.

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the multiplication-addition method.

$$5. \rightarrow 4x - 3y = 26$$

$$\rightarrow 2x + y = 8$$

$$4x - 3y = 26$$

$$6x + 3y$$

$$x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$y = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

To solve for x, you must eliminate the y-terms.

Bring down the first equation.

Multiply both sides of the second equation by 3.

.

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the multiplication-addition method.

$$5. \rightarrow 4x - 3y = 26$$

$$\rightarrow 2x + y = 8$$

$$4x - 3y = 26$$

$$6x + 3y = 24$$

$$x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$y = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

To solve for x, you must eliminate the y-terms.

Bring down the first equation.

Multiply both sides of the second equation by 3.

.

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the multiplication-addition method.

$$5. \rightarrow 4x - 3y = 26$$

$$\rightarrow 3 \cdot 2x + y = 8$$

$$4x - 3y = 26$$

$$6x + 3y = 24$$

$$x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$y = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

To solve for x, you must eliminate the y-terms.

Bring down the first equation.

Multiply both sides of the second equation by 3.

Now add the equations and solve for x.

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the multiplication-addition method.

$$5. \rightarrow 4x - 3y = 26$$

$$\rightarrow 3 \cdot 2x + y = 8$$

$$4x - 3y = 26$$

$$\underline{6x + 3y = 24}$$

$$x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$y = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

To solve for x, you must eliminate the y-terms.

Bring down the first equation.

Multiply both sides of the second equation by 3.

Now add the equations and solve for x.

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the multiplication-addition method.

$$5. \rightarrow 4x - 3y = 26$$

$$\rightarrow 3 \cdot 2x + y = 8$$

$$4x - 3y = 26$$

$$6x + 3y = 24$$

$$10x$$

$$x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$y = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

To solve for x, you must eliminate the y-terms.

Bring down the first equation.

Multiply both sides of the second equation by 3.

Now add the equations and solve for x.

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the multiplication-addition method.

$$5. \rightarrow 4x - 3y = 26$$

$$\rightarrow 3 \cdot 2x + y = 8$$

$$4x - 3y = 26$$

$$6x + 3y = 24$$

$$10x = 50$$

$$x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$y = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

To solve for x, you must eliminate the y-terms.

Bring down the first equation.

Multiply both sides of the second equation by 3.

Now add the equations and solve for x.

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the multiplication-addition method.

$$5. \rightarrow 4x - 3y = 26$$

$$\rightarrow 2x + y = 8$$

$$4x - 3y = 26$$

$$6x + 3y = 24$$

$$10x = 50$$

$$x =$$

$$x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$y = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

To solve for x, you must eliminate the y-terms.

Bring down the first equation.

Multiply both sides of the second equation by 3.

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Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the multiplication-addition method.

$$5. \rightarrow 4x - 3y = 26$$

$$\rightarrow 3 \cdot 2x + y = 8$$

$$4x - 3y = 26$$

$$6x + 3y = 24$$

$$10x = 50$$

$$x = 5$$

$$x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$y = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

To solve for x, you must eliminate the y-terms.

Bring down the first equation.

Multiply both sides of the second equation by 3.

Now add the equations and solve for x.

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

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$$5. \rightarrow 4x - 3y = 26$$

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$$x = 5$$

$$x = \underline{5}$$

$$y = \underline{\quad}$$

To solve for x, you must eliminate the y-terms.

Bring down the first equation.

Multiply both sides of the second equation by 3.

Now add the equations and solve for x.

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Solve the following systems of equations using the multiplication-addition method.

$$5. \rightarrow 4x - 3y = 26$$

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$$10x = 50$$

$$x = 5$$

$$x = \underline{5}$$

$$y = \underline{\quad}$$

To solve for x, you must eliminate the y-terms.

Bring down the first equation.

Multiply both sides of the second equation by 3.

Now add the equations and solve for x.

To solve for y, you must eliminate the x-terms.

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the multiplication-addition method.

$$5. \rightarrow 4x - 3y = 26$$

$$\rightarrow 2x + y = 8$$

$$4x - 3y = 26$$

$$6x + 3y = 24$$

$$10x = 50$$

$$x = 5$$

$$x = \underline{5}$$

$$y = \underline{\quad}$$

To solve for x, you must eliminate the y-terms.

Bring down the first equation.

Multiply both sides of the second equation by 3.

Now add the equations and solve for x.

To solve for y, you must eliminate the x-terms.

Bring down the first equation.

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the multiplication-addition method.

$$5. \begin{array}{l} \rightarrow 4x - 3y = 26 \leftarrow \\ \rightarrow 2x + y = 8 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} x = \underline{5} \\ y = \underline{\quad} \end{array}$$

$$4x - 3y = 26$$

$$6x + 3y = 24$$

$$10x = 50$$

$$x = 5$$

To solve for x, you must eliminate the y-terms.

Bring down the first equation.

Multiply both sides of the second equation by 3.

Now add the equations and solve for x.

To solve for y, you must eliminate the x-terms.

Bring down the first equation.

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the multiplication-addition method.

$$5. \quad \begin{array}{l} \rightarrow 4x - 3y = 26 \leftarrow \\ \rightarrow 2x + y = 8 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} x = \underline{5} \\ y = \underline{\quad} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \rightarrow 2x + y = 8 \\ \rightarrow 6x + 3y = 24 \end{array}$$

$$4x - 3y = 26$$

$$\underline{6x + 3y = 24}$$

$$10x = 50$$

$$x = 5$$

$$4x - 3y = 26$$

To solve for x, you must eliminate the y-terms.

Bring down the first equation.

Multiply both sides of the second equation by 3.

Now add the equations and solve for x.

To solve for y, you must eliminate the x-terms.

Bring down the first equation.

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the multiplication-addition method.

$$5. \quad \begin{array}{l} \rightarrow 4x - 3y = 26 \leftarrow \\ \rightarrow 2x + y = 8 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} x = \underline{5} \\ y = \underline{\quad} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \rightarrow 2x + y = 8 \\ \rightarrow 2x + y = 8 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} y = \underline{\quad} \\ y = \underline{\quad} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 4x - 3y = 26 \\ 6x + 3y = 24 \\ \hline 10x = 50 \\ x = 5 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} 4x - 3y = 26 \\ 4x - 3y = 26 \end{array}$$

$$6x + 3y = 24$$

$$10x = 50$$

$$x = 5$$

To solve for x, you must eliminate the y-terms.

Bring down the first equation.

Multiply both sides of the second equation by 3.

Now add the equations and solve for x.

To solve for y, you must eliminate the x-terms.

Bring down the first equation.

Multiply both sides of the second equation by -2.

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the multiplication-addition method.

$$5. \quad \begin{array}{l} \xrightarrow{\text{red}} 4x - 3y = 26 \xleftarrow{\text{blue}} \\ \xrightarrow{\text{red}} 2x + y = 8 \xleftarrow{\text{blue}} \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} x = \underline{\quad 5 \quad} \\ y = \underline{\quad \quad} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \xrightarrow{\text{red}} 2x + y = 8 \xleftarrow{\text{blue}} \\ \xrightarrow{\text{red}} 4x - 3y = 26 \xleftarrow{\text{blue}} \end{array}$$

$$4x - 3y = 26$$

$$6x + 3y = 24$$

$$10x = 50$$

$$x = 5$$

$$4x - 3y = 26$$

To solve for x, you must eliminate the y-terms.

Bring down the first equation.

Multiply both sides of the second equation by 3.

Now add the equations and solve for x.

To solve for y, you must eliminate the x-terms.

Bring down the first equation.

Multiply both sides of the second equation by -2.

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the multiplication-addition method.

$$5. \quad \begin{array}{l} \xrightarrow{\text{red}} 4x - 3y = 26 \quad \xleftarrow{\text{blue}} \\ \xrightarrow{\text{red}} 2x + y = 8 \quad \xleftarrow{\text{blue}} \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} x = \underline{\quad 5 \quad} \\ y = \underline{\quad \quad} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \xrightarrow{\text{red}} 2x + y = 8 \quad \xleftarrow{\text{blue}} \\ \xrightarrow{\text{red}} 4x - 3y = 26 \quad \xleftarrow{\text{blue}} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 4x - 3y = 26 \\ 6x + 3y = 24 \\ \hline 10x = 50 \\ x = 5 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} 4x - 3y = 26 \\ -4x \end{array}$$

$$6x + 3y = 24$$

$$10x = 50$$

$$x = 5$$

To solve for x, you must eliminate the y-terms.

Bring down the first equation.

Multiply both sides of the second equation by 3.

Now add the equations and solve for x.

To solve for y, you must eliminate the x-terms.

Bring down the first equation.

Multiply both sides of the second equation by -2.

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the multiplication-addition method.

$$5. \quad \begin{array}{l} \xrightarrow{\text{red}} 4x - 3y = 26 \xleftarrow{\text{blue}} \\ \xrightarrow{\text{red}} 2x + y = 8 \xleftarrow{\text{blue}} \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} x = \underline{\quad 5 \quad} \\ y = \underline{\quad \quad} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \xrightarrow{\text{red}} 2x + y = 8 \xleftarrow{\text{blue}} \\ \xrightarrow{\text{red}} 4x - 3y = 26 \xleftarrow{\text{blue}} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 4x - 3y = 26 \\ 6x + 3y = 24 \\ \hline 10x = 50 \\ x = 5 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} 4x - 3y = 26 \\ -4x - 2y \end{array}$$

$$6x + 3y = 24$$

$$10x = 50$$

$$x = 5$$

To solve for x, you must eliminate the y-terms.

Bring down the first equation.

Multiply both sides of the second equation by 3.

Now add the equations and solve for x.

To solve for y, you must eliminate the x-terms.

Bring down the first equation.

Multiply both sides of the second equation by -2.

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the multiplication-addition method.

$$5. \quad \begin{array}{l} \xrightarrow{\text{red}} 4x - 3y = 26 \xleftarrow{\text{blue}} \\ \xrightarrow{\text{red}} 2x + y = 8 \xleftarrow{\text{blue}} \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} x = \underline{\quad 5 \quad} \\ y = \underline{\quad \quad} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \xrightarrow{\text{red}} 2x + y = 8 \xleftarrow{\text{blue}} \\ \xrightarrow{\text{red}} 4x - 3y = 26 \xleftarrow{\text{blue}} \end{array}$$

$$4x - 3y = 26$$

$$6x + 3y = 24$$

$$10x = 50$$

$$x = 5$$

$$4x - 3y = 26$$

$$-4x - 2y = -16$$

To solve for x, you must eliminate the y-terms.

Bring down the first equation.

Multiply both sides of the second equation by 3.

Now add the equations and solve for x.

To solve for y, you must eliminate the x-terms.

Bring down the first equation.

Multiply both sides of the second equation by -2.

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the multiplication-addition method.

$$5. \quad \begin{array}{l} \rightarrow 4x - 3y = 26 \leftarrow \\ \rightarrow 2x + y = 8 \leftarrow \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} x = \underline{\quad 5 \quad} \\ y = \underline{\quad \quad} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \rightarrow 2x + y = 8 \leftarrow \\ \rightarrow 4x - 3y = 26 \leftarrow \end{array}$$

$$4x - 3y = 26$$

$$6x + 3y = 24$$

$$10x = 50$$

$$x = 5$$

$$4x - 3y = 26$$

$$-4x - 2y = -16$$

To solve for x, you must eliminate the y-terms.

Bring down the first equation.

Multiply both sides of the second equation by 3.

Now add the equations and solve for x.

To solve for y, you must eliminate the x-terms.

Bring down the first equation.

Multiply both sides of the second equation by -2.

Now add the equations and solve for y.

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the multiplication-addition method.

$$5. \quad \begin{array}{l} \rightarrow 4x - 3y = 26 \leftarrow \\ \rightarrow 2x + y = 8 \leftarrow \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} x = \underline{\quad 5 \quad} \\ y = \underline{\quad \quad} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \rightarrow 2x + y = 8 \leftarrow \\ \rightarrow 2x + y = 8 \leftarrow \end{array}$$

$$4x - 3y = 26$$

$$6x + 3y = 24$$

$$\hline 10x = 50$$

$$x = 5$$

$$4x - 3y = 26$$

$$-4x - 2y = -16$$

To solve for x, you must eliminate the y-terms.

Bring down the first equation.

Multiply both sides of the second equation by 3.

Now add the equations and solve for x.

To solve for y, you must eliminate the x-terms.

Bring down the first equation.

Multiply both sides of the second equation by -2.

Now add the equations and solve for y.

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the multiplication-addition method.

$$5. \quad \begin{array}{l} \xrightarrow{\text{red}} 4x - 3y = 26 \xleftarrow{\text{blue}} \\ \xrightarrow{\text{red}} 2x + y = 8 \xleftarrow{\text{blue}} \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} x = \underline{\quad 5 \quad} \\ y = \underline{\quad \quad} \end{array}$$

$$4x - 3y = 26$$

$$\underline{6x + 3y = 24}$$

$$10x = 50$$

$$x = 5$$

$$4x - 3y = 26$$

$$\underline{-4x - 2y = -16}$$

$$-5y$$

To solve for x, you must eliminate the y-terms.

Bring down the first equation.

Multiply both sides of the second equation by 3.

Now add the equations and solve for x.

To solve for y, you must eliminate the x-terms.

Bring down the first equation.

Multiply both sides of the second equation by -2.

Now add the equations and solve for y.

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the multiplication-addition method.

$$5. \quad \begin{array}{l} \xrightarrow{\text{red}} 4x - 3y = 26 \xleftarrow{\text{blue}} \\ \xrightarrow{\text{red}} 2x + y = 8 \xleftarrow{\text{blue}} \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} x = \underline{\quad 5 \quad} \\ y = \underline{\quad \quad} \end{array}$$

$$4x - 3y = 26$$

$$\underline{6x + 3y = 24}$$

$$10x = 50$$

$$x = 5$$

$$4x - 3y = 26$$

$$\underline{-4x - 2y = -16}$$

$$-5y = 10$$

To solve for x, you must eliminate the y-terms.

Bring down the first equation.

Multiply both sides of the second equation by 3.

Now add the equations and solve for x.

To solve for y, you must eliminate the x-terms.

Bring down the first equation.

Multiply both sides of the second equation by -2.

Now add the equations and solve for y.

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the multiplication-addition method.

$$5. \quad \begin{array}{l} \rightarrow 4x - 3y = 26 \leftarrow \\ \rightarrow 2x + y = 8 \leftarrow \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} x = \underline{\quad 5 \quad} \\ y = \underline{\quad \quad} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \rightarrow 2x + y = 8 \leftarrow \\ \rightarrow 2x + y = 8 \leftarrow \end{array}$$

$$4x - 3y = 26$$

$$6x + 3y = 24$$

$$\hline 10x = 50$$

$$x = 5$$

$$4x - 3y = 26$$

$$-4x - 2y = -16$$

$$\hline -5y = 10$$

$$y =$$

To solve for x, you must eliminate the y-terms.

Bring down the first equation.

Multiply both sides of the second equation by 3.

Now add the equations and solve for x.

To solve for y, you must eliminate the x-terms.

Bring down the first equation.

Multiply both sides of the second equation by -2.

Now add the equations and solve for y.

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the multiplication-addition method.

$$5. \quad \begin{array}{l} \rightarrow 4x - 3y = 26 \leftarrow \\ \rightarrow 2x + y = 8 \leftarrow \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} x = \underline{\quad 5 \quad} \\ y = \underline{\quad \quad} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \rightarrow 2x + y = 8 \leftarrow \\ \rightarrow 2x + y = 8 \leftarrow \end{array}$$

$$4x - 3y = 26$$

$$6x + 3y = 24$$

$$\hline 10x = 50$$

$$x = 5$$

$$4x - 3y = 26$$

$$-4x - 2y = -16$$

$$\hline -5y = 10$$

$$y = -2$$

To solve for x, you must eliminate the y-terms.

Bring down the first equation.

Multiply both sides of the second equation by 3.

Now add the equations and solve for x.

To solve for y, you must eliminate the x-terms.

Bring down the first equation.

Multiply both sides of the second equation by -2.

Now add the equations and solve for y.

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the multiplication-addition method.

$$5. \quad \begin{array}{l} \rightarrow 4x - 3y = 26 \leftarrow \\ \rightarrow 2x + y = 8 \leftarrow \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} x = \underline{\quad 5 \quad} \\ y = \underline{\quad -2 \quad} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \rightarrow 2x + y = 8 \leftarrow \\ \rightarrow 4x - 3y = 26 \leftarrow \end{array}$$

$$4x - 3y = 26$$

$$\underline{6x + 3y = 24}$$

$$10x = 50$$

$$x = 5$$

$$4x - 3y = 26$$

$$\underline{-4x - 2y = -16}$$

$$-5y = 10$$

$$y = -2$$

To solve for x, you must eliminate the y-terms.

Bring down the first equation.

Multiply both sides of the second equation by 3.

Now add the equations and solve for x.

To solve for y, you must eliminate the x-terms.

Bring down the first equation.

Multiply both sides of the second equation by -2.

Now add the equations and solve for y.

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the multiplication-addition method.

$$5. \quad \begin{array}{l} \rightarrow 4x - 3y = 26 \leftarrow \\ \xrightarrow{3} 2x + y = 8 \xleftarrow{-2} \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} x = \underline{5} \\ y = \underline{-2} \end{array}$$

$$4x - 3y = 26$$

$$\underline{6x + 3y = 24}$$

$$10x = 50$$

$$x = 5$$

$$4x - 3y = 26$$

$$\underline{-4x - 2y = -16}$$

$$-5y = 10$$

$$y = -2$$

To solve for x, you must eliminate the y-terms.

Bring down the first equation.

Multiply both sides of the second equation by 3.

Now add the equations and solve for x.

To solve for y, you must eliminate the x-terms.

Bring down the first equation.

Multiply both sides of the second equation by -2.

Now add the equations and solve for y.

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the multiplication-addition method.

6. $3x + 7y = -2$ $x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$5x + 4y = -11$ $y = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the multiplication-addition method.

6. $3x + 7y = -2$ $x =$ _____

$5x + 4y = -11$ $y =$ _____

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the multiplication-addition method.

6. $3x + 7y = -2$ $x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$5x + 4y = -11$ $y = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

Notice that both equations are in
'standard form' ($Ax + By = C$).

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the multiplication-addition method.

6. $3x + 7y = -2$ $x =$ _____

$5x + 4y = -11$ $y =$ _____

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the multiplication-addition method.

6. $3x + 7y = -2$ $x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$5x + 4y = -11$ $y = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

To solve for x , you must eliminate the y -terms.

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the multiplication-addition method.

6. $3x + 7y = -2$ $x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$5x + 4y = -11$ $y = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

To solve for x , you must eliminate the y -terms.

Multiply both sides of the first equation by 4.

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the multiplication-addition method.

6. $\overset{4}{\rightarrow} 3x + 7y = -2$

$x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$5x + 4y = -11$

$y = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

To solve for x, you must eliminate the y-terms.

Multiply both sides of the first equation by 4.

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the multiplication-addition method.

6. $\overset{4}{\rightarrow} 3x + 7y = -2$ $x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$5x + 4y = -11$ $y = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

12x

To solve for x, you must eliminate the y-terms.

Multiply both sides of the first equation by 4.

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the multiplication-addition method.

$$6. \overset{4}{\rightarrow} 3x + 7y = -2$$

$$x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$5x + 4y = -11$$

$$y = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$12x + 28y$$

To solve for x, you must eliminate the y-terms.

Multiply both sides of the first equation by 4.

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the multiplication-addition method.

$$6. \overset{4}{\rightarrow} 3x + 7y = -2$$

$$x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$5x + 4y = -11$$

$$y = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$12x + 28y = -8$$

To solve for x, you must eliminate the y-terms.

Multiply both sides of the first equation by 4.

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the multiplication-addition method.

$$6. \overset{4}{\rightarrow} 3x + 7y = -2$$

$$x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$5x + 4y = -11$$

$$y = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$12x + 28y = -8$$

To solve for x, you must eliminate the y-terms.

Multiply both sides of the first equation by 4.

Multiply both sides of the second equation by -7.

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the multiplication-addition method.

$$6. \overset{4}{\rightarrow} 3x + 7y = -2$$

$$x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$\overset{-7}{\rightarrow} 5x + 4y = -11$$

$$y = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$12x + 28y = -8$$

To solve for x, you must eliminate the y-terms.

Multiply both sides of the first equation by 4.

Multiply both sides of the second equation by -7.

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the multiplication-addition method.

$$6. \overset{4}{\rightarrow} 3x + 7y = -2$$

$$x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$\overset{-7}{\rightarrow} 5x + 4y = -11$$

$$y = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$12x + 28y = -8$$

$$-35x$$

To solve for x, you must eliminate the y-terms.

Multiply both sides of the first equation by 4.

Multiply both sides of the second equation by -7.

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the multiplication-addition method.

$$6. \overset{4}{\rightarrow} 3x + 7y = -2$$

$$x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$\overset{-7}{\rightarrow} 5x + 4y = -11$$

$$y = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$12x + 28y = -8$$

$$-35x - 28y$$

To solve for x, you must eliminate the y-terms.

Multiply both sides of the first equation by 4.

Multiply both sides of the second equation by -7.

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the multiplication-addition method.

$$6. \overset{4}{\rightarrow} 3x + 7y = -2$$

$$\overset{-7}{\rightarrow} 5x + 4y = -11$$

$$x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$y = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$12x + 28y = -8$$

$$-35x - 28y = 77$$

To solve for x, you must eliminate the y-terms.

Multiply both sides of the first equation by 4.

Multiply both sides of the second equation by -7.

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the multiplication-addition method.

$$6. \overset{4}{\rightarrow} 3x + 7y = -2$$

$$\overset{-7}{\rightarrow} 5x + 4y = -11$$

$$x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$y = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$12x + 28y = -8$$

$$-35x - 28y = 77$$

To solve for x, you must eliminate the y-terms.

Multiply both sides of the first equation by 4.

Multiply both sides of the second equation by -7.

Now add the equations and solve for x.

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$$6. \overset{4}{\rightarrow} 3x + 7y = -2$$

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$$\overset{-7}{\rightarrow} 5x + 4y = -11$$

$$y = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$12x + 28y = -8$$

$$\underline{-35x - 28y = 77}$$

To solve for x, you must eliminate the y-terms.

Multiply both sides of the first equation by 4.

Multiply both sides of the second equation by -7.

Now add the equations and solve for x.

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the multiplication-addition method.

$$6. \overset{4}{\rightarrow} 3x + 7y = -2$$

$$\overset{-7}{\rightarrow} 5x + 4y = -11$$

$$x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$y = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$12x + 28y = -8$$

$$\underline{-35x - 28y = 77}$$

$$-23x$$

To solve for x, you must eliminate the y-terms.

Multiply both sides of the first equation by 4.

Multiply both sides of the second equation by -7.

Now add the equations and solve for x.

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the multiplication-addition method.

$$6. \begin{array}{l} \xrightarrow{4} 3x + 7y = -2 \\ \xrightarrow{-7} 5x + 4y = -11 \end{array}$$

$$x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$5x + 4y = -11$$

$$y = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$12x + 28y = -8$$

$$\underline{-35x - 28y = 77}$$

$$-23x = 69$$

To solve for x, you must eliminate the y-terms.

Multiply both sides of the first equation by 4.

Multiply both sides of the second equation by -7.

Now add the equations and solve for x.

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the multiplication-addition method.

$$6. \begin{array}{l} \xrightarrow{4} 3x + 7y = -2 \\ \xrightarrow{-7} 5x + 4y = -11 \end{array}$$

$$x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$5x + 4y = -11$$

$$y = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$12x + 28y = -8$$

$$\underline{-35x - 28y = 77}$$

$$-23x = 69$$

$$x =$$

To solve for x, you must eliminate the y-terms.

Multiply both sides of the first equation by 4.

Multiply both sides of the second equation by -7.

Now add the equations and solve for x.

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the multiplication-addition method.

$$6. \begin{array}{l} \xrightarrow{4} 3x + 7y = -2 \\ \xrightarrow{-7} 5x + 4y = -11 \end{array}$$

$$x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$5x + 4y = -11$$

$$y = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$12x + 28y = -8$$

$$\underline{-35x - 28y = 77}$$

$$-23x = 69$$

$$x = -3$$

To solve for x, you must eliminate the y-terms.

Multiply both sides of the first equation by 4.

Multiply both sides of the second equation by -7.

Now add the equations and solve for x.

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the multiplication-addition method.

$$6. \begin{array}{l} \xrightarrow{4} 3x + 7y = -2 \\ \xrightarrow{-7} 5x + 4y = -11 \end{array}$$

$$x = \underline{-3}$$

$$5x + 4y = -11$$

$$y = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$12x + 28y = -8$$

$$\underline{-35x - 28y = 77}$$

$$-23x = 69$$

$$x = -3$$

To solve for x, you must eliminate the y-terms.

Multiply both sides of the first equation by 4.

Multiply both sides of the second equation by -7.

Now add the equations and solve for x.

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the multiplication-addition method.

$$6. \xrightarrow{4} 3x + 7y = -2$$

$$\xrightarrow{-7} 5x + 4y = -11$$

$$x = \underline{-3}$$

$$y = \underline{\quad}$$

$$12x + 28y = -8$$

$$\underline{-35x - 28y = 77}$$

$$-23x = 69$$

$$x = -3$$

To solve for x, you must eliminate the y-terms.

Multiply both sides of the first equation by 4.

Multiply both sides of the second equation by -7.

Now add the equations and solve for x.

To solve for y, you must eliminate the x-terms.

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the multiplication-addition method.

$$6. \begin{array}{l} \xrightarrow{4} 3x + 7y = -2 \\ \xrightarrow{-7} 5x + 4y = -11 \end{array}$$

$$x = \underline{-3}$$

$$5x + 4y = -11$$

$$y = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$12x + 28y = -8$$

$$\underline{-35x - 28y = 77}$$

$$-23x = 69$$

$$x = -3$$

To solve for x, you must eliminate the y-terms.

Multiply both sides of the first equation by 4.

Multiply both sides of the second equation by -7.

Now add the equations and solve for x.

To solve for y, you must eliminate the x-terms.

Multiply both sides of the first equation by 5.

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the multiplication-addition method.

$$6. \begin{array}{l} \xrightarrow{4} 3x + 7y = -2 \quad \xleftarrow{5} \\ \xrightarrow{-7} 5x + 4y = -11 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} x = \underline{-3} \\ y = \underline{\quad} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 12x + 28y = -8 \\ -35x - 28y = 77 \\ \hline -23x = 69 \\ x = -3 \end{array}$$

To solve for x, you must eliminate the y-terms.

Multiply both sides of the first equation by 4.

Multiply both sides of the second equation by -7.

Now add the equations and solve for x.

To solve for y, you must eliminate the x-terms.

Multiply both sides of the first equation by 5.

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the multiplication-addition method.

$$6. \begin{array}{l} \xrightarrow{4} 3x + 7y = -2 \quad \xleftarrow{5} \\ \xrightarrow{-7} 5x + 4y = -11 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} x = \underline{-3} \\ y = \underline{\quad} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 12x + 28y = -8 \\ -35x - 28y = 77 \\ \hline -23x = 69 \\ x = -3 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} 15x \\ \\ \\ \end{array}$$

To solve for x, you must eliminate the y-terms.

Multiply both sides of the first equation by 4.

Multiply both sides of the second equation by -7.

Now add the equations and solve for x.

To solve for y, you must eliminate the x-terms.

Multiply both sides of the first equation by 5.

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the multiplication-addition method.

$$6. \begin{array}{l} \xrightarrow{4} 3x + 7y = -2 \quad \xleftarrow{5} \\ \xrightarrow{-7} 5x + 4y = -11 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} x = \underline{-3} \\ y = \underline{\quad} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 12x + 28y = -8 \\ -35x - 28y = 77 \\ \hline -23x = 69 \\ x = -3 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} 15x + 35y \\ \end{array}$$

To solve for x, you must eliminate the y-terms.

Multiply both sides of the first equation by 4.

Multiply both sides of the second equation by -7.

Now add the equations and solve for x.

To solve for y, you must eliminate the x-terms.

Multiply both sides of the first equation by 5.

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the multiplication-addition method.

$$6. \begin{array}{l} \xrightarrow{4} 3x + 7y = -2 \\ \xrightarrow{-7} 5x + 4y = -11 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} \xleftarrow{5} \\ \\ \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} x = \underline{-3} \\ y = \underline{\quad\quad} \end{array}$$

$$12x + 28y = -8 \quad 15x + 35y = -10$$

$$\underline{-35x - 28y = 77}$$

$$-23x = 69$$

$$x = -3$$

To solve for x, you must eliminate the y-terms.

Multiply both sides of the first equation by 4.

Multiply both sides of the second equation by -7.

Now add the equations and solve for x.

To solve for y, you must eliminate the x-terms.

Multiply both sides of the first equation by 5.

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the multiplication-addition method.

$$6. \begin{array}{l} \xrightarrow{4} 3x + 7y = -2 \\ \xrightarrow{-7} 5x + 4y = -11 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} \xleftarrow{5} \\ \\ \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} x = \underline{-3} \\ \\ \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \xrightarrow{-7} 5x + 4y = -11 \\ \\ \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} y = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \\ \\ \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 12x + 28y = -8 \\ -35x - 28y = 77 \\ \hline -23x = 69 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} 15x + 35y = -10 \\ \\ \end{array}$$

$$x = -3$$

To solve for x, you must eliminate the y-terms.

Multiply both sides of the first equation by 4.

Multiply both sides of the second equation by -7.

Now add the equations and solve for x.

To solve for y, you must eliminate the x-terms.

Multiply both sides of the first equation by 5.

Multiply both sides of the second equation by -3.

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the multiplication-addition method.

$$6. \begin{array}{l} \xrightarrow{4} 3x + 7y = -2 \\ \xrightarrow{-7} 5x + 4y = -11 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} \xleftarrow{5} \\ \xleftarrow{-3} \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} x = \underline{-3} \\ y = \underline{\quad} \end{array}$$

$$12x + 28y = -8 \quad 15x + 35y = -10$$

$$\underline{-35x - 28y = 77}$$

$$-23x = 69$$

$$x = -3$$

To solve for x, you must eliminate the y-terms.

Multiply both sides of the first equation by 4.

Multiply both sides of the second equation by -7.

Now add the equations and solve for x.

To solve for y, you must eliminate the x-terms.

Multiply both sides of the first equation by 5.

Multiply both sides of the second equation by -3.

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the multiplication-addition method.

$$6. \begin{array}{l} \xrightarrow{4} 3x + 7y = -2 \\ \xrightarrow{-7} 5x + 4y = -11 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} \xleftarrow{5} \\ \xleftarrow{-3} \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} x = \underline{-3} \\ y = \underline{\quad} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 12x + 28y = -8 \\ -35x - 28y = 77 \\ \hline -23x = 69 \\ x = -3 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} 15x + 35y = -10 \\ -15x \end{array}$$

To solve for x, you must eliminate the y-terms.

Multiply both sides of the first equation by 4.

Multiply both sides of the second equation by -7.

Now add the equations and solve for x.

To solve for y, you must eliminate the x-terms.

Multiply both sides of the first equation by 5.

Multiply both sides of the second equation by -3.

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the multiplication-addition method.

$$6. \begin{array}{l} \xrightarrow{4} 3x + 7y = -2 \\ \xrightarrow{-7} 5x + 4y = -11 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} \xleftarrow{5} \\ \xleftarrow{-3} \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} x = \underline{-3} \\ y = \underline{\quad} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 12x + 28y = -8 \\ -35x - 28y = 77 \\ \hline -23x = 69 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} 15x + 35y = -10 \\ -15x - 12y \end{array}$$

$$x = -3$$

To solve for x, you must eliminate the y-terms.

Multiply both sides of the first equation by 4.

Multiply both sides of the second equation by -7.

Now add the equations and solve for x.

To solve for y, you must eliminate the x-terms.

Multiply both sides of the first equation by 5.

Multiply both sides of the second equation by -3.

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the multiplication-addition method.

$$6. \begin{array}{l} \xrightarrow{4} 3x + 7y = -2 \\ \xrightarrow{-7} 5x + 4y = -11 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} \xleftarrow{5} \\ \xleftarrow{-3} \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} x = \underline{-3} \\ y = \underline{\quad} \end{array}$$

$$12x + 28y = -8$$

$$15x + 35y = -10$$

$$\underline{-35x - 28y = 77}$$

$$-15x - 12y = 33$$

$$-23x = 69$$

$$x = -3$$

To solve for x, you must eliminate the y-terms.

Multiply both sides of the first equation by 4.

Multiply both sides of the second equation by -7.

Now add the equations and solve for x.

To solve for y, you must eliminate the x-terms.

Multiply both sides of the first equation by 5.

Multiply both sides of the second equation by -3.

Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

Solve the following systems of equations using the multiplication-addition method.

$$6. \begin{array}{l} \xrightarrow{4} 3x + 7y = -2 \\ \xrightarrow{-7} 5x + 4y = -11 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} \xleftarrow{5} \\ \xleftarrow{-3} \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} x = \underline{-3} \\ y = \underline{\quad} \end{array}$$

$$12x + 28y = -8 \quad 15x + 35y = -10$$

$$\underline{-35x - 28y = 77} \quad -15x - 12y = 33$$

$$-23x = 69$$

$$x = -3$$

To solve for x, you must eliminate the y-terms.

Multiply both sides of the first equation by 4.

Multiply both sides of the second equation by -7.

Now add the equations and solve for x.

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Algebra II Class Worksheet #4 Unit 2

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$$\begin{array}{r} 12x + 28y = -8 \\ -35x - 28y = 77 \\ \hline -23x = 69 \\ x = -3 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} 15x + 35y = -10 \\ -15x - 12y = 33 \\ \hline -23y = 23 \\ y = -1 \end{array}$$

To solve for x, you must eliminate the y-terms.

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Now add the equations and solve for x.

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To solve for x, you must eliminate the y-terms.

Multiply both sides of the first

Good luck on your homework !!

$$\begin{array}{r} -55x - 40y = 11 \\ \hline -23x = 69 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} -15x - 14y = 55 \\ \hline 23y = 23 \end{array}$$

$$-23x = 69$$

$$x = -3$$

$$23y = 23$$

$$y = 1$$

Now add the equations and solve for x.

To solve for y, you must eliminate the x-terms.

Multiply both sides of the first equation by 5.

Multiply both sides of the second equation by -3.

Now add the equations and solve for y.

