## Algebra I Review Unit 13 page 1

Evaluate each of the following square roots. (No calculators please.)

1. $\sqrt{64}=$
2. $\sqrt{\frac{1}{16}}=$
3. $\sqrt{0.81}=$ $\qquad$
4. $\sqrt{169}=$ $\qquad$
5. $\sqrt{\frac{16}{49}}=$
6. $\sqrt{2.25}=$ $\qquad$

Express each of the following square roots using standard radical form.
7. $\sqrt{50}=$
9. $\sqrt{96}=$ $\qquad$
11. $\sqrt{\frac{5}{9}}=\square$
13. $\sqrt{\frac{4}{3}}=\square$
15. $\sqrt{0.2}=\square$
8. $\sqrt{72}=$ $\qquad$
10. $\sqrt{325}=$ $\qquad$
12. $\sqrt{\frac{3}{8}}=\square$
4. $\sqrt{\frac{7}{18}}=\square$
16. $\sqrt{1.25}=\square$

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Solve each of the following using the factoring method. Show all of your work neatly organized.
17. $x^{2}+9 x-22=0$
18. $x^{2}+x=0$
19. $16 x^{2}-8 x+1=0$
20. $8 x^{2}-2 x-15=0$

Solve each of the following using the square root property. If any solution is irrational, then give its exact value in standard radical form. Show your work neatly organized.
21. $x^{2}-3=0$
22. $x^{2}-20=0$
23. $9 x^{2}-1=0$
24. $5 x^{2}-18=0$

## Algebra I Review Unit 13 page 3

Solve each of the following using the complete the square method. If any solution is irrational, then give its exact value in standard radical form. Show your work neatly organized.
25. $x^{2}+2 x-4=0$
26. $x^{2}-10 x+17=0$
27. $2 \mathrm{x}^{2}-\mathrm{x}-1=0$
28. $3 x^{2}+5 x+1=0$

Solve each of the following using the quadratic formula. If any solution is irrational, then give its exact value in standard radical form. Show your work neatly organized.
29. $x^{2}+3 x-1=0$
30. $2 x^{2}-\mathbf{x}-\mathbf{2}=0$
31. $6 x^{2}-7 x+2=0$
32. $5 x^{2}+9 x+3=0$

