

Algebra I Review Unit 1 page 1

Match the property with its name.

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| ___ 1. Commutative Law of Addition | A. $x + -x = 0$ |
| ___ 2. Associative Law of Addition | B. If $x \neq 0$, then $x(1/x) = 1$. |
| ___ 3. Identity Law of Addition | C. $x(y + z) = xy + xz$ |
| ___ 4. Inverse Law of Addition | D. $(x + y) + z = x + (y + z)$ |
| ___ 5. Commutative Law of Multiplication | E. $xy = yx$ |
| ___ 6. Associative Law of Multiplication | F. $x(y - z) = xy - xz$ |
| ___ 7. Identity Law of Multiplication | G. $x + 0 = x$ |
| ___ 8. Inverse Law of Multiplication | H. $x + y = y + x$ |
| ___ 9. Distributive Law for Multiplication Over Addition | I. $(xy)z = x(yz)$ |
| ___ 10. Distributive Law for Multiplication Over Subtraction | J. $1x = x$ |

Find the value of each expression.

11. $2 \cdot 3 + 4 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ 12. $5 + 7 \cdot 2 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ 13. $8 - 3 + 9 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

14. $2 \cdot (3 + 4) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ 15. $(5 + 7) \cdot 2 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ 16. $8 - (3 + 9) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

17. $20 - 8 \div 4 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ 18. $15 - 5 - 3 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ 19. $(3 + 5) \cdot (7 - 4) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

20. $(20 - 8) \div 4 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ 21. $15 - (5 - 3) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ 22. $(3 + 5) \cdot 7 - 4 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

23. $4 \cdot 3 + 5 \cdot 2 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ 24. $3 + 5 \cdot 7 - 4 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ 25. $3 + 5 \cdot (7 - 4) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

26. $(94 + 47) + -47 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ 27. $4 \cdot (43 \cdot 25) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ 28. $5^3 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

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Find the value of each expression when $x = 6$. If the value cannot be found, write ‘undefined’.

29. $x + 7 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

30. $x - 6 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

31. $x \div 6 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

32. $0 \div x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

33. $x \div 0 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

34. $(x + 3) \div (x - 3) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

35. $3(x + 6) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

36. $3x + 6 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

37. $(x + 19) - 19 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

38. $3(x - 6) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

39. $3x - 6 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

40. $(x \cdot 19) \div 19 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

Simplify each algebraic expression.

41. $5x + 3x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

42. $x + x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

43. $9x - 3x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

44. $8x - x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

45. $8x + 5y + x + 3y = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

46. $12x + y - 10x + 2y = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

47. $x \cdot x \cdot x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

48. $x \cdot x \cdot y \cdot y \cdot y \cdot y = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

49. $3 \cdot x \cdot x \cdot 2 \cdot x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

50. $7 \cdot x \cdot x \cdot x \cdot x \cdot 5 \cdot y \cdot y = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

51. $(3x) \cdot (7x) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

52. $(4x) \cdot (3y) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

Use the distributive law to write the expressions without parentheses.

53. $4(x + 5) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

54. $3(2x + 7) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

55. $5(x - 8) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

56. $9(3x - 4) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

Simplify each of the following. Hint: Use the appropriate distributive property. Then combine like terms.

57. $2(x + 3) + 5(x + 2) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

58. $3(x + 1) + 2(x - 1) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

59. $8(x + 5) - 4(x + 6) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

60. $6(4x + 2) - 3(x - 4) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$